

Late FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE.

PER RECENT ARRIVALS.

PARIS, July 27.

The minister at war to General Buonaparte, First Consul of the Republic.

"CITIZEN CONSUL."

"The general of brigade Greigney, commanding the department of the Lower Loir, has given me a very satisfactory account of the political situation of that country. He announces, that the government unites the affections of all in that district; that union and eternal peace refuse, from day to day a more stable empire; in fine, that the enemies of order in vain attempt to foment new disturbances.

"He has given me at the same time some details respecting the last appearance of the English upon the coast of La Vendee. He observes that the inhabitants of Noirmontier, and those of Barbatree and Beauvois, who formerly distinguished themselves under the standard of revolt, have given on this occasion a striking proof of attachment to the republic, by braving the fire of the enemy's batteries, and by making ninety-one prisoners, even before the arrival of the troops of the line.

"General Greigney thinks that a letter of satisfaction on your part, Citizen Consul, on the courageous conduct of these citizens, would produce a very salutary effect upon the minds of the inhabitants of the west."

"I of consequence subjoin the following sketch of a letter for your approbation:

"Health and respect,

"CARNOT."

The Prefect of La Vendee, to the minister at war.

"Fontenay Le Peuple, July 3.

CITIZEN MINISTER,

"I have this instant received news that twelve English gun-boats have effected a new debarkation on the side of Fromentin.

"The inhabitants of Creffiere, Barbatree, and Beauvois, the persons employed in the custom-houses, and the Gendarmierie marched towards the place attacked. Eight gun-boats had not time to get out again to sea; they remained on the Gona, and our troops having attacked them, made 195 men prisoners, of whom 45 are at Beauvois, and 150 at Barbatree.

"I have not yet received any full details. When I receive them I shall have the honour to communicate them.

"Health and respect,

"LEFAUCHEUX."

LONDON, July 22.

FIELD-MARSHAL SUWARROW.

The world never lost a greater captain than the late Field-Marshal Suwarrow. The circumstances of his death are little known owing to the Asiatic jealousy and political restriction of the Court of Petersburg, as well as perhaps to regret and remorse for its injustice towards the most illustrious of the Russians!

We are gratified in being able to communicate from an authentic source particulars of the close of a life which has filled all Europe with its fame, while it rendered the most important services to the civilized world as well as to the more than uncivilized Empire, in whose ungrateful bosom it terminated its glorious career in neglect and dereliction. The messenger who was charged with the letters which announced the loss of the Emperor's favour, met this great man upon the road to St. Petersburg, where he expected to be received under triumphal arches by the praises of his Sovereign, and the gratitude of the people. Suwarrow read the dispatches in his carriage. The messenger received a purse of ducats, and heard the sole complaint that ever escaped from the breast of the hero. "This," then he cried, "is the reward of those who devote their existence to the service of their country."

His heart was rent by the suddenness of the shock, and exhausted nature, near the term of her career, was unable to sustain his mighty spirit, indignant at its wrongs. Doubtless, it would have been greater to have defied an injury which disgraced only its author? the disgrace of Suwarrow! the world did not wait to do him justice. Suwarrow mourned the departed Luitre of his Sovereign's name, for he was a man of strict virtue, of exalted principles, and a patriot in every honest sense of that abused name. Under the blow he had received, and at the verge of a natural death, for he had attained his 74th year of his age, his reason gave way as happened to many illustrious men at this period of life, merely from the intense and assiduous use of their faculties alone. He did not, however, suffer the calamity of mental derangement, although he survived for a short time the full use of his understanding, his wrongs preyed upon his shattered health and exhausted frame. He died of that accumulated chagrin, that proud and fullen resentment and indifference which his family called a broken heart in a small wooden house, under the displeasure of his master, at a distance from his family and abandoned by his friends!

No sooner was it known that he had expired, that the public sorrow, which no despotism can perfectly refrain, burst forth in murmurs both loud and deep, and the Court itself thought proper to relent. The body received, late and superfluous, those honors, the just privation of which had overwhelmed the reason and overpowered the great mind which had inhabited it. Paul I. commanded it to be exposed in state, in the capital, and to be interred amidst the

pomp of military honours and royal ceremonial. The tears of the Russian, and the admiration of Europe, are the monuments of Suwarrow, and an eternal tomb, which the caprice of Princes can neither give nor take away.

By this Day's Mail.

BOSTON, Sept. 16.

Extract of a letter from Salem, written and received yesterday.

