

PRICES OF STOCKS.

Table with 2 columns: Stock Name and Price. Includes Philadelphia, July 19, 8 per Cent Stock for cash, Navy do., Three per Cent do., etc.

COURSE OF EXCHANGE

Table with 2 columns: Location and Exchange Rate. Includes London, Hamburg, Amsterdam, etc.

The carriers of this paper have been strictly forbid to sell or give away the Gazette of the United States. It is requested that, should any person detect them in doing so, they will give immediate information to the Editor.

Capt. Lake informs, that reports at St. Sebastians stated, that the Commissioners had nearly completed the negotiation, and were expected to leave France for the United States early this month.

Any person moderately skilled in the English language, and in the laws of logic will have instant occasion, in perusing the Aurora to apply to that paper the following lines from GIFFORD.

Abortive thoughts, that fight and wrong confound, Truth sacrificed to party, sense to found; False glare, incongruous images combine And noise and non-sense clatter thro' the line.

The effusions of Lloyd and Duane that par-noble fratrum are incorrect in expression, false in fact, and lame in argument.

The abortive progeny of pride And Dulness's gentle pair, for aye allied Begotten without thought, born without pains The rosy drivel of rheumatic brains.

Duane has been laboring, for some years, to find an individual of the Jacobin Genus, who can write. His efforts far from being successful are so abortive, that but few of his retainers can even read.

T. Jefferson sitting in his Rocking Chair has discovered another big-boned animal. It is larger than the whole earth, and drinks a couple of oceans at a swallow, but then, such is its regards for the rights of property and humanity, that it neither picks my pocket nor breaks my leg.

An English gentleman, fatigued with the dark inuendo and involved Triclistm of the Aurora, remarked that the title of that paper was a misnomer, and that it ought to be called, The Midnight.

An Association has been formed in Newark, N. J. and generally signed by the respectable inhabitants thereof, for the purpose of enforcing the laws for the observance of the Sabbath.

The Editor of the New-York Daily Advertiser remarking on the news received at Charleston, of the forming of Genoa, says— "Our readers will recollect that our last accounts by the Factor, state that on the 15th of May, Genoa still held out, and daily expected to be relieved by Buonaparte, who had crossed the St. Bernard and arrived at the foot of the Grand Alps on the 18th, which is only about four days march from Genoa; therefore if the above account be true, Genoa must have fallen between the 15th and 22d of May, which is not impossible; but from there being no mention of the day of its surrender we are inclined to think the account is premature."

On the same subject the Editor of the Commercial Advertiser observes— "Since receiving the above account by mail, we have conversed with a gentleman who came passenger in the brig Retaliation, arrived last evening at the Watering place, in 32 days from Lisbon, which place she left the 26th May—who informs that the day before he sailed, a packet had arrived in six days from Genoa, with the particulars of the capture of the whole of Massena's army by the Austrians as above stated, and that it was generally believed in Lisbon."

"This packet must have left Genoa on the 19th of May, which is four days later from that quarter than by the Factor. That Melas should storm Genoa need not be wondered at—He new that Buonaparte was advancing to relieve Massena—and he also knew, that if he could effect the destruction of Genoa, he could change the front of his army, and face that of the Chief Consul of France. Therefore, if Melas has acted thus, which we are inclined to believe, he has acted well."

Extract from Mr. Jefferson's speech on assuming the office of Vice-President. "I might here proceed, and with the greatest truth to declare, my zealous attachment to the Constitution of the United States; that I consider the union of these states as the first of duties the preservation of that constitution which secures it; but I suppose those declarations not pertinent to the occasion of entering into an office whose primary business is merely to preside over

the forms of this house; and no one more sincerely prays that no accident may call me to the higher and more important functions which the constitution eventually devolves on this office. These have been justly confided to the eminent character who has preceded me here; whose talents and integrity have been known and revered by me through a long course of years—have been the foundation of a cordial and uninterrupted friendship between us, and devoutly pray he may be long preferred for the government, the happiness and prosperity of our common country."

* We find that notwithstanding Mr. J's prayer, he has no objection to meeting with this ACCIDENT.

FROM THE CHIRPING COBLER.

Beer House Wit.

