Elk Advocate.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 22, 1874.

Car Time at Ridgway.

ERIE MAIL East..... 4:45 p. m
do do West..... 2:33 a. m.
[illegible] RE SS West..... 8:05 a. m.
do do East.....10:04 p. m.

ELK LODGE, A. Y. M.

The stated meetings of Elk Lodge, No. 379, are held at their hall, corner of Main and Depot streets, on the second and fourth Tuesdays of each month.

W. C. HEALY, Sec'y.

Rates of Advertising.

One column, one year.....$75 00
½ " " " 40 00
¼ " " " 25 00
⅛ " " " 15 00

Transient advertisements per square of eight lines, one insertion $1, two insertions, $1.50, three insertions $2.

Business cards, ten lines or less, per year $5.

Advertisements payable quarterly.

NOTES.

JACK FROST has been sporting in this region for several nights past.

THE election occurs this year on November 3d.

IT IS said that tea made of chestnut leaves will cure whooping cough.

No services will be held in the court house next Sunday, by reason of the dedication of the Lutheran church.

D. C. OYSTER has made a good sheriff, and we believe the people will elevate him to a still higher position.

EGGS are selling here now for 33 cents a dozen; butter for 45 cents a pound; apples for 75 @ $1,00 a bushel; potatoes for $1,00 a bushel.

PROFF. H. W. ROTH, of Tiel College, will preach in the new Lutheran church next Saturday evening, at half past seven o'clock.

NELSON GARDNER raised on his farm, about six miles from this place, peerless potatoes at the rate of six hundred bushels to the acre. Who can beat a larger yield?

THE Grangers and Modocs had another game of base ball at Brockwayville last Saturday. The Modocs were again the winners; score 24 for Grangers; 56 for Modocs.

ROBBERIES.—Cook's store at Centreville, was robbed of some goods and money. The post-office at Daguscahonda, was broken into last week, and a lot of cigars and about twenty dollars, in postage stamps, taken.

LARGE TRACT OF LAND OFFERED FOR SALE.—In another column will be found the advertisement of Thos L Kane, for sixty-eight thousand acres coal, iron, and timber lands. All interested in the purchase of lands should give this advertisement a careful perusal.

GODEY'S LADY'S BOOK.—We have on our table this delightful lady's magazine, for November, it is, as usual replete with good stories and fine illustrations The terms are $3,00, a year, with a copy of the chromo "The Rescue." Address L. A. Godey, N. E. cor. Sixth and Chestnut St, Phila., for terms to clubs.

C. T Alexander.

The above named gentleman, a resident of Bellefonte Pa., has consented to be an independent candidate in this district, for Congress. Mr. Alexander, as we are informed, is a Democrat, although a very moderate one and a man every way qualified to fill this high and responsible position.

THE Pennsylvania Railroad Company issued on the 1st of October a new system of tickets, which are good for one thousand miles of travel, but which must be used within one hundred and thirty-five miles of the depot at which they are purchased. These are numbered from 1 to 1,000, and there is a coupon for every mile. They will be furnished for $25—thus allowing a saving of five dollars on regular fare rate.

THE Cincinnati *Gazette* (Republican) says that "on a platform of repudiation, inflation, anti-temperance and general cussedness, the Democratic party has carried Ohio by a decided majority." The Cincinnati *Enquirer* (Democrat) says that "the election means opposition to the national bank monopoly; that the volume of the currency should be enlarged, and there should be a tariff for revenue only." The Ohio and Indiana Democratic platforms in this late canvass declared for the redemption of the national bonds in greenbacks.

DIED—In Jay Township, October 6th, 1874, at the residence of her son, Wm. P. Luce, Ann M. Goff, of the dropsy, aged about 76 years.

Mrs. Goff was one of the early emigrants into this county; having come with her father Fredrick Weed, and family, in 1819 Her first husband was Wm. F. Luce, who came into this county in 1813, and married Ann M. Weed about 1821. Mr. Luce died about 1832, and his widow married Capt. Potter Goff. who died about 1845. Mrs. Goff like most of the early settlers in this county, experienced many of the hardships incident to the settlement of a new country. Mrs. Goff was a professor of religion for a number of years before her death, and lived an exemplary life till death.

ERASMUS MOREY.

MARRIED.—Mr. Joseph F. Windfelder Jr., Deputy Treasury of Elk county, to Miss Kate Raul, on Tuesday Oct. 13th 1874. Both of St. Mary's.

The Representative Question.

As the election approaches it seems highly proper, that we consider well the claims of the respective candidates for our support.

