

Hallowe'en.
From the earliest times men have been trying to look ahead. The ancient Egyptians had oracles where their gods were supposed to answer the questions of men by dreams and other ways; the ancient Greeks also had famous oracles, which people came from far-off lands to consult; the Romans killed certain fowls or animals, and guessed at the future by the herbs of their internal organs; the Hebrews and the Babylonians had their own peculiar ways of finding out what was to happen. The world has not yet outgrown the longing to look ahead. The Hindu to-day sets a lamp afloat on his sacred river, and judges of the future by the length of time it burns; the Chinaman consults his "wise men," who pretend to understand signs; the ignorant African takes notice of the cries of birds and animals; the English—not long ago—tried to learn by help of what they call "witches"; and spiritualists even now believe the predictions of a "medium."

No serious attempt to look into the future has been made for a long time by intelligent people, and the old customs have become a frolicsome trying of "charms," especially on one night of the year. It is curious enough that the night selected is the eve of the festival of All Saints, which was established in the seventh century by pope of Rome, in honor of all the saints who had no particular day assigned to them. The Romans brought this festival to England; there it became All Hallow-even or Hallowe'en, and the seventeenth century England gave up the night to feasting and frolicking. Nuts and apples were plenty from one end of the island to the other, and a "Nut-crack night" was the name given to it.

In England the revels were for fun, such as diving for apples floating in a tub of water, and of course getting very wet; or trying to snatch in the teeth an apple off one end of a stick, which had a lighted candle at the other end, and being hung by a string, could be spun around very fast, so that the players often seized the candle instead of the fruit; or a playful fortune-telling by naming nuts, roasting them before the fire, and watching their conduct when heated—whether they burned steadily or bounced away, or burst with a noise, each movement of the charmed nut being of great importance.

One nut test was tried by grinding and mixing together a walnut, hazelnut and nutmeg, making into pills, with butter and sugar, and swallowing them on going to bed. Wonderful dreams would follow (which was not surprising).

In Scotland the night was given entirely to serious and sometimes frightful attempts to peer into the future by means of charms. One way of trying fortune was to throw a ball of blue yarn out of a window and wind it into a ball again from the other end. Near the last something would hold it fast, when the wonder must ask: "Who holds?" The answer would name one who was to have importance in the questioner's future.

Another Scotch custom was "pulling-kale-stalks." A young person went blindfold into the garden, pulled up the first kale or cabbage stalk he touched and carried it into the house. The whole future was read from that stalk; the size indicated the stature of the future partner in life; the quantity of earth at the roots showed the amount of his or her fortune; the taste of the pith told what the temper would be; and when the stalk was placed over the door, the first name of the person entering was the fated name.

The island of Lewes, on the coast of Scotland, had some curious customs. Young women made a "dumb cake" and baked it before the fire with certain ceremonies and in perfect silence, expecting to see wonders; and the people also sacrificed to a sea-god called Shong, throwing a cup of ale into the sea, and calling on him to give them plenty of sea-weed to enrich their grounds.

In another Scotch trial a girl would go into a barn, holding a winnowing sieve and stand alone, with both doors open, to see her fate.

The fashion of trying charms is now nearly outgrown among English-speaking people. It survives in America as a pleasant frolic for a social gathering. In our own day young people "see" hallowe'en," "eat" apples before the glass," "go down the cellar stairs backward," holding a candle and a mirror. They also "pop chestnuts," "launch walnut shells" holding tapers, and try the "three saucer" test of the future.

In some of our cities the boys on Hallowe'en collect old tea-kettles, boots, large stones, etc., and deposit them in clean vestibules, ringing the door bell and running away.

A Giant Bird.

