HALL & M'CAULEY, Attorneys-at-Law.

Office in New Brick Building, Main St Ridgway, Elk Co., Pa.

LUCORE & HAMBLEN. Attorneys-at-Law, Ridgway, Elk County Pa. Office across the hall from the DEMOCRAT establishment. Claims for collection promptly attended to Jne. 15 '76.

CHARLES HOLES, Watchmaker, Engraver and Jeweler Main street, Ridgway, Pa. Agent for the Aowe Sewing Machine, and Morton Gold Pen. Repairing Watches, etc. dozewith ne same accuracy as heretofore. Satis-

J. O. W. BAILEY,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

Ridgway, Elk County, Pa. Agent for the Traveler's Life and Acci dent Insurance Co., of Hartford, Conn.

JAMES D. FULLERTON,

Surgeon Dentist, having permanently loeated in Rigway, offers his professional services to the citizens of Ridgway and surrounding country. All work warranted. Office in Service & Wheeler's Building, upstairs, first door to the left, 73-n-82-1y

G. G. MESSENGER, Druggist and Parmaceutist, N. W. corner of Main and Mill streets, Ridgway, Pa. full assortment of carefully selected For-eign and Domestic Drugs. Prescriptions carefully dispensed at all hours, day or night. vln3y

T. S. HARTLEY. M. D.,

Physician and Surgeon. Office in Drug Store, corner Broad and Main Sts. Residence corner Broad St. opposite the College. Office hours from 8 to 10 A. M. and from 7 to 8 P. M. vln2yl.

J. S. BORD WELL, M. D.,

Eclectic Physician and Surgeon, has removed his office from Centre street, to Mair st. Ridgway, Pa., in the second story of the brick building of John G. Hall, oppooffice hours:—1 to 2 P M 7 to 9 P M

HYDE HOUSE,

RIDGWAY, EER Co., PA W. H. SCHRAM, Proprietor. Thankful for the patronage heretofore proprietor, hopes, by paying strict atguests, to merit a continuance of the Oct 80 1869.

> KERSEY HOUSE, CEST EVILLE, ELR Co., PA.

JOHN COLLINS, Proprietor. Thankful for the patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him, the new profrietor, hopes, by paying strict at of guests, t merit a continuance of the

E. G. FAY.

L UMBER AND INSURANCE COM MISSION BROKER,

GENERAL COLLECTION AGENT No 208 Walnut Place, (316 Walnut Street,)

PHILADELPHIA, PA.

The undersigned represents the following reliable Companies for this District. Aetna Hartford,..... \$ 7,000,000 North British Mercantile. 10,000,000. German American, N. Y ... 2,000,000. Niagara N. Y..... 1.500,000 Amazon, Ohio..... 1.000,000.

Correspondence solicited from those P. B. WACHTEL. n41t13 St. Mary's Pa.

Paterson, N J....

P. W. HAYS, . DEALE IN

Dry Goods, Notions, Greceries. and General Variety, FOX ELK CO., PA.

Earley P. O.

vlu4fif.

Executor's Notice.

Estate of John Raum, late of Ben zinger townsh.p. Elk Co. deceased. Letters Testamentary upon the above estate have been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment. and those having claims to present the same without delay to u62t6. JOHN G. DETH, Exr.

Executors' Notice.

Estate of Elizabeth Cordes, late o St. Mary's borough, Elk Co., deceased Letters Testamentary upon the above estate have been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make pay ment, and those having claims to present the same without delay to MARY SEVERIN, CONRAD MARQUART. Exrs.

SCIENTIFIC FARMER. BOSTON, MASS.

Science is knowledge, scientific is knowing. Can a better motto be adopted In the interest of a profitable culture. Entering families in every section, Never has it failed to give satisfaction To the intelligent farmer, In all things practical; For it treats of the doctrine of uses In matters that pertain to the farm Cannot you afford to give it a trial?

For only One Dollar a year, And your name and address plainly write

ten, Remitted to the Scientific Farmer Co. Boston, Mass. Much of monthly value will be received, Enabling you to profit from others experi-

Reflect that ideas turned to uses are money Five Copies, 75 cents each.

