

Republican State Ticket.

For Judge of the Supreme Court. HON. ISAAC G. GORDON, OF JEFFERSON COUNTY.

People's Convention.

Pursuant to call the People's Convention met in this place on Tuesday, September 3d, 1873.

C. R. EARLEY was chosen chairman. E. J. MILLER, and HENRY A. PARSONS, JR., secretaries.

Jerome Powell offered the following preamble and resolutions which were unanimously adopted by the Convention:

WHEREAS, A crisis has arrived, as we believe, in the affairs of our country, which claims the attention of all good citizens; that, through the workings of party machinery, the people, who pay the taxes and should be the dictators, have absolutely no voice to say as to whom shall be entrusted the affairs of the county; AND WHEREAS, Certain unprincipled and irresponsible men, through treachery and fraud, and misrepresentations of all kinds, have managed to get control of the dominant party, and have placed in nomination a ticket local in its character, and for the most part, notoriously unfit for the various positions to which they aspire, and entirely against the wishes of the majority of the party, and the masses of the people who foot the bills; therefore, be it

RESOLVED, 1st. That it shall be our aim this day to place in nomination a ticket composed of honest and capable men, selected from the people, by the people, untrammelled by King dictation, without regard to past political views, or location.

2d. That we deprecate the growing disposition manifested by reckless and designing men to work upon local prejudice for the purpose of turning our county offices into avenues of profit for themselves and their unprincipled favorites, to the great detriment of the public.

3d. That we shall require of those this day nominated, and elected on the second Tuesday of October, the strictest economy in the administration of public affairs.

4th. That at the present time, while the industries of the country are to some extent paralyzed, it is more than ever important that we not only require prudence and economy in administration, but that we abstain from all expenditures for public improvements, except such as are absolutely necessary for the safety of the people of the county.

The following nominations were then unanimously made:

For Treasurer—Hezekiah Horton, Horton township.

For Commissioner—A. T. Aldrich, Jones.

For Auditor—A. W. Gray, Benzette.

For District Attorney—Rufus Lucore, Fox.

For Jury Commissioner—Ransalee Kyles, Jay.

Moved and seconded that a vote of thanks be tendered to the Chairman and Secretaries. Carried.

On motion the following persons were appointed, by the chair, a committee on address: E. J. Miller, Henry A. Parsons, Jr., George Messenger, Jerome Powell, Ransalee Kyles, Adjourning sine die.

GENERAL NOTES.

GWT registered in time.

A well-dressed dog wears a collar and pants in the summer.

Shear earliness—a barber clipping your ear instead of your hair.

For what port is a man bound during courtship? Bound to Havre.

The two-hundredth anniversary of the first settlement of white men in Illinois was celebrated at Starved Rock, on the Illinois river, where the settlement was made.

A strange and fatal disease, producing great constipation, is very prevalent at Kelson, Utah. Persons die in a few hours after being attacked. The disease resembles fever.

In some of the rural districts of New York, the custom of selling potatoes by weight instead of by measure, is becoming quite common.

An Ancient maiden lady in Grand Rapids, Mich., finds compensation for the neglect of the masculine world in the society of sixty-six cats.

A firm faith is the best theology; a good life the best philosophy; a clear conscience the best law; honesty the best policy, and temperance the best physic.

A St. Louis lady is making a lecturing tour in England. A lady lecturer is somewhat of a novelty in that country, and she has been drawing large audiences.

New York now manufactures its own absinthe out of alcohol, flavored with tansy and wormwood. It is said to taste very much like the original, and is fully as disastrous in its effects.

A man at Beloit, Wis., recently made an ascent with a balloon which had no basket. He sat on a bar, and when an elevation of 1000 feet had been reached, he performed all kinds of antics, once hanging by his toes to the bar and then dropping about eight feet and catching from rings suspended beneath. His descent was safely effected.

Iowa has 1,500,000 pigs ready for turning into pork this winter.

