

Portsmouth, March 20.

In the evening arrived from Havre de Grace, the American ship Swan, Coffin, master. She left Havre de Grace the 19th inst. The master brings information of the Deputies Barrere, Billard, Varennes, and Collet d'Herbois, having been tried and condemned, and were executed a few days before said ship sailed from Havre, according to accounts which had been received there; and that Vadier, the other deputy, who had disappeared, had been apprehended.

March 21.

In our paper of yesterday we stated, upon the information of a correspondent there, the arrival at Yarmouth of three Dutch Merchants and an Englishman, the Mate of an English Transport sunk at Rotterdam, who made their escape from the Texel on Monday night last in a Schuit. As the intelligence was not contained in the whole of our impression of yesterday, we beg leave to re-capitulate it to-day for the satisfaction of all our readers.

There had been no particular occurrences at Amsterdam, but letters had been received there with very extraordinary intelligence from Paris.

The letters state, that on Wednesday, the 11th inst. late in the afternoon, judgment of Death was pronounced by the Revolutionary Tribunal against Barrere and his accomplices. The same night, on some rockets being fired from the Observatory, a banditti assembled in the suburbs of St. Germain, St. Marceau, and St. Antoine, led on by the most enraged of the Jacobins, and accompanied by a shoal of Poissards, to the number of about 15,000.—They proceeded to the Thuilleries, beset the Guards of the District, and took possession of the barriers and the bridges.

The general cry was "a bas les Moderes, vivent les Jacobins," while another part of the mob exclaimed, "Du Pain, et un Roil!" The issue of this tumult was not known when the accounts came away. The ferment had been some time brewing, as was evident, from several circumstances particularly from the cry that was raised in the Parterre of the opera of the night before, a bas les Mufcadins, on the entry of Madame Tallien or Cabarras, in her French Greek dress into one of the boxes. In the course of the night a large party was detached from the Carouzel to the Temple. From the divided sentiments of the mob, it appeared quite uncertain what was their design, whether to put to death the illustrious prisoners confined there, or liberate and proclaim Louis XVII.

Such is the statement which reached us yesterday, and which we thought it our duty immediately to communicate. We have this day nothing to add in support of its credibility, having, when this paper was put to press, received no further account nor confirmation.—We shall look, however, with more than usual anxiety for Paris papers of the date of the rumored transactions in that capital.

March 23.

Our Portsmouth Correspondent gives us, this morning, information of the arrival there of an American vessel from Havre-de-Grace, which place she left on the 19th inst. By this vessel an account is brought of the trial, condemnation, and execution of Barrere and his accomplices. Nothing is said of any tumult at Paris; but the confirmation of the above import, an event, proves that our intelligence of Friday was not entirely unworthy of credit, and forms our complete justification in laying it before the public.

March 24.

Yesterday a letter was received at the General Post-Office, dated Yarmouth, March 22d, which states, that the Prince of Orange, Captain Bridge, had arrived there the preceding evening. Captain Bridge, on his passage from Harwich, spoke with the Argus Revenue Cutter, Capt. Saunders, and was informed, that the King George Packet, Capt. Dean, had been taken by four French frigates. She sailed from Cruikhaven the 12th or 15th inst. with the first mail on board from that place, and had the answers to 9 or 10 different mails which were sent from hence after the interruption with Holland, and it is supposed had remittances on board for above half a million of money. It is also presumed, a Messenger, with the Emperor's Answer to our Court, concerning the loan, is unfortunately captured in this packet.

French Army from Mentz.

February 18.

Our army is still in the same situation, as circumstances prevent it from acting.—The plan of the campaign appears to have been changed; it is now asserted that Mentz is not to be attacked, but that from this side, we shall remain upon the defensive till the passage of the Rhine may be practicable; the passage is expected to be effected by the army of the Sambre and Meuse. The Austrian Generals, informed of our intentions on this side, sent down a great number of forces so that the garrison of Mentz has experienced a diminution, and the deserters reckon it only at 20,000 men. We can do nothing till that fortress be completely invested. Yesterday we had a very serious skirmish; the hussars of Wurmler attacked our out posts in the very moment they were relieving—they were forced to fall back; but our dragoons and chateaux charged the enemy; and many were killed on both sides. It appears as if the intentions of the enemy were to allow us no rest at all; they depend much on the difficulties that our cavalry has to encounter from the want of forage; however all the attacks on our out posts till now proved fruitless.—We expect to have an engagement of consequence as soon as the weather will permit.

