

A NEW TONS
Chipped Logwood,
 FOR SALE,
 Landing at Hamilton's wharf. Apply to
John Vaughan,
 WHO HAS FOR SALE
CLARET,
 In bottles and cases of the first quality.
 Aug 7

NOTICE.
The New Castle Lottery
 begins drawing the 1st September; a RE-
 GISTER BOOK is kept at Mr. Boffe's-
 No. 75 North Water Street, where Tick-
 ets are registered at 1-4 of a dollar, and
 Notice sent per Letter the same day they
 are drawn, whether blank or prize, to any
 part of the Continent.
 August 14. *d.w.

GUTHRIE'S GEOGRAPHY
Improved.
 THE subscription for this work on the
 original terms, of twelve dollars and the
 binding, will be closed this day—and on
 Monday the subscription will open at four-
 teen dollars, exclusive of the price of bind-
 ing.
 The new maps added to this edition are
 twenty one; among which are those of
 New Hampshire, Massachusetts, Connecticut,
 Rhode-Island, Vermont, New York,
 New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware, Mary-
 land, Virginia, Kentucky, North Carolina,
 the Genesee Government, South Carolina,
 and Georgia. These maps have never
 been given in any former system of
 Geography, and, it is hoped, would alone
 be sufficient to entitle this work to a prefer-
 ence to any other edition of Guthrie.
 The map of the United States,
 which is compiled by Mr. Samuel Lewis,
 from the respective State maps, will be far
 more complete than any one yet published,
 and be printed on two large sheets of
 paper, nearly the size of the late Mr. Mur-
 ray's map.
 May 31. d

Scheme of a Lottery,
To raise 39,900 Dollars, on 266,000
Dollars, deducting 15 per Cent. from
the Prizes—this Lottery consists of
38,000 Tickets, in which there are
14,539 Prizes and 23,461 Blanks,
being about one and a half Blanks to
a Prize.

THE Directors of the Society for establish-
 ing Useful Manufactures, having resolv-
 ed to erect LOTTERIES for raising ONE
 HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS, agreeably
 to an Act of the Legislature of the State of
 New Jersey, have appointed the following
 persons to superintend and direct the draw-
 ing of the same, viz. Nicholas Low, Rufus
 King, Herman Le Roy, James Watson,
 Richard Harrison, Abijah Hammond, and
 Cornelius Ray, of the city of New-York—
 Thomas Willing, Joseph Ball, Matthew Mc-
 Connell and Andrew Bayard, of the city of
 Philadelphia—His Excellency Richard How-
 ell, Esq. Elias Boudinot, General Elias How-
 ell, Esq. James Parker, John Bayard, Doctor
 Lewis Donham, Samuel W. Stockton, Joshua
 M. Wallace, Joseph Bloomfield, and Elthia
 Bouquet, of New-Jersey, who offer the
 following Scheme of a Lottery, and pledge
 themselves to the public, that they will take
 every assurance and precaution in their power
 to have the Monies paid by the Managers,
 from time to time, as received, into the
 Banks at New-York and Philadelphia, to
 remain for the purpose of paying Prizes,
 which shall be immediately discharged by a
 check upon one of the Banks.

S C H E M E :

1	Price of 20,000 Dollars is	20,000
2	10,000	10,000
3	5,000	10,000
4	2,000	10,000
5	1,000	10,000
10	500	10,000
100	100	10,000
1000	50	15,000
10000	20	20,000
20000	15	30,000
30000	12	36,000
8100	10	81,000
14,539	Prizes.	262,000
23,461	Blanks. First drawn number,	2,000
	Last drawn number,	2,000

