

Elk County Advocate.

HENRY A. PARSONS, JR., - Editor. THURSDAY, AUGUST 9, 1872.

NATIONAL NOMINATIONS. FOR PRESIDENT, ULYSSES S. GRANT, Of Illinois. FOR VICE-PRESIDENT, HENRY WILSON, Of Massachusetts. REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET. FOR GOVERNOR: Maj. Gen. JOHN F. HARTRANFT, Montgomery County. FOR SUPREME JUDGE: Hon. ULYSSES MERCUR, Bradford County. FOR AUDITOR GENERAL: Brig. Gen. HARRISON ALLEN, Warren County. CONGRESSMEN AT LARGE: General LEMUEL TODD, Cumberland County. Gen. CHARLES ALBRIGHT, Carbon County. GLENNI W. SCOTFIELD, Warren County. REPUBLICAN COUNTY TICKET. FOR CONGRESS. Col. C. B. CURTIS, Erie County.

The New York Tribune. If there ever was a case of shoddy, shabby, lying journalism on this continent the New York Tribune is that case. It makes no pretension at truth telling; it tells you that it is not the organ of any party, and yet every one knows, who reads it, that it is the most bitter of all the untruthful partisan journals published throughout the length and breadth of this land. It makes no charge in direct terms against General Grant's administration, but contents itself in indulging in the lowest order of insinuations and innuendoes. As a "no party organ" it pronounces the most unfair and untruthful criticisms on the efforts of public men in favor of the great national Republican party and its candidates, and yet this same "no party organ" indulges in praises long and long, when a fugitive from justice reads an essay as full of rancor and hate toward this country and its chief magistrate as he ever did toward his native country and its rulers. In a recent issue it published a long list of defaulters to the government, and announced that these were all appointed to place by General Grant, and were to-day supporters of his administration, when in fact, as the Tribune well knew nineteen twentieths of these persons were appointed to office by Andy Johnson, and removed by Gen. Grant, and prosecuted by the proper officers under the present administration, and these same scoundrels now out of prison are to-day supporting Horace Greeley and his Tribune. While those appointed by Gen. Grant were promptly removed on detection of fraud and prosecuted, and every man either in or out of prison is to-day shouting for Horace Greeley. All this the editor of the Tribune knew, but purposely withheld from the public, and wickedly published the infamous lie that these rascals were the supporters of Gen. Grant. Day after day the Tribune falsely publishes the name of some one of note as coming out for Greeley, when its candidate editor knows that what he says of these men is utterly and absolutely false.

We might go on and fill column after column of the most unwarranted falsehoods, but its career of lying is nearly, if not entirely run, and the honest and the loyal everywhere, now regard the Tribune as among the most unreliable and untruthful sheets published in the Republic.

ATTENTION Soldiers and Sailors and hear what Horace Greeley and his Southern friends have to say about you, in view of your contemplated convention at Pittsburgh on the 17th of September proximo:

The Post copies and endorses an article from the Chicago Tribune, on the Soldiers and Sailors' convention to assemble in this city September 17, in which it says that our "community, like a good-natured audience, will look on approvingly, while these superfluous veterans shoulder the crutch and show how fields were won." That is the estimate of Greeley journals put on the men who served the country and returned home covered with the immortal glories won in its defense. "SUPERFLUOUS VETERANS!" Soldiers what think ye of it? And what think ye of it, ye fathers and mothers, and wives who gave your sons and husbands to the sacred cause of your country and liberty?—[Pittsburgh Dispatch.

President Juarez, of Mexico, is dead. He was seized with apoplexy at 5 o'clock on the 18th July, and death ensued during the night. The Presidency devolves upon Lerdo de Tejada, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court.

Quite anxious. The New York Tribune professes the organ of no party, nevertheless the organ and mouth-piece of Horace Greeley is quite anxious about the rebel archives for which the government has paid \$75,000. Why so anxious? If there is nothing to convict circumstantially and substantially, the old Chappaquack Fourieite of connivance at treason.

Those papers belong of right to the Government and already in the United States relieved from the payment of more than thrice their cost in claims presented by pretended loyal men, who figure prominently in the archives of rebellion.

