

The Editor wishes to contract for a constant supply of Super-Royal PRINTING PAPER—The quantity wanted annually will be about one thousand reams. Any person disposed to contract, by calling at the office will learn further particulars.  
September 3.

### Notice.

THE PARTNERSHIP OF  
ABRAHAM MOORE & JAMES  
CAMPBELL,

IS this day dissolved by mutual consent—they having passed receipts reciprocally.  
July 28.—(S. 9.) 2t.

### 60,000 weight of Prime Coffee.

Just imported, and for sale by the  
Subscriber.  
GIDEON H. WELLS.  
September 9. 2t.

### Loft,

THE undermentioned Certificates of Stock of the Bank of the United States, viz.  
No. 3804, dated 1st July 1796, for ten shares in the name of Charles Lovegrove of New-York.

No. 25321—No. 25322, dated 1st July, 1796, for five shares each in the name of Sarah Wedgewood of Etruria.

No. 29808—No. 29809, dated 1st January, 1800, for ten shares each, in the name of Henry Waddington, Merchant, London.

Notice is hereby given,  
That application is intended to be made at the said Bank by the subscribers, for a renewal of the same, of which all persons concerned are requested to take notice.

WADDINGTON & HARWOOD  
Philadelphia, July 30, 1800. mwf 3m

### GLASS MANUFACTORY.

THE PROPRIETORS

Of the Pittsburgh Glass Works,

HAVING procured a sufficient number of the most approved European Glass Manufacturers, and having on hand a large stock of the best Materials, on which their workmen are now employed, have the pleasure of assuring the public, that window glass of a superior quality and of any size, from 7 by 9, to 18 by 24 inches, carefully packed in boxes containing 300 feet each, may be had at the shortest notice. Glass of larger sizes for other purposes, may also be had, such as for pictures, coach glasses, clock faces, &c. Bottles of all kinds and of any quantity may also be had, together with pocket flasks, pickling jars, apothecary's shop furniture, or other hollow ware—the whole at least 25 per cent. lower than articles of the same quality brought from any of the sea ports of the United States. A liberal allowance will be made on sale of large quantities. Orders from merchants and others will be punctually attended to on application to JAMES O'HARA or ISAAC CRAIG, or at the Store of Messrs. PRATHER and SMILIE, in Market-Street, Pittsburgh, March 4.

### BENJAMIN CLARK,

CLOCK & WATCH MAKER,  
HAS REMOVED

To No. 36, MARKET STREET,  
Where he has for Sale,

Spring and other Clocks; gold and silver Watches; Tools, Files and Materials; steel and gilt Chains, Seals and Keys; Springs, &c. &c.

CLOCKS AND WATCHES

Repaired as usual.

June 3 tu&f tf

### To Printers.

The following MATERIALS will be sold reasonable if applied for immediately.

- 1 Press,
- 3 Founts Long-Primer (partly worn)
- 2 ditto Small-Pica on Pica body,
- 2 ditto Pica,
- 1 ditto English,
- 2 ditto Brevier,
- 1 ditto Bourgeois,

Several pair of Chafes, several composing sticks, frames and galley, some bras rollers, Quotations, &c. &c. &c. all of the above will be sold very reasonable for Cash.  
September 8.

### Candidates for the Navy.

AND others, who are desirous of becoming acquainted with the following very essential improvements in Navigation, viz.—The method of finding the Latitude by a single altitude of the sun at any hour of the day; and of ascertaining both Latitude and Longitude at once by a Celestial observation, the Lunar, and new forms of journals for ships of war, with additional columns, may hear of a person ready to instruct them at their apartments, who has composed of the above so simplified by explanations of figures, marginal references, &c. that they may be understood in a few days by applying at No. 93, fourth Second-Street, opposite the City-Tavern.

He engages to teach Navigation (the common method of keeping a journal at sea) in 6 days.

He has taught the Mathematics, French language, &c. for many years in different universities, and ships of war, to which he has been regularly appointed—He has also had considerable practical experience in surveying and book-keeping; in which he gives private lectures.

