The price of corn in this country is governed entirely by the quantity prouced and the consumption, the quantity exported being too small in proportion to the enormous amount raised to exer-cise an influence on the price; therefore th crop of 1878, which exceeded the immense one of 1877—the largest ever raised in the United States—brought the figures much lower than those of last year. The lowest State averages, according to the special report issued by the agricultural department at Washington, are in Iowa and Nebraska, both of which States increased their products largely—too great for home consumption and too remote from leading markets bringing the price down to about one-half that of 1876. The States showing the highest average price are the Gulf States, from Georgia to Texas, where the consumption fully equals the crop, and where the prices are little less than

those of last season.

December 1st, 1878.

The great value of the cotton crop is also founded on the demand for export, Statistics show that in 1878 we mad regained the position held prior to 1861, it will tend to cool the ground, and the regained the position held prior to 1861, it will tend to cool the ground, and the cooler the ground the higher the flavor of this delicious vegetable will be. Some of the members of the meeting said they from the United States. The proportion of the total crop exported to foreign parts was 3,340,000 bales, out of a crop of 4,750,000 bales during the year ending September 1, 1878. Basing the calculation on the prices returned by the producer, the value of the crop for 1878 s given at \$194.700.000, while the number of bales is 5,200,000, the average for the whole country being about 81 cents per pound.

The price of tobacco is low this year, the average crop being 5.6 cents per pound on December 1. This price is mainly due to the result of an overstock of poor tobacco last year. The quality now on hand is generally better and heavier, making a yield per acre more than that of the former season, except-ing in Kentucky, where it fell off slightly. The total crop of 1878 is estimated at 393,000,000 pounds (worth \$22,000,000) against 490,000,000 pounds the year before.

The price of potatoes has not advanced yet to the relative proportion that price bears to production. With a crop almost identical with that of 1876 the price is much lower per bushel; while the crop is some 46,000,000 bushels less than last York World.

Treating Unproductive Land. On many farms there are patches of land that are so unproductive that it does not pay to plant them with any kind of cultivated crop. They may produce some grass, but scarcely enough to compensate the cost of cutting it. In many cases the land does not earn enough to keep the fences around it in repair. Sometimes these spots are unproductive on account of being covered with stones, but in a larger number of cases the surface soil has been washed away, leaving little or nothing but hardpan, or clay or gravel. Land that is sit-usted on side hills is liable to be badly washed as soon as the turf over it is

It requires the formation of a new soil. great a depth as can be reached by a subsoil plow. In England, France and some of the Eastern states, dynamite has been resorted to as a meaus of breaking up the clay or pan that is too hard to be easily pulverized with a plow. Blasting enables the frost to carry on its work of disintegration. It also enables water and air to circulate among the broken masses of earth. Brush fires render good service in making this sort of land fertile. The addition of lime is recommended, as it acts to produce decomposition. Hard clay that has been broken is mechanically benefited by the a idition of sand, peat, chip-manure, or even saw dust and shavings. Of course the ordinary fertilizers will be required

to insure a crop.

The tirst crops should be turned under. Rye, millet and buckwheat are all suitable for this purpose. It is practi-cal to raise and turn under two crops a year. The first crop to raise with a view to gain should be red clover, the roots of which penetrate to a long distance. Land too rocky to be plowed should ordinarily be set out with fruit or timber trees. The labor of preparing a spot of land of sufficient size for a tree is not great, and only a small number of tree are required for on acre. Trees may also be planted to good advantage on unproductive land that is not stony by breaking up and subduing the soil in the places where they are to stand. A little manure goes a long way when applied to trees plant-ed twenty or thirty feet apart. Many of the best orchards in New England were planted on land too rocky to be plowed and too unproductive to produce a crop of grain. - Chicago Times.

Henith Hints. WASH FOR THE REMOVAL OF FRECKLES. -Barley water, made thick, two fluid ounces; distilled water of bean flowers, two fluid ounces; spirits of wine, two fluid ounces. The skin is to be washed

frequently with this preparation. To CURE A FELON.—Take out a por-tion of the inside of a lemon, and thrust the finger into it. Or take the skin of the inside of a fresh egg, bind it on with the moisture of the white of the egg next to the finger, and it will draw the small globule that causes the sore to the surface. As it dries make new applications.

