# Miners' Journal.

POTTSVILLE, PA.

SATURDAY, JUNE 20, 1868.

*Be just and fear not;*
*Let all the ends thou aim'st at be thy country's,*
*Thy God's and truth's.*

## The Democratic Candidates.

### THE DUTY OF THE PEOPLE.

The Republican party has placed its nominations for the Presidency and Vice Presidency before the country, and they have been received with a hearty unanimity which promises a glorious victory at the election in November. Yet the campaign will not open fairly until the Democratic Convention which will meet in New York on the Fourth of July, completes its work. We can hardly conceive what especial hopes animate the breasts of "the unterrified" this year, but it is certain that the list of aspirants for the honor, such as it is, of being the nominee of that party for the Presidency, is unusually large. So far as we have observed, their names and the States from which they hail, are—Henry H. Haight and Stephen J. Field, of California; W. E. English, of Connecticut, Thomas A. Hendricks, of Indiana; Charles Francis Adams, of Massachusetts; Francis P. Blair, Jr., of Missouri; Joel Parker, of New Jersey; George B. McClellan, Horatio Seymour, Samuel Nelson and Charles O'Conor, of New York; Salmon P. Chase and George H. Pendleton, of Ohio; W. S. Hancock, of Pennsylvania; Andrew Johnson, of Tennessee, and James R. Doolittle, of Wisconsin.

Of the above goodly list of expectants, the contest seemed up to within a few days past, to have been narrowed down to Chase and Pendleton, with Chase the favorite. Only last week the World, the prominent New York organ of the Democracy, advocated his nomination and the adoption of impartial suffrage as a Democratic principle. But since that it has received its cue from the unprincipled leaders of that party, to the effect that the Democratic masses who have been educated to abhor justice, will not accept the man with that principle, and it has opened its batteries in opposition to his nomination. It now remains for the Chief Conspirator to either recede from the doctrine of equal rights which he professes to advocate, or relinquish the idea of receiving the Democratic nomination. Chase has shown that he is capable of perfidy to the principles of the Republican party, and it is far from improbable that he may to win the nomination, let his conscience take an extra stretch and go completely over to the enemy. If he should, the unprincipled leaders of that party who fancy that the nomination of Chase would cause a serious defection in the Republican ranks, and who are utterly reckless of the means employed so there is gained a prospect of success, will labor hard for his nomination. There is no selection we would rather see made than that of Chase, the recreant Republican. The people would administer a rebuke that would hasten his ignominious retirement from public life.

Pendleton's repudiation ideas have made him extremely unpopular with not only Democratic capitalists like Belmont, but with all Democrats who hold Government securities. By the extreme opponents of the war for the Union, and by those who financially, have nothing to lose by the practical operation of his views, he is strongly supported, and will bring considerable strength into the Convention. It is not certain though, that he can get enough votes to secure the nomination.

Hendricks and even Johnson, have their supporters, and either may loom up so as to become formidable.

While the Democracy themselves are at sea as to the man they shall select and the platform upon which he shall stand, it is useless of course, to speculate as to the result, or to predict in regard to what they will do. But of this we feel confident, that whatever the intelligent and just men of the party—who are largely in the minority—may think of the question of equal rights, which in a few years will be a leading principle of the Republic, none such will be adopted at the approaching Democratic Convention. The hatred to the colored man, of the Democratic voters, the result of years of teaching, can not in a day be turned to regard for his just rights. And they will without doubt, enter upon the coming contest with the bigoted battle-cries used in former years when they fought to uphold an aristocratic slave-holding system.

This year as during the eventful period from 1861 to 1865, when the liberties of the country hung upon the fidelity of the Republican party to them, Freedom, the business interests of the nation, and our prestige abroad, depend for their perpetuity, upon its success at the Presidential election. The people—workingmen, farmers, and mechanics especially—should understand clearly, that the man for the coming four years, is General ULYSSES S. GRANT. Plain, honest, of great good judgment, and true to the people as the needle to the pole, his clear mind and powerful hand can settle the national complications, and his unswerving integrity rid the departments of the hordes of leeches now preying upon the National treasury and robbing the Government through whisky rings and the connivance of the traitor Johnson. With the reforms which aided by Congress, Gen. GRANT would be able to inaugurate, taxation would be reduced to the masses of the people, harmony be restored to all sections of the country, and the government be freed from the corruption which has grown to such heinous proportions under the infamous Administration of Booth's President.

Let the people of this country who would see such a happy period inaugurated, resolve to work earnestly and unceasingly for the election of Grant and Colfax. Then with the consummation, the pathway of future prosperity will be opened up and we shall become the most productive in all that pertains to the arts of peace, and the most powerful in all that pertains to the art of war, of any nation on the face of the earth. Remember that the Republic,—the hope of Freedom throughout the world,—can only prosper in the hands of the party that saved it from destruction during the Slaveholders' Rebellion.

### TREMENDOUS IRON ESTABLISHMENTS.

Abraham S. Hewett, Esq., U. S. Commissioner to Paris, gives in his report a description of two extensive iron works in Europe which will astonish many of our readers.

The first are the steel works of Frederick Krupp of Essen, Prussia, of which Mr. Hewett gives the following description:

The establishment of Krupp occupies about 450 acres, of which one fourth are under roof. The number of men employed in the works is 8,000, besides which 2,000 more are employed in the coal mines, at the blast furnaces, and at the ore mines. The production of these works in 1866 was 61,000 tons, more than the entire production of cast steel in the world at the time of the first English exhibition. The value of this product was over $10,000,000 in currency. It was accomplished by means of 419 smelting, reverberatory, and cementing furnaces, 195 steam engines, ranging from 2 to 1,000 horse-power, 49 steam hammers, in the largest of which the hammer block weighs 50 tons, 110 smiths' forges, 318 lathes, 111 planing machines, 61 cutting and shaping machines, 75 grinding machines, 28 special tools. 1,000 tons of coal are consumed daily in the manufacture of steel alone, and 150 steam boilers are in use evaporating 150,000 cubic feet of water daily. Fifteen miles of rail are laid in the works alone, and 6 locomotives and 150 cars are required for its use within the limits of the establishments.

In order to appreciate the eminent justice with which the grand prize of the Exposition was bestowed upon Frederick Krupp, it is not merely necessary to study these marvelous figures but to consider that this establishment, by far the most extensive ever produced by the energy of man, and these processes, the most difficult ever attempted by his ingenuity, are the offspring of a single life, begun almost by the side of his father's humble forge, and rising through the various stages of poverty, trial, discouragement, and final success, to the very front of the industrial achievements of the world. Such an establishment, such results, and such a man, have special interest for the United States, where the natural resources of the country, the rapid progress of population and civilization, and the genius of our free institutions, all invite a generous emulation in order to equal, and in the course of time even to surpass these magnificent achievements, which, if Krupp, the great captain of modern industry, had not lived in our day and generation, might well have been deemed impossible.

The second are the works of Messrs. Schneider & Co., at Le Creusot, located near the centre of France, of which Mr. Hewett says:

In 1845 the product of Le Creusot was about 60,000 tons of coal and 4,000 tons of iron. At the present time the production is 250,000 tons of coal and 130,000 tons of cast iron and 110,000 tons of wrought iron. The works cover an area of 300 acres, of which more than 50 acres are buildings, in which mechanical operations are carried on. The coal is mined in the immediate vicinity, and the quantity of ore which the region now furnishes is stated to be 300,000 tons per annum, but my impression is that this includes a large quantity brought from Algiers and Elba. There are fifteen blast furnaces of large dimensions, fed by 160 coke ovens, and using the blast of seven blowing machines of 1,350 horse-power, and ten other engines for other purposes. The forge contains 150 puddling furnaces, eighty-five heating furnaces, forty-one trains of rolls, thirty hammers, eighty-five steam engines of 6,500 horse-power in the aggregate. This with all under one uniform roof, made of iron, and is about 1,600 feet in length, and is altogether in appearance and construction the most complete rolling mill in existence. And it is a remarkable evidence of the intelligence and courage of Messrs. Schneider & Co., the proprietors, that within the last few years they have deliberately abandoned their old works and machinery, and erected an entirely new establishment, in order to avail themselves of all the modern improvements in machinery and process. The machine shops require engines of 700 horse-power for their operation, and contain twenty-six hammers and 650 working tools. The total number of workmen employed is 9,950, being by a remarkable coincidence the precise number of [illegible] that is to say, each man employs a machine power of one horse in addition to his own labor, showing the wonderful extension of human power which in our day has been realized out of the steam engine. Forty-five miles of railway, fifteen locomotives and 350 cars are required for the local operation of the works, and the enormous quantity of 1,400,000 tons of traffic is annually moved at the central depot of Le Creusot. All parts of the works are in communication by telegraphic wire. The total value of the productions is now about $7,000,000 per annum in gold. On the whole these works may be regarded as the best model offered by Europe for the study of the iron business as it is, and they are not only an honor to the proprietors, but one of the chief glories of France and Prussia.

Our largest iron establishments sink into insignificance compared with these works. The iron and steel business of both France and Prussia were built up under the protective policy adopted by these nations a few years ago. Although the price of labor was cheaper, both in France and Prussia, yet the aid of protection to their home industry was required before these branches of business were established in France and Prussia, to enable them to compete with England in their own markets. Both France, Prussia and Belgium are now competing successfully with England in other European markets, and also competing with England in her own market.

GOVERNMENT RAILROAD BILL.—We have received from the Hon. Henry L. Cake a copy of a Railroad Bill reported by him from the Committee on Roads and Canals leading from Washington City to Schuylkill County, describing the route as follows:

That the said corporation is hereby authorized and empowered, in the name and behalf of the United States, to survey, locate, lay out, construct, equip, operate, use, collect tolls upon, and enjoy a continuous line of one or more tracks, with all the appurtenances, between the city of Washington and the Schuylkill river, in Schuylkill County, Pennsylvania, upon a route to be surveyed and designated by a competent engineer appointed by them, commencing at a point in the city of Washington, in the District of Columbia, and running by or near to Rockville and Hood's Mills to the Northern Central Railroad, and thence by way of Marietta, Lebanon, and Pinegrove, in the State of Pennsylvania, to a point on the Schuylkill river, in said County of Schuylkill.

That the capital stock of said Washington Railroad Company shall be five millions of dollars, and shall consist of one hundred thousand shares of fifty dollars each, which shall be subscribed for on the books of said company, and shall be transferable in such manner as the by-laws of said company may prescribe. The persons herein named as corporators, or any ten of them, shall give notice to the corporators to assemble at the city of Washington for the purpose of prescribing regulations for opening books of subscription to said capital stock at some convenient place in Washington, Baltimore, York, Harrisburg, Philadelphia, Pittsburgh, New York, Marietta, Lebanon, Pinegrove, and Pottsville, and other places, at such times as they may designate by public notice of at least ten days in one daily paper in each of said places; and said books shall be kept open until the whole amount of said capital stock shall be subscribed, or as much of it as they shall deem sufficient for the purposes of this act. A cash payment of ten per centum on all subscriptions shall be paid at the time of subscribing, to the person or persons properly authorized by the corporators to receive the same, and whenever any amount of not less than two hundred and fifty thousand dollars shall have been subscribed in good faith to the capital stock, and ten per centum of the same paid in as above prescribed, it shall be the duty of the above-named corporators (any fifteen of them shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business) to call a meeting of the stockholders at either of the above-named places for the purpose of electing thirteen directors for said corporation, and each share in the stock shall entitle the owner to one vote, &c., &c.

The corporators named in the Bill are 57, 17 of whom are from the District of Columbia, 10 from Maryland, and 29 from Pennsylvania.