The Tribune thinks it a wonderful hardship that its editor, now a candidate for the presidency should be brought to grief, by showing through rebel official documents, that by counselling with their pretended agents, misrepresenting and falsifying President Lincoln, he proved himself to be the firm fast friend of those unfriendly to the Government of the United States. By reason of the beam of friendship in "H. G.'s" eyes for Jefferson Davis, he saw all sorts of calamities coming upon us. He saw a "bleeding bankrupt, almost dying country longing for peace" at any cost. Oh! how very sympathetic. He saw "further wholesale devastation, and new rivers of human blood," truly wonderful how keen and far-sighted he was. He saw a wide spread conviction, in the mind of Horace Greeley, Jefferson Davis, Jacob Thompson, George N. Sanders, and professor James P. Halcomb, that the government and its supporters, Gens. Grant, Sherman, Thomas, Sheridan, and Mead, and the soldiers with them were not anxious for a dishonorable peace.

He saw that the government and its supporters did not improve proffered opportunities to achieve it, (a dishonorable peace) is doing great harm now, and is morally certain unless removed, to do far greater in the approaching elections, the elections of 1864, all this he saw, "Wimair o' horrible and awful, which en't to name was unlawful." Well poor man he'll see and know more about trying to be President after the 4th day of November, 1872, than he did about the elections of 1864 when caucusing with those precious rebels at Niagara in July, 1864, what a wonder. After the next election doubtless he and Buckalew will have more leisure to digest the "seventy-five thousand dollars worth of hatred."

The Work that Hartranft has Performed in Six Years—Does not Words.

Gen. Hartranft, like the great party which he represents, rest his claims to public consideration and confidence, not on what he says, or other people may say for or against him, but upon what he has done—what he has accomplished in the public service. He is to be judged by acts, not words.

During his first three years as Auditor General, by the direct and sole good management of John F. Hartranft, guiding the public resources, and closely scrutinizing all expenditures of public money, the indebtedness of Pennsylvania was reduced \$4,324,055 78. During his second term, the reduction aggregated \$4,771,388.82; making a total of debt reduction accomplished by Auditor General Hartranft, in six years nine million ninety-five thousand four hundred and forty-four dollars and thirty cents. This is practical work, the statement of which may not occupy as much space as some of Buckalew's speeches discussing points in Stuart Mills' theories of political economy, yet it is more satisfactory and comprehensive to the people than any long buncombe harangue. The effect of the work on the securities of Pennsylvania, is shown by the rate at which State securities were and are now quoted in Philadelphia. In May 1st, 1866, when General Hartranft went into office, our bonds were quoted at 89; at the present time the quotation is, 3d series, 107; 1st series, 103, and all other series at 102@103. Such are the results and the effects produced by Hartranft's management of the Auditor General's office.

When General Hartranft took charge of the Auditor General's office, the debt of Pennsylvania aggregated \$37,495,455.41.

At the close of General Hartranft's six years as Auditor General, he reduced this debt to \$28,380,011.11; having, as already stated, in six years, without any increase of taxation, and with the tax on real estate removed by a Republican Legislature, paid nine million, ninety-five thousand, four hundred and forty-four dollars and eleven cents.

Such are the results produced by the labors of a faithful and competent official, and such the merit on which we rest John F. Hartranft's claim as a candidate for Governor.—[State Journal.

THE farmers of many of the counties of Kansas have organized to send their produce to market for sale by a common agent, and also to buy their supplies in the same way. Some of these farmers' leagues have regular officers, and invite proposals for storing and shipping produce, and for the sale of butter, eggs, vegetables and fruit. They also invite separate bids for supplying hardware, farming utensils, seeds, drugs, harness, groceries, lumber, clothing and various other articles.

We this week published Col. Ewell's letter declaring his views on the political situation.

This is one of the letters that the "no party organ" the N. Y. Tribune so infamously garbled not long since, when it was "honestly reporting facts" as to both parties and their candidates. WILLIAMSBURG, Va., May 18, 1872.

DEAR SIR: In compliance with your request I here repeat the substance of our conversation on the last and approaching Presidential elections, though I do not suppose my opinions on such subjects are worthy of attention or repetition. You expressed some astonishment when I informed you that in 1868 I was favorable to Gen. Grant's election to the Presidency of the United States, and was so decidedly in favor of his re-election. I will again give my reasons for this preference.