Says Dwight the Devil and I are two Yet, faith, I know not why, Sir, Quoth Lloyd, you're ten; if I speak true He's one—and you're his cypher.

"O—n," says Will, "an Essay writ, Replete with novelty and wit; If it have wit, to both will I agree For wit from O—n must be novelty."

To a Jacobin Editor.

Thy Boys—the least things alive So very hard thou lov'st to drive, One of the Printer's Devils laid It cost thee more for whips than bread.

A Lady's Answer to a Jacobin.

A Jacobin ask'd me, "Pray name, if you can Of all your acquaintance the worthiest man." I frankly replied, if you'd have me speak true He's the worthiest man, who's the most unlike you."

On a noted old Jacobin and Atheist.

Scorn'd by the wife, detested by the good. Nor understanding aught, nor understood. Profane, obscene, loud, frivolous and pert, Proud without spirit, vain without desert Affecting passions, age has long subdued, Desperately gay, and impudently lewd.

Apology for Democrats.

We Feels have many faults, The Jacobins but two; There's nothing good they say There's nothing good they do.

Mc. KEAN & LIBERTY.

It will be remembered [that the present Governor of Pennsylvania, in his answer to what the Senate had said respecting his appointment to office of the most infamous characters, observed—

"Let my appointments be judged by an impartial test, and I flatter myself I am rather entitled to the approbation with which the House of Representatives has honoured me in an answer to the same address, than the denunciation of a small majority of the Senate." [N. B. This small majority was more than 2 to 1, viz. 15 to 6.]

"Without regard to any personal feeling I have selected, and shall always deem it a duty to select, for public stations, men who are tried and faithful friends to the genuine principles of our republican institution!" Now ye virtuous Democrats, compare the above with the following, and judge by that "impartial test" to which you are invited by your Nabob, whether he is entitled to approbation, or whether he is not justly entitled to the universal execration of every class of citizens throughout the state.

From the Lancaster Journal.

MR. HAMILTON,

I was one of those who voted for the election of Governor M'Kean, under the idea that he was a REAL republican and that the people would be happy under his administration. His violence shortly before, and immediately after his inauguration somewhat surprized me, but on recollecting that much abuse had been published against his character, I was willing to allow him some share of reputation or satisfaction. It is with much pain, however that I perceive the Governor has persevered in a line of conduct that as a republican, it is my duty to reprobate, as much as it is my duty to resist tyranny or arbitrary measures in any shape. I had never contemplated that the Governor would appoint to office a great number of bad men. As I find these things have been done I have withdrawn my friendship from Mr. M'Kean. I know that a number of my friends would be displeas'd at me for doing so, but I cannot surrender my sentiments to mere party views. I trust they will all soon be convinced that I am right according to the true republican principle. It was with pain I heard of the appointments of Robert Philson, Benjamin Ogle, Judge Brannon, Henry Spering, Teach Coxe, Holler &c. &c. but I think it my duty to furnish you with a case equally striking and lame table.

I was a few days ago in Mr. Barton's office, when on looking over the records I found the following: Republica } Indictment for Larceny found. Defendant convicted for stealing 4 1/2 Spanish Milled Dollars of the value of 33/9 and 1 1/2 cent dollars of the value of 11/3.

Names of the Jury.

John Jordan, Christian Zorn, Thomas Crabb, Matthias Henning, Christian Seltzer, Abraham Stone, Timothy Sullivan, Christian Ubrick, Godfrey Eichelberger, Leonard Immel, Thomas Balsler, and Michael Hawke.

Guests, Sir, my surprize on finding that Governor M'Kean had appointed the same Frederick Stiver on the 11th June, 1800, a "Justice of the Peace for the township of Lebanon, in the county of Dauphin." On enquiry, I find that additional proof of these facts can be had in the Borough of

Lancaster. The robbery was committed on the shore of Mr. Moore of Lebanon.— Mr. M'Kean was then Chief Justice of Pennsylvania.—Is any comment necessary? Can any Republican unless he is blinded by the most obstinate prejudice, any longer hesitate to give up the man who has varied from his real wishes.

REPUBLICANUS.

From the Norfolk Herald.

