Miners' Journal.

POTTSVILLE, PA.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 21, 1869.

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET

FOR GOVERNOR.
Gen. JOHN W. GEARY,
of Cumberland County.

JUDGE OF SUPREME COURT.
Hon. HENRY W. WILLIAMS,
of Allegheny County.

ANNOUNCEMENT.—To our Philadelphia subscribers and advertisers. We have entered into arrangements with J. Wilson McArthur, Esq., Attorney at Law, 7-5 Walnut street, Philadelphia, to attend to collection of our bills for subscription and advertising in that city, and we hereby give notice that Mr. McArthur's receipts will be recognized and acknowledged by us for all monies paid him on our account.

THE DAILY MINERS' JOURNAL.

News Agents Wanted in Every Town in the County.

We would again call the attention of News Agents and our subscribers generally, to the fact of our intended publication of THE DAILY MINERS' JOURNAL, on the 1st of September next. We do this in order that they may go to work and canvass their different sections for subscribers, before the date of publication, and have their lists and names entered upon our books. We propose in all cases, where there are established News Depots, who take our Daily for distribution, to leave the matter entirely in the Agents' hands—sending all papers to him; but in places where News Agencies are not in operation, we would be glad to have our subscribers to the WEEKLY JOURNAL make up clubs and send to us. We will deliver them either by mail, or the most expeditious route, if to one address, at same prices furnished to regular agents.

Send for circulars and terms to Agents, and make up lists of number of copies wanted.

Correspondents wanted in every town in the country, with whom liberal terms will be made.

CANDIDATES.

WE are authorized to announce Lieut. CHAS. E. BECK as a candidate for the office of Register, subject to the action of the County Republican Convention. 33-tc*

WE would recommend FRANKLIN KEARSHNER, of East Brunswig, as a candidate suitable for the office of Treasurer, subject to the action of the County Republican Convention. MANY VOTERS. Port Carbon, August 10, '69 33-2t*

WE are authorized to announce JOHN HOLMES of St. Clair, as a candidate for the office of Recorder, subject to the action of the County Republican Convention. 34-2t*

RECORDER.—I hereby announce myself for RECORDER, subject to the action of the Republican County Convention. CHAS. A. GLENN. August 21, '69 34-2t

TO THE INDEPENDENT VOTERS OF SCHUYLKILL COUNTY—GENTLEMEN:—I offer myself as a candidate for County Treasurer, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention. August 21, '69—33-2t* COL. DANIEL NAGLE.

TREASURER.—The undersigned offers himself as a candidate for Treasurer, subject to the action of the Republican County Convention. M. B. BELL. Pottsville, August 20, 1869 34-2t*

GEARY, WILLIAMS, AND VICTORY!

UNION REPUBLICAN COUNTY CONVENTION.

The members of the Union Republican party of Schuylkill County, and all who are in favor of the election of Gen. John W. Geary, for Governor, and Hon. Henry W. Williams, for Judge of the Supreme Court, are requested to assemble in their respective election districts on

Saturday, August 28th, 1869,

between the hours of 2 and 6 o'clock in the afternoon, to elect two delegates from each District, to represent them in the Republican County Convention to be held in the Court House, in the Borough of Pottsville, on

Monday, August 30th, 1869,

at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of nominating a ticket to be presented to the voters of Schuylkill County at the ensuing October election.

The following officers are to be nominated:

THREE PERSONS FOR ASSEMBLY.
ONE PERSON FOR PROTHONOTARY.
ONE PERSON FOR TREASURER.
ONE PERSON FOR RECORDER.
ONE PERSON FOR REGISTER OF WILLS, &c.
ONE PERSON FOR CLERK OF SESSIONS.
ONE PERSON FOR COMMISSIONER.
ONE PERSON FOR DIRECTOR OF THE POOR.
ONE PERSON FOR AUDITOR.

The election of delegates will be held at the places, and by the persons named, as follows:

Ashland, E. Ward—House of E. Bensinger; Evan E. Evans, Charles E. Lee.
Ashland, M. Ward—House of Troutman & Osman; William Cleaver, Hamilton Adams.
Ashland, W. Ward—House of Enoch Morgan; Joseph Burgman, Ebenezer Evans.
Auburn—House of John H. Moulfair; Dr. C. Quail, Wm. R. Schultz.
Barry—House of C. M. Billman; Henry Dengler, Danl P. Greene.
Butler South—House of Jonathan Faust; Charles Kauffman, Jacob Herman.
Butler North—House of John Griffiths; J. M. Glick, Crawford Benner.
Blythe—House of Danl. G. Barnett, (New Philadelphia); Joseph Smith, Lewis M. Jones.
Branch—House of A. T. Troutman; Thos. Partridge, Ezra Cockill.
Brunswig East—House of George Dreibelbiss; Frank Kershner, Capt. Lewis Dreher.
Brunswig West—House of Franklin Yost; Joshua Riegel, Jonathan Liblie.
Cass North—House of Mrs. P. Eagen; Geo. Allen, Thos. Fennell.
Cass South—House of Goodman Dalbin; John Bo... Davis, Thomas Patton.
Cressona—House of Amos Bartlotte; Evan J. Thomas, Isaac J. Burton.
Eldred—House of Emanuel Weitzel; Charles Kutz, Franklin Kehler.
Foster—House of Hiram Moyer; John P. Francis, George Vaughan.
Frailey—House of David Lomison; Lewis Miller, Esq. & B. E. Reedy.
Hegins—House of David Daniel; Elias Artz, Capt. Saml Swalm.
Hubley—House of Henry Herb; Paul Artz, Henry Hepler.
Lewinsville—House of Israel Coller; Wm. Delbert, James Gaynor.
Mahanoy City, E. Ward—House of Philip Bradbury; Joseph Calloway, Wm. J. Watkins.
Mahanoy City, W. Ward—Mansion House; Wm. H. Carter, Ebenezer Morris.
Mahanoy Township—House of D. M. Boyer, Shenandoah; Capt. Lamar S. Hay, Capt. John L. Williams.
Minersville, E. Ward—House of Morgan Swartz; John Sterner, Sol. Phillips.
Minersville, W. Ward—House of Evan Evans; Jacob S. Lawrence, John Matthews.
Mt. Carbon—Railroad Hotel; Wm. Miller, Frank Rowbottom.
Manheim North—House of Mrs. E. Wilde, Cressona; George Heffner, Henry Berger.
Manheim South—House of Andrew Reber, Jos. P. Paxson, Abraham Bertolette.
Manheim East—House of A. M. Gray; Andrew Bittle, Jeremiah Hummel.
Middleport—House of Henry Kroles; Jas. A. Beeley, Esq., Thomas Jennings.
New Castle—House of Ephraim Phillips; Thomas Weller, John Callen.
New Philadelphia—House of Danl. G. Barnett; Joseph Richards, John Feeley.
Norwegian—House of John Weir; Charles Lee, Saml. Byerly.
Norwegian East—House of Geo. Millward; Benj. F. Crawshaw, Saml. Dewald.
Orwigsburg—House of Mrs. Schoener; Geo. A. Fey, Lewis Kimmel.
Palo Alto—Palo Alto House; Walter S. Chillson, Thomas F. Wright.
Port Carbon—House of M. K. Weand; Jas. Teasdale, Lewis Snyder.
Pt Clinton—House of O. C. Hatch; Wm. C. Guldin, John Crawford.
Pinegrove Borough—House of S. P. Filbert; Col. Geo. F. Kurtz, Danl. R. Miller.
Pinegrove Township—House of Jac. Barr, George Felty, Danl. Buechler.
Pottsville, S. Ward—Merchant's Hotel; Capt. Saml. R. Russel, James H. Fister.
Pottsville, S. E. Ward—American House; John F. Gressang, Asbury F. Mortimer.
Pottsville, M. Ward—Middle Ward Hotel; A. B. Cochran, John Ebert.
Pottsville, N. E. Ward—House of Thomas Williams; James Stauts, Frank Hause.
Pottsville, N. W. Ward—House of Wm. P. Glassmire; Philip Edwards, Wm. F. Huntzinger.
Porter—House of John Updegrove; Tobias K. Bender, Peter Swalm.
Rahn—School House; Thomas Parry, Thomas Jones.
Reilly—House of Martin Zerbe; James Cord, Henry Zimmerman.
Rush—House of Danl. G. Brause; Charles Blew, Thomas Job.
Ryan—House of Wm. Weaver; David Klingerman, Jos. Matthews.
Schuylkill—House of Benj. Rowbottom; Jacob Heltz, James Macdonald.
Schuylkill South—House of Joseph Boyer; Israel Hyner, Jeremiah F. Werner, Esq.
Schuylkill Haven N. Ward—House of Benj. Teter; Capt. D. T. Burkert, Ezra Jones.
Schuylkill Haven, E. Ward—House of Israel Wagner; Capt. D. B. Holmes, O. C. Byerley.
Schuylkill Haven, S. Ward—House of Mrs. Mary Koons; Capt. James K. Helms, Benj. Richssmen.
Schuylkill Haven, W. Ward—House of Mrs. Stauson; Thomas Whalen, Wm. Rahn.
St. Clair, N. Ward—House of Chas. Johnson; Daniel Lewis, Wm. Pooler.
St. Clair, M. Ward—House of F. W. Richardson; Joseph Dennings, David J. Price.
St. Clair, S. Ward—House of Jas. Wood; James Blacker, Richard Brown.
Shenandoah—House of Danl. M. Boyer; Dr. Geo. L. Reagan, Jonathan Wasley.
Tamaqua, N. Ward—House of M. Beard; Conrad Buckhof, Dr. Geo. W. Baylor.
Tamaqua, E. Ward—House of John Leach; Preston Robinson, John Eynon.
Tamaqua, S. Ward—U. S. Hotel; Wm. Priser, Darius Scheffler.
Tremont Borough—House of James Hill; Danl. B. Althouse, Wm. J. Lewis.
Tremont Twp—School House, Lower Rausch Creek; Daniel Harvey, John Bonawitz, Jr.
Upper Mahantongo—House of Jonas Stein; Henry Hoffa, Isaac Koort.
Union—House of John Feastermacher; Philip M. Barrow, Joshua Yost.
Union East—House of Jno. Creasy; Rudolph Breisch, Nelson Brandon.
Union North—House of John Stagley; Josiah Breisch, William Yoder.
Washington—House of P. W. Reber; J. L. Riland, N. H. Hartenstein.
Wayne—House of Charles Hummel; John W. Heffner, Esq., Edward R. Paxson.
West Penn—Snyder & Billigs Hotel; Alanson Knapp, Thos. Hess.
Yorkville—House of John Letcher; Lyon Gallagher, Henry J. Rich.

We earnestly request every Republican voter to attend those primary meetings so that good and active delegates may be chosen, who will see that unexceptionable men are selected as candidates for office.

By order of the Republican County Committee.
DANIEL D. DILLMAN, Chairman.
F. B. WALLACE, Secretary.