38,000 Tickets at 7 Dollars each is 266,000
 The drawing will commence, under the
 inspection of a Committee of the Superin-
 tendants, as soon as the Tickets are sold,
 of which timely notice will be given.
 The Superintendants have appointed John
 R. Cumming, of Newark, Jacob R. Har-
 denberg, of New-Brunswick, and Jonathan
 Breat, of Trenton, as immediate Managers
 thereof, who have given ample security for
 discharging the trust reposed in them.
 In order to secure the punctual pay-
 ment of the Prizes, the Superintendants of
 the Lottery have directed that the Managers
 shall each enter into bonds in 40,000 dollars,
 with four sufficient securities, to perform their
 obligations, the substance of which is
 That whenever either of the Managers,
 shall receive the sum of Three Hundred Dol-
 lars, he shall immediately place the same in
 one of the Banks of New-York or Philadel-
 phia, to the credit of the Governor of the
 Society, and such of the Superintendants as
 live in the city where the monies are placed,
 to remain there until the Lottery is drawn,
 for the payment of the Prizes.
 The Managers to take sufficient secu-
 rity for any Tickets they may trust, other-
 wise to be responsible for them.
 To keep regular books of Tickets
 sold, Monies received and paid into the
 Bank, abstracts of which shall be sent,
 monthly, to the Governor of the Society.
 Peterfon, January 1, 1794.
 On application to either of the above gen-
 tlemen, information will be given where
 tickets may be had.
 February 24. tu&tf

Treasury Department,
Revenue Office, Aug. 20, 1794.
Notice is hereby given, that
PROPOSALS

Will be received at the Office of the Com-
 missioner of the Revenue until the expi-
 ration of the first day of October next, for
 the supply of all Rations, which may be
 required for the use of the United States, from
 the first day of January to the thirty-first day
 of December 1795, including both days, at
 the places, and within the districts hereinafter
 mentioned, viz.

1. At any place or places between York and Carlisle, in the State of Pennsylvania, and Pittsburgh, and at Pittsburgh, York, and Carlisle.
 2. At any place or places from Pittsburgh to the mouth of Big Beaver Creek, and at the mouth of Big Beaver Creek.
 3. At any place or places from the said mouth to the upper falls of the said Big Beaver, and at the upper falls.
 4. At any place or places from the said upper falls to Mahoning, and at Mahoning.
 5. At any place or places from the said Mahoning, over to the Head Navigation of the river Cayahoga, and at the said Head Navigation.
 6. At any place or places from the said Head Navigation to the mouth of the said river Cayahoga, and at the said mouth.
 7. At any place or places between the mouth of the Big Beaver Creek, to the mouth of the river Muskingum, and up the said river to the Tuscawawas, and at the Tuscawawas, and thence over to the Cayahoga river, and thence down the said river to its mouth.
 8. At any place or places between the mouth of the river Muskingum and the mouth of the Scioto river, and at the mouth of the said Scioto.
 9. At any place or places between the mouth of Scioto river and the mouth of the Great Miami, at the mouth of the Great Miami, and from thence to the Rapids on the falls of the Ohio, and at the said Rapids.
 10. At any place or places between the mouth of the Great Miami, upon the said Miami, to and at Pique Town.
 11. At any place or places from Fort Washington to Fort Hamilton, and at Fort Hamilton. At any place or places from Fort Hamilton to Fort St. Clair, and at Fort St. Clair.
 12. At any place or places from Fort St. Clair to Fort Jefferson, and at Fort Jefferson.
 13. At any place or places from Fort Jefferson to Fort Recovery the field of action of the 4th of November 1791, and at the said field of action.
 14. At any place or places from the said field of action to the Miami Villages, and at the Miami Villages.
 15. At any place or places from the said Miami Villages to the falls of the Miami river, which flow into Lake Erie, and at the said falls, and from thence, to its mouth, and at its mouth.
 16. At any place or places from the mouth of the said Miami river of Lake Erie to Sandusky Lake, and at Sandusky Lake.
 17. At any place or places from the Sandusky Lake, to the mouth of the river Cayahoga.
 18. At any place or places from the mouth of the said river Cayahoga to Presque Isle, and at Presque Isle.
 19. At any place or places from the Presque Isle to the stream running into Lake Erie from towards the Jadagahque Lake, and thence over to and at the said Jadagahque Lake, and thence down the Alleghany river to Fort Franklin.
 20. At any place or places from Presque Isle to Le Beauf, and at Le Beauf.
 21. At any place or places from Le Beauf to Fort Franklin, and at Fort Franklin, and from thence to Pittsburgh.
 22. At any place or places from the rapids of the Ohio to the mouth of the Ouabache river, & from the mouth of the said Ouabache river to the mouth of the river Ohio.
 23. At any place or places on the East side of the river Mississippi, from the mouth of the Ohio river, to the mouth of the Illinois river.
 24. At any place or places from the mouth of the said Ouabache river up to Fort Knox, and at Fort Knox.
 25. At any place or places from Fort Knox up the said Ouabache to Quitanon, and at Quitanon.
 26. At any place or places from Quitanon, up the said Ouabache to the head navigation of a branch thereof, called Little River, and at the said head navigation of Little River.
 27. At any place or places from the said head navigation of Little River over to the Miami Village.
 28. At any place or places from the mouth of the river Tennessee to Occochoopoor Bear Creek, on the said river, including the same.
 29. At any place or places from the mouth of the river Cumberland to Nashville, on the said river, and at Nashville.
 30. And at any place or places within thirty miles of said Nashville to the Southward, Westward or Northward thereof.
- Should any rations be required at any places, or within other districts, not specified in these proposals, the price of the same is to be hereafter agreed on between the United States and the contractor.
- The rations to be supplied are, to consist of the following articles, viz.
- One pound of bread or flour,
 - One pound of beef, or 2/3 of a pound of pork,
 - One quart of salt,
 - Two quarts of vinegar,
 - Two pounds of soap,
 - One pound of candles,
- per 100 rations.
- The rations are to be furnished in such quantities, as that there shall at all times, during the said term, be sufficient for the consumption of the troops at each of the said posts, for the term of at least three months in advance, in good and wholesome provisions, if the same shall be required. It is to be understood in each case, that all losses sustained by the deprivations of the enemy, or by means of the troops of the United States, shall be paid for at the prices of the articles captured or destroyed, on the depositions of two or more persons of creditable character, and the certificate of a commissioned officer, ascertaining the circumstances of the loss, and the amount of the articles for which compensation shall be claimed.
- The contract for the above supplies will be made either for one year, or for two years, as may appear eligible. Persons disposed to contract will therefore confine

