

BOOKS.

PRINTED & PUBLISHED

By Matthew Carey,

No. 118, Market Street,

1. Charlotte, a tale of truth, By Mrs Rowson, of the New-Theatre Philadelphia.

Second American edition—Price 75 cents. [The rapid sale of the First Edition of this interesting novel, in a few months, is the best proof of its merit.]

Extract from the Critical Review, April 1791, p. 468.

It may be a tale of truth, for it is not unnatural, and it is a tale of real distress—Charlotte by the artifice of a teacher, recommended to a school from humanity rather than a conviction of her integrity of the regularity of her former conduct, is enticed from her governess, and accompanies a young officer to America—The marriage ceremony, if not forgotten, is poisoned, and Charlotte dies a martyr to the inconsistency of her lover, and treachery of his friend—The situations are artful and pathetic—the descriptions natural and pathetic; we should feel for Charlotte if such a person ever existed, who, for one error, scarcely perhaps deserved to receive a punishment. If it is a fiction, poetic justice is not, we think, properly distributed.

2. The Inquisitor—by Mrs. Rowson, Second Philadelphia edition. 87 1/2 cents.

3. Adventures of Roderic Random. 2 vols 1 dollar and 50 cents, coarse paper—1 dollar and 75 cents, fine.

4. Notes on the state of Virginia—by Thomas Jefferson. Price, neatly bound, one dollar and a half.

5. History of the French Revolution, from its commencement to the death of the Queen and the execution of Brilloit. Two dollars.

EXTRACT FROM THE PREFACE.

"The authors have presumed to affix to their title the epithet Impartial; and the reason is, because they cannot charge themselves with feeling the smallest bias to any party, but that of truth and liberty; and they flatter themselves, that their readers will find out only every circumstance fairly represented, but every censurable action, wherever were the authors or actors, marked in its proper colors. If it was necessary to make a declaration of their own principles, they would say, they are neither Tory nor republican—they love liberty as English whigs, and execrate every criminal act by which to noble a cause is endangered and disgraced.

In the present ferment of the public mind, they cannot flatter themselves with the hopes of seeing this claim universally acknowledged. On the contrary, they are well assured that these pages will not be acceptable to the zealous of either party. But when time shall dissipate the clouds of political deception, they with some confidence expect that verdict from public opinion, which candor and moderation seldom fail to receive.

EXTRACT FROM THE CRITICAL REVIEW, JANUARY, 1794—page 12.

"We have certainly derived much pleasure, and acquired much information from the perusal of these volumes; and we think them, both for matter and style, worthy the attention of all who interest themselves in events which have so fully excited the curiosity and astonishment of mankind."

6. Plowden's history of the British Empire from May 1792, to December 1793. A dollar and a quarter. [This is an interesting and valuable a publication as had appeared for many years.]

7. Beattie's Elements of Moral Science 2 vols. One dollar and three quarters.

8. Ladies Library. Second American edition. 87 1/2 cents. CONTAINING—Miss Moore's Essays; Dr. Gregory's Legacy to his Daughters; Lady Pennington's unfortunate mother's advice to her Daughters; Marchioness de Lambert's Advice of a mother to her daughter, Mrs Chapone's Letter on the government of the temper; Swift's Letter to a Young Lady newly married; Moore's Fables for the Female Sex.

9. Journal durant un Sejour en France depuis le commencement d'octobre jusqu'à la fin de Decembre; auquel est ajoute un recit des evenemens les plus remarquables qui ont eu lieu a Paris, depuis cette epoque, jusqu'à la mort du roi de France. Bound, 2 1/2 dollar—1 dollar, 2 dollars.

