

for the purpose of supporting them;—
the number 100,000 stand of arms are
said to have been lately landed from
some of our frigates, which of course
have been given up to the republicans.

It is well worthy of remark, that for
a considerable time past, the debates in
the Convention and the reports of the
committees, have manifested an earnest
desire of peace, and frankly confessed
peace to be the wish of the people.

The Empress it is said, has conde-
scended to accept from this country a
subsidy of two millions for the force
which she has stipulated to bring against
France. We have not heard whether
the men or the guineas are to be the
first forthcoming! The king of Prussia
seems very much to regret that any of
our specie cash should go past himself;
he now offers, if this country will pay
him a subsidy, to undertake to drive the
French out of Holland!!

April 8.

Last night Mr. Ainsworth, the mes-
senger, arrived from Berlin, with dis-
patches for government; he came thro'
the British head-quarters, and brought
some letters from

THE ARMY.

Klix-Borsen, 25th March.

"We are here in a state of great sus-
pense, not knowing whether we are
destined for England, or to remain on
the Continent for another campaign.
Our situation is horrid to the last degree.
A field officer and pigs are frequently
lodged in the same apartment. No-
thing can exceed the wretchedness we
experience. Port wine is the only thing
that can keep us alive, and it is with
great difficulty we can procure it. Our
men die very fast, and the forage is so
scarce that our horses are wretched ob-
jects."

Bremen, April 1.

Almost all our Infantry Regiments
have already marched through this place
in their way to the cantonments by the
Weier's side, from whence they are to
be conveyed to the transports in bylan-
ders. The day for the general embarka-
tion is not yet finally decided on, but
it is supposed that about the 11th inst.
it will take place.

I join the landing return of the ar-
my; viz. the Guards and Artillery go
up the river Thames; the 12th, 27th,
28th, 40th, 54th, 57th, 59th, 79th,
83rd and 84th Regiments are to land at
Portsmouth; the 3d, 14th, 19th, 33d,
38th, 42d, 53d, 63d, 71th, 88th, go
to Harwich or Yarmouth; the 8th,
37th, 44th, 55th, 15th, 89th Regi-
ments land at Newcastle; the Infantry
Foreign Corps to be embarked at Stadt.

An almost general change has taken
place in the departments of the army—
Lieutenant Taylor, late Under Secre-
tary to his Royal Highness, remains
with us as Secretary to the British com-
manding General, Lieut. Colonel Beck-
with is to be our acting Quarter-mas-
ter-general. Colonel Don, our Adjut-
ant General, aided by Captain Harcourt
grandson to the French Duke of that
name, now in England, and honored
with the kind attention of their Majes-
ties.

The York Hussars, under the com-
mand of Lieutenant Colonel Arthur
Irwin, embark as infantry.

General David Dundas, who is here
for the moment has established his Head-
Quarters at Diepholt, whither we shall
move, as soon as the embarkation shall
have taken place.

We are all at Bremen, though at
first, some objections were made to our
coming into town; while the magistrates
were debating on the propriety of ad-
mitting the British troops, the brigade
of guards marched in sans ceremonie—
in some houses a private soldier has two
or three elegant furnished rooms to
range through, and he is sure to fit down
to a very good breakfast, dinner, and
supper, every day, gra is.

It seems by no means the intention
of the French to confine themselves to
a defensive war. The army of the North
is already on its march to penetrate into
Hanover. General Moreau will have
the command of the expedition against
that country. The army of the Sambre
and Meuse is approaching the Lippe.

The plan of operations appears to be,
to blockade Wesel and attack the allies,
who are very strong in that part.

Another letter from Brussels says,
it appears that the campaign will be opened
by the siege of Wesel. A great
quantity of heavy artillery and ammuni-
tion has been sent to the Lower Rhine.

The inexhaustible magazines of Hol-
land will furnish every thing necessary
for the siege.

April 10.

By further particulars of the engage-
ment of the 14th of March, it appears
the Courageux bore so much the brunt
of the action as to be nearly disabled,
her remaining masts being very badly woun-
ded. Capt. Montgomery, and his first
lieut. Mr. Thomas Lavie, had only

been appointed to her on the eve of the
fleet sailing from Corfica, when they
quitted the same nations in the Incon-
stant, to whose lot it fell to take in tow
her late gallant commander. The two
ships sailed into Leghorn together, with
the united cheers of both crews.

LONDON, March 30.