ADVERTISEMENT EXTRAORDINARY. FROM some trifling hint thrown out in this paper, persons have supposed that it is rather vulgar, sensible, or improper, to be talkative at the Theatre. There is no doubt but a great found may drown a smaller one; yet, in a free country, it is a principle, that the tongue shall not be manacled: The public are therefore respectfully informed, that the subscriber has a great assortment of SPEAKING TRUMPETS, lately sent in by the gentleman who superintends the Whispering Gallery at St. Paul's in London. They are made so as to be kept under the arm without being discovered, and the voice of the loudest rattler can be easily conveyed the extent of two boxes without being heard by bystanders. Its portability, its convenience in saving ladies the trouble of being handed from one box to another, and withal, its loud being only heard by the person to whose ear it is directed in a straight line, are considerations worthy the attention of "The Loquacious." A neat criticism on dress—too great an accuracy observed in laying on the red and White on a cheek—the eye-brow not properly pencill'd, or the fashionable wig being rather too much on one side, or its colour CHANGED since worn at the last play, are objects, that the subscriber flatters himself will recommend his Speaking Trumpet. He has some small ones for young ladies not longer than a segar tube. Due attendance given every day, Sundays excepted, at the sign of the Air Gun, in Mum-Alley, and are sold for cash, country, or negotiable notes, by the public's humble servant, WILL WHISPER, July 16th 1800.

From ALBANY, July 10.

"I am astonished at the abuse which some of your papers pour on General Hamilton. Is any man's popularity so tottering, as to require being propped by fabricating the reputation of men who stand foremost in the confidence of every sound federalist.—Men who tread the firm step of conscious honor, and pursue with uniformity a line of conduct which alone will secure the seats of power from the pollution of Jacobinism, and prevent a desperate faction from running our political barque upon the rocks of perdition.—Men, who, having formed their opinions, and tested them; do not change with the varying breeze; nor, from the impulses of obitancy, self-consequence, or grovelling suspicion, fly in the face of proud vaunted and solemn declarations, and in a moment prostrate what years have been employed to erect." "I now, from some symptoms which have been manifested among the New England men, we have some little reason to apprehend that the votes will not be unanimous for Mr. Adams and Pinkney. If they are not, as sure as Jehovah liveth, a Jacobin Captain will command—and that commander will be Jefferson."

A meeting of the friends of the Federal Government is requested at Dunwoody's Tavern on Saturday next, at 11 o'clock in the morning, for the purpose of nominating Candidates for the several elective Offices, to be filled at the ensuing General Election. Piss'd: July 24th, 1800.



Gazette Marine List.

PORT OF PHILADELPHIA.

ARRIVED.

The ship Edward, captain Beard, from Liverpool, arrived yesterday, but brings no news. Ship Eagle, Dennet, Hamburg 61 days [Dry Goods.—C. F. Roulet Brig Tarter, Stotsburg, New-York 7 days Molasses and Plaster.—T. Millin Redlighter, Wye, Swansey 52 days Crates.—J. Warder Polly, St. Sebastin 45 days [Mr. Bruil Schr. Atlantic, Wright, Baltimore Vinegar, J. Gardiner Trial, Hand, Alexandria Flour, to captain Hero, Parker, New-London Cheese.—To captain Sea Flower, Peter, George-town Rice.—Mr. Keely Sea Flower, Bird, Richmond Tobacco.—Wm. M'Clure Parragon, Hord, New-York 5 days Mahogany, Molasses, &c.—to Capt.

CLEARED.

Ship Galen, Smith, Liverpool Vessels reported to be below. Ship Fair American, Nebitt, Lisbon, 70 days Eagle, Dennet, Hamburg, 60 And a brig, name unknown. Brig Moses, Myers, from Madeira, to Norfolk, has been captured on the coast, by French privateer, since taken by the frigate Philadelphia, Captain Decatur, and sent into St. Kitts. No arrivals at the fort

Captain Lake, of snow Polly, left at St. Sebastians, on the 9th June, the following vessels:

Ship Franklin, Oxnard, of Boston. Columbus, Dethong, Baltimore. Thomas, Higgins, Charleston. Brig Amiable, Creole, Eldridge, Philadelphia.