TO HEAL SCRATCHES, ETC. - BOTAX water will instantly remove all soils and si ins from the hands and heal all s catches and chafes. To make it, put some crude borax into a large bottle, and fill in water. When the borax is dissolved add more to the water, until at last the water can absorb no more, and a residuum remains at the bottom of the bottle. To the water in which the hands are to be washed after gardening pour from this bottle enough to make it very soft. It is very cleansing and very healthy. By its use the hands will be kept in excellent condition,

smooth, soft and white. IMPORTANCE OF A CLEAN SKIN .- Most of our invalids are such, and millions of more healthy people will become invalids, for the want of paying the most regarded as a covering only instead of a complicated piece of machinery, scarcely second in its texture and sensitiveness

FARM, GARDEN AND HOUSEHOLD to the ear and eye. Many treat it with as little reference to its proper functions as if it were nothing better than a bag for their bones. It is this inconsideration for the skin that is the cause of a very large proportion of the diseases of the world. If as claimed by some scien-tists, four-fifths, in the bulk, of all we eat and drink, must either pass off through the skin or be turned back upon the system as a poison, and that life depends as much upon these exhalations through the skin as upon inhaling pure air through the lungs, it must be of the most vital importance to keep the chan-

This subject enlisted consideration at the late fruit-growers' meeting. There appeared to be no division of sentiment to its advisibility, though we know that all persons do not favor it. For ourselves, we have resorted to it as long as we have had a garden, and are sure that there is great benefit in it. Putting grass, manure, weeds, sawdust, or pliable rubbish of almost any kind In the case of wheat, the price is greatly influenced by the European demand. The average price of the increased crop of 1877, stimulated by the war in Europe, was \$1.08; but for the year 1878, with an addition of upward of 50,000 000 bushels, the price had fullen to seventy-eight cents per bushel on December 1et 1878. health, of many a tree. Mulching also promotes the growth of tomatoes, egg plants, beans, peas, etc. With regard to peas it should be applied thickly, as "to pay." One strongly recommended seaweed for mulching, but as every fruit-grower couldn't have a sea near him, this suggestion will not probably be adopted by a great many. - German-

> Hanging and Whipping Afghans. A London Standard letter from the

prisoners, as follow: Between the sol-

town Telegraph.

squatting patiently for the proceedings to commence, and it was curious to no-tice here and there Afghans with their long black hair, sitting quietly among the crowd of Hindoos. A party of low-caste Hindoos were busy digging a large, square hole close to the gallows. Every-body understood its use. To the right the men of the Hussars were quietly exercising their horses, and the fields above them were dotted with soldiers belonging to the Ninety-second Highlanders, who were quite content to see the execution from a distance, At eleven o'clock a company of the Twenyear the total value does not equal that of the excessive yield of 1877; the product for 1878 being 124,027,000 with six prisoners in their midst, product for 1878 being 124,027,000 Two were to be lashed and four to be bushels, at 58.8 cents per bushel—the total value being \$72,000,000.—New York World Their dress consisted only of a long, blue cotton shirt and loose pygamas tied in at the ankles. In two of the instances the shirts were a mass of rags frayed into ribbons at the edges, and holding wonderfully together. None of them wore sandals or head dresses. There they stood staring curiously around them with their jet hair hang-ing over their faces and their hands strapped behind their backs, and all looking thoroughly desperate ruffians, The provost-marshal, a stout-built sergeant of the Tenth Hussars, showed each man his plank and made him walk across it. This all the men did without much compulsion. They did not appear to realize what was about to happen to broken. If it has been planted with them, and kept looking over their tobacco or corn for a number of years it shoulders to see what was going on. is the more likely to have the surface soil washed away.

