

should be driven into the jaws of some devouring despot, and leave the soil of America to be cultivated by a more deserving people. The Freeman of New-Jersey, roused by such an outrageous attempt to trample on the law of the land, and desirous of supporting that freedom and independence they acquired by their blood in the late revolution, come forward, with their avowed military zeal, in the line of their duty, to accompany your Excellency on the present expedition; and flatter themselves, that the former military fame of New-Jersey will not be tarnished in their lawful exertions to suppress rebellion.

By unanimous desire of the officers of the Infantry and Artillery composing the Jersey Brigade,  
**JOSEPH BLOOMFIELD, Brig. Gen. Camp, Trenton, Sept. 16, 1794.**

#### ANSWER

To the ADDRESS of Brigadier-General BLOOMFIELD and the Infantry and Artillery of Jersey.

Gentlemen and Brother Soldiers,

THE address of your respectable corps calls for my full assent to the painful truths it contains.

At a moment the most important to the Union, when collected in our own internal unanimity, we were viewed with envy by conflicting powers, and even rapine, overawed by firmness, began to listen to our claims; discord and folly began their mad career. Deluded men unconscious of the boon that Heaven accords, with paricidal hands would plunge a dagger into the bosom of their country; but ours is the glorious task to interpose a shield. Though painful the task, yet it is ours, my fellow-soldiers, united in one common purpose, to drive home confusion to their hearts, who, with polluted hands, profane the best of constitutions; but let us hope that returning reason will heal the breach, and their complete submission slacken the arm of vengeance! I consider myself as fortunate to be at this time called to the command, and feel the nearest interest in your military reputation: but I was conscious that you knew, and dare defend your rights; and therefore looked for these exertions. Accept, gentlemen, my warmest acknowledgments for this honor, and be assured that with your co-operation, of which I have the liveliest certainty, I despair not to keep unfulfilled our military reputation.

**RD. HOWELL,**

Commander in Chief of the Jersey Militia.

September 16, 1794.

#### ORDER OF PROCESSION.

1. The Officer of the Day, and the Adjutant-General of the Cavalry.
2. The Commander in Chief of the Cavalry and his suite.
3. Four Standards, supported by their proper Officers.
4. The Officers of the Cavalry and Officers of the Staff-Department in double files.
5. Guard—All with drawn swords.

#### PHILADELPHIA,

SEPTEMBER 20.

Yesterday at 11 o'clock the Governor of this State, marched from Town, with the three Troops of Horse, commanded by Captains Dunlap, Singer, and McConnell, the company of Infantry commanded by Captain Scott, and the Artillery by Major Fisher, and Captain Thompson, with 15 Field pieces, 6 and 3 pounders. The troops encamped at the Falls of Schuylkill in the afternoon, except the Cavalry, who proceeded as far as Norristown.

Extract of a letter from General Wilkins, dated Pittsburg, September 12.

"This instant there are recent accounts from Le Boeuf and Fort Franklin—they are almost certain, of a war with the Six Nation of Indians. Every one represents the conduct of the individuals of them as uncommonly insolent and arrogant. It is said by the man who came from Fort Franklin, that there are twelve or fifteen Indians from Sandulky, lying in the neighborhood of that place, under the pretence of being peaceable, but supposed to be waiting the result of the treaty, to commence hostilities, and to influence others to join them. Should they go to war, preparations ought to be made to support the garrison at Le Boeuf.

Extract of a letter from Captain Denny, commanding at Fort Le Boeuf, dated September 4.

"On the 10th ult. one of the inhabitants of Cuslawago was fired on by a party of Indians within 150 perches of the house, and received three wounds, but escaped, and is likely to recover. I was informed of it the day following, and received a pressing requisition for

assistance. To prevent the settlement breaking up, I sent a party of twelve men, including a non-commissioned officer, with orders to afford all the assistance and protection they could."

Extract of a letter from Pittsburgh, dated September the 12th.

"The present disturbances in this country have a good deal subsided, but are yet far from having lost their original spirit. Yesterday the people of the different counties were to meet in districts and townships, to sign the submission to the laws—at this district it was conducted and ended with great moderation: the people almost all signed the submission; but in the other districts of this county, I am afraid, it has not terminated so favorably. In one district, the two parties, one for peace, the other for war, separated, when the war party appeared the most numerous, and the peace party were intimidated from signing. Almost all the leaders in exciting the present disturbances are now for peace and submission to the laws, but they have no longer influence when they become peaceable citizens, which establishes a melancholy truth, that men can raise an insurrection when they cannot conduct it."

Carlisle, 15th Sept. 1794.

