Wit and Humor.

LATEST STYLES.

In Chicago when they ask you to drink, they say:

"Nominate your family disturbance."

In St. Louis:

"Choose your plean."

In Cincinnati:

"Do you feel like driving a nail into your coffin."

In Louisville:

"Let's put an enemy in our mouths."

In New York:

"Let's reduce ourselves below the level of the brute."

In Boston:

"Let's violate (the liquor law.)

In Frankfort:

"Let's absorb."

In New Orleans:

"Shall we fortify?"

In Albany:

"Suppose we drug ourselves?"

In Indianapolis:

"Let us start for the watch-house."

In Terre Haute:

"Let us perjure ourselves."

In Buffalo:

"Let's disqualify."

In Memphis:

"Have you got thirty cents."

In Nashville:

"Will you take a little old Robertson?"

In Chattanooga:

"Let's soak."

In Knoxville:

"Shall we take some of the devouring element?"

In Griffin:

"Let's take suthin."

In Lancaster:

"Let's swill L-a-r-g-e-r."]

"In Columbia:—

"Let's take some of Wiley's Contraband."

In Tamaqua:

"Can you fix it?"

In Pottsville:

"Call the slop."

Old Adam C——, a resident of Berks county, had a queer habit of making correct mistakes.

When about to sell rather an antiquated horse, he was interrogated as to the age of the beast.

"Vell," he replies, "I guess about nine over ten."

In a short time the purchaser discovered the fraud, returned with the animal, and said:—

"Mr. C——, what made you cheat me in selling me this horse?" "Didn't you tell me he was nine or ten? and here he is twenty."

"No, no; I sheats nobody. I say he is nine over ten, and he is nine over ten."

At another time, when selling a balky horse, he was asked if the horse was time to pull and good to drive. Old Adam says:

"I tells you, in the morning you gets your waggon out, and puts de harness on de horse good; hitch him fore de wagon good; take up de lines and rip, and tell him go! I tells you he is right dair every time."

The buyer departed satisfied; but after following directions, he found him "right dair" every time, and no amount of persuasion could induce him to change his position. Buyer of course returns the horse; but Old Adam "sheats nobody. He told him shust as it was."

Having a quantity of wood that had been exposed to the weather till it had become spoiled, he wished to dispose of it. Taking a load to market, customer enquires:—

"Is it good wood? Will it split good?"

"Sphlit? Yaw, sphlit like a candle."

Any one who has split candles can judge how the wood split. The next time old Adam came to market he was reproached with selling rotten wood; but—"Old Adam sheats nobody; he tells him shust as it was."

How Ale Strengthened Him.—A student at one of our State colleges had a barrel of ale deposited in his room, contrary, of course, to rule and usage. He received a summons to appear before the president, who said:

"Sir, I am informed that you have a barrel of ale in your room."

"Yes, sir."

"Well, what explanation can you make?"

"Why, the fact is, sir, my physician advised me to try a little each day as a tonic, and not wishing to stop at the various places where the beverage is retailed, I concluded to have a barrel taken to my room."

"Indeed." Any have you derived any benefit from the use of it?"

"Oh, yes sir. When the barrel was first taken to my room, two weeks since, I could scarcely lift it. Now I can carry it with the greatest ease."

We believe that the witty student was discharged without special reprimand."

Among the Shakers.—Among the rules posted in the office of a hotel in a Shaker village in New Hampshire is the following:

"Married persons tarrying with us over night are respectfully notified that each sex occupy separate sleeping apartments while they remain."

Some time since a newly married couple, on a little bridal trip, visited the Shakers. The evening was spent in talk—bed time came—and the couple were invited to sleep. They passed out of the office, up stairs, there they saw two sober faced Shakers, a "brother" and "sister," each with a candle.

"Man to the left," said the brother, and into a room he escorted the bridegroom.

"Woman to the right" as quietly said the sister, and into a separate room the bride was ushered—the newly made man and wife separating without even a good-night kiss.

A lovely girl stepped into a store to buy a pair of mits.

"How much are they?"