St. Louis has made a general increase of salaries in her public schools.

Paris has 23,000 rag gatherers or chiffonniers, who earn from thirty to forty cents per day.

It is estimated that the Tiberborne trial, in England, has already cost upwards of \$1,000,000.

According to a statement of the Bureau of Statistics, 18,000 Americans went to Europe this summer.

ELECTION PROCLAMATION.

GOD SAVE THE COMMONWEALTH.

WHEREAS, in and by the 13th section of the Act of General Assembly of Pennsylvania, passed July 2d 1869, entitled, "An act relating to the Elections of the Commonwealth." It is enjoined on the Sheriff of every county to give notice of such elections to be held, and to enumerate in such notice what officers are to be elected, in pursuance thereof, I, D. C. OYSTER, High Sheriff of the County of Elk, do therefore make known and give this public notice to the electors of said county of Elk, that a general election will be held in said county, on

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 14, 1873.

(it being the second Tuesday of the month), for the purpose of electing the following officers, to-wit:

One person for State Treasurer.

One person for Judge of the Supreme Court.

One person for member of the Legislature to represent the counties of Cameron, Elk and Jefferson.

One person for Treasurer of Elk county.

One person for District Attorney of Elk county.

One person for Commissioner of Elk county.

One person for Jury Commissioner of Elk county.

One person for Auditor of Elk county.

And the qualified electors of the county of Elk will hold their elections in the several districts, as follows:

Benezette township, at the house of Elizabeth Winslow.

Benzinger township, at the school house on Michael St., near the Elk creek bridge.

Fox township, at the Centreville school house.

Highland township, at the house of Levi Ellithorpe.

Horton township, at the school house near J. C. Oyster's Hotel.

Ridgway township, at the Court House.

St. Mary's Borough, at the Town Hall.

Spring Creek township, at the house of Stockdale, Downer & Co.

Jay township, at the house of Alfred Pearsall.

Jones township, at the Wilcox Tanning and Lumber Co's, office in Wilcox.

Mill Stone township, at the house of Henry Herr, at Barr's Dam.

I also make known the following act entitled "An act regulating the mode of voting at all elections in the several counties in this Commonwealth," as I am required by the second section of said act:

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives, etc., That the qualified voters of the several counties of this Commonwealth, at all general township and special elections are hereby hereafter authorized and required to vote by ticket, printed or written, or partly written and partly printed, severally classified as follows: One ticket shall embrace the names of all the Judges of the Courts to be voted for and to be labelled on the outside, "Judiciary;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all State officers to be voted for and labelled "State;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all county officers to be voted for, including the office of Senator, member or members of Assembly, if voted for, members of Congress, if voted for and labelled "County;" one ticket shall embrace names of all the township officers voted for and be labelled "Borough" or "Township;" and each shall be deposited in separate ballot boxes.

I also make known and give notice, as in and by the 15th section of aforesaid act, I am directed that every person except Justices of the Peace, who shall hold any office appointment of trust or profit, under the Government of the United States, or this State, or any city or incorporated district whether a commissioned officer or otherwise a subordinate officer or agent who is or shall be employed under the legislative or judiciary or executive department of this State or of the United States, of any city or incorporated district and also every member of Congress and State Legislature, and the select and common council of any city, Commissioner or any incorporated district, is by law incapable of holding or exercising at the same time the office or appointment of Judge, Inspector or Clerk, of any election of this Commonwealth, and that no Inspector or Judge, shall be legible to any office then to be voted for.

Also in the 4th section of the Act of Assembly, entitled "An act relating to elections and for other purposes," approved April 16th 1869, it is enacted that the 14th section shall be so construed as to prevent any militia or borough officer from serving as Judge, Inspector, or Clerk, at any general or special election in this Commonwealth.

Also that in the 61st, section of said act it is enacted "That every general or special election shall be opened between the hours of six and seven in the fore-noon, and shall remain without interruption until seven o'clock in the evening when the polls shall be closed.

