

Fine Liverpool Salt,
To Be Sold
From the Ship THOMAS,
The second wharf below Pine-Street, ap-
ply at said wharf, 40
Jehu Hollingsworth, & Co.
Aug. 26.

The Ground Plan OF THE City and Suburbs OF PHILADELPHIA.

TAKEN FROM ACTUAL SURVEY.
It is with pleasure that the publisher has
to inform his subscribers and the public in
general, that the plate is now under the
hands of the engraver, and in greater for-
wardness than was at first contemplated. At
the same time he begs leave to remind
them, that subscription papers are still o-
pen at most of the noted book-stores in the
city; and that he hopes from the whole
of them to be enabled to form such a re-
spectable catalogue of names, as will do a
credit to the work, as well as afford a
reasonable encouragement to the under-
taker.

Those who are desirous of further infor-
mation are requested to call on
Benjamin Davies,
No. 68, Market Street.

April 14.

m&ctf

Scheme of a Lottery,
To raise 39,980 Dollars, on 266,000
Dollars, deducting 15 per Cent. from
the Prizes—this Lottery consists of
38,000 Tickets, in which there are
14,539 Prizes and 23,461 Blanks,
being about one and an half Blanks to
a Prize.

THE Directors of the Society for establish-
ing Useful Manufactures, having resolv-
ed to raise LOTTERIES for raising ONE
HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS, agreeably
to an Act of the Legislature of the State of
New-Jersey, have appointed the following
persons to superintend and direct the draw-
ing of the same, viz. Nicholas Low, Rufus
King, Herman Le Roy, James Watson,
Richard Harrison, Abijah Hammond, and
Cornelius Roy, of the city of New-York—
Thomas Willing, Joseph Ball, Matthew Mc-
Connell and Andrew Bayard, of the city of
Philadelphia—His Excellency Richard How-
ell, Esq. Elias Boudinot, General Elias Day-
ton, James Parker, John Bayard, Doctor
Lewis Donham, Samuel W. Stockton, Joshua
M. Wallace, Joseph Bloomfield, and Eliza
Boudinot, of New-Jersey, who offer the
following Scheme of a Lottery, and pledge
themselves to the public, that they will take
every assurance and precaution in their power
to have the Monies paid by the Managers,
from time to time, as received, into the
Banks at New-York and Philadelphia, to
remain for the purpose of paying Prizes,
which shall be immediately discharged by a
check upon one of the Banks.

S C H E M E :

Prize of 20,000 Dollars is 20,000	
1	10,000
2	5,000
5	2,000
10	1,000
20	500
100	100
300	30
1000	20
5000	15
30000	10
81000	10

14,539 Prizes. 262,900
23,461 Blanks. First drawn number, 2,000
Last drawn number, 2,000

38,000 Tickets at 7 Dollars each is 266,000
The drawing will commence, under the
inspection of a Committee of the Superin-
tendants, as soon as the Tickets are sold, of
which timely notice will be given.

The Superintendents have appointed John
N. Cunningham, of Newark, Jacob R. Har-
denberg, of New-Brunswick, and Jonathan
Rhea, of Trenton, as immediate Managers
thereof, who have given ample security for
discharging the trust reposed in them.

In order to secure the punctual pay-
ment of the Prizes, the Superintendents of
the Lottery have directed that the Managers
shall each enter into bonds in 40,000 dollars,
with four sufficient securities, to perform their
inductions, the substance of which is

I. That whenever either of the Managers
shall receive the sum of Three Hundred Dol-
lars, he shall immediately place the same in
one of the Banks of New-York or Philadel-
phia, to the credit of the Governor of the
Society, and such of the Superintendents as
live in the city where the monies are placed,
to remain there until the Lottery is drawn,
for the payment of the Prizes.

II. The Managers to take sufficient se-
curity for any Tickets they may trust, other-
wise to be responsible for them.

III. To keep regular books of Tickets
sold, Monies received and paid into the
Bank, abstracts of which shall be sent,
monthly, to the Governor of the Society.

Pateron, January 1, 1794.
On application to either of the above gen-
tlemen, information will be given where
tickets may be had.

February 24.

tu&tf

The Lottery published by the
Society for establishing useful manufac-
tures, will commence drawing the first
Tuesday in November next—

WANTED,
An Apprentice
To the
Watch Making and
Repairing Business,
A P P L Y T O
C. Campbell.

No. 3, south Fourth Street, two doors
from Market-Street.

awtf

Treasury Department,
Revenue Office, Aug. 20, 1794.