A treaty of Alliance with the Em-
perors of Russia has been just signed by
our Court; and has been dispatched to
Petersburgh by Mr. Eaton, the British
Secretary of Legation there, who has
taken his passage on board a cutter be-
longing to Admiral Harvey's Squadron
in the Downs which is to land him on
the Continent. Mr. Eaton arrived in
London ten days since; and is suppo-
sed to have brought with him the out-
lines of this Treaty for the final ratifica-
tion of his Britannic Majesty. It is
said that it goes to engage the Emperors
of Russia to furnish 40,000 men, and 12
bills of the line, to act against France.

By the following Letters our readers
will see, that a part of the British Army
was embarked at Embden for England
on the 25th ult. The French being now
in possession of Delfzyl, which enables
them, in a great measure, to block up
the mouth of the Ems, and has caused
great alarm at Embden, it is now under-
stood that the corps, under the command
of Lord Cathcart will be embarked at
Bremen, in Lower Saxony, seated on
the river Weser.

April 2.

The two Messengers have brought dis-
patches from the British army, which they
left on Friday last. No event of any im-
portance has occurred, if we except the
departure of the body of Austrian troops,
the General of whom refused to obey the
orders of the British General, notwith-
standing that his troops had been in pay of
Great Britain for upwards of 3 months.

The issue of pay and subsistence to the
Austrians was, in consequence of this re-
fusal, stopped; and the Austrian General
and his troops have left the British army,
and are on their return to the Emperors
dominions. Our good and faithful Allies,
though extremely willing to receive our
money, have uniformly objected to put-
ting themselves under our direction. Per-
haps they think that men who grant Loans
and Subsidies with such facility, are not
the most proper persons to point out the
purposes to which such Loans and Sub-
sidies shall be applied.

Embden, March 25

"I have the pleasure to inform you,
that this day the British troops were
embarked. At day light in the morn-
ing the Commanding officer of the
Dadalus frigate, who had received or-
ders previously from Capt. Popham,
the resident Naval Officer at Embden,
displayed a signal for twelve sail of Cut-
tom house and Excise cutters to proceed
up the river Ems, to cover the embarka-
tion of the troops, which was effected
without the least molestation from the
enemy. They came down the river in
Prussian scotes, and other vessels, a lit-
tle below Embden, when they were
safely re-embarked on board our trans-
ports. The other twelve sail of our
Revenue armed Cutters had proceeded
to Bremen, where the remainder of the
British army were to be immediately
embarked. The Amphion Frigate is
stationed higher up the river."

The following letter was yesterday pass-
ed up at Lloyd's Coffee-House, as having
been received at Yarmouth.

Yarmouth, April 1.

"By a letter from a cutter, arrived in
the Ems, dated March 26, we are in-
formed that the French had 50,000 men,
and 200 pieces of cannon, within four miles
of Embden. The Allied Army is about
20,000, but the Prussians are reported to
be coming thither in great force. The
French have drawn all their army from
Amsterdam to Embden."

The Dutch Government have sent a
deputy of the name of Starckenburgh to
Paris, to claim the protection of the Na-
tional Convention for the Dutch posses-
sions in the West Indies.

Several letters from Hamburg by the
last mail state, that Admiral King'sber-
gen, and some other friends of the Orange
Party in Holland, have been guillotined.

Sir Peter Burrell has given directions
to prepare Westminster Hall for the recep-
tion of the Lords and Commons, as judg-
ment will be given on Warren Hastings,
Eq. soon after the Easter Holidays.

Translated for the DIARY.

Proposals from the Royalists of Bri-
tanny to the Representatives of the
French people.

The royalists of Brittany, Normandy,
Maine, Anjou, and other Provinces of
France, imagining that a popular gov-
ernment is liable to many dangerous
commotions which often disturb the gen-
eral repose; are convinced that a mono-
narchical government is the best adapted
to the constitutions and temper of the
French People.

They therefore request that an entire
and reciprocal pardon may take place a-
mongst Frenchmen, an unlimited free-
dom of commerce, personal security,
respect to property, exercise of criminal
and civil laws, and a cessation of all ar-

bitrary proceedings. The most effectual
protection to the cultivators of the
soil, the inhabitants of the country, the
first and principal support of the state.

That the inward and outward trade
may be protected, so as to return again
to its former prosperity, for it is the
only spring of riches and the surest means
of establishing our finances.

That the mechanic and the industri-
ous of all classes, may enjoy perfect lib-
erty.