No person shall be permitted to vote at any election as aforesaid, but a freeman of the age of twenty-one years, or more, who shall have resided in this State at least one year and in the election district where he offers his vote, at least ten days immediately preced-

ing such election, and within two years paid a State or County tax, which shall have been assessed at least ten days before the election. But a citizen of the United States, who has previously been a qualified voter of this State, but removed therefrom and returned, and shall have resided in the election district and paid taxes as aforesaid, shall be entitled to vote after residing in this State six months. Provided, That the freemen, citizens of the United States, who are between the ages of twenty-one and twenty-two years, and who have resided in the election district ten days as aforesaid, shall be entitled to vote, although they have not paid taxes.

WHEREAS, The Fifteenth Amendment of the Constitution of the United States is as follows:

SECTION 1. The right of citizens of the United States shall not be denied or abridged by the United States on account of race, color, or previous condition of servitude.

SECTION 2. That Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

And whereas, The Congress of the United States, on the thirty-first day of March 1870, passed an act entitled, "An act to enforce the right of citizens of the United States to vote in the several States of the Union, and for other purposes," the first and second sections of which are as follows:

Be it enacted, etc., That all citizens of the United States who are or shall be otherwise qualified to vote at any election by the people of any State, Territory, district, city, county, parish, township, school district, municipality, or other territorial subdivision shall be entitled and allowed to vote at all such elections, without distinction of color race, or previous condition of servitude; any constitution, law, custom, usage, or regulation of any State or Territory, or by or under its authority, to the contrary, notwithstanding.

SECTION 2. And be it further enacted, That if, by or under the constitution or laws of any State or the laws of any Territory, any act is or shall be required to be done as a prerequisite or qualification for voting, and by such constitution or laws persons or officers are or shall be charged with the performance of duties in furnishing to citizens an opportunity to perform such prerequisites, or to become qualified to vote it shall be the duty of every such person and officers to give all citizens of the United States, the same and equal opportunity to perform such prerequisite and to become qualified to vote without distinction of race, color or previous condition of servitude; and if any such persons or officers shall refuse or knowingly omit to give full effect to this section, he shall for every such offence, forfeit and pay the sum of five hundred dollars, to the persons aggrieved thereby, to be recovered by an action on the case, with full costs and such allowance for counsel fees as the court shall deem just, and shall also for every such offence be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall on conviction thereof be fined not less than five hundred dollars or to be imprisoned not less than one month and not more than one year, or both, at the discretion of the court.

And whereas, It is declared by the second section of the VI article of the Constitution of the United States, that "This Constitution of the United States which shall be made in pursuance thereof, shall be the supreme law of the land * * * anything in the Constitution or laws of any State, to the contrary, notwithstanding."

And whereas, The Legislature of this Commonwealth, on the 6th of April 1870, passed an act entitled "A further supplement to the act relating to elections in this Commonwealth," the tenth section of which is as follows:

SECTION 10. That so much of every act of Assembly as provides that only white freeman shall be entitled to vote, or be registered as voters, or as claiming to vote at any general or special election of this Commonwealth, be and the same is hereby repealed, and that hereafter all freeman without distinction of color, shall be enrolled and registered according to the provisions of the first section of the act approved the 17th of April 1869, entitled "An act further supplementing to an act relative to the elections of this Commonwealth," and shall when otherwise qualified under existing laws, be entitled to vote at all general and special elections in this Commonwealth.

