consumed. While several persons were inside the church ruins one of the walls suddenly toppled upon them, killing Judge John R. Varney, of the police court, and injuring a

number of other persons, several with fatal Jungs Brooks gave a decision at Cambridge, Mass., which materially affects several bequests in the will of Henry W. Longfellow.

The decision is that erasures which occur are to be considered no part of the will, and also that the interlineations are of no effect. This deprives each of the children of the testator's brother of a legacy of \$1,000, and makes void the legacy of \$5,000 to his brother Stephen. The decision is based upon the ground that a will cannot be altered except by a codicil. THE smallpox opidemic at South Bethlehem

Pa., has not yet been stamped out, there being ten new cases and three deaths from that disease reported within a week.

A GREAT will contest is in progress at Philadelphia among the relatives of the late William Cameron, who cannot agree as to the manner in which he disposed of \$1,500,000.

The ocean steamer Alaska has just made trip from New York to Queenstown in seven days and twenty-six minutes. This is said to be the quickost voyage ever made between New York and Great Britain.

SERVICES commemorative of the late Ralph Waldo Emerson were held Sunday in all the Unitarian churches of Boston.

Fine at Pittsburg, Pa., destroyed the principal part of the court-house, causing a loss of many valuable records and an estimated pe cuniary damage of \$200,000. A fireman and boy were killed by falling debris.

South and West. THREE colored men-Pleasant Adams, Joe

Burton and Richard Bates-were hanged at Greenville, S. C., for setting on fire the Academy of Music in that place in December, 1879. ONE of the boilers on the steamer Marion, used in cleaning out the Wateree river, South Carolina, exploded with terrible effect. She had on board a plenie party of about forty persons. Miss Minnie Henry was instantly killed; Misses Mattie and Nannie Henry and Orville Stiles were missing and supposed to be drowned; Thomas Richardson (colored), one of the crew, was drowned and five other persons were injured.

THE corner-stone of the National Mining and Industrial Exposition building was formally laid at Denver, Col., by Governor Pitkin. Th exposition will open August 1.

Two companies of the Sixth United States cavalry, commanded by Captain Tupper, have had a severe fight with the Indians in Arizona under Chief Loco. The Indians lost twelve or fifteen of their number, and the troops had one man killed and several wounded.

An extraordinary scene occurred in the Illinois legislature during the debate in the house on the redistricting act. Representative Parrish called Representative Herrington a liar, and was promptly knocked down. Parrish was dragged out and the blood washed from his face. Herrington then apologized to the House, but Parrish on returning to his deak denounced Herrington as a brute and a coward.

HOBACE MAYNARD, postmaster-general under Hayes, and at one time United States minister at Constantinople, died suddenly the other day at Knoxville, Tenn., of heart disease, aged sixty-eight years.

A CHICAGO daily paper publishes reports from Nebraska, Minnesota, Wisconsin, Illinois, Kansas and other States indicating excellent crops despite the cold and a backward spring.

A DISPATCH received at Santa Fe, New Mexico states that a column of Mexican troops under command of Colonel Garcia met the Indians whom Colonel Forsyth had been pursuing through Arizona, killed seventy-eight of them

A satoon at Cedarville. Ohio, was blown up by unknown parties with dynamite. The saloon keeper and his family narrowly escaped death. THE Indian troubles in Arizona have sub-

sided. In the fight on the border between the Mexicans, under General Garcia, and Loco's band, the Indians lost seventy-eight killed and all their stock. Loco himself was killed and thirty-three Indians taken prisoners. The Mexicans' loss is said to be twenty-seven killed and wounded. A careful summary shows a total of 141 whites and Mexicans killed by Indians during the outbreak, 500 head of stock killed and captured and over \$75,000 worth of property destroyed.

CAPTAIN TUPPER and his troops have had a second encounter in New Mexico with the Indians, willing forry and recapturing stock. Tupper's loss was one killed and one wounded.

HENRY HEWLETT, the oldest engineer in Florida, was killed and a colored fireman was badly injured in a collision between two trains near Jacksonville.

FIFTHEN acres of the city of Racine, Wis. have been destroyed by fire. The burnt district comprised seven blocks and included over forty-four buildings and more than ten million feet of lumber. The losses aggregate about \$750,000. That part of the city which is in ashes was the oldest and least ornamental, being largely composed of inferior buildingswith here and there a fine one.