10. Edward's treatise on the religious affections. Coarse paper, a dollar—fine, a dollar and a half.

11. Rights of Woman—by Mrs. Wolfson craft. A dollar.

12. Willison's Sacramental Meditations.—60 cents.

13. Bunyan's Holy War, made by Shaddai against Dabolu.

14. Short account of Algiers. Second edition, enlarged—25 cents.

Containing—A description of that country—of the manners and customs of the inhabitants—and of their several wars against Spain, France, England, Holland, Venice, and other powers of Europe—from the usurpation of Barbarossa and the invasion of Charles V. to the present time.—With a concise view of the origin of the war between Algiers and the United States. Embellished with a map of Barbary, comprehending Morocco, Fez, Algiers, Tunis, and Tripoly.

To the present edition is added a very copious index, containing letters from sundry American prisoners in Algiers to their friends in the United States—a list of the vessels taken—and many very interesting articles not in the first edition.

15. Blair's Lectures on Rhetoric and Belles Letters. Three dollars 33 cents.

16. Smith's Letters to Married Women, on nursing and the management of children. 62 cents.

17. American Farmer's letters. 85 cents.

18. Young Misses Magazine. 2 vols. 1 dollar 33 cents.

Containing—Dialogues between a Governess and several Young Ladies of Quality her scholars.—In which each Lady is made to speak according to her particular genius, temper and inclination.—Their several faults, are pointed out, and the easy way to amend them, as well as to think, and speak, and

act properly; no less care being taken to form their hearts to goodness, than to enlighten their understandings with useful knowledge. A short and clear abridgement is also given of sacred and profane History, and some lessons in Geography. The useful is blended throughout with the agreeable, the whole being interspersed with proper reflexions and moral Tales.

19. Duncan's Elements of Logic. 80 cents

20. M'Fingal, an epic poem. 37 1/2 cents.

21. Trench Coxe's examination of Lord Sheffield's observations. 62 1/2 cents.

22. Ladies' Friend. 37 1/2 cents.

23. Smith's history of New York, from its discovery to 1792. 1 dollar 25 cents.

24. Complete Atlas for the present war, containing maps of France, Holland, Netherlands, Germany, Spain, Italy, and the West-Indies. 2 dollars.

25. Constitutions of the United States, with the Federal Constitution. 62 1/2 cents.

26. Peyton's Grammar for Freshmen to learn English. 50 cents.

27. Epicteti Enchiridion. 31 cents.

28. Gay's Fables. 31 cents.

29. Christian Economy. 25 cents.

30. Charms of Melody, a choice collection of Songs. 25 cents.

31. American Museum, 12 vols, 8vo. Nineteen dollars and 20 cents.

"The American Museum is not only eminently calculated to disseminate political and other valuable information, but it has been uniformly conducted with taste, attention, & propriety. It to these important objects he superadded the more immediate office of relieving public documents from oblivion, I will venture to pronounce, as my sentiment, that a more useful literary plan has never been undertaken in America, nor one more deserving of public encouragement."

General Washington.

23. Poems of Col. Humphreys. 37 1/2 cents.

34. Catechism of Man. 18 1/2 cents.

35. Tom Paine's Jests. 18 1/2 cents

36. Carey's account of the Yellow Fever, 4th edition. 50 cents.

37. Devout Christian's Vade Mecum. 25 cents.

Wanted Immediately,

2 Smiths, a good fireman and White Smith, good encouragement will be given. Apply No. 162 or 74 Market street. Philad. Feb. 28, 1795; N. B Boarding and Lodging free

Philadelphia, March 19, 1795. PROPOSALS By MATHEW CAREY, For Publishing by Subscription, THE HISTORY

OF THE Earth and Animated Nature. BY OLIVER GOLDSMITH.

TERMS.—I. This work will be published in twenty four weekly numbers. The first number shall appear about the beginning of next June.

II. Each number shall contain eighty octavo pages, or five sheets of letter press, and two handsome engravings. Six numbers will form a volume.

III. The price of each number will be a quarter of a dollar.

IV. Should the work exceed twenty four numbers, the surplus shall be delivered gratis.

V. The names of the subscribers shall be prefixed.

VI. Should any subscriber disapprove of the publication, after an inspection of the first four numbers, he shall be at liberty to withdraw his name, return the numbers, and receive his money again.