their offers to one year, as they may form their propositions so as to admit an election of the term of two years.
 The offers may comprise all the places which have been specified, or a part of them only.
It is also Desired,
 that proposals may be offered for supplying at the two posts of Fort Washington and Pittsburgh all the rations necessary for the main Army, its detachments and the Garrison above mentioned during the said year 1795. The provisions &c. which will be received at Pittsburgh will be those which shall be necessary for the troops at that place and at the posts north, north-west and, in the vicinity, on the west thereof. The provisions which will be received at Fort Washington will be those which shall be required for the remainder of the posts, for the principal detachments and for the main Army. The expense and trouble of safe keeping unpacking and issuing the provisions deliverable under this second form of the propositions, will be saved to the Contractors. The exact proportion of the whole supplies, which will be required at each of the two Posts of Fort Washington and Pittsburgh will be determined at the time of executing the contract.
 Aug. 21 tawt:O

Money to be Lent,
 On Mortgage of
REAL ESTATES,
 Within the City and Liberties of Philadel-
 phia. Apply to
Nicholas Diehl, jun.
 Attorney at Law.
 No. 19, south Fourth Street.
 Aug. 4 mw&tf

FOR SALE,
 the following
Tracts of Land,
 in Virginia.

ONE tract in Frederick county, contain-
 ing 8756 acres, being part of that whereon
 col. Thomas Bryan Martin now resides,
 known by the name of Greenway court, a
 about 12 miles from Winchester and 5 from
 Newtown. For the convenience of pur-
 chasers, it will be divided into parcels
 of various dimensions from 200 to 600 acres,
 which may be viewed by application to col.
 R. K. Meade, living near the premises—
 The greater part is very fertile and well
 timbered.

Another tract in the same county on
 Passage creek, containing 230 acres, and
 adjoining Jacob Levingoods.

Another tract in Hampshire county, con-
 taining by patent, 699 acres, called Slim
 Bottom, situate on both sides of the South
 Branch and within two miles of the mouth
 of it, and is supposed to have a good mill
 feat.

Another tract in Hampshire county on
 New Creek and Kettle-Lick, containing
 521 acres.