Laud of this description can only be garees or turbans were tied over their aces, and the nooses were fixed round their necks. Then they appeared to To this end it must be broken up to as realize what was coming, and all commenced crying out prayers to Allah. While they were doing this one of the prisoners who was standing behind waitng for his flogging shouted out to them that they were never to mind; he would be left alive and he would avenge their deaths. All eyes were turned toward him, but only for a second, as the scene being enacted in front was of more ab sorbing interest. Four European sailors caught up ropes attached to the planking, a signal was given, and they pulled at the same moment, sweeping away the scaffold and launching the prisoners into the air. But it was only or a second that the condemned men hung. The cross beam creaked and broke with a startling crash, and the four men fell to the ground hanging, nalf resting their feet upon the earth. Scarcely had any person time to feel norrified at this unfortunate accident, before the provost-marshal drew his re volver and sent a bullet through each man's brain. One of the Afghans was then stripped naked and tied up to one of the poles of the gallows. A stalwart hussar gave him a dozen and a half lashes as warmly as his arm could lay on, then another hussar completed the three dozen. The fellow grinned considerably, but bore the flogging marvel-ously. He never uttered a groan the whole time he was receiving his punishment. One of the hussars threw his clothes at him and told him roughly to salaam. This the man did not understand. It was a grim joke at the best. He quietly put on his clothes—they were but rags-and coolly asked if he might go. He was told that the next time he was caught with a loaded rifle near a British camp be would not get off so easily, and then he was marched

> How Many States Hang Murderers? Four States of this Union have unconditionally abolished capital punishment, viz.: Michigan (in 1846), Rhode Island (in 1851), Wisconsin (in 1853) and Maine (in 1876). The following States have the "option" jury law: In-diana, 1862; New York, 1862; Illinois, 1867; Minnesota, 1868; Iowa, 1878, and Louisiana many years ago. In these States there is no capital punishment unless the jury unanimously recommend that penalty; hence there are but few executions in these States. Of the above States Iowa totally abolished that penalty in 1872, but modified that law in 1878 as mentioned. The following States have the "governor's option law, viz : New Hampshire, Vermont and Kansas. In these States the criminal is sent to the State prison for one year (Vermont two years) prior to execution, when he may be executed on the warrant of the governor, it being op-tional with the governor whether he shall, or shall not, issue the warrant.

across the river by two armed Sikhs,

who gave him a parting push with right

good will. The other man who was to

have been flogged was marched back to

camp in custody.

FOR THE FAIR SEX.

Spring Bonnets The first importations of French bon nets show the large Clarissa Harlowe shapes, with brims that flare above the forehead, and are tied down closely at the sides, but also small bonnets close brims like those popularly worn during the winter. The soft crowns now worn in caps and turbans of velvet or satin are so much liked that they have been produced in chip and straw bonnets. These have close fronts and are apt to be trimmed in Alsacian style sian patterns, used with chip brims. Fanchons, or three-cornered half hand kerchiefs of white satin embroidered in colors, and edged with Breton lace, are also used on the crowns of chip bonne A peculiar novelty sent over from the best French milliners is the wine-colored chip for the entire bonnet, or else braids of wine-color alternating with white chip in rows on the entire bonnet, A great deal of wine-colored satin ribbon is used for trimming the ecru chips that will be worn early in the spring, and this is often combined with cream-color, The bonnets with flaring brims bave no face trimming, but are lined with shirred satin of a becoming color. A wreath of foliage or of grasses in the new roseau or reed-green shades passes around the crown, and satin ribbon of the same green shade is passed plainly over the crown, tying down the sides, and is knotted under the chin for strings. Sometimes this reed-green satin ribbon pale pink on the opposite side, or else faience-blue, or it may be the new cream int called Satsuma. Pink with blue in Pompadour combinations is also seen in the new ribbons, and there is much garnet with ecru. The satins for millinery are the soft qualities spoken of in Mad-ame Raymond's letters as the foulard finished satins. India muslin edged with Breton lace trims some of the finest French chips. The brim has a wide shirred binding of the India muslin that seat of war in Afghanistan describes the punishment inflicted upon some native shows at least an inch in breadth both inside and out, while beyond this, inside the brim, is a bandeau of velvet either diers hundreds of natives could be seen black or bottle-green. The top of the crown has a soft crimped white ostrich plume held by some veined leaves of dark green velvet. The strings of double India muslin, edged with plaited Breton lace, cross the crown, droop on the back, and are fastened under the chin. In direct contrast to this is the