SUBSCRIPTIONS received by the publisher, and by the principal bookellers throughout the United States. [a wt.]

AT THE Card & Nail Factory, No. 59, north Front street,

Webster, Adgate & White, Have constantly for sale, Cotton, Wool, Tow, and Machine Cards,

Of all Kinds, Cut Nails of all sizes, Floor Brads, Spriggs and Tacks, Fullers Shears, Gun Flints and Wool Hats,

A quantity of kiln dried Indian Meal in barrels

A new Edition of Adgate's Philadelphia Harmony, containing both the first and second parts, being the most approved system of Rules and the best collection of Tunes now in use.

Also for Sale, A COMPLETE SET OF Machinery for making Cards

AND A NEW WASHING MILLS, On an Improved Construction. Oct. 2

T. STEPHENS, BOOKSELLER and STATIONER, No. 57 SOUTH SECOND STREET, PHILADELPHIA.

RESPECTFULLY informs the public, that at his Store they may be supplied with most of the modern European and other publications of merit, on Politics, Divinity, Law, the Belles Lettres, &c. &c.—Also a great variety of ELEGANT PRINTS and Paintings, and every article in the Stationary business; which he continues, as usual, to dispose of at the lowest prices.

Gentlemen's Libraries furnished or purchased; and the utmost value, in exchange or cash, given for any quantity of second hand Books.

Wholesale Dealers supplied at the above Store on very moderate terms. May 2.

Treasury Department Revenue Office, April 14, 1795 PROPOSALS

Will be received at the Office of the Commissioner of the Revenue, For Building a

LIGHT HOUSE,

On Seguin Island, near the mouth of Kennebeck river, on the coast of the District of Maine; of the following Materials, Dimensions and Description.

THE form is to be an Octagon. The foundation is to be of Stone, to be sunk, if practicable, thirteen feet below the bottom of the wooden work, or twelve feet and an half below the surface of the earth, and to be commenced of the diameter of twenty seven feet. It is to be laid solidly to the height of two feet. From thence to the bottom of the wooden work, the foundation wall is to be eleven feet high, and six feet thick.

As it is intended that the above described stone foundation shall only be carried six inches higher than the crown level of the knoll or rock on which the Light-house is to be erected, and it may be found impossible, on account of the rock, to sink the same to the depth of twelve feet and one half below the earth, or thirteen feet below the wooden work, it is necessary that the proportions for the said stone foundation be made by the perch to include all costs, charges and expenses of materials, workmanship and labor.

The octagonal pyramid is to be well framed, and of stout heart fine timber. It is to be twenty six feet in diameter at the base, where it will rest on the top of the stone foundation, to which it is to be well secured by sixteen stout iron traps built therein and otherwise. The height of the wooden building from the bottom of the water table and from the surface of the earth, is to be forty feet to the top of the wooden work, under the floor of the lantern; where the diameter is to be fifteen feet. The foundation is to be cap with fawed stone at least eight inches wide, and sloped at top to turn on the water.

The frame of the pyramid is to be covered with boards of one inch and one half in thickness, over which is to be laid a good & complete covering of shingles, and well painted with three coats. The light house is to have two windows in the East, and two windows in the West. The sashes are to be hung with hinges, and each sash is to have eight panes of glass, eight by ten inches.

On the top of the wooden work of the pyramid is to be a strong framed tier of joists, bedded therein, planked over with oak plank extending one foot beyond the sides of the pyramid, thereby forming an eave, which is to be finished by a cornice, the whole having a descent from the center, sufficient to throw off the water, and to be covered with copper.

