

Elk County Advocate.

J. C. LUTHER, Editor.

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 8, 1870.

The Progress of Germany.

The present year will long be remembered in history as marking a new era in the annals of humanity, in the rise of Germany to the first place among the powers of the world.

The Decline and Fall of France bids fair to become as suggestive a theme for the historian as was the Decline and Fall of Rome. Though time may be required to comprehend the extent of the vicissitudes which have overtaken a great nation like France, the palpable fact of the preponderance of Germany must be admitted, and must commend itself to the conscience and judgment of mankind, however much the sympathies of generous hearts may be extended to the misfortunes of France. The military triumph of Germany could never have been gained, unaided by the intelligence and honesty which pervade all branches of her public service and all classes of her people. There has been scarcely a blunder committed anywhere since the beginning of the war. The wonderful precision and perfection of the military as well as the civil branches of the German Government can only be accounted for upon the ground of immense preliminary labors expended in bringing the standard of intelligence and integrity to the degree of excellence which now challenges the admiration of the world.

It is scarcely just to assume that the victory of the house of Hohenzollern has been achieved only in the interest of monarchy and military oligarchies. The German people, now conscious of their power, are not likely to crouch forever at the foot of the throne, or remain the vassals of feudal barons. The Germans will belie all the traditions of their history and of their reformatory tendencies, if they do not soon make use of their opportunity to overthrow the remains of monarchy and aristocracy among them.

HOW TO KEEP A MAN FROM CHO-KING TO DEATH.

On Sunday, says the Toledo Blade, while one of our prominent citizens was dining at a hotel upon roast turkey, his deglutition was suddenly suspended by the knife bone of this fowl lodging within the oesophagus. Amid his painful choking the man hastened from the room, and then followed a violent attack of vomiting. Though this action was terrific enough to clear any passage, still the obstruction held its position, bearing its sharp edges into the sensitive membrane with keen torture. Medical aid was sought forthwith, by the distressed man being conveyed to the office of Dr. Samuel S. Thorn. With due haste, the latter examined the difficulty, and finding that the withdrawal of the obstruction by instruments was impracticable, the feat of thrusting it downward into the stomach was undertaken. To accomplish this, a small piece of sponge was firmly secured to the end of a long, slender whalebone, and the crowding process was slowly executed, the patient in the meantime suffering with a pain which, to say the least, is not to be desired, and with such a fear of sudden exit into the other world as cannot be described. But the reaching of the entire whalebone down to the passage to the stomach dropped the bone into the latter, and the agony unutterable was over.

A TEN MILE RIDE.

On Friday evening last, says the Kittanning Sentinel, a man by the name of Nolder, residing near the mouth of Mahoning, was caught upon the cowcatcher of the locomotive of the 6:20 evening Express down train of the Allegheny Valley Railroad, at or near Mahoning, and carried from that point to this place before he was discovered; a distance of ten miles.

When the train stopped at Kittanning, he made his situation known and was released; but with the exception of a cut upon the head or face, from which the blood had flowed pretty freely he received no other injuries.

He could not, so far as we could learn, give any account as to how he got on the cowcatcher; and as he took the ride at his own risk, the conductor made no charge.

Wm. P. Furey, editor of the Mauch Chunk Times has been sued by one T. L. Foster for libel, and at a preliminary examination was held in \$2,000 bail for his appearance to Court. The popularity of Mr. F. and his newspaper will increase in ten-fold proportion in consequence of this action on the part of Mr. Foster.

An Important Railroad Case.

The Court of Common Pleas of Lebanon County was occupied two days of last week in the trial of the case of Jno. M. Flower and wife against the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, which resulted in a verdict in favor of the defendant.

