Miners' Journal

POTTSVILLE, PA.

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 3, 1868.

NATIONAL UNION REPUBLICAN TICKET.

For President:

Gen. ULYSSES S. GRANT,
OF ILLINOIS.

For Vice President,

Hon. SCHUYLER COLFAX,
OF INDIANA.

UNION REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

For Auditor General,

MAJ. GEN. JNO. F. HARTRANFT.

For Surveyor General,

GEN. JACOB M. CAMPBELL.

THE TWO SOLDIERS.

"Let the President disperse the carpet-bag State governments."—FRANCIS P. BLAIR.

"Let us Have Peace."—U. S. GRANT.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.

AT LARGE.

G. MORRISON COATES, of Philadelphia.
THOS. M. MARSHALL, of Pittsburgh.

District.		District.	
1.	W. H. BARNES.	13.	NATHAN SHOW.
2.	W. J. FOLLOCK.	14.	B. F. WOODWELLIE.
3.	RICHARD WILDEY.	15.	CHAS. H. MILLER.
4.	G. W. HILL.	16.	JAMES STEWART.
5.	WATSON FY. MCGILL.	17.	GEORGE W. ELDER.
6.	J. H. BUTTERWORTH.	18.	A. H. OLMSTEAD.
7.	YEARS G. REATOR.	19.	JAMES BELL.
8.	ISAAC ECKERT.	20.	H. J. JORDAN.
9.	MORRIS HOOPER.	21.	J. K. EWING.
10.	DAVID M. BARR.	22.	WM. PENN.
11.	WM DAVIS.	23.	A. W. CRAWFORD.
12.	W. W. KITCHEN.	24.	J. S. NEVAN.

UNION REPUBLICAN COUNTY TICKET

Congress.

Hon. HENRY L. CAKE, of Tamaqua.

Assembly.

GEN. WASHINGTON REIFSNYDER, of Ashland.
JOHN LUCAS, of Pottsville.
LUTHER S. KREPPER, of Cressona.

District Attorney.

DANIEL D. DILLMAN, of Mahanoy City.

Commissioner.

JOHN P. HOFFMAN, of Pottsville.

Coroner.

Dr. O. M. ROBBINS, of Minersville.

Surveyor.

Dr. J. F. TREICHLER, of East Brunswick.

Director of the Poor.

Dr. AUGUSTUS SCHULTZ, of Auburn.

Auditor.

ISAAC D. LEHMAN, of Tremont.

Election, Tuesday, October 13th, 1868.

UNION REPUBLICAN MEETING

—AT—

ORWIGSBURG.

A meeting of the Union Republicans of Orwigsburg and vicinity, will be held at the public house of MRS. SHOEMER, on

Wednesday Evening, Oct. 7, '68

at 7 o'clock.

☞ Meeting will be addressed by distinguished speakers.

REPUBLICAN MASS MEETING

—AT—

PINEGROVE.

Grand Rally for Grant and Colfax Peace and Prosperity and a Reunite d Republic

A Mass Meeting of the friends of Grant and Colfax will be held

IN PINEGROVE,

On Saturday Evening, Oct. 3, 1868.

☞ The Grant and Colfax Clubs of the County will be present, and there will be a Torchlight Procession.

The following speakers will address the meeting:—Col. FRANK JORDAN, Hon. LIN. BARTHOLOMEW, A. J. HERR, Esq., Capt. CHAS N. BRUMM, MR. RITCHENBACK, and H. D. SELTZER, Esq.

RALLY, UNION REPUBLICANS, and let this be the most brilliant meeting ever held in the western end.

REPUBLICAN MEETINGS.

Cressona—Monday, October 5—Evening—Speakers, Hon. James H. Campbell, H. Fisher, Esq., Hon. Lin Bartholomew and others.

Ashland.—Wednesday, October 7—Evening—Speakers, E. H. Coates, William Nicholson.

Mahanoy City.—Thursday, October 8—Evening—Speakers, William Nicholson, E. H. Coates.