"Why," said the gallant and impudent clerk, lost in gazing on sparkling eyes and ruby lips, 'you may have them for a kiss."

"Agreed," said the young lady, pocketing the mits, while her eyes spoke daggers, "and as I see you give credit here, charge it on your books, and collect it the best way you can." And so saying she hastily tripped out.

An English merchant was dining with a Chinese Mandarian, when it struck him that perhaps the dish he had eaten of so heartily might have been cats, for he heard that they ate cats in China. The Chinaman didn't know English, so his guest, anxiously pointing to the dish, inquired 'Mow, mow?' 'No, no, said the Mandarin, 'bow, wow.'

Asked Bontemps of Convive, "What do you think is the cause of so much cold weather this season?"

Said Convive, sourly, "It's naturalization, of course—the making a citizen of that cursed Pole."

"What Pole?"

"Why, the North Pole."

"Captain, what's the fare to St. Louis?"

"What part of the boat do you wish to go on—cabin or deck?"

"Hang your cabin, said the gentleman from Indiana. "I live in a cabin at home; give me the best you've got."

One cold day last week a bello stopped and bought a paper of a ragged little newsboy—"Poor fellow," said she, "aint you very cold?" "I was ma'am before you smiled," was the reply. That was the perfection of flattery.

A foolish scholar, suffering from hunger, sold his books and bought himself a dinner. Writing to his father soon afterwards, he said, 'Congratulate me, father, for I have begun to get my living by my books.'

"How much can you pay us?" what can you offer in the pound?" demanded the creditors of a bankrupt farmer. "Alas! gentleman, all I really have is a donkey in the pound," replied the ruin agriculturist.

A teacher who, in a fit of vexation, called her pupils a set of young adders, on being reproved for her language apologized by saying that she was speaking to those just commencing arithmetic.

'Are you near-sighted, Miss?' said an impudent fellow to a young lady who did not once choose to notice him: 'Yes; at this distance I can hardly tell whether you are a pig or a puppy.'

A heartless old bachelor says that if the first month after wedlock is the honeymoon of married life, the second month is pretty sure to be the *lunar caustic* of it.

'My dear,' said a gentleman to a young lady whom he hoped to marry, 'do you intend to make a fool of me?' 'No,' replied the lady, 'nature has saved me the trouble.'

A western merchant lately chalked on a big hogshead in front of his store, 'for sail.' A passing wag added, 'For freight or passage apply at the bunghole.'

Richmond negro, who draws his soup rations at the Bureau, was asked if he got a good article "Donno, sar; we feeds it to our pig," was the response.

A simpleton wishing to cross a river was aboard a ferry boat on horseback. 'Why do you do so?' some one asked. 'To go quicker,' said he.

Aunt Betsy has said many good things—Among the rest, that a newspaper is like a wife because every one should have one of his own.

An exchange says: 'There is something sweet about little girls.' The Louisville *Journal* adds: 'And it grows on them as they grow bigger.'

'Well, my boy, do you know what 'genius' means?' said a schoolmaster to a pupil. 'Yes, sir,' was the reply; 'the duty on spirits.'

The first evidence of a woman's interest in a man is her mending his gloves, and the last working him a pair of slippers.

Those are, usually, most proud of riches and grandeur, who were not born to either.

No man has as yet been able to ride a clothes horse with the spur of the moment.

Those who want the lowest earthly blessings must regret that they want any.

"Would you know the value of a

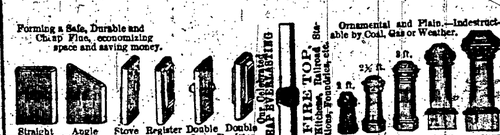
VITRIFIED CLAY OR TERRA COTTA PIPES,

FOR

DRAINING & CONDUCTING WATER, HEAT, SMOKE, & ACIDS.

MOORHEAD CLAY WORKS.

CHIMNEY FLUES & CHIMNEY TOPS.



Forming a Safe, Durable and Cheap Flue, economizing space and saving money.