In the neighborhood of Rheims, recently, M. De Lemoine found sufficient remains of a remarkable bird (of new species), belonging to the ocean epoch, to give a fair idea of its structure. A thigh bone was discovered by M. Plante, the well-known physicist, at Meudon; it was about eighteen inches long. The bird was of gigantic size, having a height, when erect, of at least ten feet. The skull was comparatively large, and less disproportionate than that of the ostrich. In the opinion of M. Alph. Milne-Edwards, judging by the skeleton, the bird had affinities to the duck, but it has peculiarities which forbid the ranking of it in any of the present natural groups.

Children Carried Off by Wolves.

A correspondent writes to the Indian Pioneer: "The wolves are carrying off children at a terrible rate. A poor little child was taken away and eaten (only the lower part of one leg being found) from the lines of the Twenty-seventh Punjab infantry a short time ago. Another child was carried off and eaten (only the head being found) from the door of the house of a poor, old, half-blind eunuch. Last night an ayah's child was carried off from inside a walled enclosure in an officer's compound, the wolf jumping over the children and taking a third lying close to its mother, who, poor creature, ran shrieking after it. The children are apparently always seized by the throat, so their cries are not heard."

Kind words are like bald heads; they can never dye.

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

Eastern and Middle States.

BARNUM, the American checker champion, and Wylie, the British champion, played a match of fifty games at Boston. Each contestant won one game, and the other forty-eight were drawn.

Mrs. LANGTRY made her debut in America at Wallace's theatre, New York, before a large audience. She is generally pronounced handsome, but less so than many women that one can meet in almost any American city. As an actress the New York critics do not think her first class.

The late Jerome G. Kidder, of Boston, Mass., left bequests amounting to nearly \$300,000 to various charitable and other institutions.

Greene's wire mill—the largest of its kind in the country—situated at Pittsburg, Pa., was partially burned, entailing a loss of \$100,000, and the cessation of work of 800 men.

The fourth serious fire which has visited Red Bank, N. J., during the past three years destroyed four acres of the best property in that town before its course could be checked. The total losses to the various firms and the Methodist church reached an aggregate of about \$250,000.

A heavy failure is that of the Globe Rubber Co., of Trenton, N. J. The liabilities are put at \$175,000.

The public schools of Berksboro, Pa., were ordered closed on account of the prevalence of scarlet fever and diphtheria. In one family five children died.

At a banquet in New York, tendered by leading citizens to Herbert Spencer, the English philosopher, on the eve of his departure for England, William M. Everts presided and addresses were delivered by Henry Ward Beecher, Carl Schurz and others.

Four tons of powder exploded at the Keen and Lime works, Smith's Basin, N. Y. Dennis Golden and Joseph Cameron, who had charge of the powder house, were blown to fragments, some parts of them being found half a mile distant.

The palatial summer residence of the well-known artist, Mr. Albert Bierstadt, at Irvington, on the Hudson, known as "Malabar," has been laid in ruins by fire. So quickly did the flames spread that not more than a score or so of the many valuable oil paintings in the building could be saved; the remainder, together with many other valuable works of art and curiosities, were reduced to ashes. Mr. Bierstadt estimates his total loss at \$100,000.

A PARADE at Buffalo, and a banquet in Boston, were the methods by which the political Democrats expressed their satisfaction at the election of Governor Cleveland and Butler, both of whom made addresses.

The sea-battle ranging near between Myers, American amateur champion, and George, the English champion, took place in New York and was won by the latter.

A train near Clarksville, Pa., was derailed and the engine, tender, baggage car and two passenger cars were thrown down a gorge thirty feet deep. The engineer was killed, and the fireman seriously hurt.

South and West.

The steamer Isis, while crossing Big Lake George, in Florida, during a heavy gale, foundered while midway across the lake. The chief pilot, fireman, cook and a deck-hand were drowned.

Dresden, Wis., and other places in its vicinity have been well shaken by an earthquake.

Two colored men in jail at Vienna, Va., on the charge of having robbed and attempted to murder an old white man, were taken from confinement by a crowd of men and shot to death.

Danzo a row between whites and blacks at Varnville, S. C., a white policeman was shot dead and four other white men were severely beaten.