A CHINESE Immigration agent has been in South Carolina for some weeks past, and has made contracts with a number of planters to furnish them with Chinese laborers by the first of the new year. One rice planter has contracted for two hundred and fifty Chinamen.

THE Philadelphia Press has lately done good service in its especial condemnation of three evils—one local—which should long since have attracted the attention of not only the journals of that city, but of the country, and which now that the Press has so courageously and ably led the way, will it is to be hoped, be in a very few years entirely suppressed. The first evil which it condemns, is prize fighting, with its accessories of crime, and in its determination to publish no more accounts of these brutal and disgraceful affairs, it not only sets a good example to the press of the country, but adopts a most efficient plan to stop them. For if no publicity or notoriety was given by the press to the brutes who engage in these fistic encounters, their zest in the business would be taken away. Their greatest satisfaction is to see their names heralded from ocean to ocean in connection with all the slang phrases of the P. R. Stop giving them this notoriety, and a powerful incentive to the brutal work will be removed. The next evil which the Press condemns is the dangerous trapeze performance in connection with public exhibitions, endangering not only the limbs and lives of male performers, but of women and children, who to bring money to the purses of avaricious managers, are urged to perform manœuvres at heights where a misstep, a miscalculation, the relaxation of a single muscle, would precipitate the victim to death or a life-long injury. Many accidents, some fatal, have happened to trapeze performers, and the Press has entered upon a good work in condemning the toleration of such amusement by the public. For our part we could never enjoy any exhibition in which there was manifest peril to the performer, especially if the performer was a woman or child. With the Press, we say, let this evil be suppressed. The third evil, which is local, is one we of the interior, have no personal interest in, and yet we can sympathize with the Press in its efforts for its abatement. We allude to its condemnation of the present plan of a volunteer fire department, and advocacy of a paid system. The volunteer system may do very well where places are small, and fires of rare occurrence, although even in such places it might be better for the morals of young men to have a paid department—the recent experience of Altoona is an illustration—but in a city as large as Philadelphia, fires which are of frequent occurrence should be extinguished by a fire brigade employed and paid by the city. There would be at least three distinct advantages gained by its institution, viz: fires would be extinguished in a more orderly and systematic manner than at present; rivalry and rioting would be abolished, and young men would not have their moral and physical health injured by the dissipation, exposure and fatigue incident too often to active membership with a volunteer fire company in a city the size of Philadelphia. Several years since on a beautiful Sabbath afternoon we witnessed a stone and brickbat fight carried on for an hour in Sixth street, within hailing distance of the Mayor's office, between two down town rival fire companies. And that kind of work is still carried on without regard to time or place. We believe, also, that on the score of economy it would be advisable for Philadelphia to have a paid fire department, but that is the least important consideration. The cause of morality and good order is paramount, and as these will most assuredly be secured by the establishment of a paid department, the change should be made even at an increased cost if required. The Press is right in its position on this question, and we have no doubt that its views will in a very few years be adopted by the citizens of Philadelphia, to their increased comfort and great advantage.

THE visit of the President here this week, was a pleasing event. Two useful purposes were served by it. He saw many things in our mining region, new to him, while the people were enabled to meet the man whose military genius crushed the Rebellion, and who now so worthily fills the Presidential chair. Our people in their respectful attention to the President during his passage through the State have shown him how much they esteem him as a man, and we have no doubt he departed feeling that he had nowhere truer friends than in the sterling old State of Pennsylvania.

In connection with this trip of the President, we might state that some journals are disposed to grumble at him for being away from Washington and apparently neglecting his official duties. To relieve these anxious papers, we would inform them that the President made a little speech in this Borough on Wednesday evening last, in which he stated that he was in constant telegraphic communication with the Capital; that he was cognizant of all that transpired there of a public nature, and that if it should be necessary, within twenty-four hours of any point he should be at, he could reach Washington. After the President's long and arduous services in the field as a soldier, and after the severe labors of the opening months of his Administration, surely no reasonable person will object to his having a little recreation.

PHILADELPHIA is suffering for water, and the Press proposes in addition to having the Schuylkill River, to tap the Delaware above the Trenton dam. The Schuylkill Canal has felt the scant supply during the past fortnight severely, and loaded boats have been much retarded in their trips to market. Had the late unfortunate occurrence at the lower Tumbling Run Dam not taken place, there would have been sufficient water to have answered the purposes of the navigation during the dry season, but no relief from that source can be looked for in less time than a couple of months yet, as that time will be required to repair the damage inflicted by the break in the breast of the dam.

THE SCHUYLKILL NAVIGATION.—The lock at Fairmount having been closed by the Schuylkill Navigation Company on account of the unparalleled scarcity of water in Philadelphia, the through coal trade on the line has been brought to a stand still. The local coal and freight business is going on as usual, though, unless there is a rain soon this too must be suspended. The Reading Times says that a very large number of boats are tied up between that place and Philadelphia.

THE weather this week has been intensely warm, and the drouth is beginning to be severely felt. The crops in general and especially the corn crops, have been suffering. There have been late rains in Kentucky, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Iowa, and other Western States, so that the corn there, although seriously injured, will yet be saved. Rain, however, has been neither as general nor as prolonged as the farmers earnestly desire.

WE understand that all of the screens for the large breaker of the Manhattan Coal Company, New Mines, were made by Col. Jacob G. Frick, of this Borough. Also that the machinery when formally transferred by Maj. James Wren, to Cain, Hacker & Cook, was received for the firm by Mr. Robert Hays, not by Mr. Robert Wier as stated in our last.

THE DENT MOVEMENT A FAILURE.—Judge Dent is likely to come to political grief. Advices at Washington, from Mississippi, are to the effect that the leading Democrats now decline to support Dent for Governor, and say that as he has failed to obtain the support of the administration, they intend to nominate a straight Democratic ticket. This ends the Dent gubernatorial fiasco.

TUESDAY'S Philadelphia papers, which are naturally exercised over the scant supply of water in the Schuylkill River, contained the following telegraph:

MAHANOY CITY, PA., Aug. 16.—A small shower of rain fell yesterday, but not enough to affect the river.

We should think not, considering that the rain which falls at Mahanoy City, flows into the Susquehanna.

PENSIONS.—Fifteen millions of dollars, ten millions of which have already been paid to the proper officers of the Interior Department, will be taken from the Treasury this month for the payment of army and navy pensions. This extraordinary outlay will probably result in a slight increase of the public debt, as exhibited by the statement to be made public at the end of this month.

THE tailors' strike in New York has ended. Its termination brings an address from the Executive Committee, the gist of which is contained in the sentence: "The result of the short but hard-fought struggle is not for us a decisive victory, but for both parties an honorable compromise."

INVITATION is extended to all officers commanding corps, divisions, brigades, or regiments in the battle of Gettysburg, and particularly to the cavalry, artillery, and engineers, and to the surgeons, to participate in the laying out of the battle-ground.

THE first year of the National Life Insurance Company, closed on the 17th instant, during which seven thousand and seventy policies were issued—a result never before achieved in the history of life insurance.

A MRS. GIFFORD, living in the northern part of Iowa, died on Saturday from the effects of fright at the eclipse.

DROUGHT is prevalent in the South and injury to corn and tobacco crops is apprehended.

THE TWO PARTIES.

The Democratic party is struggling to avert its impending doom, with the desperation which impels parties as well as human beings to cling to life. That party when it started upon its career had the sympathy and co-operation of not only the toiling masses, but of the most prominent intellects of the country. This was effected by its advocacy of a popular form of government, frequent elections, liberal terms of naturalization, and loud professions of attachment to the national union. To all of these principles it has proved faithless, except perhaps to that of liberality to the foreign-born population, which has always formed the bulk of its support. Were the fathers of the old Democratic party alive to-day, and actuated by the principles of its early years, they would be found adhering to the Republicans—now the only true democratic party of the country. Had the spirit and boldness of the Republican party, in opposing national evils, existed in the old Whig party, the latter, in all probability, would have done the work of the former, and thus saved the effusion of blood caused by a rebellion originated and sustained by the Democracy.

What inducement any good citizen can have for remaining allied to the modern Democratic party, passeth understanding. Certainly, not any principle worthy of respect. That party has been a traitor to the Union and to the rights of humanity; it has committed unpardonable sins. In Indiana and Kentucky it recommends itself to the support of the negro-hating element by opposing the Fifteenth Amendment; in Virginia and Tennessee it supports the Amendment, invites negro orators to its platforms, and elects them to Congress and the State Legislature. In the North it asks support because it hates the negro; in the South it asks votes because it loves the negro and promises to be his best friend and protector. In this State it nominates a millionaire, destitute of any powers of statesmanship, because he can give his check for a cool hundred thousand to help in the canvass. In Ohio it nominated a fighting General—who subsequently saved his reputation by declining—who hated and denounced with great bitterness all such men as figure at the head of the party in this State. In the West it is fierce for taxing bonds and more than hints at repudiation of both principal and interest of the public debt. In the East it is in the special charge of brokers, stock gamblers and bond-holders. Can any citizen actuated by principle, vote with a party thus destitute of any moral principle?

The only hope the Democracy have of success is by dividing the Republican party on minor points. In Philadelphia some purchasable material we fear, of the temperance organization, has been induced to nominate a local ticket, all in the interest of the bitterest enemies of the temperance cause. Now, the Republican party must not allow its army to be distracted, nor a single man mustered out of its ranks, until the destruction of the foe is complete. We think with our cotemporary, the Toledo (Ohio) Blade, that when the Union is out of danger; when every man's civil and personal rights are secure and unquestioned in every State of the Union; when the work of Reconstruction is honorably complete; when the golden spike is firmly driven in the last rail of the great highway of Human Rights, that the car of progress may move onward forever in the land, will be soon enough to allow any of our forces to be scattered.

The Republican party is yet young; it has not lived long, but it has lived well; it has done a gigantic and glorious work; it has rescued a nation from weakness and obliteration; it has put out the fires which traitors kindled to destroy the fair temple of Freedom. It has given new life to the friends of Free Government in all the lands of the earth. England heeds the warning, and gives Ireland a new concession in the interest of religious freedom. Napoleon hastens to grant the people a larger share in the government of the Empire. Spain cuts adrift its imperious, sensual and imbecile Bourbons; and struggling Cuba earnestly demands her independence. In every land of the earth, the influence of the Republican party of the United States is acknowledged. Struggling humanity feels that influence as a life-giving inspiration, and tyrants and oppressors read with terror the warning written by its hand on the walls of all their banqueting chambers. It increases justly every man's self respect to reflect that he belongs to such a party; it will be one of the consolations of a good man's death to look back on his connection with a party having its record; and a legacy of no mean value for a man to leave his children that he was a partaker in its labors and warfare, and was a sharer in its triumphs for humanity.

