Miners' Journal.

POTTSVILLE, PA.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 7, 1868.

VICTORY! VICTORY!! VICTORY!!!

The Copperhead Reaction.

THE NATION REDEEMED.

The sun of last Tuesday sank in the West, leaving an auburn flush along the horizon. He rose again on Wednesday morning with a splendor which soon melted the frost rime from the fields, scattered the morning mists and flooded the firmament with golden light, giving us the luxury of a glorious day. It seems as if the Creator had flung the banner of his smile over our redeemed land. The third of November, 1868, will now take its place by the side of the Fourth of July, 1776, as one of the days big with national destiny. Our country has been rocked with violent political excitement for many years, especially during the last eight years.

Four of these eight tumultuous years were spent in subduing the most causeless, wanton and abominable rebellion known in human history, and at the same time one of the bloodiest rebellions known in the annals of mankind. The remaining four years up to the present time have been employed by the loyal element of the nation in circumventing and defeating the schemes of an ingrate to his friends who will be pilloried in history as one of the moral monstrosities of the human race. No salt of flattery, no oily speeches of the William H. Seward type can save Andrew Johnson, who might have been the pet of fame from this dismal destiny of the aversion of coming generations of men. During these years of struggle there have been certain climacteric periods—times when it was clear the fate of the nation for weal or woe was at stake. The battle of Gettysburg was one of those periods during the war when the whole nation looked on the contending armies with anxious hearts and with bated breath. Victory was written by the sun of the 4th of July, 1863, upon the flag of the Union, and from the effects of that sublime victory of truth and liberty the ranks of the rebellion never rallied. THE SURRENDER OF APPOMATTOX COURT HOUSE WAS DECREED IN THE BATTLE THUNDERS WHICH ROLLED OUT FROM THE HEIGHTS OF GETTYSBURG. The struggles of the nation at the ballot-box have just passed their point of culmination, AND THE LOYAL MASSES HAVE WON AS THEY FOUGHT. The recent elections have been heralded by much vaunting of a great Democratic reaction among the people, a wave of indignation that would sweep all naughty radicals into the sea of infamy and oblivion. Well, the wave of Copperhead wrath has swelled, curled, foamed and broken against the solid battlements of the temple of American Liberty, and before the strength of the noble structure, the mad wave has scattered into hissing and growling spray. God be praised for this magnificent deliverance of a great nation from the hands of its sworn enemies; for did not truculent rebels from the Rio Grande to the Potomac exult in the prospect of gaining their "lost cause"—of gaining by the ballots of sympathizing Copperheads what they had failed to gain by storms of bullets and the clashings of Southern steel? Let the people rejoice over the recent victories of well fought battles with the legions of ignorance and vice, for every new year of national life will furnish new proof of the grandeur involved in the election of Gen. Ulysses S. Grant to the Presidency of the United States of America. HENCEFORTH DEATH IS THE DOOM OF THE SO-CALLED DEMOCRATIC PARTY. IT CAN NEVER PROSPER BEFORE THE AMERICAN PEOPLE ON A PLATFORM WHOSE EVERY PLANK IS REEKING WITH THE BLOOD OF THE MARTYRED SOLDIERS OF THE UNION. Hereafter liberty is to be the law of this land. Slavery never more shall lift aloft its horrid and accursed crest to make the nation wail. For the first time in our national history we really have a COUNTRY, ONE AND INDIVISIBLE. It will be but a few months hence until an American citizen wrapping himself in the folds of the National flag can travel from Maine to California, and from Minnesota to Texas, Louisiana and Florida, AND WRITE AND SPEAK FREELY WHAT HE THINKS, WITHOUT DREADING THE PISTOLS AND DIRKS OF REBEL BULLIES. The whole South will be a desolation and solitude, or else this right of free speech and free press shall be acknowledged wherever the flag of the Union waves.

This we believe, is the registered vow of the Boys in Blue, and of the loyal people of the country. We know our rights and dare maintain them. Let Ku Klux murderers of poor, and harmless black men; let the assassins of the noble white Union men of the South read the decree of the American people in the recent elections, and shape their conduct accordingly. The wrath of abused patience is the most terrible visitation which can overtake the guilty. Oh, bright years of the future, we hail you as we see you gathering like sea-waves, and breaking merrily on the sounding shores of a sublime national destiny! While these bright years are breaking the glad tidings of joy and blessing, we may not forget the doom of those whose efforts have been expended to stay the coming of the white years of peace and prosperity. Past ages have witnessed great sorrows sweeping over the bosom of Europe. One great idea wave of violence and invasion was created by Attila, the Hun, who called himself "the scourge of God." Long after the men of this generation shall have gone to their graves, the choral voices of the years to come, will shout together "ANDREW JOHNSON, THE ATTILA OF AMERICA—THE SCOURGE OF GOD!"

THERE SHALL BE PEACE.