Arrived at New-York.

Ship Port Mary, Kennedy, Liverpool
Brig Peggy, Gilmore, ditto
Julia, Brown, Charleston
Sarah, Douglas, Leghorn
Peggy, Lawrence, St. Thomas
Schooner Swallow, Arnold, Havannah
Laura, Lelcum, Curraoia
Laury, Fairchild, St. Vincents
Sloop Rainbow, Harding, Charleston
Eagle, Hubbel, St. Croix
The ship Harriot is taken and carried to Tortola.

Brig Jane, Small, master, arrived at Leghorn from this port.
Capt. Kennedy, on the 28th ult. spoke the ship Newport, Capt. Robinson, from New-York, bound to Bourdeaux, out 14 days, in lat. 41, 55, long. 44, 30, west.

UNITED STATES.

HALIFAX, N. C. April 27.

Thirty sail of vessels, we are told, are now building in the district of Edenton and full employ given to the various mechanics in the different branches necessary thereto, so that not a single person need be idle who is inclined to work.—Eighteen hands are constantly employed in the rope walk of Mr. J. Collins, jun. in the town of Edenton, and the cordage manufactured therein, is universally allowed by the best judges, to be superior to any imported.—The hemp has hitherto been imported, but it is hoped our planters will turn their attention to the cultivation of this necessary article, which will command a ready market and good price, the more especially as those on Roanoke possess a soil well adapted to its growth.—

NEWBEDFORD, April 29.

Arrived, ship Rebecca, Andrew Gardner, from the Brazil Coast, 300 bbls. whale oil, 100 sperm—lost his voyage by reason of his ship proving leaky.—Dec. 28th, lat. 44, 19, spoke ship Goodintent, of London, Edward Starbuck, 1000 bbls. sperm and 200 whale oil.—Ship Commerce of Nantucket Amariah Gardner, no whale.—Ship Sierra Leone, of Milford Haven, (England.) Obed Clark, 200 bbls. whale oil.—Capt. Starbuck informed Capt. Gardner, that in May last he left on the coast of Peru, the ship Favorite, Capt. Barnard of Nantucket, with 400 barrels sperm—ship Washington, Capt. Smith—ship Hector, Capt. Brock—ship Ruby, Capt. Clark, all of Nantucket, whose success he was unable to give any information of.—April 21st lat. 34, 9, spoke sloop Polly, Abner Hathaway, from North-Carolina, bound to the West-Indies.

BOSTON, May 5.

FROM FRANCE.

There has been two arrivals from France one from Bourdeaux, in 42 days—the other from Rochelle, in 45 days. From the former of these we learnt not an article of intelligence. By the latter, we are informed, that the Breil fleet, formidable in number, and well equipped, were on the point of commencing a cruise in the channel; that the French had lately taken another town, in the vicinity of Bilbao; and that the latter long-devoted city was expected to fall immediately after.

Sunday, May 3.—Arrived, ship Echo, William Lovell, in 54 days from Cadiz. Left there, March 9th, brig Telemachus, Parsons, to sail first vessel; schooner Abigail, Hopkins, and schooner Jane, Cobb, of Boston; brig Apollo, Whitmore, of New-York; ship Sedgely, Hodges, Philadelphia; brig Lady Walterstorf, Banner, of ditto, freighted for New-York. Brig Pomona, King, for Philadelphia, failed in company. April 20th, lat. 28, 30, long. 36, spoke brig Ann, of Philadelphia, from Lisbon, bound home. April 21st, lat. 32, 45, long. 60, 29, spoke sloop Harriet, of Philadelphia, from Bermuda, for Barbadoes, Anderson, master, 3 days out.

Nothing fresh, with respect to the Moors, was received from Spain, by Capt. Lovell.

ST. LUCIA.

From St. Lucia, which has repeatedly been said to be possessed by the French, we have information from a vessel spoke by Capt. Lovell, which was only 16 days out. It was then partially in the hands of the French and English, who were still striving for the mastery. This must be the latest from thence.

From the Aurora.