THIS COLD WEATHER REminds us that POWELL & KIME have a nice lot of Thermometers on

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DBY GOODS, NOTIONS, BOOTS
SHOES, HATS AND CAPS,
GLASS AND QUEENS
WARE, WOOD AND
WILLOW.WARE,
TOBACCO AND CIGARS

A Large Stock of

Groceries and Provisions

The BEST BRANDS of FLOUR Constantly on hand, and sold as cheap as the CHEAPEST

JAMES H HAGERTY NAILS AND GLASS, AT

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TEW LIVERY STABLE

RIDGWAY.

GOOD STOCK, GOOD CARRIAGES

and Buggies to let upon the most reasonable terms.

Ber He will also do job teaming.

Stable on Broad street, above Main All orders left at the Post Office will receive prompt attention. Aug201871tf

WOLL EN SOCKS AND MITTEN: POWELL & KIME'S

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR, AND Graham Flour at

POWELL & KIME'S. BOOTS, SHOES AND RUBBERS -a new stock just arriving, at

POWELL & KIME'S. pay cash for goods, and get more than

the worth of your cash. SLEIGH BELLS AND WHIPS. n nice little assortment, at

POWELL & KIME'S. FLOUR, PORK, FEED, CORN-Meal, Oats, always on hand at POWELL & KIME'S at bottom pri-

A FEW MORE OVER COATS and Buffalo Robes at

POWELL & KIME'S.

SUGARS AT POWELL AND store in town.

CAUTION.

All persons are hereby cautioned not to following described property now at the Belmont Mill, Etk Co., Pa : One hundred thousand feet Hemloci Lumber, more or less. One hundred and seventy eight thousand Pine Shingles, more or less. I purchased the same at Sheriff' Sale.

J. H. HAGERTY. Dec. 20, 1876,-n 50t3.

PIMPLES.

I will mail [Free] she recipe for preparing a simple VEGETABLE BALM that will remove TAN, FRECKLES, PIPPLES and BLOTCHES, leaving the skin soft, clear and beautiful; also instructions for producing a luxuriant growth of hair on a bald head or smooth face. Address Ben. Vandelf & Co., Box 5121, No 5 Wooster St., N. Y.

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

GENTLEMAN who suffered for years A from Nervous Debility, Premature De-cay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and direction for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience can do so by addressing in perfect confidence.

JOHN B. OGDEN, 42 Cedar St., New York.

A NICE LOT OF NEW PRINTS at POWELL & KIME'S, only eight ents per. yard.

M. J. EARLEY, M. D. W. B. HARIMAN, M. D. DRS. EARLEY & HARTMAN. Dr. W. B. Hartman, formerly of S Mary's, has associated himself with M. J. Earley, M. D. in the practice of

E. K. GRESH,

rooms, over the post-office, or at Dr.

M. J. Earley's Drug Store. Dr. M. J.

Earley can be found at the residence

Dealer in all kinds of cabinet ware woodand cane seat chairs, kitchen and extention tables, wood and marble top tands, wood and marble top bureaus what nots, looking glasses, wood and marble top chamber suits, mattresses, pring bed bottoms, bed steads, cribs, Laferty's metal lined wood pumps, &c. &c. Cane seats replaced with perforated wood seats, Weed sewing machine reduced from \$65 to \$45, the pest machine in the market, and pieture frames made to order. Also large assorted stock of ready made coffins constantly on hand and trimmed at shortest notice. All the above goods are sold at panic prices. Ware Rooms in masonic building, Ridgway v5n49tpdapr27'77.

DRIED APPLES AT

POWELL & KIME'S.



THURSDAY, MARCH 8, 1877.

March.

Month which the warring ancients strangely The month of war-as if in their flerce ways Were any month of peace-in thy rough I find no war in nature, though the wild

Winds clash and clang, and broken boughs are piled At feet of writhing trees. The violets raise Their heads without affright or look of maze And sleeps through all the din, as sleeps a

And he who watches well will well discern Sweet expectation in each living thing. Like pregnant mother, the sweet earth doth yearn:

In secret joy makes ready for the spring; And hidden, sacred, in her breast doth bear Annunciation lilies for the year.—H. H., in SCRIBNER.