THE coal miners' strike in the Cumberland (Md.) region still continues, about three thousand men having been idle there for the past two months.

NEAR Leona, Kansas, a farmer's wife shot her husband and then killed herself because she believed the former was going to disinherit

their son. From Washington

The secretary of the treasury has issued the 113th call for the redemption of bonds of the loan of July 17 and August 5, 1861, continued at 31% per cent. from July 1, 1881.

FURTHER confirmations by the Senate Adam Badeau, of New York, to be consul-general at Havana; Henry Slaght, of New York, consul at Prescott; J. P. Wickersham, of Pennsylvania, charge d' affaires to Denmark.

THE President decided to put down the Indian outbreak in Arizona as soon as possible, and has instructed the secretary of war to take prompt and vigorous measures to that end. Orders were issued for additional troops to proceed to the scene of the trouble in Arizons, and aid the troops there in preventing further acts of violence and bringing the hostiles to speedy justice.

the national debt decrease dur	nng April :
PrincipalInterest	\$1,945,526,809 03
Total Total cash in the treasury DEBT LESS CASH IN THE	\$1,957,425,179 08 245,574,580 47
May 1, 1882	\$1,711,850,598 61 1,726,266,422 35

Decrease of debt during Decrease of debt since June 30, 1881..... 128,748,213 37

THE following are the government's receipts for April, 1882, as compared with those of April, 1881:

Internal revenue..... 11,996,375 Miscellaneous...... 4,884,262 2,369,119 Total.....\$34,743,473 \$31,250,100

Tur President has issued a proclamation or ering the Arizons cowboys to disperse,

A PARTY of revivalists went to the jail where Juiteau is confined and held services for the cenefit of the assassin. During the service of song and prayer Guiteau is reported to have wept like a child," and after the revivalists had gone the assassin sat in a corner of his cell for some time with bowed head.

THE Senate in executive session confirmed he following nominations: Alfred C. Coxe, of New York, to be district judge for the Northern district of New York; Samuel Spackman, of Philadelphia, Pa., to be United States consul at Cologno; John S. Wise, of Virginia, to be United States attorney for the Eastern district of Virginia,

SECRETARY CHANDLER has received the fol owing dispatch from Lieutenant R. M. Berry. commander of the United States steamer Rodgers, which was sent out in search of the lost Jeannette. This is the first communication that has been received since the news of the burning of the Rodgers was carried across Siberia by Mr. Gilder: "Rodgers destroyed by fire, originating in the forehold, November 30. Efforts to save ship unavailing. People landed safe with difficulty through young ice. Now quartered in natives' houses. Little clothing. One month's provisions saved. Native food abundant. No fear of starving. Bearer dispatched en route." The dispatch is dated redni Kolymsk, Siberia.

REAR ADMIRAL JOHN RODGERS died at his residence, on Georgetown Heights the other vening, aged seventy years. He had been for a number of years superintendent of the Naval

THE President has approved the act to pronote the efficiency of the life-saving service.

PRESIDENT ARTHUR issued an order remit ing that portion of the sentence of General Fitz John Porter which incapacitated him from holding any office of trust or profit under the government of the United States. This order exhausts the President's powers in the case and removes all legal obstacles to congressional action. Although the order does not restore General Porter to his former rank in the army gives him the full rights of citizenship.

Foreign News.

HANLAN, the Canadian carsman, has won nother rowing match on the Thames, easily defeating Trickett, the Australian. TREMENDOUS snow storms have occurred in

the Alps, and an earthquake shock has been felt in the Canton of Valais. THE Middlesborough (England) ironworkers

have struck for an increase of wages. Many thousand hands are affected by the strike.

The policy of coercion hitherto pursued by the British government toward Ireland has seen formally abandoned. In the house of ords Earl Granville, secretary of state for oreign affairs, announced the resignation of Mr. W. E. Forster, chief secretary for Ireland. and the intention of the government to release the three imprisoned members of parliament, but added that the reconsideration of other cases lid not extend to the case of Michael Davitt. The government had no new policy to offer, but oereion would not be renewed, and the quesion of the arrears of rents and the Bright lauses of the land act would be dealt with. Mr. Forster resigned because he could not agree with the new policy of the government. Mr. Gladstone in the house of commons made an announcement similar to that of Earl Grauville in the house of lords. Mr. Gladstone said that a large number of other suspects would be released, and that the covernment instead of renewing the coercion act, would introduce a measure remedying the dministration of justice in Ireland, but made he special reservation that if peace and security should be jeopardized by the action of secret societies the government would consider it its duty to propose counteracting measures. Mr. Sexton, at the conclusion of Mr. Gladstone's remarks, arose and said that the government had taken the first step in a policy hat would crown its administration with glory and would produce ties of mutual interest be tween Ireland and England.

