

his election, in such manner as shall be provided by law, but any city, the debt of which now exceeds seven per centum of such assessed valuation, may be authorized by law to increase the same three per centum in the aggregate at any one time upon such valuation.

Sec 9. The Commonwealth shall not assume the debt, or any part thereof, of any city, county, borough or township, unless such debt shall have been contracted to enable the State to repel invasion, suppress domestic insurrection, defend itself in time of war, or to assist the State in the discharge of any portion of its present indebtedness.

Sec 10. Any county, township, school district, or other municipality incurring any indebtedness, shall, at or before the time of so doing, provide for the collection of an annual tax sufficient to pay the interest and also the principal thereof within thirty days.

Sec 11. To provide for the payment of the present State debt and additional debt contracted as aforesaid the General Assembly shall continue and maintain the sinking fund sufficient to pay the accruing interest on such debt, and annually to reduce the principal thereof by a sum not less than two hundred and fifty thousand dollars; the said sinking fund shall consist of the proceeds of the sales of the public works or any part thereof, and of the income or proceeds of the sale of any stocks owned by the Commonwealth, together with other funds and resources that may be designated by law, and shall be increased from time to time by assigning to it any part of the taxes or other revenues of the State not required for the ordinary and current expenses of government; and unless in case of war, invasion, or insurrection, no part of the said sinking fund shall be used or applied otherwise than in the extinguishment of the public debt.

Sec 12. The moneys of the State, over and above the necessary reserve, shall be used in the payment of the debt of the State, either directly or through the sinking fund, and the moneys of the sinking fund shall never be invested in or loaned upon the security of anything except the bonds of the United States or of this State.

Sec 13. The moneys held as necessary reserve shall be limited by law to the amount required for current expenses, and shall be secured and kept as may be provided by law. Monthly statements shall be published showing the amount of such moneys, where the same are deposited and how secured.

Sec 14. The making of profit out of the public moneys, or using the same for any purpose not authorized by law, by any officer of the State or member or officer of the General Assembly, shall be a misdemeanor, and shall be punishable as may be provided by law, but part of such punishment shall be a disqualification to hold office for a period of not less than five years.

#### ARTICLE X.

##### EDUCATION.

Section 1. The General Assembly shall provide for the maintenance and support of a thorough and efficient system of public schools, wherein all the children of this Commonwealth, above the age of six years, may be educated, and shall appropriate at least one million dollars each year for that purpose.

Sec 2. No money raised for the support of the public schools of the Commonwealth shall be appropriated to use for the support of any sectarian school.

Sec 3. Women twenty-one years of age and upward shall be eligible to any office of control or management under the school laws of this State.

#### ARTICLE XI.

##### MILITIA.

Section 1. The freemen of this Commonwealth shall be armed, organized and disciplined for its defense when and in such manner as may be divided for maintaining the militia by appropriations from the Treasury of the Commonwealth, and may exempt from military service persons having conscientious scruples against bearing arms.

#### ARTICLE XII.

##### PUBLIC OFFICERS.

Section 1. All officers whose selection is not provided for in this constitution shall be elected or appointed as may be directed by law.

Sec 2. No member of Congress from this State, nor any person holding or exercising any office or appointment of trust or profit under the United States, shall at the same time hold or exercise any office in this State to which a salary, fees, or perquisites shall be attached. The General Assembly may by law declare what offices are incompatible.

Sec 3. Any person who shall fight a duel or send a challenge for that purpose, or be aider or abettor in fighting a duel, shall be deprived of the right of holding any office of honor or profit in this State, and may be otherwise punished as shall be prescribed by law.

#### ARTICLE XIII.

##### NEW COUNTIES.

Section 1. No new county shall be established which shall reduce any county to less than four hundred square miles, or to less than twenty thousand inhabitants; nor shall any county be formed of less area, or containing a less population, nor shall any line thereof pass within ten miles of the county seat of any county proposed to be divided.