NEW AND ELEGANT ROOMS--NOV-ELTY PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY,--"AN INDIAN AGENCY LOST."-is the title of a new work soon to issue from the pen of one of our illustrous citizens, JAMES H. SMITH, of Du Bols, Clearfield, Co., Pa. manufacturer of Human Hair Goods

MARCH comes in with a rush of now and wind. PRESIDENT HAYES It is now sure

will be in this place next week.

nough. POTATOES are hard to get at any

price. WE are credibly informed that the Ridgway Silver Cornet Band will be

re-organized in a few weeks. DAN SCRIBNER WISHES TO inform the citizens of Ridgway, and the public generally, that he has started a Livery Stable and will keep tion of Hayes and Wheeler.

tion of Hayes and Wheeler. THE gentlemen who attended the nauguration of President Hayes have the capitol, The grand inaugural returned in good spirits, and are said to feel well pleased.

THE poverty-stricken old editor of this paper is going to have a few feet | House, started with their flying banof hemlock boards put up on one of Mr. Ridgway's lots, on South street, during the coming summer.

THE citizens of St. Mary's, we are told have subscribed \$60,000 to be used in testing the oil qualities of the land in that vicinity. Father Prior subscribed \$7,000.

To Lovers of Fine Ant .-- We call your attention to our new Photographic rooms corner of Broad and Main Streets where we would be pleased to see you all. Anything in the Art of Photography we are prepared to execute, from the smallest tin type to the largest life zize Photograph, finished in Ink, Crayon, Oil, Pastel, or Water Color. Frames AT POWELL & KIME'S, YOU of all kinds, always on hand or to order, our stock is new and prices to suit the times. All negatives taken at the West End Gallery, within the last year are in our peession. We solicit the patronage all who are in want of Photographs. All work guaranteed to give D. W. BALDWIN,

Photographer. Wilcox Notes.

Wilcox Pa., March 5, 1877. One after another we are passing away. Last week I noted two deaths, and now I have to add another to the list, Mrs. Veditz a middle aged lady died last Friday morning after an illness of two or three months she leaves a husband and four children to mourn

for the dear and departed. I told you last weak to look out for a gusher or a duster at oil well No. 3. But we have KIME'S are high to be sure; but s ill neither. Struck sandat 1625 feet, have drilled are a little cheaper than at any other about 12 feet in the sand and a good show for a paying well, are still drilling and are saving a barrel of good oli a day with the sand pump PETE.

C. R. SLADE having resumed conarchase, or in any way meddle with, the trol of the West End Art Gallery is were shown to seats. Mr. Wheeler now prepared to furnish printed duhis gallery, on receipt of name and number, and wishes to inform the public that he will in a short time procure the services of a first class artist. Will keep on hand and furnish to order, Frames Stereoscopes, Views, &c. He would be pleased to see all of his old customers and as many new ones as may feel inclined to favor him with their patronage. All work guaranteed to give satisfac-

> Confession of a Convicted Molly Ma. guire.

Pottsville, March 1.—Edward Kelly, young Molly Maguire, who with Michael Doyle murdered on the 3d of September, 1875, John P. Jones, superintendent of the Lehigh and Wilkesbarre coal company at Lansford, Carbon county, and who since that date has been confined in the Mauch Chunk jail, yesterday made a full confession of his crime. He corroborates in every particular the testimony of M'Parlan, the detective, and Kerrigan, the accomplice and says that he would have confessed long ago had he known how. He also says that he did not want to commit the murder but was afraid to back out on account of the consequences and having cowardice attributed to him by his brother members of the Ancient medicine at Ridgway. By close attention to business they hope to receive a liberal share of the patronage of the public. Dr. W. B. Hartman can be found at all hours, either at his could be received by the rost office. others.

