THBUN & CHAMBERLAIN.

(Successors to G. A. Rathbun,) Attorneys-at-Law, Main Street, Ridgway, Elk Co., Pa.

HALL & M'CAULEY,

Attorneys-at-Law.

Office in New Brick Building, Main St Ridgway, Elk Co., Pa. v8n2tf.

LUCORE & HAMBLEN.

Attorneys-at-Law, Ridgway, Elk County Pa. Office across the hall from the DEMOCRAT establishment. Claims for collection promptly attended to Jne. 15 '76.

J. O. W. BAILEY,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

v1n2ayl. Ridgway, Elk County, Pa.

Agent for the Traveler's Life and Accident Insurance Co., of Hartford, Conn.

JAMES D. FULLERTON,

Surgeon Dentist, having permanently located in Rigway, offers his professional services to the citizens of Ridgway and surrounding country. All work warranted. Office in Service & Wheeler's Building, upstairs, first door to the left. 73-n-32-1y

G. G. MESSENGER,

Druggist and Parmaceutist, N. W. corner of Main and Mill streets, Ridgway, Pa. full assortment of carefully selected Foreign and Domestic Drugs. Prescriptions carefully dispensed at all hours, day or night. v1n3y

T. S. HARTLEY, M. D.,

Physician and Surgeon.

Office in Drug Store, corner Broad and Main Sts. Residence corner Broad St. opposite the College. Office hours from 8 to 10 A. M. and from 7 to 8 P. M. v1n2y1.

J. S. BORDWELL, M. D.,

Eclectic Physician and Surgeon, has removed his office from Centre street, to Main st. Ridgway, Pa., in the second story of the new brick building of John G. Hall, opposite Hyde's store.

Office hours:—1 to 2 P M 7 to 9 P M

HYDE HOUSE,

RIDGWAY, ELK CO., PA

W. H. SCHRAM, Proprietor.

Thankful for the patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him, the new proprietor, hopes, by paying strict attention to the comfort and convenience of guests, to merit a continuance of the same.

Oct 30 1869.

KERSEY HOUSE,

CENTREVILLE, ELK CO., PA.

JOHN COLLINS, Proprietor.

Thankful for the patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him, the new proprietor, hopes, by paying strict attention to the comfort and convenience of guests, to merit a continuance of the same.

P. W. HAYS,

DEALS IN

Dry Goods, Notions, Groceries and General Variety,

FOX ELK CO., PA.

Earley P. O.

v1n17tf.

E. K. GRESH,

Dealer in all kinds of cabinet ware, woodand cane seat chairs, kitchen and extention tables, wood and marble top stands, wood and marble top bureaus, what nots, looking glasses, wood and marble top chamber suits, mattresses, spring bed bottoms, bed steads, cribs, Laferty's metal lined wood pumps, &c., &c. Cane seats replaced with perforated wood seats. Weed sewing machine reduced from $65 to $45, the best machine in the market, and picture frames made to order. Also a large assorted stock of ready made coffins constantly on hand and trimmed at shortest notice. All the above goods are sold at panic prices. Ware Rooms in masonic building, Ridgway Pa. v5n49tdapr27'77.

CHARLES HOLES,

Watchmaker, Engraver and Jeweler Main street, Ridgway, Pa. Agent for the Howe Sewing Machine, and Morton Gold Pen. Repairing Watches, etc, done with the same accuracy as heretofore. Satisfaction guaranteed. v1n1y

QUOTATIONS

OF

White, Powell & Co.

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

No. 42 South Third Street.

Philadelphia, Sep. 5th, 1876

	BID.	ASKED
U. S. 1881. c	117¼	117¾
do 5 20, c '65, M and N	112¾	113¼
do do '65 J and J	113¼	113¾
do do '65 do	116¼	117
do do '65 do	118¼	118¾
10-40, do coupon	115¼	115¾
do Pacific 6's cy Int. off	126½	127
New 5's Reg. 1881	115¼	115¾
" " C. 1881	115¼	115¾
Gold	109½	109¾
Silver	100	101¼
Pennsylvania ex ive	47¾	47¾
Reading	44¼	44½
Philadelphia & Erie	15	15¼
Lehigh Navigation	28¼	28¾
do Valley	52¼	53
United R R of N J ex. div	137	136¼
Oil Creek	9½	9¾
Northern Central ex. div	31¼	31½
Central Transportation	42½	43
Nesquehoning	52	52¼
North Pennsylvania	49¼	50
C & A Mortgage 6's '89	107	107¼

A GOOD WORK.