Seven thousand Jewish families are about to cave Russia and sottle in Palestine. SEVEN persons were killed by an explosion in

colliery near Leeds, England. THE French, after an hour's bombardment aptured Ha Nol, the largest city of Cochin

Ex-Empress Ecoenie was mobbed and coted on her way to the railway station at

Lyons, France. Messas. Parnell. Dillon and O'Kelly were reeased from Kilmainham jail. Five "sus-

ects" were also unconditionally released from the Nans jail. An exodus of Jews from all parts of Russia has begun.

THREE ladies, members of the Tralee (Ireand) land league, have been arrested and in lefault of bail sentenced to six months' imrisonment.

Mn. Pannell, in an interview, expresse imself as satisfied that the change in the British government's policy indicates a desire to abandon coercion if the state of Ireland should be materially improved.

LIEUTENANT DANENHOWER, of the lost Jeannette, had an interview with the emperor and empress of Russia at St. Petersburg. The hentenant and party were lionized to a coniderable extent at the Russian capital.

MESSES, Parnell, Dillon and O'Kelly, the cleased Irish land league leaders, have returned to their seats in parliament. LORD FREDERICK CAVENDISH has been ap-

pointed successor to Mr. Forster as chief secretary of Ireland. A MAN and two of his children were drowned

ogether by breaking through the ice on a lake which they were attempting to cross near Ottawa, Ont.

EL MEHDI, a false prophet, has organized a and with 8,000 followers threatened Khartoum, the capital of Soudan,

SEVERAL severe sarthquake shocks have been felt in Grenada, Spain.

The Streets of Venice. Many persons are under a great misapprehension as to the means of transit or locomotion in Venice. It is a mis- on in the evening she was compelled take to suppose that there are no streets, to take to her bed with a sharp attack and that it is absolutely necessary to of neuralgia. An even more distressing go from place to place by gondols. It result ensued from this surfeit of tender is true that three bridges—the Rialto endearment, for it led to the breaking bridge of the middle ages, and two The following is the treasury statement of modern iron bridges-span the Grand canal which divides the city in equal should keep this sad tale in mind and halves; it is true that the city is built upon 117 islands, intersected by 150 small canals and 2,480 passages; but almost every one of the water streets have a quay or foot-path bordering it, while 400 bridges unite island to island, so that it is quite tains, a cave has been discovered which possible to go to every part of the city is one of the greatest wonders of Arion foot. There is not in all the world a zona Territory. It is of unknown promora difficult place for the traveler, portions, having never been explored, guided only by the "light of nature," to find a given spot. That spot may be that causes the wonder of beholders is only a few hundred yards away, but to the fact that a strong current of air reach it he may have to cross half a rushes into the cave of sufficient force dozen bridges, some leading to the to draw into the Plutonian depths all right, and some to the left, and tra- light articles placed near the entrance. verse as many squares, of which there are 396—127 larger squares and 269 may be heard 200 yards away from the running down, it is time for him to smaller squares. opening.

De Long and His Companions.

In a dispatch from Irkutsk, Siberia, to the navy department, Engineer Melville announces that he has found the bodies of Lieutenant-Commander De Long, of the Jeannette, and his men, with all their papers and books. He will continue the search for Lieutenant Chipp and the seven man who wave with him. De his men, with all their papers and books. He will continue the search for Lieutenant Chipp and the seven men who were with him. De Long landed with thirteen men. One died soon after and two others were sent forward for relief and were saved. Of the thirty-three officers and men of the Jeannette, only thirteen are known to have been saved. Mr. Melville's dispatch is as follows:

LENA DELTA, March 24.—Found De Long and party dead. Found all papers and books. Continue search for Chipp.

Another dispatch, sent by Mr. Jackson, special correspondent of the New York Herald, on his way north to the mouth of the Lona, eays.

"A Cossack cestafetto (special express) has just arrived here with dispatches bringing the news that the bodies of Captain De Long and ten men have been found all in one spot."