#### ARTICLE XIV.

##### COUNTY OFFICERS.

Section 1. County officers shall consist of sheriffs, coroners, prothonotaries, registers of wills, recorder of deeds, commissioners, treasurers, surveyors, auditors, or controllers, clerks of the courts, district attorneys, and such others as may from time to time be established by law; and no sheriff or treasurer shall be eligible for the term next succeeding the one for which he may be elected.

Sec 2. County officers shall be elected at the general elections, and shall hold their offices for the term of three years, beginning on the first Monday of January next after their election, and until their successors shall be duly qualified; all vacancies not otherwise provided for shall be filled in such manner as may be provided by law.

Sec 3. No person shall be appointed to any office within any county who shall not have been a citizen and an inhabitant therein one year next before his appointment, if the county shall have been so long erected, but if it shall not have been so long erected, then within the limits of the county or counties of which it shall have been taken.

Sec 4. Prothonotaries, clerks of the courts, recorders of deeds, register of wills, county surveyors, and sheriffs shall keep their offices in the county town of the county in which they respectively shall be officers.

Sec 5. The compensation of county officers shall be regulated by law, and all county officers who are or may be authorized to receive into the treasury of the county or State, as may be directed by law. In counties containing over one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants all county officers shall be paid by salary, and the salary of any such officer and his clerks, heretofore paid by fees, shall not exceed the aggregate amount of fees earned during his term and collected by him for him.

Sec 6. The General Assembly shall provide by law for the strict accountability of all county, township and borough officers, as well as for the fees which may be collected by them for all public or municipal moneys which may be paid to them.

Sec 7. Three county commissioners and three auditors shall be elected in each county where such officers are chosen, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five, and every third year hereafter; and in the election of said officers each qualified elector shall vote for no more than two persons, and the three persons having the highest number of votes shall be elected; any casual vacancy in the office of county commissioner or county auditor shall be filled by the Court of Common Pleas of the county in which such vacancy shall occur, by the appointment of an elector of the proper county who shall have voted for the commissioner or auditor whose place is to be filled.

Sec 10. The General Assembly shall have the power to alter, revoke, or annul any charter or incorporation now existing and revocable at the adoption of this constitution, or any that may hereafter be created, whenever in their opinion it may be injurious to the citizens of this Commonwealth, in such manner, however, that no injustice shall be done to the incorporators. No law hereafter enacted shall create, renew, or extend the charter of more than one corporation.

Sec 11. No corporate body to possess banking and discounting privileges shall be created or organized in pursuance of any law without three months' previous public notice at the place of the intended location, of the intention to apply for such privilege be granted for a longer period than twenty years.

Sec 12. Any association or corporation organized for the purpose, or any individual, shall have the right to construct and maintain lines of telegraph within this State, and to connect the same with other lines; and the General Assembly shall, by general law of uniform operation provide reasonable regulations to give full effect to this section. No telegraph company shall consolidate with or hold a controlling interest in the stock or bonds of any other telegraph company owning a competing line, or acquire, by purchase or otherwise, any other competing line of telegraph.

Sec 13. The term "corporations," as used in this article, shall be construed to include all joint stock companies or associations having any of the powers or privileges of corporations not possessed by individuals or partnerships.

#### ARTICLE XVII.

##### RAILROADS AND CANALS.

Section 1. All railroads and canals shall be public highways, and all railroad and canal companies shall be common carriers. Any association or corporation organized for the purpose shall have the right to construct and operate a railroad between any points within this State and to connect at the State line with the railroads of other States. Every railroad company shall have the right with its road to intersect, connect with, or cross any other railroad, and shall receive and transport each of the others' passengers, tonnage, and cars, loaded or empty, without delay or discrimination.

Sec 2. Every railroad and canal corporation organized in this State shall maintain an office therein, where transfers of its stock shall be made, and where its books shall be kept for inspection by any stockholder or creditor of such corporation, in which shall be recorded the amount of capital stock subscribed or paid in, and by whom, the names of the owners of its stock and the amounts owned by them, respectively, the transfers of said stock, and the names and places of residence of its officers.

Sec 3. All individuals, associations, and corporations shall have equal right to have persons and property transported over railroads and canals, and no undue or unreasonable discrimination shall be made in charges for or in facilities for transportation of freight or passengers within the State, or coming from or going to any other State. Persons and property transported over any railroad shall be delivered at any station at charges not exceeding the charges for transportation of persons and property of the same class in the same direction to any more distant station; but excursion and commutation tickets may be issued at special rates.

