

...lutionary government during the war, but proposed that every agent of government who should go beyond its limits, be punished with death.

Merlin of Thionville was against the measures proposed by Dubois-Crance.

Bentahole. A Sans Culottes ought not to believe, that the cry of vive la Convention, is the watch-word of the royalists; for if we permitted such an opinion to gain credit, who should afterwards dare to cry, vive la Convention. I demand that the committee of General Safety make a report on that subject.

Bourdon of Oise. It is below the dignity of the Convention to occupy itself with a handful of intriguers of one or the other party. No great event has ever taken place, but the Aristocrats, whose number is very small, have tried to take advantage of it. Among those who cried, vive la Convention, I remarked the Marseillais, men, who under a pretext of being sick, have quitted the army, though they were in good health. It would indeed be better for them to remain at their post, on the other hand I saw men sunk in crimes the soldiers of Robespierre, who have filled their pockets with the money he squandered away, and dip their hands in the blood he shed. It will be sufficient to hear the report of the committee, and to drive away all those who trouble the peace and tranquillity of Paris.

Merlin, of Douai, announced, that the expected report would be immediately made. He proposed, mean while, an additional decree to the law of the 4th of September. Adopted.

Substance of the Decree.

The citizens who did not reside at Paris before June 19, are ordered to leave the city on the day following the publication of the present decree, to proceed during the first two days at least 20 miles from Paris; to join their respective homes, and to justify of their return, before their municipality, during a delay of two decades for those who are 300 miles or less from the capital and of four decades for those who are at a greater distance from Paris.

The Convention adopted the measures presented by Treillard, in order to crush a few daring rioters at Marseilles.

Merlin (of Thionville) pretended that the measures adopted were not sufficient. The conspirators, he said, do not only threaten the republic at Marseilles, but the popular societies, the communes of all the fourth of France are confederated, and correspond with each other.

A letter of Marseilles informed the Jacobins, that a battalion was necessary for their assistance. It is therefore unquestionable, that there exists a treaty between the society of Marseilles and that of the Jacobins. I demand, that the seal be put on the place of its fittings, and that the members of that society be defended to assemble publicly, before every one of them has proved, that he was at his post during the night of the 27th to the 28th of July, viz. in his section, or among the armed force which defended the National Convention.

This motion, like the oath of Merlin, to conquer or to die at Mayence, died on the air.

The translation of the ashes of Marat took place to-day.

The chariot which carried the remains of Marat, was drawn by 12 horses, four a breast.

The colours of the Republic, carried by the defenders who were wounded in the armies, streamed round the cenotaph.

Musicians were stationed at intervals, and in the centre of the procession appeared the National Convention surrounded by a three-coloured ribbon, which was held by the veterans, formerly the guard of the Convention.

The young warriors of the Camp des Sablons distinguished themselves particularly by their order and martial appearance.

Patriotic hymns were played by the members of the National Academy of Music; and the People, after having assisted at this festival, went to the different theatres, which were opened gratis.

Official Account of the Recapture of Bellegarde.

BELLEGARDE, Sept. 18. Citizens Representatives,

The army of the Eastern Pyrenees has just put the seal on the triumph of the Republic in its own territory, now entirely purged of foreign enemies.—Bellegarde is in our hands. It is the prize of an obstinate and severe blockade, which has forced the garrison to surrender at discretion, by submitting

their fate to the generosity of the French. Bellegarde is intact, and in this state of integrity our frontiers are protected at the expense of the Spanish; this place procures us 60 pieces of Artillery, and 400 quintals of powder.

Salut and Fraternity. (Signed) DUGOMIER, General in Chief.

UNITED STATES.

BOSTON, December 6. OF JACOBINS—A PARALLEL.

The President Of the United States, speaking of the Pittsburg rebellion, says, "The very forbearance of government to press persecutions, was misinterpreted into fear of urging the execution of the laws," and from a belief, that by a more formal concert their operation might be defeated, certain self-created societies assumed the tone of condemnation.