> plain chip bonnets are many very small pipings of satin placed inside the brims, others have silk with cords stitch ed in on the outside. The round hats for dressy wear at summer resorts are very picturesque, Some of these are made of white China crape, with the broad brim turned up directly above the forehead, and filled in with crushed roses or artemisias in pale ecru and pink shades; two large white ostrich plumes cover the crown. Broad-brimmed Leghorn hats have each side caught down with square bows of side caught down with square bows of cream-colored satin ribbon, and a bouquet of field flowers. Gray chip round hats have high brigand crowns, and the brim is turned up on the left side. Persian damask silk is tied like a hand-kerchief around the crown. The black chip round hats for city use are of English chapter and in the tribe harms. lish shapes, and in the style known last year as equestrienne. Some of these are trimmed with brocaded gauze in colors, and others with black satinstriped gauze. Ornaments are shown tl at glitter like diamonds; these form anchors, daggers, crowns, buckles, tridents, arrows, darts, with many dragons, beetles, butterflies and even turtles Flowers are used in very great profut sion, as wreaths for crowns, hall wreaths for the forehead, and above all in bouquets of long-stemmed roses of field flowers. - Harper's Bazar.

dress bonnet of black Spanish lace made

of a broad barbe more than a fourth of a yard wide, which is tied in a large

Alsacian bow on top, passes down the sides, and is tied under the chin; some

green foliage made of transparent crape in roseau shades is placed on the sides, and a chased arabesque ring of gold

holds the Alsacian bow in place.

News and Notes for Women.

The princess of Wales sets the fashions for Paris and London. The prettiest lining that we know of

in a bonnet, is a smiling face. New York women present each guest

at their kettledrums with a miniature Dutch teapot filled with sugar-plums, Miss Mary Jane Wadleigh, of Sutton, Mass., has one hundred pet cats, and when one of them dies she has it buried and its grave marked by a neat monu-

A Jewess and an Irish girl are managing a shoe shop in Cincinnati, and man-aging it well. Both are daughters of widowed mothers, and each aids in the support of her family.

"When I wath a little boy," lisped a very stupid society man to a young lady, "all my ideath in life were thentered on being a clown." "Well, there is at least one case of gratified ambition," was the reply.

An English lady named Wigglesworth makes paper artificial flowers so wontrue to nature as to deceive even gardeners at first sight. These flowers are used for decorating churches and dinner-tables.

San Francisco has an Infants' Shelter, which was founded by some little girls about eight years ago, and now gives a home to fifteen children, besides daily protection to as many more. No charge is made for simply taking care of a child, and three meals a day are

furnished for ten cents. The princess of Tanjore, who has not only made her appearance in public, but permitted the governor of Madras to invest her with the insignia of the Star of India, is the most highly-educated princess in the Orient. She owes her intellectual culture to the aid of an accomplished young German lady, and has made considerable progress in Eng-

Reporting by Machinery.

A reporting machine at the Paris ex-position, known as "la machine sten-ographique Michela," the latter being the name of its inventor, attracted much attention. The claims made respecting it are that after a fortnight's practice, any person can take down in shorthand characters a speech however rapidly delivered. It is a small instrument, piano-like in form, with twenty-two keys, white and black, and the steno graphic characters are small and im-pressed on slips of paper. Signor Michela claims to have classified all the sounds which the human organs of speech are capable of producing, and to have so constructed his machine that it shall report with unerring fidelity what-ever is said in German, French, Italian, Spanish and English. The machine is highly ingenious, and seems to have stood several practical tests satisfactorily. The Dying Buffalo Bull,

General Lew Wallace has an article in Scribner's on a "Buffalo Hunt in Northern Mexico," from which we take this extract: I remember yet the excite-ment of that ride, the eagerness and expectancy with which we neared the knot of trees, our dash through, pistol in hand. In quiet hours I hear the shout with which the colonel brought us together. In an opening scarce twenty yards square lay a dying bull. He was of prodigious girth, and covered head and shoulders with a coat of sunburnt are apt to be trimmed in Alsacian style with a large bow on top. There are also soft crowns of satin, either plain or striped, or else of damasse silk in Perstriped, or else helplessly upon the rotten trunk of a palm tree; the tongue hung from his bloody lips; his eyes were dim, and his breath came and went in mighty gasps. The death-wound was in his flank, a horrible sickening rent. The earth all bout bore witness to the fury of the duel. Long time he confronted his foe, and held him with locked horns; at last he slipped his guard—that broad forehead with its crown of Jove-like curls and was lost. Who could doubt that the victor was worth pursuit?
We helped the unfortunate to a peedier death, and lingered to observe