FACTS FOR TAXPAYERS.

REDUCTION OF NATIONAL AND STATE INDEBTEDNESS BY THE REPUBLICAN PARTY.

READ! THINK!! ACT!!!

A comparison of the National Debt as it stood October 1, 1865, with the Debt as stated officially from the Treasury Department on Sept. 1, 1868, shows a REDUCTION UNDER REPUBLICAN MANAGEMENT OF OVER THREE HUNDRED MILLIONS OF DOLLARS, as follows:

National Debt, Oct. 1, 1865..	$2,893,249,457 55
" " Sept. 1, 1868..	2,590,360,310 61
Reduction in 3 years.....	$302,949,146 69

During the same period a Republican Congress reduced Taxation on the Domestic products of the country, $217,269,000!

While that has been accomplished in National financial matters, if we look at the manner in which the Republican party has managed the finances of the State of Pennsylvania, we find that our immense debt run up under Democratic administrations, has been reduced during war times by the Republican party. Look at the comparison:

Total State Debt, Nov. 30, 1860.....	$37,926,947 50
Total State Debt, August 6, 1868:....	34,691,637 47

At the same time, the tax on real and personal estate has been reduced as follows:

The net amount charged to the counties annually prior to 1864, was.....	$1,617,314 33
The net amount chargeable to the counties annually for 1866, 1867, and 1868..	413,272 19
Annual reduction.....	$1,244,042 14

These satisfactory results having been reached under Republican rule in National and State finances, it should be a matter of serious consideration with the Taxpayers of Schuylkill County, whether it is not their duty to their pockets, to inaugurate similar prudence and economy in the management of our County finances. They can readily do it, by simply voting the Union Republican ticket at the approaching October election, every candidate upon which is pledged to Reform in County affairs.

Taxpayers, elect the Republican ticket, and taxes will be reduced from $40,000 to $50,000 a year, in consequence of the economy which will be inaugurated at the Alms House and in the departments in the County now under Copperhead rule!

Will you do it?

Answer at the polls in October!

SEVERAL communications have been unavoidably crowded out this week.

SEE the great "Zingari Bitters" advertisement in another column.

COLORADO gives Bradford (Republican) for Delegate 100 majority on the full returns.

JOHN ALLEN, the "Wickedest Man in New York," is running for Assembly on the Democratic ticket.

We call attention to the advertisement of the St. Louis and Iron Mountain bonds. They are recommended to be among the very best secured and cheapest bonds offered.

GEN. MCCLELLAN arrived from Europe on Tuesday. It is supposed that he will commence "digging" for Seymour and Blair.—They will want deep graves after the 3d of November.

ON Monday the Republicans of the Fifth District of Massachusetts, reconstituted Benjamin F. Butler for Congress. His constituency have done right. He is an invaluable man in Congress to fight rebel sympathizers.

SCOTLAND is even interested in the great question now exciting the mind of Schuylkill County. A letter received this week from there makes an anxious inquiry of us in regard to whether we have yet discovered the whereabouts of the ten thousand dollars.—We are compelled to reply "no" to our Scotch friend, but at the same time to explain that we among the rest of the taxpayers of Schuylkill County are in hot pursuit of them, and expect by the election of Dr. Augustus Schultz as Director of the Poor, to overtake them.

REPUBLICANS, Be Watchful.—Despairing of carrying Pennsylvania this election by honest means the Sham Democracy under the leadership of their Self-elected Chairman, Mr. Wallace, have inaugurated a desperate effort to carry it by fraudulent means. With their coffee-colored naturalization paper process the people have become familiar through legal investigation. Now the Supreme Court of the State is turned over to the business of making Democratic voters, and in such a manner as to arouse public indignation. We learn from the Philadelphia papers that on Monday last SEVEN HUNDRED AND TWENTY DEMOCRATIC NATURALIZATION PAPERS WERE GRANTED BY THE SUPREME COURT IN FIVE HOURS, which is at the rate of twelve in every five minutes. During a great part of this time, no judge was present, and the machine was run at this fearful speed by the clerks and tipstaves of the court. Worse even than this, it is openly charged that naturalization papers in blank, signed and sealed, have been issued, to be filled up outside of the Court-room.