Sec 4. No railroad, canal, or other corporation, or the lessees, purchasers, or managers of any railroad or canal corporation, shall consolidate the stock, property, or franchises of such corporation with, or lease or purchase the works or franchises of, or in any way control any other railroad or canal corporation owning or having under control a parallel or competing line, nor shall any officer or such railroad or canal corporation act as an officer of any other railroad or canal corporation owning or having the control of a parallel or competing line, and the question whether railroads or canals are parallel or competing lines shall, when demanded by the party complainant, be decided by a jury as in other civil issues.

Sec 5. No incorporated company doing the business of a common carrier shall, directly or indirectly, prosecute or engage in mining or manufacturing articles for transportation over its works, nor shall such company, directly or indirectly, engage in any other business than that of common carriers, or hold or acquire lands, freehold or leasehold, directly or indirectly, except such as shall be necessary for carrying on its business; but any mining or manufacturing company may carry the products of its mines and manufactures on its railroad or canal not exceeding fifty miles in length.

Sec 6. No president, director, officer, agent, or employee of any railroad or canal company shall be interested, directly or indirectly, in the furnishing of material or supplies to such company, or in the business of transportation as a common carrier of freight or passengers over the works owned, leased, controlled or worked by such company.

Sec 7. No discrimination in charges or facilities for transportation shall be made between transportation companies and individuals, or in favor of either, by abatement, drawback, or otherwise, on any railroad or canal company, or any lessee, manager, or employee thereof, shall make any preference in furnishing cars or motive power.

Sec 8. No street passenger railway shall be constructed within the limits of any city, borough or township without the consent of its local authorities.

Sec 9. No railroad, canal or other transportation company, in existence at the time of the adoption of this article, shall have the benefit of any future legislation by general or special laws, except on condition of complete acceptance of all the provisions of this article.

Sec 10. The existing powers and duties of the Auditor General in regard to railroads, canals, and other transportation companies, except as to their accounts, are hereby transferred to the Secretary of Internal Affairs, who shall have a general supervision over them, subject to such regulations and altera-

tions as shall be provided by law; and in addition to the annual reports now required to be made, said Secretary may require special reports at any time upon any subject relating to the business of said companies from any officer or officers thereof.

Sec 12. The General Assembly shall enforce by appropriate legislation the provisions of this article.

#### ARTICLE XVIII.

##### FUTURE AMENDMENTS.

Section 1. Any amendment or amendments to this constitution may be proposed in the Senate or House of Representatives, and if the same shall be agreed to by a majority of the members elected to each house, such proposed amendment or amendments shall be entered on their journals, with the yeas and nays taken thereon, and the Secretary of the Commonwealth shall cause the same to be published three months before the next general election in at least two newspapers in each county in which such newspapers shall be published; and if, in the General Assembly next afterwards chosen, such proposed amendment or amendments shall be agreed to by a majority of the members elected to each house, the Secretary of the Commonwealth shall cause the same again to be published in the manner aforesaid, and such proposed amendment or amendments shall be submitted to the qualified electors of the State in such manner, and at such time, at least three months after being so agreed to by the two houses, as the General Assembly shall prescribe; and if such amendment or amendments shall be approved by a majority of those voting thereon, such amendment or amendments shall become a part of the constitution; but no amendment or amendments shall be submitted oftener than once in five years; when two or more amendments shall be submitted they shall be voted upon separately.

#### SCHEDULE.

That no inconvenience may arise from the changes in the constitution of the Commonwealth made in order to carry the same into complete operation, it is hereby declared that:

Section 1. This constitution shall take effect on the first day of January, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five, and all purposes not otherwise provided for therein.

Sec 2. All laws in force in this Commonwealth at the time of the adoption of this constitution inconsistent therewith, and all rights, actions, prosecutions, and suits, shall be discontinued, and all proceedings pending in the courts of this Commonwealth shall be discontinued.