The Jeannette, which had been known as the Pandora, started from San Francisco on July 8, 1879, under command of Lieutenant De Long. The disastrous result of the expedition was first known by a dispatch from Irkutsk received in London, December 21, announcing that the Jeannette had been crushed in the tee on June 23. After this the crew took refuge in three beats. The first cutter as read I long.

ceived in London, December 21, annonning that the Jeannette had been crushed in the tee on June 23. After this the crew took refuge in three boats. The first cutter carried Lieutenant George W. De Long, the commander of the Jeannette; Dr. James M. Ambler, Jerome Collins, William Ninderman, Louis Noros, Hans Erickson, Henry Knack, Adolph Dressler, Carl Gortz, Waiter Lee, Nells Iversen, George Boyd and the two menknown as Alexia and Ah Lorn. The second cutter contained Lieutenant Charles W. Chipp, Capiain William Dunbar, Alfred Sweetman, Henry Warren, Peter Johnson, Edward Story Shawell and Albert Kalhue. In the whale-boar were the engineer, George W. Melville, Lieutenant J. W. Danenhower, Jack Cole, James Bartlett, Raymond Newbomb, Herbert Leach, George Laudertack, Henry Wilson, Manson, Aniquin and Long Sing. The three boats were separated in a gale at night. Engineer Melville and his companions succeeded in entering the mouth of the Lens on September 17. Ninderman and Norae arrived at Boloenga on October 29 to ask for relief for the crew of the first stater whom they reported to be in the etober 29 to ask for relief for the crew of the October 29 to ass for refer for the crew of the first cuttor whom they reported to be in the greatest danger of starvation and badly frozen. No news was at any time received of the fate of Lieutenant Chipp's command. Immediately after Ninderman and Noras had brought in the news that Lieutenant De Long's party were at the northern mouth of the Lens Delta expeditions to succor them were

Another account of the expedition says: The Jeannette sailed from San Francisco at 3 r. x. on July 8, 1879, and entered the ice near Her-ald island in september. From that time until June 12, 1881 (when she was crushed) she drift-June 12, 1881 (when she was crushed) she drifted helplessly. At the end of the first five months the ship was only five mines from the place where she had entered the ice. During this time the Jeannette had drifted over an immense area, approaching and recoding from the 180th meridian. The ship continued to drift in this way until June 11, 1881, the general movement being to northwest. On that day the ship was in latitude 77 degrees, 13 minutes and 45 seconds north and longitude 185 degrees, 45 onds north, and longitude 155 degrees, 46

ninutes and 30 seconds east.
At 12:10 a. M. of June 12 the ice suddenly pened alongside the ship, but some hours ater the ice again closed upon and crushed ter. The ship was then abandoned, and about her. The ship was then abandoned, and about 4 o'clock on June 13 she sank to the bottom. Four days later the crew began the retreat on five sleds. The party trave'ed slowly, and at the end of the first week it, was found that the drift to the northwest had been twenty-seven miles in excess of the march southward. On June 27 the party reached Bonnett island, and remained there until August 4, spending the time in making explorations. Koltenol island was reached on September 6, and on September 10 the party landed on Simenth island. Two days later the led on Simontki island. Two days later the tree busts steel to the southward, but when thin about fifty miles of the mainland they ere separated during a gale. De Long's boat landed at the mouth of the

orthwestern branch of the Lena, near Upper ilun, September 17, and on the same day elville's party entered the east branch of the Chipp's boat has never been heard Melville met three natives on Septem-and seven days later he reached Bukoff. His party was much exhausted. On Oc-ober 29 he heard that Noras and Ninderman, of De Long's party, had been bound, and on November 2 he saw them at found, and on November 2 he saw them at Bulau. From them he learned that De Long and his men had made their way to Sisteranek, there the nen were in an exhausted condition on October 9, and were without food. Molville immediately started northward again with two natives, and explored the Long Delta in search of De Long, He returned to Bulam November 22, without having found any trace of De Thoug, except a few r.c.rds written before Ninderman and Noras were sent forward f r relief. His journey would have been continued had not his provisions given out. His recond excelling

growisions given out. His second expedition to the Lena Delta began on January 27, 1882, which he left Yakutek fully prepared for an exembol search. He book with him Barllett and Ninderman of the Jeannette crew, while Lieumant Dane h wr traveled si wly southward with nine other survivors. th nine other survivors. Lieuvenant De Long was a native of New And enant De Long was a native of New York city, where he was born in 1844. He went into the may as midshipman in 1861, was use is licutemast in 1869, and navigator on the funnata in 1873. Mrs. De Long is now at Burrington, Iowa, where her only child, a laughter, has been sick.