Phares Flower, a minor son of John M. Flower, about ten years of age, was killed at Lancaster, on May 2, 1868, in the following manner: A local freight train going east that morning, on its arrival at Lancaster, stopped to put off a car bound to that place. While doing this, the engine moved down a few hundred feet to the water station to get water. The boy Phares Flower was standing on the platform of the water station, and the plaintiff showed that the person in charge of the engine asked him to turn the water out at the station, and put the hose in the engine. While in the act of getting on the engine to do so, three of the freight cars of the train which had been started above, ran down against the engine, causing a concussion which threw the boy off the engine, and he was killed by the fall. The action was brought, on the part of the father of the lad, to recover damages for loss of services—it being claimed that there was negligence of the railroad company's employees, which caused the accident.

The defense was: That there was no negligence on the part of the railroad company, but that there was negligence on the part of the father, in letting his son run at large; and also that the boy had no right on the engine, even if invited there by the engineer or fireman, because it was outside of their authority—that he was, in fact, a trespasser. At all events, that he stood in no better shoes than the engineer or fireman, neither of whom could recover for an accident happening through the negligence of another employee on the train.

The case was contested closely. Dickey and Reineck, of Lancaster, and Bibbigans, of Lebanon, were counsel for the plaintiffs, and Louis W. Hall, of Harrisburg, and Brenneman and North, of Lancaster, for the defendants. The suit was brought in Lancaster county in 1868, and certified to Lebanon county in 1869, at the instance of the railroad company. The case was decided against the plaintiffs, on the ground of the want of authority in the engineer or fireman to bind the company outside the line of their employment, without reaching a conclusion as to any of the other points made by the defense. —*Altoona Sun.*

A LIVELY OLD BOY GETS ON HIS MUSCLE AND LOSES HIS POCCKETBOOK.

A red-faced, cheerful old gentleman, with a high shirt collar, jumped on a third avenue car last evening at 25th street, and endeavored to edge his way through a crowd of flashily dressed young men who occupied the platform. The old gentleman made slow progress, and endeavored to prevent his getting to a seat. His efforts promising success, one of the young men cried out, "Hoist him!" "Hoist him!"

The old gentleman, irritated at the obstruction and at the cry which had been raised, retorted, "You can't hoist me, you villains! Try it, if you dare!" at the same time putting up his round fists in true pugilistic fashion.

That was precisely what the pickpockets wanted, for no sooner had he done so than out came his "leather" and way they scampered.

Puffing and blowing the old gentleman wormed himself into the car and found a seat. Presently the conductor came from the front platform and held it up to his hand or the old gentleman's are, who, diving down into his capacious pocket for his portmonnaie, found it was gone. With a look of surprise and indignation, the old gentleman blurted out, "Those infernal rascals have stolen my pocketbook." —*N. Y. Sun.*

AN OIL FARM YIELDING \$7,000 A DAY.

Mr. James McCray has for some years owned a farm of 150 acres on the top of a range of hills on the east side of Petroleum Centre, Penn. While the Coquette well at the foot of these hills was flowing 1,000 barrels of oil per day and other wells around it were yielding equally large quantities, Mr. McCray was operating with small leases of oil lands, and by industry and perseverance accumulated \$75,000, in blissful ignorance of the streams of wealth lying beneath the hay and oats he prudently cultivated on his own farm. Last April, however, Mr. Jonathan Watson drilled a well on this farm that pumped 400 barrels a day, and this well, in those days when 100 barrels were considered a great yield, gave an importance to the property, and attracted crowds to obtain leases. The fortunate owner has now an income of \$7,000 a day. There are about 30 wells on the farm pumping from 50 to 300 barrels a day each. Mr. McCray demands half the oil as royalty, and in some instances receives \$1,000 to \$1,500 an acre bonus beside.

PAINFUL ACCIDENT.

On Tuesday last, says the Sharon Herald, a man named Stephen Woodbury, employed in the planing mill of Messrs. Wilson and Robinson met with a painful accident by being caught in the cogs of the planer, which resulted in the serious mangling of one of his feet, involving the loss of two of his toes. His overalls were quite wide in the legs, and in going about his duties, were quickly caught in the cogs and drew his foot into the machinery. The accident will prevent him from working for some time to come.