AGNES KREMER, of Baltimore, made despondent by the recent death of his wife, cut his throat with a butcher knife.

THOMAS J. NAVIS, ex-mayor of Madison, Mich., who escaped some time ago after forging city bonds, has been arrested at El Paso, Texas.

A PASSENGER train collided with a freight train near Quincy, Ill., and many cars were demolished. A fireman, a brakeman and a passenger were badly hurt.

Two colored brothers—Samuel and Milton Hodges—were hanged at Knoxville, Tenn., for murdering their brother-in-law.

A LOUISVILLE (Ky.) dispatch says that Congressman John G. Carlisle, of Kentucky, has announced himself as a candidate for speaker of the next House of Representatives and that he expects most of the Western Democrats to be for him.

FATHER J. B. O'DONOGHUE, pastor of the Catholic church at Morrow, Ohio, died from the effects of a blow from a monkey wrench, caught at the hands of Timothy Green, a railroad employe. Green declared the priest had denounced his wife as a thief before the congregation.

RECENT measures to suppress polygamy in Utah have been answered by the Mormons at a meeting of the higher priesthood to their compelling every priest and bishop to marry more than one wife or resign. One monogamist resigned his office; the others obeyed the order or pledged themselves to do so.

Show twelve feet deep is reported from the Northwest.

Total number of yellow fever cases at Pensacola, Fla., up to the 11th, 2,723; total number of deaths, 42.

FLAMES destroyed a cabin in Lunenburg county, Va., occupied by a colored family, every member of which was burned to death.

FIRE at Frankfort, Ky., destroyed the Major Opera house, belonging to the city and containing a portion of the city records, and other property.

A DISPATCH from Santa Ana, Cal., says: "Josiah B. Smith, a fisherman, murdered his fourteen-year-old son by cutting his throat. He and his wife are insane on religious subjects, and claim that the Lord commanded the sacrifice."

From Washington.

GENERAL SHERMAN, in his annual report as general of the army, says that the fear of exceeding the limit of 25,000 men, or the difficulty of enlisting men in these prosperous times, has kept the army below what the honor or the necessity of the country demands, and he advises a change of the limit to 30,000. The troops during the transition period on the frontier, he says, have lived in holes in the ground, in houses made of green cottonwood logs, infested by vermin, in temporary shanties, generally without a murmur; but now this battle with poverty is over, or nearly so, and appeals to Congress to confer on the President, the secretary of war, or on a board of general officers, the power to designate the places strategic importance at which to erect suitable permanent buildings for properly quartering the troops. During the year there was a loss to the army by desertion of 3,721 men, and General Sherman advises as a remedy "a more liberal treatment of a good soldier and a more certain punishment of the deserter."

ENGINEER MELVILLE gave to the Jennette board of inquiry, after Lieutenant Danenhauer had concluded his testimony, a detailed account of the life led on the ill-fated steamer during the time that she was imbedded in the Arctic ice.

General statistics concerning petroleum manufactures: On May 31, 1880, there were in the United States eighty-six petroleum manufacturing establishments with an invested capital of \$27,805,716. The amount of crude oil used during the year was 791,933,127 gallons, and the value of manufactured products \$43,703,213.

SECRETARY FOLGER has issued the one hundred and nineteenth call for the redemption of bonds of the five per cent. funded loan of 1881, continued at three and a half per cent. from August 12, 1881.

ENGINEER MELVILLE, in his narrative before the Jennette board of inquiry, said that in the retreat from the vessel Captain De Long selected Mr. Collins for duty on account of his dislodgment of orders.

ANNUAL reports from several Indian district schools have been received. At Hampton, Va., the total attendance during the year was 86, and there are now there 84 pupils—20 girls and 64 boys; at the Forest Grove (Oregon) school there are 91 pupils—64 boys and 27 girls—and at the Carlisle (Pa.) school 188 boys and 102 girls were in attendance at the end of the fiscal year. There were over \$5,000 worth of wagons, harness and shoes made by students during the year. The progress of the students in their studies is regarded as highly satisfactory.