Another tract in Prince-William county,
 called Lecylvania, containing upwards of
 2000 acres, lying upon Potomack river, a-
 bout 23 miles below Alexandria, and 28
 below the City of Washington, compre-
 hending Freestone Point, which appears to
 be a quarry of free-stone, covering about
 50 acres and adjoins the river, where ves-
 sels of 100 tons conveniently harbour. On
 another part of this tract it is supposed there
 is a quarry of slate, convenient to water
 carriage. Upwards of two thirds are in
 woods. Mr. Enoch S. Lane, living on the
 premises, will show this tract.

Another tract, in Fairfax county, called
 Springfield, containing 2040 1/2 acres, a-
 bout 13 miles from Alexandria and 10 from
 Washington; abounds with fine springs and
 meadow ground, and may be seen by apply-
 ing to Mr. John Wood, living on part of
 it.

Another tract in Fairfax county, con-
 taining 392 acres, on Turkey-cock Run, a-
 bout 6 miles from Alexandria.

Another tract in Fairfax county, contain-
 ing about 176 acres, adjoining Mr. J. Wat-
 son's feat, about four miles from Alexan-
 dria.

Another tract, in Fairfax county, con-
 taining 513 acres, near Occoquan, joining
 Mr. Edward Washington's.

Another tract, in Fairfax county, con-
 taining 80 acres or thereabout, within a
 mile of Pohick Landing, and within five
 miles of Mount Vernon, lies level, and is
 well timbered.

An undivided moiety in another tract,
 containing about 284 acres, in Fairfax
 county, about 5 miles from Washington, &
 9 from Alexandria, where J. Robinson for-
 merly lived.

Another parcel of land, within a mile
 of Alexandria, containing about 24 acres,
 and to be sold in acre or half-acre lots.

Also, sundry unimproved lots of various
 sizes, in different parts of the town of Alex-
 andria.

To describe the premises more particu-
 larly is deemed unnecessary, as it is ex-
 pected every person will examine and view
 whatever part he shall be inclined to buy.
 My only object being to raise a certain sum
 of money, by selling so many or such parts
 of the aforesaid tracts of land and lots as
 shall be necessary for that purpose, one half
 of the purchase money must be paid at the
 time of contract, and the other within a
 year from the first day of August next, and
 at the time of delivering possession or ex-
 ecuting a legal conveyance. The lands re-
 maining unsold, except the tract in Prince
 William, after raising a limited sum, will
 be divided into tenements, and leased for
 a term of years. From the 12th day of Oc-
 tober next, till the 15th of December, I
 shall be in the city of Richmond, and after
 that time I shall remain at home, in Alex-
 andria, at which places, or elsewhere, I
 shall be prepared to detail particulars, and
 to enter into contracts.
 Alexandria, July 28
CHARLES LEE.
 Aug. 8 sawrow

German Passengers.
 A FEW
Healthy Young Passengers,
 Just arrived in the Ship Holland, Captain
 FRANKLIN,
 From Amsterdam,
 now at anchor opposite Vine-Street; whose
 times are to be agreed for by applying on
 board, or to
Pragers, & Co.
 August 20. d.w.

One hundred dollars
Reward.
 WHEREAS there were delivered in the
 Month of October last, from the Stores of
 the Subscribers, Two Chests and nine Half
 Chests of Bohea Tea, marked, numbered
 and weighing, as under, to some person
 or persons with pretended orders from Mr
 ISAAC CLASON of this City, but which
 he did not receive; whoever will give in-
 formation so that a discovery may be made,
 who got the said Tea, shall receive the
 above reward; and it is requested that the
 Dealers in the Article will be careful in
 examining the Marks and Numbers of the
 Chests that have passed through their hands
 since the period above mentioned, and give
 the desired information.
 New-York, July 31st, 1794.
William and James Constable.

Ship Washington.