Notice is hereby given, that PROPOSALS

Will be received at the Office of the Com-
missioner of the Revenue until the expi-
ration of the first day of October next, for
the supply of all Rations, which may be
required for the use of the United States, from
the first day of January to the thirty-first day
of December 1795, including both days, at
the places, and within the districts hereinafter
mentioned, viz.

1. At any place or places between York
and Carlisle, in the State of Pennsylvania, and
Pittsburgh, and at Pittsburgh, York, and
Carlisle.
2. At any place or places from Pittsburgh
to the mouth of Big Beaver Creek, and at the
mouth of Big Beaver Creek.
3. At any place or places from the said
mouth to the upper falls of the said Big
Beaver, and at the upper falls.
4. At any place or places from the said up-
per falls to Mahoning, and at Mahoning.
5. At any place or places from the said
Mahoning, over to the Head Navigation of
the river Cayahoga, and at the said Head
Navigation.
6. At any place or places from the said
Head Navigation to the mouth of the said
river Cayahoga, and at the said mouth.
7. At any place or places between the
mouth of the Big Beaver Creek, to the mouth
of the river Muskingum, and up the said river
to the Tuscarawas, and at the Tuscarawas,
and thence over to the Cayahoga river, and
thence down the said river to its mouth.
8. At any place or places between the
mouth of the river Muskingum and the mouth
of the Scioto river, and at the mouth of the
said river Scioto.
9. At any place or places between the
mouth of Scioto river and the mouth of the
Great Miami, at the mouth of the Great Mi-
ami, and from thence to the Rapids on the
falls of the Ohio, and at the said Rapids.
10. At any place or places between the
mouth of the Great Miami, upon the said
Miami, to and at Pique Town.
11. At any place or places from Fort Wash-
ington to Fort Hamilton, and at Fort Hamil-
ton. At any place or places from Fort Wa-
shington to Fort St. Clair, and at Fort St. Clair.
12. At any place or places from Fort St.
Clair to Fort Jefferson, and at Fort Jefferson.
13. At any place or places from Fort Jeffer-
son to Fort Recovery the field of action of
the 4th of November 1791, and at the
said field of action.
14. At any place or places from the said
field of action to the Miami Villages, and
at the Miami Villages.
15. At any place or places from the said
Miami Villages to the falls of the Miami
river, which flow into Lake Erie, and at
the said falls, and from thence, to its mouth,
and at its mouth.
16. At any place or places from the mouth
of the said Miami river of Lake Erie to San-
dusky Lake, and at Sandusky Lake.
17. At any place or places from the said
Sandusky Lake, to the mouth of the river
Cayahoga.
18. At any place or places from the mouth
of the said river Cayahoga to Presque Isle,
and at Presque Isle.
19. At any place or places from the Presque
Isle to the stream running into Lake Erie
from towards the Jadaghuque Lake, and thence
over to and at the said Jadaghuque Lake, and
thence down the Alleghany river to Fort
Franklin.
20. At any place or places from Presque
Isle to Le Boeuf, and at Le Boeuf.
21. At any place or places from Le Boeuf
to Fort Franklin, and at Fort Franklin, and
from thence to Pittsburgh.
22. At any place or places from the Rapids
of the Ohio to the mouth of the Ouabache
river, & from the mouth of the said Ouabache
river to the mouth of the river Ohio.
23. At any place or places on the East side
of the river Mississippi, from the mouth of
the Ohio river, to the mouth of the Illinois
river.
24. At any place or places from the mouth
of the said Ouabache river up to Fort Knox,
and at Fort Knox.
25. At any place or places from Fort Knox
up the said Ouabache to Ouitanon, and at
Ouitanon.
26. At any place or places from Ouitanon,
up the said Ouabache to the head navigation
of a branch thereof, called Little River, and
at the said head navigation of Little River.
27. At any place or places from the said
head navigation of Little River over to the
Miami Village.
28. At any place or places from the mouth
of the river Tawatee to Occhappoor Bear
Creek, on the said river, including the same.
29. At any place or places from the mouth
of the river Cumberland to Nashville, on the
said river, and at Nashville.
30. And at any place or places within
thirty miles of said Nashville to the South-
ward, Westward or Northward thereof.

Should any rations be required at any
places, or within other districts, not specified
in these proposals, the price of the same is to
be hereafter agreed on between the United States
and the contractor.

The rations to be supplied are to consist of
the following articles, viz.