A Startling Cause of Debility and Sickness fully explained in a large octavo Treatise by Dr. O. PHELPS BROWN, 21 Grand Street, Jersey City, N. J EVERY MAN AND WOMAN who is ailing in any way should send and get a copy at once, as it is sent free, prepaid by mail. Address the author as above. v6n1?40t

Elk Advocate.

THURSDAY, SEPT. 14TH, 1876.

Rates of Advertising.

One column, one year	$75 00
½ " " "	40 00
¼ " " "	25 00
⅛ " " "	15 00

Transient advertisements per square of eight lines, one insertion $1, two insertions, $1.50, three insertions $2.

Business cards, ten lines or less, per year $5.

Advertisements payable quarterly.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

Eastern—Daily except Sundays; arrives at 2:22 p. m., leaves at 5:16 p. m.;

Western—Daily except Sundays; leaves at 2:22, arrives at 5:16 p. m.

Brookville—Daily except Sundays arrives at 12 m., leaves at 2:30 p. m.

Spring Creek—Arrives Tuesdays and Thursdays at 11 a. m.; leaves Wednesdays and Fridays at 9 a. m.

Lodge Meetings.

Elk Lodge, No. 379, A. Y. M., meets the second and fourth Tuesdays of each month in Masonic Hall.

Elk Chapter, No. 230, R. A. M., meets the third Tuesday of each month in Masonic Hall.

Knapp Commandery, No. 49, K. T. meets the fourth Thursday of each month in Masonic Hall.

ounty Officers.

President Judge—Hon. L. D. Wetmore
Associate Judges—Hons. J. K. Whitmore, Chas. Luhr.
Sheriff—Daniel Scull.
Treasurer—Jacob McCauley.
District Attorney—J. K. P. Hall.
Co. Superintendent—Geo. R. Dixon.
Prothonotary, &c—Fred. Schoening.
Deputy Prothonotary—W. S. Horton.
Commissioners—Michael Wedert, W. H. Osterhout, George Reuscher.
Commissioners' Clerk—W. S. Horton.
Auditors—W. H. Hyde, R. I. Spangler, George Rothrock.

Township Officers.

Judge of Election—Will Dickinson.
Inspectors—James Penfield, P. R. Smith.
Justices of the Peace—Charles Mead, Jas. D. Fullerton.
School Directors—O. B. Grant, Jas. Gardner, G. T. Wheeler, N. T. Cummings, W. S. Service, Eug. J. Miller.
Supervisors—O. B. Fitch, Jas. Riley.
Treasurer—W. H. Hyde.
Assessor—M. S. Kline.
Assistant Assessors—Geo. Dickinson, John Walmsley.
Auditors—J. H. Hagerty, James Penfield, J. S. Powell.
Clerk—M. S. Kline.
Constable—J. W. Morgester.

Churches.

Lutheran—Rev. I. Brenneman, pastor. Services every alternate Sunday, in both English and German, at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Sunday school at 10 a. m. Geo. Walker, Superintendent; J. O. W. Bailey, assistant.

Grace Episcopal—Rev. Wm. James Miller, rector. Services every Sunday at the usual hours, 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Sunday school at 10 a. m. C. E. Holladay, superintendent; Geo. R. Dixon, assistant.

Young Folks' Bible Class at 3 p. m.

Roman Catholic—Rev. Father Maher pastor. Services every other Sunday at 10 a. m.

NEW TIME TABLE P. & E. R. R.

Commencing Sunday, July 2nd, 1876:

WILCOX.

Mail East	4:37 p m
" West	2:17 p m
Phila. Express East	9:58 p m
Erie Express West	9:36 a m
Day Express East	6:27 a m
Niagara Express West	8:34 p m

RIDGWAY.

Mail East	5:12 p m
Mail West	2:11 p m
Phila Express East	10:28 p m
Erie Express West	5:00 a m
Day Express East	7:00 a m
Niagara Express West	7:51 p m

ST. MARY'S.

Mail East	5:37 p m
Mail West	1:46 p m
Phila. Express East	10:18 p m
Erie Express West	4:36 a m
Day Express West	7:33 a m
Niagara Express West	7:21 p m

RAILROADS

PENNSYLVANIA RAIL ROAD

Philadelphia & Erie R. R. Division

SUMMER TIME TABLE.

ON and after SUNDAY, JULY 2, 1876, the trains on the Philadelphia & Erie Railroad will run as follows:

WESTWARD.