We are glad to see that the Republicans of Philadelphia are moving, and that an effort is being made to obtain a copy of the record of the naturalizations now being made in the Supreme Court, in view of its publication.—The fact that a copy was refused by the Prothonotary is strong evidence that frauds are being perpetrated in this matter.

While Philadelphia is thus preparing to check stupendous frauds, do the Republicans of Schuylkill County, in every district, be watchful on the day of election. Hundreds of fraudulent naturalization papers are used at every election here, and the coming election will be no exception to the rule.

To carry this District if possible, the Democratic managers are colonizing largely, as will be seen by the following from Wednesday's Philadelphia Press:

We ask in exercise of authority for stating that a large number of men, nearly five hundred in all, have within the past few days been taken from the Wilmington and Baltimore Valley, being transported through Chester county and distributed principally in this city and Schuylkill county, by the Democratic Colonization Committee of New York, whose report upon our Republican friends the necessity of guarding against a repetition of the Louisiana outrages. Citizens, county friends, make your arrangements to be present at the polls, and be ready to challenge every illegal vote. Every citizen is under the most solemn obligations to assist in preserving the fountain of authority from Democratic impurities.

Our friends must be unusually vigilant at the polls on election day, as since that none but legal voters are taken by the election officers. It must not be charged upon us that by neglect or apathy we allowed the day to be stolen against us by fraud.

SELL THEIR OWN.—Hon. James H. Walton, of Philadelphia who has always been a Democrat and never voted the Republican ticket, has in a strongly worded letter to Hon. E. D. Maxwell of Easton, declared his intention to vote for Grant and Colfax. He held office under James Buchanan's Administration. Mr. Walton's deed is one of hundreds of honorable actions in other sections. He sees no way out of present complications—no way to restore peace and prosperity—but in the election of Grant and Colfax. He beholds the Democratic party utterly surrendered to the old rebel leaders—all the best men of the organization spurned and set aside—and no leaders acknowledged but such as follow the fatal doctrines of reckless revolutionists, and no principles avowed but such as look directly to Republican and a new war; and so he boldly takes his stand under the only flag that promises tranquility and happiness to our distracted country.

THE COPS amused the boys by a torch-light procession, numbering about two hundred torches and lanterns, on Wednesday evening last. They were all "muddled up," like the party, and such marching was never seen before except on the road to Salt River, which road they are all destined to travel very soon. They were edified by addresses from Senator Doolittle, Senator Ruckalew, and F. W. Hughes, Esq. The attendance, under the circumstances, was very slim—the truth is they see the hand-writing on the wall, and it is only the unterrified, who appear to take an active part in the election. The leaders have given it up, and they only do work sufficiently to keep their position in the party, and to keep their dupes in line.

JUDGE STRONG has resigned as one of the Judges of the Supreme Court. Of course filling this vacancy until next year will devolve upon Gov. Geary, and the Philadelphia papers suggest the appointment of Judge Williams, the competitor of Judge Shannwood, who was cheated out of the election last year by fraudulent naturalization papers.

Judge Strong was an honest Judge, and although elected by the Democracy, he was a strong Union man, and opposed the traitorous policy of Judge Woodward. The cause of his resignation is not given, but it is well known that he has not acted in harmony with his political associates on the bench, since the Rebellion broke out.

Judge Strong in his letter of resignation, gives inadequacy of salary and his duties to his family, as his reason for resigning. He also took the liberty to suggest the appointment of Judge Williams, of Allegheny, the opponent of Judge Sharswood, as every way competent to fill the vacancy. The Governor immediately tendered the appointment to Judge Williams, which he has accepted. This gives the Republicans a majority in the Supreme Bench. Strange &c.