It was my conviction in 1868 that the election of a President, opposed by decided majorities of both houses of Congress, would serve no purpose but to increase the ill-feeling and disquietude that followed a like condition of affairs during Mr. Johnson's Administration, and, perhaps, to pave the way for more serious disorders and uneasiness. It was also my conviction that an assured and peaceful Union was a necessity to the people of Virginia, and as much so as to those of the other Southern States. Whatever tended, directly or indirectly, to produce undue excitement, and thereby, possibly, revolution, deprecated as the greatest evil that could befall this country, agreeing with E. W. W. that "a cause which the noblest allow to be good, and which, when successful, all time approves, may seem to justify the attempt at a revolution." I was not, however, at all the evil passions it excites, all the ties it dissolves, all the blood it commands to flow, all the beautiful industry it arrests, all the madmen it arms, all the victims that it deems, I question whether one man really honest, pure and humane who has once gone through such an ordeal would ever hazard it again, unless he was assured that victory was certain; aye, and the object for which he fights was not to be wrested from his hands. There was, however, no element that the battle has aroused." Then, too, I had implicit confidence in Gen. Grant's earnest wish to "have peace," in his good-will and in his patriotism. This confidence originated in the terms he gave at Appomattox Court-house to his opponent and the battered remnant of that brave army that had staked its all upon a cause for which it was "no more to combat or bleed," and that had so long resisted his legions. These terms, the officer and man will be allowed to return to his home, not to be disturbed by the United States authority so long as they observe their paroles and the laws in force where they reside," are without a precedent in the history of all such struggles for liberty, equality, and were as wise as liberal, for while they effectually terminated the contest they protected those who surrendered from the legal consequence of waging war against the Government, and probably saved from execution or imprisonment Lee and scores of his gallant associates.

The effect of these terms, as stated in Gen. Grant's report of the closing operation of the war, was "that Gen. Lee's great influence throughout the South caused his example to be followed, and today the result is that the armies lately under his leadership are at their homes, desiring peace and quiet, and their arms are in the hands of our ordinance officers."

In the closing sentence of this report he pays to the Southern troops so lately in arms against his own the following tribute: "Let them" (the Eastern and Western United States Armies) "hope for perpetual peace and harmony with that manly, generous, however mistaken the cause, drew forth such heroic deeds of valor." A tribute most grateful to the devoted men composing the Southern armies. And most honorable to his author.

It seems to me that since the return of peace Gen. Grant's aim has been to relieve the Southern people to the extent of his ability, attempting nothing which the controlling power of the North would not allow; and this was expedient as well as necessary. That he has not accomplished all that was hoped for or expected perhaps is true; but it was simply impossible. His favorable and friendly report on the condition of the South, made as General commanding the armies of the United States, that excited the enmity of some members of his own party, is an illustration.

The fact that "Virginians now rule Virginia" is one result of Gen. Grant's sympathy and good feeling for the State and people and his active interference in their behalf.

Virginia is the only State whose relations to the General Government have been renewed since he became the chief executive officer of the nation. Without his aid the people would not have allowed the elements of the offensive and rejected articles of the present Constitution. The whole would have been adopted, and, as a necessary consequence, the State would today be no better off than the worst governed Southern State.

Looking at all this, I think I am right in asserting that Gen. Grant has done more to heal the wounds of war than any other one of the great political party to which he belongs. Believing this, I acknowledge it. I do not believe in the killing of the man who has done us wrong, but in the pardon and gratitude in any becoming manner.

There is a loud cry of corruption against the present Administration, but I have heard a like cry so long ago, in the days of Jackson, so much louder than my ears still ring with its echoes and so often—it is always the battle cry of the "outs"—that I do not put full trust in it, or pay much regard to it.

W. S. SERVICE. GO AND SEE! IT WILL PAY! THE LARGEST STOCK OF THE BEST—NO OTHER IN STOCK—STOVES! ENDLESS VARIETY. PRICES WILL SUIT! GOODS WILL PLEASE! I SELL CHEAP! STOVES DELIVERED AND SET FREE! FREE! FREE! CALL AND EXAMINE! A PLEASURE TO SHOW GOODS! W. S. SERVICE. No. 1 Masonic Hall Building, Ridgway, Pa.

AGENTS WANTED! For the fastest and most popular book—with 60 illustrations, likenesses of all the Presidents—beautifully bound, and printed on tinted paper. THE NATION, Its Rulers and Institutions, IN ENGLISH AND GERMAN. Nothing like it. Strikes everybody as just the book they need. It is an Encyclopedia of the Government. Single pages in it are of themselves worth the price of the book over 500 pages and only \$2.50. A ICH HARVEST, for Canvasers—ladies and gentlemen—farmers, teachers and students. One agent took 75 orders in a few days, with circulars alone, before the book appeared. \$20 A DAY can be cleared in fair territory. Write at once for circular and information. NEW WORLD PUBLISHING CO., Cor. 7th and Market Streets, Philadelphia. vln37y1.