Sir,

In the night of the eighth instant a pole was erected in the public square of this town with Liberty and No Excise, O Whiskey, inscribed thereon. On the morning following a few of the friends to good government, met and cut it down, which caused a great agitation. And runners were dispatched in every district to inflame the minds of the country people, and persuade them to assist in putting up a second pole.

On Thursday in the afternoon a number, perhaps two hundred, of the people from the country, came in, some with fire arms, and erected a much larger pole, with Liberty and Equality thereon: very few men of property appeared among them. Our treasurer was a very busy body in this business, making use of all his small abilities to encrease the flame, and threw out money to the insurgents to procure whiskey: he is now at Philadelphia, and I have no doubt will pretend to be in favour of government.

The people who appeared on Thursday seemed to shun the conversation of any person who they thought was opposed to their proceeding, and it was thought advisable to say but little to them, as we could not tell how far the inflammation had spread through the country. A guard has patrolled the streets every night since, to take care of the pole, or to prevent the peaceable inhabitants from sleeping by the firing of guns, and other noise which has been hard to bear, and persons in pursuit of their business have been stopped at the point of the bayonet and money extorted from them to procure Whiskey. On Thursday evening as Col. Blaine was conducting his sister Mrs. Lyon out of town, three of those desperadoes fired their guns at him—and pursued him two miles, firing several shots at him as they ran.

Happily no injury was done, except the lady being very much frightened: several farmers who have expressed their abhorrence of their proceedings have been threatened with destruction of property.

Perhaps the government may from the accounts it may receive of the situation of this country think proper to order out a detachment of troops now in readiness, to take post at this place: it might have a good tendency in spurring up the young people, to turn out as volunteers: every artifice has been used to prevent the militia of this country from turning out on this service, and even threats have been thrown out against those who shew an inclination to go.

Died on the 7th inst. at Chesterfield, N. Jersey, Mrs. Isabella Searle, wife of Jas. Searle, Esq. in the 29th year of her age. She was a most amiable woman, and her death is much lamented by all who had the pleasure of her acquaintance.

#### By this Day's Mail.

BALIFAX, (N. S.) September 6.

Last evening arrived here from New-Brunswick the Letter of Marque Ship Caladonia, with masts, &c. for his Majesty's Navy-Yard.

An American ship is now lying at the Beach, said to be in distress.

The following vessels, being part of the 14 sail of the Concord's Convoy, taken by Admiral Murray's Squadron, have been adjudicated upon by the Hon. Richard Bulkely, judge of his Majesty's Court of Admiralty for this Province, viz.

Snowy Camilla—Vessel and Cargo condemned as French property.

Armed Ship Republican—Vessel and Cargo condemned as French property.

Ship Success—Cargo condemned as the property of the Republic of France—the ship being originally the British Ship Flora, captured by the French, was ordered to be restored to her original owners, they paying a salvage of one Eighth to the Captors.

Ship Atlas—Cargo condemned as the property of the French Republic—the ship restored to the Claimants, who must seek their Freight of the persons that chartered them.

Schooner Amazon, Ship Mary, brig Commerce, brig Susannah, Ship Anonac, and Snow Polly—all of whose Cargoes condemned, but vessels restored in the same manner as the Atlas.

Brig Maria—Vessel and Cargo condemned.

The cases of the Marciano, George Washington, and Prelude, standing on different grounds, still remain for separate adjudication.

#### NORFOLK, Sept. 11.

On Thursday last, the 4th inst. the schooner Rover, commanded by Benjamin Forester, with several men, viz. James Roberts, William Greer, Thomas M. Pleasants, and William Edwards, sailed from this port for Baltimore, wind, W. S. W. about 8 P. M. the wind suddenly freshed up and became very cloudy, rained, thundered and lightened: On a sudden they found the vessel sinking, and so quick that it was with the greatest difficulty they could get the boat out, which they at length effected, but the suction of the vessel was so great that they had much ado to keep the boat from going down—Most of the men were almost naked. She was about ten or fifteen miles from Wind Mill Point, when the sun, which place the crew reached at 3 A. M. It is supposed she was struck by lightning somewhere forward, as she sunk immediately after a very heavy clap of thunder, and went down head foremost.

#### GEORGE-TOWN, Sept. 16.

On Sunday morning last, in consequence of orders received in this town about 11 o'clock, from the governor of this state, by 3 o'clock in the afternoon 100 volunteer militia, infantry and cavalry, marched for Frederick-Town; and proceeded that evening 16 miles on their route where they encamped two hours and then resumed their march. On Monday morning they were followed by 60 volunteers from the Federal City, and Capt. Hughes's whole company from the neighborhood of George-Town.