Such was the decision of the American people on Tuesday last. Through the silent but all powerful medium of the ballot, they have settled every issue which has agitated the nation since the close of the Rebellion. They have expressed their confidence in Congress and Gen. Grant. They have endorsed the legislative measures necessary to Reconstruction, and they have decided that President Grant shall see that they are executed. Once more the lives of Union men in the South shall be safe and their property shall be protected. The freedman will rejoice in the decision, for it means protection to him from assassination and persecution at the hands of unrepentant rebels. A new rebellion and repudiation are laid in dishonored graves, and foreign nations will have cause to respect our flag more than ever.

This is essentially a victory of the people for the Right. To them belongs essentially, the honor and the praise. And they have won it in the face of the most desperate efforts of an unworthy party, and of the most unblushing frauds perpetrated in this State, in New York, in Ohio, and elsewhere throughout the Union. With the extent of the naturalization frauds our readers are familiar. To give some idea of the extent of illegal registration practised in New York by the Sham Democracy, we extract the following from the Evening Post published the day before the election:

The United States Grand Jury have indicted Abram Hyatt, of Westchester, late Collector; Louis Onderdonk, County Clerk of Orange county; Wm. J. Dickinson and Wickham T. Shaw, deputy clerks; Samuel D. Dominick and Henry G. Millspaugh, two Democratic lawyers of Orange county, for aiding in frauds in the naturalization of voters.

So amazing have been the fraudulent registrations, as to imply incompetency on the part of many inspectors, if not direct complicity. In the sixth ward which has less than 4,000 legal voters, 5,461 names are found on the registers. Fifty persons registered from a single house, where only nine actually live. Vacant lots are made to teem with population in these days.—Twelve persons who do not live at the Spingler House, registered with that address. Even that most infamous place, 119 Mercer street, turned out a component of men to be registered; and old directories have been so laboriously used that numbers of dead men are on the registry lists.

Private residences of prominent politicians have been used in the same way. Five persons register from the house of Supervisor Tweed. Five more date from the residence of Police Justice Shandley. Eleven are credited from the house of Coroner Patrick H. Keenan. All these places are in the Seventh Ward, where four gangs of "repeaters" are organized and actively operating.

State Senator Michael Norton has twenty-six men registered from his house. Peter Mitchell, a Tammany candidate for member of Assembly, has three legal voters at his house and twenty-four registered.

We firmly believe that the exposures which have been made of the corrupt and illegal doings of the Sham Democracy during the late campaign, will drive thousands of honest Democrats from it who would be ashamed in the future to be known as members of a party guilty of such demoralizing and corrupt practices. For they will justly scorn to act with a party of robbers and perjurers. And all Democrats who pride themselves upon their probity and who are desirous of a prosperous and respected future for this country should separate from that party. For they and in fact the American people should understand that the great peril of this Republic is toleration of corruption and illegality on the part of public officers, and especially where they are dallied with by those who wear the judicial ermine. The people yet blush at the illegal and indecent acts of the Supreme Court of this State when controlled be partizan judges of the Sharswood stamp.

With the great and glorious victory which has crowned the efforts of the people this week, let them resolve that to insure its full fruition, they will frown upon and severely punish all attempts to undermine public virtue in the manner which has disgraced the country during the present year. Let us do this and history will have no brighter page than that which tells how a great, free people not only preserved their liberties but their public virtue.

AN IMPORTANT SUBJECT.

THE MINORITY COUNTIES.

The Philadelphia *Press* very wisely called the attention of the Legislature to this subject, in an article published a short time before the election, which is to the point. After speaking of the glorious work done in the minority counties, it says:

"The instance we have given is not more true of the counties that are Republican than of those that are Democratic. It, therefore, where Republicans had the additional encouragement of a hope for local success, they thus nobly responded to the call of the hour, their action where they had no such hope to stimulate them makes them heroes. And this makes the occasion a proper one for calling the attention of our newly elected legislators to the fact that their friends in minority counties are as worthy of their attention as those they more immediately represent. Many counties thus situated have hitherto justly murmured at the negligence of the Republican majority in the Legislature. It is quite convenient on an occasion there for a piece of legislation of general moment to be turned aside from Democratic counties at the instance of a Democratic member, upon the specious pretense of a return of the compliment. The idea of non interference with district affairs by our Legislators, because forsooth, that district happens to be Democratic, is ridiculous. It is simply a neglect on the part of the Legislature which is intolerable, and which has a foundation only in coldness or ignorance. The almost total denial of justice to Republicans by the courts, at least by the juries of York county, led the better class of men there to pioneer that reform in our jury system which has eventuated in the appointment of jury commissioners. All her efforts to secure this much-needed legislation specially, failed, and she was forced to abide the delay of years and a majority favored a general bill.