There is another Bill in the hands of the Committee on Roads and Canals, authorizing a direct road running from the Coal Regions in Schuylkill County to the Bay of New York, for the purpose of furnishing the Government with coal cheap, and for other Government purposes, which we hope will be reported and passed. Such a road would reduce the price of coal from 75 cents to a $1 per ton at New York; a very important feature.

In the Senate the Hon. Mr. Sherman has reported a Bill providing for three air lines of Railroad running from Washington City to New York—one do. to Cincinnati, and one do. to Cleveland for carrying the mail, Government stores, &c. The combination of railroads to keep up high rates of transportation and checking the building of others for their relief, is compelling the people to look to Congress for redress of grievances.

IGNORANCE OF FREE TRADERS.—It was asserted this week by several free traders on the floor of Congress, that the manufacturing industry in this country was in a high degree of prosperity. This assertion is not true, except so far as a very few branches are concerned. The best test as to the prosperity of the manufacturing industry of this country, is the consumption of fuel. The natural increase of population would consume from 300,000 to 400,000 tons of coal for domestic purposes, and if the manufacturing industry of this country was prosperous, it would require at least from a million to two millions tons increase in the supply of coal. Now, how stand the figures? In 1867 the increase in the product and supply of coal over 1866, was only 309,863 tons—not sufficient for increased population. And in 1868 embracing nearly half the year with a severe and prolonged winter, the increase so far this year is only about 390,000 tons, at lower prices than prevailed before the rebellion. This shows conclusively, that there is no increased demand for manufacturing purposes, notwithstanding the increase of population, and the coal trade was never so prostrated in the history of the country, as it now is, except after the great breakdown in 1857. But there is no use of paying any attention to what Copperhead free traders say on business questions, because they are a perfect set of ignoramuses and ought to be sent to school to learn a little political economy, before they are sent to Congress to make laws for the people.

THE UNION LEAGUE OF SCHUYLKILL COUNTY.—Everywhere throughout the country the Republicans are moving actively in the campaign upon which we have just entered, and in their Union leagues and clubs preparing for the desperate encounter. We are not aware that the Union League of this County yet has taken any steps to organize for the contest, and add the weight of its influence to the work for Grant and Colfax. But we trust that it will without delay. The business interests of the country, settlement of its complications, and its prosperity demand the election of Grant. If the Democracy succeed everything will become unsettled, and the country will again be plunged into turmoil and trouble. Organize and to work for Grant and Colfax, peace and prosperity, and a reunited Republic.

THE STATE MEDICAL CONVENTION was in session in Harrisburg last week. Dr. John Curwen, of Harrisburg, was elected President for the ensuing year. Among the names of the Vice Presidents, we observe the name of Dr. J. G. Kohler; among the names of the Censors, that of Dr. James S. Carpenter for the First District; among the names of delegates to the American Medical Association, that of Dr. J. T. Carpenter, and among the names of delegates to New Jersey, that of Dr. J. G. Kohler—all of this County. On Friday the Society adjourned to meet in Erie on the second Wednesday in June, 1869.—The Society was handsomely entertained by the Medical Society of Dauphin county, the evening before its final adjournment.

REMOVAL OF THE CAPITOL.—Gen. Logan's resolution for the appointment of a Commission to select a new site for the Capital of the Union, contemplates its removal to the West, perhaps to the Valley of the Mississippi. Competent architects estimate the entire expense of taking down and removing all the public buildings at not over ten millions of dollars, and it is supposed that any State which furnishes a new site for the Capital, would meet all this expense, without its costing the government a dollar. The mover of the resolution for the removal assigns, for reasons to justify the change, the disregard of law and the general and constant disloyalty of the population of Washington, and its vicinity.

### EDITOR'S TABLE.

"AT HOME AND ABROAD" is the title of a new weekly published by Francis Hart & Co., 63 Cortlandt street, New York. It contains sixteen large quarto pages, and is profusely illustrated by the best artists in this country and Europe. Its list of distinguished authors who contribute to its columns, is large. Price of subscription, $3 a year. Very liberal premiums are offered to those getting up clubs for this publication. The first number contains a good portrait and biographical sketch of the celebrated political economist, Henry C. Carey.

REPUBLICAN CHART.—A very beautiful chart for the Presidential campaign of 1868, has been published by H. H. Lloyd & Co., 21 John street, New York. It contains portraits of all the Presidents, and of Grant and Colfax; the Republican platform; Grant and Colfax's letters of acceptance; biographical sketches of the Republican candidates; the Electoral vote; Popular vote for President in 1860 and 1864; dates of birth and death of Presidents, and results of Presidential elections from 1796 to 1864. The chart is very complete and well got up, and should be in the possession of every Republican.

THE GALAXY for July, like all the recent numbers, is good. Since it has become the property of Sheldon & Co., a very great improvement in its appearance has been effected, while its contents are certainly not less valuable. The Galaxy is what may be called a thoroughly democratic magazine, as distinguished from those which occupy special fields of literature. It is not afraid to publish plain-spoken articles upon political and social topics, while it does not permit them to displace the general variety which the reading public expect in a monthly magazine. The wood engravings which are now a prominent feature of the Galaxy, are very well conceived and executed, though, of course, they are altogether of an ideal character.

A FINE ENGRAVING.—We are indebted to the publisher and artist J. H. Littlefield, for a copy of the engraving of his portrait of General Grant, executed by H. Gugler, a German, who attained decided celebrity in Europe before practicing his art in this country. As a specimen of steel-line work it is, we believe, not inferior to anything of its size and kind ever published in America, and will unquestionably become the standard portrait of its subject. As a likeness it is unexceptionable, being endowed with a vitality, an animation, and spirit such as is generally characterized by the word "speaking." The microscope shows the work to be the result of singular and beautiful accuracy—the very perfection of finish—while the whole, regarded at a glance, is remarkable for effects. The shadows of the face, the gray tint of the beard, and the liquid "glisten" of the eyes are caught with a success which can only be designated as "color." The earnestness of expression, as of a man intently listening and just ready to deliver a spirited answer, is in this portrait remarkable, and, as such, has been much commented on. The attitude or *pose* is perfectly Grantean, and would be recognized were the face covered. Published by the artist, J. H. Littlefield, 411 Pennsylvania Avenue, Washington.

"FOUL PLAY."—By special arrangement with Messrs. Charles Reade and Dion Boucicault, Messrs. Ticknor and Fields, Publishers, Boston, have reprinted serially, in *Every Saturday*, from advance sheets, their Novel entitled "Foul Play." They have reproduced it, now complete, in a volume.

During its serial appearance, "Foul Play" has been received with unusual marks of popular interest. The eagerness with which each successive instalment has been awaited, and the speculations as to what the next shifting of the scene would reveal, are unquestionable proof of the authors' complete success. The story combines the characteristic excellences of both the authors, Mr. Reade being undoubtedly the most dramatic of living novelists, and Mr. Boucicault the most successful of living dramatists.

The leading elements of the popularity of *Foul Play* are its elaborate and skilfully-managed plot, its thronging incidents, its highly dramatic situations, its striking and well defined characters, and the vigor and vivid picturesqueness of its style.—The illustrations by DuMaurier form an attractive feature of the book.

Those who have not read this remarkably absorbing story, should procure it in the complete and neat form in which Messrs. Ticknor and Fields have just issued it.

## Local Affairs.

### Weekly Almanac.

| June—1868. | SUN RISES | SUN SETS | MOON'S CHANGES. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 20 SATURDAY | 4 29 | 7 34 | Full M. 5 1 59 mo. |
| 21 SUNDAY | 4 29 | 7 34 | Last Q. 13 5 17 mo. |
| 22 MONDAY | 4 29 | 7 34 | New M. 20 9 49 mo. |
| 23 TUESDAY | 4 29 | 7 35 | First Q. 27 0 54 mo. |
| 24 WEDNESDAY | 4 29 | 7 35 | |
| 25 THURSDAY | 4 30 | 7 35 | |
| 26 FRIDAY | 4 30 | 7 35 | |

A new lodge of Odd Fellows will soon be established at Turbotville, Northumberland county.

*Dress goods*, latest styles, lovely shades, at Gallands'.

*A new* rolling mill is projected, to be located at the Old Schall's Forge property, above Port Clinton.

*I. O. of O. F.*—Thomas Marsh, of Minersville, has been elected District Deputy Grand Master for Schuylkill County.

*Mr. Kauffman's* new anthracite furnace at Sheridan, Lebanon county, has been blown in, and is working very successfully.

*Locusts* have made their appearance in the lower end of this County. "W" is clearly marked on the end of each wing.

*This* weather is invitatory of bathing. The boys spend fully one-third of their time in a state of nudity, disporting themselves in the canal.

*A few* days since while George F. son of H. W. Burkey of this Borough, was playing with a companion, he was thrown violently against a curb stone, breaking his collar-bone.

*The* Sunday School of the English Reformed Church will hold its sessions in the Council Chamber, Market street, at 9 o'clock every Sabbath morning, until further notice.

*Summer Shawls*, oh! how beautiful and cheap, at Gallands'.

*The* members of the Mozart Musical Association Orchestra are requested to attend punctually at half-past eight next Monday evening, to the general rehearsal preparatory to the concert on Tuesday evening.

*William Knabe & Co.'s* Celebrated Prize Medal Pianos, at Leimmers', 193 Centre street.

American and National Watches, in 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6 oz. cases, first quality and warranted, at Leimmers', 193 Centre street.

*The* church at Meyerstown will be dedicated to-morrow. Services will commence this evening. Revs. J. Burkholder, of Mahanoy City, U. Graves, of Pottsville, and others will deliver sermons. The public are invited.

*Last* week in Philadelphia, James Larkins, hailing from this County, as is stated by the Evening Herald, was before Alderman Ramsdell upon the charge of having stolen goods, valued at $15, from a store near Fairmount. He was committed.

*Rev. E. R. Lewis* of this Borough, will deliver a lecture this evening at the Congregational Church, Minersville. Subject, "My Visit to Chicago." To be delivered in Welsh. The lecture is ably prepared, and should attract a large audience.

*A ball* will be given by the waiters of Pottsville, at the Town Hall, on Thursday evening, June 25th. As this is the first one ever given here by the colored people, the committee of arrangements promise to leave no effort unspared to make it a success.

*Black Silks* for sacks, elegant grades very cheap, at Gallands'.

*The* master plumbers of this Borough have organized a trade Society, under the name of the Plumbers' Union Association of Pottsville, with D. D. Moreton as President, and G. N. Downing as Secretary. The Association has adopted a uniform scale of prices.

*Richard Edwards, Esq.*, of this Borough, left for Europe on Wednesday last. His tour we believe, will not be extended beyond Great Britain, and much of his time during his sojourn there will be spent in his native country, Wales. Mr. Edwards contemplates returning in September.

*"Semi-weekly Advertiser"* is the name of a new paper published at Colborn & Hodgson's printing office, this Borough. It will be published on Tuesday and Friday, and will be circulated gratuitously. It is a neat sheet. Should the business warrant the publishers say that it will soon be enlarged.

*There* was some excitement in Lebanon, on Tuesday, growing out of a lot of railroaders being brought there from New York, to go to work, and for some cause not receiving employment or finding the conditions to suit them. They exhibited considerable feeling against the individual who brought them on.

*A little boy*, 2 years old, son of Henry Yeager, Hamburg, was burned to death on Saturday last. The unfortunate boy got hold of a box of matches during his mother's temporary absence from the house, set his clothing on fire, and when the mother returned the child lay upon the floor a corpse, burned in the most shocking manner.

*New* Summer stock just opening at Gallands', 210 Centre street.

*Compressed Coal.*—This article made from coal dust, has the reputation of being a most excellent article for domestic and other purposes. Capt. S. B. Bussel has been appointed sole agent for its sale in this Borough. His yard is in Coal street near Snyder's foundry. Housekeepers would do well to give this coal a trial. It burns freely, throws out great heat, and is free from clinker.