NIAGARA EX	leaves Renovo	4 20 p m
" " "	Driftwood	5 27 p m
" " "	Emporium	6 20 p m
" " "	St Marys	7 21 p m
" " "	Ridgway	7 55 p m
	arr at Kane	9 00 p m
ERIE MAIL	leaves Philadelphia	11 55 p m
" " "	Renovo	11 00 a m
" " "	Emporium	12 55 p m
" " "	St. Mary's	1 46 p m
" " "	Ridgway	2 11 p m
" " "	Kane	3,30 p m
" " "	arrive at Erie	7 35 p m
ERIE EX	leaves Renovo	2.15 a m
" " "	Driftwood	3.07 a m
" " "	Emporium	3 40 a m
" " "	St. Marys	4.36 a m
" " "	Ridgway	5.00 a m
" " "	Kane	6.20 a m
" "	arr. at Erie	10.30 a m

EASTWARD.

DAY EX	leaves Kane	6.05 a m
" " "	Ridgway	7.00 a m
" "	St Marys	7 23 a m
" "	Emporium	8 10 a m
" "	Driftwood	8 58 p m
" "	Renovo	10 10 p m
ERIE MAIL	leaves Erie	11.20 a m
" " "	Kane	4 15 p m
" " "	Ridgway	5.12 p m
" " "	St. Mary's	5.37 p m
" " "	Emporium	6.30 p m
" " "	Renovo	8.45 p m
" "	arr. at Philadephia	6.50 a m
PHILAD'A EX	leaves Erie	6 10 p m
" " "	Kane	9.40 a m
" " "	Ridgway	10.28a m
" " "	St Marys	10.48 a m
" " "	Empor'm Ju.	11.30 a m
" " "	Driftwood	12.07a m
" " "	Renovo	1.10 a m

Day Express and Niagara Express connect east with Low Grade Division and B N. Y! & P. R. R.

WM. A. BALDWIN.
Gen'l Sup't.

JOB WORK.—We are now prepared to do all kinds of JOB WORK, Envelepes. Tags. Bill-heads, Letter heads neatly and cheaply executed. Office in Thayer & Hagerty's new building, Main street Ridgway, Pa.

ATTENTION REPUBLICANS.

The Republicans of Elk County, Pa, are requested to meet at their respective election Districts at the place of holding the last general election on

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 16th, 1876,

at 7 o'clock P. M. for the purpose of choosing delegates to attend the County Convention, for the purpose of nominating county officers, and all business that may be deemed necessary, to be held at the Hayes & Wheeler Club Room, over the Post Office, at Ridgway Pa.

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 19th, 1876,

at 10 o'clock A. M.

J. H. HAGERTY, Chairman.

Facts for Voters.

Thursday, September 7th, is the last day for being assessed.

Saturday, October 7th is the last day for securing naturalization papers.

Saturday, October 7th, is the last day on which taxes can be paid in legal time to vote.

LOCAL NOTES.

COURT commences next Monday.

SUBSCRIBE for the ADVOCATE.

BLACKBERRIES are still in the market.

YESTERDAY the weather was warmer.

THE Republican County Convention will meet next Tuesday.

THE Supervisors have laid new plank at several street crossings.

H. S. THAYER has had the water conveyed in iron pipes from Ross' pump to his residence on Mill Street.

THE Republican primaries will be held next Saturday. Each township is entitled to two delegates. Don't forget it.

THE Hayes & Wheeler Club meetings increase in interest. Let every one attend. Regular meeting on Saturday evening.

WE have correspondence from several places in the county. We hope to increase the number with each issue. "Citizen" from Millstone, is our latest arrival, and we hope he will call again.

MARRIED.

CURTIS—DIXON.—On Wednesday, September 13th, 1876, at Painesville, Ohio, Mr. S. W. Curtis, of Ridgway, to Miss M. Dixon, of Painesville.

Returns from Vermont.

Boston, September 8. Complete returns of the Vermont Gubernatoral vote have been received and give Fairbanks, 44,585; Bingham, 21,065, and scattering, 93; Fairbanks' majority, 23,527. In 1874 the vote stood; Peck, 33,582; Bingham, 13,258, and scattering, 21; Peck's majority, 20,303. The full returns of the Lower House give the Republicans 203, Democrats 31, and no choice, 5 a Democratic loss of 28.

A careful revision of the Vermont election returns gives Fairbanks, the Republican candidate for Governor, a majority of 23,732.

The Result in Maine.

MAJORITY ABOUT 15,000.