A complete and sufficient iron Lantern in the octagonal form is to rest therein; the eight corner pieces or stanchions of which are to be well secured to the upright timbers of the pyramid, or to the tier of joists, or both. These stanchions are to be very strong and stout, and are to be fixed in the wall and one-half inches by two and one-half inches above. The Lantern is to be ten feet high, from the floor to the bottom of the dome or roof, and to have a dome or roof of five feet in height. The whole space between the posts to be occupied by the sashes, which are to be moulded on the inside and struck solid. Each sash is to have twenty-eight large panes of glass; a part of the sash on the south-west side is to be hung with hinges for a door to go out on the platform. The iron rafters of the lantern are to be framed into an iron hoop, over which is to be a copper funnel, thro' which the smoke may pass into a large copper ventilator in the form of a man's head; capable of containing one hundred gallons. This head is to be turned by a large vane, so that the hole for venting the smoke may be always to leeward. Eight dormant ventilators are to be fixed in the roof, a large curved air pipe is to be passed thro' the floor and a close stove is to be provided and fixed in the lantern. There are to be a pair of stairs to ascend to the lantern, the entrance to which is to be by a trap door covered with copper. The building is to be furnished with two complete electrical conductors or rods with points. The floors are to be laid with plank. The entrance into the light house is to be well secured by a strong door hung upon hinges with a strong lock and latch complete.

Also a frame Dwelling House of one story and the roof, to be twenty six feet or thereabout in front, and twenty five feet deep, with a cellar, under it, it shall be found practicable to dig it. The cellar walls to be eighteen inches thick, and seven feet high. The story of the House to be seven feet and one half in the clear. The roof to have an arcular pitch. The floors to be laid in whole lengths nailed through. The House is to contain a Kitchen of thirteen by sixteen feet, a sitting room adjoining lengthwise of twelve by sixteen feet, two small chambers of eight by nine feet joining to the ends of the Kitchen and sitting room, with a passage to those two rooms between the bed rooms. The stack of chimneys to be between the Kitchen and sitting room and is to have two plain fireplaces, one of them large for a kitchen; to which is to be joined an Oven. There is to be an outer door to the passage and an outer door also to the Kitchen. There are to be two windows in each of the large rooms, and one in each bed room.

Each sash is to have twelve panes of glass eight by ten inches. Each window is to have a strong plain shutter, with fastenings and hinges. The doors are to be hung and furnished completely. The ceiling and inner sides of the House are to be plastered with two coats. All the wood work inside and out is to be well painted, and the whole is to be finished in a plain and decent manner.

An oil vault is to be built twenty by twelve feet in the clear, arched over, and covered with earth or sand, over which a shed is to be built—It is to be furnished with nine strong cedar cisterns, with covers, each capable of containing two hundred gallons. The entrance to the vault is to be secured by a strong door. A well is to be sunk at a convenient distance, and furnished with a curb, bucket and rope completely. The builder is to procure and

pay, for all materials, labor, workmanship, provisions and other objects of cost charge or expense for a sum to be proposed and agreed upon, and to execute the before described work, and every part thereof in a good and workman like manner.

Convenient payments or advances, on security will be made. April 17.

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Convenient payments or advances, on security, will be made. April 17.

Treasury Department Revenue Office, April 10, 1795. PROPOSALS

Will be received at the Office of the Commissioner of the Revenue, FOR BUILDING A

LIGHT HOUSE,

On Long Island, at MONTAAK POINT in the County of Suffolk, and State of New York, of the following Materials, Dimensions and Description.

The form is to be Octagonal. The foundation is to be of Stone, to be sunk thirteen feet below the bottom of the Water table, or the surface of the Earth, and to be commenced of the Diameter of twenty nine feet. From such commencement to the bottom of the Water Table, the foundation wall is to be thirteen feet high, and nine feet thick.

The Diameter of the base from the bottom of the Water Table to the top thereof, (where the Octagonal pyramid is to commence) is to be twenty eight feet, and the wall is there to be seven feet thick. The wall of the Octagonal pyramid is to be six feet thick at the base thereof, on the top of the Water Table.