We could mention hundreds of instances where in Democratic counties the minority have been unjustly deprived of legislation which did not even in the least savor of politics, but which would have enabled them to transact business, to block out new school districts, to build additional school houses, to erect bridges, to form corporations for the development of mineral resources, and for doing many other things calculated to increase their wealth and happiness. The only reason we have ever heard given for this deprivation is that it is the custom in such cases not to interfere. Let it be remembered that the districting of this State is a mere matter of convenience in securing the Legislative therefor. It was never designed to deprive any portion or any one of the friends of the majority.

We call upon the majority of our State Legislature to give this matter their careful attention. They will have ample time to solve the problem fully for themselves between this and January. In the event of a coincidence of conclusions, they should by no means forget the gallant men in the minority counties, who, without hope of present preferment, but with an eye single only to the vindication of those principles which make our party a grand progressive unit, fought a gallant fight against double odds."

The above is true to the letter. The minority counties have been treated in the most shameful manner—in fact they suffer more from the Republicans than they do from the Copperheads. Scarcely a solitary act of legislation can the minority counties obtain from a Republican Legislature. Two years' ago, after the most strenuous exertions, mingled with threats, a corrupt ring of political scoundrels of both parties was broken in the Legislature, and laws were passed which have largely checked the murders and crime in Schuylkill County, while some of the Republican Senators in voting for it, cursed some of their weak-kneed political associates, because they thought proper to vote in favor of protecting the people. At the last session of the Legislature, these Republicans again united with the Copperheads and repealed one of these laws, in spite of the remonstrance of all the Republicans in the County, and this community was only saved from fresh scenes of bloodshed by the Governor's veto. We cannot get the most trifling bill passed by the Legislature for anything connected with the County, while the Copperhead members are continually getting passed the most infamous bills for the purpose of crippling all our exertions.

Two years ago it was proposed to call a Convention of the minority counties and take action on this business. It was postponed on account of national questions, but we are now in favor of calling a Convention to meet at Harrisburg in January, to act on this subject, and if a Republican Legislature will not protect us, we will advocate the nomination of a separate ticket for State officers at the next election, and let the majority counties elect their ticket if they can. At present the minority counties are suffering more, and are treated more shamefully than if the Copperhead party were in power.

We hope the press in the minority counties will speak out on boldly this subject. Now is the time to have this question settled. Where members are corrupt and will form rings for dishonest purposes, let them be held up to the indignation of the people. We, for one, are determined to do it. We would have done it last spring if ill health for a considerable time had not prevented us from so doing at the time.

NATURALIZATION—THE REMEDY.

The villainy and rascality practised by the leaders of the Copperhead party, from the highest judges on the State Benches down to the lowest "roughs" in the subterranean dens of the cities, will demand a remodelling of the naturalization laws by Congress. The Copperheads have forced it upon the country, and if the privileges are materially abridged, the responsibility rests upon their shoulders. By some it has been suggested that it should be confined to the United States Courts. This would largely abridge naturalization, because the U. S. Courts are not numerous, there being only two in Pennsylvania, at Philadelphia and Pittsburgh. We would extend the privilege to all courts acting in a judicial character—but we would make it more stringent as to the character of the applicant, and we would also require that every person who desires to make application shall apply to Court, and register his name and residence, and also the name and residence of his voucher, and that these applications with name and residence shall be published in at least two papers in the county thirty days before the application can be granted. We would require the names to be registered for the last papers as well as for the first, because the thirty days would give ample time to make inquiry with regard to the first papers, when they were obtained in any other section of the country. It ought also be required that the names and residence of all persons naturalized should also be published, after they have obtained their papers. This would also tend as a check upon fraud, and in case of war, the names of those in the community who were naturalized would be known. During the late rebellion thousands of naturalized citizens denied their citizenship, escaped the draft, and as soon as the rebellion was over claimed the right to vote as naturalized citizens.

THE GREAT CARNIVAL OF CRIME.

The Grand Jury of Philadelphia last week found an indictment against a large number of New York politicians, who brought into Philadelphia a great number of "Roughs" who are known as "Repeaters," and who were distributed in gangs over the city, at all the election polls that they could gain access to. Among the number indicted, are Peter Norton and Henry W. Genet, Senators from the City of New York in the State Legislature; Fiorence Scammed, an Alderman of New York City; Lewis Baker, the murderer of Bill Poole,—together with a number of others. Gov. Geary has served a requisition on Gov. Fenton of New York, for their surrender. According to the *Press*, these men arrived in Philadelphia several hundred strong, about 6 o'clock A. M., the morning of the election, in squads under a leader, and were quartered in different parts of the city. One squad was quartered at Donohue's Hotel, corner Ninth and Sansom streets, right in the heart of the city. Another squad at Alderman Devlin's Hotel, Moyamensing, and were marched to the different polls, where the Cops had the officers and voted. They had all been furnished with names by the Philadelphia leaders, and a number were made Sheriff's deputies, and wore the Sheriff's badge, who crowded these votes in.