Augusta, Sep. 12.—Two hundred and eighty-seven towns, in a total vote of 113,039, give Conerer 63,743 and Talbot 49,296; Connor's majority, 14,447. The same towns last year, in a total vote of 92,607, gave Connor 48,435 and Roberts 44,172; Connor's majority 4,263; Republican net gain over last year 10,184. The towns not yet hear from threw last year a total vote of 19,058. The returns indicate that these towns may increase their vote this year to about 23,000, the largest ever thrown in the State. Connor's majority will exceed 15,000 if the towns not yet reported give the same relative vote as those heard from.—*Kenebec Journal.*

General Ben. Harrison addressed about 5,000 or 6,000 people at the salt wells, near Evansville, Ind., He spoke for an hour, making an able and comprehensive speech, touching briefly about all the questions in issue between the parties His review of Tilden's record was admirable, and made a fine impression General John M. Harlem made a brief speech at the salt wells, and last night addressed a crowd of 3,000 at the wigwam, in one of the ablest and most telling speeches of the campaign. A thousand people crowded the streets unable to get in the hall, which seats 2000. It was a field day for the Republican party.

For once Ex-Governor Seymour, known as the great American decliner, has mustered up sufficient courage to stick by his word and refuse to accept the Saratoga nomination. The report of his acceptance proves to have been premature, and was doubtless sent out with the expectation that he would finally yield, as he had always done heretofore. The sage of Utica, however, manifests a dogged determination to remain in private life, much to the consternation of the Democracy. If he cannot be coaxed into accepting the nomination, the State Committee will be called upon to choose a candidate, as the convention has adjourned. We cannot but admire the Spartan courage of the Bourbon statesman in sticking to his word for once, though we confess to a fear that at the last moment he will yield and accept the bauble. The New York Democracy have been thrown into spasms by the nomination of Morgan, and every sign now points to a Republican triumph in November. The Tilden load is a heavy one to carry; but with Seymour it was increased tenfold. Republicans heartily regret that Seymour is afraid to face the music, as with him on the course their victory would have been more overwhelming. Who will be taken up in the event of his final refusal to come out, cannot be conjectured at present, as the Democracy are so demoralized that they have no fixed plans, and are drifting about like a vessel at sea without a rudder.

WILCOX NOTES.

WILCOX, PA., Sept. 11th, 1876.

Dull.

Dogs.

Rain.

Croquet.

Wampires, (Warmfires.)

Woodchucks.

The millet is all garnered.

School DID commence to-day for a fact.

Bull dogs are exterminating the woodchucks.

"J" caught a woodchuck last Saturday.

They are drilling at last, at oil well No. 3.

Oil well No. 2, is being tubed to-day and a flow of oil is expected to be the result.

Amos Myers' child died to-day, from scarlet fever I believe.

W. R. Garrett has been very sick, but is now able to be out again.

Business has closed at the mill and the employees are all playing croquet.

Vandike of the little DEMOCRAT parts his hair like a man, chews tobacco, smokes 5 cent cigars, and plays croquet like a woman.

I hereby challenge Vandike of the little DEMOCRAT, to an encounter with croquet mallets, time and place to be fixed hereafter.

The Republicans of Wilcox met at the hotel of Martin Sowers last Saturday evening and organized a Hayes and Wheeler Club, A. B. Preston, was elected President, A. T. Aldrich Vice President, and J. C. Malone, Secretary. Adjourned subject to the call of the President.

Our citizens have gone crazy over croquet, it is played in the rain and mud and by lamp light nearly all night. I know of a case where a person was called from bed at night, to play a game, and left the soft arms of morpheus to do so. ROSS.

Tuesday Sept. 12th 1876.

Hay is selling here at $12 per ton.

There are a few Peter Cooper men in town and they all hanker after greenbacks.

Doct. A. M. Straight and lady arrived home, from the Centennial this morning.

Leslie Ernhout has returned east to resume his studies; he will attend medical lectures this winter at an institution of note near N. Y. City. The next time we meet Less, it will, of course, be natural to say.—"Why, how do you do Doctor?"

There is some talk of starting a newspaper hee, to accommodate the numerous "scribblers" which this place contains. It will be called the "Wilcox Punch" and devoted to punching everybody and everything.

We would respectfully suggest to "X" and "King" that a light umbrella would be a good thing to use in playing croquet when it rains, besides necessitating the use of only one hand in playing making a fair thing of it.

ROSS.

A number of small, cheap and very inflamable frame structures were burned near the Centennial grounds on Saturday afternoon. They were occupied by beer saloons, restaurants, side shows, etc. The loss was about $25,000. Some of the large hotels near very narrowly escaped.

The Committee of the Union Veteran Association, having in charge the reunion of Boys in Blue, at Indianpolis, the 20th and 21st inst., have issued an invitation to the soldiers and sailors who served in the Union Army and Navy during the late war, and all others in sympathy with the cause for which they fought to be present.