THE MUDDLE.—One of the boys who works for pay, and not being able to find any perquisites so far this year, declared the other day that this was one of the poorest elections he had ever known in the County. "It seems to me that Glossinger sold out to Conner, and Conner has sold out to Cake." That's it exactly—of course these candidates soon found out there was no use of running against Cake, and they made the most of it, and have left the boys out in the cold. The leaders know they are whipped and they hold on to the funds tightly. If they cannot obtain the offices, they always leave the poor devils to take care of themselves.

SENATOR MORTON'S GREAT SPEECH.—This speech delivered lately in Philadelphia, is a most powerful and convincing production. We urge all our readers to peruse it attentively, and after perusal to hand it to their Democratic friends to read. It must convince the most skeptical mind that the only hope of the country, our only chance for Peace and Prosperity, are in the success at the approaching elections, of the Party of Freedom, of Truth and Justice. The speech will be found on the First Page of to-day's Journal.

DEMOCRATIC NATURALIZATION FRAUDS.—A legal investigation in Philadelphia on Saturday last proved the fact that men were in the habit, in the interest of the Democratic party, of vouching for people having been in the country five years, when in fact they had not been there one year. In this way large numbers of fraudulent naturalization papers have been issued for the benefit of Democratic voters, and the coming election will be no exception to the rule.

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On Monday last quite a long train of wagons loaded from the grounds of the Alms House, and proceeded in due order, with beautiful martial music in the direction of Orwigsburg. On the front wagon a scientific looking gentleman was perched in a commanding position. In his hands he held a powerful telescope, with which at times he swept the surrounding country, with anxiety depicted on his countenance. When near an occupied he appeared absorbed in meditation, or rather in speculation. In the rear wagon was a queer looking little old gentleman, wearing a red cap and also provided with a glass. We failed at first to recognize him, but a second and more careful glance established his identity, as the distinguished member of a New Jersey Scientific Society, whose passage through Hamburg we noted something over a year since. Led by curiosity we accompanied the imposing *cortege* to Orwigsburg. It filed into the grounds of the Agricultural Society, and then proceeded leisurely and carefully over them. The flashing of the telescopes in the bright sunlight, as the grounds were carefully surveyed; the removing of stones and earthy inequalities of the ground, and the expectant aspect of the faces of the scientific gentlemen, led us to inquire impulsively, "Good gracious, gentlemen, what is the meaning of these mysterious movements? For what are you looking?" They replied seemingly with one accord and with one voice, "We are looking for the whereabouts of *them* ten thousand dollars."

COPPERHEADS AND GREENBACKS.—When the rebellion was raging, and paper money was required to carry on the war, because all the gold in the country would not have paid the expenses of the rebellion three months," Pendleton and the Copperhead leaders opposed the issue of greenbacks to sustain the country and pay the soldiers, &c. Now, when the people want to curtail the issue of paper money to the wants of the country, and bring it up to the value of gold as rapidly as possible, this Pendleton and the Copperhead leaders clamor for the issue of greenbacks to an amount to pay off the whole National debt. If their policy was carried out, greenbacks would not be worth ten cents on the dollar, and this would be the only kind of currency in circulation to be paid out to the laboring classes and for all other purposes. Was there ever such a stupid set of ninnies or traitors at the head of any party before? Any man that would vote for candidates who advocate such a policy, ought to be sent to a lunatic asylum.

WATCH THEM.—We learn that no less than four car loads of strangers, hailing from New York, passed over the Schuylkill and Susquehanna Rail Road during the week. They were no doubt put into this Congressional district to vote. Let all unknown persons be thoroughly examined.

WHAT MAKES YOUR HAIR SO BEAUTIFUL?—Buy S. A. Allen's Improved (new style) HAIR RESTORER or Dressing, (*in one bottle.*) Price, One Dollar. Every Druggist sells it. 38-4t

INTERTROPICAL fragrance rises in invisible clouds the moment that a bottle of PHALON'S "FLOR DE MAYO," the perfume for the handkerchief, is opened; and sings a song to the handkerchief. Sold by all Druggists. 38-2t eow

FOR a place to buy my clothes at, give me a store where all the rest sell. A place where a "countryman" isn't imbibed. A place where a man with a brown face and a pair of hard hands, is treated as well as a more stylish citizen. A place where I may go without being afraid of my appearance, or afraid of being slighted in favor of a man who is no better or honester than I am but only "got up" better, and the "cost of a shave" is always to the advantage of the customer. Such a place is Bannan & Brown's, so he came they treat all alike, be he countryman, or be he citizen.