His terms are low and accommodating.

He will open

### A Marine and Commercial ACADEMY,

On Monday the 8th of September, at an elegant and spacious Room in Harmony Court, (opposite No. 74, south Fourth-Street.)

The business of an Agent and Interpreter faithfully transacted.  
August 25 eod df.

To the Electors of the City and County of Philadelphia.

GENTLEMEN,

When the present Sheriff's time of office expires, I take the liberty to offer myself as a candidate for said office, and solicit your votes in my favour; in doing which you will confer an obligation, which will be gratefully acknowledged by the public's assured friend and humble servant.

Joseph Cowperthwait.

Sept 8 tu&f 1E

### Marshal's Sale,

BY ADJOURNMENT.

UNITED STATES }  
Pennsylvania District, }  
BY virtue of a writ to me directed from the Honorable Richard Peters, Esq. Judge of the District Court of the United States for the Pennsylvania District, will be exposed to Public Sale, at the Merchants' Coffee House, in the city of Philadelphia, on Thursday the 11th day of September next, at 12 o'clock at noon

The Vessel called  
THE  
PRUDENT,

As she now lies at Brown's Wharf—with all and singular her tackle, apparel, and appurtenances, the same having been condemned in the said court as forfeited, &c.

JOHN HALL, Marshal.  
Marshal's Office,  
Sept. 8, 1800. } d 3t

### Marshal's Sale.

United States, }  
Pennsylvania District, }  
Notice is hereby Given,

THAT in pursuance of an order to me directed from the hon. Richard Peters, Esquire, Judge of the District Court of the United States, in and for the Pennsylvania District, will be exposed to public sale, at the stores of Messrs. Gurney and Smith, No. 198, So. Water Street, in the city of Philadelphia, on Thursday the 11th day of September inst. at 10 o'clock in the forenoon,

### The Cargo

of the armed French vessel Chouchou, prize to the United States ships Philadelphia, Stephen Decatur, Esq. and Connecticut, Moses Tryon, Esq. consisting of the following articles, viz.

- 17 Trunks and six Boxes Hair Powder
- 3 Do Pomatum
- 8 Do Powder and Pomatum assorted
- 8 Do containing Dressing and Shaving Boxes, Scented Waters, Puffs Combs, &c. &c.
- 3 Cafes Playing Cards
- 1 Cafe Black Ink in Bottles
- 3 Boxes Scented Soap
- 8 Trunks containing Writing Paper, Blank Books, Grammars, Dictionaries, &c. &c.
- 1 Trunk Quills
- 4 Cafes Ironmongery assorted
- 1 Cafe Looking Glasses
- 3 Cafes Artificial Flowers,
- 21 Boxes Vermicella
- 2 Cafes contg. Fans, Combs, Snuff Boxes Medallions, Pencils &c. &c.
- 19 Boxes Tallow Candles
- 10 do—Wax do.
- 40 Casks 4th Proof Brandy (about 18 Gallons each)
- 27 Casks Malaga Wine do.
- 8 do—Sherry do.
- 179 Boxes Soap
- 50 Bottles Sweet Oil
- 1 Cafe Lard and 1 Cafe Hams
- 80 Boxes Raisins
- 10 Potts Olives
- 87 Potts Anchovies

JOHN HALL, Marshal.  
Marshal's Office,  
Philadelphia Sept. 6, 1800. } eod S.

### For Sale,

BY PUBLIC AUCTION—IN THE CITY OF WASHINGTON.

THE following property belonging to the Trustees of the Aggregate Fund, provided for the payment of certain creditors of Edward Fox and James Greenleaf.

On Monday the 6th October inst.