RELIGIOUS DEPARTMENT.

REV. G. M. HEARD, EDITOR.

An Alarm Clock.

An alarm clock not only tells the time of day, but it can also awaken people in the morning. I have such a clock in my chamber. Every morning about 5 o'clock it sets up such a whizz and ringing, that it wakes me up. "What a nice way to be roused up!" some of my little readers will say. Yes, it is a very good way, if I always get up when it wakes me. But last summer, one morning, instead of getting up when my clock aroused me, I lay still a little, and then went to sleep again. The next morning I did the same thing; and in the course of a few days the clock, though it made as loud a noise as ever, would not wake me. "Why? how strange!" you will say. Strange or not, yet it is true; my alarm would not wake me any longer; it would not do so—because I did not at once get out of bed those two or three mornings.

I have often thought that my alarm-clock is very much like one's conscience. Every person who knows God's will has such a clock in his own breast; so that whenever he is going to do wrong, it gives an alarm, saying, "That is not right; you must not do that; God sees you." How important it is to have a conscience that always tells us when we do wrong, and that checks us when we are in danger of doing so.

But we must hear conscience when it speaks. If we always stop when it says, "stop," if we always do what it tells us to do, then we shall always hear it. But if we get in the habit of not doing what it tells us, after awhile we shall not hear it at all; our conscience will become hardened, and we shall be ready to count any sin, however great.

In the town in which I formerly lived, there was a boy put in jail for breaking into a shop at night, and stealing money. This boy once went to a Sabbath school, and had a faithful conscience, perhaps, as any boy who reads this page. But he commenced doing wrong in little things. His conscience used to say to him, "Robert, that is wrong; you ought not to do that." But he did not obey the warning voice. He went on from bad to worse, until, as I said, he was sent to jail for stealing money.

Remember, whenever your conscience tells you to do anything, do it; and whenever it tells you to stop, stop.

RELIGIOUS DEPARTMENT.

REV. G. M. HEARD, EDITOR.

An Alarm Clock.

An alarm clock not only tells the time of day, but it can also awaken people in the morning. I have such a clock in my chamber. Every morning about 5 o'clock it sets up such a whizz and ringing, that it wakes me up. "What a nice way to be roused up!" some of my little readers will say. Yes, it is a very good way, if I always get up when it wakes me. But last summer, one morning, instead of getting up when my clock aroused me, I lay still a little, and then went to sleep again. The next morning I did the same thing; and in the course of a few days the clock, though it made as loud a noise as ever, would not wake me. "Why? how strange!" you will say. Strange or not, yet it is true; my alarm would not wake me any longer; it would not do so—because I did not at once get out of bed those two or three mornings.

I have often thought that my alarm-clock is very much like one's conscience. Every person who knows God's will has such a clock in his own breast; so that whenever he is going to do wrong, it gives an alarm, saying, "That is not right; you must not do that; God sees you." How important it is to have a conscience that always tells us when we do wrong, and that checks us when we are in danger of doing so.

But we must hear conscience when it speaks. If we always stop when it says, "stop," if we always do what it tells us to do, then we shall always hear it. But if we get in the habit of not doing what it tells us, after awhile we shall not hear it at all; our conscience will become hardened, and we shall be ready to count any sin, however great.

In the town in which I formerly lived, there was a boy put in jail for breaking into a shop at night, and stealing money. This boy once went to a Sabbath school, and had a faithful conscience, perhaps, as any boy who reads this page. But he commenced doing wrong in little things. His conscience used to say to him, "Robert, that is wrong; you ought not to do that." But he did not obey the warning voice. He went on from bad to worse, until, as I said, he was sent to jail for stealing money.

Remember, whenever your conscience tells you to do anything, do it; and whenever it tells you to stop, stop.

What a Boy Can Do.

About 260 years ago, a poor lad of 17 was seen travelling on foot in the south of England. He carried over his shoulder, at the end of a stick, all the clothing he had in the world, and had in his pocket an old purse, with a few pieces of money given him by his mother when, with a throbbing, prayerful heart she took her leave of him on the road a short distance from their own cottage.