- One pound of bread or flour,
One pound of beef, or 3/4 of a pound of pork,
One quart of salt,
Two quarts of vinegar, } per 100 rations.
Two pounds of soap,
One pound of candles,

The rations are to be furnished in such
quantities, as that there shall at all times,
during the said term, be sufficient for the
consumption of the troops at each of the
said posts, for the term of at least three
months in advance, in good and wholesome
provisions, if the same shall be required.

It is to be understood in each case, that
all losses sustained by the depositions of the
United States, shall be paid for at the prices
of the articles captured or destroyed, on the
depositions of two or more persons
of creditable characters, and the certificate
of a commissioned officer, ascertaining the
circumstances of the loss, and the amount
of the articles for which compensation shall
be claimed.

The contract for the above supplies will
be made either for one year, or for two
years, as may appear eligible. Persons
disposed to contract will therefore confine

their offers to one year, as they may form
their propositions as to admit an election
of the term of two years.

The offers may comprise all the places
which have been specified, or a part of
them only.

It is also Desired,

that proposals may be offered for supplying
at the two posts of Fort Washington and
Pittsburgh all the rations necessary for the
main Army, its detachments and the Gar-
risons above mentioned during the said year
1795. The provisions &c. which will be
received at Pittsburgh will be those which
shall be necessary for the troops at that
place and at the posts north, north-west
and, in the vicinity, on the west thereof.
The provisions which will be received at
Fort Washington will be those which
shall be required for the remainder of the
posts, for the principal detachments and for
the main Army. The expense and trouble
of safe keeping unpacking and lifting the
provisions deliverable under this second
form of the propositions, will be saved to
the Contractors. The exact proportion of
the whole supplies, which will be required
at each of the two posts of Fort Washing-
ton and Pittsburgh will be determined at
the time of executing the contract.

Aug. 21

lawrO

Twenty Dollars Reward.

MY Saddle Mare was stolen from Wy-
Mill, Talbot County, Maryland, on the
night of the 30th of August last. She is
black, and supposed to be ten or twelve
years old, under four teen hands high, com-
pact and handsome, branded with the let-
ter O, on the left shoulder, a hindmost
star on her forehead, a large full eye, the
neck crest fallen, a flat buttock, her fore
feet turns in, and one of them white; the
racks, trots and canthers, has good spirits,
and goes very pleasantly. If taken up out
of the state, I will give the above reward
of twenty dollars and all reasonable charges,
if within the state and thirty miles
from Wy Mill, eight dollars and reason-
able charges, and if a shorter distance in
proportion, to any person who will deliver
her to the Subscriber at the mill.

Nat. Kennard.

Wye Mill, Talbot County, Sept. 2

*eodgw

TO BE SOLD BY
THOMAS DOBSON,
Principles and Observations

APPLIED TO THE
MANUFACTURE AND INSPECTION
OF

Pot and Pearl Ashes.

By DAVID TOWNSEND,

Inspector of Pot and Pearl-Ashes for the
Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

Published according to Act of Congress.
These observations relate to an extensive
business; and are designed, in the plainest
manner, to convey profitable information
to those interested in it, who have not leisure
or opportunity to search for the principles
therein contained, in the writings of
professional Chemists.

Aug. 2

Whereas an attach-
ment at the suit of the administrators of all
and singular the goods and chattels, rights
and credits, which were of William Burd-
net deceased, at the time of his death, had
been issued out of the Inferiour Court
of common pleas, in and for the County of
Middlesex, against the Goods and Chattels,
Lands and Tenements of Irenius Martin-
late of the county aforesaid, returnable to
the third Tuesday in July last. NOTICE

is hereby given to the said Irenius Martin,
that unless he appear and file special bail to
the said action, on or before the third Tues-
day in January next, judgment will be en-
tered against him by default, and the goods
and chattels, lands and tenements to at-
tached, sold for the satisfaction of such of
his creditors as shall appear to be justly en-
titled to any demand thereon, and that ap-
ply for that purpose, according to the form
of the statute in such case made & provided

By order of the Court,

DEARE, Clerk.

Aug. 10,

lawf.