That the soldiers, who by courage
and talents have deserved perfection and
honor, may receive them, for the war-
like valor of Frenchmen should never be
forfeited.

The Royalists of Brittany, Normandy,
Maine, Anjou and other provinces,
cannot more evidently shew their affec-
tion to the Royalists of La Vendee, than
subscribing and assenting to all that will
be agreed on by the general Charette,
for the establishment of peace and friend-
ship between Frenchmen.

They are sensible that the general
tranquility can no other way be restored
than by a fulfilment of these articles,
which by gradual steps, will destroy a-
narchy and civil war.

The French People re-called to their
natural affections, will become gentle,
kind, and humane, and by repairing
their faults and an incessant industry, they
will atone with the world.

No more will they take up arms but
to defend the limits which have been
marked by their undaunted courage and
which they will be so moderate as not
to exceed.

By holding up the Olive Branch to
all Europe, we will shew that we are
true Frenchmen, desirous of nothing be-
sides the happiness of the people—al-
ways ready to confirm this principle and
seal it with our blood.

(Signed)

Le Baron Caumartin.
Marechal de Camp,
Major General of the Catholic
Royal Army of Brittany.

PHILADELPHIA, May 30.

A Letter from London, to a Mer-
chant in this City, received by the ship
Severn, dated April 9th, says, "This
day, Shares in the Bank of the United
States were sold for £. 130; and De-
ferred Stock at 70 1-2."

PORT OF PHILADELPHIA, ARRIVED.

Schooner Peggy,	Virginia	3	
Sloop Sally,	Potter Richmond	3	
Schooner Black Jack,	Fletcher,	Virginia	3

Arrived at New York.

Ship Severn,	Goodrich	Bristol
Joseph,	Stone	Liverpool

PORT OF BALTIMORE, May 26.

ARRIVED.

Ship Alknomac,	Derby,	Liverpool
Pomona,	Buchanan,	Halifax
Cleopatra,	Martin,	Bremen
London Packet,	Smith,	Bermuda
Eliza,	Robinson,	London
Brig Abigail,	Woodward,	Portland
M. Schooner Laura,	Aldricks,	Port de Paix
Ranger,	Putnam,	L'Anseveou
Polly,	Bell,	Bermuda

Yesterday arrived here the ship Pomona,
Capt. Boyd Buchanan, who was taken by a
British cruiser on the 23d March, on her
passage from Bourdeaux to this port, and
sent first to Bermuda, and from thence to
Halifax, where she was tried on a suppo-
sition of having French property on board.

Same day, the ship London Packet,
Capt. Smith, in 10 days from Bermuda,
into which place she was carried about
three months ago—her cargo was con-
demned.

Also, the ship Eliza, Capt. Robinson, in
ten weeks from London, consequently she
could bring no intelligence of importance
more than what has already been anti-
cipated—The Eliza brought 26 passengers.

From a Boston Paper.

MR. DEXTER.

Notwithstanding all the efforts of the de-
mocratic society, whose professed object is
to influence elections, and who stick not at
any means to accomplish their designs. Mr.
Varnum was chosen by a majority of 11
votes only, and that this majority was ob-
tained, not by the fairest means, must evi-
dently appear from the following authen-
tic statement:

The second middle district contains 34
towns and 34,931 inhabitants. In 19 of
these towns, containing 20,313 inhabitants,
Mr. Dexter was chosen by a majority of
nearly 600 votes. The 15 towns in which
Mr. Varnum had a majority of votes con-
tained but 14,618 inhabitants. However
singular and paradoxical, these facts clear-
ly evince, that Mr. Dexter, and not Mr.
Varnum, is the man of the people's choice.
For although Mr. V. had a small majority
of votes, they were obtained by very un-
common and extraordinary exertions. In
proof that these extraordinary exertions
were made by Mr. Varnum's friends, we
need only recur to the proceedings of the
town of Dracut, in which Mr. Varnum
lives. In no former election has this town
produced more than 83 votes; and it is re-

markable that this was the exact number
for Mr. V. who had all, at both the for-
mer, unsuccessful trials. At the last trial,
this town furnished no less than 185 votes,
an increase of nearly 100, and more than
1 in 7 of the whole number of the inhabi-
tants in the town. It is a singular phenom-
enon, and requires explanation, that 97
voters should spring up in a day, in a small
town.