In the first place, we assume that Mr Wimmer is a Railroad-man, that; he is identified with their interests and in an issue between them and the people, would be found on the side of Railroad monopolies.

Now, then, under the new Constitution, there is to be a bill proposed at the next session of the Legislature, to give force and effect to that clause of the instrument equalizing the tariff of rates upon passengers and freights on all Railroads throughout the state. In other words, to compel the R. R. Co's under the new Constitution to adopt a uniform schedule of rates according to the distance that freight and passengers are transported.

Those who are familiar with shipping and receiving freights know full well, that they now have two or three times as much for transportation at intermediate stations as is paid at the termination of routes, or double what we would be required to pay if the proper change was made. There is no one who can gainsay the importance of this matter to the public.

Our Lumbermen need cheap freights, as much as they do cheap money, to realize a margin on their operations. Our coal fields to be opened, want cheap transportation to market which when guaranteed, will place them on an equal footing with other localities, that heretofore have had the advantage of competing lines and cheap freights. Manufactures also might be fostered, encouraged and sustained with a fair equalization of rates.

This, then is a question in which all have a direct interest, and it becomes every voter before casting his ballot to divest himself of all prejudices and partisan feeling and support that candidate for the position named, which will best subserve the true interest of the whole county.

THE PREMIUM ENGRAVING issued by "Peterson's Magazine," for 1875, is really one of the most beautiful and costly we have ever seen. It is not one of those cheap, colored lithographs, with which the market is flooded, but a first class line and mezzotint engraving, executed in the highest style of art, after an original picture by J. W. Ehninger, and cost as the publisher assures us, two thousand dollars in all. No premium of equal value, he asserts, will be offered by any magazine for 1875. The subject is "WASHINGTON'S FIRST INTERVIEW WITH HIS WIFE." The story is quite romantic. Washington, on his way to join Gen. Braddock, in the great French and Indian war of 1755, stopped with his orderly, at the White House, since so celebrated in the Virginia campaigns of McClellan, Lee and Grant. Here he met a young and beautiful widow, with whom he was so fascinated, that the orderly, instead of being summoned within half an hour, as he had expected, led Washington's horse up and down, nearly all day, while his enamored master was listening to the gay sallies of the charming Mrs. Custis. The result is a matter of history. Mrs. Custis became the wife of the great hero, and was known, in after years, as Lady Washington. This is a picture that ought to be in every household. You can get it, gratis, by raising a club for "Peterson" for 1875, or by remitting $2,50 for it and for the magazine. This is a rare chance.

COUNTY TREASURERS.—An important act in relation to county treasurers has become a law in Kansas. Every treasurer is required to make on the first Monday in January, April, July and October in each year a statement showing the amount of money in the treasury and the different funds to which it belongs. The statement must be sworn to, and any treasurer who shall swear falsely will be deemed guilty of perjury, and on conviction shall be confined in the penitentiary for one year and his office declared vacant. It is made the duty of the Probate Judge, assisted by two taxpayers, to examine the County Treasurer's accounts once a quarter, without notice to the Treasurer. Any deficiency discovered must at once be reported in writing.

A RECENT coinage at the Paris mint of $2,000 worth of centimes has been felt as such a relief to purchasers that a further and larger issue has been ordered. A centime is rather less than the tenth part of a French two-sous piece, an English penny, or an American two-cent coin. There are things sold in France at rates which render useful coins smaller than a sous, the value of which is five centimes. With us the cent is the smallest coin; but there formerly was a half-cent, equivalent to the English farthing, or two and a half French centimes, and, considering how many things are sold at "twelve and a half cents," for which extra payment cannot be made at present, and, also, because nine cases out of ten, the vendor takes *thirteen* instead of *twelve and a half cents*, to the injury of the purchaser, it might be as well, perhaps, to return to the old practice of issuing half cents from the Mint.—*Forney's Press.*

QUOTATIONS
OF
White, Powell & Co.
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
No. 42 South Third Street.
Philadelphia, October 20th, 1874.

	BID.	ASKED.
U. S. 1881, c	18¼	18¾
do 5 20, c '62, M and N	13¼	13¾
do do '64 do	16¼	16¾
do do '65 do	17¼	17¾
do do '65 J and J	16¼	16¾
do do '67 do	17¼	17¾
do do '68 do	17¼	17¾
do 10-40, coupon	11¼	12¼
do Pacific 6's cy	17¼	17¾
New 5's Reg. 1881	12¼	12¾
do c. 1881	12¼	12¾
Gold	110¼	110¾
Silver	105¼	107
Pennsylvania	54¼	54¾
Reading	53¾	54
Philadelphia & Erie	14¼	14¾
Lehigh Navigation	46¾	47
do Valley	61¼	61¾
United R R of N J Ex. Div	127¼	128
Oil Creek	7½	8
Northern Central	30¼	30¾
Central Transportation	42¼	43
Nesquehoning	53¼	53¾
& A Mortgage 6's '89	102¼	102¾

LIST OF JURORS.

drawn for November term 1874, commencing Monday November 16th.