im. His travels had been far, beginning doubtless up

" In the land of the Dakotah," whence winter drove him with all his herd down the murky Missouri. On the Platte somewhere he passed the second summer; then, from the hunting of the Sioux and their fierce kinsmen. he escaped into Colorsdo; after a year of rest, in search of better pastures, he pushed southward again, lingering in the fields about the head-waters of the Arkausas; there the bold riders of the Comanche found him; breaking from them, he disappeared for a time in the bleak wilderness called the Staked Plains; thence to the Rio Grando, and eross into Chihushua, the pursuer still at his heels; and now there was an end of travel and persecution. As we re-turned from the chase, I saw him again, ying where we found him, a banque for the whimpering wolves. Already he was despoiled of his tongue.

Long and Short Sleepers.

Seamen and soldiers, from habit, can deep when they will and wake when they will. Captain Barclay, when per-forming his wonderful feat of walking 1,000 miles in as many consecutive hours, obtained such a mastery over himself that he fell asleep the minute he lay down. The faculty of remaining asleep for a great length of time is possessed by some individuals. Such wa the case with Quin, the celebrated player, who would slumber for twentyour hours successively; with Elizabeth Orvin, who slept three-fourths of her life; with Elizabeth Perkins, who slept for a week or a fortnight at a time; with Mary Lyell, who did the same for sucweeks; and with many others, more or less remarkable.

A phenomenon of an opposite character is sometimes observed, for there are other individuals who can subsist on a surprisingly small portion of sleep. The celebrated General Elliott was an nstance of this kind; he never slep more than four hours out of the twenty four. In all other respects he was strikingly abstinent, his food consisting wholly of bread, water and vegetables. In a letter communicated to Sir John Sinclair by John Gordon, Esq., of Swine. mention is made of a person named John Mackay, of Skerry, who died in Strath-nave, in the year 1797, aged ninety-one; ne only slept on an average of four h in the twenty-four, and was a remarks-bly robust and healthy man. Frederick the Great, of Prussia, and the illustrious surgeon, John Hunter, only slept five hours during the same period. The celebrated French general, Pichegro informed Sir Gilbert Blaine that during a whole year's campaign he had not allowed himself above one hour's sleep in the twenty-four.

Something Worth Knowing.

Every little while, writes a correspondent, we read in the papers of some one who has stuck a rusty nail in his foot, or knees, or hand, or some other portion of his person, and that lockjaw has resulted therefrom, of which the patient died. If every person in world was aware of a perfect remedy for all such wounds, and would apply it, then all such reports must cease. But although we can give the remedy, we cannot enforce its application. Some will not employ it because they think it too simple; others will have no faith in it when they read it; while others often think such a wound of small account, and not worth fussing over, un-til it is too late to do any good. Yet all such wounds can be healed without the fatal consequences which follow them. The remedy is simple, almost always on hand, and can be applied by any one; and what is better, it is infallible. It is simply to smoke the wound, or any bruise or wound that is inflamed, with burning wool or woolen cloth. Twenty minutes in the smoke of wool will take the pain out of the worst wound, and repeated once or twice, it will allay the worst case of inflammation arising from a wound we ever saw. People may sneer at the "old man's remedy" as much as they please, but when they are afflicted just let them try it. It has saved many lives and much pain, and is worthy of being printed in latters of gold and put in every home

A San Franciscan, who was sued for the value of half-a-dozen shirts made to his order, pleaded a misfit, and appeared upon the witness-stand wearing one of the garments. He won the case,

The True Way to Invigorate.

The true way to invigorate a feeble system is to infuse activity into the operations of the stomach, that wondrous alembic in which the food is transmuted into the constituents of blood, the chief element of our vitality. Hostetter's stomach Butters, because it accomplishes this end, is greatly to be preferred to any so-called tonics, useful indeed as appetizers, but inoperative as aids to digestion and assimilation. This sterling cordial, while it invigorates the stomach, healthfully stimulates the liver, bowels and kidneys, ensuring the escape through the regular channels of effets and useless matter thrown off by the system, which is thus purified as well as invigorated by it. Its tonic influence is soon made manifest by an increase of vital energy and a more active and regular discharge of every physical function, and it has the further effect of rendering the system unassailable by malarial epidemics.