EXTENSIVELY USED.—The almost universal adoption of Speer's Wine by the Medical Faculty, in preference to all other wines, is the best guarantee which they can offer of its purity and beneficial effects upon the human system. The "Standard Wine Bitters" is made of his pure wine as a base, with Peruvian Bark, Chamomile Flowers, Wild Cherry Bark, Snake Root, and such other Herbs and Roots as will give vigor and tone to the system.

For sale by Druggists.

991,654,745,328,272,000,000,000.—And we could'nt "keep count," any longer—mosquitoes are too many for us. Their number is legion, and swarming and squalling that of the admirers of the great "JUNIATA" PARLOR STOVE, introduced by the celebrated Founders, Messrs. STUART, PETERSON & CO., Philadelphia. This wonderful stove is a Base Burner and Double Heater, warming parlor and chambers with ONE FIRE, imparting a uniform heat throughout the room. Though so simple in constructing, its operations are truly astonishing, and we take pleasure in calling the attention of the trade and all interested to so valuable an invention. This is one of the most economical stoves in the market. See the Firm's advertisement in special column.

THE COAL TRADE.

Pottsville, October 3, 1868.

The quantity sent by Railroad this week is 105,092 18 tons; by Canal 35,850 10 tons; for the week 140,943 08 tons, against 110,302 for the corresponding week last year. Gain by Railroad 21,772 tons; by Canal 6,870 tons.

The supposed advance in tolls on the first of October stimulated the shipments largely during the week, making it the largest.

The rates of transportation were advanced 25 cents per ton yesterday, both by Canal and Railroad, and similar advances were made on the lines from other regions. The advance to Philadelphia by Canal is 10 cents on toll and 5 cents on freight—making 15 cents. To New York 10 cents on toll and 15 cents on freight—making 25 cents per ton.

Freights have also been advanced 5 cents a ton on the Delaware and Raritan Canal, which makes an advance of 30 cents per ton to New York.

We have not received the figures of the advance on the different sizes on Reading Railroad.

The trade sums up this week as follows, compared with last year:

	1867.			1868.			
	WEEK.	SEAS'N.	WEEK.	TOTAL.	INC. & DEC.
P & R R	83,212	2,078,884	105,092	2,211,546	132,662
Schuyl. Can	34,991	773,456	35,850	810,306	36,850
L. Val. R. R.	47,914	1,538,401	58,039	1,748,919	210,517
Lehigh Ca.	24,749	708,941	21,991	655,196	53,745
L. Nav. R. R.			14,199	414,599	414,599
Sch'kill Nav.	27,787	947,970	31,000	856,466	143,504
" " Sch.	14,190	324,699	19,154	429,324	95,029
Penn'a C C					
Sch. R. R.	19,792	607,636	19,792	675,519	67,884
Sch. Can'l	718	21,741	1,165	24,513	2,772
Leh. & Sus. R'ds	40,212	1,208,941	47,602	1,145,376	160,447
Sch'kill Nav.		1,216,491	11,552	926,688	4,54,6
Wyom'g Val.		19,151		20,457	1,306
Hazleton	8,998	251,206	14,777	253,444	15,566
Tuscarora	1,196	31,731	1,153	19,569	12,156
Short Mt.	2,827	54,436	4,114	34,556	19,880
L. V. Coal Co.	2,761	42,461	1,997	26,742	14,719
Wiconisco	2,989	63,261	2,274	115,895	52,686
Mid. Twp.	5,689	175,782		136,540	11,760
	328,237	9,804,741	380,297	9,572,815	
			328,237	9,804,741	
				33,778	867,051

Coal transported over Lehigh Coal and Navigation Company's Road that did not enter the Canal.