*On the 12th inst.*, at Conner's breaker near Girardville, while a train of empty coal cars was being pushed upon a siding, a boy named Flaherty, aged 9 years, employed at the breaker, for amusement jumped on and off the moving train. Finally he slipped, lost his hold, fell under the train, and was cut and mutilated in the most horrible manner. This fatal occurrence should act as a warning to boys not to attempt to get on or off a moving train.

*Lawns*, Organdis, Percales, Chintzes, in splendid variety, at Gallands', 210 Centre street.

*Messrs. Yuengling and Lauer* should caution the drivers of their wagons to drive more slowly and cautiously through the streets of the Borough, especially through those which are on hills. On Thursday one of Mr. Lauer's drivers drove at a reckless rate of speed down Church Alley past our office, and came within an ace of running over a little son of Mr. Gross. Mr. Yuengling's drivers frequently drive at a rapid rate of speed down Port Carbon Road. It should be stopped, as the lives of children are endangered.

*Luminous Explanation.*—In our last we alluded to the peculiar circle which was observed here around the sun, one day last week. The same thing was visible in Boston and gave rise to much speculation. One of the savans of the Hub explains that its appearance was attributable "to the inferior diaphanicity of the circumferential adumbration in photometric comparison with the superjacent cirrocumuli" and that "the phenomenon was merely hygrometric." It is gratifying to have such a luminous explanation of what the rare and beautiful phenomenon indicated.

*The following* is a list of unclaimed letters remaining in the Post Office, at Pottsville, Pa., June 19, 1868:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Bell William | McGuire Francis | Reick Geo J. |
| Bradigan Mrs | Madlin John | Rowley Jirah |
| Cooney Mrs | Moffit Mr. | Ruberry Joseph |
| Dunn Thomas | McGuire Ross | Steele Agnes W |
| Donal J. | Mills Sarah L | Sweeney John |
| Farley George | Price Ann | Smith S S |
| Grine & Bitner | Fussett John | Stritthee Stephen |
| Hawkins Thos J | Painter Miss J | Williams Thos |
| Lewis Emma | | |

*Examination of Pupils at the High School.*—On Thursday last the pupils of the High School, in the Norwegian street school building, were examined by Mr. Kinsley, the Principal, and Superintendent Patterson, in the presence of the Board of Directors. The entire day was consumed in the examination, and was thorough. It gave great satisfaction to the Directors. The establishment of this school, with its high grade, reflects credit upon the Board. The son of the poor man can receive in this school an education which will prepare him fully for all the responsible duties of life. The school is a success.

*The Schuylkill Navigation.*—On Thursday evening last Frederick Fraley, Morton McMichael, Dr. Lewis Rodman, Craig Biddle, Joseph Wharton, Dr. Joseph Carson, Charles Baber, Samuel Bispham, George Cromelien, W. M. Tilghman, and John E. Hutchinson, Directors of the Schuylkill Navigation Company arrived at Port Carbon by Steamer. These gentlemen are on their annual tour of inspection of the works. They found everything in the most satisfactory condition from Philadelphia to this point. Their steamer was well supplied with everything calculated to make their trip one of pleasure. The directors returned to Philadelphia yesterday.

*Notice.*—The undersigned has just returned from the eastern cities and is now opening at his store, 180 Centre st., Pottsville, a very large and beautiful assortment of Ladies' Dress Goods, and Sackings, and for the Gents a full line of Cloths, Cassimeres, Linens and Marseilles. Also, a large stock of Carpets, and Oil Cloths. The above goods have been purchased since the late decline. This enables them to sell goods at very greatly reduced prices. Prices to suit the times. They invite all to give them a call and see for themselves, as they feel confident they can please all who may give them a call both in price and quality. Don't forget the place, 180 Centre st., Pottsville. "It is the place you can get all you want." [illegible]

*Walker & Price* at the new Union Hall, Mahantongo street, have received a splendid line of new goods for the ladies, such as fine Colored Alpacas, Colored Poplins, Fancy and Black Delaines, Silks, White Goods of every description, Fine White Shawls, Real Llama Lace [illegible], Handkerchiefs, Sun Umbrellas, Parasols, Kid Gloves, Hosiery, Watered Ribbons; very best [illegible] 12½ cts; in fact, anything you wish. Also, for men, Cassimeres, Cloths, Hosiery, Fine [illegible] Gauze Under Shirts, Lined Drawers, [illegible] Collars; in fact, their wants [illegible] supplied in Domestic Goods, Bleached [illegible] Brown Muslins, Ticking, Flannels, Table Linens, &c. Their stock is full and at very low prices. A call will convince. So drop in and examine their new goods. See advertisement.

*Our* One Dollar Hoop Skirt Corset and Summer Balmoral Skirts, equal to any sold at $2 everywhere; every lady ought to have one from 210 Centre street.

*Successful Fishing Excursion.*—On Thursday last George W. Johns, Esq., Dr. R. H. Coryell and Mr. D. H. Geiger, of St. Clair; Mr. Harry H. Davis, of Pottsville, and Mr. C. W. Epting and Mr. John R. Steel of Philadelphia, returned from a ten days fishing excursion in Potter county. They fished during five days in the Sinnemahoning Creek, and caught an aggregate of twenty-one hundred [illegible] footed up as follows:

| | |
|---|---|
| Geiger | 180 trout. |
| Epting | 150 " |
| Johns | 125 " |
| Davis | 75 " |
| Coryell | 75 " |
| Steel | 00 " |

The trip was most agreeable, and the party was hospitably entertained by Mr. Archy Lounge, a farmer. Their success in capturing the speckled beauties, proves that they are skilful in the fascinating sport. The many pleasing incidents of the trip we are assured, will long dwell in the memories of the participants.

*Grand Army of the Republic.*—A pleasant episode in the history of Post 23, of this Borough, took place on Tuesday night last after its adjournment. The members to the number of about one hundred, headed by a small but very efficient drum corps, marched to the residence of Col. R. B. Beath, the Post Commander, in Norwegian street, and completely surprised him by presenting to him as a soldier, a citizen, and a gentleman, a beautiful gold-headed cane, bearing upon it a representation of the Grand Army badge, and as inscription as follows:—"*To Col. R. B. Beath, by the comrades of Post 23, G. A. R., Pottsville, Pa., June 16, 1868.*" The presentation was made in a neat and appropriate speech by Dr. D. W. Bland, and responded to feelingly, by Col. Beath. The recipient had we have every reason to believe, no knowledge of the intention of the comrades up to the moment of receiving the present, and the surprise must have been as pleasing to the brave soldier who sacrificed a limb in his country's service, as the event was agreeable to his former companions-in-arms who participated in the presentation.

*Robberies.*—On Sunday morning last the cellar of Mr. John G. Hewes, Richards' Addition, was entered and robbed of all the provisions it contained.

On the same morning Mr. John Sterling's boot and shoe shop, Norwegian street Second street, was entered and robbed of two pairs of new boots, and several pairs of old boots and shoes left with Mr. Sterling to be repaired.

About two o'clock on Wednesday morning last some unknown parties entered the cellar of the residence of Mr. Benj. Pott, in Morris' Addition, and carried off about fifty pounds of lard, part of a ham, a pot of dutch cheese, (which Mr. Pott considers not "the cheese" for thieves of the slightest honor,) all the bread and butter, and a pound cake. They retreated with their spoil in the direction of the Orchard, and were fired upon by officer Lindenmuth, but without effect. They succeeded in getting off.

Mrs. Boabyshell's cellar, adjoining Mr. Pott's, was also entered and robbed of a piece of beef, which was dropped by the thieves during their retreat.

*Temperance.*—It is the intention of the temperance societies of the Borough, to hold free and out-door temperance lectures during the Summer. An executive committee has been appointed, who have entire charge of the matter. The first of these lectures will be delivered on to-morrow, (Sunday) afternoon, at 3 o'clock P. M., in the Welsh Methodist Church, corner of Third and Minersville streets. A lecture will be delivered by Rev. Mr. Jeffries, Pastor of church, in the Welsh language, followed by Mr. Chas. A. Bosbyshell, in English. All communications in reference to these meetings will be addressed to Edw. V. JAMES, Pottsville, Chairman Executive Committee.

A mass meeting of the friends of Temperance in Northumberland county, will be held in Sunbury on Tuesday next.

There will be a free temperance lecture in the Council Chamber, corner of Market and Fifth streets, Pottsville, on Monday evening, the 22d inst., by Thomas Roberts, of Philadelphia, under the auspices of the Grand Lodge of the I. O. of G. T. of Pa. We hope to see a full house to hear Mr. Roberts. Remember the time, Monday evening next at 8 o'clock.

We are requested to give notice that Chas. L. Gillingham of Pottsville, has been appointed District Deputy, G. W. C. T., of the Eastern District of Schuylkill, for the ensuing year.

*Bleached* and brown muslins, in abundance, at Gallands', at the lowest rates.

*Additional Incomes.*—The following have been returned since our publication a few weeks since:

| | |
|---|---|
| Allison Jos., St. Clair | $ 80 |
| Carr, A. P. | 50 |
| Herbert, Edw. | 226 |
| Irvin, R. H. | 307 |
| Hadara, John R. New Castle | 818 |
| Pell, Wm. M. St. Clair | 466 |
| Rich, Job, Norwegian | 119 |
| Seltzinger, Nich., Tamaqua | 93 |
| Brown, Geo. W., Port Carbon | 857 |
| Blackman, Jacob, Pottsville | 706 |
| Hendler, H. J. | 1160 |
| Hoffman, Wm., Palo Alto | 333 |
| Kennedy, Thos., Pottsville | 399 |
| Moses, Jos. | 14 |
| Miller, John M. | 227 |
| Metz, Leonard, Port Carbon | 520 |
| Rosengarten, Geo., Pottsville | 231 |
| Rahn, Chas. A., Pottsville | 210 |
| Shaefer, W. H. | 2300 |
| Starrett, John, Palo Alto | 43 |
| Troxell, Jos. R., Pottsville | 127 |
| Zimmerman, Henry, Pottsville | 84 |
| Bailey, Hamilton, Tremont | 264 |
| Irwin, Robt., Cressona | 386 |
| Minaker, Benj., Tremont | 33 |
| Reed, Wm. L., Pinegrove | 550 |
| Tipton, John, Frailey | 456 |
| Wilhout, Chas., Sch. Haven | 453 |
| Huss, Wm., Butler | 500 |
| Mongold, Philip, Butler | 43 |
| Thickens, Wm., Mahanoy Plane | 217 |
| Yoder, Wm. L., Mahanoy City | 1910 |
| Fletcher, David, Rush | 53 |

*Proceedings of the Pottsville School Board.*—A stated meeting of the School Board was held on Wednesday evening last. Present, Messrs. Snyder, Hodgson, Lindenmuth, Little, Heebner, Huber, Derr, Edmonds, Wells, Sheafer, Martz, Flemminger, Fox, and Smith, President.

Report of Finance Com. on final settlement of the account of Mr. J. M. Beatty, Treasurer, was accepted and filed.

Finance Committee on reporting estimate of expenses for ensuing school year, was continued.

The Committee reported that Squire Hartz had been engaged to make out duplicate.

Subscriptions of Board to Pennsylvania School Journal, were on motion, renewed.

Bill of C. Little, $50, was ordered to be paid.

Messrs. Wells, Sheafer, Little and Hodgson were announced as the Committee on Teachers' Qualification.

Messrs. J. M. Beatty, B. T. Taylor and Chas. H. Dengler were severally nominated for the position of Treasurer, the gentleman elected to receive no compensation for his services.