TENNESSEE AND THE FIFTEENTH AMENDMENT.—It is stated that Governor Brownlow is confident that the new Legislature of Tennessee will ratify the fifteenth amendment, and this seems to be the opinion of all who know the temper of that body. The Democratic papers generally take the same view.

[COMMUNICATED.]

MESSRS. EDITORS:—Allow us to present the name of Capt. WILLIAM WINLACK, of Pottsville, as a fit person for Assembly, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention. Capt. Winlack is well known throughout the County, and his brilliant war record, in connection with his kind demeanor, has won him a host of friends. His abilities for the position need no mentioning, and we feel assured if he is placed on the ticket, his election will be a fixed fact. MANY SOLDIERS AND CITIZENS. SCH. HAVEN, August 12, '69.

[For the MINERS' JOURNAL.]

ASHLAND, August 15th, 1869.

We would respectfully recommend Capt. THOMAS P. WILLIAMS, of this Borough, as a suitable candidate for the office of Recorder, subject to the action of the Republican County Convention. He is popular, honest, capable and well qualified for the position. He served gallantly four years in Company B, 48th Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteers, having entered the same as a private. If he should receive the nomination we believe he would be triumphantly elected. MANY VOTERS.

[COMMUNICATED.]

MESSRS. EDS.:—We recommend JOHN R. DAVIS, of Cass Township, as a candidate for COUNTY COMMISSIONER, subject to the action of the Republican Convention. MANY CITIZENS. Pottsville, August 28, '69.

WHEREAS, The clergy everywhere unite and sympathize with all movements having in view the amelioration of the woes of the afflicted and distressed humanity; be it unanimously

Resolved, To the Rev. A. M. CREIGHTON, we offer the heartfelt thanks of each individual of Star Circle, No. 32, B. U. (H. F.) C. A., for his able expositions of the principles of our Order, and eloquent defence of secret beneficial societies, delivered in the M. E. Church of Ashland, on Sunday, August 8th, 1869.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be furnished the MINERS' JOURNAL of Pottsville for publication, and a copy presented to the Rev. Mr. CREIGHTON.

ED. THOMPSON, I. B. JONES, R. H. PHILLIPS, Committee.

ASHLAND, August 14th, 1869.

LOCAL NOTICES.

See the advertisement of Bradbury Piano in another column.

FRENCH PADDED LINEN DRILLS, a beautiful article, at D. A. Smith's, Centre street.

IF you would be properly suited with Spectacles, apply to JOS. DUERR, Optician and Watchmaker, 255 Centre Street, Pottsville. October 24, '68—43-tf

GLOVES, Neck-ties and Hose, to suit every taste, and at reduced prices, at D. A. Smith's, Centre street.

"A GOOD MAN LEAVETH AN INHERITANCE," &c. No man with a DEPENDENT family, is free from reproach if his life is not insured. See SHEAFER & LOWERY's advertisement, Fourth Page.

A good 7 Octave Piano for sale cheap at Lehman's, 136 Centre St., Pottsville, Pa. 47-tf

I HAVE used Marshall's Elixir for Headache and Dyspepsia, and have been entirely cured by its use, and can cheerfully recommend it to all similarly afflicted. A. K. DUNKEL, Pub. Sunday Republic, Philada., Pa. July 17, '69 29-3m

FRENCH, English and American cloths, all styles, and of the finest qualities, at D. A. Smith's, Centre street.

REDUCTION IN PRICES OF CABINET ORGANS.—The new style of the celebrated Mason & Hamlin Cabinet Organs, the best manufactured, are now offered at prices to suit the times. The one stop Organ is manufactured for $100, (a reduction of one-fourth,) and the five stop Organ for $125. Every purchaser of an instrument will receive a guarantee for five years. The well known superiority of these instruments over all others is sufficient to commend them to every lover of good music. For sale by their sole agents for Schuylkill County, at FISHER BROS.' (Lehmann's) Jewelry Store, 130 Centre Street, Pottsville. Feb 6, '69—6-

THE COAL TRADE.

Pottsville, August 21, 1869.

The quantity sent by Railroad this week is 99,650 17 tons—by Canal 19,639 10 tons—for the week 119,290 07 tons against 42,786 tons for the corresponding week last year. Increase over the corresponding week last year 77,527 tons.

The trade is dull, caused by purchasers abroad holding off in hope that prices will be lower as the season advances. The hope we believe to be futile. With the difficulties in the Lehigh Region and the continued inactivity of the Lackawanna companies, with no immediate prospect of resuming, the supply of the season with its natural increase, promises to be curtailed. The best plan for dealers abroad to adopt is to lay in their supplies at once, for if by holding off they greatly limit the supply the market will require prices must inevitably reach a higher figure than they have yet attained. Papers abroad which are profoundly ignorant of the trade, may counsel a different course, but we believe that purchasers will be wise by adopting our advice in this matter.

Our Philadelphia correspondent writes as follows:

"The stocks of coal at Richmond have been slightly reduced the past week, and the low freight to Eastern ports has caused quite a number of orders for immediate shipment; that trade however may be considered dull. The supply of vessels is abundant; and purchasers who do not order coal at present prices of coal and freight, will certainly pay higher rates ere long. We quote no advance in prices—best grades are firm at $7 for Eastern shipment."

The trade sums up this week as follows, compared with last year:

	1868. Week.	1868. Total.	1869. Week.	1869. Total.	In. & D.
P & R R R	37,080	4,733,241	99,651	5,183,847	450,606
Sch. Canal	5,474	498,749	10,640	437,60	d 61,14
L Val R R	47,060	1,443,179	64,546	1,425,626	d 18,554
L. Canal	34,23	444,002	31,435	241,18	d 81,821
L N. R R	13,802	254,115	13,559	464,774	121,659
Scrant RR	22,6 7	669,117		587,631	d 81,486
" Nit	12,406	824,793		805,857	d 115,936
Penn C C					
By R. R.	21,871	547,173	22,210	554,537	17,464
By Canal	821	16,065	836	10,594	d 1,461
D & H Ca	51,370	867,800	14,449	[illegible]	[illegible]
D & H B			1,234	102,769	102,769
Wyom'g		118,549		145,848	27,299
Wyom'g		13,806		2,553	d 9,944
Shamokin	11,141	291,566	15,458	229,491	d 62,065
Trevorton	646	12,425	1,734	14,574	d 2,145
Short Mt.	2,424	42,451	2,654	48,210	2,184
L. V. Co.	3,820	50,436	1,953	39,674	d 10,744
Wh'rton	4,969	92,719	6,860	108,978	11,259
Brd Top	6,082	144,812	6,499	111,478	11,166
	275,391	7,577,307	120,655	7,540,027	
			275,391	7,577,307	
			45,264	262,720	

*The total quantity sent by Lehigh & Susquehanna R. R. for the week was 43 523 tons, and for the year, 702,892 tons. The balance is embraced in the Lehigh Canal Report.

By the above it will be perceived, that the increase for the week from all the regions, as compared with the corresponding week last year, is 45,264 tons; for the year, 262,720. The shipments of the coming week will be lessened by the suspension in the Lehigh Region.

NONE are so blind as those who will not see. Of which familiar axiom the Philadelphia Morning Post of yesterday furnished an illustration, in its criticism of this journal in connection with coal. We have fully explained the real cause of the high price of coal, and met the cry for taking the duties off of imported coal, by statements of facts at length, which are unanswerable. If the Post has not been benefited by the explanations, it certainly is not our fault. We think that we have been clear and explicit enough on the subject.

IN our last we adverted to the meeting of the operators of the Middle Coal Field at Mauch Chunk on the 12th inst., at which a change of basis was proposed. The resolutions adopted by that meeting were as follows:

WHEREAS, The result of the last month's working under the basis and regulations of the Miners' Union has demonstrated to us that we can no longer carry on our works and do justice to the public and ourselves on this basis; therefore be it

Resolved, That the price of coal at Mauch Chunk as fixed by the Operators' monthly meetings in Philadelphia shall be the basis upon which the rates of wages shall be calculated.

Resolved, That the basis be fixed at the average price of lump, broken, egg, stove, and chestnut at Mauch Chunk in April last (which average was $3 50 per ton), and the wages, car price, and yardage on that basis, and 10 per cent. above April wages—advancing or receding as said advance or recedes in price; and 10 cents per ton to the miners for each dollar of advance or fall on price at Mauch Chunk, and 12½ per cent. on the basis price of wages to inside and outside laborers—except for engineers, mechanics, and others regularly employed, who shall have April wages as a basis, and an advance of $1 per week for each dollar of advance in coal, and a proportionate reduction on the decline of coal, and that no change in wages shall be made unless the rise or fall in the price shall be 25 cents per ton, and that the wages fixed at or about the 1st of each month by the meeting of Lehigh operators, for coal sold at Mauch Chunk during that month, shall be the rate of wages to be paid for that month, whether coal rises or falls during that month.

Resolved, That in the estimate of tonnage of cars forty-eight cubic feet shall be allowed as one ton, that being the average number of feet for a ton, as shown by the result of last year's work.

Resolved, That we will not employ men from other collieries, or from other regions, who are on a strike.

Resolved, That we will allow no interference with our business, either by restricting the amount of coal to be produced, or in the employment or discharge of men, and that all rules or regulations in force at the different collieries for their government in April last shall continue to be observed.

Resolved, That the wages fixed as above shall be announced to the men on Friday, the 13th inst., to take effect on Monday, the 16th inst.

The effect of this was as anticipated. On Monday last the miners in the Lehigh Region stopped work, and as we write the suspension there is general. At first some difficulties were apprehended, and preparations were made by getting an adequate force, to resist acts of violence, but the latest accounts state that everything is quiet: that the strikers have made no demonstration to prevent engineers from entering the mines; that the pumps have been put to work, and no danger to the mines or works is apprehended.

It is not possible to predict with any certainty when this new trouble will terminate. Unless a compromise should be effected the suspension in the Lehigh Region may last for several weeks.

THE Delaware and Hudson and Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Companies are still idle. They will entertain no proposition on the terms of the miners' basis, and the miners are equally firm. Should these companies resume it will be with a weakened force and their production cannot reach the average of the shipments made by them before the suspension.

THE Wilkesbarre Union of the 17th says:

So far as we have been able to obtain information in relation to the merits of the new complication in the coal field, the matter amounts to simply this:—The laborers have not been consulted the action of the miners. Through misapprehension, a basis was secured to the cutters of coal, and now the helpers of that class of producers in the mines only demand their share of the increased renumeration secured by the general movement to their particular interest. Like only begets like, and while the laborers maintain the general good order which marked the course of the men to whom they were attached, no fault can be found with their action. But when they come to aggressive measures, and appeal to physical instead of moral force to carry their points, the case assumes a different phase, and the strong arm of the law, as well as an indignant public opinion, will be arrayed against them. We await further developments with anxiety.