The quantity sent is larger than was expected this week, but the first belief that the trade, &c., would be advanced by all the transporting companies from the different regions on which tolls is charged on the 1st of October, has largely stimulated the trade. It shows what a quantity the different regions can produce when there is a demand for coal and facilities to carry it to market.

The last sale of Scranton coal, the result of which will be found elsewhere, has so unsettled the trade, that no quotations have been given this week at New York. The general impression among the dealers is, that these prices cannot be maintained. At present dealers refuse to give more than 40 or 50 cents advance in New York for Schuylkill coal, and of this sum it must be taken 30 cents for advance in the rates of transportation.

Our Philadelphia correspondent gives the quotations at 25 to 50 cents per ton advance, and says: "Freights have been further advanced, and until the effect of the Scranton sale is felt on the market, the trade here will take but few new orders."

THE MEN have turned out at some of the collieries up the Schuylkill Valley, demanding higher wages. At other collieries they are waiting until Monday. This is prudent. If the advance can be maintained, the men of course ought to receive their portion of the advance. We hope however, all parties will be governed by prudence in not running up prices too high, otherwise a re-action must follow. Our impression is that the advance made on the Scranton sale cannot be maintained. But block depends upon political results. If the Republicans sweep the State by a large majority on the 13th, all kinds of business will improve, and gold will continue to go down, as it has been since the Maine election. But if unfortunately, the Republicans should be beaten, coal and wages would tumble down rapidly, and gold would go up in the same proportion.

The Reading Railroad Sale in New York, on Wednesday, drew a large company in attendance, but the sale was a failure. There was great nothing to bidding on the part of large consumers who desired to receive the coal from the lands, and the consequence was that nothing was sold beyond the sales on

CUMBERLAND COAL TRADE.

Shipments of Coal over the Cumberland Coal and Iron Company's Railroad, from the Commencement of the Season to the 1st of October, 1868.

	Bush.	Tons.	Cts.
Per Canal.....	1,000,000	28,571	43
Per Railroad.....	4,440	126	86
Per Canal.....	1,004,440	28,698	29
Per Railroad.....	1,000,000	28,571	43
Per Canal.....	2,004,440	57,269	72
Per Railroad.....	1,004,440	28,698	29
Total to Oct. 1, 1868.....	3,008,880	85,968	01

BALTIMORE, Md., Oct. 1, 1868.

THE COAL MARKETS.

PRICES OF COAL BY THE CARGO.

(CORRECTED WEEKLY FOR THE MINERS' JOURNAL.)

AT PHILADELPHIA.

FOR SHIPMENT EAST OF NEW BRUNSWICK, AND SOUTH OF CAPE HENRY.

Oct. 1, 1868.

Schuylkill 48ft Ash Per Perpend'r	$6 00@	
" Chestnut.....	4 75@	
" White Ash Lump.....	4 75@	5 00
" Nut, Broken and Broken.....	5 00@	5 75
" Egg.....	5 00@	5 75
" Stove.....	5 75@	6 00
" Chestnut.....	4 50@	4 75
Lehigh Mt. Lump.....	4 75@	5 00
" " Nut, Broken and Broken.....	5 00@	5 75
" " Egg.....	5 00@	5 75
" " Stove.....	5 00@	
" " Chestnut.....	4 75@	

We have no further quotations to give this week.

AT NEW YORK.

Sept. 29, 1868.

The market is so unsettled that we can give no correct quotations this week.

AT BALTIMORE.

Oct. 1, 1868.

To trade by cargo or car load.

Williams's & Pittston W. Ash.....	$5 85@	6 00
Lehigh Val. B. Ash.....	6 50@	6 65
Shamokin, white or R. Ash.....	5 50@	5 85

From yard or wharf, 50 @ 75 cents additional Delivered to consumers..... 7 00@ 7 50

AT HAVRE DE GRACE, MD.