A ballot resulted as follows:

| | |
|---|---|
| Beatty | 11 |
| Taylor | 1 |
| Dengler | 2 |

Mr. Beatty was declared elected.

Mr. Huber was on motion, made a member of the committee to revise the school rules and regulations.

On motion of Mr. Sheafer it was resolved that the re-employment of the Principal of the High School, Mr. Kinsley, be referred to the Committee on Qualifications of Teachers, with power to re-employ him if they are satisfied with his capacity and efficiency.

Adjourned.

*The Republican County Standing Committee.*—Howell Fisher, Esq., President of the late Republican County Meeting, has appointed the following members of the party to act as the County Standing Committee during the ensuing year:

Joseph S. Patterson, Chairman, Pottsville.
F. B. Wallace, Pottsville.
Elijah F. Bodey, Pottsville.
Lawrence F. Whitney, Pottsville.
Rev. E. R. Lewis, Pottsville.
John Sterner, Minersville.
Lewis H. Koch, St. Clair.
Capt. Robert Allison, Port Carbon.
Charles Bensinger, Middleport.
Charles Tanner, New Philadelphia.
Joseph Beachem, Tuscarora.
Robert L. Leyburn, Tamaqua.
Daniel D. Dillman, Mahanoy City.
Capt. Edward Phillips, Mahanoy Township.
Jonathan Wasley, Shenandoah City.
Dr. A. B. Sherman, Girardville.
Henry S. Boner, Ashland.
John F. Lewis, Gordon.
Chas. M. Billman, Barry.
Franklin Koehler, Eldred.
Moses Dunkelberger, Hegins.
Lewis W. Heil, Tremont.
Henry Werntz, Pinegrove Borough.
George F. Marts, Pinegrove Township.
Franklin W. Baber, Washington Township.
Daniel K. Reed, Wayne Township.
Luther R. Keller, Cressona.
Capt. James K. Helms, Schuylkill Haven.
Benjamin Koch, Auburn.
C. H. M. Wagner, Port Clinton.
Thomas L. Hammer, Orwigsburg.
Jacob H. Fils, East Brunswig.
Joshua Yost, Union.
Samuel R. Faust, Rush.
Martin Corbin, Swatara (Reilley).
Robert Weir, Branchdale.
Jacob A. Faust, Llewellyn.

*John M. Boundy, the Artist.*—During a late visit to this artist's studio, we had the opportunity and the pleasure of examining a number of portraits recently painted and in course of execution. To see is to admire, we may justly exclaim, when we behold the productions of this gentleman, particularly, his portraits in which he seems to excel, and which, we think, are his *forte*—after his celebrated masters and friends—the Quinns, who were justly famous for their admirable and truthful portraits.

As a finely executed and beautiful production, we may first notice a portrait of the late Mrs. Blair, of Rutland, Vermont—painted for her daughter—Mrs. Geo. T. Jones, of St. Clair, and we are assured by Mrs. Jones that the likeness is as faithful and as striking as the picture is pleasing and elegant.

There are also two pictures painted for James Lanigan, Esq.—the wealthy iron-master—a portrait of his daughter, and a likeness of one lately deceased—which, as works of art, are admirable and excellent.

We also notice a remarkable portrait of Mrs. Thomas Beddall, of Port Carbon. So perfect indeed, is this likeness, that the most casual observer acquainted with the lady, would recognize the resemblance to the original, while the picture is also pleasing and attractive. We may say the same of a partially finished portrait of the late Mr. Boone, of Port Carbon. The notable and striking features of the deceased are faithfully portrayed. The picture will be a credit to the artist, and must be highly esteemed by the friends of the deceased. There were other portraits equally worthy of mention, but we did not recognize the originals. Those known to the writer appear to be as perfect as the pencil of the artist can possibly make them. Indeed, we have seen nothing more admirable or elegant in the [illegible].

Mr. Boundy has recently returned from his usual trip to the annual exhibition of the Academy of Fine Arts in Philadelphia, and the studio of his brother artists in that city, and said much benefit from his visit. He has since then removed from his old place of business to the upper end of Market street, corner of Market and Fifth streets. A pleasant locality, much more accessible and convenient for the friends and patrons.

*The Visit to the Interior of Pennsylvania of the National Board of Trade.*—The Philadelphia *Sunday Times* thus speaks of the impression made upon the minds of the members of the National Board of Trade, by their visit to the coal and other sources in the interior of the State:

[illegible]

[illegible] Alps [illegible] never seen [illegible]

[illegible]

*Soldiers' and Sailors' Campaign Club of Pottsville.*—The second meeting of this Club composed of all honorably discharged soldiers and sailors, favorable to the election of Grant and Colfax, was held at the Union League rooms, Seitz's Building, on Saturday evening last.

The Club is getting into shape to enter upon the campaign, and will shortly number in its membership hundreds of soldiers and sailors who live in Pottsville. Already the rules and regulations adopted by the Club at its last meeting have been signed by a large number of our gallant boys in blue, and to-night will be an excellent time for others who want to join the Club to attend the meeting at the Union League rooms, and enter their names upon the books.

The minutes of the last meeting of the Club are as follows:—

The committee on drafting rules and regulations for the government of the Club, submitted the following which were adopted:

I. The undersigned, soldiers and sailors in the armies of the United States during the late war to preserve the unity of the Nation, from the assaults of armed Treason, believing that the perpetuity of our free institutions, the peace and prosperity of the country, and the interests of liberty throughout the world, require the election to the Presidency of the United States of Gen. Ulysses S. Grant, the great Captain of the age, and to the Vice Presidency of Hon. Schuyler Colfax, one of the most patriotic and able of American statesmen, do organize ourselves for efficient action in the coming canvass into an association to be known as "The Soldiers and Sailors' Campaign Club of Pottsville," and do adopt the following rules and regulations for the government of the Club:

I. The officers of the Club shall consist of a President; one Vice President for each of the five wards of the Borough, a Corresponding Secretary, a Recording Secretary and a Treasurer.

II. On the absence from any of the stated or special meetings of the Club, one of the Vice Presidents shall preside.

III. An Executive Committee of five shall be appointed by the President, who shall arrange the details of all active and practical operations of the Club during the campaign.

IV. The meetings of the Club shall be held at the call of the President.

V. All honorably discharged soldiers and sailors are eligible for membership in the Club.

VI. Matthias' Manual shall be used for the parliamentary government of the Club.

JAMES WREN,
F. B. WALLACE, } Committee.
CHAS. H. BECK,

On motion of Lieut. Chas. E. Beck it was resolved that the blank in the above rules be left unfilled for the present, and that the Executive Committee be instructed to procure a meeting room for the use of the Club.

On motion of Col. Beath it was resolved that the Executive Committee be instructed not to call a public meeting of soldiers and sailors during July.

On motion, F. B. Wallace was appointed Corresponding, and J. J. Cake Recording Secretary.

The Club then adjourned to meet at the Union League rooms on Saturday evening, July 20, at 8 o'clock, sharp.

All soldiers and sailors favorable to the cause of Grant and Colfax, are cordially invited to attend the meeting this evening.

*Masonic.*—The laying of the corner-stone of the new Temple at the north-east corner of Broad and Filbert streets, Philadelphia, will take place on Wednesday next, 24th instant.

We are not aware that any Lodge in this County as a Lodge, will participate, but presume that each will be represented by one or more brethren.

The following order of procession for the occasion, has been issued by the Hon. Richard Vaux, R. W. G. M., through the Grand Marshal, Geo. W. Wood:

Grand Marshal and Two Assistants.
Band.
Junior Lodge in front.
Each Lodge in the following order:
Chaplain and Pursuivant.
Masters of Ceremony.
Deacons.
Brethren of the Lodge—two and two.
Past Masters—two and two.
Treasurer and Secretary.
Wardens.
Worshipful Master.
Brethren of Visiting Lodges from other Jurisdictions will unite with the Lodges inviting them, as their guests.
Band.
Grand Tyler.
Building Committee.
Architect.
Grand Officers of other Jurisdictions.
Past Grand Officers.
District Deputy Grand Masters.
Grand Pursuivant.
Grand Stewards.
Grand Chaplains.
Grand Deacons.
Grand Treasurer and Grand Secretary.
Grand Wardens.
Deputy Grand Master.
Grand Master.
Grand Sword Bearer.

The line will be formed at 8 o'clock A. M. in readiness to move at half-past eight precisely, in two ranks, left in front, on Broad street, south, with the right hand of the line resting on Chestnut street, the whole under the direction of the Grand Marshal. Each lodge shall have a Marshal, who shall attend exclusively to and be accountable for the good order of his particular lodge. He shall see that no brother leaves the ranks, and that the directions of the Grand Lodge are strictly enforced. The space between the lines of the march to be twenty inches, which shall be rigidly enforced.

The line will move down Chestnut street to Seventh, thence to Arch street, thence to Broad street, up Broad on the east side to Columbia avenue, then countermarch down Broad street on the west side to Arch street, and there halt. The ranks will then be opened, the brethren facing inward, and again countermarch in the usual form.

The officers of the Grand Lodge, preceded by a band, will join the procession at the old Hall, on Chestnut street, above Seventh, taking position on the extreme left.

After the officers of the Grand Lodge have passed through the opened ranks, the masters, wardens and past masters of each lodge will break from their respective lodges, and take up the line of march immediately in rear of the Grand officers, according to seniority. The brethren of each lodge will also move in like manner.

The several lodges now meeting in the Hall on Chestnut street will make arrangements for convening in some other place on the day of the ceremony, the serving said Hall for the use and accommodation of the Grand officers and their invited guests.

Each brother participating in the ceremonies will be required to attend in black craven or dark clothing, black hat, white gloves, and plain white leather apron (such as have been ordered for the occasion); the officers, the jewel of each lodge, with their appropriate jewel suspended around the neck by a blue ribbon. This order will be strictly enforced.

The elective officers of the Grand Lodge will alone wear the full Masonic regalia of their respective stations.

By order of RICHARD VAUX, R. W. G. M.
GEORGE W. WOOD, Grand Marshal.

In the evening a grand banquet, at which one thousand Masons will be entertained, will be given at the Academy of Music, which event will close the ceremonies of the day.

The corner-stone of the new Temple is granite and weighs ten tons. It is seven feet long, five feet broad, and four feet thick. It is from quarries at Port Deposit, from which all the stone for the foundation of the Temple will be obtained.

Arrangements have been made with the several railroad companies leading to Philadelphia, to issue excursion tickets for the accommodation of persons desiring to attend the laying of the corner-stone of the Temple. Those intending to avail themselves, should apply at their respective stations at once.

Excursion tickets will be issued from June 23d to June 25th, 1868, to Philadelphia, at $3 25 to Masons and $4 35 to the public, to the corner-stone laying.

P. S.—Masons must produce a certificate from the W. M. of their Lodge.

On Wednesday evening next a Masonic sermon, commemorative of the interesting ceremony of that day, in Philadelphia, will be delivered in Trinity Church, this Borough, by Rev. W. J. Clark of Philadelphia. The members of Pulaski Lodge will meet in their room at 7 o'clock, preparatory to going to the church in a body. All members of the craft are invited to participate. Dress, dark clothing with white gloves.

*Proceedings of the Borough Council.*—A stated meeting of Council was held on Tuesday evening last. Present, Messrs. Farquhar, Brown, Russel, Shearer, Lauer, Kienzle, Seitzinger, Cochran, S. Heffner, and Fox, President.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved.

The Committee on Room, &c., reported the safe removed from the Humane Engine House into the Council Chamber.

The Special Committee appointed to report a plan for the Engine House for the Phoenix Fire Company, and estimate of the cost of building reported as follows: [illegible] submit to the Council the correspondence had with the Sheriff on the subject of preventing butchers and others from occupying the pavements, &c., with their meat stands. Referred to the Committee on Markets.