PART of the property of said fund, in the City of Washington, that now is rendered clear of every incumbrance, will be exposed at Public Auction at Tanniel's Tavern, amongst which are the following valuable situation, viz. 11 Lots in square No. 973, 2 lots in square 974, 15 lots in square No. 995, 2 lots in square fourth of square 1019, 19 lots in square 1020, 1 lot in square 1021, 1 lot in square 1022, 7 lots in square 1023, 4 lots in square 1024, 3 lots in square 1045, 3 lots in square 1046, 9 lots in square 1047, 12 lots in square 1048, with sundry others, advantageously situated in various parts of the city. Also the 2 story frame house now occupied by Mr. Deblois, beautifully situated (with an extensive view of several miles down the Potomac) on the fourth corner of square 973, fronting 42 feet on 11 street east, and 42 feet on fourth G street: a commodious Kitchen with an oven, &c. adjoining the fourth front. A large frame stable, carriage house and hay loft 50 feet by 25, and a pump of excellent water near the back door of the kitchen, the lot extending 91 feet on 11 street, and 139 feet 1 inch in G street, comprising lots Nos. 1, 2, 3, and part of 22, in the registered division of the square.

The sales will commence at the said tavern at ten o'clock in the forenoon.

The terms are fourth cash, one fourth in six months, when a deed will be given, the remaining moiety in two years, payment to be secured by bond and mortgage. But the creditors in the above fund, may in lieu of mortgage secure payment of their bonds by deposit of certificates of the trustees at the rate of five shillings in the pound, to the amount secured and should a dividend take place before the expiration of the two years, it will be set off against the bond, and the certificates returned in the same proportion.

Henry Pratt  
Thomas W. Francis  
John Miller, jun.  
John Ashley  
Jacob Baker. } Trustees.

THOMAS TINGEY, Agent.  
August 4. 31aw 18

### Gazette of the United States.

PHILADELPHIA,

WEDNESDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 10.

### PRICES OF STOCKS.

PHILADELPHIA, SEPTEMBER 9.  
Old 8 per Cent Stock for cash 100 per cent  
New 8 per Cent Stock do. 102 1/2  
Six per Cent. (net amount) 87 1/2  
Navy do. do. 87  
Three per Cent. do. 53  
Deferred, do. 84  
BANK United States, do. 31 & 22  
Pennsylvania, do. 26  
North America, do. 48  
Insurance comp. N. A. shares 10 per cent. below par.

Pennsylvania, shares, 21 per cent. adv.  
Turnpike shares, 10 per cent. under par.  
Bridge (Schuylkill) Stock, par.  
East-India Company of N. A. 7 per cent advance  
Land Warrants, 25 dollars per 100 acres.

### COURSE OF EXCHANGE.

Bills on Lon. at 30 days for cash 170 per ct.  
Do. do. 60 days do. 168 1/2 do.  
Do. do. 90 days do. 166 1/2 do.  
Bills on Hamburgh at 60 days 36 & 37 cts.  
per Mark Banco  
Do. in Amsterdam, 60 days 39 & 40 cts. per Florin.

T. S. E. is well known to the Editor and has received particular attention; but it will be proper to let the two Secretaries remain in that obscurity which nature intended.—This Gazette is devoted to higher pursuits. Should they again be guilty of indecent behaviour at St. Marys, let the punishment suggested by a member thereof be inflicted.

The request of a "TRENTON FEDERALIST" shall be considered.

It is grateful to the Editor, to render tribute, where tribute is due, and to give currency to honest praise, bestowed on well earned merit.—Those who entertain congenial sentiments, and all real Americans, will read with pleasure the character of Gen. ALEXANDER HAMILTON, delineated by the pen of truth, in this days Gazette.

For the forty-eight hours preceding Monday morning sunrise there was forty-eight deaths at Fells Point and Baltimore.—There was then 46 Patients in the Hospital and thirteen convalescents, and seven had been discharged cured.

Married on Tuesday evening last, by the Rev. T. Ustick, Mr. John Cranston, of this City, (late of New-port, Rhode Island,) to Miss Eliza Woodfield, of the Northern Liberties.

Died, lately at the Havana, in his 19th year, Mr. Robert M'Connell, son of Major M. M'Connell, of this city. He was Midshipman on board the United States sloop of war Ganges.