Children do not die of the croup to whom

larial epidemics.

Children do not die of the croup to whom Dr. Wm. Hall's Balsam for the Lungs is administered. Parents will do well to remember this fact and keep a medicine, which saved so many lives, in the house ready for an emergency. The Balsam overcomes a tendency to consumption, strengthens weak and heals sore lungs, remedies painful and asthmatic breathing, banishes hoarseness and cures all bronchial and tracheal inflammation. If you have a cough, use it "early and often." All druggists sell it.

We have received of George P. Berney, to

We have received of George P. Rowell & Co., their Newspaper Directory for the quarter, issued January. It is a neat volume and of great value.—Southern Ægis, Ashville, Ala.,

The Knave Bible.

About two centuries ago an idea—partly originated by Fuller—was current that in some rare editions the apostle Paul designated himself "Paul, a knave of Jesus Christ," No such Bible really existed; and the duke of Lauderdale, the well-known Scotch vicercy of Charles II., having in vain endeavored to progue one it occurred to Thornton. Charles II., having in vain endeavored to procure one, it occurred to Thornton, a worthless fellow by all secount, that he could, by a little ingenuity, gratify his grace and serve himself at the same time. He got a Matthews Bible, dated MDXXXVII., and by careful manipulation he crased the XVII., thus leaving the date 1500 instead of 1507. Sites the date 1520 instead of 1537-fifteen years earlier than the oldest English Bible extant, that of the Coverdale. Not content with this daring im position, he in a similar manner rubbed out the word "servaunte," in Romans i. 1, and substituted "kneawe," made ap of letters cut from other parts of the volume, so that the verse read, "Paul, kneawe of Jesus Christ," instead of kneawe of Jesus Christ," instead of "Paul, a servaunte of Jesus Christ," The boek, thus mutilated, was taken to the duke, who gave him seventeen guineas for it. (Lewis' History of Translations, p. 47.) Although "the mark of the razure was very visible." Landerdale was apparently pleased with his unique his lographical transure and his unique bibliographical treasure, and had his arms and coronet stamped on both sides. How the forgery was discovered is not mentioned; but Dr. Eadle remarks that a volume, said to be the identical copy, was sold at a book sale in London in 1865. Hence its being sometimes called the "Knave Bible," which designation, in more senses than one, it certainly deserved.—Chambers'

There are published in Sweden 300 papers and periodicals, of which eighty-four appear in Stockholm. There are only ten daily papers, of which five are published in Stockholm; while in Norway there are fifteen, in Denmark seventy-six, and in Finland six.

We have received from the Advertising Agency of Mesars. Geo. P. Rowell & Co., No. 10 Spruce street, New York, a copy of their Newspaper Directory for January, 1879, a work of over 500 pages, which bears the stamp of neatness and accuracy. The book is invaluable to business men and advertisers.—The Pendulum, East Greenwich, R. I., Jan. 31, 1879.

The Crowning Discovery.

All the "phones" of this phonetic age are surpassed in practical benefit to mankind by the discovery of Allan's Anti-Fat, the great and only known remedy for obesity or corpulency. It produces no weakness or other unpleasant or injurious effect, its action being strong confined to recognise the recognisting diseason and pleasant or injurious effect, its action being simply confined to regulating digestion, and preventing an undue assimilation of the carbonaceous, or flesh-producing elements of the food. Sold by druggists.

ELLSWORTH, Kan., July 13th, 1878.

BOTANIC MEDICINE Co., Buffalo, N. Y.:

Gentlemen — Allan's Anti-Fat reduced me seven pounds in one week.

Yours respectfully, Mrs. Taylor.

Rowell's Newspaper Directory.—This publications.

Rowell's Newspaper Directory.—This publication, for 1879, has just been received, and is an improvement on any of the former editions. It shows a vast amount of care and labor, and reflects infinite credit upon the enterprising firm by which it is compiled. The price of the book is \$5. It should be in the hands of every content advertiser. However, when Mail However, general advertiser. — Hagerstown Mail, Hager town, Md., Jan. 31, 1879.