Amazon, Neill, of New-York. Schr. Minerva, Babfon, Boston. Sloop Louisa, Ingraham, New-York.

At Port Passage.

Brig Eucharis, Dade, of Baltimore. Brig Angustus, Smith, from hence, has arrived at Kingston, Jan. Ship William, Forreth, for Charleston, failed a few days before the Polly, Lake. Capt. Dennot, of the ship Eagle, spoke on the 9th July in lat. 36. 00, long. 58. 00, Ship Louisa, Haggard, out 9 days from Philadelphia to Leghorn, all well—June 19th boarded by the Triton British frigate, treated politely, and informed that she was one of the four ship of war that had left Halifax in search of a French privateer which they understood was cruising on the coast of the United States.

BOSTON, July 18.

Arrived, brig Mary, Furlong, Newbury-Port, 47 days from Lagaira, (Portugal) no news. Left there, captain Bagley, of Newbury-Port, the only American. Capt. Newell, of Newbury-port, failed from Lagaira bar, May 30 for St. Ubes. June 23, lat. 58; 30 long. 55, spoke ship Henry, Anderson, from Baltimore, for Quebec, 14 days out, all well. June 25, lat. 46, long. 42 W. spoke brig Aurora, Bartlett, of Plymouth, for Bilboa, 14 days out.

The Lydia, Smith, failed from Batavia, for New-Befford, the 1st February.

The Lucy, Gray, failed from Dublin, for Liverpool, about the 28th of May.

June 8, lat. 33, N. long. 57, 37, W. was spoke, brig Republican, Hodgkins, from Savannah, for Madeira.

NEW YORK, July 23.

ARRIVED,

Ship Hector, Brown, Nantucket — days Schr. John, Ingraham, Kingston 28 Gultervia, St. Vincents 22 Verigo, Fuller, Curracoa —

CLEARED,

Ship Margaret, Little, Antigua Schr. Daphne, Mason, Leghorn Friendship, Christopher, Liverpool Ship Mercury, arrived at Liverpool [thirty days Brig William, Freeman, arrived at Dominique

NORFOLK July 16.

Arrived schooner Maid Wills, 15 days St. Thomas. Sailed in co. with the fleet, consisting of 73 sail, under convoy of the Adams frigate, and Scammel brig.

In the above schooner came passengers capt. Tupman, his mate, and two seamen, belonging to the schooner Thomas's, captured on her passage from Norfolk to Antigua on the 5th June, by the Patriote schr. privateer, of 14 guns, and sent to Guadalupe.

Same day schooner Olivia, Shaw, 20 days Antigua; one of the fleet.

BALTIMORE, July 12.

ARRIVED.

Brig Martha and Mary, Smith, 18 days from St. Thomas. Ship Traveller, Billups, 71 days, Bremen. Schooner Eleanor, Attmore, 32 days, St. Jago. Was boarded by an English frigate and treated politely. Brig Malabar, Murphy, 23 days, St. Thomas. Ship Plamingo, Jackson, 16 days, from St. Thomas. Left there brig Betley, Low, of Baltimore, to sail next day. The schooner Nymph, Maffly, and Brig Hunter, —, have arrived at Havana.

FOR SALE,

THE CARGO

OF THE SHIP ASIA, CAPTAIN MORGAN, FROM BATAVIA;

Consisting of

Seribon and Jacatra Coffee & Sugar, Of an excellent quality.

THE SHIP

Is also offered FOR SALE; She has made but one voyage since she was sheathed with the best patent Copper, and she is in good order.

Apply to James C. & Saml. W. Fisher, William Sanfom, AND Joseph S. Lewis. July 24. drw.

Simon Walker

HAS REMOVED HIS COUNTING HOUSE, To No. 79, SOUTH FOURTH STREET, Corner of Union Street—where he has for sale JUST RECEIVED, EARTHEN WARE,

Assorted for exportation or home market. Glass Ware double flint, in cases. Fresh Cloves. Nutmegs and Mace. July 24. tr-th fa. tf.

FOR SALE,

An Invoice of Playing Cards, Consisting of 75 dozen assorted—they will be sold cheap for cash. Apply to the Printer.