The oil excitement is again raging of Dr. C. R. Earley, or at his Drug Store. Surgery, and diseases of women and children a speciality. but whether in paying quantities, is yet to be properly tested. Oil was actually found in what is known as the Ensign well on the Portage, at the depth of some 700 feet and the lack of capital to thoroughly test the territory has been the only reason that we are not well oiled over. Now however, capitalists are attracted this way, and Mr. Hughston, one of a firm with abundant capital at command, was in town last week and offers to furnish the means to thoroughly test this territory, if a satisfactory amount of land can be leased at sufficiently reasonable rates to make it an object. It therefore stands our people in hand to see to it that land is nor lacking to be leased, as there is a much greater abundance of that, than there is money to test it with. - Emporium Independent,



The Inauguration. Washington, March 5 .- The streets were alive at an earley hour this morning with throngs of people hastening to a point from whence to view the inaugural proceedings. Within a few minutes after 11 o'clock the senate galleries were filled to their utmost capacity. Mrs. Hayes occupied a front seat in the private gallery next to the diplomatic gallery, her little son Scott sat on her left and Mrs. Senator Sherman on her right, Miss Fannie Hayes and Mrs. Stanley Matthews occupied seats beyond Mrs. Sherman, together with other personal friends of Mrs. Hayes. The floor of the senate, excepting the seats reserved for the presidential parties, the supreme court, and the diplomatic corps, was crowded with senators and senatorselect, members of the house of representatives, and other distinguished persons.

At ten o'clock to-day Mr. Hayes, accompanied by his son and Senator Sherman, left the residence of the senator for the executive mansion, where he was met and cordially greeted by ex-President Grant, who was in waiting to escort Mr. Hayes pageant that had gathered at the Washington circle, in the west end of the city, about a mile from the White House started with their flating law. the city, about a mile from the White ners and bands, and with little delay. The carriage of ex-President Grant, in which four horses were harnessed, was standing at the door, and without any delay Mr. Hayes, escorted by ex-President Grant and Senator Morrill, of the committee of arrangements, took sexts therein, and driving to one of the gateways leading to the executive gateways leading to the executive bound and fully determined to protect bound and fully determined to protect ters of dispute are made the subject of athirm of all by every constituguished party awaiting within the gateway of the executive grounds passed out and took their place in the

grand procession. weather, which had been cloudy and raw when the military moved along in front of the executive mansion, improved in a short time, and when the capitol was reached the sun was shining brightly. The artillery regiments with companies parad-ing as infantry, as well as light artiilery, and the admirable marching of the marine battallion were subjects of profuse favorable comment by the spectators. Governor Hartranft, of Pennsylvania, marched at the head of

Arriving at the capital, the various officers took the place assigned them. At precisely 12 o'clock Mr. Hayes appeared at the main entrance of the hamber, arm-in-arm with General Grant, and as they proceeded down the aisle to the seats reserved for them. the senators and all other occupants of the floor rose and remained standing until they had taken their seats, and the galleries applauded by clapping of hands and waving of handker

The senate assembled at noon and Mr. Hayes and ex-President Grant was then sworn in as Vice President plicates to those having negatives at and after the organization of the senate, then assembled in its chamber, he proceeded to the platform on the central portico of the capitol. Here Mr. Hayes, ex-President Grant and Chief Justice Waite and others took seats. After Mr. Wheeler, the governors and ex-governors and diplomatic corps had been seated, Hayes delivered his inaugural address as follows:

HAYES' INAUGURAL ADDRESS.
Fellow Citizens: We have assembled to repeat the public ceremonial begun by Washington, observed by all my predecessors and now a time honored custom which marks the commencement of the presidential office, Called to the duties of the great trust, I proceed, in compliance with usage, to announce some of the leading principles on the subjects that now chiefly engage the public atten-tion, by which it is my desire to be guided in the discharge of those duties. I shall not undertake to lay down irrevocably, principles or measures of administration, but rather to speak of the motives which should animate us, and to suggest certain important ends to be attained in accordance with our

institutions and essential to the welfare of our country.