No person shall be permitted to vote whose name is not contained on the list of taxable inhabitants furnished by the Commissioners, unless he first produces a receipt for the payment within two years, of State or County tax, assessed agreeably to the Constitution, and give satisfactory evidence either on his oath or affirmation of another that he has paid such tax, or on failure to produce such receipt shall make oath of the payment thereof; if he claims to vote by being an elector between the ages of twenty-one and twenty-two years he shall depose on oath or affirmation that he has resided in the State at least one year before his application, and make proof of his residence within his district as required by the act, and that he does verily believe from accounts given him, that he is of the age aforesaid and give such other evidence as is required by the act whereupon the name of the person so admitted to vote shall be registered in the alphabetical list by the inspector, and a note made opposite thereto by the word "tax," if he shall have been admitted to vote by reason of having paid tax, or the word "age," if he shall have been admitted to vote by reason of age, shall be called out to the clerks, who shall make like notes in the list kept by them.

In all cases where the name of persons claiming to vote is found on the list furnished by the commissioners and Assessors, and his right to vote whether found thereon or not, is objected to by any qualified citizen, it shall be the inspectors duty to examine such persons on oath as to his qualifications, and if he claims to have resided within the State for one year or more, his oath shall not be sufficient proof thereof, but shall

make proof thereof, by at least one competent witness who shall be a qualified elector, that he has resided within the district, for the purpose of voting therein.

Every person qualified as aforesaid, and who shall make the due proof, if qualified, of his residence and payment of taxes as aforesaid, in the township, ward or district in which he shall reside.

If any person shall prevent or attempt to prevent any officer of any election under this act from holding such election, or use or threaten any violence to any such officer, or shall interrupt or improperly interfere with him in the execution of his duty, or shall block up the window or avenue to any window where the same may be holding, or shall riotously disturb the peace at such election, or shall use or practice any intimidation, threats, force or violence, with design to influence unduly or overawe any elector, or to prevent him from voting, or to restrain the freedom of choice, such persons on conviction shall be fined in any sum not exceeding five hundred dollars, and be imprisoned for any time not less than one month or more than one year and if it be shown that the person so offending was not a resident of the city, ward, district or township where the said offence was committed, and not entitled to vote therein, and on conviction he shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than one hundred or more than one thousand dollars, and be imprisoned not less than six months or more than two years.

WHEREAS, By the act of the Congress of the United States, entitled "An Act to amend the several acts heretofore passed, to provide for the enrolling and calling out the national forces, and for other purposes," and approved March third, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, all persons who have deserted the military or naval service of the United States, and who have not been discharged, or relieved from the penalty, or disability therein provided, are deemed, and taken, to have voluntarily relinquished, and forfeited, their rights of citizenship, and their rights to become citizens, and are deprived of exercising any rights of citizens thereof:

And whereas, Persons, not citizens of the United States, are not, under the constitution and laws of Pennsylvania, qualified electors of this Commonwealth:

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same. That in all elections hereafter to be held in this Commonwealth, it shall be unlawful for the judge or inspectors of any such election to receive any ballot, or ballots, from any person, or persons, embraced in the provisions, and subject to the disability, imposed by said act of Congress, approved March third, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, and it shall be unlawful for any such persons to offer to vote any ballot, or ballots.

SECTION 2. That if any such judge and inspectors of election, or any one of them shall receive, or consent to receive, any such unlawful ballot, or ballots, from any such disqualified person, he, or they, so offending, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof, in any court of quarter sessions of this Commonwealth, he shall, for each offence, be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than one hundred dollars, and to undergo an imprisonment, in the jail of the proper county, for not less than sixty days.

SECTION 3. That if any person deprived of citizenship, and disqualified as aforesaid, shall, at any election, hereafter to be held in this Commonwealth, vote, or tender to the officers there, and offer to vote, a ballot, or ballots, any person, so offending, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof, in any court of quarter sessions of this Commonwealth, shall, for each offence, be punished in a like manner as is provided in the preceding section of this act, in the case of officers of election receiving such unlawful ballot or ballots.