GRAND.

Benezette—John B Lewis, Harrison Overturf,

Benzinger.—Evans Shade, John Bryndle Jr. Joseph Blessel Jr.

Fox—Bernard Canavan, Willis Kyler, Reuben S. Gross, Samuel Brown, Patrick Fahen, John Hershey.

Highland.—Levi Ellithrop.

Jay—James Trumble, Geo. L. Thurston.

Jones.—George Brechtel Jr., Franklin Miller.

Ridgway.—Samuel Wilson.

St. Marys Boro.—John Gerben, George Leben, Jacob Tresch, Thomas Keck, John Butsch.

Spring Creek.—Reuben Mohney, John Hamilton,

TRAVERSE.

Benezette.—Byron Hewitt, Lewis Lewis John Barr.

Benzinger—Adam Geyer, George Staufer, John Kreckel, William Kubit, Jacob Cundle.

Fox.—I. E. Graham, Peter Bonzart Thomas Sullivan, James Cuneo, Henry Largay, Clinton Bundy, Jas R. Green C. R. Keliz.

Highland.—Walter Smith Edward Lair. Horton.—Jesse Platt.

Jay.—Martin Evans.

Jones.—John Pistner, Ferdinand Wank, George Powell, Truman Garlick.

Millestone.—Geo. W Smith, S. M. Moore

Ridgway.—R. I. Robinson, Henry Dibel. O. S. Davis, V. S. Wheeler James Horton.

St. Mary's Boro.—Martin Huber, Henry Sieger, John Delger, Francis J. Keller, George Smith, George Imhoff, Anton Schaver.

Spring Creek.—William Moore, Newman Crabtree.

Ice can be purchased cheap in Troy, N. Y., where a stock of 20,000 tons left over from last season awaits a buyer

New Advertisements.

COAL, IRON
AND
Timber Lands.

I OFFER FOR SALE

68,000 Acres Lands

AND RESERVED MINERAL RIGHTS IN

Jones and Ridgway Townships Elk County, Pennsylvania.

South of the recent purchase of the

Buffalo Coal Company.

The Coal will be sold with guaranty of quantity or on royalty per ton. *Title warranted.*

THOMAS L. KANE,
Kane, McKean Co., Penn.

Election Proclamation.

GOD SAVE THE COMMONWEALTH.

WHEREAS, in and by the 13th section of the Act of General Assembly of Pennsylvania, passed July 2nd 1869 entitled, "An act relating to the Elections of the Commonwealth." It is injoined on the Sheriff of every county to give notice of such elections to be held, and to enumerate in such notice what officers are to be elected, in pursuance thereof, I, D. C. OYSTER, High Sheriff of the County of Elk, do therefore make known and give this public notice to the electors of said county of Elk, that a general election will be held in said county, on

Tuesday November 3, 1874,

(it being the first Tuesday of the month,) for the purpose of electing the following officers, to-wit:

One person for Judge of the Supreme Court.

One person for Lieutenant Governor.

One person for Secretary of Internal Affairs.

One person for Auditor General.

One person for Congress, to represent the counties of Centre, Clearfield, Clinton, Elk, Mifflin and Union.

One person for Assembly for Elk County.

One person for Sheriff of Elk County.

One person for Commissioner of Elk County.

One person for Auditor of Elk County.

And the qualified electors of the county of Elk will hold their elections in the several districts, as follows:

Benezette township, at the house of Elizabeth Winslow.

Benzinger township, at the school house on Michael St., near the Elk creek bridge.

Fox township at the Centreville school house.

Highland township, at the house of Levi Ellethorpe.

Horton township, at the school house near D. C. Oyster's Hotel.

Ridgway township, at the Court House.

St. Mary's Borough, at the Town Hall.

Spring Creek township, at the house of Stockdale, Downer & Co.

Jay township, at the house of Alfred Pearsall.

Jones township, at the Wilcox Tanning and Lumber Co's office in Wilcox.

Mill Stone township, at the house of Henry Herr, at Barr's Dam.