	No.	C. q. lb.	Tare	
B.	327	3 2 16	60	} Whole
B.	473	3 2 24	64	
W.	177	1 3 12	39	} Half
B.	177	1 2 23	39	
	198	1 3 7	41	
	213	1 3 18	37	
	227	1 3 7	40	
	287	1 3 9	38	
	301	1 3 15	40	
	379	1 3 18	41	
	404	1 3 14	39	dzm

Aug. 6

One thousand Dollars
REWARD.
 Some few Counterfeit Post Notes of the
 Bank of Maryland, having been lately dis-
 covered in circulation, and on tracing the same
 were found to come from the back parts of
 Virginia, where they probably first issued; to
 avoid imposition it is thought necessary to
 give the following description of them, by
 which they may readily be detected.
 They have the letter D, for their alphabeti-
 cal mark, at the left hand side of the Note.
 The paper on which they are printed is
 more soft and tender, the strokes of the letters,
 in the engraving are in general stronger, and
 have a darker appearance than in the bills.
 The signature William Patterson, is badly
 done, the strokes of the letters, are stiff and
 labored, and appear to be printed over with
 the pen, as well as the flourishing of the name.
 The value is left blank in the engraving, to
 be filled up in writing, so the sum may be
 more or less at pleasure.
 No true Post-Notes of the alphabetical
 mark, above described, have been lately is-
 sued, and very few are now in circulation.
 The above reward of One Thousand dol-
 lars will be paid to any person, or persons,
 who shall discover, or prosecute to conviction,
 the several offenders, or any of them, of the
 following description, viz.
 The person or persons, who engraved the
 late.
 The printer, or printers of the said bills.
 Every person who has acted as principal in
 any way in the counterfeiting and uttering
 the said bills.
WILLIAM PATTERSON, President.
 of the Bank of Maryland.
 Bmo, April 8, 1794.

STATE OF SOUTH-CAROLINA
In the House of Representatives,
 DECEMBER 21st, 1793.

WHEREAS the Commissioners of pub-
 lic Accounts, have reported, that they
 cannot proceed to the investigation of the
 Treasury Accounts, respecting special In-
 debts, without knowing the outstanding
 amount thereof in circulation:—Therefore,
 Resolved, That all holders of special In-
 debts be directed, and required, on or before
 the first day of November next, to deliver the
 special Indebts in their possession to one or
 other of the Commissioners of the Treasury,
 who are to give receipts for the same, and to
 report to the Commissioners on public ac-
 counts, on or before the tenth day of Novem-
 ber next, the amount by them respective-
 ly received; and also to the Legislature, at
 their meeting in November next, and that
 all special Indebts not rendered into the
 Treasury as above, on or before the first day
 of November next, shall be, and the same
 are hereby barred.
 Resolved, That public notice of this resolu-
 tion be given in the several Gazettes in this
 State, once every three weeks, until the first
 day of November next. And that the Del-
 egates of this State in the Congress of the
 United States, be requested to cause this resolu-
 tion to be published in one or more papers
 in the cities of Philadelphia and New-York,
 and that provision will be made for the ex-
 penses attending such publication.
 Ordered, That the resolution be sent to
 the Senate for their concurrence.
 By order of the House,
JOHN SANFORD DART, C. H. R.
 In the SENATE,
 DECEMBER 21st, 1793.
 Resolved, That this House do concur with
 the House of Representatives in the forego-
 ing resolutions.
 Ordered, That the resolutions be sent to
 the House of Representatives.
 by order of the Senate,
FELIX WARLEY Clerk.
 ewt N.

NOTICE.
 The GAZETTE of the UNITED
 STATES is now published at No. 119
 CHESNUT STREET—to which place the
 OFFICE of the Editor is removed, and
 where PRINTING WORK in general is
 performed.

Choice St. Croix Sugar,
JUST IMPORTED,
 And for Sale,
 By JAMES YARD.
 Also a quantity of RUSSIA MATTS.
 June 24th. d

FOR SALE,
 At the STORES of
Jesse & Robert Wain,
 PORT WINE in pipes, hds. and quar-
 ter casks
 LISBON do. in pipes and quarter casks
 Souchong and Congo TEAS, in quarter
 chests
 A quantity of Lisbon and Cadiz SALT
 Soft shelled ALMONDS in bales
 Velvet CORKS, in do.
 Russia MATTS.
 June 9 d