"AMBOY" in yesterday's Philadelphia Press, writing from this County, has a very excellent letter on mining operations in the Anthracite Regions, and on the real cause of the high prices of coal. The writer is correct when he attributes the high prices to the action of the Lackawanna Companies who have steadily refused to treat with their men on the basis yielded to by other operators, and thus kept out of the market a supply of coal which would have kept coal from materially advancing in price. In regard to our course on this subject the writer says:

"The Miners' Journal, of Pottsville, of a recent date, fully and clearly showed where the whole secret would be found, and in that connection proposed the city press to give the very able article as much circulation as practicable; but to no purpose. Many of those lynx-eyed correspondents boldly assert that the Miners' Journal is the organ of the coal operators. Well, this information is intended for minds of convenient and accommodating credulity, and is so treated [illegible] The Journal is a neutral paper in that respect, and is only devoted to the interests of the common weal, be they rich or poor. The Journal is always straightforward, open, and veritable, and consistently and unequivocally for home protection; and let me here add, the best criterion on matters pertaining to coal and coal lands in Pennsylvania."

THE POLICY OF THE BALTIMORE AND OHIO RAILROAD COMPANY.—On the 12th inst., Mr. Garrett, President of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, made a report of the business of that Company, in which after stating that his road had brought to market, during the ten months ending the 31st ult., 1,088,304 tons of coal—nearly double the amount of the preceding ten months—he says:

Coal carrying interests in Pennsylvania have urgently pressed this company to advance materially its tariff rates. It has been urged that an advance of one dollar per ton, which would now make a difference to the net receipts of the company of $150,000 per month, the great demand for coal would still cause the full capacity of the company to be used. The company, however, looking comprehensively at all the great interests involved, has continued the low rate which was established in the Spring of 1868, viz., $3 50 per ton of 2,240 pounds from Cumberland to Locust Point shipping wharves, and proportionate rates from other points. While this rate is but little over one and a quarter cent per ton per mile—a rate deemed by railway companies generally to be unremunerative—yet it is believed that it will be the policy of the company to continue it during the present and approaching season.

This policy is directly the reverse of that pursued by the coal carrying interests of the anthracite regions. The Reading road, for ninety miles, has advanced its rate to $3 50 per ton, thus doubling the rate per ton per mile charged by the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company. Notwithstanding the greatly shorter distances of the anthracite regions from Baltimore, as compared with the bituminous coal regions, yet the rates of the Northern Central Railroad and other companies have been such as to cause, in combination with the cost of that coal, the prices charged to consumers in Baltimore to be from nine to nine dollars and a half per ton.

The vast advantages to the manufacturing and commercial interests of Baltimore which are secured by the low tariffs on coal maintained by the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company can be appreciated by contrasting the market rates for Cumberland coal, viz., four dollars and sixty cents to five dollars per ton of 2,240 pounds, delivered at manufacturers accessible by water in the harbor for steamship purposes, &c.

The trade in coal on the road in June and July, including 27,732 tons for the use of the company was 314,597 tons, and, large as the demand is, the company is promptly meeting all its present requirements both for local purposes and for shipment. The deliveries in Baltimore frequently exceed 5,000 tons per day. Statements have recently been published which estimate the combined capacity of the Northern Central Railroad Company and the Tide water Canal Company at but 1,400 tons of coal per day, and this limited delivery is given as one of the leading causes for the large charge for anthracite to the consumer in Baltimore.

It will be noted that the capacity of the Baltimore and Ohio Company for coal transportation at present is four times as great as the combined water and rail capacity from the anthracite regions to Baltimore, as the largely greater deliveries by the Baltimore and Ohio Company are being made, too, from much greater distances—namely, from 118 to 300 miles. It is trusted that the policy which the Baltimore and Ohio Company has so steadily pursued, and which it has determined to maintain through the fall, and even during the expensive period of the winter, of charging only its low rates of transportation, will continue as heretofore, not only to benefit directly the interests of our community, but that it will also aid in reducing the high prices charged for other descriptions of coal.

We have before alluded to the policy of this Company as tending to build up the manufacturing and commercial prosperity of Baltimore, and have endeavored to interest the business men of Philadelphia in the establishment of a similar policy in own State for the benefit of that city. The building of the Manufacturers' and Consumers' Anthracite Railroad would have accomplished the result, by placing Anthracite Coal into Philadelphia at one half the cost of transportation now charged. There is still another project, to which the earnest attention of consumers should be directed, in place of calling for a repeal of the duty on coal, which cannot directly affect anthracite, which is produced nowhere in any great quantities except in Pennsylvania, and which in checking the progress of the bituminous interests of this country, will limit the supply of the home article, and will result eventually in higher prices and to the exclusive benefit of the owners of Nova Scotia mines, to the detriment of bituminous coal mine operators in the United States. We allude to the proposed incorporation of the Government Anthracite Railroad, to lead from Washington city through the coal region to the bay of New York, in which the incorporators pledge themselves to deliver coal to the bay of New York, for Government purposes, at $1 transportation per ton, and also at a proportionate rate to Washington city and Philadelphia to which latter point it is proposed to run a branch. Such a Company, in the hands of the manufacturers, who would hold the stock for their own purpose, would control the rates of transportation from all the anthracite regions leading to the seaboard, and would assure a supply of anthracite coal at the lowest rates of transportation; and if built for cash, the cost would be so limited that it would pay a dividend of not less than 8 or 10 per cent. on the stock.

In this way and no other that we can see, the difficulty of too high prices for coal can be met. With this outlet, and all the regions at work, coal could be furnished at a reasonable price. This season in addition to the high price of transportation, the trade has been complicated by the action of the coal mining and carrying companies in the Lackawanna Region that, have refused to treat with their employes, who certainly should not be considered slaves without the right to state the terms on which they will work. By thus standing out, and keeping out of the market a weekly supply of about 70,000 tons, these companies have limited the supply sent to market, and raised the price. This is the real cause. Let these difficulties be adjusted; let all the regions work, and with cheap transportation, there will be no difficulty about consumers getting anthracite as well as bituminous coal at reasonable prices. Taking off, the duty on coal will not effect the object, as we have shown repeatedly. It seems evident that the great excitement created on this subject, is mainly by free traders, who do not limit the demand to coal, but propose to extend it to iron and other foreign manufactures which enter into competition with our own, and which have the advantage in being produced by low labor, cheap capital and abundant machinery. Let the people of this country beware of joining in a movement which cannot give them cheap coal so surely as by fostering our own mines and securing cheap transportation from the mines. We of the anthracite regions do not care a fig whether the duty shall be taken off of coal or not. It will not affect us. But we do not want to see the home bituminous interests affected to the detriment eventually of consumers, nor to see worse evils than even high prices for coal, precipitated upon the country by opening upon it the floodgates of foreign goods manufactured by wretchedly paid European labor. This is the position we hold on this question. We believe that labor can be well paid, and yet coal be furnished at a comparatively low figure to consumers, in the manner in which we have stated.

TO COAL OPERATORS.

Screen Manufactory.

SNELL & CO.,

Rear of Pottsville House, Coal street, Screen Manufacturers, are now prepared to make all kinds of Screens for Coal Operators, and will guarantee perfect satisfaction in work and prices. Coal Operators will consult their interests by giving us a call and trying us.

Also Iron Railing of all descriptions, manufactured by us on the most reasonable terms.

August 7, '69 32-tf

WIRE ROPE

MANUFACTURED BY JOHN A. ROEBLING'S SONS, TRENTON, N. J.,

For Inclined Planes, Mining, Standing Ship Rigging, Suspension Bridges, Ferries, Stays & Guys on Derricks, Cranes and Shears, Elevators, Tillers, &c.

A LARGE STOCK OF Wire Rope Constantly on Hand.

ORDERS FILLED WITH DISPATCH.

For strength, size and cost see circulars, which will be sent on application.

August 7, 1869 32-

Gum and Leather Belting

A full stock of all sizes kept constantly on hand, and for sale at manufacturers' prices.

SHEET GUM, from 1-32 of an inch in thickness upwards. GUM RINGS, MAN HOLE RINGS, LACING LEATHER, COPPER RIVETS and BURS.

PUNCHES always on hand and for sale at the very lowest price by L. C. THOMPSON & CO.

BLASTING PAPER

Of the very best quality, and that will stand the water. BLASTING BARRELS and NEEDLES at L. C. THOMPSON & CO.'S.

MINERS' SHOVELS,

Both long and short handled. A full stock of the very best quality just received direct from the factory, and for sale at the very lowest prices, by L. C. THOMPSON & CO.

LAMP WICK

Of a very superior quality, put up in two ounce balls, in muslin wrappers, and for sale at the very lowest prices by L. C. THOMPSON & CO.

SHEET IRON

For lining Coal Schutes, Breasts of Mines, &c. A full stock from No. 6 to No. 28 on hand at L. C. THOMPSON & CO.'S. July 31, '69 31-

Pier 7 Port Richmond.

HAMMETT, NEILL & CO., SHIPPERS OF ANTHRACITE AND BITUMINOUS COAL.

AGENTS for the sale of the celebrated SHENANDOAH CITY, WIGGAN & THICKE's Locust Mountain and Barnside Shamokin

WHITE ASH COAL.

Also SPOHN and PEACH MOUNTAIN RED ASH COAL.

FROM HOBOKEN. The best varieties of Lehigh, and BOYLAN'S CELEBRATED FAMILY COAL.

Also BITUMINOUS and CUMBERLAND COALS of well established reputation.

OFFICES—PHILADELPHIA, 317 Walnut Street. NEW YORK, Room F. Trinity Building. PROVIDENCE, 74 Weybosset Street. BOSTON, 23 Doane St. February 21, 1869 8-1y

H. P. STICHTER, GENERAL AGENT FOR PALO ALTO IRON COMPANY'S RAIL T RAIL

P. O. ADDRESS—POTTSVILLE AND MAHANOY CITY. Office with James Lanigan, 163 Centre street. March 13, '69 11-

Original "Henry Clay Coal."

The undersigned are the Sole Miners and Shippers of the above celebrated Coal from the HENRY CLAY COLLIERY (Operated for the past nine years by John B. Douty and others), having leased the same Sept. 1st, 1868, for a term of years. This coal can only be obtained through our agents, Messrs. John Rommel, Jr. & Bro., Port Richmond. AND MR. HENRY S. GROSS, 211 South Fourth Street, Philadelphia. All orders through them will meet with prompt attention. ROBERTSON, GUITERMAN & CO., Shamokin, Pa. June 5 '69—23-1m

WIRE ROPE,

Flat and Round Iron and Steel Wire Ropes for Mining, Bridges, Inclined Planes, Derricks, Elevators and Cranes.

Wire of every description and size for the trade. Orders filled with dispatch. HAZARD MANUFACTURING CO., Mauch Chunk, Carbon Co., Pa. H. P. STICHTER is our general agent for Schuylkill County, from whom all information relating to price, strength, weight and strain of ropes can be obtained. April 17, '69—1y

SCHUYLKILL COAL TRADE.

Coal Trade by Railroad, & Canal 1869.