I also make know the following act entitled "An act regulating the mode of voting at all elections in the several counties in the Commonwealth," as I am required by the second section of said act:

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the Senate and the House of Representatives,* &c., That the qualified voters of the several counties of this Commonwealth, at all general township and special elections are hereby hereafter authorized and required to vote by ticket, printed or written, or partly written and partly printed, severally classified as follows: One ticket shall embrace the names of all the Judges of the Courts to be voted for and to be labelled on the outside, "Judiciary;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all State officers to be voted for and labelled "State," one ticket shall embrace the names of all county offices to be voted for, including the office of Senator, member or members of Assembly, if voted for, members of Congress, if voted for and labelled "County;" one ticket shall embrace names of all the township officers voted for and be labelled "Borough" or "Township;" and each shall be deposited in separate ballot boxes.

I also make known and give notice, as in and by the 15th section of aforesaid act, I am directed that every peron except Justices of the Peace, who shall hold any office appointment of trust or profit, under the Government of the United States, or this State, or any city or incorporated district whether a commissioned officer or otherwise a subordinate officer or agent who is or shall be employed under the legislative or judiciary or executive department of this State or of the United States, of any city or incorporated district and also every member of Congress and State Legislature, and the select and common council of any city, Commissioner, of incorporate district, is by law incapable of holding or exercising at the same time the office or appointment of Judge, Inspector or Clerk, of any election of this Commonwealth, and that no Inspector or Judge, shall be elegible to any office then to be voted for.

Also in the 4th section of the Act of Assembly, entitled "An act relating to elections and for other purposes," approved April 16th 1869, it is enacted that the 14th section shall be so construed as to prevent any militia or borough officer from serving as Judge, Inspector, or Clerk, at any general or special election in this Commonwealth.

WHEREAS, The Fifteenth Amendment of the Constitution of the United States is as follows:

SECTION 1. The right of citizens of the United States shall not be denied or abridged by the United States on account of race, color, or previous condition of servitude,

SECTION 2. That Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

And whereas, The Congress of the United States, on he thirty-first day of March 1870, passed an act entitled, "An act to enforce the right of citizens of the United States to vote in the several States of the Union, and for other purposes,' the first and second sections of which are as follows.

Be it enacted, &c., That all citizens of the United States who are or shall be otherwise qualified to vote at any election by the people of any State, Territory, district, city county, parish, township, school district, municipality, or other territorial subdivision shall be entitled and allowed to vote at all such elections, without distinction of color race, or previous condition of servitude; any constitution, law, custom, usage, or regulation of any State or Territory, or by or under its authority, to the contrary, notwithstanding.

SECTION 2. *And be it further enacted,* That if by or under the constitution or laws of any State or the laws of any Territory, any act is or shall be required to be done as a prerequisite or qualification for voting, and by such constitution or laws persons or officers are or shall be, charged with the performance of duties in furnishing to citizens an opportunity to perform such prerequisites, or to become qualified to vote it shall be the duty of every such person and officers to give all citizens of the United States the same and equal opportunity to perform such prerequisite and to become qualified to vote without distinction of race, color or previous condition of servitude; and if any such persons or officers shall refuse or knowingly omit to give full effect to this section, he shall for every such offence, forfeit and pay the sum of five hundred dollars; to the person agrieved thereby, to be recovered by an action on the case, with full costs and such allowance for counsel fees as the court shall deem just, and shall also for every such offence be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and shall on conviction thereof be fined not less than five hundred dollars or to be imprisoned not less than one month and not more than one year, or both, at the discretion of the court.

And whereas, It is declared by the second section of the VI article of the Constitution of the U. S. that "This Constitution of the United States which shall be made in pursuance thereof shall be the supreme law of the land * * * anything in *the Constitution or laws of any State, to the contrary, not withstanding.*

And whereas, The Legislature of this Commonwealth, on the 6th of April 1870, passed an act entitled "A further supplement to the act relating to elections in this Commonwealth," the tenth section provides as follows:

SECTION 10. That so much of every act of Assembly as provides that only white freeman shall be entitled to vote, or to be registered as voters, or as claiming to vote at any general or special election of this Commonwealth, be and the same is hereby repealed, and that hereafter all freeman without distinction of color, shall be enrolled and registered according to the provisions of the first section of the act approved the 17 of April 1869, entitled "An act further supplemented to an act relative to the elections of this Commonwealth," and shall when otherwise qualified under existing laws, be entitled to vote at all general and special elections in this Commonwealth.