Mr. Bache,

I observe that the quadrupeds of Grubstreet begin to make the mud fly again, and an anonymous something in the Gazette of the United States has had a most dreadful fit of the wind-cholic. There is some difficulty in designating the piece to which I allude, for this Mr. Something has had too much modesty even to subscribe himself B. C. Q. Z. or any other signature of the alphabet; however, suffice it to say that he begins in the following turgid strain of non-sense, "I saw in the Daily Advertiser of this day a long string of taunts swallowed last Tuesday at the French Hotel," and winds up his piece with fourteen lines of Italics (something about God and the Jacobins) which I suppose are to operate as a kind of typographical wadding rammed in upon the exquisite combustibility.

This Mr. Somebody affects to regret the unparalleled indignity that was offered to "America, poor lady," who was most insultingly excluded from a precedence in the toasts, and he makes a doleful hissing, because the "poor lady" experienced such a dreadful neglect at the French Ho-

tel, as to receive five toasts at the end of the "string;" such frivolity must naturally excite a smile.

The civic feast was purposely intended to celebrate the glory of Gallic Triumphs and the emancipation of Holland, and therefore the citizens would have incurred no imputation of neglect to their country, had they entirely excluded our Republic from the list; but instead of that they have given her a quintuple toast, sufficiently satisfactory to all but a splenetic fool.

I could not have imagined that America contained so much baleness as the author of this piece, and none but a Grub-street Gazetteer would have disgorged so virulent a libel upon the French Republic as this production. It is to be lamented that the microscopists of despotism should still prefer the Republican air of America with their deleterious breath, and under the specious garb of patriotism, discharge their aristocratical venom, to contaminate mankind. Ought not every sincere patriot and philanthropist to regret the existence of this execrable something (I cannot say man) that would represent the ancient world as "lacerated and defoliated by the dogs of war," the French. Such farcafams of anonymous scribblers are the only subtterfuge of a pusillanimous mind, the only weapons which aspiring despots can use for the vanquishment of their foes. Bish O America that thou containedst such limps of aristocracy that would strive to bring down obloquy upon thy favours, thy glorious and invincible allies. May such impious productions never reach the shores of France to brand us with the stigma of degeneracy.

SNUB.

The West-Indies have been emphatically called the grave of Europeans—the British forces at Guadaloupe, the last year, there were killed in action, 1 brigadier-general, 2 lieutenant colonels, two majors, seven captains, and eleven lieutenants; died of sickness, one major-general, one colonel, four lieutenant colonels, five majors, forty captains and captain lieutenants, one hundred and three lieutenants, three adjutants, three quarter masters, and eight surgeons! The number made prisoners by the French, was 48.

EXTRAORDINARY CHARACTER.

[DIED] By the rupture of a vessel in her lungs, Miss Charlotte Hutton, youngest daughter of Dr. C. Hutton, of Woodwich (England)—a loss by which her parents are left for ever inconsolable. For her goodness she was universally beloved, for her talents and acquirements universally admired and respected by all who knew her. She was only sixteen years of age at her death, and yet she had been for several years the efficient personage in the family, entering into all its numerous concerns, both domestic and literary, in the most active and ample manner. She was her father's amanuensis and assistant upon all occasions: she wrote for him, and read to him, in all languages and sciences; she made drawings for him of all kinds, mathematical, mechanical, &c. arranged and managed his library, and knew where every book stood, and could find most of them even in the dark.—She knew several languages, and almost all sciences, in a tolerable degree; arithmetic, algebra, geography, astronomy, music, drawing, poetry, history, botany, gardening, and all the usual female accomplishments in a superior style and degree; most of which accomplishments were acquisitions chiefly made by her own talents and energy of mind, with little or no assistance from others. It was sufficient for her, once to see or hear any thing done; she soon made it her own. She was author of several ingenious calculations and compositions. She extracted the square roots of most of the second 1000 numbers, to twelve places of decimals, and proved the truth of them afterwards by means of differences, arranging the whole in a table ready for publication. She drew elegant geographical maps, and only the second day before her death began and completed one whole hemisphere of the earth, both the drawing the shading, and the writing. She was remarkable at composition and style, either epistolary or scientific, expressing herself well on any subject; a small specimen of which we cannot avoid here inserting for the curiosity of the subject. A very few days before her death, when the family joined her one morning in the parlour (for she was usually first up in the morning, as well as last at night) she told them a dream she had in the night, which seemed so curious, that they desired her to write it down; which she immediately did, literally, in the following words, "I dreamt that I was dead, and that my soul had ascended into one of the stars; there I found several persons whom I had formerly known, and amongst them some of the nuns whom I was particularly attached to when in France. They told me, when they received me, that they were glad to see me, but hoped I should not stay with them long, the place being a kind of purgatory, and that all the stars were for the reception of different people's souls, a different star being allotted for