The quantity sent by Railroad, for the week ending Thursday last:

	RAILROAD.	CANAL.
St. Clair	41,593 03	
Port Carbon	6,487 03	5,688 00
Pottsville	8,359 06	418 00
Schuylkill Haven	25,329 19	12,732 10
Auburn	1,734 17	
Port Clinton	13,994 04	581 00
Total paying freight	97,529 04	
Coal for Company's use	2,121 13	
Total for Week	99,650 17	19,639 10
Previously this year	2,054,196 10	417,961 04
Total	2,153,847 07	437,600 14
To same time last year	1,723,241 01	484,749 09
Increase	450,606 06	
Decrease		51,149 15

Schuylkill Co Railroads for 1869.

The following is the quantity shipped last week:

	Week.	Total.
Mine Hill & S. H. R. R.	42,561 11	[illegible] 10
Schuylkill Valley	4,096 19	112,093 19
Mill Creek	4,361 05	105,230 05
Mt. Carbon	4,512 06	112,966 01

PINEGROVE COAL TRADE—'69.

Amount transported during the last month:

	Month.	Season.
Lorberry Creek	6,577 17	13,974 14
Good Spring	9,083 18	32,147 18
Union Railroad	15,471 08	51,125 16

LEHIGH COAL TRADE—1869.

LEHIGH VALLEY RAILROAD.

Quantity sent by Lehigh Valley Railroad for the week ending on Saturday last and for the year:

	Railroad. Week.	Railroad. Total.
From Mahanoy	14,619	348,194
" Beaver Meadow	23,601	380,926
" M. Chunk		162
" U. Lehigh	102	8,672
" Hazleton	25,030	651,613
" Wyoming	11,300	261,045
Grand Total	64,546	1,425,627
Same time last year	45,178	1,441,220
Increase	11,967	
Decrease		18,531

LEHIGH COAL & NAVIGATION CO.

The following is the quantity of coal transported by the Canal and Railroad of the Lehigh Coal & Nav. Co. for the week ending on Saturday evening last:

	WEEK.	TOTAL.
Total by Canal	21,435	362,724
" R. R.	43,624	702,892

The coal was derived as follows:	WEEK.	TOTAL.
From Wyoming Region	14,995	431,306
" Upper Lehigh Region	2,957	76,071
" Hazleton Region	11,291	186,531
" Beaver Meadow	4,234	60,066
" Lehigh C. & Nav. Co.'s mines	16,721	199,044
" Mahanoy	251	1,307
	61,999	574,344
	1,060	28,408
Total	63,059	602,815

THE COAL MARKETS.

PRICES OF COAL BY THE CARGO.

[CORRECTED WEEKLY FOR THE MINERS' JOURNAL.]

AT PHILADELPHIA.

FOR SHIPMENTS EAST OF NEW BRUNSWICK, AND SOUTH OF CAPE HENRY.

August 19, 1869.

Schuylkill Red Ash Prepared	$7 00@ 7 25
" Chestnut	@
" White Ash Lump	6 75@ 7 00
" St. Boat	6 75@ 7 00
" Broken	6 75@ 7 00
" Egg	6 75@ 7 00
" Stove	6 75@ 7 00
" Chestnut	5 75@ 6 00
Locust Mt. Lump	6 75@ 7 00
" St. Boat	6 75@ 7 00
" Broken	7 00@ 7 25
" Egg	7 00@ 7 25
" Stove	7 00@ 7 25
" Chestnut	5 75@ 6 00

SPECIAL COALS.

Hill & Harris Lump and St Boat	$7 40@
do Broken	7 40@
do Egg	7 40@
do Stove	7 40@
do Chestnut	6 15@
Franklin of Lykens Valley	8 00@
Henry Clay Egg and Stove	7 50@

We will quote all special coals as desired but the prices must be furnished by the parties themselves.

AT NEW YORK.

August 19, 1869

Schuylkill Red Ash by Boat Load	8 75@ 9 00
" Chestnut	6 75@ 7 50
" White Ash Lump	8 00@
" Steam Boat and Broken	8 00@
" Egg	8 00@
" Stove	8 00@
" Chestnut	7 00@ 7 50
Lehigh White Ash Lump	8 50@
" Steam Boat and Broken	8 35@
" Egg	8 35@
" Stove	8 50@
" Chestnut	8 00@
" Pea	

Lehigh Coal at Elizabethport & Port Johnson.

Lump	$8 50@	Egg	@8 35
Steamer	8 35@	Stove	@8 50
Broken	8 35@	Chestnut	@8 00

Freight to New York 50 cents per ton.

Wilkesbarre Coal at Hoboken.

Lump	$8 50@	Egg	$8 35@
Steamer	8 35@	Stove	8 35@
Broken	8 35@	Chestnut	8 00@

Freight to New York 45 cents per ton.

Lackawanna Coal at Roundout.

Lump	$8 30@	Egg	$8 50@
Steamer	8 30@	Stove	8 90@
Broken	8 30@	Chestnut	8 00@

Freight to New York 65 cents per ton.

Penna. Co.'s Prices for August on board Vessels at Newburgh.

Lump	$8 60@	Egg	8 60@
Steamer	8 60@	Stove	8 80@
Grate	8 60@	Chestnut	8 20@

Freights to New York 70 cents per ton.

Prices of Gas Coals.

PROVINCIAL. Duty, $1 25. At Shipping points. Gold.		AMERICAN. Delivered at N Y Currency	
Block House	$1 75	Westmoreland	$9 75
Gowrie	1 75	Despard	8 00
Lingan	1 75	Newburgh Orrel	8 50
Sydney	1 75	West Fairmount Silk	8 50
Pictou	1 75	Powelton Gas	8 00
Little Glace Bay	1 50	For Slack from 25 cents to 50 less.	
Caledonia	1 50		

Slack 75 cents to $1 15.

Provincial freights to New York $3 25—to Boston $2 75@$3 00 per ton.

Foreign Coal.

	WHOLESALE.	RETAIL.
Liverpool Gas Coking	$9 50@	
" Cannel	14 00@	
" House Cannel	18 00@19 00	19 00@20 00
" Orrel	18 00@18 00	18 00@19 00

AT BALTIMORE.

August 19, 1869.

To trade by cargo or car load.

Wilkes're & Pittston W. Ash	$7 00@ 7 25
Lykens Val. R. Ash	6 75@ 7 00
Shamokin, white or R. Ash	7 25@ 7 50
From yard or wharf, 50 @ 75 cents additional.	
Delivered to consumers	8 50@ 9 00
Georges' creek and Cumberland Coal, f. o. b. at Locust Point for shipping.	$ 6 00@

AT GEORGETOWN, D. C., and ALEXANDRIA, VA.

Georges' Creek & Cumberland, f. o. b., for shipping: $4 75@

AT HAVRE DE GRACE, MD.

Wilkesbarre & Pittston on board	$ 7 25
Shamokin	" 7 00@ 7 50
Lykens Valley	"
Trevorton	" 6 75@ 7 00

COAL FREIGHTS.

Freights from Pt. Richmond (Philad'a).

Portland	2 25@2 50	Warren	2 10
Portsmouth	2 25	Allen's Point	2 25
Boston	2 25@2 50	Derby	2 25
Danvershore	2 50 & dis.	Greenport	2 00
Hyannis	2 25	New York	1 50@1 60
New Bedford	2 25	Jersey City	1 60
Providence	2 25	Trenton	1 45
Quincy Point	2 25	Georgetown	1 60
Roxbury	2 07	Washington	1 60
Salem	2 25@2 10	Alexandria	1 00@1 10
Somerset	2 25	Richmond	1 30
Providence	2 25	Charleston	3 10

225 vessels & boats arrived for week.

Freights from Elizabethport & Port Johnson.

Boston	1 75	New London	1 30
Lynn	1 75	Norwich	1 30
Salem	1 75	New Haven	1 05
Newburyport	1 90	Bridgeport	1 05
Portland	1 90	Norwalk	1 00
Providence	1 40	Hartford	1 50
Pawtucket		Middletown	1 35
Taunton	1 45	Albany	1 00
New Bedford		Hudson	
Fall River	1 40	New York	
New-Port			

Rates of Transportation to Tide Water [BY RAILROADS.]

Reading Railroad Company.

(Prices of Tolls, &c., for the present.)

	L.	S. B.	B.	Egg.	S.	C.
To Port Richmond	$3 50	$3 50	$3 50	$3 50	$3 50	$3 00
To Philadelphia	3 18	3 18	3 18	3 18	3 18	3 42

*$2 15 if released from losses on the road.

The rates from Schuylkill Haven are 7 cents per ton less, and from Tamaqua 7 cents per ton higher.

Expenses on coal from Mauch Chunk via Railroad shipped from the following points:

Trenton, N. J.		Elizabethport, N. J.	
L. V. R. R. tolls	1	L. V. R. R.	1 15
Belvidere & Del.		Central R. R.	1 31
Shipping		Shipping	
Total		Total	$2 21
S. Amboy, N. J.		To Pt Johnson, 1 cent less	
L. V. R. R. tolls		Hoboken, N. J.	
Del. & Del.		L. V. R. R.	1 15
C. & A. R. R.		M. & E. R.	1 63
Shipping		Shipping	
Total		Total	$3 03

[BY CANALS.]

Tolls and Freights by Canal.

From	Pt Carbon	Pottsville	S Haven	Pt Clinton
Tolls	$1 73	$1 73	$1 70	$1 70
Freights to N Y				
Freights to Phil $1 00		$1 00	96	90
Phil less drawb'k	2 00	2 03	1 96	1 90

The freight to New York and its vicinity, in the Company's line of barges, will be $1 55 per ton in addition to the Toll and Steam-Towage of the Delaware and Raritan Canal, from Schuylkill Haven, with the usual difference from the other shipping points.

On coal that has paid $1 70 or more per ton tolls delivered at Philadelphia or its vicinity, a drawback of 70 cents per ton will be allowed.

Expenses from Mauch Chunk to New York via Del. & Rar. Canal.

Lehigh Del. Div. & Cana tolls	1 14
Del. & Rar. Canal tolls 57—towing 20	77
Freight to New York	1 40
Total	$3 31
To Newark $3 96.	
To Hackensack $3 16.	
Expenses to New Brunswick for Re shipment:	
Lgh & Del. Div. Canal tolls	1 14
Del. & Rar Canal tolls	57
Freights	1 30
Shipping (less drawback of 19 cents)	30
Total	$3 11
For consumption at New Brunswick $3 68.	
By Lehigh Canal	
Tolls to Philadelphia	94
Freights and towage	1 18
Consignee unloads the boats.	$2 12
By Morris Canal.	
Lehigh Canal tolls 71—Morris Canal 85	1 56
Freight $1 70—towing 10	1 80
For re-shipment 20 cents drawback.	$3 36

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

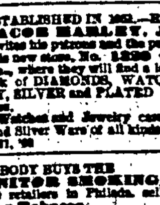
Miss. M. M. ALLEN

Will commence her school on MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 6th, corner of Market and Second Streets. August 21, '69 34-3t

Mrs. HAMMEKIN

Will begin school on MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 6th, in the basement of the Baptist Church, Mahantongo Street. August 21, '69—34-3t

The World Renowned DAVENPORT BROTHERS Whose wonderful exhibitions astonish all who witness them, will give entertainments in UNION HALL, POTTSVILLE, SEPTEMBER 9 and 10, 1869. August 21, '69 34-1t



GOVERNOR'S CAMPAIGN CAPS, CAPES, AND Campaign Torches. Price of Torches, $20, $30, $36 and $40 per hundred. Send for price list and engraving of Caps and Capes. PHILIP HILL, Manuf'r, 204 Church St., Bet. 3d and 3d, above Market, PHILADELPHIA.