"This day arrived ship Recovery, Phillips, Calcutta, 124 days. Sailed in co. with the Ulysses, capt. Muxford, of this port, and a ship belonging to Gloucester, 60 days since spoke ship Charles from Bombay for Boston off the Cape of Good Hope. Shortly after a severe westerly gale came on—Brig Washington of Salem, was to sail in 6 or 7 days after capt. P.—The ship Elizabeth, Canada, of this port, has been lost in the river Hoogly. She was laden with bale goods. A part of her cargo will be saved.

"The most afflictive information is of the death of Mr. Winthrop Gray, supercargo of the Ulysses, whose useful and respected life was terminated by a lock-jaw, produced by a wound which he received in a fall.

NORFOLK, September 11.

The ship Nancy, Lord, arrived in the rals yesterday, 56 days from Liverpool. The ship reported at Hampton, but the letters, &c. have not yet come over. She failed a few days after the schr. Favourite.

The schr. Louisa Bridger, arrived yesterday from Antigua, fell in with the Patapoco sloop of war, with whom they exchanged several shot before their respective colours were distinguished.

WEST COUNTRY PATENT

Canvas,

No. 1 to 8,

FOR SALE BY

Ebenezer Large,

ALSO

200 boxes short pipes

suitable for the Spanish Market.

9 mo. 13th. 1800. Tm&S&F 7w

FIVE DOLLARS REWARD.

Two Pointer Dogs,

ONE answers to the name of Brush, is about 18 months old, a white dog, with a number of brown spots—the other about the same age, nearly all white. The above reward will be paid on their delivery at Mr. Peter's in Germantown, or half the sum for one of them.

September 18. 603t

Lost this morning,

THOMAS GREEVES'S NOTE, in favour of Thomas Griffin, dated September 17, 1800, at 60 days, for 1750 dollars, but not endorsed. Any person having found the same, and will return it to T. Greeves, No. 73, Walnut Street, shall be rewarded.

September 16. 613t

Horses & Phaeton.

A PAIR of well broke, sound Horses, and a handsome Phaeton, for sale at Thomas Allen's Livery-stable, in 6th near Arch streets.

September 13. 66t

An Invoice of

Playing Cards.

SUPERFINE Columbian, Harry the VIIIth, and Merry-Andrew Playing Cards, for sale cheap for cash—Apply at this Office.

September 13. 66t

For Sale,

BY PUBLIC AUCTION—IN THE

CITY OF WASHINGTON.

THE following property belonging to the Trustees of the Aggregate Fund, provided for the payment of certain creditors of Edward Fox and James Greenleaf.

On Monday the 6th October inst.

PART of the property of said fund, in the City of Washington, that now is rendered clear of every incumbrance, will be exposed at Public Auction at Tansiehill Tavern, amongst which are the following valuable situations, viz. 11 Lots in square No. 973, 2 lots in square 974, 15 lots in square No. 995, 2 lots in square fourth of square 1019, 19 lots in square 1020, 1 lot in square 1021, 1 lot in square 1022, 7 lots in square 1023, 4 lots in square 1024, 3 lots in square 1025, 3 lots in square 1026, 9 lots in square 1027, 12 lots in square 1028, with sundry others, advantageously situated in various parts of the city. Also the 2 story frame house now occupied by Mr. Deblis, beautifully situated (with an extensive view of several miles down the Potomac) on the fourth east corner of square 973, fronting 42 feet on 11 street east, and 42 feet on south G street; a commodious Kitchen with an oven, &c. adjoining the south front. A large frame stable, carriage house and hay loft 50 feet by 25, and a pump of excellent water near the back door of the kitchen, the lot extending 91 feet on 11 street, and 139 feet 1 inch on G street, comprising lots Nos. 1, 2, 3, and part of 21, in the registered division of the square.

The sales will commence at the said tavern at ten o'clock in the forenoon.

The terms on fourth cash, one fourth in six months, when a deed will be given, the remaining moiety in two years, payment to be secured by bond and mortgage. But the creditors in the above fund, may in lieu of mortgage secure payment of their bonds by deposit of certificates of the trustees at the rate of five shillings in the pound, to the amount secured and should a dividend take place before the expiration of the two years, it will be set off against the bond, and the certificates returned in the same proportion.

Henry Pratt

Thomas W. Francis

John Miller, jun.

John Ashley

Jacob Baker.

THOMAS TINGEY, Agent.

August 4. 31aw 10

Gazette of the United States

PHILADELPHIA.

SATURDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 20

PRICES OF STOCKS.