Sec 3. At the general election in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four and one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five Senators shall be elected in all districts where there shall be vacancies. Those elected in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four shall serve for two years, and those elected in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five shall serve for one year.

Sec 4. At the general election in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six, Senators shall be elected from the even numbered districts to serve two years, and from odd numbered districts to serve for four years.

Sec 5. The first election of Governor under this constitution shall be at the general election in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five, when a Governor shall be elected for three years; and the term of the Governor elected in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-eight and of those thereafter elected shall be four years, according to the provisions of this constitution.

Sec 6. At the general election in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four a Lieutenant Governor shall be elected according to the provisions of this constitution.

Sec 7. The Secretary of Internal Affairs shall be elected at the general election after the adoption of this constitution; and when the said office shall be duly elected and qualified, the office of Surveyor General shall be abolished, and the Surveyor General in office at the time of the adoption of this constitution shall continue in office until the expiration of the term for which he was elected.

Sec 8. When the Superintendent of Public Instruction shall be duly qualified the office of Superintendent of Common Schools shall cease.

Sec 9. Nothing contained in this constitution shall be construed to render any situation now holding any State office for a first official term ineligible for re-election at the end of such term.

Sec 10. The judges of the Supreme Court in office when this constitution shall take effect, and who have not completed their term, shall continue in office until the expiration of their terms, but their terms shall expire, in addition to the number now composing the said court, shall be elected at the first general election after the adoption of this constitution.

Sec 11. All courts of record and all existing courts which are not specified in this constitution shall be discontinued on the first day of December, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five, without abridgment of their present jurisdiction, but no longer. The Court of First Criminal Jurisdiction for the counties of Schuylkill, Lebanon and Dauphin is hereby abolished; and all cases and proceedings pending therein in the county of Schuylkill shall be tried and disposed of in the Courts of Oyer and Terminer and Quarter Sessions of the Peace of said county.

Sec 12. The Register's court now in existence shall be abolished on the first day of January next succeeding the adoption of this constitution.

Sec 13. The General Assembly shall, at the next session after the adoption of this constitution designate the several judicial districts as required by this constitution. The judges in commission when such designation shall be made shall continue during their unexpired terms; judges of the new districts in which they reside, when there shall be two judges residing in the same district the president judge shall elect to which district he shall be assigned; and the additional law judge shall be assigned to the other district.

Sec 14. The General Assembly shall, at the next succeeding session after each decennial census, and not oftener, designate the several judicial districts as required by this constitution.

Sec 15. Judges learned in the law of any court of record holding commissions in force at the adoption of this constitution shall hold their respective offices until the expiration of the terms for which they were commissioned, and until their successors shall be duly qualified. The Governor shall commission the president judge of the Court of First Criminal Jurisdiction for the counties of Schuylkill, Lebanon and Dauphin as a judge of the Court of Common Pleas of Schuylkill county for the unexpired term of his commission.

Sec 16. After the expiration of the term of any president judge of any Court of Common Pleas in commission at the adoption of this constitution, the judge of such court learned in the law and oldest in commission shall be the president judge thereof, and when two or more judges are elected at the same time in any judicial district, they shall decide by lot which shall be president judge; but when the president judge of a court shall be re-elected he shall continue to be president judge of that court. Associate judges, not learned in the law, elected after the adoption of this constitution, shall be commissioned to hold their offices for the term of five years from the first day of January next after their election.

Sec 17. The General Assembly at the first session after the adoption of this constitution shall fix and determine the compensation of the judges of the Supreme Court and of the judges of the several judicial districts of the Commonwealth, and the provisions of the fifteenth section of the article on Legislation shall not be deemed inconsistent herewith. Nothing contained in this constitution shall be construed to reduce the compensation now paid to any law judge of this Commonwealth now in commission.

Sec 18. The Courts of Common Pleas in the counties of Philadelphia and Allegheny shall be organized on the first Monday of January, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five, in the same manner as the two additional judges of the Supreme Court, and they shall decide by lot in which court they shall belong. Their term of office shall commence on the first Monday of January, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five.