"When in the calm moments of reflection, they shall have retraced the origin and progress of the insurrection, let them (the citizens of America) determine whether it has not been fomented by combinations of men, who have disseminated, from an ignorance or perversion of facts suspicions, jealousies, and accusations on the whole government."

"The security of liberty consists at once, in the force of the people, and in their unity with the government which has merited their confidence."

"No private authority, or clubs, is the people, or ought to act or speak in their name."

"The Convention will not suffer any voices to be heard in the Republic, which speak louder than the National Representation."

PHILADELPHIA, DECEMBER 16.

If personal accomplishments, an amiable character, an improved mind, engaging manners, and agreeable future prospects, could have rescued any one from the grave: Mr. WILLIAM WEED, son of Mrs. MARY WEED of this City, would still have lived!

But as it is appointed for all men once to die; this lovely youth was summoned out of time into Eternity in the 21st year of his age, on the 24th of September last, in the Island of St. Domingo, after ten days illness with the Yellow Fever!

During his confinement every attention was paid to him by a number of the principal inhabitants—but their friendly aid combined with the best medical assistance could not save this deserving stranger!

The mercantile house where he served his apprenticeship and a numerous class of Philadelphians with whom, though young he had contracted an acquaintance, can only judge of the feelings of a bereaved Parent on this melancholy event, who in the Fall of 1793, lost her Husband by the same direful malady.—The tidings of her son's death having been communicated to the Family a few days ago, a sermon suitable to the mournful occasion, was delivered on Lord's Day morning last by the Rev. Dr. William Rogers, from the 119th Psalm and 77th verse.

"It is good for me that I have been afflicted"

"The dear delights we here enjoy, And fondly call our own Are but short favors borrow'd now, To be repaid anon."

By this Day's Mail.

NEW-YORK Dec. 13. Private letters from Amsterdam by the Charlotte, advise that the Burgomasters of some cities in Holland have resigned their offices and decline serving under the present administration. Indeed a total Revolution in Holland was expected—the peace of Amsterdam is kept by loaded cannon only. A revolution there will detach Holland from her alliance with England; so that not only commerce, but the political machine of Europe will be shaken by this event.

RICHMOND, December 8. The "Bill to subject Lands to be Sold for the payment of Debts," which has occupied the attention of the Legislature of this Commonwealth for several days past, was, on Friday last, determined in the negative, with a majority of 16 votes.

Of the CONSTITUTION of VIRGINIA.

Extra from a publication in the Richmond Advertiser.

"The constitution is in every body's hands, it would therefore be idle to repeat it; especially as the ingenious Mr. Jefferson gives the heads of it in his Notes, and as he must know its advantages and imperfections better than a stranger; I will give you only a summary of his observations, with a few additional reflections that have occurred to me, and I beg you will not conclude from a few errors in philosophy or taste, which are objected to that work in Europe, that both the author and his work are not deserving of the utmost confidence.—He at this moment enjoys a place of the highest trust, with the confidence and esteem of his country. I must, however, put you on your guard against one political observation, page 93, Phila. ed. "Civil government is the sole object of forming societies."—The reverse of the proposition is certainly the truth—That civil government is merely a creature of society, founded upon its wants—society itself is coeval with the formation of man.

But to return to his objections to the constitution, all of which appear founded.—They are—

1st. The majority of those who pay and fight for the state, are not represented.

2d. The representation is unequal—Warwick county, which contains only 100 fighting men, has an equal representation with Loudon, containing 1746.

3d. The Senate is too "homogeneous" with the House of Delegates.—This Greek term, he explains, by telling us they are elected by the same persons, from the same subjects.

4th. All the powers of government, legislative, executive and judiciary, result to the same body—so that the public money and public liberty, intended to have been deposited with three branches of magistracy, are found inadvertently to be in the hands of one only; and 173 despots, will, with time, be surely as oppressive as one; let those who doubt it, turn their eyes on the republic of Venice.

5th. The ordinary legislature may alter the constitution itself.

6th. They exercise a power determining their own quorum; they voted that 40 members should be a house to proceed to business; from 40 it may therefore be reduced to 4, and from 4 to one, and thus an oligarchy or monarchy may be substituted under forms supposed legal.

