

is state entertain a high sense of the virtue, patriotism and alacrity of the commander in chief, in complying with the requisition of the President of the United States, for calling into service the militia of this state, against the insurgents of the four western counties of Pennsylvania.

Resolved, That the patience and magnanimity with which the officers and privates of the militia of this state who have marched under that requisition, have encountered the fatigues and difficulties of a long and arduous march, at so inclement a season of the year, justify the Legislature in declaring, that they have deserved well of their country; and the Legislature felicitate themselves and their fellow citizens, that so direct and unconstitutional a violation and resistance of the laws of the United States, has been so completely discomfited and defeated.

The above Resolutions were unanimously passed by both Houses of the Legislature.

PHILADELPHIA, DECEMBER 12.

This family [Livingston] affect to have strong attachments to the French republic; why? because they seek popularity by coinciding with the affectionate concerns of America, for the welfare of this gallant and invincible nation. But by their fruits you shall know them. On the recall of Governor Morris, application was made to Chancellor Livingston to go as our minister to France; the office was honorable, the nation the first in rank, and the mission capable of assisting the cause of liberty and of promoting the mutual interest of the two countries. The chancellor refused the office, and Mr. Monroe was appointed.

New-York Daily Adv.

A letter from Paris says, "Mr. Monroe has already taken up the subject of American claims, and the very important one of the present state of commerce between the two countries which has and does continue to derogate from some of the articles of treaty of commerce and amity, subsisting between them. I am in hopes soon of being able to inform you of Mr. Monroe's complete success."

The volunteers who are returned from the late expedition to the westward, are received by their fellow-citizens with the most cordial and respectful attention—what was seen in this city on Wednesday last, is the counterpart of those civil and military demonstrations of gratitude and affection to the patriotic army, which have been exhibited in Baltimore, Virginia and New-Jersey.

By HENRY LEE, Esq. Governor of the Commonwealth of Virginia Major General therein, and Commander in Chief of the Militia Army in the Service of the United States.

APPROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, information hath been given to me that David Lock, of Washington county, Ebenezer Gallagher and Peter Lytle of Allegheny County, charged with the commission of Treason against the United States, have this morning, made their escape from the Fort at the town of Pittsburgh, to which place they had been committed by the civil authority. I do therefore by virtue of the authority vested in me hereby offer a reward of SIX HUNDRED DOLLARS, to be paid to any person or persons who will apprehend the said offenders and deliver them to the Commanding Officer of the said fort, or the keeper of the Gaol at the City of Philadelphia, or the sum of TWO HUNDRED DOLLARS for any one of them who shall be apprehended and delivered as aforesaid.

And I do hereby call upon and require as well all magistrates and other officers of justice, as well all dispossessed citizens desirous of supporting the laws and avoiding a return of the anarchy and confusion in which the Western Counties of Pennsylvania have lately been involved, to use their utmost endeavours to cause the above mentioned Offenders to be brought to justice.

GIVEN under my hand at Head Quarters in Pittsburgh, this 24th day of November, 1794.

HENRY LEE, [L. S.]

By order of the Commander in Chief, James Heard, Aid-de-Camp.

Peter Lytle is about 5 feet 10 inches high, light complexion and light hair about 3 years of age, very talkative had on a blue coat, and white under jacket.

David Lock is stout, square built, 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, light complexion, short sandy hair, flat nose, and large lips, had on a round white hat clothed great coat yellow cufflinks waistcoat and breeches.

Ebenezer Gallagher is 6 feet high fair complexion, light hair, had on a

green coat, a bold, talkative man, born in New-Jersey.

For the Gazette of the United States.

Massa PRINTER,

YOU print a letter in the paper from Gaudupe—berry yell—Miffee Le Roy say he put a neger to death cause he no work—ha Massa! dis he freedom he gain um—pose he neger free—buckara lay go dig—cut cane, get coffee—eat Yam—go naked—hey! what dis?—old times come again—Dis new freedom Massa; kill e, if e no work? Ah Massa, worse an e worse. Free neger work when he no mind to—and kill um too—worse an e old times Massa, great deal. Pray Massa dis he freedom for buckara too in Ole France; kill um if e no fight? Won't do Massa—give e brack e gun, and see if he work for buckara—What Massa, kill e if no work? Neber vill do—dis freedom worder an e eat across e back Massa. Print un, an brige one who member

OLZ TIMES.

By this Day's Mail.

PROVIDENCE, Nov. 29.

Saturday last the workmen at Hope Furnace, in Scituate, began to cast Cannon for the United States. A number of excellent 32 pounders we learn are nearly completed.

PITTSBURGH, Dec. 2, 1794.

Mr. PRINTER,

The following is a true copy of a certificate given me by the Chief Justice of the State of Pennsylvania.