Sec 19. In the county of Allegheny, for the purpose of first organization under this constitution, the judges of the Court of Common Pleas at the time of the adoption of this constitution shall be the judges of the Court of Common Pleas of that county.

The president judges of the Common Pleas and District Courts shall be elected in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five, and thereafter the judge oldest in commission shall be president judge; but any president judge re-elected in the same court or district shall continue to be president judge thereof.

Sec 20. The organization of the Courts of Common Pleas under this constitution, for the counties of Philadelphia and Allegheny, shall take effect on the first Monday of January, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five, and existing courts in said counties shall continue with their present powers and jurisdiction until that date; but no new suits shall be instituted in the Courts of Nisi Prius after the adoption of this constitution.

Sec 21. The records and proceedings pending in the Courts of Nisi Prius, Court of Common Pleas, and District Court in Philadelphia shall be tried and disposed of in the Court of Common Pleas. The records and dockets of said courts shall be transferred to the Prothonotary's office of said county.

Sec 22. The causes and proceedings pending in the Court of Common Pleas in the county of Allegheny shall be tried and disposed of in the court number one; and the causes and proceedings pending in the District Court shall be tried and disposed of in the court number two.

Sec 23. The Prothonotary of the Court of Common Pleas of Philadelphia shall be first appointed by the judges of said court on the first Monday of December, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five and the present Prothonotary of the District Court in said county shall be the Prothonotary of the said Court of Common Pleas until said date, when his commission shall expire, and the Clerk of the Court of Oyer and Terminer and Quarter Sessions of the Peace in Philadelphia shall be the clerk of such court until the expiration of his present commission on the first Monday of December in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five.

Sec 24. In cities containing over fifty thousand inhabitants (except Philadelphia) all aldermen in office at the time of the adoption of this constitution shall continue in office until the expiration of their commissions, and at the election for city and ward officers in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five, their term of office shall expire, as provided in this constitution.

Sec 25. In Philadelphia magistrates in lieu of aldermen, shall be chosen as required in this constitution at the election in said city for city and ward officers in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five; their term of office shall commence on the first Monday of April succeeding their election.

The terms of office of aldermen in said city, holding or entitled to commissions at the time of the adoption of this constitution shall not be affected thereby.

Sec 26. All persons in office in this Commonwealth at the time of the adoption of this constitution, and at the first election under this constitution, and at the first election under this constitution, shall be elected by the people, and their successors shall be duly qualified, unless otherwise provided in this constitution.

Sec 27. The seventh article of this constitution, prescribing an oath of office, shall take effect on and after the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five.

Sec 28. The terms of office of county commissioners and county auditors chosen prior to the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five, which shall not have expired before the first Monday of January, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six, shall expire on that day.

Sec 29. All State, county, city, ward, borough, and township officers in office at the time of the adoption of this constitution, whose compensation is not provided for by salaries and who have been elected or appointed shall continue to be paid by law until the expiration of their respective terms of office.

Sec 30. All State and judicial officers heretofore elected, sworn, affirmed, or in office when this constitution shall take effect, shall, according to the provisions of this constitution, take and subscribe an oath (or affirmation) to support this constitution.

Sec 31. The General Assembly, at its first session, or as soon as may be after the adoption of this constitution, shall pass such laws as may be necessary to carry the same into full force and effect.

Sec 32. The ordinance passed by this convention, entitled "An ordinance for submitting the amended constitution of Pennsylvania to a vote of the electors thereof," shall be held to be valid for all purposes thereof.

Sec 33. The words "County Commissioners" whenever used in this constitution and in any ordinance accompanying the same, shall be held to include the commissioners for the city of Philadelphia.

Sec 34. The words "City of Philadelphia" shall be held to include the city of Philadelphia, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three.

OFFICE OF SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH, Harrisburg, Nov. 13, 1873.

I certify that the foregoing is a correct copy of the new Constitution, proposed to the people of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for their approval or rejection, as the same appears of record in this office.

M. S. QUAY, Secretary of Commonwealth.

AN ORDINANCE FOR SUBMITTING THE AMENDED CONSTITUTION OF PENNSYLVANIA TO A VOTE OF THE QUALIFIED ELECTORS THEREOF, AS PASSED BY THE CONVENTION.