NEW-YORK. From a London Paper.

Since the commencement of the present hostilities—

66 French ships of war have been taken or destroyed, mounting guns, 3194

8 have been taken from us, 216

58 Majority in favor of Britain, 2978 [But how stands the debt and credit of Privateering business? Do your Merchants boast of a balance in their favor?]

The Republicans of France boast of their virtue, and the vices of courts. Let facts decide this point. Under one short administration of a few months, six millions sterling escaped from the French treasury, and not a fous of it was ever accounted for.

By a report of St. Just, made just before his execution, it appears, that one hundred and sixty four millions of livres had been expended in less than a year, in bribing people in Turkey, Genoa, and Switzerland. This report was suppressed, as soon as published; but too late; some copies escaped and told the truth.

The publication of such facts will be ascribed to a disposition unfriendly to France. This is not the fact. We are friendly to France. Another thing—We are friendly to truth; and determined to publish it.

Another thing—The foregoing appropriations of French money for secret service, were made by the Jacobin Committee—not by the Convention.

One fact more. The secret service money of the corrupt British court was two or three millions sterling, the last year—but 164,000,000 livres is about six millions and a half Sterling. Quod Nota.

PATERSON FESTIVAL.

The Scotchmen here, met at Capt. Goodwin's Tavern on Monday the first Dec. to celebrate the anniversary of St. Andrew. They dined together, and after dinner several Toasts were given, and songs sung adapted to the occasion, after which they adjourned to the ballroom, which was decorated with festoons

and wreaths of evergreen, at one end was St. Andrew on the cross, and at the other the Scot's thistle, over which was a liberty cap; and from the middle of the room was suspended a garland of evergreen, as an emblem of liberty. There the bra' lads of Scotia, joined by those from the country, vied with one another who should pay the greatest attention to the fair daughters of America. It is but justice to all present, to say that every thing was conducted with the greatest harmony and propriety.

Mr. Goodwin's attention to please was truly conspicuous, and as such, met the entire approbation of all present.

TOASTS GIVEN.

All our friends in Scotland, may they enjoy the same liberty, harmony and good cheer, as we do.

All our countrymen in America, may they all behave so as none of us need be ashamed of them either at home or abroad.

The Scots thistle, may it wound the hand that would hurt it.

The President of the United States. The Congress of America, may wisdom, justice, liberty and concord, always attend their deliberations.

The land we live in, may God always bless it with a President, who like the present, knows when to arm, whether in the support of liberty, or the overthrow of licentiousness.

All our brethren of mankind, may those who wish for liberty enjoy it, and those who enjoy it, know how to use it.

The Sans Culottes of France, may the robes of all the Emperors, Kings, Princes, and Potentates, now employed in suppressing the flame of liberty, be cut up to make them breeches.

This Day is Published, A N Authentic History OF THE Revolution in Geneva: Price 12 1-2 Cents.

The writer of the above introduces the following highly interesting remark—"Such a detail will be neither void of interest nor utility to your prudent countrymen. May they reflect on it with attention, and learn by the disastrous example of the most democratical state that exists on the continent of Europe, the extreme danger of foreign influence; and above all, how rapid and inevitable it is to transgress the feeble interval which separates the abuse of liberty from its ruin!"

Sold by Thomas Dobson, No. 41, Second Street, John Orinrod, Chestnut Street, by M. Carey, Market Street, and by the Editor hereof. December 11

NEW THEATRE. TO-MORROW EVENING DECEMBER 17.

Will be Presented, A TRAGEDY, called ISABELLA, OR, The Fatal Marriage.

Count Baldwin, Mr. Green Biron, Mr. Whitlock Carlos, Mr. Marshall Villeroy, Mr. Moreton Sampson, Mr. Bates Bedford, Mr. Cleveland Pedro, Mr. Francis Officer, Mr. Warrell

Isabella, Mrs. Whillock Nurse, Mrs. Rowton

With new SCENERY, designed and executed by Mr. Milbourne.