The report of the Borough Treasurer was read and filed.

The petition of J. Franklin Harris and others for the opening of Laurel street from the property [illegible] to York farm, was read and referred to the Street Committee.

On motion of Mr. Brown, the Street Committee were ordered to construct a crossing in Centre street opposite Whitfield & Boyer's store.

On motion of Mr. Russel, it was

*Resolved*, That the Chief of Police be ordered to arrest and lock up all persons found violating the 3d and 4th sections of an ordinance, in the summer season, by "crowds and assemblies of idle men and boys," and the disturbance of the peace by "vagrants and disorderly persons."

The following bills were read and passed:

| | |
|---|---|
| H. B. Smith | $36 40 |
| Fosold & Adam | 1 50 |
| Jabez Sparks | 45 00 |
| Conrad Gottschall | 6 50 |
| Street Hands | 161 63 |

A communication from Chas. Baber, President of the Water Board, in reference to laying larger water pipes in Market Square, was read and accepted, and the condition contained therein agreed to.

On motion of Mr. Farquhar, the Special Building Committee were instructed to carry out the report made by the Special Committee on building the Phoenix Engine House.

On motion of Mr. Farquhar, the resolution adopted at the last meeting, fixing the site of the Phoenix Engine House, was reconsidered.

On motion of Mr. Farquhar, it was decided to have the new building located on Coal street, on the lot the present building occupies, instead of the lot fronting on Norwegian street.

### COURT PROCEEDINGS.

REPORTED EXCLUSIVELY FOR THE MINERS' JOURNAL BY CHRISTOPHER LITTLE, ESQ.

**June Term, Quarter Sessions. (Continued)**

The Kane Homicide case, referred to in our last report, was concluded by the rendition of a verdict, on Saturday morning, of guilty of voluntary manslaughter. We were informed that the jury, on first retiring on the evening previous, stood eleven for conviction of murder in the first degree, and one for unconditional acquittal.

The facts of the case were comparatively few, and in the main undisputed. Under the circumstances, it will be sufficient to give their outline instead of the evidence in full, which we had taken the pains to note and originally to prepare for publication.

Michael Kane, the deceased, kept a tavern in New Philadelphia. On the night of Saturday, 8th February, 1867, the prisoner John Kane came there, with others, about 11 o'clock. He was drunk, and behaved in a boisterous and riotous manner, wanting especially to fight one Kennedy, but the family managed to get Kennedy up stairs, out of the way. Michael put John out of doors three several times, on account of his violent conduct. Once in the scuffle, John bit Michael's cheek. The last time, Michael beat John with a heavy stick, and knocked him down on the road in front of the house. John was then helped to his house, near a mile distant, by two of his friends, and there left about 1 o'clock in the morning of the 10th. On the way home, he threatened to return that night or next morning, and shoot Michael—or as another witness testified, meet him at the mines the following Monday morning.

Next 4 o'clock of the same morning, Michael and his wife, who had retired in the meantime to their chambers above the bar room, heard John returning and commence thumping at the front door. His voice was also heard and recognized by a young woman living in a neighboring house. Michael got of bed and reaching up for his revolver hanging against the wall near the bed, proposing to fire a shot out of the window to frighten John away. The wife also got up to carry their child into an adjoining room, when she heard a shot and her husband fall. She turned and groped for him in the dark, when a second shot was fired. A lamp had been burning in the room, low, which Michael on rising had turned up, but it was in some way extinguished at about the time of the first firing.

The alarm was immediately given; some neighbors came in, and found Michael dead on the floor, lying with his feet toward and close to the window, and his body extended almost directly backward into the room. A gun shot wound was discovered as of a ball having entered his mouth, cutting the lower lip slightly, continuing upwards and a little backwards through the roof of the mouth, near the palate, through the brain and out of the top of the head. Two ball holes were found in and through the outer window sill, through a lower pane of glass, through the paper-muslin window curtain, and in the chamber ceiling, within a few inches of one another and in the line of direction from or near the bar room door and porch below; corresponding with the line of direction of the fatal wound, on the supposition that Michael was standing in front of and close to the window.

It was known that the prisoner owned and had in his possession some time previous, a double barreled shot gun.

The defence relied upon the unexceptionably good character proven of the prisoner, but mainly on the fact that some six or seven years ago his skull had been fractured, which had ever since rendered him peculiarly sensitive to any sort of excitement; and that the effect upon him of drinking was especially deleterious—rendering him wild and unmanageable, and for the time, in fact, insane.

Soon after the occurrence he voluntarily surrendered himself before a Magistrate, and was committed, but was afterwards released on bail; though, it seems that during a considerable portion of the time since, he has been at large without the renewal of bail—even up to and during the greater portion of the trial. On Saturday morning he returned to Court as usual from his bonds, and on the rendition of the verdict, he was taken in charge by the Sheriff and lodged in jail, where he still remains awaiting the sentence of the Court.

Mr. Richard Edwards requests the insertion of the following:

CORRECTION.—In the report of the libel case in last week's JOURNAL the exceptions filed by J. Franklin Harris were not sustained in the main as stated, nor the exceptions sustained. Some items of credit were erroneously claimed by Lewis Reeser in stating the account, which were allowed by Richard Edwards the executor, before they were excepted to, without litigation.

(COMMUNICATED.)

FISHBACH, June 16, 1868.

DEAR JOURNAL: In looking over your valuable paper of the 18th instant, I saw an item in the local affairs headed "The Workingmen's Parish Library of Fishbach," in which your local reporter is rather incorrect in speaking of little Sammy Lee one of our Sunday School scholars, as being the "poor little boy rescued from *poverty* and *neglect*."

Those two words poverty and neglect are very inappropriate, and sound out of place to the ears of one who is so well acquainted with the Lee family as myself; we know they are not in these good circumstances that most of us would like to be, and the wolf has never been at their door. If your local reporter's authority could spend an evening or holiday with the Lee family, he would change his "base" quicker, and he would find comfort, thrift and home pleasures in the well ordered family of Mr. Lee. I have the five of the children belonging to our Sunday School; three are teachers and two are scholars, and I can assure you they are patterns worthy to be followed, and where the neglect is I can't see. Those two words might have inadvertently crawled in or strayed away from some other local: they are not at home in the place they are. Neglect is an evil; its penalty is misery and poverty. Poverty is a crime punished by society. Please publish this; Mr. Lee wishes it done as an act of justice toward him. Yours truly, ROLLING MILL.

(From the Pittsburgh Gazette, June 16.)

### THE ISRAELITES AND GEN. GRANT.

The annexed communication, from a highly respectable and influential Jewish citizen of Pittsburgh, disposes most effectively of a Copperhead slander upon the largest class of the Union armies. There can be no doubt that Mr. Straus states the facts concerning that true sentiments and the political sympathies of all honorable Israelites of good standing and weight in this community, but throughout the loyal States:—

PITTSBURGH, June 15, 1868.

MESSRS. EDITORS OF GAZETTE: There is a great effort made in certain sections of the country by some well designed persons (better known as the Democratic party) to cast a bad repute upon the Jewish people in their trying to make the public believe, that we, as a body, will or should oppose the election of Gen. U. S. Grant. Gen. Grant needs no defence of mine. His acts throughout the war, as well as since its close, speak for themselves, and these acts are so grand, so noble and statesmanlike, that we can well afford and should overlook our faith, especially when we consider the circumstances under which it was done.

Let me assure you, and through your valuable paper all our fellow citizens, that every honorable, honest and loyal Israelite will work heart and soul for the success of the Republican ticket, as we do not vote for men but for principle. Furthermore, the writer knows this to be a fact, that, as a general thing, every honorable Israelite of good standing and who is proud of his good name in this and other cities throughout the country, feels himself insulted if classed with those who were hanging around our camps during the war in anything but honorable positions, and never have been recognized, and they would not now be seen in company of those who call meetings and pass resolutions aiming against the success of the Republican party.

"We may well say, 'The mountains went to labor and brought forth a mouse,'" and to this will all the labor amount to of our opponents in their endeavors about Grant's order. I am sure had he been their candidate we would not have heard anything about it. Grant, Colfax and glorious success is now the watchword in common with our fellow citizens.

The writer offers his services from now till after the election in any way he can best serve the cause of the Republican party. Yours respectfully,

S. STRAUS, 124 Second St.

### FORTIETH CONGRESS.

SECOND SESSION.

WASHINGTON, June 12, 1868.—SENATE.—The Committee on Foreign Affairs reported a resolution requesting the President to intercede with the Queen of Great Britain to secure the speedy discharge of the Rev. John McMahon, convicted of treason-felony, and now confined at Kingston, C. W., which was passed. The bill supplementary to the act to provide national currency secured by a pledge of United States bonds, and to provide for the circulation thereof, was next considered. Several amendments reported by the Finance Committee were adopted, but the bill was not finally acted upon. Adjourned.

HOUSE.—The Reconstruction Committee recommended that the Senate amendments to the bill to admit the rebellious State be concurred in. Mr. Spalding move to strike out Alabama, and Mr. Farnsworth moved to strike out Florida. After a long, and in some instances sharp discussion, the motion to strike out Alabama was withdrawn. There was another lengthly debate, and then the motion to strike out Florida was rejected—yeas 45, nays 97.

JUNE 13.—SENATE.—Mr. Trumbull called up the bill extending the time in which men guilty of capital offences against the United States may be punished, which was passed. The bill relating to contested elections in Washington was also passed. Mr. Cattell, of N. J., introduced a bill, which was referred, providing for a further issue of temporary loan certificates to redeem the remaining outstanding compound interest notes.

HOUSE.—In the House, on motion of Mr. Randall, of Pennsylvania, the Comptroller of the Currency was requested to furnish a statement of the amount of dividends declared by the National banks, &c. Mr. Logan gave notice that he would offer a resolution providing for a committee to select another site for the capital city of the United States. The consideration of the Tax bill was resumed in Committee of the Whole, and the bill to section 120 was disposed of.

June 15.—SENATE.—After the reference of sundry bills and resolutions the bill to provide for the refunding of duties erroneously exacted was called up and passed, as was also the bill for the relief of certain contractors to build iron-clads.—The national currency act was then taken up and discussed at length. Resolution adopted extending an invitation to Chinese Embassy to visit Senate on to-morrow. Adjourned.

HOUSE.—After the call of States for bills and joint resolution action was taken on the resolution to continue the increased pay of Government employes at twenty per cent, which resulted in its passage. After a lengthy and heated debate a resolution was passed making it known as the sense of the House that the Committee of Ways and Means should prepare a separate bill relating to the tax on whisky and tobacco.

JUNE 17.—SENATE.—Memorials from the Constitutional Convention of Texas relative to disordered crime. Postponement of all bills relating to bankruptcy. Reception of the Chinese embassy. After further amendments to the currency act it was passed. Adjourned.

HOUSE.—Report of the Committee on Elections in favor of the contestant McKee, of the Ninth district, Kentucky. Passage of resolution requesting the Committee of Ways and Means to report on the propriety of taxing Government securities. Proposition to demand redress from England for her treatment of of naturalized American citizens postponed. Committee of Ways and Means instructed at length to report on the practicability of taxing the capacity of the still. Lengthy discussion of the bill to promote commerce. It was finally laid on the table. Adoption of a committee of conference on the Senate bill to remove disabilities from citizens of North Carolina. Adjourned.

June 18.—SENATE.—Passage of bill removing disabilities from certain citizens of North Carolina. [illegible]

HOUSE.—Passage of Senate amendment removing disabilities from R. R. Butler, member of Congress-elect from Tennessee. Bill granting twenty per cent. increase to Government employes [illegible]

### POLITICAL.

MR. PENDLETON is just about such a man as was James Buchanan, minus his extensive reputation.