every kind of bad temper and vice; all the sharp tempers went to one star, the sulky to another, the peevish to another and so on. Every body in each star being of the same temper, no one would give up to another, and there was nothing but dissension and quarrels among them. Some of those who received me taking offence at the information my friends were giving to me a child, it made a quarrel, which at length became so rude and noisy, that it awaked me." In short, had she lived, she shewed fair to become a second Hypatia. To her mother, and the rest of the family, she was no less useful in domestic business, than to her father in literary. For nothing same avails to her, being equally skilled and adroit in all useful and laudable concerns; in managing the family, the servants, in making purchases at shops or markets, &c. She was the life and soul of every company, wherever she came, engaged the chief or sole attention of every person, men and women, young and old. She had conversation for every one, and generally took the lead when not checked. In short, her goodness and sweetness of disposition gained her the love of every person, as her wit and cheerfulness fixed their attention, and her knowledge and wisdom raised their admiration.

PHILADELPHIA, May 12.

Pennsylvania Hospital.

At a Meeting of the Contributors held the 4th instant, the following Gentlemen were elected.

MANAGERS, viz.

Josiah Hewes, Lawrence Seckle,
Samuel Coates, Pattison Hartthorne,
Bart. Wiltar, Elliston Perot,
Thomas Morris, Thomas Penrose,
Samuel Mickle Fox, Robert Wahn,
Samuel Clark, James Smith, junr. and
Mordecai Lewis, Treasurer.

Which Managers at their Meeting the 11th instant elected,

PHYSICIANS, viz.

Adam Kuhn,
Thomas Parkes,
Benjamin Rush,
William Shippen,
Caspar Wiltar,
Philip Syng Physick.

It appears by the Report of Carnot made to the French National Convention, that the French Army in the United Dutch Provinces consists of one hundred and twenty thousand men; that the Dutch Army is scattered in the rear of the French Army, and that the Dutch Armies are to be emptied to fill those of France; in short, that Holland is considered by the French as a conquered country, for Carnot adds, "we have acquired Sea ports, a numerous Navy, and ravished a rich province from England."

From a late Charleston Paper.

A Committee of the Directors of the Santee Canal Company, consisting of the late Governor Moultrie, Mr. Laurens, Mr. Gilchrist, and Mr. John Rutledge, jun. have, within the last few days, examined the canal from one end to the other, and found every department conducted with regularity and economy; that the work was advancing as fast as the well directed exertions of 700 labourers could forward it; and that there was, on the whole, a fair prospect of speedy and complete success in the great undertaking.

From the Eastern Herald.

CANT PHRASES.

AS found as a nut, o'er the plain
I of late whiffled, chock full of glee;
A stranger to sorrow and pain,
As happy, as happy could he.
As plump as a partridge I grew,
My heart being lighter than cork;
My humbers were calmer than dew!
My body was fatter than pork!
Thus happy I hop'd I should pass,
Sleek as grease, down the current of time;
But pleasures are brittle as glass,
Although as a fiddle they're fine.
Femina the pride of the vale,
Like a top nimbly danc'd o'er our plains;
With envy the lasses were pale—
With wonder stood gaping the swains.
She smil'd like a basket of chips—
As tall as a Hay-pole her size—
As sweet as molasses her lips—
As bright as a button her eyes.
Admiring, I gaz'd on each charm,
My peace that would trouble no soon,
And thought not of danger, nor harm,
Any more than the man in the moon.
But now to my sorrow I find,
Her heart is as hard as a brick;
To my passion forever unkind,
Tho' of passion I'm full as a tick.
I sought her affections to win,
In hopes of obtaining relief,
Till I like a hatchet grew thin,
And the like a haddock grew deaf.
I hate was as fat as a doe,
And playfome and spy as a cat;
But now I am dull as a hoe,
And lean and as weak as a rat.
Unless the un pitying fates
With passion as ardent shall cram her,
As certain as death or as rates,
I soon shall be dead as a hammer.
KADANDA.
North Yarmouth, April 1795.