Nearly Kissed Themselves to Death. Osculation is unquestionably a pleas ing pursuit. It has been recognized assuch from time immemorial, by generations unnumbered of lovers, poets and even philosophers. There are doubtless, at the present moment, in this and in other countries, many enamored swains who ask no better than to be permitted to imprint "ten thousand kisses," one after another, upon the lips of the damsels on whom they have bestowed their affections. They may, however, esteem themselves fortunate if their opportunities in this direction are somewhat limited, as the following true story will show: At an evening party in Kelkheim, a few weeks ago, the conversation happened to turn upon kissing, and the question arose how many salutations of this class could be exchanged between two ardent lovers within a certain space of time. As usual, opinions differed, and the discussion waxed warm. Presently a flery youth offered to bot anybody present the German equivalent of a ten-pound note that he and his betrothed would kiss one another 10,000 times within ten hours, provided they were permitted to partake of some slight refresh ment at intervals of half an hour during the performance. His wager having been accepted and the money posted, revolt against Egypt in Darfur and Kordotan | the afflanced couple addressed themselves to the achievement of their congenial task. At the expiration of the first hour their account stood credited with two thousand kisses. During the second they added another thousand and during the third seven hundred and fifty to that number. Then, pitiful to state, they both broke down. The youth's lips were stricken with cramp, and the maiden fainted away. Later off, by mutual consent, of a hopeful matrimonial engagement. Young lovers

moderate their transports, for, strange as it may seem, Dan Cupid himself may be kissed to death.—London Telegraph.

Where the Storms Hide. Near Wisconsin, in the Sunset moun and the phenomenon connected with it Forty-Seventh Congress --- Senate.

Mr. Saunders spoke on his joint resoluti

Mr. Saunders spoke on his joint resolution proposing a civil service reform amendment to the Constitution... The bill to establish a court of appeals was considered and explained... The bill to repeal the discrimination against the appointment of ex-Confederates in the army of the United States was further discussed... Mr. Edmunds, by instruction of the committee on the judiciary, reported that the President has power to use the army to preserve order in the Territories.

A bill was passed giving twelve condemned cast-iron cannon to the Morton Menumental association of Indians... The bill adjusting the accounts of Collector Pollock, of Philadelphia, with reference to tax stamps, was passed... The motion to refer to the judiciary committee the bill removing the disqualifications of ex-Confederates was defeated... Bills were passed appropriating \$175,000 for a public building at Quincy, Ill., and \$250,000 for a public building at Peoria, Ill... A bill was introduced proposing an amendment to the Constitution prohibiting any denial or abridgement of suffrage on account of sex.

The House amendment to this bill for the sale of the Miami Indian lands in Kansas was concurred in and the bill passed... The librare throughout the United States... Mr. V orhees introduced a resolution to appoint a committee the ascertain whether any corrupt or improper influences have been brought to bear on any member of the 'emate in regard to the whisky bill... There was a debate on the bill repealing the statute prohibiting the appointment of ex-Confederates in the army or navy.

The bill repealing disqualification for army service imposed upon ex-Confederates came up

Confederates in the army or navy.

The bill repealing disqualification for army service imposed upon ex-Confederates came up in order, when Mr. Rollins' pending motion to commit it to the judiciary committee prevailed by a party vote—yeas 29, navs 28, Mr. Davis, of Illinois, voting yea with the Re ublicans. Mr. Mahone also voted yea...Mr. Hawley reported a resolution which had been agreed a resolution which had been agreed when by the committee on civil service reform. upon by the committee on civil service reform, proposing an appropriation of \$23,000 to enable the President to promote efficiency in the different branches of the civil service.

different branches of the civil service.