WHEREAS, By the act of the Congress of the United States entitled "An Act to amend the several acts heretofore passed, to provide for the enrolling and calling out the national forces, and for other purposes," and approved March third one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five all persons who have deserted the military or naval service of the United States, and who have not been discharged, or relieved from the penalty, or disability therein provided are deemed and taken to have voluntarily relinquished, and forfeited, their rights of citizenship, and their rights to become citizens, and are deprived of exercising any rights of citizens thereof:

And whereas, Persons, not citizens of the United States, are noti under the constitution and laws of Pennsylvania, qualified electors of this commonwealth:

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same.* That in all elections hereafter to be held in this commonwealth, it shall be unlawful for the judge or inspectors of any such elections to receive any ballot, or ballots, from any person, or persons, embraced in the provisions, and subject to the disability imposed by said act of Congress, approved March third one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, and it shall be unlawful for any such person to offer to vote any ballot, or ballots.

SECTION 2. That if any such judge and inspector of election, or any one of them shall receive or consent to receive, any such unlawful ballot, or ballots, from any such disqualified person, he, or they so offending, shall be guilty of a misdeamor, and upon conviction thereof, in any court of quarter sessions of this commonwealth, he shall, for each offence, be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than one hundred dollars, and to undergo an imprisonment, in the jail of the proper county, for not less than sixty days.

SECTION 3 That if any person deprived of citizenship, and disqualfied as aforesaid, shall at any election, hereafter to be held in this commonwealth, vote or tender to the officer there, and offer to vote, a ballot, or ballots any person so offending, shall be deemed guilty of a misdeamor, and on conviction thereof, in any court of quarter sessions of this commonwealth, shall, for each offence, be punished in a like manner as is provided in the proceeding section of this act, in the case of officers of election receiving such unlawful ballot or ballots.

SECTION 4 That if any person shall shall hereafter persuade, or advise, any person or persons deprived of citizenship, and disqualied as aforesaid, to offer any ballot, or ballots, to the officers of any election hereafter to be held in this commonwealth, or shall persuade, or advise, any such officer to receive any ballot, or ballots, from any person deprived of citizenship, and disqualified as aforesaid, such person, so offending, shall be guilty, of a misdeamor, and upon conviction thereof, in any court or quarter sessions of this commonwealth shall be punished in a like manner as is provided in the second section of this act, in the case of officers of such election receiving such unlawful ballot, or ballots.

I also make know the following sections of an act approved the 30th day of January, A. D. 1874, entitled "A further supplement to the act regulating elections in this Commonwealth:"

SECTION 5. At all elections hereafter held under the laws of this commonwealth, the polls shall be opened at seven o'clock A M and closed at seven o'clock P M.

SECTION 6 In all election districts where a vacancy exists by reason of the disqualification of the officer or otherwise in an election board heretofore appointed, or where any new district shall be formed, the judge or judges of the court of common pleas of the proper county shall, ten days before any general or special election, appoint competent persons to fill said vacancies and to conduct the election in said new districts; and in the appointment of inspectors in any election district both shall not be of the same political party; and the judge of elections shall, in all cases, be of the political party having the majority of votes in said district, as nearly as the said judge or judges can ascertain the fact; and in case of the disagreement of the judges as to the selection of inspectors, the political majority of the judges shall select one of such inspectors, and the minority judge or judges shall select the other.

SECTION 7 Whenever there shall be a vacancy in an election board on the morning of an election, said vacancy shall be filled in conformity with existing laws.

SECTION 8 At the opening of the polls at all elections it shall be the duty of the judges of election for their respective districts to designate one of the inspectors, whose duty it shall be to have in custody the registry of voters, and to make the entries therein required by law; and it shall be the duty of the other of said inspectors to receive and number the ballots presented at said election.

SECTION 9 All elections by the citizens shall be by ballot; every ballot voted shall be numbered in the order in which it shall be received, and the number recorded by the clerks on the list of voters opposite the name of the elector from whom received. And any voter voting two or more tickets, the several tickets so voted shall each be numbered with the number corresponding with the number to the name of the voter. Any elector may write his name upon his ticket, or cause the same to be written thereon, and attested by a citizen of the district * * *