Wilkesbarre & Pittston on board.....	$5 00
Sunbury & Shamokin "	5 00
Lehigh "	6 00
Treverton "	5 00@ 5 50

AT GEORGETOWN, D. C., and ALEXANDRIA, VA.

George Creek & Cumberland..... $4 75@

For shipping.

The Baltimore Central Railroad has advanced the rate of tolls from Hickory, Treverton and Millersburg coals, from 15 to 20 cents per ton.

COAL FREIGHTS.

Freights from Pt. Richmond (Philada'a.

Bangor.....	$ 50@$ 55	Salisbury.....	$ 80
Portland.....	$ 50@$ 55	Salem.....	$ 85@$ 90
Portsmouth.....	$ 45@	Newport.....	$ 80
Amesbury Point.....	$ 75	Norwich.....	$ 75
Beverly.....	$ 70@$ 75	New London.....	$ 70
Boston.....	$ 60@$ 65	New Haven.....	$ 60
Charlestown.....	$ 55@$ 60	Middletown.....	$ 50
Providence.....	$ 75	Williamsburg.....	$ 25
Fall River.....	$ 75	Washington, D.C.....	$ 50
Taunton.....	$ 75	Alexandria, D.C.....	$ 50
Weymouth.....	$ 80	Cambridgeport.....	$ 60@$ 65
Braintree.....	$ 80	Newport.....	$ 60
Hingham.....	$ 80	Cambridgeport.....	$ 60@$ 65
Lynn.....	$ 1 00@$ 1 05	East Cambridge.....	$ 60
Marblehead.....	$ 90@$ 95	Medford.....	$ 60
Salem.....	$ 85	Old Cambridge.....	$ 60
Manchester.....	$ 80	Watertown.....	$ 60
New Bedford.....	$ 75	Cohasset.....	$ 80
Fall River.....	$ 1 00	Dover.....	$ 75
Roxbury.....	$ 55	Lawrence.....	$ 80
		Old cambridge.....	$ 60
		Watertown.....	$ 60
		Cohasset.....	$ 80
		Dover.....	$ 75
		Davenport.....	$ 80
		Dover Centre.....	$ 80
		Lawrence.....	$ 80
		Old cambridge.....	$ 60
		Watertown.....	$ 60
		New Brunswick.....	$ 90
		Alexandria.....	$ 50
		Fredericksburg.....	$ 75
		Charleston.....	$ 00

a 120 vessels and 70 boats for week.

Freights from Elizabethport & Port Johnston.

Boston.....	@2 15	New Port.....	@1 40
Lynn.....	@ 90	New London.....	@1 30
Salem.....	@ 90	Norwich.....	@1 30
Newburyport.....	@ 90	New Haven.....	@1 15
Portsmouth.....	@ 90	Middletown.....	@1 00
Portland.....	@ 90	Bridgeport.....	@1 00
Providence.....	@1 50	Norwalk.....	@1 10
Fall River.....	@1 50	Harrisburg.....	@1 60
Taunton.....	@1 75	Middletown.....	@1 60
New Bedford.....	@1 50	Albany.....	@1 00
Fall River.....	@1 50	New York.....	@ 60

Freights from Georgetown or Alexandria To Philadelphia..... $7 50@

Boston.....

Rates of Transportation on Tide Water

(BY RAILROAD.)

Reading Railroad Company.

(*Prices of Tolls, &c., for the present.*)

	L.	SLS.	B.	Roy.	C.	All
	$2 00	$2 00	$2 00	$3 50	$3 00	$2 00
Drawbacks.....	85	85	70	85	70	85
Forward.....	1 15	1 15	1 50	1 50	1 75	1 60
Tolls, &c., to Phila.						
Broad Street.....	$ 18	$ 18	$ 18	$ 18	$ 18	$ 18
						$1,950

To Elizabethport.

L. V. Railroad from Manch Chunk to Rarit'n.....	$ 87
C. R. R. N. J., Easton to Elizabethport.....	1 10
Shipping Expenses at Elizabethport.....	25
Total.....	$ 2 22

To Port Johnson.