Mr. Windom's resolution to appoint a committee to investigate whether say money has been raised to influence action on the whisky bill, and if so, for what uses the money has been expended, was adopted... The bill authorizing an increase in the naval service of ive hundred men was further discussed. It was contended the was contended that the men were required to man the ships now in commission, and that the want of them was a serious drawback to he navy. The bill went over without action

House. Bills were passed appropriating sums aggregating \$1,450,000 for the erection of public buildings at Detroit, Jackson, Tenn., Denver, Col., Greensbore, N. C., Council Binffs, Iowa, Lynchburg, Va., Peoria, Ill., and Galveston, Tex... Bills introduced: By Mr. Gibson, for the appointment of a commission of three engineers from the army to determine the best route for ship canals to connect the lakes with engineers from the army to determine the best route for ship canals to connect the lakes with the Mississippi river and to connect the Atlantic with the Gulf of Mexico across Florida, and appropriating \$250,000 for expenses. By Mr. Curv. of Arizona, to transfer the bureau of Indian affairs from the interior to the war department. By Mr. Haskell, to amend the anti-polygamy act. It fixes the date of election, and provides that in prosecutions for polyvamy or bigamy no person shall ons for polygamy or bigamy no person shall incompetent as a witness by reason of any eremony of marriage between the wirness and ceremony of marriage between the winess and the acoused person, or because they have lived tegether, and that the act of the legislature of Utah incorporating the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints be annulled.

Diplomatic correspondence touching the con-dition of Israelites in Russia was received from the President...The Senate amendments to the Chinese bill were concurred in by the

the Chinese bill were concurred in by the House.

A bill was reported to allow the military forces of the United States to be employed as a posse comitatus to assist the civil an horities within any Territors of the United States to execute the laws therein, when requested by the governor of such Territory... Bills were reported to increase the efficiency of the rignal corps of the army; to authorize the consolidation of railroad companies in the Territories of the United States; authorizing the secretary of war to creek at Washington's headquarters at Newburg N. Y., a memorial column, and to aid in defia ing the expenses of quarters at Aswoung N. Y., a memorial col-umn, and to sid in defiaring the expenses of the centernal colobration to be held in that city in 1883, and for the relief of Benjamin Holliday. Senate amendments were con-curred in to the House bill granting condemned cannon to the Morton Monament association. The Speaker Inid before the House a com-

murication from the secretary of the navy, in response to the House resolution calling for information relative to the condition of the navy. Its most important feature is a tabu-lated statement showing the estimated time and cost which would be required to make each vessel in the navy efficient to engage in at le with an enemy of the same e bat le with an enemy of the same general classi-fication. Omitting those whose hulls are con-sidered unfit for repairing, there are sixty-three vessels included in the list, of which thirty-three are reported as "efficient for im-mediate use." To repair and put in condition the remaining thirty it is estimated will cost \$3,173,000, and the time necessary for that purpose is variously estimated at from two to eighteen months—eighteen months being the estimated time required on five of the vessels. estimated time required on five of the vessels. The communication also embodies a detailed statement of the cost of repairs on vessels since 1865, the total being \$23,075,000, and the total t of vessels in the navy is set down at \$72,-

The tariff commission bill was passed by a The tarin commission on was passed by a vote of 151 year to 85 nays, six Republicans voting in the negative and twenty-seven Democrats and six Greenbackers voting in the affirmative. The bill as passed enacts that a commission of nine persons, to be known as the "Tariff Commission," shall be appointed by the President from civil life; that "it shall be the duty of said commission take into by the President from civil life; that "it shall be the duty of said commission to take into consideration and to thoroughly investigate all the various questions relating to the agricultural, commercial, mercantile, manufacturing, mining and industrial interests of the United States so far as the same may be necessary to the establishment of a judicious tariff, or a revision of the existing tariff upon a scale of judice to all interests; and for the purpose of fully examining the matters which may come before it, said commission, in the prosecution of its inquiries, commission, in the prosecution of its inquiries, is empowered to visit such different portions and sections of the country as it may deem advisable, and that said commission shall report the result of its investigations not later than the first Monday in December, 1882."

Heard in a rural village: "What, no supper at your house to-night? Are you all sick?" "Oh, no; we are all well, and as hungry as bears; but you es we have a donation party at our minister's to-night, and we are merely saving up our appetites—that's all."

Kansas Praising It. "While I was in Topeka last winter," said the Hon. Arthur Edgington, "I had a pretty rough time of it I got a bad cold, and then, that not being sufficiently severe, I was also attacked with rheumatism. The pain was in my left shoulder. At times I almost writhed in agony. I tell you, sir, that the pain could not have been greater had my shoulder been screwed up in a vise. I was utterly helpless, and felt like I was destined to remain in that condition indefinitely. My friends and a physician were generous in their prescriptions and my room soon became a miniature apothecary shop But nothing did me any good. One day some one told me I was enduring a great deal of needless pain when I could vest fifty cents in a bottle of St. Jacobs Oil and be cured. I invested in a bottle of the Oil, rubbed it on my shoulder twice, and in two days forgot that I ever had rheumatism. Yes, that is a great remedy, and no mistake . They can't say too much in favor of its healing power."