Be it ordained by the Constitutional Convention of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, as follows:

1. That the amended Constitution prepared by this Convention, be submitted to the qualified electors of this Commonwealth for their adoption or rejection, at an election to be held on the third Tuesday of December next; except as hereafter ordered and directed, the said election shall be held and conducted by the regular election officers in the several election districts throughout the Commonwealth, under all the regulations and provisions of existing laws relating to general elections, and the sheriffs of the several counties shall give at least twenty days notice of said election by proclamation.

2. The Secretary of the Commonwealth shall, at least twenty days before the said election, furnish to the Commissioners of each county, a sufficient number of properly prepared circulars of instruction. The Commissioners of the several counties shall cause to be printed at least three times as many ballots of affirmative votes as there are voters in each county—and the same number of negative votes; and the said Commissioners shall, at least five days before said election, cause to be fairly distributed to the several election districts in their respective counties, the said ballots, rally lists, returns, circulars of instruction, and such other papers and books as may be necessary. The ballots shall be printed or written in the following form: On the outside the words "New Constitution" in the inside for all persons giving affirmative votes the words "For the New Constitution," and for all persons giving negative votes the words "Against the New Constitution."

3. If it shall appear that a majority of the votes polled are for the new Constitution, then shall the Convention of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania on and after the first day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four; but if it shall appear that a majority of the votes polled are against the new Constitution, then it shall be rejected and be null and void.

4. Five Commissioners of Election, viz: Edwin H. Filler, Edward Browning, John P. Verree, Henry S. Hager, and John O. James, are hereby appointed by this Convention, who shall, immediately after the adoption of this amended Constitution in the city of Philadelphia, the said Commissioners shall be duly sworn or affirmed to perform their duties with impartiality and fidelity. They shall also have power to fill vacancies in their own number. It shall be the duty of said Commissioners, or a majority of them, and they shall have authority to make a registration of voters for the several election divisions of said city, and to furnish the lists as made to the election officers of each precinct, and to distribute the same to the electors provided for by this ordinance to be used at the election; to appoint a judge and two inspectors for each election division, by whom the election therein shall be held and conducted. No person shall serve as an elector who shall be disqualified under Section 15, Article 2, of the new Constitution. The general return of the election in the said city shall be opened, computed and certified before the said Commissioners, and with their approval which approval shall be endorsed upon the return. They shall make report, directed to the President of this Convention, of their official action under this ordinance and concerning the conduct of the said election within the said city.

5. The judges and inspectors aforesaid shall conduct the election in all respects conformably to the general election laws of this Commonwealth, and with like powers and duties to those of ordinary election officers. Each Inspector shall appoint one clerk to assist the Board in the performance of its duties, and all election officers shall be duly sworn or affirmed according to law, and shall possess all the qualifications required by law of election officers in this Commonwealth. At said election, by duly qualified elector who shall be sworn or affirmed to vote upon making proof of his right to the election officers, according to the general election laws of this Commonwealth. Return inspectors and their clerks and an hourly count of the votes shall be dispensed with, but overseers of elections shall be selected for any precinct by said Election Commissioners, whose duties and powers shall be the same as those of overseers of election in said city under existing election laws applicable thereto. Returns of the election shall be made in said city as in the case of an election for Governor, but a triplicate general return for said city shall be made out and forwarded to the President of the Convention at Harrisburg, as is hereinafter provided in case of county returns.

6. In each case of the Counties of the Commonwealth, (except Philadelphia) the returns of the election shall be made as in the case of an election for Governor, but the return judges in each county shall make out a triplicate county return and transmit the same, within five days after the election, directed to the President of the Convention, at Harrisburg.

Done in Convention this Third day of November, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three.

JNO. H. WALKER, President.

D. L. IMBRIE, Clerk.

A true copy of ordinance of submission.

M. S. QUAY, Secretary of the Commonwealth.

THE VICTOR SEWING MACHINE CO. want reliable and energetic Agents in this County. The "VICTOR" is a Lock-stitch, Shuttle Machine, with Self-setting Needle, best furnished and most perfect Machine offered. An increase of over 500 per cent on sales of 1872 over 1871. For Terms &c., Address, VICTOR SEWING MACHINE CO., 1227 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Pa. n2045.