THE young Republicans of Harrisburg have resolved to organize a Grant Club, to include every Republican voter in that city.

THE best weapon with which to knock down the Copperhead Democracy is a Grant and Colfax Club, and we are pleased to see that they are being brought freely in use all over the land.

IT is said to be a fact that the Postmaster General has received letters asking that Petroleum V. Nasby be allowed to remain in his department while attempting to bring odium on the Administration.

IN various places the stampede from the Democratic ranks to the standard of Grant has commenced. Seventy-five voters of the Democratic persuasion came in a body to a Republican caucus at Auburn, Maine, a few evenings since and announced their intention to work and vote with the Republican party in the future.

OF eighteen Generals and Colonels who signed a call published in the *National Intelligencer* of the 6th, for a Conservative Soldiers' Convention, but four were entitled to claim the titular rank. The rest were either of a rank below colonel when they left the service early in the war, or had been discharged from the army for the public good or had not been in the service at all.

THE Freeman's *Journal* says: Mr. Chase, certainly ought to run for President—but, on his own book, as a consistent Black Republican. The Democratic party has them are in earnest in wanting to have a candidate inside their party. They have been beaten often enough by trying to get the vast Democratic party, at the whistle of the manager, to run for somebody *because he wasn't* a Democrat.

THE *New York Ledger* having said, "If Colfax has ever been a printer, he'll know what it is to have a form pied next November," the *Providence Journal* adds the following diamond foot-note: "Exactly so.—The Democratic form is already so badly squabbed and off its feet that the strongest chase in the country can't hold it together, and there are clear indications that it will be in 'pi'—the receptacle for broken forms, very early in November."

THE Albany (Ga.) *News*, a Democratic journal, made the following declaration after the late election in that State, and the Atlanta *Intelligencer* (Democratic) supports the assertion:

"There seems to be as much political virtue and integrity among the colored people of south-western Georgia as exists among a large portion of whites in Middle and Upper Georgia, and we proudly assert that they are safer custodians of the franchise. We see no reason longer to oppose negro suffrage."

JUDGE WOODWARD was a member of the Bench of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania during the whole of the exciting canvass in which he ran as the Democratic candidate for Governor. He never resigned, nor did his term expire for several years after his defeat. But he thinks it outrageous that Gen. Grant does not resign at once. Judge Woodward is the member of Congress who said if he was President, and an attempt was made to impeach him like that tried upon Johnson, he would resist with the power of the army and navy. Of course he is a first-class Democrat.

SENATOR WALLACE, the chairman of the Democratic State Central Committee, was present at the copperhead county convention in Allegheny on Wednesday, and made a speech, in which he told his friends that they had a hard job before them to carry Pennsylvania against Grant and Colfax. He showed by figures that last fall when Sharswood was elected Judge of the Supreme court, *the Democrats polled ninety-four per cent. of their whole vote, while the Republicans cast less than seventy five per cent. of theirs*—yet Sharswood's majority was less than one thousand. His statement had a depressing effect upon the convention, and it adjourned to meet two months hence.

THE *World* says the Democratic Soldiers' Convention to meet in New York, will comprise, among other terrible warriors, the heroes

"to whom the name of McClellan brings back, not the scandals and the falsehoods of his political enemies, but the ringing volley and rattling charge of Southern rifles, and of Southern horse, the march, the bivouac, the battle, and victory."

THE *Patterson Press* responds very fittingly: "Exactly. The kind of veterans that will vote for Grant, are those to whom his name brings back the ringing volley and the rattling charge of Northern rifles and of Northern horse, and therein they differ from the heroes of the *World's* admiration.

WE publish below an extract from the organ of the Methodist Church in the Eastern and Middle States, which shows plainly how they appreciate the Republican standard bearer. Will the Democratic nominee be able to secure from those interested in the cause of religion and good morals the same tribute? Not so long as the Democratic party is the synonyme of corruption and vice:

"No man since Washington has been nominated to the Presidency by such universal acclaim as General Grant. Every attempt to organize opposition to him has only reacted upon the organizers. His chief foe is the Chief Justice, who has destroyed all his great fame, and debased his great office in indulging this impossible, and, in some of the acts to which it has led him, unhallowed ambition. For he has tampered with jurors, and constrained by personal and persistent influence a decision contrary to law, justice, humanity, and God."

THE *La Crosse Democrat* thus calls upon the Democracy to fire up for the ensuing campaign: "Democrats propose to resort to no unlawful acts, no illegal violence, but simply to meet force with force, and to defend their persons and property, and the freedom of speech, the press, and the ballot against any unlawful assaults which may be directed against them. To do this they must be organized; they must be prepared; *they must be armed.* Our opponents have the Loyal League and the Grand Army of the Republic—the latter undoubtedly an armed organization. It is in the hands of bad men—desperate men—brave we will not say; but, though cowards, that very quality would induce them to resort to violence whenever and wherever superior numbers and the possession of arms at any point enabled them with impunity to use brute force against their political opponents. We are, by no means satisfied that we shall not have to *show our strength and readiness to repel and overcome violence by the strong hand* before the pending canvass shall end."

THE character of the efforts which the Copperheads are making to awaken the prejudices of Jewish voters against General GRANT may be inferred from the facts stated in the annexed extract from the Indiana correspondence of the *New York Times*:

"Two circulars have lately been addressed to a great many Jews of Republican proclivities in the Western States for the purpose of inducing them to join in this crusade against the Republican candidate for the Presidency. One of them is dated and mailed at St. Louis, and signed by a certain Isaacs, who styles himself a 'Jewish Officer,' but who, it is said, cannot be found in that city at all. The other is got up in Chicago, and is not signed by anybody, but it is full of preposterous falsehoods concerning the opinions which, it asserts, Gen. Grant entertains in regard to the Jews in the United States. But these efforts are wasted. The Jews, now already declare indignantly that appeals of this kind are insults to their common sense, and that if, as certain Democratic politicians have advised, mass meetings of the Jews should be called for the purpose of making demonstrations against Gen. Grant, their leading men would be the first to denounce the movement and the designing politicians who originated it."

### WEARING OF THE BLUE.

Hurrah for Appomattox! Hurrah for General Grant!
With him we whip, of the rebels, and a song for him we chant.
We'll rally round his battle flag, the flag of Union true,
And drive from the field, our Copperhead the loyal Blue;
Oh! he knows the Boys in Blue! Yes! he knows the Boys in Blue,
And with ballots as with bullets he will find them ever true.

And with the Graybacks as the Copperheads will learn the truth anew,
That our Yankee lads will ne'er forget the wearing of the Blue.

They may weep for Stonewall Jackson, and of Lee they may say,
We will hurrah for Appomattox, and vote for General Grant;
They may sympathize with Davis and uphold his beaten crew,
But so help us Gray shall ever stay the loyal Boys in Blue.
Oh! we trust the Boys in Blue! Oh! we know the Boys in Blue;
And they'll never flinch, or give an inch, while work they have to do;
So, bring on your Rebel Gray again, and give us but a view,
And we'll show you that we don't forget the wearing of the Blue!


**Itch! Itch! Scratch no More!**

**SWAYNE'S OINTMENT**

Cures the most obstinate cases of Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, and Eruptions.

Warranted a quick and sure cure. It allays all itching at once; is purely vegetable; can be used on the most tender infant.

Cures itch in from 12 to 48 hours.

SWAYNE'S OINTMENT—Cures Itch! Itch! Itch!
SWAYNE'S OINTMENT—Cures Tetter!
SWAYNE'S OINTMENT—Cures Salt Rheum!
SWAYNE'S OINTMENT—Cures Itching Piles!
SWAYNE'S OINTMENT—Cures Scald Head!
SWAYNE'S OINTMENT—Cures Barbers' Itch!
SWAYNE'S OINTMENT—Cures Ring Worms!
SWAYNE'S OINTMENT—Cures all Skin Diseases.

Price 50 cents. By sending 60 cents to Dr. Swayne & Son, 330 North Sixth Street, Philadelphia, a box will be sent free of postage, to any address.

Sold by HENRY SAYLOR, Druggist, Pottsville, and all best Druggists everywhere. [April 25, '67 17-]

**MRS. R. LEIGH'S ABDOMINAL**

SUPPORTER IMPROVED ELASTIC BANDAGE For corpulency and debility. Stockings, Trusses, Shoulder Braces, and all other appliances for ladies and children. 218 N. THIRTEENTH ST., above RACE, PHILADA. July 13, '67 28-1y

**Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry.**

Where this article is known it is a work of supererogation to say one word in its favor, so well is it established as an unfailing remedy for Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Croup, Whooping Cough, Asthma, diseases of the Throat, Chest, and Lungs, as well as that most dreaded of all diseases, Consumption, which high medical authority has pronounced to be a curable disease. Those who have used this remedy know its value; those who have not, have but to make a single trial to be satisfied that of all others it is the remedy.

THE REV. JACOB SECHLER.

Well known and much respected among the German population of this country, writes as follows:

HANOVER, PA., Feb. 16, 1859.

MESSRS. S. W. FOWLE & SON, BOSTON—Dear Sirs—Having realized in my family important benefits from the use of your valuable preparation—Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry—it affords me pleasure to recommend it to the public. Some eight years ago, one of my daughters seemed to be in a decline, and little hopes of her recovery were entertained. I then procured a bottle of your Balsam, and before she had taken the whole of it, there was a great improvement in her health. I have, in my individual case, made frequent use of your valuable medicine, and have always been benefited by it. I would, however, caution the public against imposition, because there is a good deal of spurious Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry afloat throughout the country. JACOB SECHLER.

None genuine unless signed "I. BUTTS" on the wrapper.

Prepared by SETH W. FOWLE & SON, 18 Tremont St., Boston, and for sale by Druggists generally.

**CHRONIC DISEASES, SCROFULA, ULCERS, &c.**

It is well known that the benefits derived from drinking of the Congress, Saratoga, and other celebrated Springs is principally owing to the Iodine they contain. Dr. H. Anders' Iodine Water Contains Iodine in the same pure state that it is found in these spring waters, but over 500 per cent. more in quantity, containing as it does 1¼ grains to each fluid ounce, dissolved in pure water, without a solvent, a discovery long sought for, in this country and in Europe, and is the best remedy in the world for Scrofula, Cancers, Salt Rheum, Ulcers, and all Chronic Diseases. Circulars free.

J. P. DINSMORE, Proprietor, 36 Dey street, New York. Sold by all Druggists. 23-4t

**True but Strange.**—Any person sending us their address, with 25 cents, will receive, by mail, the Name and Carte de Visite of their future Wife or Husband. REEVES & CO. 78 Nassau St., New York. March 21, '68 12-3m*

**ROGERS' LIVER PILLS.**—Local diseases whether of the stomach, bowels, kidneys, cutaneous eruptions, or [illegible] which form this local disease have [illegible] the blood [illegible] caused by a torpid or sluggish state of the liver. Rogers' Liver Pills. Will cure Liver Complaint and all diseases arising from a disordered state of that organ. Price 25 cents per box. Prepared by DR. S. ROGERS, 308 Dock St., Philada. Oct 26, '67 43-6m

**Mental Depression.**

Mental depression is a disease of the nervous system, and, of all the ills flesh is heir to, it is one that excites the least sympathy. It is a subject of frequent jests, and is called by various derisive terms; but, although it is often laughed at, it is not easy to laugh the patient out of the belief that his ills are all real, for it is a real disorder—the general distress of which are confused fear, anxiety and gloom. The external senses, as well as the mental faculties, often manifest symptoms of derangement. Noises, as of falling water, and ringing in the ears are complained of, while black specks and fiery sparks frequently flit before the vision. Moreover, the [illegible] should not be disregarded, as they may, if neglected, terminate in insanity. The seat of disease is in the brain and nervous system, and to control the malady it is necessary to use a powerful tonic and alterative, which will correct and tone those organs without inflaming the brain. This is the secret of the success of HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS in cases of this kind, for which it is the safest as well as the best of restoratives. [illegible]


## Religious Intelligence.

"A CONVENTION of Israelites is to meet in New York to-morrow, to confer upon the practicability of ceasing a general observance of their Sabbath. The *Messenger* says: "There exists no reason, of which we are aware, for Israelites to decline complying with the natural and biblical law. There can be no misconstruction of the direct scriptural command. We should be proud and grateful for the sight of synagogues crowded Friday evenings and Sabbath with earnest worshippers, who do not begrudge the hours spent in public service, and who propose spending the day as their forefathers did—in the home circle, enjoying the bliss and sanctity of family reunions which in times past, served so successfully to keep ever active and vigorous the beautiful Jewish life, the theme of poets, the grateful recollection of many a Hebrew, now a stranger to his people and his religion."