This day a verdict was given by the jury in the great Cause depending before the Federal Court, respecting certain lands in the county of Luzerne, which have been claimed by persons in this State in opposition to others from the State of Connecticut. The evidence and pleadings on both sides took up in whole sixteen days. The jury were charged this forenoon by Judge Paterson, and after retiring for about half an hour, they returned, having found for the Pennsylvania claimant Cornelius Van Horne, against John Dorrance, Defendant, the claimant of Connecticut, and who has been for many years settled on the farm in question.

The particular decision between Van Horne and Dorrance will determine a great number of others in the same predicament. Between eight and nine thousand people are settled on these lands, whose titles are in exactly the same situation, with that of the Defendant Mr. Dorrance. We understand that it is proposed to carry the cause into the Court of Chancery.

From "the Argus" of yesterday a new daily paper published in New-York by Mr. Greenleaf.

The Port Mary, Capt. Kennedy, arrived at this port on Saturday evening in 40 days from Liverpool. Capt. Kennedy brought papers to March 25, which contain very little intelligence. A Liverpool paper of March 23, contains a *Corinna* account of a battle in Rouffillon, which states that the French lost 1000 killed and 2000 taken prisoners, but the Capt. says, accounts at Liverpool were that there had been a battle in which the Spaniards were beaten, which is most likely to be fact, as at *Corinna* the truth must not be told at all times. The accounts of peace with Prussia and Spain do not seem to be confirmed. Provisions were cheaper at Liverpool than in this city.

PORT of PHILADELPHIA.

ARRIVED. Days.

Ship Hibernia, Irwin, Havanna, 16
Snow Cleopatra, Monteith, Madeira, 28
Brig Betsey, Lake, Jeremie, 25
Yorick, Moodie, C. N. Mole, 22
Portland, Longnic, St. John's,
New-Brunswick, 10
Sch'r. Nancy, Post, Guadaloupe, 20
Hawk, Webb, Grenada and
St. Thomas's, 20
Joanna, Waters, C. Francois, 19
Nancy, Tone, Petersburg, V. 6
St. Mercury, Pike, Cape Francois, 19
Sincerity, Sullivan, Port de Paix, 21
Dolphin, Cresslan, Pettit-Gaue, 30
Betley, Montgomery, Wilmington,
Delaware.
Ship Ann and Mary, Bagley, N. York 3
Brig Two Brothers Morris, Jacquemel 23
David and George, Cannon N. York 7
Jane Lillibridge, Havannah 9
Sloop Harriot, Navarro, New-York 3
Amelia, Rich, do. 9
Industry, Barnes, do. 7
Nancy, Folk, Charleston 10

PRICE OF STOCKS

6 per Cents 19/10
3 per Cents 11/8
Deferred 14/2
Bank of the United States 40
Pennsylvania 37
North-America 45

KNOX & HENDERSON,

No. 46 North Front Street,
ARE just opening a Handsome Assortment of SPRING GOODS, per the William Penn, from London, which they will dispose of on low terms for Cash, or Short Credit.
May 12. dt.

NEW THEATRE.

Mr. DARLEY's Night.
On Wednesday Evening, May 13, will be presented, a celebrated COMEDY, (never performed here) called,
The Brothers, or the Shipwreck.
To which will be added,
A Musical Farce, never performed here, called
The Quaker, or Benevolent Friend
Tickets may be had of Mr. Darley, No. 34 Arch Street.
Also at Rice's Bookstore, No. 50, and Carey's No. 118, Market Street.
On Friday a Tragedy, never performed here, called the Roman Father, or the Deliverer of his Country, to which will be added a Comedy, never performed here, translated from the French of Beaumarchais, called the Midnight Hour—For the benefit of Mrs. Whilock.
Mr. Chalmers's Night will be on Monday.

JUST RECEIVED,

By the Abigail, Capt. Blunt, from Portsmouth a few barrels
Excellent SALMON.
For Sale by T. MOUNTFORD,
At his Store on Cox's wharf, just above the Drawbridge.
May 11 d

New-Cattle Pier Lottery.

THIRTY-FIFTH Day's Drawing is arrived at the Office, No. 129, Chestnut Street, between Fourth and Fifth Streets.—One ticket of Ten Thousand Dollars drawn that day.
May 12.