The Height of the building, from the bottom of the Water Table and from the surface of the Earth, is to be eighty feet to the top of the stone work, under the floor of the Lantern; where the Diameter is to be sixteen feet six inches, and the wall three feet thick. The whole to be built of Stone; the Water Table is to be cap with fawed stone, at least eight inches wide, and Sloped at top to turn off the water.

The outside of the walls is to be faced with hewn or hammer dressed stone, having four windows in the East, and three in the West. The Sashes to be hung with hinges, and each sash to have twelve panes of glass, eight by ten inches.

On the top of the Stone work is to be a framed tier of joists, bedded therein, planked over with Oak plank, extending three feet beyond the wall, thereby forming an eave, which is to be finished with a Cornice, the whole having a descent from the Centre, sufficient to throw off the water, and to be covered with Copper. A complete and sufficient iron lantern, in the Octagonal form is to rest thereon, the Eight corner pieces or Stanchions of which are to be built in the wall to the depth of ten feet. These Stanchions are to be nearly 3 inches square in the lower ten feet, and 3 1/2 by 2 1/2 inches above. The lantern is to be ten feet and nine inches in diameter. It is also to be ten feet high, from the floor to the bottom of the dome or roof, and to have a dome or roof of five feet and nine inches in height.

The whole space between the posts or upright pieces at the angles is to be occupied by the Sashes, which are to be moulded on the inside and struck Solid. Each sash is to have twenty eight panes of glass, fourteen by twelve inches, a part of the sash on the South west side is to be hung with hinges for a convenient door to go out on the platform.

The rafters of the Lantern are to be framed into an Iron hoop, over which is to be a copper funnel, thro' which the smoke may pass into a large Copper Ventilator in the form of a man's head; capable of containing 100 Gallons. This head is to be turned by a large vane; so that the hole, for venting the smoke, may be always to Leeward.

Eight dormant Ventilators are to be fixed in the roof, a large curved air pipe is to be passed thro' the floor, and a close Stove is to be provided and fixed in the Lantern.

There are to be seven pair of Stairs to ascend to the Lantern, the entrance to which is to be by a trap door covered with copper.

The building is to be furnished with two complete electrical Conductors, or rods with points. The floors are to be laid with plank, of at least one inch and one half in thickness. The entrance to the Light-House to be well secured by a strong door hung upon hinges, with a strong lock and latch complete.

Also a Frame house to be thirty four feet in front and sixteen feet deep, with a cellar under it. The cellar walls to be eighteen inches thick, and seven feet high.—The first story of the house is to be eight feet, and the second, seven feet six inches high, the floors to be laid in whole lengths nailed through. The stack of Chimneys with two plain fire places on each floor, one of them large for a kitchen; two windows below, and three above in front and rear, each sash to have eighteen panes of glass ten by eight inches. The doors to be hung and furnished completely.—The ceilings and sides of the house to be plastered with two coats, all the wood work inside & out to be well painted & the whole to be finished in a plain decent manner.

An oil Vault to be built twenty by twelve feet in the clear; arched over and covered with earth or sand over which a shed is to be built—It is to be furnished with nine strong cedar cisterns, with covers, each capable of containing two hundred gallons.

The entrance to the vault is to be secured by a strong door. A well is to be sunk at a convenient distance, and furnished with a curb, bucket and rope completely. The builder to find and pay for all the materials, labor, workmanship, provisions, and other objects of cost, charge or expense for a sum to be agreed upon and to execute the before described work and every part thereof in a good and workman like manner.

Convenient payments or advances, on security will be made. April 17.

George Hunter, Chemist,

At his Laboratory, No. 114, north Second Street.

INFORMS his former customers and the public, that he has begun the DRUG business again on an extensive plan. He has for sale a general assortment of

FRESH DRUGS, CHEMICAL PREPARATIONS, and PATENT MEDICINES.