Pennsylvania, ff.

The underwritten Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of the State of Pennsylvania, certifies, that Edward Cook, of the county of Fayette, in the said State of Pennsylvania, Esquire, hath this day before him, personally appeared, and voluntarily entered into a recognition to the United States of America, himself in three thousand dollars, and one good surety for one thousand five hundred dollars, for his personal appearance before the Justices of the Supreme Court of the said United States, at the next special session of the Circuit Court to be helden for the District of Pennsylvania, and then and there answering to such charges of treasonable and seditious practices and such other matters of misdemeanor as shall be alledged against him in behalf of the United States; and that he will not depart that court without licence.

The under written further certifies, that the aforesaid recognition was taken in the presence and with approbation of William Bradford, Esq. attorney General of the said United States.—Done at Philadelphia the fifth of Nov. in the year one thousand seven hundred and ninety four.

(Signed)

THOS. M'KEAN.

To all whom it may concern.

The above is intended to shew that the subscriber holds himself liable to answer any thing that may be alledged against him, notwithstanding the insinuations that may be to the contrary.

EDWARD COOK.

PORT OF PHILADELPHIA.

CLEARED.

Ship Birmingham Packet, Lockyer, East Indies
Snow Alexander, Monk, N. Orleans
Brig Nancy, Belcher, Bourdeaux
Molly, Tremels, St. Kitts
Narfolk, Art, Charlestown
Schr. Dolphin, Doane, Hispaniola
Hazard, Cowell, Boston
Polly and Sally, Baird, Virginia
Lady Washington, Juifice, Do.
Sloop Betsey, Hopkins, Do.

THE City Cavalry will parade tomorrow morning at ten o'clock, at the Middle Ferry, to accompany the remainder of the patriotic Troops, who served on the Western expedition into the city.

December 12.

THE Fifth Sixth Seventh and Ninth companies of the Artillery regiment are requested to meet at Ten o'clock, on Saturday morning at the Arsenal. Dec. 12. JOHN CONNELLY maj.

BATTALION ORDERS.

The Gentlemen of Col. M'Pherson's battalion of blues, are requested to parade in the State-House yard, to-morrow at 10 o'clock A. M. precisely—to accompany their friends, on their return from the Western expedition, into the City,

By order of the Commandant,
Robert Heysham, Adjut.

THE gentlemen belonging to Col. Gurney's regiment now in this city, will be pleased to meet at the Middle Ferry to-morrow at ten o'clock, in order to accompany their Brethren into the City.

December 12, 1794.

NOTICE.

A Special Meeting of the Philadelphia Society for the Information and Assistance of Persons emigrating from Foreign Countries will be held at half past Six o'clock, To-Morrow Evening, the 12th instant, at Sharpless's School Room, in Fromberger's Court.

John Nicholson,
President.

Philadelphia, Dec. 13, 1794.

Any person desirous to contract for the supply of Rations for the Recruits in Philadelphia, Lancaster, Reading, and Carlisle, or either of those places, during the year 1795, are requested to send in their proposals sealed, to my Office, on or before the 26th instant.

The component parts of the Ration are One lb. of Bread or Flour.

One lb. of Beet or 3-4 lb. of Pork,

1-2 gill Rum, Brandy or Whiskey

One quart Salt

Two quarts Vinegar

Two lb. Soap

One lb. Candles

For Rations

Tench Francis, Agent.

Dec. 12

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NEW THEATRE.

THIS EVENING,

DECEMBER 12,

Will be Presented,

A TRAGEDY, called

Romeo & Juliet.

ROMEO, Mr. Moreton
ESCALUS, Mr. Warrell
PARIS, Mr. Marshall
MONTAGUE, Mr. Morris
CAPULET, Mr. Green
MERCUTIO, Mr. Wiggett
BENVOLIO, Mr. Cleveland
TIBALT, Mr. Harwood
FRIAR LAURENCE, Mr. Whitlock
BALTAZAR, Mr. Darley jun.
APOTHECARY, Mr. Francis
PETER, Mr. Bliffett
PAGE, Master T. Warrell

JULIET, Mrs. Marshall
LADY CAPULET, Mrs. Rowson
NURSE, Mrs. Shaw

In Act 1, a MASQUERADE, with a DANCE by the characters.

In Act 5, the TUNERAL PROCESSION and SOLEMN DIRGE. The vocal parts by Misses. Marshall, Darley, jun. J. Warrell, T. Warrell, Mrs. Oldmixon, Mrs. Warrell, Miss Broadhurst, Mrs. Bates, Mrs. Cleveland, Miss Rowson, Mrs. De Marque, &c.