It is enough almost to sicken the heart of every friend of liberal principles to see such rascality on the part of the Copperhead leaders. It would be nothing but retributive justice if every one of these scoundrel leaders were hung to the first lamp post. We hope that nothing will deter the citizens of Philadelphia from laying this rascality bare, and give these criminals all the punishment the law will allow.

CONGRESS will not meet on the 10th inst., no public exigency requiring it.

Local Affairs.

Weekly Almanac.

Nov.—1868.	SUN RISES	SUN SETS	MOON'S CHANGES.	D.	H.	M.
7 SATURDAY	6 37	4 50				
8 SUNDAY	6 38	4 49				
9 MONDAY	6 40	4 48	Last Q.	7	6	51 mo.
10 TUESDAY	6 41	4 47	New M.	14	5	59 ev.
11 WEDNESDAY	6 42	4 46	First Q.	22	1	50 mo.
12 THURSDAY	6 43	4 45	Full M.	29	8	4 ev.
13 FRIDAY	6 44	4 44				

French Merinoes at Gallands' for 50 cents.

Louis Quill of Ashland has removed to Missouri.

There was quite a heavy fall of snow in this County on Saturday last.

Lieut. Bev. Reilly, U. S. A., paid this Borough a brief visit this week. He is on duty in Washington at Gen. Grant's headquarters.

Nicholas Lambrecht, late Lieutenant in the 173d Penna. Reg., died in Tamaqua last week. His remains were interred in the Odd Fellows Cemetery.

On Tuesday last John Meenan of this Borough, brakesman on the Reading Railroad, was run over at Hamburg, and severely injured. He was brought to his residence.

A Democratic friend being absent from his place of business on Wednesday, on inquiry we ascertained that he was engaged in rowing as per promise, a political friend up that classic stream, Salt River.

On Sunday last, George, nephew of Mr. Jacob Ulmer, butcher, of this Borough, cut his wrist badly, by bringing it accidentally in contact with a cleaver which was hanging up.

The members of the Athlete Base Ball and Cricket Club are requested to meet at their rooms on Wednesday evening next, at 8 o'clock, as business of importance will be transacted.

Singer Celebrated Sewing Machines.—Mrs. E. Gantz has been appointed sole agent of Pottsville, for the sale of Douglas celebrated machines. Call and examine them at her store, No. 38 Market street. 43-4t

The indications are that we will have a hard winter. The various signs have already made themselves apparent, and if "Old Probs" is right, we are winging their way southward. This is much earlier than usual for them.

A soldier applies to us for a situation as clerk or salesman in a store or at a colliery, with a good man at reasonable wages. Any person needing such a hand will confer a favor by addressing Bannan & Ramsey, MINERS' JOURNAL *office*.

A wager between Mr. Solomon Kirk, (democrat,) and Mr. Frank Parvin, (Republican,) of Tremont, on the election for President, to the effect that the defeated candidate should carry one end of Main street to the other, will take place this afternoon. Kirk will do the wheeling.

Body Found.—On Sunday afternoon the body of a new born male infant was found floating in the Canal at Lock No. 7, below Mt. Carbon. From the appearance of the body it had been in the water but a short time. An inquest was held by deputy Coroner Conrad, but no facts were elicited to trace the crime to any parties.

Mr. James Fister, the attentive and courteous mail agent on the Reading Railroad, between Philadelphia and this place, has been removed, and Mr. Wm. Maltz appointed in his place. Mr. Fister was removed simply because he is a Republican. There is no other cause, for he is known to have been an efficient and faithful mail agent.

Odd Fellowship.—On Wednesday afternoon, Oct. 28, Geo. H. Helfrich, D. D. G. P., assisted by Geo. W. Reifsnyder, instituted Clay Encampment of I. O. of O. F., at Mahanoy City, and installed the following officers:—C. P., Chas. Bensinger; H. P., S. H. Lutz; S. W., W. Cowley; J. W., S. Calloway; Scribe, Geo. Latham; Treas. S. Faust.

Enormous Trout.—On Saturday morning that Chas. Kerner while gunning for ducks on the lower Tumbling Run, stunned by a load of shot from his gun on the surface of the water, a trout. The fish floated on the surface, and was secured. It measured 18 inches in length, and weighed nearly two pounds. It is the largest mountain trout we ever saw.

Nicholas J. Rehr, the well known musician, who was leader of the Pottsville Band when it was in the service with the 96th Pa. Reg., died at his residence in this Borough on Monday night last after a lingering illness, aged 44 years. His remains were interred in Odd Fellows Cemetery on Wednesday afternoon last, attended to the grave by Jones's Cornet Band.