Foreign News.

A FIRE broke out at 12 o'clock at night in the Halifax (N. S.) post office, and the flames leaped from cellar to roof in almost an instant, causing the utter terror and excitement among the 600 inmates, all of whom were asleep. The persons in the lower part of the building were rescued by the firemen, but in the upper wards, far above the roar of the flames, were heard the cries of the patients who were roasting to death. Some were seen to dash themselves against the windows and cling to the sashes until their strength was exhausted and their hands were burned off, and they fell back into the caldron of flames. About thirty-one persons—eight men and twenty-two women—were burned to death.

THIRTY workmen were buried alive by an explosion in a colliery at Derby, England.

A serious riot broke out in a suburb of Vienna, a large crowd of workmen and others, stoning the police and destroying the police station, wounding the commissary in charge. Troops were sent to the scene of disturbance and restored order. Twelve workmen and several of the police were injured, the latter very seriously. Many of the rioters were arrested.

The governor and secretary of state of Tabasco, Mexico, have been murdered.

FOURTY-three lives were lost by the explosion in a mine near Derby, England.

A Spanish cyclone has visited Manila, chief city of the Philippine Islands, doing great damage.

THIRTY are these French generals in the regiment formed by the new bay of Tunis, North Africa.

SEVEN or eight thousand persons are to be helped by a committee to emigrate from the poor districts in Ireland.

At the annual procession in London in honor of the new lord mayor two American flags were carried.

A HALLOWEEN accident in Algeria, North Africa, resulted in the death of ten persons and serious injuries to thirty-six others.

A FATHER and his son were driving a wagon filled with gunpowder in Victoria, British Columbia, when the powder exploded, blowing the wagon and six horses to shreds. Both father and son were terribly mangled, having their clothes torn off, their eyes blown out and limbs fractured, and died soon after in great agony.

DANZON is speech at the new lord mayor's banquet in London Mr. Gladstone said that a new desire is arising among the Irish to seek amelioration of law by peaceful efforts, and he thought the foundations of society in Ireland were now in little danger. He highly praised the conduct of the British forces in Egypt, which he believed would be memorable in history.

THIRTY families, comprising 100 persons, have been evicted from the estate of Isadore Burke, in county Mayo, Ireland.

GENERAL LEON, the commander-in-chief of the Chilean forces of occupation in Peru, has levied a fresh tax of \$5 on certain sections of the Peruvian population.

A VICTORIA (British Columbia) dispatch says that the United States revenue cutter Thomas Corwin has arrived there from Alaska. Before leaving there she shelled and burned an Indian village, killing many of the tribe, who had a number of white prisoners.

A DAUGHTER has been born to the king and queen of Spain.

PATRICK DELANEY, a returned convict, was arrested in Dublin on the charge of wanting to assassinate Judge Lawson. Delaney was discovered approaching the judge with a revolver protruding from his pocket.

Governors Elected.
The following is the list of the governors elected with their estimated majorities or pluralities:

Majority or Plurality	Governor
California.....	Stanford..... 12,000
Colorado.....	Grant..... 20,000
Connecticut.....	Thos. M. Wadler..... 5,000
Delaware.....	Chas. M. Sticker..... 1,500
Florida.....	Geo. W. Gilmer..... 2,000
Massachusetts.....	Benj. F. Butler..... 12,000
Michigan.....	Joseph W. Beaulieu..... 5,000
Nebbraska.....	Geo. W. Fairbank..... 1,200
New York.....	John A. King..... 10,000
Pennsylvania.....	R. E. Pattison..... 20,000
South Carolina.....	H. S. Thompson..... 20,000
Tennessee.....	W. B. Bate..... 10,000
Texas.....	John Ireland..... 80,000
Democratic governors.....	13
Republican governors.....	2

HEALTH HINTS.