Facts speak for themselves, and in this instance need no embellishment.

#### BALTIMORE, Sept. 18.

AUTHENTIC.

An express, who left Frederick on Tuesday morning, at 7 o'clock, brings the following account: That Colonel—, with 20 gentlemen on horse-back, had just come in from Hager's town with an account, that the deluded people of Allegany and Washington were embodying, and might be expected that or the next day; that there were 500 good men at Frederick, well armed, in high spirits, and desirous that the insurgents would make the attempt on the arms; that they were under no alarm; the Baltimore horse were met within a few miles of Frederick; the first detachment of foot would be at New-Market on Tuesday evening; the second detachment were apprised of the alarm, and were marching on rapidly; and that the militia were collecting from all quarters to Frederick.

#### MARTINSBURG, September 15, 1794.

His Excellency Governor LEE of this State is appointed to the chief command of the intended expedition against the opposers of the excise laws in the counties of Westmoreland, Washington, Fayette and Alleghany.

#### WARSAW, June 20.

Capitulation granted to the Inhabitants of Cracow.

Art. 1. The Prussian troops shall immediately occupy the city and castle of Cracow, as well as the entrenchments before the suburbs.

2. All the officers of the Etat Major, and the subalterns of the regular troops shall enjoy the peaceable possession of their fortunes, and be permitted to repair to their estates, on condition of not serving against the Prussians or Russians, during the space of one year.

3. All the irregular troops shall be dismissed, and hanged, if ever found carrying arms against Prussia or Russia.

4. The sick and wounded shall be provided with medicines at the expence of the city.

5. All the magazines, &c. &c. shall be delivered up to the commissioners, to be hereafter named.

6. The magistracy, burghers, and clergy, who had no share in the insur-

rection, are hereby guaranteed in the possession of their liberty and estates.

7. All the ammunition, money, &c. amassed in convents, &c. shall be delivered up to the above commissaries.

8. All writings relative to the Revolution, arms, powder, and ball, shall be delivered up, under the penalty of confiscation of honor and life.

9. A duplication of this capitulation shall be made out, and signed by the contracting parties.

Given at Cracow, June 15, 1794.

#### LONDON, July 24.

Private letters from Naples mention, that upwards of 18,000 persons lost their lives by the late eruption of Mount Vesuvius.

Sir Henry Clinton; K. B. has been appointed Governor-General and Commander in Chief of the forts and garrisons of Gibraltar.

Yesterday a patent was made out at the Secretary of State's-Office, creating Earl Howe a Marquis of Great Britain.

In the sitting of the 17th of June, Barrere caused a decree to pass, which enacted the emission of Fourteen Hundred Millions of assignats. Operations, like this, must no doubt be often repeated; when for the extraordinary expences of one single month more than 230 millions are to be taken out of the chest with three keys, and delivered into the National Treasury. This is nearly the sum, which in the sitting of the 15th was determined upon to make good the payments made by the National Treasury in the present month.

Extract of a letter from the Hague, dated July 18.

I am sorry to have to inform you that Gen. Clairfayt, with his handful of brave fellows, who have always fought most courageously against a constant superiority of numbers, has been severely beaten at Montagne de Fer; and according to some accounts, has lost half his troops, the whole of which amounted only to 15,000 men.

The Marquis Cornwallis, the Marquis of Hertford, and the Hon. Mr. Bruce are all arrived in England. The object of their mission being at an end by the complete disjunction of our Allies, they have returned: and thus at least the expence of commissioners is saved.

It is no longer a secret that the Emperor has given up the object of the war. These noble commissioners did every thing in their power to detain him; but in vain. He declared the object to be unattainable by all the force of Europe; and said, that while in compliance with the obliquity of the English Court, he was pursuing this crusade, the dearest objects of his own true policy were going to wreck; his rivals were aggrandizing themselves; he was exhausting his treasures, and wasting his people in vain; and his armies by the very contest were catching the flame of that liberty which it was their object to stifle.

His farewell address to his own subjects in Brabant was, short, but expressive "Fous voulez les Francois, et vous les avez."—You desire to have the French, and you shall have them.

The death of Prince Kaunitz at Vienna was announced at Brussels, on the 4th inst. He has had the principal influence in the Imperial Cabinet since the reign of Maria Theresa. He had been incapable of business for several months before his decease; and as the war with France was a measure of his the apparent abandonment of it by the Emperor must be owing to the advice of Kaunitz having ceased to operate.