SECTION 10 On the day of election any person whose name shall not appear on the registry of voters, and who claims the right to vote at said election, shall produce at least one qualified voter of the district as a witness to the residence of the claimant in the district in which he claims to be a voter, for the period of at least two months immediately preceeding said election, which witness shall be sworn or affirmed and subscribe a written or partly written and partly printed affidavit to the facts stated by him, which affidavit shall define clearly where the residence is of the person so claiming to be a voter; and the person so claiming the right to vote shall also take and subscribe a written or partly written and partly printed affidavit, stating to the best of his knowledge and belief, when and where he was born; that he has been a citizen of the United States for one month, and of the commonwealth of Pennsylvania; that he has resided in the commonwealth one year, or, if formerly a qualified elector or a native born citizen thereof, and has removed therefrom and returned, that he has resided therein six months next preceding said election; that he has resided in the district in which he claims to be a voter for the period of at least two months immediately preceding said election; that he has not moved into the district for the purpose of voting therein; that he has, if twenty-two years of age or upwards, paid a state or county tax within two years, which was assessed at least two months and paid at least one month before the election. The said affidavit shall also state when and where the tax claimed to be paid by the affiant was assessed, and when and where and to whom paid; and the tax receipt therefor shall be produced for examination, unless the affiant shall state in his affidavit that it has been lost or destroyed, or that he never received any; and if a naturalized citizen, shall also state when, where and by what court he was naturalized, and shall also produce his certificate of naturalization for examination. But if the person so claiming the right to vote shall take and subscribe an affidavit that he is a native born citizen of the United States, or, if born elsewhere, shall state the fact in his affidavit, and shall produce evidence that he has been naturalized or that he is entitled to citizenship by reason of his father's naturalization, and shall further state in his affidavit, that he is, at the time of making the affidavit, of the age of twenty-one and under twenty-two years; that he has been a citizen of the United States one month, and has resided in the state one year; or, if a native born citizen of the state and removed therefrom and returned, that he has resided therein six months next preceding said election, and in the election district immediately two months preceding such election, he shall be entitled to vote, although he shall not have paid taxes. The said affidavits of all persons making such claims, and the affidavits of the witnesses to their residence shall be preserved by the election board, and at the close of the election they shall be enclosed with the list of voters, tally list and other papers required by law to be filed by the return judge with the prothonotary, and shall remain on file therewith in the prothonotary's office, subject to examination as other election papers are. If the election officers shall find that the applicant possesses all the legal qualifications of a voter he shall be permitted to vote, and his name shall be added to the list of taxables by the election officers, the word "tax," being added where the claimant claims to vote on tax, and the word "age," where he claims to vote on age; the same words being added by the clerks in each case, respectively, on the lists of persons voting at such election.

SECTION 11 It shall be lawful for any qualified citizen of the district, notwithstanding the name of the proposed voter is contained on the list of resident taxables, to challenge the vote of such person, whereupon the same proof of the right of suffrage as is now required by law shall be publicly made and acted on by the election board, and the vote admitted or rejected, according to the evidence. Every person claiming to be a naturalized citizen shall be required to produce his naturalization certificate at the election before voting, except where he has been for five years consecutively a voter in the district in which he offers his vote; and on the vote of such person being received, it shall be the duty of the election officers to write or stamp on such certificate the word "voted," with the day, month and year; and if any election officer or officers shall receive a second vote on the day, by virtue of the same certificrte, excepting whers sons are entitled to vote, because of the naturalization of their fathers, they and the person who shall offer such second vote, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof shall be fined or imprisoned, or both, at the discretion of the court; but the fine shall not exceed five hundred dollars in each case, nor the imprisonment one year. The like punishment shall be inflicted, on conviction on the officers of election who shall neglect or refuse to make, or cause to be made the endorsement required as aforesaid on said naturalization certificate.

* * * *

PART OF SECTION 19 Any person who shall, on the day of any election, visit a polling place in any election district at which he is not entitled to vote, and shall use any intimidation or violence for the purpose of preventing any officer of election from performing the duties required of him by law, or for the purpose of preventing any qualified voter of such district exercising his right to vote, or from exercising his right to challenge any person offering to vote, such person shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars, or by imprisonment not exceeding two years, or both, at the discretion of the court.

SECTION 21 Any person who, on oath or affirmation, in or before any court in this state, or officer authorized to administer oaths, shall, to procure a certificate of naturalization for himself or any other person wilfully depose, declare or affirm any matter to be fact, knowing the same to be false, or shall in like manner deny any matter to be fact, knowing the same to be true, shall be deemed guilty of perjury; and any certificate of naturalization issued in pursuance of any such deposition, declaration or affirmation, shall be null and void, and it shall be the duty of the court issuing the same, upon proof being made before it that it was fraudulently obtained, to take immediate measures for recalling the same for cancellation; and any person who shall vote or attempt to vote on any paper so obtained, or who shall in any way aid in, connive at, or have any agency whatever in the issue, circulation or use of any fraudulent naturalization certificate, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall undergo an imprisonment in the penitentiary for not more than two years, and pay a fine not more than one thousand dollars, for every such offense, or either or both, at the discretion of the court.