OUR WARE IS GUARANTEED TO BE OF THE

LONGEST LENGTHS, *(To lay full 2 feet)*

A Yard of Pipe with us means *full 3 feet*, not 2 *feet and* 11 *inches*, (inside mean.)

LARGEST IN BORE,

We do not sell Pipe ¾ *in. less* in diameter (inside), than represented.

BEST QUALITY:

Our Workmen are the most skilful and best paid in this trade.

Our Facilities for Producing at the LOWEST PRICES are Unexcelled.

Our Arrangements for SHIPPING at the CHEAPEST RATES and LEAST BREAKAGE, are unexcelled. The CARS and BOATS come directly within a few feet of our KILNS, and the GOODS packed by *ourselves*, (not left to those unacquainted with handling this Ware,) saving LOSS to Consignees.

Our Ware is sent safely and Cheaply to all parts of the United States.

:o:

Architectural and Garden Ornaments Made to Order.

OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE, 9th Above Girard Avenue,

PHILADELPHIA.

FACTORY at SPRING MILL, on the Schuylkill River, ab. Phila.

:o:

THIS INDISPENSIBLE WARE OF OUR SUPERIOR MAKE IS

FOR SALE IN POTTSVILLE,

By BRIGHT & CO., Hardware Merchants.

IN MINERSVILLE:

BY MOORHEAD & BRO.

IN SCRANTON:

BY HUNT BROS., Hardware Merchants.

IN TAMAQUA:

BY FRY & STIDFOLE, Hardware Merchants.

IN HAZLETON:

BY LEWIS W. DRAKE, Builder.

IN PITTSTON:

BY JOHN ANDERSON.

IN WILKESBARRE:

BY A. M. FELL & CO., Practical Plumbers.

May 9, '68 19-6m

NEW SPRING GOODS!

WALKER & PRICE.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

AT THE

UNION HALL,

TWO DOORS BELOW POST OFFICE,

MAHANTONGO STREET,

Are now receiving their splendid stock of FALL AND WINTER GOODS, direct from New York and Philadelphia, and respectfully ask you to call and examine our goods before purchasing elsewhere.

What is bought at our store is GUARANTEED; We keep nothing but GOOD GOODS, that will recommend themselves. We cannot enumerate all in our large stock, but name the

SPLENDID POPLINS, of best fabric, in all shades.

FRENCH MERINOS, the widest, all fine wool, and elegant shades; the nicest assortment in the market.

DRESS GOODS—plain, plaid and striped, in any shade desired, and low in prices.

CRMAN MERINOS—blacks, browns, and other colors. These goods are cheap, ONLY 50 CENTS, one yard wide.

SILKS, SILKS, SILKS.—Our stock of Black and Fancy Silks is complete. We sell the best silks in town for the price, and defy you to buy you with a nice silk. We pay particular attention in the silk line.

SHAWLS, SHAWLS—Elegant assortment, single and double, from the breakfast size to the floor large, very cheap. Our line of double shawls are very low. Single and Double Black Tabbi Shawls.

LADIES' SACQUES.—We have them from $3 75 to $10, nicely trimmed, and attractive styles.

MEN'S WEAR.—Elegant fine Black Cloths and Cassimeres, Black Beavers for overcoats, fancy Cassimeres, Satin de Jeans, &c., &c. Overcoats trimmed out very cheap.

FLANNELS.—Red, White, Blue and Fancy Shirtings. ¼, ⅜ and one yard wide, and cheap.

KID GLOVES, the best Lisle Thread, and Berlin, for ladies and gents.

HOSIERY for ladies, children and gents.

Any and every kind.

HOOP SKIRTS and Balmorals.

Large assortment, and cheap.

PRINTS, MUSLINS,

SHIRTINGS, TOWLINGS,

LADIES' VESTS,

MEN'S DRAWERS AND SHIRTS,

NOTIONS IN GREAT VARIETY.

In fact, anything you can ask for. If you will pay our prices a visit, we will be glad to show you our goods, and convince you that we are ahead.

Thankful for past favors, we hope to see you often.

WALKER & PRICE.