To which will be added, A COMIC OPERA, called ROSINA.

Belville, Mr. Marshall Captain Belville, Mr. Moreton William, Mr. Francis Rustic, Mr. Warrel 1st Irishman, Mr. Green 2d Irishman, Mr. Blisset

Rosina, Mr. Warrell Dorcas, Mrs. Bates Phoebe, Miss Broadhurst

Box one Dollar—Pitt 2 of a Dollar—and Gallery 2 a dollar.

The doors will be opened at 2 after five and the performance begin at 2 a ter six o'clock.

Tickets and places for the Boxes to be taken of Mr. Wells, at the Theatre, from TEN till ONE, and on days of performance from TEN till THREE o'clock.

Ladies and Gentlemen are requested to send their servants to keep places by five o'clock, and order them, as soon as the company are seated, to withdraw, as they cannot on any account be permitted to remain.

No money or tickets to be returned, nor any person on any account whatsoever, admitted behind the scenes. Vivat Republica!

BALTIMORE, Dec. 10

Address of General SMITH, to the officers and soldiers of the Maryland brigade, at the Camp near Pierce's Ferry, when they received orders for their return.

Camp near Pierce's Ferry, Nov. 15. To the officers and soldiers of the Maryland brigade. Fellow-citizens in arms,

It is with pleasure that I congratulate you on the order to return to your own homes, after having performed the most sacred of all duties, that of having contributed to the support of our free and excellent government and its laws:—A duty which you have performed in a most severe and inclement season, and over the most mountainous and rugged part of America, with a fortitude and patience that does honor to yourselves and your country. You have assisted to convince the world that free men and free republics can and will support their constitution and their laws without the aid of a standing army, and that altho' a few may be deluded into errors, by designing and ambitious men, yet that the great body of the people of America are lovers of order, and are ready to risk their lives to prevent anarchy and confusion.

Permit me to acknowledge my personal obligations to you for the order & discipline that have reigned in the ranks and for the able assistance I have received from the infinite attention to their duty that has been so conspicuous among the officers.—It is with the highest satisfaction that I can assert that you have literally obeyed the injunctions of your beloved President; that going to enforce the laws, you have carefully avoided the infraction of any.

You will each of you return to your respective counties with considerable military information, which we will diffuse among our fellow-citizens, and strongly impressed with the necessity of an efficient and well regulated militia. Permit me to add that I shall at all times be happy in hearing of your personal welfare, and to assure you that I am with sincere regard,

Your fellow-citizen, SAMUEL SMITH.

CONGRESS. HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Friday, December 15.

A bill providing a sinking fund—and naturalization bill were read the first time.

The house in committee of the whole took up the report on the petition of Stephen Sayre—progress was reported—and leave obtained to sit again.

The House in Committee proceeded in discussing the Items in the estimates of appropriation—and made further progress.

The Albany Gazette of the 8th instant contains the following extract of a letter from Philadelphia:

"I have to inform you that Mr. Pickney, our Ambassador at the British court, has lately been appointed by the President and Senate, Envoy Extraordinary to the court of Spain: which necessarily, in the present juncture of affairs, leaves Mr. Jay in the virtual station of minister resident. Sir Gilbert Elliot in his speech to the Commons, asserts that his majesty of Great Britain accepts the Crown, because it is given, and not seized upon with violence. When Swift was told that the motto adopted by our third William, on his coming to the crown of Great Britain was Non rapui sed recepi, he sarcastically remarked, that the Receiver was as bad as the Thief!

PORT OF PHILADELPHIA. ARRIVED.

Table with columns: Days, Ship Name, Captain, Origin. Includes Brig Fame, Molly, Schr. Delight, Polly, Sally, Ship Murray, Snow Mercury, Brig Betsey, Sloop Diana, Schoonae Catharina.

A Quantity of BEST James River Tobacco, A few Hds. of Kitefoot Tobacco, Georgia Duro 100 BARRELS

Burlington Pork, TO BE SOLD BY Levi Hollingsworth & Son. Dec. 6