SECTION 4. That if any person shall hereafter persuade, or advise, any person, or persons, deprived of citizenship, and disqualified as aforesaid, to offer any ballot, or ballots, to the officers of any election, hereafter to be held in this Commonwealth, or shall persuade, or advise, any such officer to receive any ballot, or ballots, from any person deprived of citizenship, and disqualified as aforesaid, such person, so offending, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof, in any court of quarter sessions of this Commonwealth, shall be punished in a like manner as is provided in the second section of this act, in the case of officers of election receiving such unlawful ballot, or ballots.

Pursuant to the provisions contained in the 4th section as aforesaid the Judges of the aforesaid districts shall respectively take charge of the certificates or returns of election to their respective districts and produce them at a meeting of one Judge from each district at the Court House in the Township of Ridgway on FRIDAY, THE 17TH DAY OF OCTOBER next, then and there to perform the duties required by laws of said Judges; also where a Judge by sickness or unavoidable accidents is unable to attend such meeting of Judges then a certificate as aforesaid shall be taken in charge of by one of the inspectors or clerks of the election of said district who shall do and perform the duties of said Judge to attend; and the return Judges of the said districts aforesaid are requested to meet in Ridgway, the county-seat of said county, on Friday, after the second Tuesday of October next, then and there to discharge the duties required by law.

Given under my hand at Ridgway, the 18th day of September in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three, and of the independence of the United States the ninety-seventh.

D. C. OYSTER, Sheriff. Sheriff's Office, Sept. 18th, 1873.

NO. 42. NEW STORE AND NEW GOODS. HOUSEWARE, AND HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS. Carpenters Tools, Blacksmiths Tools, Farmers Tools, Lumbermens Tools.

In fact everything usually kept in a first-class Hardware Store.

A FIRST-CLASS TIN SHOP, Employing none but first-class Workmen and nothing but first-class material used.

Every Article Warranted. OPPOSITE THE COURT HOUSE, RIDGWAY, PA. W. S. SERVICE & CO.

IF YOU WANT TO BUY GOODS CHEAP. SEND FOR CATALOGUES OF Novello's Cheap Music. Novello's Glee, Part Sings, etc., 6 to 12 cents.

Underground OR, LIFE BELOW THE SURFACE BY THOS. W. KNOX. 942 Pages Octavo. 130 Fine Engravings. Relates Incidents and Accidents beyond the Light of Day; Startling Adventures in all parts of the World; Mines and Mode of Working them; Undercurrents of Society; Gambling and its Horrors; Caverns and their Mysteries; The Dark Ways of Wickness; Prisons and their Secrets; Down in the Depths of the Sea; Strange Stories of the Detection of Crime.

AGENTZ WANTED for this work. Exclusive territory given. Agents can make \$100 a week in selling this book. Send for circulars and terms to agents. J. B. Hurr & Hyde, HARTFORD, CONN., or CHICAGO, ILL.

NEW LIVERY STABLE IN RIDGWAY. DAN SCRIBNER WISHES TO INFORM the Citizens of Ridgway, and the public generally, that he has started a Livery Stable and will keep GOOD STOCK, GOOD CARRIAGES and Baggies, to let upon the most reasonable terms.

Elk County Directory. President Judge—L. D. Wetmore. Additional Law Judge—Hon. Jno. P. Vincent. Associate Judges—Chas. Lubr, J. V. Houk. District Attorney—J. K. P. Hall. Sheriff—D. C. Oyster. Prothonotary—Geo. Fred. Schenning. Treasurer—C. R. Earley. County Superintendent—Rufus Lucore. Commissioners—Robt. Campbell, John Barr, Geo. Ed. Weis. Auditors—Clark A. Wilcox, George D. Messenger, and C. W. Barrett. County Surveyor—Geo. Wilmaley. Jury Commissioners—Joseph Kerner, and Charles Mead.

BUSINESS CARDS. G. A. RATHBUN, Attorney-at-law, Ridgway, Pa. HALL & M'CAULEY, Attorneys-at-Law. Office in New Brick Building, Main St. Ridgway, Elk Co., Pa.