To cure carache take a pinch of black pepper, put it in a piece of cotton batting dipped in sweet oil, and place in the ear, tie a bandage round the head, and it will give almost instant relief.

Dr. Denker, of St. Petersburg, treats diphtheria by first giving the patient a laxative, and when its operation has ceased he gives cold drinks acidulated with hydrochloric acid and then a gargle of lime water and hot milk in equal parts every two hours. His method is very successful.

Obstinate cases of rheumatism have been cured by the use of the following: Take every night, till the trouble leaves you, two teaspoonfuls of gunnison, diluted in half a tumbler of water. This is a dose for a grown person. If the stomach is weak, a stimulant, and produces gentle perspiration. If the limbs are affected by it they may be bathed in hot whisky or rum, well seasoned with cayenne pepper.

A Texas Bat Cave.

Western Texas, says a correspondent, abounds in bats, and the collecting and shipping of "bat guano" bids fair to be one of the prominent industries of the State. About twenty miles north of San Antonio is one of these bat caves. The shaft is used only for hoisting out the guano, the entrance, both for man and bat, is at the natural portal in the center of an oak grove. In spite of the odor and the pungent ammonia I climbed half-way down the incline, but the creature looked so uncanny upon a near approach that I was fain to beat a retreat, and stationing myself on a smooth rock, directly over the entrance, awaited as patiently as possible the time when they should see fit to come out.

Suddenly I was aware of a bat gyrating around the bottom of the pit in an irresolute, indefinite, but exceedingly rapid flight. And lo! instead of one there were three of them crossing and recrossing each other's tracks, and then "as quick as a wink" the pit was full of them! A stream of them was pouring from the archway into the bowl, like a stream of water from a sluiceway opening into the bottom of a tank, and like it they whirled around and around in a rapid whirlpool from the left to right, crowding so closely that they hid the rock on the opposite side, flooding the pit higher and higher, until they reached the brim, when they overdrove it at a point just above where I was sitting and poured off between two trees toward the eastward.

At first I was afraid lest some clumsy one might strike me in the face, but I very soon saw that I was in no danger, for, however erratic their motions, they managed to avoid each other in spite of the fact that there were at least three bats to every cubic foot of air in a column full thirty feet in diameter, and all in rapid motion. Possibly they took me for a stump, for, though as the column swayed from side to side, I was at times in the very thick of them, none of them so much as grazed me. The head of the column led off the east and the rest followed in a straight line, though the individual members acted on the principle of "diversity in unity," for they never retained their relative positions for a moment, but snarled themselves up incessantly, while single ones, crazier than their fellows, turned two or three somersaults on their own hook, and even then were sucked back into the current and swept on by it. The whirl of the myriad wings was tremendous! Nothing is more noiseless than the flight of a single bat, but the beating of those thousand wings was like the roar of a tempest! They made no other sound, their shrill squeaking being hushed as they came out of the cave. It was exactly 7:15 o'clock when the first bat appeared; and ten minutes later, when I turned to watch the direction of their flight, the head of the column was lost in the distance. The superintendent told me that often when they have come out early he has marked the column for fully ten miles, still keeping together, and all heading in one direction. Even with a powerful field glass he has never been able to perceive any deviation from the direction, whatever it may be, that they take at starting. Darkness descended while I watched the stream as, with undiminished volume, it poured out of the archway, swirled around and flowed eastward.

Dr. Hawk's Appeal.

Dr. Hawk, an eloquent and popular New York divine, once asked the vestrymen of his church to increase his salary because of his increased family expenses.

"Don't trouble yourself," said the vestryman, "the Lord has said He will care for the young ravens when they cry."

"I know that," said the clergyman, "but nothing is said about the young Hawks."—Hour.

The coffee plants sent to Manatee county, Fla., from Cuba are growing finely.

The Richmond (Va.) State writes: Ex-Mayor J. A. Gentry, Manchester, this State, was cured of rheumatism by St. Jacobs Oil.