March 7, '68 10-1y

SPEER'S

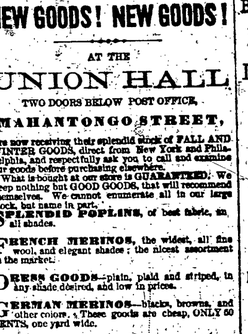
PORT GRAPE WINE,

Used by Hundreds of Congregations for Church or Communion Purposes.

ALSO

Excellent for Ladies and Weakly Persons,

to Use.



VINEYARDS, NEW JERSEY.

SPEER'S PORT GRAPE WINE

PURE GRAPE JUICE.

This justly celebrated native Wine is made from the juice of the Oporto Grape, raised in this country. Its invaluable

Tonic and Strengthening Properties

are unsurpassed by any other native Wine. Being the pure juice of the grape, produced under Mr. Speer's own personal supervision, its purity and genuine excellence are guaranteed. The young and feeble of the community, as well as the aged and debilitated, are urged to the various ailments that afflict the weaker sex, to try it in every respect.

A WINE TO BE RELIED UPON.

Invalids and Weakly Persons should use

Speer's Port Grape Wine,

Speer's Port Grape Wine,

Speer's Wines in Hospitals are preferred to other Wines.

Sold by Druggists and Grocers.

The trade supplied by Johnson, Holloway & Cowden, and French, Richards & Co., in Philadelphia; A. Speer & Sheppard, New York Office, 245 Broadway, New York. Sept. 28, '67—29-1y

EARLY GOODRICH POTATOES

FOR SALE

BY THE BARREL OR BUSHEL.

A few articles of my own raising.

JOHN G. W. PATTON, Port Carbon.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

SHERIFF'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE. By virtue of a writ of *Levari Facias*, and several writs of *Venditioni Exponas*, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Schuylkill County, and a writ of *Venditioni Exponas* issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Dauphin County, and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale or outcry, on

Friday, May 29th, 1868,

at 5 o'clock in the afternoon, at the Court House, in the Borough of Pottsville, Schuylkill County, the following described Real Estate:

All that certain large piece or body of land, being composed of thirty-one different pieces or tracts of land, situate and lying in the following named townships, viz: Reilly, Foster, Hegins, Cass, Barry, Hunter, Tremont, Branch, Wayne, Pinkey, North Manheim, Washington, all in the County of Schuylkill, and State of Pennsylvania, and altogether described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a point the northwest corner of the Martin Runyon tract, thence up the northern line of the said Runyon tract and same line of P. Pulley tract north forty-five degrees east four hundred and forty perches to a point in the northern line of said Peter Pulley tract, thence down said line south forty-five degrees east two hundred and sixty perches to the northwest corner of said Killian Maj tract, thence down the eastern line of said tract south forty degrees east one hundred and thirty-one perches to the southern line of the said Killian Maj tract, thence down the eastern line of the Barbara Artillis tract south forty degrees east twenty-four perches to a corner in said line, thence along the northern line of the Francis Artillis tract, to the northeast corner of the Francis Artillis tract, thence along the eastern line of said tract south twenty degrees east three hundred and sixty-five perches to the south east corner of said Francis Artillis tract, thence along the northern line of said George Rose tract north seventy degrees northwesterly four hundred and fifty perches more or less to the corner east twenty-five perches more or less to the northwest corner of said tract, north twenty-five degrees and thirty-six and three-fourth perches to the northwest line of said tract, north forty-three degrees east two hundred and fifteen perches more or less to the western line of the George Rose tract, thence along said northern line of said tract, north forty-three degrees east two hundred and forty perches more or less to the northwest corner of said tract, thence along the western line of the John Shomo and Peter Fraley tract south fifty-four degrees west nine hundred and ninety perches to the north-west corner of the Susannah Billyman tract, thence up the western line of said Billyman tract and same line of Henry Thiel tract north thirty-six degrees east four hundred and fifty perches to the north-east corner of the said Henry Thiel tract, thence down the eastern line of the said Henry Thiel tract south fifty-four degrees east three hundred and twenty perches to the north-west corner of the Philip Myer tract, thence along the western line of the Jacob Kelchner tracts north thirty-six degrees east two hundred and twenty perches to the north-east corner of said Philip Myer tract, thence down the eastern line of said Philip Myer tract and the same line of the Mathias Little tract south forty-three degrees east one hundred and forty perches to the south-east corner of said Mathias Little tract, thence down the eastern line of the John Everhard and Philip Lebenberg tracts south thirty-six degrees west three hundred and seventy-five perches to the south-west corner of said Philip Lebenberg tract, thence up the southern line of the Catharine Lebenberg tract south fifty-five degrees west one hundred and twenty-five perches to a point in said line, being also the north-east corner of the Andrew Lytle tract, thence down the eastern line of said Andrew Lytle tract south thirty-six degrees and three-fourth perches to a corner in said line, thence along the same south fifty-eight degrees west eighty four perches to another corner in said line, thence along the same south thirty-six degrees and three-fourth east forty-five degrees west four hundred and forty perches to the place of beginning.