Pursuant to the provisions contained in the thirteenth section of the act last aforesaid, the judges of the aforesaid districts shall respectively take charge of the return sheets, tally papers and oaths of officers of their respective districts and deliver them over to the prothonotary at Ridgway on the days mentioned in said section.

Given under my hand at Ridgway, the 7th day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy four, and of the independence of the United States the ninety-eighth.

D. C. OYSTER, Sheriff.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE,
Ridgway, Pa., Oct., 7, 1874. } 32t4.

RAILROADS.

PENNSYLVANIA RAIL ROAD

Philadelphia & Erie R. R. Division.

SUMMER TIME TABLE.

ON and after SUNDAY, JUNE 28, 1874, the trains on the Philadelphia & Erie Railroad will run as follows:

WESTWARD.

Niagara Ex. leaves Philadelphia.. 7.20 a. m
" " " Renovo ..... 4.20 p m
" " arr. at Emporium..... 6 20 p m
" " " St. Mary's..... 7.35 p m
" " " Ridgway .....8.05 p m
" " arr. at Kane..... 9.15 p m
ERIE MAIL leaves Philadelphia 11.55 p m
" " " Renovo.....11.10 a m
" " " Emporium..... 1.15 p m
" St. Mary's..... 2.10 p m
" Ridgway ..... 2.33 p m
" arrive at Erie..... 8.05 p m

EASTWARD.

NIAGARA EX. leaves Kane... 9.00 p m
" " " Ridgway ...10.04 a m
" " " Emporium..11.35 a m
" " " Renovo..... 4.05 p m
" " arr. at Philadelphia 2.50 a m
ERIE MAIL leaves Erie.....11.20 a m
" " " Ridgway..... 4.45 p m
" " " St. Mary's..... 5.09 p m
" " " Emporium ..... 6.10 p m
" " " Renovo..... 0.20 p m
" " arr. at Philadephia... 9.40 a m

Mail East connects east and west at Erie with L S & M S R W and at Corry and Irvineton with Oil Creek and Allegheny R R W.

Mail West with east and west trains on L S & M S R W and at Irvineton with Oil Creek and Allegheny R R W.

WM. A. BALDWIN.
Gen'l Sup't.

A. V. RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

LOW-GRADE DIVISION.

On and after MONDAY, JULY 6, 1874, trains between Redbank and Driftwood will run as follows:

WESTWARD.

EXPRESS and MAIL will leave Driftwood daily at 12:30 p m, Reynoldsville at 3:30 p m, Brookville at 4:20 p m, arriving at Redbank at 6:30 p m, connecting with Express on Main Line for Pittsburgh.

MIXED WAY leaves Reynoldsville daily at 5:45 a m, Brookville at 7:25 a m, arriving at Redbank at 11:50 a m, connecting with trains north and south on Main Line.

EASTWARD.

EXPRESS and MAIL leaves Redbank daily at 10:15 a m, arrives at Brookville at 1:30 p m, Reynoldsville at 12:37 p m, Driftwood at 5:20 p m, connecting with trains east and west on P and E Railroad.

MIXED WAY leaves Redbank daily at 12:40 p m, arrives at Brookville at 5:25 p m, Reynoldsville at 6:45 p m.

MAIN LINE.

On and after MONDAY, JULY 6, 1874, trains on the Allegheny Valley Railroad will run as follows:

BUFFALO EXPRESS will leave Pittsburgh daily at 7:05 a m, Redbank Junction at 10:05 a m, and arrive at Oil City at 1:35 p m.

PITTSBURGH EXPRESS will leave Oil City at 2:20 p m, Redbank Junction at 6:35 m, and arrive at Pittsburgh at 10:00 p m.

TITUSVILLE EXPRESS leaves Pittsburgh at 1:00 p m, Redbank Junction at 4:10 p m, and arrives at Oil City at 8:15 p m. Returning, leaves Oil City at 8:20 a m, Redbank Junction at 12:08 a m, and arrives at Pittsburgh at 3:35 p m.

J. J. LAWRENCE,
General Superintendent.

WM. M. PHILLIPS,
Ass't Supt., Brookville, Pa.

Summer Arrangement.

BUFFALO, NEW YORK & PHIL'A. R. R.

THE SHORTEST AND MOST DIRECT ROUTE

To Williamsport, Sunbury, Harrisburg, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington and the South.