And who was John? for that was his name. He was the son of poor but honest and pious people, and had 6 brothers and 5 sisters, all of whom had a labor hard for a living. He was a golly lad, and at 14 was disappointed in getting a place as parish clerk, and with his parents' consent set out to get employment.

At the city of Exeter, where he first went, he met with no success; but as he looked on the beautiful cathedral, and in the booksellers' windows, a strong desire sprang up in his mind to become a scholar, and at once he set out for the university at Oxford, some 200 miles off, walking the whole way. At night he sometimes slept in barns, or on the sheltered side of a haystack, and often met with strange companions. He lived chiefly on bread and water, with occasionally a draught of milk as a luxury.

Arrived in the splendid city of Oxford, his clothing nearly worn out and very dusty, his feet sore, and his spirits depressed, he knew not what to do. He had heard of Exeter College in Oxford, and thither he went, and to his great delight, gave an importance to the college, and that kind of work.

Here, while scouring his pans, he might be often seen reading a book. His studious habits soon attracted the attention of the authorities, who admitted him into the college as a poor scholar, providing for all his wants. He studied hard, and was soon at the head of his class. He rose to great eminence as a scholar, was very useful as a minister of Christ, and many years before his death, which took place when he was 72; he visited his father and mother, who were delighted to see their son not only a "great scholar," but a pious bishop. Such was the history of Dr. John Prideaux, who used to say: "If I had been parish clerk of Ugborough, I should never have been a bishop of Worcester." He left many voluminous works as fruits of his industry and learning. —*Your's Intention.*

BUSINESS CARDS.

HENRY SOULIER, Attorney-at-Law, Ridgway, Pa. (Feb 29/68).

G. A. RATHBUN, Attorney-at-Law, Ridgway, Pa. 221st.

HALL & BRO. Attorneys-at-Law, ST. MARY'S, ELK COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA.

J. S. BORDWELL, M. D. Eclectic Physician, Office and residence opposite the Court House, Centre St., Ridgway, Pa. Office hours: 11 to 9 A. M.; 12 to 2 P. M.; and 6 to 7 P. M. Mar. 22, 69 ft.

DR. A. FISHER, Surgeon Dentist, of Warren, Pa., will be in St. Mary's the third week in each month. Office in Dr. Russ' building, Centre street, St. Mary's, and at Ridgway every court week. Office at the Lytle House.

DR. C. H. FULLER, BOTANIC PHYSICIAN, RIDGWAY, PA. Residence and office opposite the Traylor House.

HYDE HOUSE, RIDGWAY, ELK CO., PA. W. H. SCHRAM, Proprietor. Thankful for the patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him, the new proprietor, hopes, by paying strict attention to the comfort and convenience of guests, to merit a continuance of the same. Oct 30 1869.

TRAYLOR HOUSE, RIDGWAY, PA. DAVID TRAYLOR, Proprietor. The undersigned having fitted up a large and commodious hotel at the southeast corner of Centre and Mill streets, with good and convenient eating attached, respectfully solicits the patronage of his old friends and the public in general to his large and commodious hotel. Every attention paid to the convenience of guests. H. LARGERY, J. A. MALDON.

FRANKLIN HOUSE, ST. MARY'S, PA. LARGERY & MALDON, Proprietors. The proprietors respectfully ask the attention of their friends and the public in general to their large and commodious hotel. Every attention paid to the convenience of guests.

REYNOLDS HOUSE, REYNOLDSVILLE, JEFFERSON CO., PA. H. S. BELNAP, Proprietor.

KIRSEY HOUSE, CENTREVILLE, ELK CO., PA. JOHN COLLINS, Proprietor.

MORTON HOUSE, M. F. MORTON, (late of the Lytle House) Proprietor.