In Somerset Pa., a few days ago, a little two year old child of Mr. Frank Walter met with a very painful death by being scalded. The child was playing in the yard beneath the kitchen window where the hired girl, who had been boiling corn in the kitchen, went to the window to pour off the boiling water, and not seeing the child, poured the water all over it scalding the poor little one so severely that it died in a few hours afterward.

On Sunday night, the 27th ultimo, the safe in the Erie company's depot at Bradford, Pa, was blown open with a heavy charge of powder, making a complete wreck of it. The venture hardly paid expenses, as the burglars only obtained three dollars. It appears that three men were engaged in the business, and that they walked down the track to below Tarport, where they went through a farm house and captured fifty dollars in money. One of the burglars was afterwards captured at Olean.

Edward Gumpert, of Wilkesbarre, a physician, has been arrested and held to bail for causing the death of a young girl named Josie Gallagher, by alleged malpractice. The Democratic Coroner of the county, P. J. Prendergast, seems to be implicated in the criminal irregularity by holding an informal examination over the body of Miss. Gallagher, and declaring that she had died from heart disease. A *Post mortem* investigation subsequently revealed the fact that the girl's death was caused by an abortion.

Hartford, Conn., September 10.—On Thursday, in the town of Wilington, two girls, Rosie Green, aged 14 years, and a companion, Miss Shurtleff, 17 years old took strychnine with a suicidal purpose. Miss Green died in four hours. Just before death she stated as her motive that no one cared for her; that her dead mother was calling her, and she was tired of life. Miss Shurtleff is alive, but still in danger. Two young men were present when the fatal dose was taken and were urged to partake of it, although they thought the whole thing was a joke.

Gov. Chamberlain, of South Carolina, has issued a proclamation in regard to the recent disturbance in Charleston. He declares his determination to preserve the peace and the sacred rights of every citizen to free speech and political action and forbids the presence upon the street of armed bodies of men, whether organized or not. Mayor Cunningham has issued a similar proclamation. The Republican and Democratic committees of the city held a conference Saturday evenifg on this subject, and both sides agreed that they would use every effort to prevent any further disturbance.

This fact should impel the managers of the national canvass to increasing effort. As in the campaign of '72, the brunt of the fight must be borne by the contestants in the preliminary elections, and it is their hands which most need strengthening now. After each party has made its own estimate of strength, and reduced uncertainty to the minimum, the immediate battle will be seen to be impending in Indiana. As we have already pointed out, it is not absolutely necessary that the Republicans should win there, but it is vital to the Democrats that they should, and the smallest discomfiture they may suffer there will tell against them in November. Every advantage of position, therefore, belongs clearly to ourselves, and with properly concentrated effort victory will not be doubtful. With a weaker foe in 1876 than we overcame in 1872 success lies still more evidently within our grasp.

A TRIP TO ALTOONA.

We arrived duly at Alltoona, on the evening of the 30th of September via. Lock Haven and Tyrone. We boarded the cars of the Bald Eagle R. R. at Lock Haven, running through Bald Eagle Valley all the way to Tyrone; changed cars and rode up to Altoona, on the P. C. R. R. a distance of about fifteen miles. Altoona is a City of about 10,000 inhabitants and is noted for the extensive Car Shops of the P. C. R. R. Company, where everything is manufactured that belongs to rail roads. The Shops are all enclosed with a high fence, and no one can enter unless he has a permit from the Company. The highest number of workmen employed at any time was about 3,000. At present about 1,5000 are employed on eight hours time. A great part of the city is built up by poor men, employed by the Company, and consequently most all the houses are small frame buildings. There are a few exceptions. The Logan House is a very large and extensive building, located at the depot. We noticed also a splendid mansion, built by a certain bankrupt banker, with the money belonging to the poor people. The Presbyterians are building a splendid and costly church on 8th Avenue.