On and after JUNE 29, 1874, and until further notice, trains will leave Buffalo from the Buffalo, New York & Philadelphia Railway Depot, corner Exchange and Louisiana streets as follows:

6.20 A M Philadelphia Express (daily except Sundays), stopping at East Aurora 7 05, Arcade 7 48, Machia 8 05, Franklinville 8 22, Olean 9 11, Westons 9 20, Portville 9 28, State Line 9 35, Eldred 9 49, Larabees 9 55, Sarswell 10 00, Port Allegany 10 16, Liberty 10 35, Keating Summit 10 44, Shippen 11 02, Emporium 11 15 A. M., Renovo 4 05 P. M., Williamsport 6 30, Sunbury 8 35, Harrisburg 10 50 P. M., Philadelphia 2 50 A M., Baltimore 2 40 A M., Washington 6 20 A M.

8.50 a m Mixed Train to P. Allegn'y (daily except Sundays), stopping at Ebenezer 9 25, Springbrook 9 45, Elma 9 55, Jamison Road 10 04, East Aurora 10 15, South Wales 10 40, Holland 11, Protection 11 15, Arcade 11 45, Yorkshire 12 05, Machias 12 33, Franklinville, 1 20 Ischua 2 05, Hinsdale 2 40, Olean 3 16, Westons 3 49, Portville 4 04, State Line 4 21, Eldred 45 0. Larabees 5 10, Sartwell 5 21, Turtle Point 5 31, Port Allegheny 6 00 p m.

5 30 P. M. Port Allegheny Accommodation (daily), stopping at Ebenezer 5 55, Springbrook 6 05, Elma 6 10, Jamisons 6 16, East Aurora 6 21, South Wales 6 32, Holland 6,43, Protection 6,50, Arcade 7,05, Yorkshire 7,15, Machias 7,25, Franklinville 7,42, Ischua 8,03, Hinsdale 8,25, Olean 8,40, Westons 8,50, Portville 8,56, State Line 9,04, Eldred 9,15, Larabees 9,23, Sartwell 9,28, Turtle Point 9,33, arriving at Port Allegheny 9,45, P. M.

TRAINS LEAVE EMPORIUM:

3,15, A. M. Local Passenger and Freight (daily except Sundays) stopping at shipping 3,50, A. M., Keating Summit 4.40 Liberty 5,00, Port Alleghany 5,49, Turtle Point 6,25, Startwell 6 36, Larabees 6 50 Eldred 7 12, State Line 7 50. Portville 8-11, Westons 8 30, Olean 9 11, Hinsdale 9 38, Ischua 10 05, Frankliville 10 40, Machias 11 13, Yorkshire 11 30, Arcade 11 45, Protection 12 16, P. M., Holland 11 31 South Wales 12 51, East Aurora 1 25, Jaimson 1 40, Elma 1 50, Springbrook 2 00, Ebenezer 2 20, arriving in Buffalo at 5 50 p m.

6.00 p. m., Niagara Express (daily except Sundays), stopping at Shippen 6 13 p m, Keating Summit 6 32, Liberty 6 40, Port Allegany 7 00, Sartwell 7 18, Larabees 7 24, Eldred 7 32, State Line 7 45, Portville 7 53, Westons 8 00, Olean 8 10, Franklinville 9 02, Machias 9 18, Arcade 9 35, East Aurora 10 15, Buffalo 11 00 P. M.

This train makes direct connections for Niagara Falls, and points in Canada and and the west.

TRAINS LEAVE PORT ALLEGHANY:

4,45 A. M., Accommodation (daily), stopping at Turtle Point 4,50, Sartwell 4,[illegible], Larabees 5 10 Eldred 5 17 State Line 5 32 Portville 5 41 Westons 5 49 Oleand 6 00 Hinsdale 6 14 Ischua 6 28 Franklinville 6 46 Machias 7 03 Yorkshire 7 12 Arcade 7 19 Protection 7 34 Holand 7 41 South wales 7 51 East Aurora 8 03 Jamisons 8 09 Elma 8 13 Springbrook 8 19 Ebenezer 2 27 arriving in Buffalo at 8 50 A. M.

SUNDAYS ONLY.

Train leaves Buffalo for Arcade at 10 00 a m stopping at all stations arriving at Arcade 11 45 a m. Returning leaves Arcade 5 54 p m, arriving in Buffalo at 8 50 p m.

J. D. YEOMANS, Gen'l Sup't.
H. L. LYMAN. Gen'l Pass'r Ag't

The "oldest inhabitant" in Bellefonte Pa., is a single lady, aged 102, now residing in the Cooper Settlement, Snow Shoe township.