8000 Feet of Honduras Bay MAHOGANY, LANDING. At Willing's Wharf, and FOR SALE, By SAMUEL RHOADS, No. 1, Penn Street. July 24. enst.

A PROPOSAL BY William Young Birch, AND Abraham Small, Of the City of Philadelphia, FOR PUBLISHING BY SUBSCRIPTION, THAT INVALUABLE WORK, DR. RUSSELL'S HISTORY OF Modern Europe.

With an account of the Decline and Fall of the Roman Empire, the Rise of Modern Kingdoms, &c. &c.

THE great applause which this excellent book has received, is a sure proof of its merits—The vast sale which it has had for several years, is a fair criterion by which the public opinion of its worth can be known. During the life of the learned author, it went through the annual sale of a very large impression—every succeeding edition received some improvement the result of his deep researches and great judgment—he lived to make it as perfect as in the nature of things it could be—he is dead! Whilst the English language is read, the History of Modern Europe will remain a monument to his fame! It is as entertaining as instructive; as interesting as profound. The plan of the work is copious, but by an happy arrangement, the reader is at once presented with the cotemporary history of every part of Europe. The book now offered to the public is from the last and most correct copy, to which this shall be no way inferior.

CONTAINS— An history of the decline and fall of the Roman empire. The rise of modern kingdoms, generally. A particular history of the French monarchy. Do Spain from the dominion of the Visigoths. Italy, with the rise and progress of the Temporal Power of the Popes. Britain, from its relinquishment by the Romans. Ireland. The German empire, from Charlemagne. The empire of Constantinople to its overthrow. Empire of the Arabs. Rise and progress of the Turks and fall of the Greek empire. History of Portugal; View of the progress of Navigation; Conquests in the East and West Indies; Discovery of America, &c. History of Sweden, Denmark, Norway, Russia, Poland and Prussia: North-America, as connected with European history. A very comprehensive and highly useful chronology.

CONDITIONS. I. The whole shall be comprized in five large octavo volumes, printed in the best manner, on a superfine paper. II. It is intended to deliver one volume every two months, at the price of Two Dollars per volume in boards, payable on delivery. III. As it may be inconvenient to deliver them to distant subscribers in single volumes, those who wish it, may let them remain with the publishers until the whole are published.

The work is at press and will be printed on a beautiful new type call for the purpose. The encouragers of this undertaking may rest assured, that nothing now foreseen shall delay its regular procedure; so that in one year at farthest the citizens of the United States shall be presented with an American Edition of Doctor Russell's History of Modern Europe, equal to the English copy, and at a lower price. June 24. trw

IMPORTED, In the ship Mary Ann, Francis Stewart, master, from Hamburg, now landing, AND FOR SALE BY

Jacob Sperry & Co.

No. 195, Market Street, CASSERILLOS or white rolls of 12 1/2 yards, Rouans, Decaters, cut and common, Fish Cakes and fallad dishes, Glass pearls and beads for necklaces of all colours and sizes, Black and white edgings and laces, Ribbons and tapes, Coffee mills, Quills, and 352 Boxes Bohemia Window Glass, 7, 9, 8, 10, 9 11, 10 12, 12 14, 12 16, 12 18, 14 12, 16 20, 18 24, 20 24, 20 26 24 32. Also, via New-York, 6 Cases white rolls, 6 do. Cress a la Morlaix, 2 do. Costils. On hand, which will be sold reasonable to close sales, 2 new Cables of 120 fathom each 9 & 10 inch. July 1. trw

OFFICE For Public and Private Commission Business, AT NO. 25, ARCH-STREET, Transacted Extensively.

PURCHASES of all kinds of Public Stock; Money advanced on good Notes of Hand, on Mortgages, on Deposits and Merchandize.

ALSO, Purchases & Sales of Lands made, Likewise Books of Accounts adjusted, and Accounts of every description made out with accuracy, secrecy and dispatch, by JAMES NEWPORT. July 22. trw

A Book-keeper

WANTED A complete Book-keeper and Accountant, who is master of the German language, and well acquainted with the manner of transacting business in this city. A favorable notice need apply unless answering in every respect fully this advertisement, and produce satisfactory testimonials of character and talents. Apply at the office of the Gazette of the United States.