### MARRIED.

*All Marriage Notices must be accompanied with 50 cents to appear in the Journal.*

HELMS—HUNTZINGER—By the Rev. F. Moore, May 31st, ALEXANDER P. HELMS to Miss PHOEBE HUNTZINGER, both of Pottsville.

### DIED.

*Simple announcements of deaths, free. Those accompanied with notices, &c., must be paid for at the rate of 10 cents per line.*

JONES.—In Port Carbon, June 5th, after a lingering illness, Miss ELIZABETH, daughter of the late John and Esther Jones, formerly of Pottsville, in the 23d year of her age.

TOWER.—On the morning of the 16th inst., at Pottsville, SARAH LOTTIE, eldest daughter of Charlemagne and Malvina Tower, in the nineteenth year of her age.

Keep Silence! 'tis the voice of God—
To us so dear, but dearer far
To Him,—she leaves us 'neath the chast'ning rod,
And dwells in Heaven, a beaming, beauteous star.
Around His crystal throne, entranced in glorious light,
With love, she sings His praise, an angel pure and bright.

### Obituary.

At a special communication of Cato Lodge, No. 141, F. and A. M., held at their Hall in Cato, N. Y., May 29th, A. D. 1868, A. L. 5868, the following resolutions were adopted:

WHEREAS, It has seemed good in the sight of the Supreme Architect of the universe, in the mysterious dispensation of His Divine Providence, to remove from among us our worthy brother, WILLIAM K. ACKER; and to take him home to that celestial Lodge on high, ever to dwell in the presence of our Grand Master.

*Resolved*, That while we bow in humble submission to all the dictates of God's holy will, we deeply mourn the loss of so exemplary a brother—as a Mason he was an honor to the fraternity—strict in the observance of the tenets of the Order—ever ready to recognize all of its obligations, and conform to the requirements; as a Christian citizen and friend, none were better or truer as a son and brother; his kindness could not be excelled; as a husband and father, his affectionate care and tender love might be quoted as a worthy example to all mankind.

*Resolved*, That in their bereavement, the Masonic Brotherhood deeply sympathize with the mourning wife and relations of our departed brother, and tender them our heartfelt consolation.

*Resolved*, That a copy of these resolutions be transmitted to the family of our deceased brother, and also to Tamaqua Lodge, No. 238, A. Y. M., Pa., of which he was a member, that they may take such action in the premises as may seem proper to them.

JAMES D. BENTON, Secretary.

Published by request of Tamaqua Lodge, No. 238, A. Y. M.


Adorn the Graves of the Dead.

**EAGLE MARBLE WORKS,**

**POTTSVILLE, PENNA.**

A large assortment of READY-MADE MONUMENTS on hand, made of the best AMERICAN & ITALIAN MARBLE, GRANITE, BROWN STONE & PICTOU, Also, HEAD-STONES of various designs. As my stock is very large, comprising all the latest styles for cemetery purposes, persons wishing to make selections cannot call amiss.

F. F. EISENBROWN,

East Norwegian st., one square East of Mortimer House, near Railroad street. March 28, '68—13-9m


## LEGAL NOTICES.

U. S. MARSHAL'S OFFICE, E. D. OF PENNSYLVANIA, PHILADELPHIA, June 19th, 1868.

This is to give notice: That on the twelfth day of June, A. D. 1868, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of BREED NOYES HYDE, of Pottsville, in the County of Schuylkill, and State of Pennsylvania, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt, on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property, belonging to such Bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the Creditors of the said Bankrupt to prove their debts, and to choose one or more Assignees of his Estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the office of JOHN P. HOBART, Pottsville, Pa., before JOHN P. HOBART, Register, on the 9th day of July, A. D. 1868, at 11 o'clock, A. M.

P. C. ELLMAKER, U. S. Marshal as Messenger.
June 20, '68 25-3t

U. S. MARSHAL'S OFFICE, E. D. OF PENNSYLVANIA. PHILADELPHIA, June 10th, 1868.

This is to give Notice: That on the 3d day of June, A. D. 1868, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the Estate of HENRY HAAS, of Ryon Township, in the County of Schuylkill, and State of Pennsylvania, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt, on his own Petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property, belonging to such Bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the Creditors of the said Bankrupt to prove their debts, and to choose one or more Assignees of his Estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the office of JNO. P. HOBART, Pottsville, Pennsylvania, before JOHN P. HOBART, Register, on the 27th day of June, A. D. 1868, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

P. C. ELLMAKER, U. S. Marshal as Messenger.
June 20, '68—25-2t

U. S. MARSHAL'S OFFICE, E. D. OF PENNSYLVANIA, PHILADELPHIA, June 15th, 1868.

This is to give notice: That on the 8th day of June, A. D. 1868, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of CHARLES R. HILL, of Pottsville, in the County of Schuylkill, and State of Pennsylvania, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property, belonging to such Bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the Creditors of said Bankrupt to prove their debts, and to choose one or more Assignees of his Estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the office of JOHN P. HOBART, Register, in Pottsville, Pa., before JOHN P. HOBART, Register, on the 8th day of July, A. D. 1868, at 2 o'clock, P. M.

P. C. ELLMAKER, U. S. Marshal as Messenger.
June 20, '68 25-3t

DISTRICT COURT of THE UNITED States, Eastern District of Pennsylvania.

GEORGE BARNHARD of Butler Township, Schuylkill County, Pennsylvania, Bankrupt, having petitioned for his discharge, a meeting of creditors will be held on Monday, the 18th day of July, 1868, at 10 o'clock, A. M., before Register, JOHN P. HOBART, at his office, Centre Street, Pottsville, Pa., that the examination of the Bankrupt may be finished.

The Register will certify whether the Bankrupt has conformed to his duty. A hearing will also be had on Wednesday, July 29th, A. D. 1868, before the Court at Philadelphia, at 10 o'clock, when parties interested may show cause against the discharge.

Witness Hon. John Cadwalader, Judge, and the seal of the Court at Philadelphia, June 18th, 1868.

G. R. FOX, Clerk.
Attest—JOHN P. HOBART, Register.
June 20, '68 25-

ESTATE OF JOHN BANNAN, deceased.—Letters testamentary to the estate of JNO. BANNAN, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims to present them to THOS. R. BANNAN without delay.

THOMAS R. BANNAN,
FRANCIS B. BANNAN,
Pottsville, June 12, '68—24-6t Executors.

OFFICE OF THE DEPUTY U. S. M., No. 23 NORTH 6TH STREET, READING, PA., June 11th, 1868.

This is to give notice: That on the 11th day of June A. D. 1868, a warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of WILLIAM H. NORTON, of the city of Reading, in the County of Berks and State of Pennsylvania, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt on his own Petition; that the payment of any Debts and delivery of any property belonging to such Bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a Meeting of the Creditors of said Bankrupt, to prove their Debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his Estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the office of H. MALTZBERGER, No. 46 North 6th Street, Reading, Pa., before H. MALTZBERGER, Register, on the 13th day of July, A. D. 1868, at 2 o'clock, P. M.

W. F. WALTER,
June 13, '68—24-3t Deputy U. S. M. as Messenger.

U. S. MARSHAL'S OFFICE, E. D. OF PENNSYLVANIA. PHILADELPHIA, June 10th, 1868.

This is to give notice: That on the 8th day of June A. D. 1868, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of ADAM ETIEN and DAVID LOMISON of Donaldson, in the County of Schuylkill, and State of Pennsylvania, who have been adjudged Bankrupts, on their own Petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property, belonging to such Bankrupts, to them or for their use, and the transfer of any property by them are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the Creditors of the said Bankrupt to prove their debts, and to choose one or more Assignees of their Estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the office of JOHN P. HOBART, in Pottsville, Pa., before JOHN P. HOBART, Register, on the 3d day of July, A. D. 1868, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

P. C. ELLMAKER, U. S. Marshal as Messenger.
June 13, '68 24-3t

U. S. MARSHAL'S OFFICE, E. D. OF PENNSYLVANIA, PHILADELPHIA, June 10, 1868.

This is to give Notice: That on the 2d day of June, A. D. 1868, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the Estate of LEVIS SPANGLER of Jackson Township, in the County of Lebanon, and State of Pennsylvania, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt, on his own Petition; that the payment of any Debts and delivery of any property belonging to such Bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a Meeting of the Creditors of the said Bankrupt, to prove their Debts, and to choose one or more Assignees of his Estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the LEBANON VALLEY HOUSE, in Lebanon, Pennsylvania, before JOHN P. HOBART, Register, on the 30th day of June, A. D. 1868, at 10 o'clock, M.

P. C. ELLMAKER,
June 13, '68—24-3t U. S. Marshal, as Messenger.

U. S. MARSHAL'S OFFICE, E. D. OF PENNSYLVANIA, PHILADELPHIA, June 8th, 1868.

This is to give Notice: That on the 5th day of June, A. D. 1868, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the Estate of JOHN HELMS of Pinegrove Borough, in the County of Schuylkill, and State of Pennsylvania, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt, on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property, belonging to such Bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the Creditors of the said Bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more Assignees of his Estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the office of JOHN P. HOBART, in Pottsville, Pa., before JOHN P. HOBART, Register, on the 2d day of July, A. D. 1868, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

P. C. ELLMAKER, U. S. Marshal as Messenger.
June 13, '68 24-3t

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Whereas letters of administration on the estate of Frederick Snyder, Jr., late of the Borough of Pinegrove, Schuylkill County, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to present them for settlement, and all indebted to the same to make payment to HENRY WERNTZ, Administrator.
Pinegrove, Schuylkill Co., June 6, '68. 23 6t

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—The undersigned having been appointed by the Orphans' Court of Schuylkill County, to restate and resettle the account of Franklin Feger and Pliny Portz, executors of the estate of George A. Snyder, deceased, will attend to the duties of his appointment, at his office, in the Borough of Pottsville, on Tuesday, the 23d day of June, 1868, at 10 o'clock, A. M., when and where all persons interested are notified to attend.
MASON WEIDMAN, Auditor.
Pottsville, June 6, 1868. 23 3t

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Whereas letters of administration on the estate of Mary [illegible] of the Borough of Pottsville, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons having claims against said estate are requested to present them for settlement, and all indebted to the same to make payment to JOSEPH [illegible] [illegible] May 30, '68 [illegible]

NOTICE is hereby given that [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible]

D[illegible]

## GENERAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.—We the undersigned, appointed by the Court of Quarter Sessions, will meet at the House of SOLOMON FEATHER, in the Borough of Pottsville, on TUESDAY, JUNE 30, 1868, to hear testimony in the complainant's case, JAMES RYAN, Contractor, of Mahanoy Township, for costs or damages sustained in bridges or culverts by the late season's heavy freshets.
WM. MORTIMER,
CHARLES W. PITMAN.
June 20, '68 25-3t