The federal list of Candidates to represent New Hampshire in Congress have obtained by a large majority.

An insurrection was discovered on the 30th ult. amongst the Negroes in the neighbourhood of Richmond, Virginia, and some of them are lodged in the goal of that city. It is stated to have been the best planned and most matured of any before attempted.

This information was received yesterday by a respectable Mercantile house, in a letter from their correspondent at Richmond.

The United States frigate Boston, Little, is under sailing orders from Boston.

Seventy men, engaged to cut and prepare timber for the 74 gun ships, which a law of Congress directs to be built, have taken passage from Boston for Georgia.

An arrival at Charleston, (South Carolina) from the Havana, brings accounts that the United States ship Warren arrived there three days before she sailed, from La Vera Cruz. Her situation was very distressing, owing to a fever, which had broke out on board of her, which carried off the Captain, three officers, and forty seamen. When she arrived, there were but two officers able to attend to the working of the ship. Captain Newman died the day before she got into the Havana; he was buried there with the usual honors.

A London paper says—American flour requires nearly double the quantity of water to make it into bread, than is used in kneading English flour, and hence it is most profitable, a stone of the former will make 21 lbs 8 oz. of bread, while the latter yields only 18 lbs 8 oz.

We observe, with satisfaction, that in the "True Briton" of May last, a third edition is advertised by Cadell and Davies, of that standard and pious work "Elements of Christian Theology," by GEORGE PRETTYMAN, Lord Bishop of Lincoln. This learned prelate, the ornament of the Church, and the sometime tutor and constant friend of the Premier of Great Britain, has employed his liberal leisure in adding another volume to the stores of religion; and his book will be enumerated among the productions of the Heleleys, the Paleys, and the Wilberforces of the age.

Dr. COGAN, the sprightly author of Travels on the Rhine, has just published a Philosophical Treatise on the Passions. Such a work must be highly curious, proceeding from an author who is a skilful physician and an accurate scholar, who has united to experience meditation, and who, like the Ulysses of the Grecian bard, observed the manners of many men, and traced the streets of numerous cities.

One of the misfortunes, under which literature now labours is, that the title of a work no longer announces its intention—Books of travels are converted into vehicles of politics and systems of legislation. Female letter writers teach us the arcana of government and obliquely vindicate, or even commend manners and actions at which female delicacy should blush and female tenderness mourn. \*Tracts on education subvert every principle of filial reverence. Writers on morality lay the axe to the root of domestic harmony. †Compilers of natural history debate their pages with descriptions which modestly cannot peruse. ‡Philologists disputes the revealed will of God. §Philosophers and Antiquarians deny its historical credibility, and Mathematicians define the non-entirety of Him in whom we live, and move, and have our being. \*\*The Muse chaunts the yell of discord, and, under the pretence of universal citizenship, founds the dirge of those principles, which her classic predecessor fought to inspire. Last, though not least in effect, \*\*\*the Novel, calculated by its insinuating narrative and interesting description, to fascinate the imagination, without rousing the stronger energies of the mind, is converted into an offensive weapon, directed against our religion, our morals, or our government, as the humour of the writer may determine his particular warfare.

\* See Godwin's Enquirer. † See Buffon, and his disciples followers. ‡ See Dr. Geddes, \$ Mr. Gibbon, &c. \*\* See Southey's poems, passim. See \*\*\* Caleb Williams, "Mary," &c. &c. &c.

[The following, if the theory of a genuine lover, is more philosophical, than is commonly formed in those ardent and uncontrolled hours, when men are bewitched by the fascination of Female beauty.

Why we love and why we hate,  
Is not given us to know,  
Random chance, or willful hate  
Guides the shaft from Cupid's bow.  
If on me ZELINDA frown,  
'Tis madness all in me to grieve;  
Since her will is not her own,  
Why should I unceasing live?  
If I for ZELINDA die,  
Deaf to poor Clarissa's cries,  
Ask not me the reason why  
Seek the riddle in the skies.