To which will be added,

A FARCE, in two acts, called

The Sultan;

Or, A

Peep into the Seraglio.

SOLIMAN, Mr. Moreton
OSMYN, Mr. Harwood
ELMIRA, Mrs. Francis
ISMENE, Miss Broadhurst
ROXALANA, Mrs. Oldmixon

Box one Dollar—Pitt 4 of a Dollar—and Gallery 4 of a dollar.

The doors will be opened at a quarter after five

and the performance begin at a quarter after six o'clock.

Tickets and places for the Boxes to be taken of Mr. Weller, at the Theatre, from ten till one, and on days of performance from ten till THREE o'clock.

Ladies and Gentlemen are requested to send their servants to keep places by five o'clock, and order them, as soon as the company are seated, to withdraw, as they cannot on any account be permitted to remain.

No money or tickets to be returned, nor any person on any account whatsoever, admitted behind the scenes.

Vivat Republica!

Parry & Musgrave,
Goldsmiths, Jewellers and
Hair-Workers.

No. 42, south Second Street,

Have received by the Pigou from London

an ASSORTMENT OF

Plated japanned ware

Jewellery & Cutlery, viz.

Plated and japanned Tea Urns

Plated and japanned Patent Lamps

Caskets and Liquor Flasks

Bread and Fruit Baskets

Japan'd Tea Trays

Plated coffee and Tea Pots and caddies

Ditto Candlesticks

A variety of elegant and most fashionable

Ear rings.

Enamell'd and other Bracelets, B.

ells, and Finger Rings

Thimbles, enamel'd and other kinds

Ladies and gentlemen's gold, gilt, and

feel Watch chains

Gold and gilt Seals and Keys

Stone and fine steel Knee Buckles, Pen-

Knives and cutlasses, with

Variety of other Articles,

in the above Branches.

Dec. 6

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From a Correspondent.

BRUSSELS, Sept. 13.

The park of this town, which is a most agreeable and salubrious promenade, has been for some time abandoned, on account of the fetid exhalations arising from various masses of filth and dirt, and which render access to it quite impracticable.

The severe discipline established by the military, in obedience to the order of the commander in chief, and the wise regulations issued for the repairing and preserving of this spacious walk, has restored it to its former brilliancy, and is now as much frequented as ever. Three days ago, in particular, an immense crowd of people were attracted by the appearance of a balloon.

There is in the army of the Sambre and Meuse, a military aerostatic company, entrusted with the management of this machine.

The principal parts direct its filling and ascension.

The balloon is composed of yellow taffeta gummed, and covered with a net work of strong thread, to which are attached cords to fix it to the earth, when about to be filled, and to sustain the gondola, in which the aerial voyagers sit, with all the instruments necessary to determine the height of the balloon in the atmosphere, and to discover the different temperatures they may experience, and which is effected by the aid of a barometer and thermometer, and mathematical calculations.

The form of the aerostatic machine is not spherical as those of Mongolfier, Blanchard, Pilatre, and Rozier. Its figure is oval or elliptic, 29 feet in length and 19 in diameter, and consequently 57 in circumference.

The directors of this balloon employ also a new process to fill it. If they followed the plan adopted by Mongolfier, at Paris on the 27th of August 1783, in filling it with inflammable air, drawn from iron, they would want more than 1500 pounds weight of steel filings and more than 747 pounds of vitriolic acid, which would render the operation very expensive.

Besides this amalgam of iron and vitriol, produces gas so violently hot, that it injures the taffeta and the gum, and explodes the whole machine to the danger of being burnt. The new mode remedies this inconvenience, renders the gas less expensive, and affords travellers a facility of returning to the place whence they set out, as soon as they have made the necessary discovery by the assistance of a telescope.

The great aerostatic balloon, and the small ones, which serve to fill it, and to repair any damage which it may sustain in its ascension by irreparable holes, and the seams in the taffeta, are sent to the siege of Maestricht.

BROOKFIELD, (Mass.) Dec. 2.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in Philadelphia, to his friend in this town, dated Nov. 22, 1794.

"I enclose to you a copy of the President's speech to both houses of Congress on Wednesday last.—The interesting details and patriotic sentiments it contains, will be pleasing to you. I wish the Jacobin clubs and self-created societies who, under various names, have been so busy in sowing dissension, uneasiness and discord, may read and profit by it. The rising prosperity of our country, resulting from existing circumstances, cannot fail to inspire the most pleasing emotions.

"Prudence, firmness and an honest adherence to the principles of neutrality will place this country in a state of respectability surpassing that of any other nation on earth.—I am solicitous that the citizens of the United States should individually learn to consider themselves as Americans.—Detached by nature from other parts of the civilized world, our interests are distinct and ought not to be involved with any other nation whatever.