Military Companies' Uniforms made to order. 34-3t

ESTABLISHED IN 1853.—REMOVAL. JACOB HARLEY, Jeweler, invites his patrons and the public generally, to his new store, No. 1220 Chestnut St., Philada., where they will find a large and well selected stock of DIAMONDS, WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY, SILVER and PLATED WARE, at Moderate Prices. N. B.—Watches and Jewelry carefully repaired. Jewelry and Silver Ware of all kinds made to order. August 21, '69 34-3m

EVERYBODY BUYS THE MONITOR SMOKING TOBACCO. Over 1600 retailers in Philada. sell the Monitor Smoking Tobacco. Orders received daily from the country for the Monitor Smoking Tobacco. The Monitor Smoking Tobacco is pleasant to the taste. The Monitor Smoking Tobacco leaves no unpleasant taste after smoking. The Monitor is extra-tracted. Ask for a package of Monitor Smoking Tobacco. Every retailer is getting it. Everybody is smoking it. 34-3t

SHERIFF'S SALE of REAL ESTATE. By virtue of a writ of Fieri Facias issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Schuylkill County, and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale or outcry, on Saturday, September 4th, 1869, At 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the Court House, in the Borough of Pottsville, Schuylkill County, the following described real estate, to wit: All that certain lot or piece of ground, situate in the Borough of Ashland, Schuylkill County, bounded northwardly by Chestnut street, southwardly by lot of Reuben Schell, southwardly by Centre street, and westwardly by lot now or late of Michael Horan, containing in front or width 25 feet, and in depth 120 feet, with the appurtenances, consisting of a two story Plank Restaurant and dwelling house, with frame back building attached; as the property of LEVI BAYDORF. Seized, taken in execution and will be sold by GEORGE C. WYNKOOP, Sheriff. August 21, '69 34-3t

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.—Pursuant to an order of the Orphans' Court of the County of Schuylkill, in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, the subscriber, Trustee to make sale of the real estate of Edward Greathead, late of the Borough of Port Carbon, in the County of Schuylkill, deceased, will expose to sale by public vendue, on

Saturday, September 4th, 1869,

At 4 o'clock in the afternoon, on the premises, in the County of Schuylkill aforesaid,—All that certain lot or piece of ground, situate in the Borough of Port Carbon, County aforesaid and State of Pennsylvania, described as follows: Beginning at the southwest corner of Pottsville and Piccadilly streets, thence along said Pottsville street south 16 degrees 30 minutes east 100 feet to a post, thence south 16 degrees 30 minutes east 100 feet to the north side of Norwegian street, thence along said Norwegian street north 68 degrees 15 minutes east 100 feet 9 inches to the northeast corner of Piccadilly and Norwegian streets, thence along Piccadilly street north 16 degrees 30 minutes west 386 feet to the place of beginning, containing twenty-eight perches and 144 feet, more or less, with the appurtenances, consisting of a three story frame dwelling house, with stone basement, fronting on Piccadilly street, and a frame stable, late the estate of said deceased. Terms and conditions made known at the time and place of sale by J. A. M. PASSMORE, Trustee.

By order of the Orphans' Court, CHAS. McGEE, Clerk. Pottsville, August 16th, 1869 34-3t

ANNUAL STATEMENT of Butler Common School District.

Receipts and expenditures for the School year ending first Monday in June, 1869. Tax rate 15 mills on the dollar in valuation.

RECEIPTS.

Gross amount of Duplicate		$13,943 94
Deduct exonerations	$700 62	
Amt returned to County Commiss'rs	553 13	
Collector's commissions	629 80	
		1,978 61
Nett amount of tax received		11,965 33
Add State appropriation	273 07	
Amt received from Co. Treasurer for unseated lands	1352 56	
Amt received from John Hower, on J. F. Lewis's account	50 00	
Amt received from Thos. Craven late Treasurer	68 00	
		1,745 63
Total receipts		13,713 96

EXPENDITURES.

Paid nine Male Teachers $49 96 2 3 per mo., each, for nine months	3,966 38
Eight Female Teachers, $29 62 8 9 per month, each, for nine mos	2,134 10
For fuel and contingencies	587 73
Building	4,048 00
Repairing	618 91
To Treasurer, percentage	340 59
To Secretary for services, &c.	90 00
Debt from last year since paid	534 42
	12,270 93
Balance on hand	$1 443 43

R. O. WILSON, President. Attest, J. F. PRICE, Secretary.

SHERIFF'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—By virtue of a writ of Alias Venditioni Exponas, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Schuylkill County and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale or outcry, on

Saturday, September 11th, 1869,

At 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at the Court House, in the Borough of Pottsville, Schuylkill County, the following described real estate, to wit:

All that certain farm, tavern stand and tract of land, situate near Schuylkill Haven, in North Manheim Township, Schuylkill County, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a corner stone in a line between land of Daniel Warner and the heirs of John D. Delbert, thence by land of Daniel Warner north seventy-three and a quarter degrees west 72 perches to a stone, thence by the same south 76¾ degrees west 63¾ perches to a stone corner, thence by school lot, crossing the turnpike by land of Nathan H. Batz and land of William Bigfried north 15 degrees west 176 perches to a corner stone, thence by land of William Bigfried and land of John Schappell north 60 degrees east 136 perches to a chestnut and stone corner, thence by land of said John Schappell north 37 degrees west 46 and a quarter perches to a post and stone corner, thence by land of Henry Hillbish south 86 degrees east 144 perches to a corner of a field, thence by land of Benjamin Pott south 3 degrees east 96¾ perches to a corner of said field, thence by the same south 78 degrees west 98 perches to a fence-corner of a field, thence by the same and land of John D. Delbert south 2 degrees east 207 perches, crossing the turnpike, to the place of beginning, containing 187 acres, strict measure, and being the same premises which James Lewis and Susannah, his wife by deed dated the 4th day of April, A. D., 1866, granted and conveyed to Samuel Wesner, recorded in deed book, No. 90, page 424 with the appurtenances, consisting of a 2 story stone tavern house, with a 2 story stone kitchen attached, wagon shed, a large stone bank barn, a frame cattle shed, 1 stone blacksmith shop, and wash-house; as the property of SAMUEL WESSNER.

Seized, taken in execution and will be sold by GEORGE C. WYNKOOP, Sheriff. Sheriff's Office, Pottsville, Aug. 21st, 1869. 34-4t

SOMETHING NEW.

R. R. MORRIS,

186 Centre St., Pottsville,

Would respectfully invite the attention of his friends and the public in general to his new stock of

READY MADE CLOTHING

Which he is selling beyond competition. The goods have been made up in the best and most durable manner and need but a trial to recommend themselves. Persons desirous of procuring a new suit should not fail to give him a call.

His stock of

Dry Goods,

For variety and choice of styles, cannot be excelled. The remainder of his summer stock he is selling

AT COST,

To make room for a new Fall Stock. His stock of GROCERIES, QUEENSWARE, PROVISIONS, &c., &c., is complete, and he needs but a trial when all will be convinced.

Don't Forget the Place,

186 CENTRE STREET.

July 17, 1869 29-6m

J. LAUBENSTEIN,

MINERSVILLE, PA.,

MANUFACTURER OF

SQUARE ROD & WIRE SCREENS

PATENTED FEBRUARY 4, 1862.

The Square Rod Screens, on account of their superior strength and durability, are preferred to all others wherever tried. Car Bolts manufactured to order. Screen Bolts, all sizes, always on hand. Orders promptly filled at moderate prices. May 22, '69 22-

CLOVER, TIMOTHY and GRASS SEED bought and sold at BANNAN & RAMSEY'S Seed Store, Pottsville.

WM. POLLOCK, Coal Agent.

Office 179 Centre St., Pottsville.

RED, WHITE and GREY ASH COAL bought and sold on Commission. Particular attention paid to line trade by car or cargo. July 10, '69—28-tf

J. KEELY,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

LUMBER,

READING, PENNA.,

Keeps constantly on hand and for sale at the Lowest Prices, a general assortment of White Pine, Hemlock, Spruce, Cherry, Oak, Ash, Chestnut, Indiana Black and White Walnut, Poplar, Carolina Yellow Pine and Michigan Panel LUMBER, thoroughly seasoned and under cover. Also, White Pine, Cypress and North Carolina Green Swamp Cedar

SHINGLES.

Orders respectfully solicited and promptly attended to. For prices, &c., call at the NEW BRICK OFFICE, On the Corner of Fourth and Pine Streets, OR ADDRESS

J. KEELY,

READING, PENNSYLVANIA.

July 17, 1869 29-3m

HUTCHINSON'S CREAM NECTAR AND MEAD.

SOLD WHOLESALE AND RETAIL BY

M. V. B. HUTCHINSON,

No. 3 East Market St., Pottsville.

August 7, '69 32-4t

ISAAC K. STAUFFER, Watches and Jewelry,

No. 148 North Second St., cor. of Quarry, Philadelphia.

An assortment of Watches, Jewelry, Silver and Plated Ware constantly on hand. Repairing of Watches and Jewelry promptly attended to. Aug '69—32-16m

WANAMAKER & BROWN.

Clothing

6th & Market Sts.

OAK HALL

PHILADELPHIA.

Samples sent by mail when written for. January 9, '69 1-

Cressona Powder Works.

THE undersigned having taken the above works, will manufacture and offer to the trade, Powder made by the same process and of equal quality with that made by our New York Mills.

WE WARRANT all of our goods to give ENTIRE SATISFACTION.

All bills against the works after July 1st, 1869, will be promptly paid upon presentation to Capt. John Beert, Pottsville.

Powder required for use at other points will be delivered from our EMPIRE POWDER WORKS, Kingston, N. Y.; ORANGE POWDER WORKS, Newburgh, N. Y.; BATTLE POWDER WORKS, Baltimore, Md., or from our magazines through the U. S., or upon application at the office of SMITH & RAND POWDER CO., 170 Broadway, N. Y. July 31, '69 31-3m

FOX & BROTHER,

276 Centre St., Pottsville,

DESIRE TO CALL ATTENTION TO THEIR EXTENSIVE ASSORTMENT OF

SPRING & SUMMER

DRY GOODS,

CONSISTING OF THE LATEST STYLES OF THE

FOREIGN & DOMESTIC MARKETS,

INCLUDING AMONG THE COLLECTION

Black and Colored Silks,
Laces and Embroideries,
Linens,
White Goods and Domestics,
Hosiery,
Gloves of all kinds,
Cloaks, &c., &c., &c.