THE GREAT CAUSE of Human Misery. Just Published, in a Sealed Envelope, Price six cents. A Lecture on the Nature, Treatment, and Radical Cure of spermatorrhoea, induced by self-abuse, involuntary Emissions, Impotency, Nervous Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally; Consumption, Epilepsy, and Pits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, &c.—By ROBERT J. CULVERWELL, M. D., author of the "Green Book," &c. The world-renowned author, in this admirable Lecture, clearly proves from his own experience that the awful consequences of Self-Abuse may be effectually removed without medicine, and without dangerous surgical operations, bougies, instruments, rings, or cordials, pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual, by which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, can cure himself cheaply, privately and radically. This lecture will prove a boon to thousands and thousands. Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, on receipt of six cents, or two postage stamps, by addressing the publishers. Also, DR. CULVERWELL'S "Marriage Guide," price 60 cents. Address the Publishers. CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO. 127 Bowery, New York. P. O. Box 4586. vln47y1cl.

Wood's New Iron Mower. AGENTS WANTED. For Circulars, particulars, etc., address, SELLEW, ADAMS & CO., Gowanda, N. Y. Manufacturers of the Gowanda Flow, the best made. For sale in Ridgway by POWELL & KIME. April 18th, '72-3m.

IF YOU WANT TO BUY GOODS CHEAP THAYER & HAGERTY Main Street, Ridgway, Pa. DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, BOOTS, SHOES, HATS AND CAPS, GLASS AND QUEENS-WARE, WOOD AND WILLOW-WARE, TOBACCO AND CIGARS. A Large Stock of Groceries and Provisions. THE BEST BRANDS OF FLOUR Constantly on hand, sold as cheap as the CHEAPEST. THAYER & HAGERTY. The Improved Gerard Oroid Gold Watches, \$9.00 \$12.00 \$15.00 \$18.00 WE have recently brought our Oroid Gold metal to such perfection that it is difficult for the best jewels to distinguish it from gold. The \$9 watches are with patent escapement movements; in appearance and for time equaling a gold one costing \$100. The \$12 are full jeweled patent lever, equal to \$150 gold watch. The \$15 are the same as the last but a finer finish, nickel movements, equal to one costing \$175. And the \$18 watches are of a fine finish with full jeweled American lever movement, equaling a gold one costing \$200. They are all in hunting cases, gent's and ladies sizes, and guaranteed for time and wear by special certificates. Also elegant designs of gent's and ladies chains from \$1 to \$4, and jewelry of all kinds. Goods sent C. O. D.—Customers permitted to examine what they order before paying bill, on payment of express charges. When six watches are ordered at one time we will send an extra watch of the same quality free. For further particulars send for circular. Address JAMES GERARD & CO., 55 Nassau Street, New York. P. O. Box 8,361 Nov. 30, 1872-vln87m6.

RAILROADS. PHILADELPHIA AND ERIE RAILROAD. SUMMER TIME TABLE. On Monday, June 24, 1872, the trains on the Philadelphia & Erie Railroad will run as follows: WESTWARD. Mail Train leaves Philadelphia, 11.00 p. m. " " " Ridgway, 2.05 p. m. " " " arrive at Erie, 7.30 p. m. Erie Express leaves Philadelphia, 12.30 p. m. " " " Ridgway, 2.25 a. m. " " " arrive at Erie, 7.40 a. m. Accommodation, leaves Ridgway, 2.00 p. m. " " " Ridgway, 8.14 p. m. " " " arrive at Kane, 7.30 p. m. EASTWARD. Mail Train leaves Erie, 11.25 a. m. " " " Ridgway, 4.50 p. m. " " " arrive at Philadelphia, 8.40 a. m. Erie Express leaves Erie, 7.00 p. m. " " " Ridgway, 12.38 a. m. " " " arrive at Philadelphia, 1.20 p. m. Accommodation, leaves Kane, 7.30 a. m. " " " Ridgway, 8.40 a. m. " " " arrive at St. Marys, 9.12 a. m. " " " arrive at Renovo, 12.10 p. m. Mail East connects east and west at Erie with L & M S R W and at Corry and Irvineton with Oil Creek and Allegheny R R W. Mail West at Corry and Irvineton with Oil Creek and Allegheny R R W. Warren Accommodation east and west with trains on L & M S R east and west and at Corry with O C and A R W. Erie Accommodation East at Corry and Irvineton with O C and A R W. WM. A. BALDWIN, Gen'l Sup't.