CHEW The Celebrated
"Matchies"
Wood Tag Ping
Tobacco.
The Pioneen Tobacco Company,
New York, Boston, and Chicago.

Among American manufactures, few have done our country as much credit as the Mason & Hamlin Cabinet Organs, which have been acknowledged best at all great world's exhibitions for many years. See advertisement. TESTED BY TIME. - For throat diseases, colds and coughs, "Brown's Bronchial Troches" have proved their efficacy by a test of many years. Twenty-five cents a boz.

We have received the new volume of the Newspaper Directory from Messrs. Geo. P. Rowell & Co., New York. It is a good thing.— Fountain & Journal, Mt. Vernon, Mo., Jan. 30, Chaw Jackson's Best Sweet Navy Tobacc

A Safe Companion.

This is a trying season for invalids, particularly those suffering or liable to suffer from Biliousness, Kidney Com plaints and Constipation of the Bowels, and to women subject to the diseases and weaknesses peculiar to their sex.

Indications of sickness should at once be attended to. Fatal disease may be caused by allowing the bowels to become constipated, and the system remain in a disordered condition. An ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure, is an old and truthful saying. Therefore we advise all who are troubled with complaints now so common-indigestion, disordered liver, want of appetite, constipation of the bowels and a feverish st te of the skin, to take without delay and yet so decisive in its action. People leaving home at this season of the year should not fail to take a bottle of this medicine with them. It has an almost instantaneous effect, relieving the person of headache in a few minutes and will rapidly cleanse the liver of surrounding bile; and this excellent medicine is for sale by all our druggists.

When inquiring of your druggist for this new medicine, avoid MISTAKES by remembering the name, Dr. David KENNEDY'S FAVORITE REMEDY, and the PRICE, which is only ONE DOL-LAR a bottle, and that the Dr.'s address is Rondout, N. Y .- [Ed.

TEAS.—Choicest in the world—Importer's prices
—Largest Company in America—staple
a ticle—pleases everybody—Trade continually increasing—Agents wanted everywhere—best
inducements—durft waste time—send for Oircular,
ROB'T WELLS, 43 Veser St., N.Y., P. O. Box 1287. ROBT WELLS, 43 Vese, St. N. Y. P. O. Box 1387,

LONG BRANCHI Farm & Fishery for Sale.

1,000 Acres. Beautiuity situated on Albemarie Sound. Seine Beach 15 miles long. One of the most valuable properties in the South. Great asorthee. Send stamp. LINDSEY & CO., NORFOLE, VA.

APPLES.—Dor't let your Apples rot, but keep tham till next season and get a good price; It costs but a few contra per bob. Full instructions for 10 cents in silver. F. H. CROSSMAN, Flichburg, Mass. per cent. dividend yearly. Fifty dollars and upward can be invested in Brooklyn Company to pay twenty-five per cent. on investment. Address. S. M. OHAPMAN, 57 Broadway, New York.

\$10 to \$1000 invested in Wall St. Stocks mass. Address BAXTER A CO., Bankers, 17 Wall St., N. Y.

BRICK MACHINERY AND TIRE of all kinds. For circular, photographs and price list. address JAS. F. ULARK, Morosci, Lenawes Uo., Mich.

of all kinds. For circuits, photographs and price has, address JAS. F. ULARK, Mornoc, Lenawee Co., Mich.

OPIUM Hubit & Skin Disease. Thousands ourset, Lowest Prices. Do not fail to write. Dr. F. K. Marsh, Quincy, Mich.

FREE Important information to Soldiers, and Pensioners. Address. Address. Address. Address. Address. Address. J. H. SOULK, washington, D. C.

\$350 a. MUNTH—Ascuts. Waited—16 best on the world; one sample free. Address. JAY BEONSON, Detroit, Mich.

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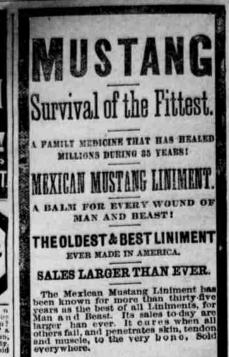
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