The Public are cautioned to
 beware of counterfeited Five Dollar Bills
 of the Bank of the United States, and
 Twenty Dollar Bills of the Bank of North
 America, several of which have appeared
 in circulation within a few days past; they
 are good general imitation of the genuine
 Bills, but may be distinguished by the fol-
 lowing

M A R K S.
 Five Dollar Bills of the Bank of the
 United States.
 ALL that have appeared have the letter
 F, for their Alphabetical Mark.
 The Texture of the Paper is thicker and
 whiter and it takes the ink more freely
 than the genuine paper.
 The O. in the word Company is smaller
 than the M. and other letters of that word,
 so that a line extended from the top of the
 O, to touch the top of the M. would extend
 considerably above the range of the whole
 word.
 In the word United the letters are nar-
 rower and closer together than the rest of
 the bill.
 The i and f in the word promise are not
 parallel, the i inclining much more forward
 than the i.
 The engraving is badly executed, the
 strokes of all the Letters are stronger and
 the device in the margin particularly is much
 coarser and appears darker than in the true
 bills. Some of the counterfeits bear date in
 1791—Whereas the Bank was not in opera-
 tion till December, and no five dollar bills
 were issued in that year.
 Twenty Dollar Bills of the Bank of North
 America.
 ALL that have appeared have the letter
 B, for their alphabetical mark.
 They are printed on a paper nearly simi-
 lar to that of the counterfeit Five Dollar
 Notes above described; the engraving is
 better executed, and they approach nearer
 to the appearance of the genuine bills.
 The fine ruled lines through the word
 Twenty, in the body of the bill, are in num-
 ber thirteen in the genuine bills, and but
 twelve in the counterfeits.
 The word Company is much like the same
 word in the Five Dollar Bills as described
 above, the o being less than the m, and o-
 thers following.
 There is no stroke to the t in the word
 North whereas in the genuine bills the stroke
 is well defined.
 The letters ent in the word Twenty, to
 the left hand at the bottom, do not come
 down to the line, but are so cut as to give
 an irregular appearance to the word, the
 Tu and they going below them.
 The signature J. Nixon, has the appear-
 ance of being written with lamb-black and
 oil, and differs from other inks used in
 printing the bills and the cashier's signa-
 ture.

It is supposed these forgeries were com-
 mitted in some of the Southern States, as all
 the counterfeits that have appeared, have come
 from thence, and two persons have been ap-
 prehended in Virginia, on suspicion of being
 the authors of them.
 The reward of ONE THOUSAND DOL-
 LARS will be paid to any Person or Persons
 who shall discover and prosecute to conviction
 the several offenders of the following
 descriptions or any of them, viz.
 The person or persons, who manufactured
 the paper on which the Bills are printed.
 The person or persons, who engraved the
 plates.
 The printer or printers, of the bills.
 Every person who has acted as a principal
 in any other way, in the counterfeiting and
 uttering the said bills.
 Philadelphia, March 28, 1794

April 22, 1794.
Other counterfeit bills
 of the Bank of the United States have ap-
 peared in circulation.
 The denomination is of TWENTY
 DOLLARS, and the alphabetical mark is
 the letter B.
 They may be distinguished from the gen-
 uine by the following MARKS:
 The paper of the counterfeits is of a
 more tender texture and glossier surface
 than the genuine, and there is no water
 mark in them.
 The letter C, in the word Cashier, in
 the true bills is strongly marked, whereas
 in the counterfeits, the whole letter is a
 fine hair stroke, evidently in an unfinished
 state. The letter a in the word demand,
 is badly formed and the whole word ill done,
 and there is no comma at the end of it, as
 there is in the genuine bills.
 The marginal device, is much darker
 in the false, than in the genuine bills owing
 to the shade strokes being coarser, much
 nearer together, and consequently much
 more numerous. This difference strikes the
 eye at first view.
 The same reward of ONE THOUSAND
 DOLLARS, will be paid for apprehending,
 & prosecuting to conviction the several
 above described offenders in respect to this,
 as to the last described bills.
THOMAS WILLING, President
 of the Bank of the United States.
JOHN NIXON, President
 of the Bank of North America.
 By order of the Committees of the Res-
 pective Boards.