OPEN DAY AND NIGHT. C. H. VOLK, Manufacturer and Dealer in Lager Beer, opposite the Railroad Depot, St. Mary's, Elk County Pa.

ENVELOPES, LABELS & TAGS neatly printed at the Advocate Office.

J. D. PARSONS, Manufacturer and Dealer in Boots & Shoes, Main St., opposite Hotel, nov27y WILCOX, PA.

BOARDING HOUSE, Near the Depot, Wilcox, Pa. The undersigned has opened a large boarding house at the above place, where he is supplied prepared to satisfy the wants of those who may avail themselves of his custom. MARTIN SOMERS, Proprietor.

JACOB YOUNG & CO., Book Binders and Blank Book Manufacturers, Cory, Pa. Blank Books Made to Order.

MASLIN Kettles, Brass Kettles, French Sauce Pans, French Tin and Sauce Pans, Fruit cans the cheapest and best, at W. S. SERVICE'S, Hardware Store, Ridgway, Pa.

A. S. HILL, Physician and Surgeon, Jersey, Elk Co., Pa.

BUSINESS CARDS.

HENRY SOULIER, Attorney-at-Law, Ridgway, Pa. (Feb 29/68).

G. A. RATHBUN, Attorney-at-Law, Ridgway, Pa. 221st.

HALL & BRO. Attorneys-at-Law, ST. MARY'S, ELK COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA.

J. S. BORDWELL, M. D. Eclectic Physician, Office and residence opposite the Court House, Centre St., Ridgway, Pa. Office hours: 11 to 9 A. M.; 12 to 2 P. M.; and 6 to 7 P. M. Mar. 22, 69 ft.

DR. A. FISHER, Surgeon Dentist, of Warren, Pa., will be in St. Mary's the third week in each month. Office in Dr. Russ' building, Centre street, St. Mary's, and at Ridgway every court week. Office at the Lytle House.

DR. C. H. FULLER, BOTANIC PHYSICIAN, RIDGWAY, PA. Residence and office opposite the Traylor House.

HYDE HOUSE, RIDGWAY, ELK CO., PA. W. H. SCHRAM, Proprietor. Thankful for the patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him, the new proprietor, hopes, by paying strict attention to the comfort and convenience of guests, to merit a continuance of the same. Oct 30 1869.

TRAYLOR HOUSE, RIDGWAY, PA. DAVID TRAYLOR, Proprietor. The undersigned having fitted up a large and commodious hotel at the southeast corner of Centre and Mill streets, with good and convenient eating attached, respectfully solicits the patronage of his old friends and the public in general to his large and commodious hotel. Every attention paid to the convenience of guests.

FRANKLIN HOUSE, ST. MARY'S, PA. LARGERY & MALDON, Proprietors. The proprietors respectfully ask the attention of their friends and the public in general to their large and commodious hotel. Every attention paid to the convenience of guests.

REYNOLDS HOUSE, REYNOLDSVILLE, JEFFERSON CO., PA. H. S. BELNAP, Proprietor.

KIRSEY HOUSE, CENTREVILLE, ELK CO., PA. JOHN COLLINS, Proprietor.

POWELL & KIME.

GOODS FOR THE MILLION.

POWELL & KIME.

At their capacious store in

RIDGWAY

Have on hand, a splendid assortment of all reasonable Goods adapted to the wants of the people of Elk and adjoining counties, which they are selling at prices that defy competition. They would simply state here, that bringing very large dealers, their facilities for purchasing are unequalled by any establishment in the county. They buy directly from manufacturers and

Ground Floor.

Another advantage. You can always get what you want at their store, hence you will save time by going directly to them—and TIME IS MONEY. We have no space here to enumerate all the advantages you will have in patronizing their establishment. But call and see, and reap the advantages for yourselves. Among their Goods you will find

DRY GOODS in endless varieties, GROCERIES choice and fresh, CLOTHING of best material superior cut and Finish, BOOTS & SHOES of the best stock and make,

CROCKERY for newly married, middle aged and elderly.