NOTICE.—The undersigned Commissioners of Schuylkill County will receive proposals for the mason work of a building, to be erected at the Schuylkill County Alms House, until 12 o'clock on Monday, June 29, 1868. Also, for the mason work of a bridge to be put up at the foot of Mahanoy Plane. Plans and specifications to be seen in the Commissioner's Office.
BENJ. EVERT,
GEORGE WILSON, } Commissioners
PATRICK DORMER,
Attest—O. J. ARNOLD, Clerk.
Commissioners Office, Pottsville, June 11th, 1868. 25-2t

THE undersigned gives notice that he will not receive any orders on Blythe Township for the year 1869, in payment of Road Tax.
MICHAEL WHALEN, Collector.
June 20, '68 25-1t

CAUTION.—We hereby give notice to all persons not to trespass or hunt upon our grounds, or fish in the Little Catawissa Creek passing through our property in Union Township, Schuylkill County, Penna., as we will prosecute to the full extent of the law any person or persons who may be found so trespassing.
HENRY ZIMMERMAN, SAML. E. BEAVER,
JOSHUA YOST, JOHN MAURER,
H. C. HAINES, PETER SCHAPPEL,
JOHN HEART.
Ringtown, Schuylkill Co., Pa., June 20, '68.—25-3t

HENRY FISHER, Sealer of Weights and Measures of Schuylkill Co., 149 Schuylkill Avenue, Pottsville. April 4, '68 14-1y

NOTICE.—A meeting of the persons for or on whose account the property of The New York and Schuylkill Coal Company has been purchased, will be held on Wednesday the 24th day of June, A. D. 1868, at 1 o'clock P. M., at the American Hotel, Easton, Northampton Co., for the purpose of organizing a new corporation under the provisions of the Act of Assembly, approved the Eighth day of April, A. D. 1861, and the supplement thereto approved the Tenth day of March, A. D. 1866.
June 13, '68 24-2t

NOTICE.—Bids for the RESTAURANT DEPARTMENT of the Pic-Nic of the G. A. R., to be held in the Agricultural Park, Pottsville, July 9, 1868, will be received by the undersigned. No intoxicating liquors to be sold on the ground.
F. B. WALLACE,
Chairman of Com. on Pic-Nic.
Pottsville, June 13, '68 24-2t

NOTICE is hereby given that I have loaned to Henry Becker, one dark bay and one light brown MULE during my good will and pleasure.
SAMUEL WILDERMUTH.
June 20, '68 25-3t

NOTICE is hereby given that the copartnership lately existing between David Beveridge, of Pottsville, and Edward Hamilton, of North Manheim Township, Schuylkill County, trading under the firm of BEVERAGE & HAMILTON, was dissolved on the 25th day of May, A. D., 1868, by their mutual consent. All debts owing to the said Copartnership are to be received by said David Beverage, and all demands on the said Copartnership are to be presented to him, said Beverage, for payment.
EDWARD HAMILTON,
DAVID BEVERAGE.
June 13, '68 24-3t

NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the firm of Charles Gessler of Black Creek Township, Luzerne County, and Daniel Rumbel, of Union Township, Schuylkill County, doing business under the name of GESSLER & RUMBEL, in the business of tanning and finishing, is this day dissolved by mutual consent, and hereafter the business of the firm will be settled by Charles Gessler.
CHARLES GESSLER,
DANIEL RUMBEL.
Ringtown, June 3d, 1868. 23-3t

NOTICE.—TEACHERS WANTED.—The Directors of Minersville School District are desirous of employing one Male and seven Female Teachers for the next school term, commencing Sept. 1, 1868, and ending June 30, 1869. Applications will be received until June 28th, at which time the County Superintendent will hold a public examination of applicants, in the Llewellyn Street School House, in the Borough of Minersville, commencing precisely at 9 o'clock in the morning.
J. FITZEMAN, Sec'y of Board.
Minersville, June 4, '68. 23-3t

Notice.—The partnership heretofore existing as GLENN & CARPENTER, has been dissolved since April 1st, 1868, by the withdrawal of Charles A. Glenn. Parties knowing themselves indebted to the late firm will please make payment on or before the 15th of June, when all unpaid claims will be placed in the hands of an attorney for collection. Either of the undersigned will make collections and sign in liquidation.
C. A. GLENN,
May 30—22-3t P. CARPENTER.

BOILERS FOR SALE.—Six Flue Boilers, without flues. Thirty inches in diameter, fifty feet long, (each lower a Blast Furnace.) Will be sold at a bargain. Delivered at Pottsville. Apply to O. M. BAXTER,
Cold Spring, Putnam County, New York.
April 18, '68 16-3m*

NOTICE.—Proposals will be received for the furnishing of Flour at the Schuylkill County Alms House on the first Monday of each month for one year. Address PROPOSAL, Directors of the Poor, Schuylkill County, Schuylkill Haven, Pa.
ISAAC ORWIG, Jr.,
B. T. HUGHES, } Directors of Poor.
M. W. FEFT,
January 1, '68 1-1y

To Manufacturers and Users of Steam Engines, &c., in Schuylkill County.—TAKE NOTICE, that I have sold to ALLISON & BANNAN of Port Carbon, an interest in my PATENT STEAM PISTON, and have given them the entire control of it in said County, and power to collect all monies due or to become due therefor for the manufacture and use of the same.
Hazleton, Pa., Dec. 21, '67—50-tf DAVID CLARK.

## WANTED.

TEACHERS WANTED.—Fifteen Teachers, Male and Female, are wanted for the Schools of Ashland. Schools open first Monday of September. Examination in new brick school building July 16th, 1868. Term 10 months. Teachers employed by the year. Liberal salaries paid.
June 20, '68—25-3t JAMES LAKE, Sec'y.

TEACHERS.—The County Superintendent will hold an examination for thirty-six Teachers for the Pottsville Common Schools (twenty-seven females from Thursday and Friday, the 2d and 3d July next, commencing at 8 A. M. in the Grammar School building, on Centre Street. The present corps of Teachers is full, and it is expected that they will, all apply for re-election; at the same time an opportunity will be afforded for the examination of any others who may desire it, while none of future application here or elsewhere. The teachers to which the successful applicants will afterwards be elected will commence on the 1st September, for ten months. By order of the Board of Directors.
June 20—25-2t CHRISTOPHER LITTLE, Sec'y.

AN EXAMINATION of one person for Superintendent, 3 Male and 7 Female Teachers, will be held by the County Superintendent, in the Public School House in Mahanoy City, on Wednesday, June 24, 1868, commencing at 8½ o'clock A. M. Term 10 months. Salaries liberal. By order of the Board.
DAVID PHILLIPS, Sec'y.
Mahanoy City, June 13, '68 24-3t

TEACHERS WANTED.—For the Schools of Schuylkill Haven. One Male Principal Teacher and three assistant Teachers for the Secondary and Primary Schools. An examination will be held before the County Superintendent, on Thursday, 25th inst., commencing at 8½ o'clock A. M., precisely. All applicants will attend the examination. Salaries liberal.
WM. A. FIELD, Sec'y.
Schuylkill Haven, June 10, '68 24-3t

WANTED.—Five FEMALE TEACHERS for the Public Schools of the Borough of Cressona. The County Superintendent will hold an examination of applicants in the High School Room on Saturday, June 27, 1868, at 1 o'clock precisely. Term, ten months; wages liberal; to good Teachers. By order of the Board.
W. H. BINES, Sec'y.
June 13, '68 24-3

A FEW more Miners wanted at Enterprise Colliery, near Shamokin. R. A. AMMERMAN, Supt.
Shamokin, April 18, '68

BOOK AGENTS WANTED To solicit orders for DR. WILLIAM SMITH'S DICTIONARY OF THE BIBLE. THE ONLY EDITION PUBLISHED IN AMERICA, CONDENSED BY DR. SMITH'S OWN HAND. In one large Octavo volume, illustrated with over 125 steel and wood engravings.

Agents and subscribers see that you get the genuine edition by Dr. Smith.

The *Springfield Republican* says, this edition published by Messrs. Burr & Co., is the genuine thing.

The *Congregationalist* says, whoever wishes to get in the cheapest form, the best Dictionary of the Bible should buy this.

Agents are meeting with unparalleled success. We employ no General Agents, and offer extra inducements to Canvassers. Agents will see the advantage of dealing directly with the PUBLISHERS. For descriptive circulars with full particulars and terms, address the Publishers,
J. B. BURR & CO., Hartford, Conn.
May 30, '68

## FOR SALE AND TO LET.

CHECK AND SEAMLESS BAGS.—The Warden of the County Prison has a large assortment of superior Check and Seamless Bags on hand. Also MINERS' BOOTS AND SHOES, which he offers for sale, at the Prison, at low prices, for cash. Highest cash price paid for Carpet Rags.
June 2, '68—25- ISAAC WARD.

FOR SALE.—The subscriber offers for sale a Farm situate in North Manheim Township, on the Friedensburg road, on the Borough line of Cressona, containing 86 acres, 65 under cultivation, and in timber land. There are 2 dwelling houses, 1 barn, and 1 hay barn, and all necessary buildings. There is a small stream of pure water running through the farm, and a stream leading to the barn, for the purpose of watering the cattle, &c. A good well is made near the house. Terms reasonable. Apply to JACOB BITTLE, Jr., on the premises.
June 13, '68 24-3t*

FOR RENT.—A house and about 20 acres land on Milford Tract above Middleport. Terms reasonable. Apply to F. B. BANNAN, Agt.
Pottsville, June 6, '68 23-tf

Steam Boilers for Sale.—4 good Boilers, 40 inches diameter, 30 feet long with the fronts; 2 Boilers 28 inches diameter, 13 feet long with fronts; 1 Flue Boiler 32 inch diameter, 16 feet long with two 10 inch flues and check and safety valves. New Boilers always on hand at the Machinery Depot on Coal street.
May 20, '68 JABEZ SPARKS.

FOR SALE.—All new and 6 old Slope Wagons. 4 Dirt Dumpers, 3 new Water Wagons, all heavy ironed, to suit 40 inch track. GEO. W. SNYDER,
Jan 25, '68—4-tf Pottsville.

Steam Engines for Sale.—One of 60 horse power—good as new. One of 20 " " —box bed plate. Several small engines from 4 to 8 horse power. One Hicks engine 8 horse power. At the Machinery Depot on Coal Street.
May 30, '68—22-tf JABEZ SPARKS.

STEAM PUMPS, ready for use.—19 inch steam cylinder, pole 6 inch diameter and 5 feet stroke. 1 Pumping Engine. One 60-horse Engine. POMROY & SON, Pottsville Iron Works.
Jan. 1, '68

FOR SALE.—A Five Ton Locomotive, suitable for 4 feet coal track. Has been used for conveying coal and coal dirt at the mines, and is in good order. Apply to GEO. W. SNYDER, Pottsville.
April 11, '68 15-tf

FOR RENT.—A three story Brick Dwelling, on Centre Street. Apply to M. MURPHY, 256 Centre St., Pottsville.
April 4, '68—14-tf

FOR SALE.—A first class property, lot 30x230 [illegible] on Centre St. to Second St. [illegible] [illegible] H. P. SNIOSTEL.

FOR SALE.—A valuable tract of Coal Land [illegible]
December 14, '67 50-tf

VALUABLE PROPERTY AT PRIVATE SALE.—One-twelfth interest in the tract of coal land in Cass Township, Schuylkill County [illegible] COAL AND TIMBER LAND in Barry Township [illegible] HENRY C. RUSSEL, Real Estate and Insurance Agent, No. 13 Mahantongo street [illegible]

MINING MACHINERY FOR SALE VERY CHEAP.—[illegible] THOMAS REED [illegible] Pottsville [illegible]