Mr. D. was chosen by a handsome ma-
jority of the towns in the District, and by
a still greater majority of the inhabitants,
and it must afford him satisfaction to find,
that he still has the esteem and confidence
of so large a majority of his fellow-citi-
zens; and even in the district too, where he
has, in a most extraordinary manner, and
to the no small disgrace of his country,
been left out of the Federal Representati-
on, to which he was such an honor and
distinguished ornament.

TRUTH AND CANDOR.

We are sorry to inform the public,
that yesterday afternoon, about 1 o'-
clock, a dreadful fracas arose between
a party of the crew of the privateer brig
Brutus, and a number of the workmen
employed in the rope-walks in South-
work, in which one of the latter and two
of the former lost their lives; two
others were so badly fractured on the
head, that it is feared they cannot sur-
vive. The Frenchman, and one of the
rope-makers, died on the spot, the other
expired whilst he was conveying home.
Several of the privateer's people were
armed with cutlasses.

During the disturbance, a party of
the volunteer militia were ordered under
arms, but the civil authority being found
sufficient to prevent any further mil-
chief, and apprehend the rioters, the
orders were countermanded.

One of the unfortunate men came to
this city a day or two ago from New-
York. [Not a political dispute.]

A labourer was unfortunately drown-
ed on Thursday last at Bickham's wharf,
by accidentally slipping off the side of a
boat.

At a Medical commencement which
took place at the Old College in Fourth-
street, on Saturday the 23d of May, the
following gentlemen appeared as candi-
dates, and received the honors of the Uni-
versity after an examination on their re-
spective theses.

MR. ASHTON ALEXANDER of Virginia,
on the influence of one disease in the cure
of others.

MR. CHARLES EVERETT, of Virginia,
on Menstruation.

MR. JOHN WILLIS, of Virginia, on the
Chemical Analysis of vegetable astringents
with observations on the identity of the
vegetable acids.

MR. BENJAMIN SHULTZ, of Pennsylvan-
ia, on the Phytolacca or Poke-weed.

A gentleman arrived here in the Polly
from St. Bartholomews informs us: that
on the 15th of March last, an English frigate
drove into St. Bartholomews a Swe-
dish vessel by firing incessantly upon her
and actually did some damage on board
her. The Governor gave immediately
orders to the fort to fire on the frigate,
which received a few shot. The English
Capt. dispatched a flag on shore to make
an apology, saying that he believed the
vessel French, under Swedish colours.—
The Gov. obliged him to pay 52 half joes
to repair the vessel, ordered him never to
make his appearance in the port, and in-
formed him, that he should acquaint the
Court of the transaction. [Aurora.]

WE, the subscribers, being the Com-
mittee appointed by the "Society for the
Information and Assistance of persons Em-
igrating from Foreign Countries," for the
inspection of vessels arriving at this port,
report—that upon visiting the ship Gen-
eral Washington, from Dublin, and mak-
ing the necessary enquiries relative to the
objects of the Society, we very highly
commend the conduct of the Captain to
his passengers, about 56 in number—and
it is with great pleasure, the committee,
not only in the name of the Society, but
at the particular request of the Emigrants
themselves in this public manner, thank
Captain Geddes for his polite behaviour
and humane attention to their comforts
during the voyage.

Richard Lake,
Arthur Blaney,
Henry Andrew Heins,
Edmund Hogan,
Charles Kenny.

(Signed)

A late Paris paper relates the following
remarkable influence of patriotism.

BACHAM was under trial. On
the memorable 2d of September the jury
were about giving their votes; the firing
of cannon is heard; a crowd of madmen
rush into the hall, and demand that the
accused be delivered up to them, that
they may execute him summarily. The
judges repress the brigands. The jury
inform they are ready to give in their
declaration. They begin to vote. Al-
ready one white ballot has been given
in favour of the accused; and three out
of twelve would acquit him. Another
jurymen steps forward and having de-
clared the fact proved, takes a white
ball to vote on the criminality of the
accused. Some of the jury tremble,
and one lays to him: "What are you
doing, if a third should be of your way
of thinking, you will not succeed in
saving the accused; he would be torn to
pieces, and with him the jury and judges
would be massacred."

This remark, the dreadful noise and
threats that were heard in all quarters,
caused him to hesitate a moment: but
he soon exclaimed: "I have but one
confidence, and I know how to die.
(he puts in his white ball) "If a third
is found," he adds with emotion,
"be not afraid; I will go and declare
to the people that it is I saved the
accused."

NEW THEATRE.

Mr. WHITLOCK'S Night.