Bryon Oulton, a young man of great personal worth, beloved by all his associates, formerly a soldier and comrade of the Grand Army of Republic, was killed on the Catawissa Railroad near the paper mill town, at Catawissa, on Friday morning, October 23d. His remains were sent to Philadelphia to be interred by his comrades of the G. A. R. He was in the 21st year of his age.

Mr. H. H. Davis's beautiful certificate of membership of the G. A. R., has been adopted by the Departments of Pennsylvania and New York. The certificate will be issued to Posts through Headquarters, at a fixed price per copy, including a ticket for a chance in the drawing of Mr. Davis's Panorama of the Rebellion. The certificates promises to be widely adopted by the Order.

Bishop Stevens of this Episcopal diocese, announces that he will rest for a few weeks, in compliance with the directions of his physician. This can be conveniently done, as the clergy of the parishes for which he made appointments have mostly asked for postponement. During the month of November those who have business with the Bishop will communicate with his secretary, Rev. John A. Childs.

G. A. R.—Post No. 92, of Mount Carmel, proposes holding a Fair during the holidays for the benefit of widows and orphans of deceased soldiers, sailors and marines. Citizens generally of Pottsville, are solicited to extend aid to the project by contributing fancy needlework, etc., to it. Any donation will be thankfully received by members of Post No. 23 of this Borough, and will be thankfully acknowledged by Post 92.

Probably the meanest Copperheads in the United States, are found in Schuylkill Haven. On Monday last, one of the leading Copperheads of that place went to the house of a Republican, living in the vicinity of that town, whose brother gets relief from the County. The Cop. said that if he did not vote for Seymour, relief to the brother would be cut off, and he though a poor man, be compelled to support him. A nice threat that.

Solomon Schantz, a carpenter, for many years in the employ of Mr. Walter S. Chilson, died on Wednesday last at his residence in Palo Alto, after an illness of three days. The cause of his death was an affection of the throat. He was a member of the Knights of Pythias and of the Brotherhood of the Union, both of which Orders attended his funeral yesterday afternoon. He was interred in the Odd Fellows' Cemetery in this Borough.

The planet Venus is now near her greatest western elongation from the sun, and rises a little more than three hours before the sun in the morning, being thus easily discernable in the east just before sunrise, and on account of her present brightness, being visible after the sun has risen, if the atmosphere be clear. Venus is now in the Virgo, near the bright star Regulus, the star in the base of the handle of the well known sickle of Leo.

Death of a Soldier.—Thomas B. Lumsden, a member of Co. E, 10th Regiment United States Infantry, died in Grenada, Mississippi, on the 13th ult., of congestive fever, aged 20 years and 4 months. He was interred at Grenada with military honors. He was a native of Port Carbon, and had enlisted the 7th of August, 1866. Mr. Lumsden was a worthy young man; an excellent soldier, and had the entire esteem and confidence of his superior officers, and the love of his companions-in-arms.

Mr. Wm. Kehrer, safe manufacturer, died at his residence in this Borough on Tuesday evening last, of consumption, aged 45 years. Mr. Kehrer was a native of Wirtemburg, Germany, but had lived for many years a resident of this country. He was an excellent citizen and highly respected. As a safe manufacturer he had no superior in this country. The funeral will take place at 3 o'clock to-morrow afternoon. His remains will be interred in Odd Fellows' Cemetery.

The general jubilee was so great on Tuesday night last on the reception of the glorious election news, that even some of our Democratic friends were drawn into the whirlpool of excitement. Major Wetherill, a leader of this Ward, rifled, made quite an elaborate impromptu speech at the Union League rooms, congratulating the Republicans on their success, and finally complimenting Gen. Grant in the highest terms. He concluded by proposing three cheers for Gen. Grant, which were given with a will.

Killed on the Reading Railroad.—On Thursday afternoon last between 4 and 5 o'clock, while a car was being repaired upon a siding at the crossing above Schuylkill Haven, a lad named John Stanton, about 13 years of age, got upon it for a ride. He slipped and fell on the track, a train of one of the wheels cutting off the back of his head, and one of his arms, killing him instantly. He was a son of John Stanton, deceased, and lived on the Flat near Schuylkill Haven. Jumping on and off of railroad cars when they are in motion, is an exceedingly dangerous practice, and this occurrence should prove a warning to persons never to attempt it under any circumstances.

On Tuesday last at the polls in Schuylkill Township, a man offered his vote, and was refused on the ground that he was not a citizen of that Township. He went to Tamaqua to get Squire Graeff and a few others to prove his residence. They accompanied him to the polls in a two horse carriage, and on their testimony his vote was received. At the polls Mr. Graeff and the others were threatened with violence. After they had left they were assaulted with stones, and the planks at a bridge which they had to cross, were torn up. Mr. Shibery and others discovered it, and caught the horses in time to prevent them and the carriage from being precipitated into the creek.