On the morning of the 5th inst., we took the cars for Bells' Mills six miles cast. An offer was made by Mr. Ramsey a very generous gentleman of that place, to those that attended Synod, a ride up the Allegheny mountain. At Bell's Mills we noticed the beautiful little cars with the words "Bells Gap R. R.". Your correspondent, with about twenty others, both clerical and lay, entered the cars and had one of the grandest rides, we ever enjoyed, up the mountain to Slodsville to the coal mines on top of the mountain. In going up some of the grandest scenery is beheld that human eyes can look upon. The grade is 156 feet to the mile. The road is eight miles and a half long. In making the ascent we crossed a deep ravene over which is a trusle work 75 feet high, and 300 feet long, over which the cars run very slowly. On the curve around the mountain we could see the track 300 feet above us; we had to go two miles and then it was 1300 feet across. Finally we arrived at Slodsville where our company took seats in the coal and were conveyed one mile into the "bowels of the earth" to the working rooms. This bed of coal is 2189 feet above the ocean level, and 1120 feet above Bell's Mill. The coal vein that is worked averages about five feet. There are also six other veins part of them workable and part of them not; under the coal bed there is about three feet of fire clay. The average dip is three and a half to four feet to every hundred feet. About 25,000 tons of coal have been taken out since July, 1873. Having seen all that was interesting we started down the mountain "a kiting," without a locomotive, our company being divided and placed on two separate cars. It was a grand sight to see those on the car before us, shooting along like an arrow, and when we came near the trestle work we looked down the 300 feet across the ravine. How they flew down the opposite hill side, all at once we run right on them, they having stopped to eat huckleberries, plenty of them there. Just about noon we arrived at Bell's Mills again. Mr. Ramsey invited our company to enjoy his home for several hours until train time. Mrs. Ramsey had the table loaded with good things for the inner man and we had a "free pitch in." The company engaged themselves in discoursing music for we had several musicians among us. When the trains came we went east and west.

We would advise any one if they are not done sight seeing in this Centenial year take a ride up to Slodsville.

TRAVELER.

A LETTER FROM EARLEY.

"Wheat & Chess."

Earley, Elk Co. Pa., Sept. 11th, 1876.

MR. EDITOR,—Strange as it may seem, to the minds of some thinking men, it is nevertheless a *fact* that under certain circumstances chess is produced from wheat, *i. e.* the nature of the wheat by some means is *changed*, so as to produce a stalk of *chess.*

Now, I know this to be a *fact.* On one occasion I sowed wheat quite late in the fall, a portion of the field was wet, and the wheat on that portion did not mature well, and there was a good many stalks left on the ground, some of which lay there all the year. The following year, after, I went through the lot, and noticing stalks of chess, I took pains, as it happened, to trace the roots of the chess to the old wheat head of the former year, which was still intact, showing plainly that the wheat had sprouted while remaining in the chaff, upon or in the wheat head, and *above ground* and where it stood a good chance to get rather rash treatment from exposure to heat and cold, during the sprouting process, which no doubt, to some extent, would change its *nature.* Now I claim that *this* is no more a "miracle," than is *Progression,*" or "Idiocy" with the offspring of an intellectual "parentage." I claim that there is some difference in the nature of wheat that is "fully matured" and that that is "cut down" while in the "milk. *Above said* wheat heads were *not* matured. Respt. &c., ENOS HAYS.

It is said that Mr. Tilden's physical condition is about as uncertain as that of Mr. Seymour, and it is notorious that the work of the campaign has been intrusted mainly to the "Literary Bureau" in Liberty street. The gentlemen in charge of that establishment are Mr. W. S. Andrews, the son of Mr Stephen Pearl Andrews, better known as the "Pantarch," and Mr. Pelton, a nephew of Governor Tilden.—*New York Times.*

MILLSTONE NOTES.

Millstone, Elk County Pa. Sept. 11, '76

HENRY A. PARSONS, JR.—Editor of the ADVOCATE.—SIR:—Having noticed in your paper that you desire local news from the different portions of the county, I take the present opportunity to give you a few notes from Millstone.

The shingle Mill of Wm. Crispen, Darran, & Moores, was burnt on Saturday, the 9th, about 4 o'clock. Loss about $3,500, the mill is situated about two miles north of the mouth of Millstone creek, and has been running for the last two months at an average of about sixteen thousand shingles per day, running only in daylight. The shingle mill was a good one and was built only last winter, but like most all steam mills was of short duration. Mr. Dayley, the sawyer, shut the mill down at noon, on Saturday, and all of the hands and himself left the mill. After dinner there were no signs of fire about the mill only the fire at the waste pile some five or six rods distant. About four o'clock Mr. Dayley, and Samuel Brandon, a teamster, went to the mill and found it enveloped in flames, and too far gone to do anything with it, but they succeeded in saving all the shingles that were at the mill with the exception of about fifty thousand. The mill was insured for $1,7000 about one-half the loss. It will probably be rebuilt but will throw eight men out of employment for some time.

We have had a very dry fall in this section of the county, but lately have been blessed with several small showers.

The oats, and potatoe crops, will not be over one-half of the former yield.

Upon Sunday we had a very moderate rain, but how far it extended we do not know, but hope it will extend far enough to bring a rise in the river as there is a considerable amount of timber now rafted in awaiting its coming, which would financially retrieve a great many and brighten business through this section of the country.

We have had considerable sickness in this locality. The disease being diphtheria, and mostly among the children. Mr. Harrison Cats buried one of his children on the 6th inst., the other two are recovering.