Likewise, painters' colours, dry and ground in oil, paint brushes, window and case glass, dye stuffs, linseed oil, oil of turpentine, copal oil varnish and japan, warranted good.

Allum, copoetas, madder, ground red wood by the hoghead or smaller quantity. As he imports the sumphs from the best markets, and makes the compositions and preparations himself, he is enabled to vend for and warrant every article sold out of his Laboratory, and likewise to dispose of them at the most reasonable rates. He wishes to sell a large LOT of GROUND, the north-east corner of High and Eleventh-streets, containing 78 feet front on High-street, and 200 feet on Eleventh-street, opposite Mr. Leiper's new building.—And another LOT on the north side of High-street, near the above, 28 feet front, and 200 feet deep. Both lots have the privilege of a 30 feet alley in their rear. Dec. 13.

Patent Nail Manufactory No. 120, South Front-street, Philadelphia.

THOMAS PERKINS & Co. HAVING by the use of Machines, for which they have a Patent from the United States, been enabled to make 3d. 4d. 6d. 8d. and 10d. NAILS, equal to the best drawn ones, (and superior to them for many purposes) and from 15 to 30 per cent cheaper for licit orders in that line, which shall be executed with fidelity by Thomas Perkins and Co.

N.B. A large assortment of the above kinds of Nails on hand at reduced prices—also Nails for Sugar Hogheads. March 31

To be Sold, And Possession given immediately,

A Two story brick Dwelling House

In Arch street near Front street, No. 23, sixteen and an half feet front, and the lot is 102 feet deep. Enquire of Isaac Snowden, South Second Street. 46t—codt] March 30

In the Chancery of New Jersey. April 14th. 1795.

Present his Excellency Richard Howell, Chancellor.

Between Lydia Onderdonck, Complainant, and Henry Onderdonck, Defendant.

The Complainant in

this cause, having this day filed her bill of complaint, praying for certain causes therein set forth, to be divorced from her husband Henry Onderdonck, the above defendant, and having made due proof, that the said Henry hath, after the cause of complaint had arisen removed himself without the jurisdiction of this court, so that the process thereof cannot be served upon him, or if served he cannot be compelled to appear and answer or plead, and having thereupon prayed a hearing upon the facts charged in the said bill.

It is therefore ordered that a hearing be had on the facts charged in the said bill, accordingly on the first day of July next at the dwelling house of William Hay, Innholder, in the city of Trenton; at ten o'clock in the forenoon, a copy of this order, having been first published in one of the public papers of this state, and in one of the public papers of the states of New York and Pennsylvania, or served on the said defendant for the space of two months at least, before the said day appointed for hearing.

Richard Howell. April 22 codt]

IMPORTED, And to be sold by

Jacob Parke, No. 49, north side of Market, between Front and Second streets Philadelphia, A General Assortment of

Ironmongery, Cutlery, Sadlery, &c. &c.

AMONGST WHICH ARE,

- | | |
|--|---|
| Smith's anvils, vices and files | Barlow, pen and other pocket knives |
| Sawmill, crosscut, hand and other saws | Razors |
| Carving chisels and gouges | Scissors |
| Carpenters' ditto | Needles |
| Plane irons | Ivory and bone combs |
| Drawing knives, and other edge tools | Best kirby file hooks |
| Locks, | Brass cabinet furniture |
| Hinges | Waggon boxes |
| Bolts and latches | Sheet brass |
| Nails (sprigs, tacks and screws | Scalebeams |
| Frying pans | Splatter |
| Smoothing irons | Plated and tin'd bridle bits and stirrups |
| Showels and tongs | Do. saddle nails |
| Coffee-mills | Staples and plates |
| Candlesticks | Worsted lincingle webbs |
| Snufflers | Diaper, girth and strap webbs |
| Warming-pans | With mool other kinds of ironmongery, |
| Table knives & forks | Cutlery, saddlery, Brags wares, &c |
| Riding whips | |

4 mo. 14th. codt]