By the Emperor's withdrawing himself from the war, he throws difficulties upon England, from which we cannot easily extricate ourselves—Holland must be defended, and to defend it securely we must purchase peace by restoring the West-India islands, and sitting down with the shame of having been made the dupes of the despots of Europe, with the loss of at least thirty millions of money, and 50,000 men.

#### PHILADELPHIA, SEPT. 19.

There is an account in Town of the Insurgents having made an attack on Fort Pitt—the citizens of Pittsburgh having joined the Garrison which consists of about 200 men, the Insurgents were beat off with loss, some being killed and a number taken prisoners.

The General Advertiser of this morning says, "That it is not a fact that the house in Carlisle at which the Commissioners put up was surrounded with an intention of taking them, and that he is enabled to contradict that account upon the very best authority." A person lately from that place assures us that this statement is accurate and correct, for the house is so situated that it could not be readily surrounded.—But that same authority if it was so very good

could have informed Mr. Bache, that the body of armed men did come into town—and for what purpose was evidenced by their conduct; for when they understood that the gentlemen were gone, they made an obsequy of the Chief Justice, which they obliged to kiss the pole they had erected, and then burnt it. The paragraph is also very correct in stating that they had no intention of taking the Commissioners—their intention being to punish them as Judges and not as Commissioners!!!

#### PORT OF PHILADELPHIA.

ARRIVED.

Schooner Friendship, Miller, Madeira 35 Arrived at the Fort Schooner industry, Hylander, from the Havana.

Captain Miller confirms the account of the capture and sinking of four Algerine cruizers by a British frigate—but says the affair happened within the Straits—and that none of the Algerines can get out.

Capt. Gardner from St. Croix, informs that on Sunday last he was boarded off the Capes by a French 44 gun frigate called Le Cais, 70 days from Brest—bound for the Delaware.

#### Old American Company.

THEATRE—CEDAR STREET.

Will open MONDAY, Sept. 21.

(For a few weeks only) with an occasional Prelude, called the

Old and New Houses.

The characters by Messrs. Hodgkinson, King, R. an, Martin, Mrs. Miller, &c.

After which will be presented,

The TRAGEDY of the

Grecian Daughter.

Previous to the Tragedy the band will play a new Federal Overture, in which is introduced several popular airs: Marcellus hymn, Ca ira, O dear what can the matter be, Rose Tree, Carmagnole, President's March, Yankee doodle &c. Composed by Mr. Carr.

To which will be added the musical

FARCE of

The ROMP.

The doors will be opened at half after six, and the curtain drawn up precisely at half past seven o'clock.

Messrs. HALLAM & HODGKINSON respectfully acquaint the Citizens in general, that every experience has been cheerfully pursued, that might tend to make the Old American Company, worthy a share of their patronage, during the short stay the nature of their engagements will permit them to make here.

Places in the Boxes may be had at the Box Office, from ten to one every day (Sundays excepted) and on days of performance from three to five P. M. where also tickets may be had, and at Mr. Bradford's book-store, No. 8, fourth Front Street, and at Mr. Carr's music-store.

BOX, one Dollar—PIT, three quarters—GALLERY, half a dollar.

#### NOTICE.

New Castle Pier Lottery

Tickets—Registered.

A REGISTER BOOK is kept at Mr. Boffee's, No. 75, north Water-street, where Tickets are registered at 1-4 of a dollar a single ticket, and notice will be sent by letter (if fortunate or unfortunate) to any part of the Continent.

ALSO

TICKETS

In the City of

Washington Lottery, No. 2,

(Which will commence drawing very soon)

Registered, and the earliest account sent of their fate per letter.

Sept. 19

d

Philadelphia, 19th Sept, 1794.

General orders.

As a number of drafts are directed to A join Colonel Gurney's Regiment, the Governor finds it expedient to postpone the march, directed for to-morrow morning, till 8 o'clock on Monday morning next, at which time (and not before) the Light Infantry Corps, the Grenadiers, the baggage of Infantry, Grenadiers, and the Battalion, encamped at Peters's Farm, will march from that place by the middle ferry bridge to the Ridge Road, and thence by Norristown, Reading and Harf-burgh, to Carlisle.

It is the Governor's orders that the adjutant-general take immediate measures, in concert with the Commanding Officers of the respective Corps, to organize the different Companies, Battalions, and Regiments of the quota of the city and county of Philadelphia, levying the same according to the proper proportion of officers and men.

(Signed) JOSIAH HARMER, Adj. Gen. of Militia of Pennsylvania.

Choice St. Croix Sugar,

JUST IMPORTED,

And for Sale,

By JAMES YARD.

Also a quantity of RUSSIA Mats. June 24th.