The above was uttered by Mr. Edgington while sitting on the porch of the La Gonda house, at Columbus, the other evening, and was overheard by an escaped reporter, who is traveling over the country incog. In-quiry developed the fact that Mr. Edging-ton is one of the most widely known men in Kansas, figuring prominently in politics, and acting as the responsible agent of the Bradstreet Commercial Agency. Upon subsequently making Mr. Edgington's acquaintance the reporter was assured that all he had heard was true, and he was at liberty to use it in the papers .- [Oawego (Kan.) Democrat.

think of winding it up.

The St. Paul (Minn.) Globe, observes: "Things had gone wrong with him, and he wanted to die; yet he had the whole house darting around mighty lively, so we heard, hunting for the St. Jacobs Oil bottle, when the first twinge of rheumatism gathered him up.

"I don't believe there's going to be much of a war in Europe, after all," said Job Shuttle, as he threw his papers aside. "War in Europe, a great sight!" said the wife of his frugal board. "But there'll be war right here in this house, if you bring any more friends here to dine when I don't have anything but picked up codfish on the table." There was an immediate disbursement of funds for larder supplies.

THE MASON & HAMLIN Co.-At Milan, Italy, they have recently had a Musical Industrial Exhibition and Competition, under royal patronage; at which were collected and compared, during a period of several months, the largest number and greatest variety of musical instruments, old and new, ever brought together. America was honored in the award to the Mason & Hamlin Organ Company of the highest medal, and the only one in this department. Considering that 250 awards were given, altogether, this distinction was very marked. It is a continuation of the triumphs of these famous organ makers at every one of the World's Fairs for fourteen years; to which there has een no exception .- The Manhattan.

Said the lecturer-"The reads up these mountains are too steep and rocky for even a donkey to climb; therefore I did not attempt the ascent.

Dn. R. V. Pience: Dear Sir-Last fall my daughter was in a decline and everybody thought she was going into the consumption. I got her a bottle of your "Favorite Prescription," and iterred her. Mns. Many Hinson. Of all drugs ists. Montrose, Kan.

From three to six presses are kept constantly running on Webster's quarto dictionary is order to supply the demand, which is in excess of 30,000 copies yearly.

Weak lungs, spitting of blood, consumption, n.i. hindred affections, cured without phy-ician. Address for treatise, with two stamps, Voltal's Despensant Medical Association, Buff do, N. Y.

THE queen imposes a fine of ten oven and £2 on any person in Madagascar who manufactures alcoholic beverages. The natives drink a sort of "toddy."

The New World's Dispensary and Invalids' Hotel at Buffalo, N. Y., is now completed and ready to receive patients. Oven 7,000 persons in New York city have sermits to carry concealed weapons, but by the new criminal code all permits are revoked.

Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure. The most prosperous English tradesmen are aid to be butchers, milliners and photographers.

MENSMAN'S PERTONIZED BERF TONIC, the only preparation of beef containing its earlier nutritious properties. It contains blood-making, force generating and life-sustaining properties; invaluable for indigestion, dyspepsia, nervous prostration, and all forms of general debility; also, in all enfeebled conditions, whether the result of exhaustion, nervous prostration, overwork or acute disease, particularly if resulting from rulescours complaints. Courtel Hazard from pulmonary complaints. Caswell, Hazard & Co., proprietors, New York. Sold by druggists. On Thirty Days' Trint.
The Voltaic Belt Co., Marshall, Mich., will send their Electro-Voltaic Belts and other Elec-

tric Appliances on trial for thirty days to any person afflicted with Nervous Debility, Lost Vitality, and kindred troubles, guaranteeing omplete restoration of vigor and manhood. Address as above without delay P. S. - No risk is incurred, as 30 days' trial i

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THE MARKETS.