DRIED FRUIT, BUTTER, EGGS, PORK, HAMS, LARD, FLOUR, CORN MEAL, AND EVERYTHING ELSE.

Nearly all kinds of country produce taken at the market value.

RAILROADS.

PHILADELPHIA & ERIE RAILROAD.

WINTER TIME TABLE.

On and after MONDAY, DEC. 5th, 1870, the trains on the Philadelphia & Erie Railroad will run as follows:

WESTWARD.

Mail Train leaves Philadelphia. 9.40 p. m.
" " " Ridgway. 1.00 p. m.
" " arrive at Erie. 7.40 p. m.
Erie Express leaves Philadelphia. 2.30 p. m.
" " " Ridgway. 5.40 p. m.
" " arrive at Erie. 7.40 p. m.
Accommodation, leaves Kenova. 7.16 a. m.
" " Ridgway. 9.01 p. m.
" " arrive at Kenova. 8.00 p. m. EASTWARD.

Mail Train leaves Erie. 9.00 a. m.
" " " Ridgway. 3.00 p. m.
" " arrive at Philadelphia. 6.50 a. m.
Erie Express leaves Erie. 9.00 p. m.
" " " Ridgway. 2.20 a. m.
" " arrive at Philadelphia. 5.30 p. m.
Accommodation, leaves Kenova. 7.30 a. m.
" " " Ridgway. 10.40 a. m.
" " arrive at St. Mary's 12.00 p. m.
" " leaves St. Mary's 7.15 a. m.
" " Emporium 9.35 a. m.
" " arrive at Kenova. 3.00 p. m.
Express, Mail and Accommodation, east and west, connect at Cory and all west bound trains and Mail accommodation east at Irvinton with the Oil Creek and Allegheny River Rail Road.

WM. A. BALDWIN, Gen'l Supt.

NEW LIVERY STABLE

IN RIDGWAY.

DAN SCRIBNER WISHES TO inform the Citizens of Ridgway, and the public generally, that he has started Livery Stable and will keep

GOOD STOCK, GOOD CARRIAGES and Buggies, to let upon the most reasonable terms

He will also do job teaming. Stable in the Brooks Barn, near the Post Office, on Mill street. All orders left at the Post Office will meet prompt attention. Aug 20 1870. ft.

CHARLES HOLES, PRACTICAL WATCHMAKER, ENGRAVER & JEWELER. West end of Hyde House, Ridgway, Pa. Sells as Cheap as Ever.

GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES, Clocks, Jewelry, Silverware, XX VIOLIN AND GUITAR STRINGS, Spectacles, Pens and Pencils, Exclusive Agent for the sale of ALEX. MORTON'S GOLD PENS. Repairing Watches, etc., done with the same accuracy as heretofore. nov20, 69 ft

SOMETHING NEW IN RIDGWAY. BOOT & SHOE ESTABLISHMENT: The subscriber takes this method of informing the citizens of Ridgway and vicinity that he has opened a

BOOT & SHOE STORE, in the room lately occupied by Henry S. Traylor, west end of the Hyde House, where may be found a general assortment of Ladies Shoes, Gentlemen's Boots and shoes, Boys' Boots and Children's shoes.

ALSO, Connected with the above establishment I have a Boot and Shoe Manufacturing Establishment where work will be made to order. Repairing done on short notice and on reasonable terms. The public are to give me a call. GEORGE WALKER.

JOHN G. HALL, Attorney at Law, Ridgway, Elk county Pa. [Mar-22/66] JOHN G. HALL.....JAN. K. P. HALL

BLANKS of all kinds for sale at this price.

BRICK, BRICK!

THE SUBSCRIBERS ARE READY TO furnish brick in quantities to suit purchasers. Will deliver on board of cars on the Daugheschoanda Railroad at Earley.

T. KING & CO. Earley July 12, 1870. 3m

COAL! COAL!!