At the outset of the discussion which preceded the recent presidential elecion it seemed fitting that I should fully make known my sentiments in several of the important questions the nomination of members of congress as which then appeared to demand the consideration of the country. Followng the example and partly adopting the language of one of my predecessors I wish now when every motive for misrepresentation has passed away, to repeat what was said before the election, trusting that my countrymen will cordially weigh and understand it and that they will feel assured that the sentiments declared in accepting the nomination for the presidency will be the standard of my conduct in the path before me, charged as I now am with the grave and difficult task of carrying them out in the practical administration of the government, so far as depends, under the constitution and laws, on the chief executive of the na-

THE SOUTHERN QUESTION. The permanent pacification of the country upon such principles and by such measures as will secure the complete protection of all its citizens in the full enjoyment of all their constitutional rights, is now the one subject n our public affairs which all thought ful and patriotic citizens regard as supreme importance. Many of the alamitous effect of the tremendous revolution which has passed over the southern states still remain. The imneasurable benefits which will surely follow sooner or later the hearty and generous acceptance of the legitimate esults of that revolution have not yet been realized. Difficult and embar been realized. Difficult and embar-rassing questions meet as at the threshold of this subject. The people of those states are still impoverished, and the inestimable blessing of wise, honest and peaceful local self-govern-ment is not fully enjoyed. Whatever difference of opinion may exist as to

races carefully and equally; it must be a government which submits loyally and heartily to the constitution and the laws, the laws of the nation and the laws of the states themselves, accepting and obeying faithfully the whole constitution as it is. Resting upon this sure and substantial founda-tion, the superstructure of beneficent local governments can be built up, and ent importance and party lines may well be permitted to fade into insignificance. The question we have to consider for the immediate welfare of these sense either republicas or democrats, but fellow citizens and fellow men, to whom the interests of a common country and a common bumanity are dear. entire labor system of a large portion moment. cipation. That it was a wise, just and providential act fraught with good for are infringed or assailed, is also gener-ally admitted. The cyils which affect the southern states can only be removed or remedied by the united and harmonious efforts of both races, governent as the true resource of those states for the contentment and prosperity of their citizens. In the effort I shall make to accomplish this purpose I ask the cordial co-operation of all wno cherish an interest in the welfare of the country, trusting that party ties and the prejudice of race will be freely surrendered in behalf of the great purpose to be accomplished. In the important work of restoring the south it is not the political situa-tion alone that merits attention. The material development of that section of the country has been arrested by the social and political revolution through

government is in imperative necessity

upon us the deplorable complications and perplexities which exist in all

and of the colored people, both and equally. and to put forth my best efforts in behalf of a civil policy, which will forever wipe out in our political affairs the color line and the distinction between the north and south, to the end that we may have not merely a united north or a united south, but a united

CIVIL SERVICE REFORM.

inst limits prescribed by the constitu-

and, if need be, supplemented by legitimate aid from hational authority.

Let me assure my countrymen of the

southern states that it is my earnest

desire to regard and promote their

truest interests, the interests of the white

ion and wise politic economy.

paramount necessity of reform in our civil service a reform not merely as to certain abuses and practices of so-called official patronage, which have come to have the sauction of usage in the general departthat shall be thorough, radical and compractices of the founders of the government They neither expected nor desired from public officers any partisan services, they meant that public offices should owe their whole service to the government and to the sonal character remained untarnished and at half past two o'clock. the performance of his duties satisfactory ; they held that appointmens to office were not to be made or expected merely as rethe nomination of members of congress as being entitled in any respect to the coatrol of those appointments. The fact that both the great parties of the county in declaring their principles prior to the election gave a prominent place to the subject of reform in our civil service, recognizing and strongly urging its necessity in terms almost identiconclusive argument in behalf of these measures. It must be regarded as the expression of the united voice and will of the whole country upon this subject, and political parties are virtually pledged to