France has had 10,000 murders in the last twenty-five years, and also had 9,230 executions of murderers.

We know from experience St. Jacobs Oil will cure rheumatism.—Peoria (Ill.) Peorian.

The "wide awake" and the "fish wife poke" are the first favorites in large hats for little people.

A Fatal Mistake would be not to take Dr. V. Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery" if you are bilious, suffering from impure blood, or fearing consumption (consumptive disease of the lungs). Sold by all druggists.

The title of "Commander" has been introduced into the German fleet. It will sign the commander of a station.

Dr. Pierce's "Pleasant Purgative Pellets" are sugar-coated and incased in glass bottles, their virtues being preserved unimpaired for use in any climate, so that they are always fresh and reliable. No cheap wooden or pasteboard boxes. By druggists.

The grand staircase in the new Hotel de Ville, of Paris, will have 100 steps of Carrara marble, each of which will cost \$20.

Functional derangement of the female system is quickly cured by the use of Dr. R. V. Pierce's "Favorite Remedy." It restores pain, restores health and strength. By all druggists.

TWELVE hundred head of sheep sold in England for \$16,800, the highest price on record at a large sale.

MENSAH'S PEPPERONED BEEF TONGUE, the only preparation of beef containing its entire nutritious properties. It contains blood-making, force-generating and life-sustaining properties; invaluable for indigestion, dyspepsia, nervous prostration, and all forms of general debility, also, in all debilitated conditions, whether the result of colds, nervous prostration, overwork or senile disease, particularly if resulting from pulmonary complaints. Caswell, Hazard & Co., Proprietors, N. Y. Sold by druggists.

The Fraser & Neave is the best and most economical and cheapest, one box lasting as long as two of any other. One pressing will last two weeks. It received first premium at the Centennial and Paris Expositions, also medals at various State fairs. Buy no other.

The successful man has many imitators in his line of business, but there is only one original. So, also, the great petroleum hair restorer, Carboline, as now improved and perfected, holds the palm against all imitators.

"Rough on Rats." Clears out rats, mice, flies, roaches, bed-bugs, ants, vermin. 15c. MOTHER SWAN'S WOMB STRENGTHENER. Cleanses, restores, renews. Price 25c. No. 1. No. 2. No. 3. No. 4. No. 5. No. 6. No. 7. No. 8. No. 9. No. 10. No. 11. No. 12. No. 13. No. 14. No. 15. No. 16. No. 17. No. 18. No. 19. No. 20. No. 21. No. 22. No. 23. No. 24. No. 25. No. 26. No. 27. No. 28. No. 29. No. 30. No. 31. No. 32. No. 33. No. 34. No. 35. No. 36. No. 37. No. 38. No. 39. No. 40. No. 41. No. 42. No. 43. No. 44. No. 45. No. 46. No. 47. No. 48. No. 49. No. 50. No. 51. No. 52. No. 53. No. 54. No. 55. No. 56. No. 57. No. 58. No. 59. No. 60. No. 61. No. 62. No. 63. No. 64. No. 65. No. 66. No. 67. No. 68. No. 69. No. 70. No. 71. No. 72. No. 73. No. 74. No. 75. No. 76. No. 77. No. 78. No. 79. No. 80. No. 81. No. 82. No. 83. No. 84. No. 85. No. 86. No. 87. No. 88. No. 89. No. 90. No. 91. No. 92. No. 93. No. 94. No. 95. No. 96. No. 97. No. 98. No. 99. No. 100.

OWN pair of boots saved every year by using Lyon's Patent Metal Hoop Stiffeners.

The Science of Life or Self-Preservation, a medical work for every man, young, middle-aged or old. 325 invaluable prescriptions.

TWENTY-FOUR HOURS TO LIVE.
From John Kuhn, Lafayette, Ind., who announces that he is now in "perfect health," we have the following: "One year ago I was, to all appearances, in the last stage of Consumption. Our best physicians gave me up. I finally got so low that our doctor said I could not live twenty-four hours. My friends then purchased a bottle of DR. WM. HALL'S BALM FOR THE LUNGS, which considerably benefited me. I continued until I took nine bottles. I am now in perfect health, having used no other medicine."