The subscriber having ordered 600 ton bituminous and an anthracite coal is now prepared to furnish the people of Ridgway with hard or soft coal, in all sizes, lump run of mines and Blacksmithing coal, in quantities to suit purchasers.

40 ft M. T. FRENCH. July 23, 1870.

JOB WORK done with dispatch at the Office.

RECOMMENDED AND ENDORSED BY OVER SEVEN HUNDRED DOCTORS!

DR. LAWRENCE'S COMPOUND FLUID EXTRACT OF

KOSKOO!

THE GREAT HEALTH RESTORER! Not a Secret Quack Medicine—Formula Around the Battle.

PREPARED SOLELY BY DR. J. J. LAWRENCE, Original Chemist

KOSKOO

STRIKES AT THE ROOT OF DISEASE

PURIFYING THE BLOOD, RESTORING THE LIVER AND KIDNEYS TO A HEALTHY ACTION, AND INVIGORATING THE NERVOUS SYSTEM.

This is the Secret of its Wonderful Success in Curing Consumption in its early stages, Scrophula, Syphilis, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, chronic Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Nervous Affection, Eruptions of the Skin, Humors, Loss of Vigor, Diseases of Kidney and Bladder.

AND ALL DISEASES CAUSED BY A BAD STATE OF THE BLOOD.

It thoroughly eradicates every kind of Humour and Bad Taint, and restores the entire system to healthy condition.

It is beyond question the FINEST TONIC IN THE WORLD.

Thousands have been changed by the use of this Medicine from weak, sickly, suffering creatures, to strong, healthy, and happy men and women.

Invalids cannot hesitate to give it a trial.

No Medicine has obtained such great reputation as this justly celebrated compound.

FOR TESTIMONIALS From Physicians, Eminent Divines, Editors, Druggists, Merchants, &c., see KOSKOO ALMANAC for this year. PRICE ONE DOLLAR PER BOTTLE FOR SALE BY The Principal Druggists in the United States and British America.

Dr. LAWRENCE'S WOMAN'S FRIEND Cures all Diseases peculiar to Females.

PETERSON'S MAGAZINE Proposed for 1871.

THE CHEAPEST AND BEST. Every person getting up a Club of four, at \$1.00 each, will receive, free, our superb copy-righted engravings. List mailed 67 days.

"WASHINGTON AT THE BATTLE OF TRENTON."

While to those getting up Clubs of eight, at \$1.00 each, an extra copy of Magazine for 1871, in addition will be sent, free.

PETERSON'S MAGAZINE has the best Original Stories of any of the day's books, the best Colored Fashion Plates, the best Steel Engravings, &c., &c. Every family ought to take it. It gives more for the money than any in the world. It will contain, next year, in its twelve numbers—

One Thousand pages! Fourteen Splendid Steel Plates! Twelve Colored Berlin Patterns! Twelve Mammoth Colored Fashions! Nine Hundred wood Cuts! Twenty-four pages of Music! It will also give Five Original Copyright Novels by Mrs. Ann S. Stephens, hundred shorter stories, all original. Its superb MAMMOTH COLORED FASHION PLATES are ahead of all others. These plates on steel, twice the usual size.

TERMS—Always, in Advance: 1 Copy, for one year. \$2 00 4 Copies. 6 00 8 " " " " 12 00

PREMIUMS. Every person getting up a Club of four, at \$1.00 each, shall receive, free, a copy of "Washington!" and a copy of the Magazine for 1871!! address, CHARLES J. PETERSON, 20 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, Pa.

THE MERCHANT'S JOURNAL AND NEW YORK & PHILADELPHIA PRICE CURRENT. EVERY WEDNESDAY at \$2 per annum.

The Journal is the cheapest Commercial paper published! It gives the latest commercial and financial reports and latest news, business items and articles of interest and value to the Merchant, Farmer and family. It gives a full and reliable price list, which every merchant should have—subscription agents wanted. A liberal commission paid—address WATSON & CO., Publishers, 14 S. 7th Street Philadelphia.