Odd Fellows' Flag.—The R. W. Grand Lodge of the United States, I. O. O. F., at their recent session, adopted a flag to be used on all public occasions. The flag is to be of white material, either bunting, cotton cloth or satin; the proportions to be 11-19ths of the length for the width. The emblem, three links, to be placed in the centre of the flag, with the letters I. O. O. F., and the name of the State, District or Territory using it, to be wrought in scarlet color. Whenever the flag is to be used by the Encampment, two crooks are to be added. The Grand Lodge of the United States has ordered a National flag, which will be borne for the first time in the grand procession in Philadelphia, in April, 1869.

Distressing Occurrence.—On Thursday evening last as Mr. William Bensinger of Palo Alto, who had been present at the Masonic ceremonies in Cressona, was walking to the station, in company with several friends, to take the cars for home, he in the dark walked over the embankment at the railroad bridge which crosses the turnpike leading into Cressona. The sheer descent is about eighteen feet, and Mr. Bensinger sustained such severe injuries that he was rendered unconscious and was unable to walk. He was placed on a settee and conveyed to the train, where Dr. Robins and Dr. Koehler rendered medical assistance. Mr. Bensinger was taken to his residence. He was better yesterday, and his life is thought, recover without serious results.

Fire Damp Explosion.—On Saturday afternoon last an explosion of fire damp took place in an old working connected with the Hickory Shaft Colliery, at Wadesville. There had been an accumulation of gas in the working which had been closed up, and when several miners entered it with their naked lamps, the gas was fired and an explosion took place. Benjamin Shaklee was blown to a considerable distance, and had his neck broken. He died in twenty four hours after the occurrence. John Thomas and James Shaklee had their hands burned.

An explosion took place at the St. Clair Shaft on Monday last, by which two miners were severely burned.

Night Schools.—They should be established in this Borough, for boys and young men who are employed during the day. This will give them a chance to cultivate their minds, to become more intelligent and useful to society, to increase their taste for reading, and enable them to employ hours which are now wasted in idleness and too often in dissipation, in a profitable way. We earnestly trust for the sake of this class of the community, that a night school will be established before Winter sets in. Will not the earnest friends of popular education move in this matter by calling a meeting at an early day? We hope so.

Hoopskirts, Corsets, the best in town, only one dollar, at 210 Centre street.

New Goods.—Walker and Price, at the new Union Hall store, two doors below the Post Office, Mahantongo street, are now offering from their well selected stock of new and handsome goods, a choice lot of elegant French Poplins, German and French Merinoes, Black and Colored Alpacas, Black and Fancy Silks, Flannels, Blankets, Muslins, Balmorals, Corsets, Hoop Skirts, Ribbons, Ladies' and Gents' best Jouvine Kid Gloves, all colors, Lisle Thread Gloves, full stock Hosiery, Cloaks, Cassimers, Ladies Cloakings, Black Thibet Shawls, Double and Single Fancy Shawls, Tickings, Shirt Fronts, and a general stock of fancy goods, all selected in New York, and bought at the lowest cash prices. They give a general invitation to all, to examine their goods before purchasing elsewhere. Their motto is, "look to be understood," and a visit to their store, will well repay you. So call early. See their advertisement.

New Fall Winter stock opening at Gallands', 210 Centre street.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the Pottsville Post Office, November 5th, 1868:

Beem C	Hook James M	Shandoney Bert	
Bestal James	Johnston Alex	Smith Henry	
Berchold M	Loftus John	Seville John D	
Behrens T	Minsker Benjamin	Sands J W	
Bunting S M	McEwey Sidney	Snyder John B	
Brace Mary A	Mack John	Smith Mr	
Conroy John	Moore Isaac	Smith Richard	
Cowley Timothy	Murphy John	Smith Mary E J	
Dengler Samuel	McDonald James	Seitz Wilhelmina H	
Draper Wm	Miller & McDermott	Taylor Alfred B	
Dalton Mary	Morris Wm	Werner Mary	
Dunn Ellie	Morris Evan	Williams W W	
Davis Elizabeth T	McMullen Sarah	Wolverton S P	
Davis Rees	Welsh Mary	White P H	
Gallaner A	Martz Susan		
Hughes Daniel	Morris Rev		
Harner George	Purele James		
Hartman Joseph	Huth Pat		

Persons calling for the above letters will please say they are advertised, giving the date of the list.

Waugh's Ralla.—An exhibition of this beautiful panorama will be shortly given in this Borough. It will be opened at Union Hall next Thursday night, Nov. 12th, and continue one week. It will be exhibitions on Saturday and Wednesday afternoons. This panorama consists of a series of paintings taken from nature, among others, the cities of Genoa, Milan, Verona, Venice, Ferrara, Bologna, Florence, Civita Vecchia, Rome, Naples, and Southern Italy. The scenes in and around Rome are commended by clergymen who have seen them to be correct in every particular. Several beautiful views of St. Peter's appear in the panorama, one of them representing the full building during the silver and the golden illuminations. The view of the Coliseum is one of the most magnificent in the collection, and it is itself enough to merit for Mr. Waugh a world wide reputation. This panorama is one that we take pleasure in recommending, and we trust that the exhibition will be well filled during Mr. McDonnell's stay in this place.