give it their unreserved support. A SIX YEARS PRESIDENTIAL TERM. The President of the United States of necessity owes his election to office to the suffrages and zealous labors of a political party, the members of which cherish with ardor and regard, as of essential importence, the principles of their party organization. But he should strive to be mindful of the fact that he serves his party like the following : best who serves the country best. furtherance of the reform we seek, and in other important respects, & change of great the constitution prescribing a term of six years to the Presidential office and forbid-

ding a re-election. THE FINANCES-SPECIE PAYMENTS. With respect to the financial condition of the country I shall not attempt an extended history of the embarrassment and prostra-tion which we have suffered during the past three years. The depression in all our varied commercial and manufacturing in-

the cause of this condition of things, permitted to repeat here the statement made the fact is clear that in the progress of events the time has come when such in my letter of acceptance, that in my judgment the feeling of uncertainty in-separable from our irredeemable paper currequired by all the varied interests, public and private, of those states. But it must not be forgotten that only a local government, which regards and maintains the rights of all is a rency with its fluctuation of values is one of the greatest obstacles to a return to prosperous times. The only safe paper cur-rency is one which rests upon a coin basis, and is at all times and promptly convertible into coin. I adhere to the view heretofore expressed by me in favor of congressional legislation in behalf of an early resumption of specie payment, and I am satisfied not only that it is wise, but that the interests as true self-government with respect to the two distinct races, whose peculiar relations to each other have brought those states. It must be a government | well as the public sentiment of the country which guards the interests of both imperatively demand it.

OUR FOREIGN RELATIONS. Passing from these remarks upon the condition of our own country, to consider our relations with other lands, we are re minded by the international complication abroad, threatening the peace of Europe, that our traditional rule of non-interference in the affairs of foreign nations has proved of great value in past times and ought to be local governments can be built up, and not otherwise. In furtherance of such obedience to the letter and the spirit of the constitution, and in behalf of all that its attainments implies, all so-called party interests lose their apparant interests lose their apparant interests and party lines that its attainments in the constitution of submitting to arbitration grave questions in dispute between ourselves and foreign powers points to a new and incomparably the best instrumentality for the perservation of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of submitting to arbitration grave questions in page times and ought to be strickly observed. The policy inaugurated by my benored preferences of the policy inaugurated by my benored preferences. tion of ponce and will as I believe become a beneficent example of the course to be pursued in similar emergencies by other na tions. If anhappily questions, of difference states of the Union is the question of should at any time during the period of my government or no government, of social administration arise between the United order and all the peaceful industries and the happiness that belong to it, or a return to barbarism. It is a question aid in their settlement in the same peaceful in which every citizen of the nation is and honorable way, thus securing to our deeply interested, and with respect to country the great blessing of peace and which we ought not be in a partisan mutual good office with all the nations of the world.

THE SECENT CAMPAIGN.
Fellow citizens, we have reached the close of a political contest marked by the excitement which usually attends the contest be The sweeping revolution of the tween great political parties whose members espouse and advocate with earnest faith their of our country, and the advance of four respective creeds. The circumstances were millions of people, from a condition of servitude to that of citizenship, upon an equal footing with their former masters, could not occur without presenting problems of the gravest view of the peculiar circumstances of the moment, to be dealt with by the ease, that the objections and questions in disemancipated race, by their former pute, with reference to the counting of the masters and by the general government, the author of the act of eman-ion of a tribunal appointed for this purpose. ion of a tribunal appointed for this purpose. THE ELECTORAL TRIBUNAL. That tribunal, established by law for this ole purpose, its members all of them men of