NEW TIME TABLE. Commencing November 20th, 1871. ALLEGHENY VALLEY R. R. THE BEST ROUTE BETWEEN PITTSBURGH AND POINTS ON THE PHILA & ERIE R. R. GOING SOUTH. Day Express leaves Oil City at 2 25 p m Arrives at Pittsburgh 8 55 p m Night Express leaves Oil City 9 30 p m Arrives at Pittsburgh 6 40 a m Mail leaves Oil City 9 45 a m Arrives at Pittsburgh 6 00 p m Parker's Accom. leaves Oil City 7 15 a m Arrives at Parkersburg 10 15 a m Kittanning Accom. leaves Oil City 4 00 p m Arrives at Kittanning 9 10 p m GOING NORTH. Day Express leaves Pittsburgh at 7 50 a m Arrives at Oil City at 2 25 p m Night Express leaves Pittsburgh 8 20 p m Arrives at Oil City 5 45 a m Way Passenger leaves Pittsburgh 11 50 a m Arrives at Oil City 7 25 p m Parker's Accom. leaves Parker 6 00 p m Arrives at Oil City 9 15 p m Kittanning Accom. leaves Kitt'g 7 05 a m Arrives at Oil City 12 20 p m Close Connections made at Corry for Pittsburgh with trains East and West on P. & E. R. R. Pullman Palace Drawing Room Sleeping Cars on Night Express Trains between Corry and Pittsburgh. Ask for Tickets via Allegheny Valley R. R. J. J. LAWRENCE, Gen. Sup't.

DAGUERAHONDA RAILROAD. From and after Monday, Feb. 5th 1871. Trains will run on this Road as follows: Leaves Early 7.30 a. m., arrives at Daguerahonda Junction 8.10 a. m., connecting with Accom. east 8.14 a. m., and with Mail west at 9.15 a. m. Leaves Daguerahonda at 9.20 a. m., arrives at Early 10.00 a. m. Leaves Early 3.30 p. m., and arrives at Daguerahonda at 5.00 p. m., connecting with Mail east at 5.09 p. m., and Accommodation west at 5.40 p. m. In case P. & E. trains are late, Daguerahonda train holds twenty minutes beyond the above time. Tickets should always be procured before leaving stations. C. E. BARLEY, Lessee.

POWELL & KIME. Having erected a large and well arranged new Store House on the old site, since the fire, and filled it from cellar to garret with the choicest goods of all descriptions, that can be found in any market, are fully prepared to receive their old customers, and supply their wants at bottom figures. W. S. SERVICE. Their assortment is now complete, comprising DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, CROCKERY, HARDWARE, CLOTHING, BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS AND CAPS, NOTIONS, etc., etc.

PHILADELPHIA AND ERIE RAILROAD. SUMMER TIME TABLE. On Monday, June 24, 1872, the trains on the Philadelphia & Erie Railroad will run as follows: WESTWARD. Mail Train leaves Philadelphia, 11.00 p. m. " " " Ridgway, 2.05 p. m. " " " arrive at Erie, 7.30 p. m. Erie Express leaves Philadelphia, 12.30 p. m. " " " Ridgway, 2.25 a. m. " " " arrive at Erie, 7.40 a. m. Accommodation, leaves Ridgway, 2.00 p. m. " " " Ridgway, 8.14 p. m. " " " arrive at Kane, 7.30 p. m. EASTWARD. Mail Train leaves Erie, 11.25 a. m. " " " Ridgway, 4.50 p. m. " " " arrive at Philadelphia, 8.40 a. m. Erie Express leaves Erie, 7.00 p. m. " " " Ridgway, 12.38 a. m. " " " arrive at Philadelphia, 1.20 p. m. Accommodation, leaves Kane, 7.30 a. m. " " " Ridgway, 8.40 a. m. " " " arrive at St. Marys, 9.12 a. m. " " " arrive at Renovo, 12.10 p. m. Mail East connects east and west at Erie with L & M S R W and at Corry and Irvineton with Oil Creek and Allegheny R R W. Mail West at Corry and Irvineton with Oil Creek and Allegheny R R W. Warren Accommodation east and west with trains on L & M S R east and west and at Corry with O C and A R W. Erie Accommodation East at Corry and Irvineton with O C and A R W. WM. A. BALDWIN, Gen'l Sup't.