J. O. W. BAILEY, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW. Office in Ridgway, Elk County, Pa. Agent for the Traveler's Life and Accident Insurance Co., of Hartford, Conn.

RUFUS LUCORE, Attorney-at-Law, Ridgway, Elk Co., Pa. Office in Hall's new Brick Building. Claims for collection promptly attended to.

REYNOLDS HOUSE, REYNOLDSVILLE, JEFFERSON CO., PA. H. S. BELNAP, PROPRIETOR.

J. S. BODWELL, M. D. Eclectic Physician and Surgeon, has removed his office from Centre street, to Main st. Ridgway, Pa., in the second story of the new brick building of John G. Hall, opposite Hyde's store. Office hours: 9 to 9 a. m. 1 to 2 p. m. 7 to 8 p. m.

G. G. MESSENGER, Druggist and Pharmacist corner of Main and Mill streets, Ridgway, Pa. A full assortment of carefully selected Foreign and Domestic Drugs. Prescriptions carefully dispensed at all hours, day or night.

T. S. HARTLEY, M. D., Physician and Surgeon, Ridgway, Pa. Office in Walker's Building. Special attention given to Surgery. Office hours from 8 a. m. to 10 p. m. Residence on corner of South and Court streets, opposite the new School House. All calls promptly attended to.

C. CHARLES HOLES, Watchmaker, Engraver and Jeweler, Main street, Ridgway, Pa. Agent for the Howe Sewing Machine, and Morton Gold Pen. Repairing Watches, etc., done with the same accuracy as heretofore. Satisfaction guaranteed.

T. HAYES HOUSE, RILEY & BRO., Proprietors. Cor. Mill and Centre Sts., Ridgway, Pa. The proprietors take this method of announcing to the public that they have refitted, revised, and improved, this well known hotel, and are prepared to entertain all who favor them with their patronage, in the best style and at low rates. Good stabling attached.

H. HYDE HOUSE, RIDGWAY, ELK CO., PA. W. H. SCHIAM, Proprietor. Thankful for the patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him, the new proprietor, hopes, by paying strict attention to the comfort and convenience of guests, to merit a continuance of the same. Oct 30 1869.

THE OLD BUCKTAIL'S HOTEL, R. E. LOOKER, Proprietor. Thankful for the patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him, the new proprietor, hopes, by paying strict attention to the comfort and convenience of guests, to merit a continuance of the same. The only stable for horses with their baggage, will kept night or day. Hall attached to the hotel.

HALL & BRO Attorneys-at-Law ST. MARY'S.

ELK COUNTY PENNSYLVANIA. JOHN G. HALL, Proprietor. JOHN COLLINS, Proprietor.

JAMES PENFIELD, (Successor to W. C. Healy,) DEALER IN DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, PRODUCE, FRUITS, &c.

S. A. ROTE, PHOTOGRAPHER. AND DEALER IN Chromos, Stereoscopic Views, Picture Frames, &c.

FRED. SCHOENING, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN PIANO-FORTES, ORGANS, SHEET MUSIC, and MUSIC BOOKS.

NEW STAGE ROUTE. J. C. BURNS, Proprietor. The subscriber having secured the contract for carrying the U. S. Mail between REYNOLDSVILLE & BROCKWAYVILLE has placed on that road a line of hacks. Hacks leave the Exchange Hotel in Reynoldsville every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday on the arrival of the Brookway stage, and return the same day. These hacks connect at Brookwayville with the Ridgway stage, making connection with trains on the P. & E. Road, both east and west. Every attention to the comfort of patrons of this line will be given, and a liberal patronage solicited.

JOHN W. FRAZER, Attorney-at-Law and Solicitor of PATENTS AND CLAIMS, Speciality of PATENT cases. Office, 909 7th ST., WASHINGTON, D. C. Refers by permission to Hon. Henry D. Cooke, Governor of the Dist., of Columbia.