On MONDAY EVENING, June 1,
will be presented, a COMEDY, never per-
formed here, called

THE MERRY WIVES OF WINDSOR.

(Written by SHAKESPEARE.)

Sir John Falstaff,	Mr. Whitlock.
Fenton,	Mr. Cleveland.
Justice Shallow,	Mr. Harwood.
Master Slender,	Mr. Moreton.
Mr. Page,	Mr. Green.
Mr. Ford,	Mr. Chalmers.
Sir Hugh Evans,	Mr. Bates.
Doctor Caius,	Mr. Marshall.
Hofi,	Mr. Wignell.
Bardolph,	Mr. Darley, jun.
Nym,	Mr. Warrall.
Pistol,	Mr. Solomon.
Robin, Falstaff's Page,	Mrs. Solomons.
Simple,	Mr. Blisset.
Rugby,	Mr. Warrall, jun.
Mrs. Page,	Mr. Whitlock.
Mrs. Ford,	Mr. Morris.
Ann Page,	Mrs. Wilson.
Mrs. Quickly,	Mrs. Rowson.

End of the Play, a DANCE, called

THE SPORTSMAN DECEIV'D.

By Mr. Francis, Mr. J. Warrall, Mr.
De Marque and Miss Milburne.

To which will be added, an Entertainment
of MUSIC, DIALOGUE, & SPECTACLE,
Written by the late David Garrick, in honor of
SHAKESPEARE.

called

The JUBILEE.

Irishman,	Mr. Whitlock.
Ralph,	Mr. Bates.
1st Serenade, with a song	Mr. Marshall.
2d ditto,	Mr. Darley.
3d ditto,	Mr. J. Darley.
1st Gentleman,	Mr. Marchon.
2d ditto,	Mr. Cleveland.
Oiler,	Mr. Blisset.
Cook,	Mr. Morris.
Man Ballad Singer,	Mr. Harwood.
Woman ditto,	Mr. Bates.
1st Waiter,	Mr. Francis.
2d ditto,	Mr. Warrall, jun.
3d ditto,	Master T. Warrall.
1st Pedlar,	Mr. Blisset.
2d ditto,	Mr. Warrall.
Trumpetor,	Mr. Rowson.
Showman,	Mr. Darley, jun.
Goody Benson,	Mrs. Bates.
Goody Jarvis,	Mrs. Rowson.
1st Country Girl, Mrs. Olanixon,	
2d ditto,	Miss Broadhurst.

With a GRAND PAGANT,

Exhibiting the Principal Characters from
Shakespeare's Plays.

Tragic Mule, Mrs. Whitlock,
Comic Mule, Mrs. Marshall.
Tickets to be had of Mr. Whitlock, No.
66 North Eighth Street, and at the usual
places.

On Wednesday Evening, June 3, will
be presented a celebrated Comedy,
never performed here, called

The Constant Couple,

Or, A Trip to the JUBILEE.

with Entertainments, for the Benefit of Mr.
GREEN.

Mr. HARWOOD'S Night will be on Fri-
day.

The Public are respectfully informed,
that during the Benefits, Places for the Box-
es may be taken four Days previous to the
night of Representation.

The Public are respectfully informed that
the Doors of the Theatre will open at a quar-
ter after five, and the curtain rise precisely at
a quarter after 6 o'clock.

Ladies and Gentlemen are requested to
send their servants to keep places by five
o'clock, and order them, as soon as the
company are seated, to withdraw, as they
cannot on any account be permitted to re-
main.

For Sale by

Joseph Anthony & Son,

No. 5 Chesnut Street,
Choice Malaga Wine in Quarter cases,]
Claret, in casks and cases,
A few cases of old Arrack,
Hemp,
Russia }
Duck, }
Sheeting,
Boston and Rhode Island canvass
Tow Linen
Jamaica Pimento,
White and Brown East India Sugars
Lard, in barrels and kegs
Pork of an excellent Quality
A few barrels white beans
Whale oil and spermaceti candles.

May 30 dtd

CANAL LOTTERY.

Of the State of Pennsylvania.

TICKETS are now ready for Sale at the
Office, No. 149, Chesnut-Street,
between Fourth and Fifth-Streets.

PRICE TEN DOLLARS EACH.

This LOTTERY will Commence Drawing
the First of September next.

Schemes Delivered Gratis.

May 30. d.

Genteel Boarding,

At the Corner of Eleventh and Spruce
Streets.

d2w