PHILADELPHIA, SEPTEMBER 9.

Old 8 per Cent Stock for cash 100 per cent.
New 8 per Cent Stock do. 108 1/2
Six per Cent. (net amount) 87 1/2
Navy do. do. 87 1/2
Three per Cent. do. 53
Deferred, do. 84 1/2
BANK United States, do. 31
— Pennsylvania, do. 26
— North America, do. 48
Insurance comp. N. A. shares 10 per cent. below par.

— Pennsylvania, shares, 21 per cent. adv.
Turnpike Shares, 10 per cent. under par.
Bridge (Schuylkill) Stock, par.
Rail-India Company of N. A. 7 per cent advance
Land Warrants, 25 dolls. per 100 acres.
Water Loan, 85 per cent.

COURSE OF EXCHANGE

Bills on Lon. at 30 days for cash 170 per ct.
Do. do. 60 days do. 168 1/2 do.
Do. do. 90 days do. 166 1/2 do.
Bills on Hamburg at 60 days 36 a 37 cts.
per Mark Banco
Do. in Amsterdam, 60 days 39 a 40 cts. per Florin.

THE CARRIERS of this Gazette, have been strictly forbidden either to sell or give away, any of their papers; and should the Editor detect, or receive information of any person attempting to seduce them from the line of their duty, he will employ legal means for redress.—It has become a serious inconvenience, and those who are friendly to the interest of this paper, are requested to give such information as may be in their power on the subject, and they will confer an obligation on THE EDITOR.

To Readers and Correspondents.

We exult to find that the publication of the bold and spirited sermon of the Rev. Mr. ABERCROMBIE is beginning to rouse Clerical energy against the wiles of the Jacobin foe. The friends of Mr. Jefferson, dreading the wide and salutary effect of the warning voice of a Christian Preacher are in commotion; and by audacious falsehood, or cobweb sophistry attempt to screen a Deist and a Philosopher from the general gaze. The columns of the Aurora are furnished with venom against an established Priest and a well principled man, that natural foe to democracy and atheism. But the assertions of the writers in French pay, are of such low, malignant, and scoundrel complexion, that we are forced to conclude they are the curiish yelpings of the basest of the Jacobin pack.

"Sons of the day, just buoyant on the flood, Their number'd with the puppies in the mud, Ask ye their names? I could as soon disclose The names of these blind puppies, as of those."

Truth will diffuse her radiance from the pulpit; and the just exhortation of Mr. A. has excited an attention, general and profound. In all the valuable Gazettes of Connecticut; in the most respectable papers of the city of New York; in the Boston and Salem Journals, the celebrated extract from his nervous discourse has been reprinted. He has already excited many of the clergy to come forward, and manfully oppose the election of Mr. Jefferson. Dr. Linn of New-York, Dr. Wharton of New-Jersey, Mr. Janeway, of this City, have like Mr. Abercrombie, from principle, piety, and conscience, exhorted the people against the laxity of morals, and decay and contempt of religion, consequent on the election of a notorious Deist and French philosopher.

Mr. ABERCROMBIE is not alone in this warfare as has been asserted, both by the malignant foe and the timid friend. The reverse position is true. The great body of the real friends to energetic government and religion, "pure and undefiled," ARE WITH HIM. Many of the clerical order in the middle and Southern States openly justify the principles of his discourse; and, in New England, it is notorious that Episcopalians and Presbyterians, "those of Paul, or those of Apollos," concur in contending against French principles and a French Philosopher. The *Gardiners, the Elliots, the Kirklands, are in the habit of preaching similar sermons. At this perilous hour, it is a detestable and salutary custom. If it become general, we shall be safe, and the citizens of America under a moral and religious ruler, will have reason to thank their clerical mentors for warning them against deistical delusion.

"SENEX" shall be treated with that respect which age and experience demand. "Time honored" is a venerable title; and in the effusions of SENEX, we discover the moderation and good sense, but neither the garrulity, nor the imbecility of an old man.

"Fortunate Senex hic inter flumina nota Et fontes sacros trigus captabis opacum."

We shall be glad to hear again from the author of the BALLAD, recounting the adventure between a certain Great Personage and the Oysterman. The stile is a very tolerable copy of Lewis's celebrated "Alonzo, the brave, and the fair Imogene." We deplore the typographical inaccuracy of one or two of its lines. The author will good naturedly attribute the circumstance to the unavoidable hurry in which a daily paper is executed.

* Celebrated Clergymen of Boston.