[The following is very old, and has generally passed under the name of the ballad of Bedlam. It is a wonderful specimen of the vivid force, and romantic flights of that aerial faculty, our Imagination.]

I'll sail upon the Dogstar  
And then pursue the morning,  
I'll chafe the moon, 'till it be noon,  
I'll make her leave her morning.  
I'll climb the frosty mountain,  
And there I'll coin the weather;  
I'll wrench the rainbow from the skies  
And tie both ends together!  
The stars pluck from their orbs too,  
And crowd them in my budget;  
Now, if I'm not a roaring boy,  
Let Graham college judge it.  
I'll mount the clear Cerulean  
To snuff the tempting gipsies!  
I'll play at bowls with the sun and moon,  
And fright ye with eclipses.

### FRIENDSHIP.

MR. EDITOR,

[The following was found in a volume of anonymous pieces. It strikes my mind as well fancied, and is certainly a true picture of the invaluable affection that it describes.]

DISTILLED amidst the gloom of night,  
Dark hangs the dew-drop on the thorn;  
'Till noticed by approaching light,  
It glitters in the smile of morn.

Morn soon retires, her feeble power  
The sun out-beams with genial day,  
And gently, in benignant hour,  
Exhales the liquid pearl away.

Thus on affliction's sabbath bed,  
Deep sorrows rise, of saddest hue;  
Condensing round the mourner's head,  
They bathe the cheek with chilly dew.

Though pity fews her dawn from Heav'n,  
When kind the points assistance near;  
To Friendship's Sun alone 'tis given  
To soothe and dry the mourner's tear.

[The following is a very elegant expansion of a trite idea. It reminds us of the manner of Dr. LANGHORNE. The author is our own, and joins the powers of song to those of Dramatic Imitation.]

Ask why a blush o'er spreads the rose,  
Its beauteous leaf in crimson dy'd,  
Why round the busy zephyr blows,  
And waves the flower in stately pride?

Ask why the lilies drooping shed  
The dew-drop from their pallid leaf—  
Why each reclines its beauteous head  
As weighed to earth with bitter grief?

Emma wouchsafed the rose a kiss—  
The modest lily the disdain'd.  
Who would not weep such joy to miss?  
Who would not blush such joy obtain'd?

Queth I—h to Duane,  
Prithee wipe off this stain,  
Which so carelessly sticks to my skirt—

That I would I could,  
Replied Mohamoud,  
But TRUTH is indelible dirt.

Alas! cried the Quack,  
With this blotch on my back,  
I never shall rise to a palace—  
No matter, said Will,  
With your pick and your pill,  
You may yet rise as high as the GALLOWS.

\* The name which this foreign renegade assumed, when, in the disguise of a native, he fled from India and came to be the opprobrium of this country.

### POLITICAL.

From the Boston Commercial Gazette.

THE CHARACTER OF  
GENERAL ALEXANDER HAMILTON,  
CONSIDERED AND VINDICATED.

[Continued.]

HAVING fully considered the little tales and slanders which have been propagated by the malicious industry of his enemies, it remains that we confound these pitiful calumniators by a simple exhibition of that galaxy of talents and services which have done honor both to his country and age. Would to heaven! I possessed for this occasion the pure, elastic, and eloquent pen, of the refined and modest Kirkland, whom the savage spirit of Jacobinism has dragged before the public, and with its wonted regard to truth, has charged with being the writer of this piece so infinitely beneath his talents.