Canned Goods, LUMBERMEN, FARMERS, MECHANICS, MINERS, TANNERS, LABORING MEN, EVERYBODY. In short everything wanted in the Country by. Also a full stock of MANILLA ROPE for rafting and running purposes.

CALL AND SEE! RIDGWAY, Pa., March 23, 1871.

BUSINESS CARDS. A. RATHBUN, Attorney-at-Law, Ridgway, Pa. JOHN G. HALL, Attorney at Law, Ridgway, Pa. S. HILL, Physician and Surgeon, Kersey, Elk Co. Pa. J. O. W. BAILEY, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW. vln47y1. RIDGWAY, Elk County, Pa. Agent for the Traveler's Life and Accident Insurance Co., of Hartford, Conn. REYNOLDS HOUSE, REYNOLDSVILLE, JEFFERSON CO., PA. H. S. BELNAP, PROPRIETOR. S. BORDWELL, M. D. Eclectic Physician, Office and residence opposite the Jail, on Centre St., Ridgway, Pa. Prompt attention will be given to all calls. Office hours: 7 to 8 A. M.; 12 to 2 P. M.; and 6 to 7 P. M. Mar. 22, 66-4f. D. R. G. WHIPPLE, Dental Surgeon. Office at the Drug Store of Harley & Whipple, Walker's new building, Main Street, Ridgway, Pa. Will visit Kane, Wilcox, and St. Mary's. vln2y1.

T. S. HARTLEY, M. D., Physician and Surgeon, Ridgway, Pa. Office in Walker's Building. Special attention given to Surgery. Office hours from 8 a. m. to 10 p. m. Residence on corner of South and Court streets, opposite the new School House. All calls promptly attended to. vln2y1. G. G. MESSENGER, Druggist and Pharmacist, corner Main and Mill streets, Ridgway, Pa. A full assortment of carefully selected Foreign and Domestic Drugs. Prescriptions carefully dispensed at all hours, day or night. vln3y1. CHARLES HOLES, Watchmaker, Engraver and Jeweler, Main street, Ridgway, Pa. Agent for the Howe Sewing Machine, and Morton Gold Pen. Repairing Watches, etc., done with the same accuracy as heretofore. Satisfaction guaranteed. vln1y1. THAYER HOUSE, D. D. COOK, Proprietor, Cor. Mill and Centre Sts., Ridgway, Pa. The proprietor takes this method of announcing to the public that he has refitted, revised, and improved, this well known hotel, and is prepared to entertain all who favor him with their patronage, in the best style and at low rates. vln30f.

W. C. HEALY, DEALER IN DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, PRODUCE, FRUITS, &c. vln8f. West End, Ridgway, Pa. HYDE HOUSE, RIDGWAY, ELK CO., PA. W. H. SCHIAM, Proprietor. So liberally bestowed upon him, the new proprietor, hopes, by paying strict attention to the comfort and convenience of guests, to merit a continuance of the same. Oct 30 1869. THE OLD BUCKTAILS HOTEL, Kane, McKean Co. Pa. R. E. LOOKER, Proprietor. Thankful for the patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him, the new proprietor, hopes, by paying strict attention to the comfort and convenience of guests, to merit a continuance of the same. The only stables for horses in Kane and well kept night or day. vln23y1.

HALL & BRO, Attorneys-at-Law ST. MARY'S, ELK COUNTY PENNSYLVANIA. JOHN G. HALL, JAS. K. P. HALL. KERSEY HOUSE, CENTREVILLE, ELK CO., PA. JOHN COLLINS, Proprietor. Thankful for the patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him, the new proprietor, hopes, by paying strict attention to the comfort and convenience of guests, to merit a continuance of the same.

S. A. ROTE, PHOTOGRAPHER, AND DEALER IN Chromos, Stereoscopic Views, Picture Frames, &c. WEST END, RIDGWAY, ELK CO. PA. vln22f. J. H. WILBER, One Door East of the Post Office, Main St., Ridgway, Pa. Vegetables of all kinds received daily. Choice oranges and lemons. vln11f. P. W. HAYS, DEALER IN Dry Goods, Notions, Groceries, and General Variety, FOX, ELK CO., PA. Early P. O. vln47f. J. D. PARSONS, Manufacturer and Dealer in Boots Shoes, Main St., opposite Hotel. vln27y Wilcox Pa.