JUST PUBLISHED,

And for sale at

Mathew Carey's Store,

No. 118, Market Street,

Price half a dollar, embellished with a
striking likeness of Mr. Margot,

The TRIAL

OF

Maurice Margot,
Before the High Court of Judiciary at

Edinburgh, on an indictment for

SEDITIONARY PRACTICES.
"OF the many remarkable trials which
the present extraordinary system of criminal
jurisprudence in G. Britain and Ireland
has brought before the public eye; this,
certainly is most entitled to universal per-
usal and attention. It develops, more
fully than any publication extant, the latest
views and objects of the British conven-
tion; and proves incontrovertibly, that judi-
cial prosecutions (or persecutions) and de-
cisions are now more the result of the pre-
sent order of things, than any old fashion-
ed attachment to the laws or the constitu-
tion. Add to this; that it holds up to the
wonder and admiration of mankind, the
firm, manly, and patriotic conduct of this
devoted victim—this 'Second Sydney,'
as he has justly and deservedly been called;
who in the course of one of the longest tri-
als we know of, unassisted even by a single
member of the long robe, evinced such a
depth of legal and constitutional know-
ledge and, in a speech of four hours
length, displayed such a blaze of eloquence
and first rate abilities, as astonished the
court—and, strange to relate! even
drew involuntary applause from the venal
and time-serving creature of a corrupt go-
vernment."

August 16.

Lachawannock.

A LARGE body of LAND on this river
and its waters, is now for sale to Settlers on-
ly, on moderate terms, and at a long credit.

The soil is remarkably fertile, and nu-
merous streams of water are interperfed
through the whole country.

The main river flows through one tract
of about thirty thousand acres, and is with
the exception of one obstruction, naviga-
ble to the Susquehanna.

Spring Brook Creek, which with its
branches, waters another tract of about
forty thousand acres of good Land, em-
ties itself into the Lachawannock, about
twelve miles from the Susquehanna.

It affords numerous Mill seats, & in its
course creates large bodies of well water-
ed meadow ground.

The other tracts are interperfed by creeks
of considerable importance.

Several Mills are already erected for the
accommodation of the settlers.

Roads are cut in different directions, to-
wards the most convenient markets.

The county town is not more than 12
miles distant from many parts of the set-
tlement.

The Susquehanna affords an easy and
safe navigation to Middleton, from whence
the Canal to Schuylkill extends the com-
munication to the city.

Another means of connection with Phi-
adelphia, is by the Delaware, from which
the distance in several places is about thirty
miles.

The proprietors combining their own in-
terest with that of the inhabitants, are dis-
posed to erect works of public utility, open
roads, &c. and in every ten miles square, a
tract of one hundred acres is allotted for a
School, and one hundred acres for the first
resident clergyman of any denomination of
Christians.

For further particulars apply to
George Eddy.

Wilkes-Barre, Luzerne County,
Pennsylvania, July 9.

Letters directed to George Eddy, at Phi-
adelphia, or this place, relative to this
business, will be duly answered. eodgm

THIS DAY IS PUBLISHED,

And to be sold by

Robert Campbell,

No. 54, South Second Street, second door
below the corner of Chestnut Street,

MENTORIA;

OR

The Young Lady's Friend,

BY

Mrs. Rowson,

Of the New Theatre, Philadelphia; au-
thor of the Inquirer, Fille de Chambre,
Victoria, Charlotte, &c.

Price nearly bound 75 cents.
Deduced by the pen whose baneful influ-
ence

Could to the youthful docile mind convey
Pernicious precepts, tell loose tales,
And paint illicit passion in such colours,
As might mislead the unsuspecting heart,
And initiate the young, unsettled judg-
ment.

I would not for the riches of the East
Abuse the noblest gifts of Heaven thus,
Or sink my Genius to such prostitution.

Aug. 21

lawrO

Just Landed,

From on board the ship *Washington*, Capt.
John Collins from *Bourdeaux*,

A CARGO OF

White Wines

In Barrels; and

CLARET

In Hhds. and Cases—For Sale by

FRANCIS COPPINGER,

No. 26, Spruce, near Front Street.
August 15, 1794. d.

NOTICE.

The GAZETTE of the UNITED
STATES is now published at No. 119
CHESTNUT STREET—to which place the
OFFICE of the Editor is removed, and
where PRINTING WORK in general is
performed.

C. W. PEALE.

EVER solicitous to render his MUSEUM
still more and more an object of rational
entertainment, and subservient to the in-
terests of useful science, has on the sugges-
tion and with the advice of a number of
his friends, provided a Book, which will
be always open for the inspection of those
who visit his Museum, in which book it is
proposed to insert all such discoveries, in-
ventions, improvements, schemes, obser-
vations, experiments, projects, hints or
queries relating to the arts or sciences, as
any of his visitors, or correspondents, may
from time to time communicate.

Such as may chuse to conceal their names
may either send their communications an-
onymous, or at their desire, C. W. Peale
will insert their names, with the number or
signature of their respective communica-
tions in a private book which he will keep
for that purpose.