WANTED. We will give \$4 to \$8 per day can be pursued in your own neighborhood; it is a rare chance for those out of employment or having leisure time; girls and boys frequently do as well as men. Particulars free. Address: J. LATHAM & CO., 292 Washington St., Boston, Mass. n2849.

JOHN W. FRAZEE, Attorney-at-Law and Solicitor of PATENTS AND CLAIMS, of PATENT CASES.

Office, 909 7th St., WASHINGTON, D. C. Refers by permission to Hon. Henry D. Cooke, Governor of District of Columbia.

#### BUSINESS CARDS.

A. RATHBUN, Attorney-at-Law, Ridgway, Pa. 224.

HALL & M'CAULEY, Attorneys-at-Law.

Office in New Brick Building, Main St. Ridgway, Elk Co., Pa. v224f.

J. O. W. BAILEY, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

Office, Ridgway, Elk County, Pa. Agent for the Traveler's Life and Accident Insurance Co., of Hartford, Conn.

RUFUS LUCOLE, Attorney-at-Law, Ridgway, Elk Co., Pa. Office in Hall's new Brick Building. Claims for collection promptly attended to. v214f.

REYNOLDS HOUSE, REYNOLDSVILLE, JEFFERSON CO., PA.

H. S. BELNAP, PROPRIETOR.

JAMES A. FULLERTON, Surgeon Dentist, having permanently located in Ridgway, offers his professional services to the citizens of Ridgway and surrounding country. All work warranted. Office in Service & Wheeler's building, upstairs, first door to the left. 73-n-82-13.

J. S. BORDWELL, M. D. Eclectic Physician and Surgeon, has removed his office from Centre street, to Main St. Ridgway, Pa., in the second story of the new brick building of John G. Hall, opposite Myler's store. Office hours: 9 a-m to 12 p-m. 7 S.p.m. v214f.

G. MESSENGER, Druggist and Paracetic corner of Main and Mill streets, Ridgway, Pa. A full assortment of carefully selected Foreign and Domestic Drugs. Prescriptions carefully dispensed at all hours, day or night. v1n3y.

S. S. BARTLEY, M. D., Physician and Surgeon, Ridgway, Pa. Office in Walker's Building. Special attention given to Surgery. Office hours from 8 a.m. to 10 p.m. Residence on corner of South and Court streets, opposite the new School House. All calls promptly attended to. v1n21f.

CHARLES HOLES, Watchmaker, Engraver and Jeweler, Main street, Ridgway, Pa. Agent for the Howe Sewing Machine, and Morton Gold Pen. Repairing Watches, etc. done with the same accuracy as heretofore. Satisfaction guaranteed. v1n1y.

W. H. SCHRAM, Proprietor. Thankful for the patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him, the new proprietor, hopes, by paying strict attention to the comfort and convenience of guests, to merit a continuance of the same. Oct 30 1873.

THE OLD BUCKTAILS HOTEL, Kane, McKean Co., Pa. R. E. LOOKER, Proprietor.

Thankful for the patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him, the new proprietor, hopes, by paying strict attention to the comfort and convenience of guests, to merit a continuance of the same. v1n1y.

HALL & BRO, Attorneys-at-Law

ST. MARY'S, ELK COUNTY PENNSYLVANIA.

JOHN G. HALL, JAS. E. P. HALL

HERSHEY HOUSE, CENTREVILLE, ELK CO., PA.

JOHN COLLINS, Proprietor.

Thankful for the patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him, the new proprietor, hopes, by paying strict attention to the comfort and convenience of guests, to merit a continuance of the same.

JAMES PENFIELD, (Successor to W. C. Healy.) DEALER IN

LEY GOODS, GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, PRODUCE, FRUITS, &c.

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Pianos and organs to rent and rental appraised if purchased.

Prothonotary's Office, Ridgway, Pa. v2204f.

NEW STAGE ROUTE.

J. C. BURNS, Proprietor.