In no one man in America, are combined so many, and such extraordinary qualities, which writers upon human nature, have declared to be incompatible as in the character of Hamilton—all his faculties are so perfectly formed and so distinctly marked, that they appear to have been produced, by the strongest energies of nature. To an imagination lively, rapid and richly stored with the best of nature's imagery, he unites a strong, clear, nervous and correct understanding—with a memory so retentive that it suffers nothing valuable to escape it, he possesses a power of reflection, combination and arrangement which renders all his ideas useful. Equally capable from these rare talents of displacing the brilliant flights of fancy, or the abstruse reflections of science, he has been equally distinguished at the Bar, the Senate and in the Cabinet. Great geniuses, great orators and great statesmen, have too frequently been great cowards. It certainly was the reputed misfortune of Cicero, of Condorcet and of Jefferson—But Hamilton has a soul as brave as Cæsar's, and a heart as pure as Cato's; fearless of dangers; proud of nothing but his integrity; covetous only of his country's good; he has often dared its foes in battle, and his affidants have known full well that he is ready and willing to vindicate his own fame whenever they dare openly to attack it.

With qualities so rare, and so unfrequently united, it had not been possible, that Hamilton could have passed down the current undistinguished and unknown. When our revolutionary war called for talents, and furnished the occasions for their exercise, Hamilton, then just of age, girded on his sword for the defence of his country. In his department, which I have understood, was in the artillery, he soon distinguished himself and with no other friends than his own superior talents, he speedily attracted the attention of that excellent judge of human nature, WASHINGTON. In the family, and peculiar confidence of the commander in chief, he passed a very large portion of the war; but a spirit so active as Hamilton's panted for situations of more danger and more exertion. He quitted the General, and was invested with the command of a regiment of artillery. In this situation, at the siege of Yorktown, he was enabled to display his courage, his firmness and military skill. At the close of the war, he resumed his profession, and with a rapidly unparalleled in the history of the American bar, and impracticable to any other man, he attained almost instantaneously, the most eminent reputation. The confidence of his fellow citizens at this period, placed him in the Congress of the United States where he first acquired the hatred of the Gallic faction, by opposing the intrigues, the secret but scandalous intrigues of the Cabinet of Versailles. In the state of convulsion, distress, disorder and decline which ensued the peace of 1783, there was no room for the exertion of superior talents until the year 1787, when the Convention which framed our excellent Constitution were assembled.

In that illustrious body, Hamilton was a powerful, influential, able and important member—In the course of those debates, he developed that intuitive perception, that strength and clearness of mind, that knowledge of human nature, and that acquaintance with the interests, wants and character of the American people, which have since been so conspicuous in him—after the promulgation of the Constitution, he was indefatigable in his exertions for its adoption—the great and important State of New-York, without which our union could not have been perfected, was the most opposed to the Constitution.—By the unremitting exertions of Jay, Hamilton, and King, the object was at last effected, and nothing contributed more largely to the elucidation and defence of that excellent system of government, than the admirable essays under the title of the Federalist, of which Hamilton deservedly had the principal merit.—After the first organization of the government, it became important to select the greatest talents to fill the different departments. The finances of the nation exhibited a melancholy and confused aspect; no branch of Revenue existed. The promises of the government were treated with contempt. The habits of the people were averse to the regular restraints of a well conducted finance. Ordinary talents were not fitted to the magnitude of the exigency.

The requisite abilities must necessarily be prodigies, and the country could not and would not offer the rewards necessary to attempt so Herculean a task. Washington had seen the talents of Hamilton in the dawn of their splendour, and eight years absence had not effaced the recollection of them. He knew also the disinterested nature of his soul, that his country's success and glory was all the reward he would ask.—From the Potomac he looked northward, and drew from the banks of the Hudson,

From the Boston Commercial Gazette.

THE CHARACTER OF  
GENERAL ALEXANDER HAMILTON,  
CONSIDERED AND VINDICATED.

[Continued.]

HAVING fully considered the little tales and slanders which have been propagated by the malicious industry of his enemies, it remains that we confound these pitiful calumniators by a simple exhibition of that galaxy of talents and services which have done honor both to his country and age. Would to heaven! I possessed for this occasion the pure, elastic, and eloquent pen, of the refined and modest Kirkland, whom the savage spirit of Jacobinism has dragged before the public, and with its wonted regard to truth, has charged with being the writer of this piece so infinitely beneath his talents.