SHAWLS OF ALL KINDS.

WE ALSO CALL ATTENTION TO OUR STOCK OF

Groceries, Queensware, &c.,

Which is very large and selected with the utmost care for this market. We do not consider it necessary to enumerate what we have, but everything in first-class Dry Goods and Grocery Store, can be had at our establishment.

April 17, '69 16-1y

NEW

SPRING GOODS

WALKER

&

PRICE,

NEW UNION HALL

DRY GOODS STORE.

We have opened, and are in receipt daily of the newest styles of goods in the market. The following will be found in extensive assortments:

Dress Goods,
SHAWLS,
HOSIERY, NOTIONS,
WHITE GOODS,
CLOTHS, FLANNELS,
HOOP SKIRTS,
DOMESTICS, &c.,

With many other goods, which we invite all to examine. Our stock is fresh and elegant styles, with prices that will command the attention of all

April 17, 1869 16-1y

THE EARTH CLOSET.

BRIGHT & CO., Agents.

THE MOST SUCCESSFUL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF THE WORLD,

THE NATIONAL

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF THE

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

Chartered by Special Act of Congress.

Cash Capital $1,000,000

BRANCH OFFICE,

PHILADELPHIA,

Officers.

C. H. CLARK, Philadelphia, President.
JAY COOKE, Phila., Chairman Finance and Executive Committee.
HENRY D. COOKE, Washington, Vice President.
EMERSON W. PEET, Phila., Sec'y and Actuary.
FRANCIS G. SMITH, M. D., Philada., Medical Director.

This Company issued, in the first TEN MONTHS of its existence,

5,395 Policies

INSURING

$15,142,800.

This Company offers to its Policy-Holders

PERFECT SECURITY

by its Cash paid up Capital of One Million Dollars, and guarantees to the insured, by its

Low Rates of Premium

LARGE DIVIDENDS IN ADVANCE,

Or a Reversionary Dividend of 100 per cent. by its

Return Premium Plan.

GENERAL AGENTS.

E. W. CLARK & CO., Bankers, No. 35 South Third Street, Philadelphia, General Agents for Pennsylvania and Southern New Jersey. B. S. RUSSELL, Manager.

F. B. WALLACE,

Local Agent, Pottsville, Pa.

Nov. 28, '68 47-1y

FURNITURE WAREROOMS.

Constantly on hand, a large assortment of the best

CABINET WARE.

Full Suits of Chamber Furniture,

PARLOR SUITS,

DINING ROOM & HALL FURNITURE

Best Hair & Husk Mattresses, &c.

Persons wishing to purchase will do well to call and examine our stock.

DANIEL M. KARCHER,

236 & 238 South Second Street,

PHILADELPHIA.

January 2, '69

KREMNITZ

WHITE LEAD, ZINC AND COLOR WORKS,

WE MANUFACTURE A CHEMICALLY PURE Carbonate of Lead.

ALSO, MANUFACTURERS, IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN ALL GRADES AND QUALITIES OF Lead and Zinc Paints, Colors, &c.

SOLE MANUFACTURERS OF THE CELEBRATED PERMANENT Oxide Green, WITH MORE BRILLIANCY, BEAUTIFUL SHADE OF COLOR, BODY AND DURABILITY THAN ANY OTHER GREEN IN THE MARKET.

ALSO, SOLE MANUFACTURERS OF McK. & CO'S CELEBRATED Vandyke Brown, VERY THIN, LIGHT IN COLOR, FREE OF SEDIMENT, AND VERY STRONG.

DEALERS ALSO IN OILS, TURPENTINE, VARNISHES, WINDOW GLASS, BRUSHES, &c., &c.

Prices low, and all goods warranted as represented.

McKNIGHT & CO.,

Manufacturers, Importers, and Wholesale Dealers, TWENTY-SECOND AND RACE STS., Philadelphia.

Send for PRICE LIST. [Aug14 '69—33-3m]

CONRAD MEYER, Inventor and Manufacturer of the Celebrated Iron Frame Pianos, Warerooms, No. 722 Arch St., Phila., has received the Prize Medal of the World's Great Exhibition, London, England. The highest prizes awarded when and wherever exhibited. [Established 1823.] Aug 14, '69

AnnieBoland,

NO. 11,

Market St., Pottsville, Penna.,

Respectfully announces to the Ladies of Pottsville and vicinity, that she has opened a

NEW CLOAK & TRIMMING STORE

at the above place. The following articles, with a variety of Notions, &c., will be kept for sale, and are offered at GREATLY REDUCED PRICES,

Ladies & Misses' Silk Sacks, Cloth Sacks, Black Silks, Cloaking Cloth, a great variety of Buttons, Guipure Laces, Fringes, Handkerchiefs, Gloves, Hosiery and Corsets.

June 19, '69. 25-1y

E. W. CLARK & CO.
BANKERS,
No. 35 SOUTH THIRD STREET
PHILADELPHIA.
GENERAL AGENTS,
FOR
PENNSYLVANIA
AND
SOUTHERN NEW JERSEY,
OF THE
NATIONAL LIFE INSURANCE CO
OF THE
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

The NATIONAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY is a corporation chartered by special Act of Congress, approved July 25, 1868, with a

CASH CAPITAL, $1,000,000, FULL PAID.

Liberal terms offered to Agents and Solicitors, who are invited to apply at our office.

Full particulars to be had on application at our office, located in the second story of our Banking House, where Circulars and Pamphlets, fully describing the advantages offered by the Company, may be had.

E. W. CLARK & CO., No. 35 South Third St.

CHAS. H. VOUTE & CO., Agents for Berks, Lebanon and Schuylkill Counties. F. B. WALLACE Local Agent, Pottsville August 15, '68—33-1y

AMERICAN

Life Insurance Comp'y

OF PHILADELPHIA,

S. E. cor. Fourth and Walnut Sts.

Income 1868.........$1,118,530 20

THE AMERICAN

offers low rates of premium.

It offers more Insurance for the same money than other companies.

It is a Home Company.

Its Policies are all non-forfeitable.

It pays life policies at death or the age of 80 years.

On the reducing-premium plan, the insured pays his largest premium the first year—which is the same as paid on the mutual-ordinary life plan—and each subsequent year it is less, and at the end of 20 years becomes paid up—and thereafter a permanent claim on the Company.

On the return-premium plan, the insured is credited annually with all he has paid to the Company, so that his insurance costs only the interest on the amounts paid in.

On the income-producing plan, the insured may receive 10 per cent. on the amount of his policy.

"INSURE IN THE AMERICAN LIFE."

ALEX. WHILDIN, President. J. S. WILSON, Secretary.

C. LITTLE, Agent.

February 6, '69 6-1y

A PACIFIC RAILWAY

GOLD LOAN

$6,500,000.

We beg leave to announce that we have accepted the agency of the

Kansas Pacific Railway Company,

For the sale of its

New Seven per cent.

Thirty Year Gold Loan, Free from Tax.

This Loan amounts to $6,500,000.

First Mortgage Land-Grant and Sinking Fund Bonds,

secured upon the extension of the Railway from near Sheridan, in Kansas, to Denver, Colorado, a distance of 237 miles, of which 12 miles are completed, and the rest is under construction. It is also a Mortgage upon Rolling Stock and Franchise of this first-class Railway, besides now running through the State of Kansas,

And in successful operation for 437 miles

west of the Missouri River, and earning already enough to meet all of its expenses and existing obligations, besides

More than the Interest upon this new Loan.

In addition to this the Bonds are also secured by a first mortgage of the

GOVERNMENT LAND GRANT OF THREE MILLION ACRES,

extending in alternate sections on either side of the track, from the 394th mile post in Kansas to Denver. The proceeds of the sale of these lands are to be invested by the Trustees in the 7 per cent. Bonds themselves up to 120 or in U. S. Bonds, as

A Sinking Fund for the Redemption of the Bonds.

The lands embrace some of the finest portions of the magnificent Territory of Colorado, including a coal field and pinery. The Company also holds as an asset another tract of

Three Millions of Acres in the State of Kansas.

And although not pledged as a security for this Loan, their possession adds largely to the Company's wealth and credit. We estimate the

VALUE OF THE COMPANY'S PROPERTY, COVERED BY THIS MORTGAGE, AT $23,000,000 (NET), WHILE THE LOAN IS MERELY $6,500,000.

The Bonds have

THIRTY YEARS TO RUN,

from May 1, 1869, and will pay

SEVEN PER CENT. INTEREST IN GOLD,

semi-annually, on May 1 and Nov. 1, and are

Free from Government Taxation.

The Company paying the tax.

The PRINCIPAL of the Loan is made PAYABLE in GOLD, in the City of New York, but each coupon will be

PAYABLE IN FRANKFORT, LONDON OR NEW YORK,

at option of the holder, without notice, at the following rates:

On $1,000 Bond in New York, $35 (gold) each half year. " " London, £7. 5s 10d. " " Frankfort, 87 fl. 30 kritz.

The Agents of the Loan, before accepting the trust had the condition of the Road, and the country through which it runs, carefully examined. They are happy to give the Loan an emphatic endorsement as a

FIRST CLASS INVESTMENT,

in every respect perfectly sure, and in some essential even

Better than Government Securities.

The Bonds will be sold for the present at

96, AND ACCRUED INTEREST, BOTH IN CURRENCY.

the Agents reserving the right to advance the rate.

The attention of investors is invited to these well secured bonds, which we recommend as one of the most profitable investments in the market.

Gold and Government Securities taken in payment at their market value, without commission.

Pamphlets, with maps giving full information, sent on application.

DABNEY, MORGAN & CO.,

No. 53 Exchange Place, N. Y.

M. K. JESUP & CO.,

No. 12, Pine St., N. Y.

August 7, 1869 31

Wire Railing, Wire Guards, for Store Fronts, Factories, &c. Heavy Crimped Wire Cloth for cleaning ores, coal, &c. Heavy Screen Cloths and Coal Screens. Wire Webbing for sheep and poultry yards. Paper Makers' Wires, Brass and Iron Wire Cloth, Sieves, Painted Screens, Ornamental Wire work. Every information by addressing the manufacturers, M. WALKER & SONS, No. 11 North 6th Street, Philadelphia. Feb 6, '69 6-1y

PURE CIDER VINEGAR for sale by M. V. HUTCHINSON, No. 3 East Market St., Pottsville. August 7, '69 32-4t

HILLSIDE.—Now ready for Pic Nics, with spacious Dancing Platform, Rustic Arbors, &c. Also, a large and convenient Bathing and Swimming Establishment, with Ladies' and Gentlemen's Dressing Rooms, comfortably furnished, and a spacious Hall for dancing, all enclosed and under cover; nearly completed.