L. V. R. R.....	$ 87
C. R. R. of N. J.....	1 29
Shipping Expenses.....	25
Total.....	$ 2 35

To Hoboken.

L. V. R. R.....	$ 81
Morris & Essex R. R.....	1 29
Shipping Expenses.....	25
Total.....	$ 2 35

[BY CANAL.]

Tolls and Freights by Canal.

	Ft. Carbon	Pottsville	S. Haven	Ft. Clinton
Tolls from	$0 93	$0 99	$0 90	80
Freights to New York	2 05	2 05	1 80	1 95
	$2 98	$2 97	$2 70	$2 75
Toll & freight to Philada.	1 93	1 93	1 80	1 70

To New York:

From Mauch Chunk to New Brunswick, by Lehigh, Del. Div. and Del. & Raritan Canal..... $1 85

Freights through..... 1 05

Towage..... 1 20

$3 60

To New York via Morris Canal.

Lehigh Canal..... $ 44

Morris " 44

Freight..... 1 85

Re-shipping..... 10

Total..... $2 73

A drawback of 26 cents a ton is allowed on all coal shipped from Jersey City, North and East from New York.

Expenses from Mauch Chunk to Jersey City for Reshipment.

Lehigh tolls (est).....	$ 44
Morris "	44
Freight.....	1 85
Re-shipping.....	10
Total.....	$2 73

Expenditure of coal reports made by parties dealing in it, purchasing or owning lands, leasing collieries and residing abroad would often save thousands of dollars by having the benefit of our knowledge of the country and advice with their resident managers. His practical experience of more than thirty years in this Region, will be of great value to parties seeking such information. Office 180 CENTRE STREET, POTTSVILLE, PA. August 29, '68-3m 6m

C. M. BLISS,

Real Estate Agent,

Coal Lands, Collieries, Coal &c.

Examination of coal reports made by parties dealing in coal lands, or owning them. Also, opening collieries and residing abroad would often save thousands of dollars by having the benefit of our knowledge of the country and advice with their resident managers. His practical experience of more than thirty years in this Region, will be of great value to parties seeking such information. Office 180 CENTRE STREET, POTTSVILLE, PA. August 29, '68-3m 6m

P. W. SHEAFER, Agent for Owners,

OFFERS FOR RENT

Two White Ash Collieries at Locust Gap, with Breaker, Slope and other buildings complete.

One White Ash Colliery at Locust Gap.

One Red and White Ash Colliery with improvements on the West Norwegian.

Two Red and White Ash leases at Tweerton.

One do do do at Fleming Creek.

Two Red Ash do do at Fleming Creek.

Two White Ash Collieries at Locust Gap.

One do do do at McCauley's Mountain.

One do do do at Swetara.

One do do do least above water level in Mahanoy

FOR SALE.

Three acres of Timber Land near Pinegrove.

One 30 " Engine.

One Breaker, Engine and Saw Mill, and Breaker Pickings.

One Locomotive.

A small Farm near Orwigsburg.

A large Hotel at Northumberland, Pa.

A Store and Residence in Morris' Addition to Pottsville.

400,000 feet of rafted Susquehanna Timber in Potter County.

500,000 feet Hemlock Logs, Potter County.

100,000 feet Pine Logs, Potter County.

40,000 feet Ash and Cherry Logs do.

2000 acres superior Anthracite Coal Land.

200 acres Red Ashes Coal Land.

1500 acres Timber Land in Potter County.

TOWN LOTS in Shenandoah, Mahanoy City, Pottsville, Allentown, Easton, Bethlehem, Treverton, Tower City, Middleport and Patterson.

One Coal Breaker, 60 ft. B. Engine and Pump.

Screens, Chain Duty Cars, &c. [Sept. 24, '68—3m 6m

SCHUYLKILL COAL TRADE.

Coal Trade by Railroad, & Canal 1868.

The quantity sent by Railroad, for the week ending Thursday last:

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