It is finely observed, by a very elegant and correct writer in the Commercial Gazette of Boston that, "French philosophy bears no more resemblance to the benevolent system of antiquity, than the transient fury of the Dog Star, to the mild, invigorating influence of the Sun."

We perceive by a late advertisement in a morning paper that a Mrs. Lovinger is summoned by an angry husband to a Court of Justice, in order to obtain that grand quencher of all matrimonial coals—a divorce—If Father Shandy's theory of names were really a found one, Mrs. Lovinger would, we might suppose, be too kind, and too witty a woman to quarrel with her protector. But alas!

"What a name? that which we call a rose By any other name would smell as sweet."

The classic Gifford, the Editor of the Anti Jacobin Review, expressing his virtuous contempt for a late French novel, the licentious Spawn of a Jacobin Huslar, declares that if this galling gentleman wield his sword no better than his pen, he must afford equal disgust to his Colonel and his Critic! We do not remember a finer example of easy alliteration.

CITIZENS GUARD YOUR LIBERTIES!

The Jacobins speak boldly—they make no secret now of their intentions. A few days ago, one who is not altogether unacquainted with the plans of his Honor declared "that as there was no Election Law for Electors, his Excellency meant to act under the old one, and issue his Proclamation accordingly." In plainer terms he ought to have said, as there is no Law, his WILL SHALL BE LAW.

FEDERAL REPUBLICANS.

As you value the right of suffrage and your liberties, attend at the approaching ward election for Inspectors and Judges. It is of primary importance that you choose respectable, honest, and good men, and firm Federalists. Your opponents are determined to use every effort to obtain their point;—do not by your supineness, let them accomplish their purposes, turn out in your respective wards to a man, and the day is yours.

A DISCIPLE OF MR. JEFFERSON.

In a recent conversation at a Tavern between a plain, honest looking countryman and a Jacobin, the following expressions occurred. The Jacobin speaking of his political faith, of Jefferson, &c. &c. made this declaration—"I would sooner" says he "for- sake JESUS CHRIST."

The honest fellow who had never heard such language before, after looking at the wretch with astonishment, said to him "You would?"

"Yes," retorted the abandoned Jacobin villain, "I would forsake JESUS CHRIST before I would TOM M'KEAN!!!!"

This fellow, Americans, is a true Jeffersonian, this is the description of men who aspire to rule over you—these are they who abuse Mr. Abercrombie for opposing their diabolical and sacrilegious principles—if by your want of exertion and union you suffer men of this cast to be your rulers, you deserve, and it is highly probable you will receive, every curse which such blasphemers may draw down upon them, by their horrid impiety.

The Son of Matthew Lyon, the Spitters has commenced a paper at Washington City, of the most hostile kind to the liberties and independence of our country; and in direct opposition to the Federal Government.—This man we are told is actually patronised by the State of Virginia—a sum has been furnished him by that State, for the express purpose of assilting to corrupt the minds of the people, to prepare them to overthrow the present government. We are inclined to give confidence to this assertion;—indeed it can scarcely admit of a doubt; and we know, that at the time the old Lyon was confined in the State of Vermont for a breach of the laws of our country, a subscription of 3,000 dollars was raised, to pay his fine, to support him in goal, and to relieve him from some old debts. These are facts,—all these proceedings shew an avowed hostility and determination to subvert our Constitution and Government. If these things are not opposed by the good sense and unanimity of the PEOPLE, for whose LIBERTIES, CHAINS are now preparing by the Jacobins, they will when too late regret their lost rights.

A quarrel has taken place at Raleigh, (N. C.) between Mr. Boylan, Printer of the North-Carolina Minerva, and Mr. Blake Baker, Attorney-General of that State.—It appears that the Attorney is a Jacobin, and in the late prosecution of the Blount's some improper conduct, favourable to the professed, was evinced by the Attorney, which produced a publication by Boylan, censuring his conduct; in consequence of which, Baker, accompanied by one or two persons left his home and rode 75 miles to Mr. Boylan's office, and after some conversation, struck him;—some Gentlemen interfering they were parted. This produced a challenge from Mr. Boylan, which the Attorney refused to accept. Mr. Boylan immediately after met him in the street on horse-back and struck him several times—a magistrate interfered, and thus the business ended at that time.

Mr. Samuel Griffin, of Williamsburg, is nominated as the successor to Mr. Blair, in the Federal Ticket, for electors of President and Vice-President in Virginia.

Chales Jones Collock, Esq. is a candidate to represent the united districts of Orangeburgh and Beaufort in Congress in South Carolina.