Political items are scarce, and but little is said. The citizens of Clarington formed a Hayes & Wheeler Club Saturdey night, and got thirty members, and some who were formerly Democrats but are tired of New York reform.

CITIZEN.

The result has shown that all the talk we have heard lately, or read in print, of the unpopularity of Gov. Rice and the probabilities of his defeat in the Convention, had no substantial foundation, that his popularity with the party is unimpaired, and that he will carry as many votes, with a single exception, as any man in the party.—*Boston Herald.*

A Hayes and Wheeler pole two hundred and fifty feet long was being raised at Lancaster, Ohio, on Saturday evening, about five o'clock, and when the top had reached an elevation of about one hundred feet the rope broke and one of the derricks fell. Charley Dunkle, Geo. Fink, Chas. Huffman and Geo. Martin were injured, and the first three named have since died. Martin escaped with a broken leg. The greatest excitement was caused by the rumor that the ropes had been cut by political opponents, but this is not credited.

The Pacific Mail Steamship Company's steamer City of Pekin made the remarkable passage from Yokohama to San Francisco, a distance of 5,000 miles, in fifteen days, arriving at the latter port September 7, this being a daily average of 337 miles, or fourteen knots per hour.

LIST OF JURORS FOR SEPT. TERM, 1876.

GRAND JURORS.

Milton Chase	Hotel Keeper,	Benezette.
H R Wilson,	Farmer,	"
Henry D. Derr,	Blacksmith	"
John Gleixner	Farmer,	Benzinger.
Philip Young	Farmer,	"
John Groll, Jr.	Laborer,	"
Pat. Jordon,	School Teacher,	Fox.
N. F. Apker,	Farmer,	"
John Hershey,	"	"
Silas Moyer,	"	"
John Cuneo	Merchant	Horton.
Wm. B. Hewitt,	Farmer,	Jay.
John Nest	Laborer,	Jones.
Capt. Jas. Woodward,	Grocer,	Ridgway.
G. D. Messenger,	Lumberman,	"
R. H. Wensel,	Laborer,	"
Minor Wilcox,	"	"
John R. Kline,	Clerk,	"
D. D. Davison,	Jobber,	Spring Creek.
J. F. Windfelder,	Saloon Keeper,	St. Marys Boro
Chas. Weis,	Gunsmith,	"
Louis. Garner,	Founder,	"
John Dollenger,	Wagonmaker	"
G. C. Brandon,	Editor,	"

TRAVERSE JURORS.

John Mohan,	Butcher,	Benezette.
Julius Jones,	Farmer,	"
Michael Neibert,	Carpenter,	Benzinger.
Paul Rush,	Farmer,	"
Joseph Wickett,	Laborer	"
Christ Kreckle,	"	"
Joseph Kerner,	School Teacher	"
Valentine Neibert,	Carpenter,	"
William Knecht,	Laborer,	"
F. Schluttenhofer,	"	"
Andrew Hassenetter,	"	"
Joel S. Taylor,	Farmer,	Fox.
William Frantz,	Laborer,	"
P. W. Hays,	Farmer,	"
John Taylor,	"	"
James Cuneo,	Miner,	"
James Bixby,	Farmer,	"
Fevi Elithorpe,	"	Highland,
A. W. Grey,	"	Jay,
William Weidert,	"	Jones,
W. H. Horton	Laborer,	Horton.
H. S. Thayer,	Merchant	Ridgway.
Geo. Dickinson,	Farmer,	"
C. D. G. Bowers,	Carpenter,	"
D. C. Oyster,	Banker,	"
J. D. Fullerton,	Dentist,	"
John VanOrsdall,	Laborer,	"
James Penfield,	Druggist,	"
Neil Rogers,	Lumberman,	Spring Creek.
John Gerber,	Laborer,	St. Mary's Boro.
Joseph Hanhauser,	Clerk,	"
George Garner,	Druggist,	"
Jos. Dornish,	Laborer,	"
John Frank,	Laborer,	"
Matt. Friendle,	Laborer,	"
Charles Garner,	Founder,	"

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Political Notes.

The South is prepared to treat for peace on the same terms as in 1861.

Baltimore and Ohio Railroad train; Hayes, 121; Tilden, 30; Cooper, 3. Put on the brakes.

It is observed that people on the fence are tapping their toes a little on the Hayes side.

Tilden's income in 1862, it is claimed, reached $108,000, yet he swore his taxable income was only $7,118 in that time.

The Baltimore *Gazette* threatens to oppose "Minute Men" to the Boys in Blue. That kind of talk is at least eleven years too late.

Democratic papers are changing their tone A fortnight ago they bragged and blustered; to-day they threaten or appeal for votes.