Calves—Com'n to Choice Veals. Sheep Lambs

Н	Lamba 7 @ 8	114
1		-
1		1
1	Lifewood, City,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	ě
П		0
Ϊ	Western, good to choice 5 90 @ 9 00	3
ú	Wheat—No. 2 Red, new 1 49 @ 1 50	
Н	No. 1 White, new 1 45 @ 1 46	
П	Rye-State 95 @ 95	
u	Barley—Two-rowed State 92 66 90	
u	Corn-UngradedWesternMixed 78 @ 8514	
G	Yellow Southern 84 65 84	
	Oats-White State 61 69 651/4	
	Mixed Western 60 @ 64	Li
	Hay-Prime Timothy 75 @ 100	١'
	Straw-No. 1, Rye 60 @ 65	١.
	Hops-State, 1881, choice 20 @ 24	1.5
	Pork-Mess, new, for export18 25 @18 40	
	Lard-City Steam	11
	Refined11 40 @11 40	н
	Petroleum—Crude 6%@ 734	П
U	Petroleum—Crude	l ž
	Butter-State Creamery, fine. 31 @ 32	13
		1.
b	Dairy	1 3
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Ц	Factory 21 @ 23 Cheese—State Factory 1234@ 1234	l '
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į.	Steam Condition BUFFALO, TOO CO. T.CO.	1
Ŋ	Steers-Good to choice 700 @ 760	1
	Lambs-Western 7 00 @ 7 50	1 :
ė	Sheep—Western 6 25 @ 6 75	1
	Hogs, Good to Choice Yorkers 7 10 @ 7 40	1
	Flour-C'y Ground, No. 1 Spring 6 75 @ 7 25	
١	Wheat-No. 1, Hard Duluth 1 68 @ 1 68	ш
Ü,	Corn—No. 2 Mixed	L
	Oats-No. 2 Mix. West 47 @ 47	П
	Barley—Two-rowed State,, 90 @ 90	L
	BOSTON,	
	Beef-Extra plate and family, 15 00 @16 00	1
k		1
ď	Hogs-City Dressed 9%66 9%	1
	Pork-Extra Prime per bbl 15 50 6016 00	

Unwashed " 28 @ 30

WATERTOWS (MASS.) CATTLE MARKET,

Beef - Extra quality ... 7 37½ @ 8 00

Sheep - Live weight ... 5 @ 65

Lambs ... 5 @ 75

Hogs, Northern, d. w ... 9½@ 9½

Flour—Penn. Ex. Family, good 6 25 @ 6 25

Wheat—No. 2 Red ... 1 44½ @ 1 44½

Rye—State ... 97 @ 37

Corn—State Yellow ... 69½ @ 69½

Oats—Mixed ... 56½ @ 565 97 601/3 561/3 131/4 97 @ 691/@ 561/@ Oats—Mixed Butter—Creamery Extra Pa... Cheese—New York Full Cream. 52 6 13 6 6 6 7 6

7%

Petroleum—Crude...... Refined.....

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powels, and as a general tonic. A SALEM (N. J.) boy has living two grand mothers, three great-grandmothers, one great-great-grandmother, one grandfather, one great-grandfather, and one great-grandfather, one father.

and curative of disorders of the stomach, liver



or treatment of the almost the household, and which, while not dangerous in themselves, are exceedingly annoying. Burns, bruises, scalds, sprains, etc., are principal among these troublesome and annoying occurences, and demand immediate treatment with the best means at hand. In the kitchen, the dining-hall, the nursery and the sitting-room they are liable to happen, and, instead of fear and alarm at the sight of the cut or mashed finger, or bruised or burned arm, or scalded surface, a cool and quiet manner should be assumed, and after washing away the blocal, (if required), the injured parts should be dressed with that most valuable remedy—Sr. Jacons Oil. Its surprisingly quick relief, its cleansing properties, its tembency to quickly remove all inflammation, and its wonderful efficacy in the above as well as in all muscular and other pains, such as rheumatism, neuralgia, toothache, headache, gliffness of the joints, etc.,—these render Sr. Jacons Oir, pro-eminently the best external remedy now before the people; which claim is fully substantiated by the strongest kind of testimenty from all classes of people. The value of heaman life is ossurrency important that anything that tends to its prolongalous is entitled to the highest consideration. Charles Neisen, Esq., proprietor Nelson House, Port Huren, Mitch., says: 'I suffered so with the umatism that my arm withered, and physicians could not help me. I was in despair of my life, when some one advised me to try Sr. Jacons Oir. I did so, and as if by magic, I was instantly relieved, and by the continued use of the Oil entirely cured. I thank heaven for having used this wonderful remedy, for it saved my life. It also cured my wife.

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