long established reputation for integrity and tional government to employ its con-stitutional power and influence to es-ary, chosen equally from both political tablish the rights of the people it has parties, its deliberation, enlightened by the emancipa ed, and protect them in the research and argument of able counsel, was enjoyment of those rights when they entitled to the follow confidence of the American people. Its decisions have been patiently waited for and accepted as legally conclusive by the general judgment of th public. For the present, opinion will widely ment is never unerring and is rarely regarded ministration, I am sincerely anxious to use every legitimate influence in favor of honest and efficient local self-political parties have this way settled a disparty in the contest. The fact that two great political parties have this way settled a dispute in regard to which good men differ as to the facts and the law, no less than as to the proper course to be pursued in solving the question in controversy, is an occasion for general rejoicing. Upon one point there is entire unanimity in public sentiment-tha conflicting claims to the presidency must b amicably and peaceably adjusted, and that when so adjusted the general acquiescence of the nation ought surely to follow. It ha been reserved for a government of the people where the right of suffrage is universal, to give to the world the first example in history of a great nation, in the midst of a struggle o opposing parties for power, pushing aside its party tumults, to yield the issue of the contest tondjustment according to the forms of law. Looking for the guidance of that divine the national government within the hand by which the destinies of nations and But as the basis of all prosperity for that as senators, representatives, 100208, the basis of all prosperity for that as well as for every other part of the country, lies in the improvement of in an earnest effort to secure to our country the blessings not only of material prosperity. the people, universal suffrage should but of justice, peace and union-a union de the intellectual and moral condition of upon universal education. To pending not upon the constraint of force, but upon the loving devotion of a free people, and this end liberal and permanent provisthat all things may be so ordered and settled fon should be made for the support of upon the best and surest foundations, the free schools by the state governments,

> gion and plety, may be established among is for all generations At the conclusion of the address the oath of office was administered to Mr. Haves by Chief Justice Waite, both standing with uncovered heads at the front of the platform, AFTER THE CEREMONIES.

peace and happiness, truth and justice, re-

A salute was fired in the adjacent parks and cheering was kept up for several minute meanwhile Mr. Hayes was congratulated by ex-President Grant, Chief Justice Walte and a large number of other persons maar him including Senator Conkling and many other members of both houses of congress, and al the associate justices of the supreme court I ask the attention of the public to the except Justices Clifford and Field, who were not present during any portion of the cere monies of the day.

Mr. Hayes, escorted by General Grant, and Mr. Wheeler, escorted by Senator M'Creery, then returned to the senate wing of the capi ments of our government, but a change in | tor and, taking a seat in the same barouch the system of appointment itself -- a reform in which he had come to the capital, proceeded to the executive mansion, escoried by plete, a return to the principles and the various military and civic organizations which constituted the inaugural procession On the return of the procession to the executive mansion Hayes was repeatedly cheered. Thousands of persons repaired hither to witness his entrance to his new people; they meant that the officer should home; a discharge of artillery announced the be secure in his tenure as long as his per- arrival of the party at the executive manslor

THE EFFECT WAS MAGICAL.

It is astonishing how many people have their nerves in some way af-fected. "They are nervous," "can-not control their feelings," "rest poorly at night," "have the blues," feel as though "something dreadful was about to happen" to them or their friends all the time affected with a sense of "impending danger" etc. etc., all of which point to temporary fied in their specific import with what 1 impairment of the nerves, which have here employed, must be accepted as a not relieved, may result in an accepted to the nerves of the nerves not relieved, may result in an acute attack of some form of disease. No nerve remedy will benefit unless the system is at the same time cleansed and prepared for its action. That is the reason of the failure of most nerve tonics in these cases. It is also the reason Dr. M. M. Fenner has combined in one medicine his Blood and Liver Remedy and Nerve Tonic, and it is the further reason that people who use it are enabled to write him

Fredonia, N. Y., Jan. 13th, 1872. Dr. M. M. Fenner-Dear Sir-I consider it a privilege as well as a duty to testify to the efficacy of your Blood and Liver Remedy and Nerve Tonic. For some time past I had been suffering from great nervous debility ecompanied with extreme lassitude and low spirits, almost unfitting me for business. I had previously heard your Remedy highly eulogised by some of your patients, and resolved to give it a trial. The effect was magical. From the moment of taking the first dose I felt decidedly better. Its warming influence was soothing, agreeable and invigorating. I have now taken three bottles and am entirely restored. I cheerfully reis very gratifying, however, to be able to commend it to the thousands suffering from

Nervous Debitity. Yours truly,

Pennsylvania News.