DR. J. C. KELLINGER'S LINIMENT is an invaluable cure for Rheumatism, Sprains, Lamebacks, and Diseases of the Neck, and for promoting the growth of the hair.

THE MARKETS.

Beef cattle, good to prime 1 1/2	7 1/2 @ 10 1/2
Cows, com'n to prime values	7 1/2 @ 10 1/2
Sheep.....	4 1/2 @ 5 1/2
Lamb.....	4 1/2 @ 5 1/2
Dressed, city.....	8 1/2 @ 9 1/2
Flour—No. 1, best, good to fancy	4 1/2 @ 5 1/2
Wheat—No. 1, Red.....	1 09 @ 1 10
Wheat—No. 2, Red.....	1 09 @ 1 10
Rye—State.....	72 @ 75
Corn—Mixed Western.....	35 @ 40
Corn—Ungrad, West, mixed.....	35 @ 40
Yellow Southern.....	35 @ 40
Oats—White State.....	22 @ 23
Hay—Med. to Ch. Timothy.....	85 @ 90
Straw—No. 1, Rye.....	40 @ 45
Mixed Western.....	40 @ 45
Lard—City Scales.....	22 @ 23
Petroleum—Grade.....	7 1/2 @ 7 3/4
Butter—State Creamery.....	35 @ 38
Dairy.....	16 @ 23
West. Im. Creamery.....	20 @ 21
Factory.....	15 @ 16
Cheese.....	2 @ 6
Skims.....	2 @ 6
Western.....	2 @ 6
Eggs—Small and Fresh.....	20 @ 25
Potatoes—State lbs.....	2 00 @ 2 25

Sheep—Good to Choice.....	5 50 @ 6 00
Lamb—Western.....	4 50 @ 5 25
Sheep—Western.....	3 50 @ 4 00
Hogs—Good to Choice Yorks.....	6 00 @ 6 50
Corn—High Mixed.....	35 @ 40
Wheat—No. 1, Hard Duluth.....	1 15 @ 1 19
Corn—No. 2, Mixed.....	70 @ 77
Corn—No. 2, Mixed Western.....	40 @ 41
Hogs—Two-rowed State.....	78 @ 80

Beef—Ex. plate and family.....	17 50 @ 18 00
Hogs—Live.....	85 @ 90
City.....	11 1/2 @ 11 3/4
Pork—Ex. Prime, per bbl.....	21 00 @ 21 10
Flour—Spring Wheat patents.....	25 @ 30
Corn—High Mixed.....	35 @ 40
Oats—Extra White.....	25 @ 30
Rye—State.....	80 @ 85
Wool—Comb and delaine, No. 1.....	40 @ 45
Washed.....	25 @ 30

Waterbury (Mass.) CATTLE MARKET.	
Beef—Extra quality.....	7 50 @ 8 00
Lamb.....	5 00 @ 5 50
Hogs—Northern, d. w.....	10 @ 11

Flour—Penn. extra family, good.....	5 25 @ 5 70
Wheat—No. 2, Red.....	1 10 @ 1 10 1/2
Rye—State.....	70 @ 70
Corn—State Yellow.....	62 @ 62
Corn—High Mixed.....	62 @ 62
Butter—Creamery Extra Pa.....	31 @ 31
Cheese—N. Y. Full Cream.....	12 1/2 @ 13
Petroleum—Refined.....	7 1/2 @ 7 3/4

Flour—Penn. extra family, good.....	5 25 @ 5 70
Wheat—No. 2, Red.....	1 10 @ 1 10 1/2
Rye—State.....	70 @ 70
Corn—State Yellow.....	62 @ 62
Corn—High Mixed.....	62 @ 62
Butter—Creamery Extra Pa.....	