We would call particular attention to the extensive Fall and Winter stock Messrs. J. Gallaher & Co., are just getting in. The ladies all seem to agree in their opinion about Gallands' New York Store, for other trading, cotton cloth or satin; the proportions to be 11-19ths of the length for the width. The emblem, three links, to be placed in the centre of the flag, with the letters I. O. O. F., and the name of the State, District or Territory using it, to be wrought in scarlet color. Whenever the flag is to be used by the Encampment, two crooks are to be added. The Grand Lodge of the United States has ordered a National flag, which will be borne for the first time in the grand procession in Philadelphia, in April, 1869.

Masonic.—Cressona Lodge, No. 426, A. F. M., was duly constituted on Thursday last, with appropriate ceremonies, by D. D. G. M. Christopher Little, assisted by the brethren acting for the Grand Lodge, and manned in our last. The attendance of the brethren on the occasion was larger than was anticipated, and everything passed off in the most satisfactory manner.

The officers of the new Lodge are:

W. M.—Henry Hazel.
S. W.—Esther B. Reefer.
J. W.—Anthony Pettit.
Secretary—William P. Bishop.
Treasurer.—John Green.
S. D.—Peter Lodge.
J. D.—Saml. Lehr.
M. of O.—M. J. Thomas.
Asst. M. of O.—Jacob B. Hoffman.
Tyler.—Frank Simon.
Pursuivant.—John Gray.
Asst. Pursuivant.—Wm. Peal.

The new Lodgestarts on its career under the most favorable auspices, and has the best wishes of the brethren.

Change of Consciousness of constitution, the brethren representing the Grand Lodge and other Lodges were entertained by Cressona Lodge in the most hospitable manner.

There are now eleven Masonic lodges in Schuylkill County, rendering it one of the most important Masonic districts in the State.

The District Deputy Grand Master contemplates at no distant day having a convocation in Pottsville of the officers and members of lodges in this District for the purpose of, if deemed a good one, and we do not doubt will meet with the hearty approval and cooperation of the brethren.

Save the Dead Leaves.—If every horticulturist and farmer would think for a moment on the nature of fallen leaves—which contain not only the vegetable nutriment of the earth they falls, but potash, &c., needed for the next season's growth and fertility—and that, too, exactly in the proportion required by the new plant from which they fall; nay, more, if they would consider that it is exactly in this way, by the decomposition of these leaves, that Nature enriches the soil year after year, in her great forests, it would hardly be possible for such a reflecting horticulturist or farmer to allow these leaves to be swept away by the wind that blows; and finally lost altogether. Nor would he give them away, as many now do. He would rather collect, from week to week, the leaves that fall under the trees, and by digging them under the soil about the roots, where they will decay, provide in the cheapest manner the best possible food for that tree. If this plan should be tried we should not see old orchards dying out for want of nourishment; but the world in this simple manner, really enriching itself. Peaches, pears, plums and doubtless the peach, would be greatly benefited by this procedure. In certain vineyards in France and Italy, the vines are kept in the highest condition by simply burying at their roots every leaf and branch that is pruned off, or falls from the vines at the close of the season. Will not some of our farmers of inquiring minds give this simple process a trial this season? It is well-known fact that no manure is more eagerly sought for by the farmer than leaf manure. It enters largely into the compost prepared for potting. Leaves collected and mixed with barnyard manure, greatly enhance its value. Therefore gather up the leaves that nothing shall be lost.

The Benevolent Association of Pottsville is now fully organized and in successful operation. The following is a list of the supervisors and visitors:

District No. 1.—Supervisor, Wm. B. Wells; Visitors, James B. Shearer, Mrs. Frederick Patterson, Miss Urcis B. Keam.

District No. 2.—Supervisor, R. R. Edmonds; Visitors, Jennie H. Beck, Mrs. H. R. Edmonds, Miss Emma Branch.

District No. 3.—Supervisor, J. A. M. Passmore; Visitors, Frank Whitney, Miss Amanda S. Silleman, Miss Emma Spohn.

District No. 4.—Supervisor, John Heebner; Visitors, J. E. Troxell, Mrs. J. B. Troxell, Mrs. John Heebner.

District No. 5.—Supervisor, John W. Bickel; Visitors, Guy E. Farquhar, Mrs. J. K. Sigfried, Mrs. F. W. Hughes.

District No. 6.—Supervisor, Milton Beiem; Visitors, Chas. Lord, Mrs. Chas. Lord, Miss A. Freeland.