Wonder if Tilden wanted Wade Hampton nominated for Governor in South Carolina "for the sake of the outside effect?"—*New York Tribune.*

The two great Bens at the next session of Congress will be Ben Butler and Ben Hill. The Republican minority will feel as though it might have been —worse.—*Press.*

The Northern States alone are going to elect Hayes and Wheeler. The Southern "people" had better accept this as a fact and come in and help swell their majority.

Mr. Blaine is to make his first speech in Indiana, with General Ben. Harrison, at the grand rally at the Tippecanoe Battle-ground on the 26th inst. That will be a monster meeting.

The result of the Vermont election shows a Republican gain of nearly five thousand. The Democrats have lost their only State Senator and twenty-four of their fifty-nine members of the House.

Carl Schurz is meeting with ovations wherever he goes at the hands of his German fellow-citizens. He addressed as many as could get to hear him, some three thousand in number, in Chicago last night.

Charles Francis Adams accepts the Democratic nomination for Governor of Massachusetts. The Boston papers say that Rice is stronger than when he ran two years ago, and that Adams' nomination gives them no concern.

North Carolina Democrats affect to be indignant at the sending of Federal troops into the South, but in July, 1864, Vance, the rebel Governor, now their candidate for Governor, sent armed soldiers to the polls, ostensibly to keep desefters from voting or disturbing the election.

Complete returns of the Vermont Gubernatorial vote have been received and give Fairbanks 44,582, Bingham 21,025 and scattering 23; Fairbanks' majority, 23,537. Full returns of the Lower House give the Republicans; 205, Democrats 31, and no choice 5; a Democratic loss of 28.

The Chicago *Times* speaks of "Vermont and other remote places." This calls to mind the surprised ejaculation of a backwoodsman in the wilds of Maine, who when told by an amateur sportsman that his home was in New York, exclaimed, 'Why I shouldn't think you'd like to live so far off."

The Richmond (Va.) *Whig* says: "It is no concern who were in array against the Union ten years ago, all have been amnestied and placed on the same equal footing before the law." And yet the *Whig* and all the Tilden allies in the South are continually complaining of the "harsh terms" imposed upon the South.

The Macon, Georgia, *Telegraph* is Democratic, but it is honest enough to admit that Governor Hayes is "a very estimable and honest gentleman—personally worthy the suffrage of any man who believes he is adapted to the exalted position he aspires to, and the extraordinary emergencies which he will be required to meet.

Wendell Phillips thinks great things of the high-stepping Southerner, whom he describes as a shrewd, able, unmatched politician, and prophesies that, though we "beat him on the battle field, he will beat us at the ballot box. It will occur to most people that we shouldn't have met him on the battle field in 1861 if we hadn't beaten him at the ballot box in 1860.

So Then!—Some of the Tilden organs boldly assert that unless their candidate is elected in November "a revolution *must* follow." That is just the way they talked in 1860, and the result is known. Do they again mean what they say? If so, let the loyal and patriotic men of the country be prepared for the contest with these rebels and traitors. By the Eternal, the Union must and shall be preserved!"

Has South Carolina received its "bar'l of money" already? It would seem so from the Beaufort correspondence of the Charleston *News*, which says: "This is the first occasion that the Democratic party has had the advantage here of being financially better prepared to wage an election contest that its adversaries. The Republicans are all dead broke, and there is no money among them. Our resources this time will enable us at least to hold a hand with funds necessary to conduct the compaign with vigor."

The Democrats of Des Moines, Iowa, nominated Mr. D. A. Kent for County Clerk, but he declines, refusing longer to act with that party because (among other reasons) the voice of Northern Democrats echoes everywhere in defense of Southern outlaws and in excuse of their crimes, and because the ex-rebels are using every effort to secure payment for the loss of property destroyed on account of their own disloyalty and treason to the Government, thus taxing the property of the dead soldier to reimburse the traitor who killed him.

This is the way the Massachusetts and Connecticut nominations strike the New York *Tribune*: "Two more excellent figure-heads. In Massachusetts, Mr. Charles Francis Adams; in Connecticut, Mr. Richard D. Hubbard. But we beg the voters of Massachusetts and Connecticut not to allow their attention to be distracted from the character of the ship and the appearance of her crew by the figure-head she bears. Let every voter in each of these States put to himself this test: Who and what are the men who are supporting these nominees? Are they such men as you would like to see in power? That is the real question."

The Wilmington [Del] *Commercial* of the 6th inst. says: "The figures of yesterday's election tell their own story, and present the most overwhelming result that has ever been achieved in this city. The Republicans not only carry eight of the ten wards, elect n