The advantages of such a public register
are obvious. It will rescue from oblivion
many useful hints, which might otherwise
have died with their authors. It may se-
cure to inventors their just claims, and pre-
vent others from taking the honor or profit
of a discovery to which they are not en-
titled, and as the Museum is now visited
by persons from almost all parts of the
world, such a register, it is presumed, will
soon contain and be the means of diffusi-
ng a vast fund of useful knowledge, and
promote that spirit of enquiry and inven-
tion, for which the people of the United
States are already so justly distinguished.

Aug. 22

lawrO

Choice St. Croix Sugar,
JUST IMPORTED,

And for Sale,
By JAMES YARD.
Also a quantity of RUSSIA MATTS.
June 24th.

The Public are cautioned to
beware of counterfeited Five Dollar Bills
of the Bank of the United States, and
Twenty Dollar Bills of the Bank of North
America, several of which have appeared
in circulation within a few days past; they
are good general imitations of the genuine
Bills, but may be distinguished by the fol-
lowing

M A R K S.
Five Dollar Bills of the Bank of the
United States.

ALL that have appeared have the letter
F. for their Alphabetical Mark.

The Texture of the Paper is thicker and
whiter and it takes the ink more freely
than the genuine paper.

The O. in the word Company is smaller
than the M. and other letters of that word,
so that a line extended from the top of the
O, to touch the top of the M. would extend
considerably above the range of the whole
word.

In the word United the letters are nar-
rower and closer together than the rest of
the bill.

The i and f in the word promise are not
parallel, the f inclining much more forward
than the i.

The engraving is badly executed, the
strokes of all the Letters are stronger and
the device in the margin particularly is much
coarser and appears darker than in the true
bills. Some of the counterfeits bear date in
1791—Whereas the Bank was not in opera-
tion till December, and no five dollar bills
were issued in that year.

Twenty Dollar Bills of the Bank of North
America.

ALL that have appeared have the letter
B. for their alphabetical mark.

They are printed on a paper nearly simi-
lar to that of the counterfeit Five Dollar
Notes above described; the engraving is
better executed, and they approach nearer
to the appearance of the genuine bills.

The fine ruled lines through the word
Twenty, in the body of the bill, are in num-
ber thirteen in the genuine bills, and but
twelve in the counterfeits.

The word Company is much like the same
word in the Five Dollar Bills as described
above, the o being less than the m, and o-
thers following.

There is no stroke to the t in the word
North whereas in the genuine bills the stroke
is well defined.

The letters ent in the word Twenty, to
the left hand at the bottom, do not come
down to the line, but are so cut as to give
an irregular appearance to the word, the
Tw and they going below them.

The signature of J. Nixon, has the appear-
ance of being written with lamb-black and
oil, and differs from other inks used in
printing bills and the cashier's signa-
ture.

It is supposed these forgeries were commit-
ted in some of the Southern States, as all
the counterfeits that have appeared, have come
from thence, and two persons have been ap-
prehended in Virginia, on suspicion of being
the authors of them.

The reward of ONE THOUSAND DOL-
LARS will be paid to any Person or Persons
who shall discover and prosecute to conviction
the several offenders of the following
descriptions or any of them, viz.

The person or persons, who manufactured
the paper on which the Bills are printed.

The person or persons, who engraved the
plates.

The printer or printers, of the bills.

Every person who has acted as a principal
in any other way, in the counterfeiting and
uttering the said bills.

Philadelphia, March 28, 1794

April 22, 1794.

Other counterfeit bills

of the Bank of the United States have ap-
peared in circulation.

The denomination is of TWENTY
DOLLARS, and the alphabetical mark is
the letter B.

They may be distinguished from the ge-
nuine by the following MARKS:

The paper of the counterfeits is of a
more tender texture and glossier surface
than the genuine, and there is no water
mark in them.

The letter C. in the word Cashier, in
the true bills is strongly marked, whereas
in the counterfeits, the whole letter is a
fine hair stroke, evidently in an unfinished
state. The letter a in the word demand,
is badly formed and the whole word ill done
and there is no comma at the end of it, as
there is in the genuine bills.

The marginal device, is much darker
in the false, than in the genuine bills ow-
ing to the shade strokes being coarser, much
nearer together, and consequently much
more numerous. This difference strikes the
eye at first view.

The same reward of ONE THOUSAND
DOLLARS, will be paid for apprehending,
& prosecuting to conviction the several
above described offenders in respect to this,
as to the last described bills.

THOMAS WILLING, President
of the Bank United States.

JOHN NIXON, President of the
Bank of North America.

By order of the Committees of the Re-
public Boards.

FOR SALE,
At the STORE