In Winter, premises to be used with the Dam, for a Skating Park.

Club Subscriptions for year, $10; entitling holder and family to access and use of grounds, buildings, &c., at any time.

Those desiring to become members are requested to subscribe without delay.

Associations, Sunday Schools, &c., accommodated on reasonable terms.

CHRISTOPHER LITTLE, Art. for Proprietor. Office 16 Mahantongo St., Pottsville. August 7, '69 32-tf

THE MISSISQUOI POWDER actually cures Cancer and Scrofulous diseases of the Skin. See Report to L. I. Medical Society, and statements of Physicians in circular, sent free on application to CHAS. A. DUBOIS, General Agent, 193 Pearl St., New York, P. O. Box 1659. July 10, '69 28-3m

DADDOW'S NEW MAP

OF THE

ANTHRACITE COAL REGIONS.

This Map is the latest published of the Anthracite Coal Regions of Pennsylvania. It differs in many respects from other Maps published, because it gives the formation and also a representation of the Coal Basins, together with the location of all the collieries in the Anthracite Coal Regions, &c., &c.

Price on Rollers	$3 50
In case for Pocket	1 50
In Sheets	1 75
D. on Muslin	3 00
D. on Muslin dissected	

Those in Pocket form will be sent free by mail on receipt of the above prices. For sale at BANNAN & RAMSEY'S Bookstore, Pottsville.

EARTH CLOSETS,

Fixtures and Commodes in Stock

BRIGHT & CO., Agents,

CRESYLIC PLANT PROTECTOR,

For destroying Bugs, Insects, &c., on Trees and Plants. For sale at BANNAN & RAMSEY'S Bookstore.

Saturday, August 21, 1869.

Postscript.

THE LATEST NEWS.

Swindling Farmers—Miscellany.

Farmers in New York State, along the Canadian border, have been swindled out of $250,000 by a patent right fraud. An officer was in Buffalo on Thursday, looking after parties charged with the swindle. One of these is a broker, who negotiated large amounts of forged notes.

A difficulty has occured on the Susquehanna Railroad, at the Binghamton end, owing to the refusal of the Erie officials to forward through freight until back charges are paid. This there is difficulty in doing, owing to the struggle of the rival interests, and meantime freight is blocked, and the employees are leaving the road.

Mrs. Fitzgerald has been burned to death, near Cincinnati, by the explosion of a coal oil lamp.

A five mile sculling race between Hamill and Coulter, for $2000, came off at Pittsburg on Thursday. It was won by Coulter, who distanced Hamill 100 yards.

Gold closed on Thursday at 132¼. Government securities were ¼ a ½ higher, except for the registered 5.20s of 1862, which were ½ lower. The general stock market was quiet, with a lowering tendency. Cotton advanced ½.

THE DAILY MINERS' JOURNAL

WILL GIVE

LATEST TELEGRAPHIC NEWS,

THE FULLEST LOCAL

COUNTY NEWS,

AND THE

General News of the Day,

FROM 6 TO 12 HOURS EARLIER

Than any other Daily Paper received in Schuylkill Co.

PRICE ONLY TWO CENTS.

SEND IN YOUR ORDERS.

ON Thursday, August 26, Gov. Geary will lay the corner stone of the new State Lunatic Asylum at Danville.

IT is estimated that over 200,000 bushels of last year's wheat crop still remain in the hands of growers in one county in Iowa.

DEMOCRATIC newspapers in Iowa are disputing about the spelling of the name of one of their candidates. The gentleman's own testimony is rejected on the ground that "he don't know."

JACOB HARLEY (Long and favorably known for his fair dealing) dealer in Watches, Jewelry, &c., has removed from Market street, to 1220 Chestnut street, Philadelphia. Read his advertisement in this issue.

A LABOR CONGRESS has been in session in Philadelphia this week. On Wednesday a committee of five was appointed to investigate the charges made against the Pennsylvania mining operatives, and report if they have any foundation.

WE cannot refrain from giving Mrs. Read's Infant Relief more than a passing notice, as it has proved worthy of the confidence of parents, and has done infinite good. Its rapid growth has resulted more from its merit than extravagant advertising.

LETTER FROM HAZLETON.

HAZLETON, August 19 1869.

EDITORS MINERS' JOURNAL:—In my last I stated that Mr. Hatcheson's child had died from the effects of being scalded. This is not the case. The child is still living and is recovering. I was misinformed of the fact.

The ticket nominated by the Republican County Convention of this County, is composed as follows: Assembly—George Coray, of Scranton; Henry Wilson, of Hazleton; John F. McMahon, of Wilkesbarre. Treasurer—G. M. Miller, of Lackawanna. Register—C. P. Kidder, of Wilkesbarre. Recorder—L. D. Flanagan, of Lohman. Commissioners—J. F. Scamans, of Bunton, 3 years; John Fisher, of Wilkesbarre, 2 years. Auditor—R. P. Ringsbury, of Scranton. Coroner—Dr. Wm. D. Hamilton, of Shickshinny. This is a strong ticket; a better one could not be selected. Among them is the editor of the Hazleton Sentinel, Henry Wilson, Esq.—an honest, upright gentleman; a good journalist and hard worker. As great dissatisfaction exists between the Democracy of Wilkesbarre and Scranton, and the probable nomination of another ticket, I can not see why the Republicans cannot elect their ticket, on ted as they are.

The ticket nominated by the Democrats on Tuesday last, is as follows: Assembly—D. L. O'Neill, S. W. Keene and N. S. Westler; Treasurer—James Campbell; Recorder—Thomas Hutchins; Register—Charles C. Plotz; Commissioner—S. W. Bailey; Auditor—A. M. Renshaw; Coroner—Dr. J. W. O'Malley.

The balloting for candidates was a regular farce, and the Convention ended almost in a row, and while all was excitement some one turned out the lights, when they dispersed, leaving most of their business undone.

The citizens are now, for the twentieth time, agitating the question of having gas works. It is really too bad for a town of this size to be without gas. We have plenty of men of capital in our midst, and it would not be much trouble to organize a company, if some one would only take a hold of the matter.

The action of the Coal operators of the Middle Coal Field, through the meeting at Mauch Chunk, caused great excitement. The men at nearly all the collieries have suspended work. We may now look for a long suspension; hard times seem to stare us in the face. If the miners can stand it, I am sure the operators can.

The Coal and Iron Police force is now organized, and are now ready for active service. The commander, Ed. C. Farrow, is the right man in the right place. Among the force I notice many from Schuylkill County, all of whom served in Marshal Heisler's force, and a better set could not be selected elsewhere—all being ex-policemen. I will keep your readers posted in their doings.

A game of base ball for the championship—one of the most exciting of the season—was played on Monday, 16th, between the "Pioneers" of Tamaqua, and "Sugarloaf" of Hazleton, near Jeanesville, this being the third game of the season, each club having instance came off victorious, score standing 41 to 28. The "pitching" and "batting" of both clubs was splendid. The game was witnessed by a very large crowd, of both sexes, from Hazleton and Jeanesville.

In my first letter I mentioned the fact of the robbery of Spohn & Kreider's shoe store, and also the stealing of a horse and wagon from other parties. This week the horse and wagon was found near Orwigsburg, but nothing was seen of the boots and shoes. If it had run away. The wagon was found some miles from where the horse was caught, with stains of blood in it.

The operators have commenced paying off their men, making money matters easy hereabouts.

Robinson's Great Southwestern Circus will be here on the 31st inst. B. C. B.

PRETTY WOMEN.—A comparatively few ladies monopolize the Beauty as well as the attention of Society. This ought not to be so, but it is; and will be while men are foolish and single out pretty faces for companions.

This can all be changed by using Hagan's Magnolia Balm, which gives the Bloom of Youth and a refined sparkling Beauty to the Complexion, pleasing, powerful and natural.

No lady need complain of a red, tanned, freckled or rustic Complexion who will invest seventy-five cents in Hagan's Magnolia Balm. Its effects are truly wonderful. To Preserve and Dress the Hair use Lyon's Kathairon. 32-4t

S. A. FILBERT, H. OTTO, H. M. OTTO, G. W. MILLER.

FILBERT, OTTO & MILLER,

Manufacturers of and dealers in

LUMBER, Williamsport, Penna.

Mill on Canal, west of Maynard St.—Office at Mill. July 31, '69—31-1y W. E. CRANE, Agent.

UNION HAMS.

In offering our brand of Hams this season, we beg leave to state several reasons why we consider them the best article in the market, viz: The Hams are selected only from corn-fed Hogs. The ingredients used in curing are the VERY best quality. Each Ham before pickling, is assorted in sizes, and each size allowed to remain in pickle just long enough to cure, which prevents them getting too salt, a great fault with most Hams.

Besides, every one knows that NEW MEAT is superior to that killed and cured months back. We have large patent ICE HOUSES, and cure all through the summer; so that we furnish Hams cut from Hogs that were alive SIX WEEKS before. We feel satisfied that any one who will give them a trial will agree that they are all we claim—THE BEST HAMS CURED.

A. F. CHESEBROUGH & CO.,

PORK PACKERS AND DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF SMOKED AND SALTED PROVISIONS, LARD, FISH, CHEESE, &c.

Store, 10 N. Delaware Avenue,

PACKING HOUSE,

S. E. Cor. 9th and Reed Sts., Philada.

March 13, '69 11-6m

WOODEN WATER PIPES, SAVE Trough and Pump Tubing, and Wycoff's Patent Imperishable Water and Gas Pipe for water and gas works, all pipes sold at manufacturers' prices. BRIGHT & BOWEN, Agents for Schuylkill County, Ashland, Pa. October 3, '68 40-1y

WIRE FLY AND MOSQUITO

WINDOW SHADES.

SIGNS for Banks, Offices, &c.

LANDSCAPES, &c., for Private Houses

PLAIN SHADES of Every Description,

WIRE GAUZE of Every Variety,

WIRE FENCING

FOR

FARMS, GARDENS, LAWNS, &c

WHITE METAL WIRE

FOR

CLOTHES LINES.

G. DE WITT, BRO. & CO.,

633 Market Street, Philada.

June 5, '69 23-3m

NOTICE.—Public sale of

SMITHSONIAN HALL.

Will be offered at Public Sale on TUESDAY, AUGUST 24th, at 3 o'clock P. M., on the premises, this well known business stand, having one of the finest Ball Rooms in the County. It is calculated for a Ball Room, Lectures, Exhibitions, Concerts, Panoramas, &c. The Ball Room alone will bring good paying business, for Balls, Lectures, Exhibitions. There is a constant clear more than the whole rent. There is a good spring of pure water, garden and green house, ice cream saloon, good fine stall stable, &c. If not sold on day of sale will be let at a reasonable rent. JOSEPH SMITH. 33-2t