General Richard Winn is also a candidate for Congress—Mr. Chenal declines. The above gentlemen are nominated in a Paper generally esteemed Democratic.

For the 24 hours preceding Thursday, Sept. 18, sun-rise, there were 31 deaths in Baltimore and its vicinity.

Total number of sick in hospital with the prevailing disease 40
Convalescence since last report 13
Discharged, cured do. 1

From Monday evening, the 8th to Friday evening, the 12th, there were 12 deaths in Norfolk, and 19 new cases.

Departed this life, on the 10th instant, near General Morris's in the county of Otsego, and State of New York, Miss HANNAH COOPER, eldest daughter of William Cooper, Esq. of Cooperstown. Her death was occasioned by a fall from her horse.—She was a young lady possessed of more than a common share of mental endowments; her charitable and benevolent disposition was well known to all the poor and afflicted of her neighbourhood—in the several relations of daughter, sister, friend, and mistress, she had no superior, and her whole conduct thro' life, was such as to endear her in an extraordinary manner to a very extensive circle of acquaintance.

DIED]—At Baltimore with the prevailing fever, doctor Charles F. Stinnecke formerly of Carlisle in Pennsylvania.

At the same place, of the prevailing fever, Mr. Christian Rosenkilde, a native of Norway, aged seventeen years.

At Chriftiana bridge, D. after an illness of three days, Mr. George Sears, a respectable merchant of that place.

COLUMBIA'S BOAST.

On Saturday arrived at New-London the United States sloop of war Trumbull, David Jewett, Esq. commander; brought in with her the French schr. Vengeance, of 8 four-pounders mounted, pierced for 10 guns, two of which are in her hold; captured on the 14th of August, just out of Jeremie; escaping from the fangs of Touissant. She has 130 souls on board, a number whom are women and children; all people of colour save Monf. Mounier, a vile fellow, late agent for Rigaud's barges at Petit Guave.—About 60 or 70 of the prisoners are officers; among them are D'Artignave, chief of brigade commandant of Jeremie, and its dependencies; one Adjutant General, and the principal part of Rigaud's etar Major. The prize has on board a considerable quantity of powder and dollars.

On the 6th of August the Trumbull, took the commandant of Petit Trou, Lyse, with his family and several officers, on board a large open boat; the prisoners, and cargo consisting of 40 bags of coffee, were taken on board the Trumbull, and the boat sunk.

The prisoners amounting to nearly 150 are not yet landed; it is supposed they will be sent into the interior of the state.

Extract of a letter from a respectable gentleman in Richmond, Vir. to his correspondent in New-York, dated September 8, 1800.

"For the week past we have been under momentary expectations of a rising among our negroes, who have assembled to the amount of 900 or 1000, and threatened to massacre all the whites. They are armed with desperate weapons and secrete themselves in the woods. God only knows our fate—we have strong guards every night, under arms.

Extract of a letter received from a gentleman in Edinburgh, to his friend in N. York.

"America has lost in Gen. Washington a man whose memory all the world reveres, and whose fame will last for ever. President Adams, whom I know chiefly from his book on the American Constitution, appears to be a man of wisdom and virtue, and the choice of such a man to be Washington's successor gives me a high opinion of the Americans, at least of the great body of the nation; for I know there is a mad party in politics with you, as well as on this side of the Atlantic."

From the Washington Telegraph.

LOST.

THE Governor and Secretary of Pennsylvania. They departed a considerable time ago from the seat of Government, and have not been since heard of by the inhabitants of Lancaster. The former is a small "weazel-faced old gentleman," with a rasper dangling by his side. He once commanded a regiment at Amboy. He is the same man who appointed to Public Office, Frederick Stiver, Judge Brannon, Alexander Ogle the blasphemer; M'Neavy, the rioter, Palmer, the infidel; Israel, the retailer of sedition; &c. and an endless train of noted men.

The Secretary is fo notorious, that it is almost unnecessary to describe him, particularly, as he seems determined to stick to the Government, "through thick and thin."

It is only necessary to say, that he has written chapters on economics, and was contented with the 1000 sum of three thousand dollars a month, for his immense services in quelling the western insurrection.

A reward of three sharp shins will be given to any man who will BRING THEM TO JUSTICE AT THE SEAT OF GOVERNMENT.

N. B. If they do not return soon the command should be placed in the hands of the little Deputy Secretary, Jemmy Trimble.—As Jemmy has to do almost all the business, he should have their salaries also. He might then sing cheerily to the tune of 8500 dollars per annum.