District No. 7.—Supervisor, Wm. L. Whitney; Visitors, Robert C. Green, Miss Sarah Shipman, Mrs. Wm. L. Whitney.

District No. 8.—Supervisor, Rev. E. Oppenheimer; Visitors, A. Leyser, Mrs. E. Oppenheimer, Mrs. Jacob Leyser.

District No. 9.—Supervisor, Henry C. Bansel; Visitors, S. T. Taylor, Mrs. L. C. Thompson, Mrs. Wm. H. Wolf.

District No. 10.—Supervisor, John P. Bertram; Visitors, Rev. L. E. Gehman, Mrs. John P. Bertram, Mrs. Chas. Bruber.

Contributions may be handed to any of the above officers. It is to be hoped that a liberal community will support this association in its worthy efforts. Since the cold weather has set in coal is very much needed by the Association, and we hope that our coal operators in the behalf of their generosity will not forget the poor. Donations of coal may be collected and delivered to Rev. Gen. Wenzel, Pottsville.

H. C. Hunsicker, Treasurer of the Benevolent Association acknowledges the receipt of the following donations since last report:

Bliss Strouse	$1 00
Adolph Leyser	1 00
Simon Leyser	1 00
Mrs. Wm. Newell	1 00
O. T. Bowen	50
Rev. W. F. Lewis	1 00
Mrs. T. Strauch	1 00
T. B. Godfrey	5 00
Jacob Lewi	2 00
H. Guiterman	25 00
B. Bannan	5 00
Lily of the Valley 4, 51 I. O. of F.	5 00
Geo. W. Beck, 47 prs. stockings.	
Pottsville Gas Co, 1 load coke.	

Proceedings of the Borough Council.—A stated meeting on Tuesday evening last. Present, Messrs. Cochran, Seltzinger, C. Heffner, Hill, Lauer, S. Heffner, Lee, Brown, Leonard, Kehnle, Farquhar, and Fox, President.

Minutes of last meeting were read and approved.

The street Committee reported Laurel street opened; work at wood and Lyon streets completed; crossing laid in Centre street; work completed at Union and Third streets; and on motion were discharged from the further consideration of culverts in Market and Union streets. Committee was instructed to lay crossing in Mahantongo street, opposite the Union Hall.

Committee on Room and Stationary was instructed to have the roof of Council Building repaired and painted.

A petition of citizens for crossing at Market and Wolcott (or Fourth) streets, was referred to Street Committee.

The statement of the Borough Treasurer was read and filed.

The Police report for October showed 68 arrests; fines paid to Squire Conrad, $6. Referred to Finance Committee for collection.

Notice from M. B. Bell, Chief Burgess, to Council, to have the pavement in front of Borough property at coal and Norwegian street put in proper condition, was read and referred to Street Committee.

On motion of Mr. S. Heffner, the Clerk was directed to notify the Chief Burgess of the erection of a stable in Tenth street, by M. Zehner, and of a fence in High street by Mrs. E. Strouse, over the street line, and request him to serve notice on the parties for the removal of the same to the proper line.

Mr. Kienzle called attention to the condition of the hose in possession of the Phoenix Hose Company. He presented them, unfit for service. Mr. Farquhar stated that these hose had been in use for the last sixteen years, and would need even less pressure of water from the fire plugs. On motion of Mr. Farquhar, the Committee on Rooms and Fire Apparatus was instructed to procure ten sections of new hose, of sixty feet each, for the use of the Phoenix Company. It was also directed that all the condemned hose in possession of the borough be shipped to Mr. Samuel N. Ziegler, to be credited on account of new hose ordered.

On motion of Mr. Farquhar, the rules were suspended to receive a statement from the Andrew Hose Company, in relation to their right to the control of the basement of Council Building. It was complained that they were deprived of the proper use of their room, which religious services were held in the Council Chamber on the Sabbath, as any talking, or walking across the floor disturbed those worshipping below. They were censured. The Committee on Room was instructed to take such measures, by partitioning off the hose, or other means, as would secure to the Company the free use of their room.

On motion of Mr. Lauer, the Street Committee was directed to examine the condition of Mauch Chunk street, and report upon the propriety of placing crossings opposite the residence of Mr. Baber and at a point near Mr. Lauer's residence.

The following bills were read and orders drawn as follows:

Albert Rehmeyer	$ 25 78
Wm. Fidler	4 75
S. H. Purdy	15 60
Night Police	241 75
Jacob Gerhart	260 50
B. Barr	10 87
Snyder & Lisburn	4 00
A. K. Whitner	50 00
Total for evening	$ 613 25
Previous issue	8,564 82
Total	$9,278 07

Attempt to Vote on a Fraudulent Naturalization Paper.—On Saturday last, Dennis Dunnels Eagan attempted to vote at the polls of the South Ward, on a fraudulent naturalization paper. The paper bore the forged signatures of T. J. McCarty, Prothonotary, and had the seal of the