The debt of Millin county is \$70,-000. An oil excitement has broken out

in Cameron county. Mr. Moore, of Beaver county, died recently from the kick of a vicious

A deed, 109 years old, was entered in the Recorder's office, at Reading on Wednesday.

ing the month of February. All the idle mines of the Lebigh and Wilkesbarre Coal Company will be put in operation at once.

Mr. Smith, of Pottstown, owne

fourteen hens, who laid 229 eggs dur-

The valuation of real estate and personal property in Washington county ia \$39,508,239.

A new bridge will be built across he Susquebanna at Rockville by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company. The temperance men in the Western part of the State have selected Aloona as their next field of action.

Mrs. Farrel, of Chester, was so oadly burned by the explosion of a lamp, a few days ago, that she died in a short time. The new iron railroad bridge, which

crosses Tunkhannock creek below the town, is rapidly approaching comple-

A daughter of Mr. Christy, of Westmoreland county, was attacked by a dog the other day and dreadfully mangled. The citizens of Carbondale are circu-

lating papers expressing a decided protest against the construction of Lackawanna county. The papers of Pittsburg say the ravages of diphtheria in Western Pennsylvania are unprecedented.

Whole families are being swept off by this terrible disease. Two large wolves were recently seen near Sechler's Mills, Cambria county. The deep snow drove these animals from their usual haunts in search of

The dwelling, barn, outbuildings, household furniture and farming utensils of County Commissioner Hileman, of Blair county, were consumed by fire the other day.

The editors of the Clarion Republis can and Clarion Democrat were each candidates for borough offices and each defeated. A "fellow feeling makes us wonderous kind." The Pittsburg Post says that the

price of barge lumber has advanced from \$18 to \$35 per thousand, owing to the great destruction of barges in the Monongahela and Ohio rivers by the ice gorge of a few weeks ago. There are seventeen school slate nanufactories along the Delaware between Easton and the Delaware Water Gap, and five along the Lehigh, in

turing 60,000 cases of school states per annum. No ice jams in 1877. The gradual wasting of the ice has prevented the ossibility of any damage this year from the ice flood. In a few days the rivers will be clear and people along their banks have less care for the

the vicinity of Slatington, manufac-

spring tides. The Huntingdon News learns that Mr. Gobert, the gentleman interested in the erection of plate-glass works in this country, will leave Belgium in April next and come to that section with a view of erecting the works in a most advantageous location.

There is more trouble for the soldiers of the National Guard. A bill was reported from the military committee, with an affirmative recommendation, in the House last Friday, providing for certain severe penalties to be visited upon refractory soldiers hereafter who shall give insolence to their superior officers, sell their own horses, talk without permission, or commit any one of the almost ridiculous offenses enumerated. The court-martial, which is established by one of the provisions, gives the same jurisdiction to summon witnesses and punish offenses concurrent with the Courts of Quarter Sessions and Over and Terminer. The bill was drawn by Mr. Graham, of Allegheny, and, if it is not a joke, will have the effect of depopulating the ranks.

In a recent lecture by a Mr. Tylor, at the London Institution, on the Philosophy of Language, the superiority was claimed for that which is used in Great Britain, and the vast outlaying countries all over the globe, on which Sir. Charles Dilke bestowed the expressive title of "Greater Britain." Alluding to the extraordinary increase of English-speaking people, Mr. Tylor said that should it continue at the existing ratio, there would in twenty years-say, at the close of the present century-be 860,-000,000 speaking English, as against 124,000,000 speaking German, and 70, 000,000 speaking French. He would place the Euglish farabove the Greek, Latin, Hebrew, and Arabic languages because, throwing off the accretions of antiquity, it left the older languages far behind in power and delicacy of expression. Utter lawlessness and confusion were shown in the grammatical distinctions of gender, especially in the Latin languages. A clean sweep had been made in this respect in the English, rendering that language the envy and admiration of foreign grammarians, and this was well, seeing that it will puobably absorb all other languages. This strong endorsement will scarcely be objected to-in the United States, England, and Australia, at any rate. - Forney's

BUTTER AND LARD AT FURS A SMALL LOT AT

POWELL'S KIME'S