All that certain large piece or body of land, being composed of thirty-one different pieces or tracts of land, situate and lying in the following named townships, viz: Reilly, Foster, Hegins, Cass, Barry, Hunter, Tremont, Branch, Wayne, Pinkey, North Manheim, Washington, all in the County of Schuylkill, and State of Pennsylvania, and altogether described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a point the northwest corner of the Martin Runyon tract, thence up the northern line of the said Runyon tract and same line of P. Pulley tract north forty-five degrees east four hundred and forty perches to a point in the northern line of said Peter Pulley tract, thence down said line south forty-five degrees east two hundred and sixty perches to the northwest corner of said Killian Maj tract, thence down the eastern line of said tract south forty degrees east one hundred and thirty-one perches to the southern line of the said Killian Maj tract, thence down the eastern line of the Barbara Artillis tract south forty degrees east twenty-four perches to a corner in said line, thence along the northern line of the Francis Artillis tract, to the northeast corner of the Francis Artillis tract, thence along the eastern line of said tract south twenty degrees east three hundred and sixty-five perches to the south east corner of said Francis Artillis tract, thence along the northern line of said George Rose tract north seventy degrees northwesterly four hundred and fifty perches more or less to the corner east twenty-five perches more or less to the northwest corner of said tract, north twenty-five degrees and thirty-six and three-fourth perches to the northwest line of said tract, north forty-three degrees east two hundred and fifteen perches more or less to the western line of the George Rose tract, thence along said line and following the course along the western line of the John Shomo and Peter Fraley tract north fifty-four degrees west nine hundred and ninety perches to the north-west corner of the Susannah Billyman tract, thence up the western line of said Billyman tract and same line of Henry Thiel tract north thirty-six degrees east four hundred and fifty perches to the north-east corner of the said Henry Thiel tract, thence down the eastern line of the said Henry Thiel tract south fifty-four degrees east three hundred and twenty perches to the north-west corner of the Philip Myer tract north thirty-six degrees east two hundred and twenty perches to the north-east corner of said Philip Myer tract, thence down the eastern line of said Philip Myer tract and same line of the Mathias Little tract south forty-three degrees east one hundred and forty perches to the south-east corner of said Mathias Little tract, thence down the eastern line of the John Everhard and Philip Lebenberg tracts south thirty-six degrees west three hundred and seventy-five perches to the south-west corner of said Philip Lebenberg tract, thence up the southern line of the Catharine Lebenberg tract south fifty-five degrees west one hundred and twenty-five perches to a point in said line, being also the north-east corner of the Andrew Lytle tract, thence down the eastern line of said Andrew Lytle tract south thirty-six degrees and three-fourth perches to a corner in said line, thence along the same south fifty-eight degrees west eighty four perches to another corner in said line, thence along the same south thirty-six degrees and three-fourth east forty-five degrees west four hundred and forty perches to the place of beginning.

Joseph Heister, containing four hundred and thirty-eight acres and one hundred and nineteen perches, and described as follows, viz: Beginning at a point in the north-west corner, thence north sixty degrees east one hundred and sixty perches to a corner in said line, thence south forty degrees east two hundred and forty-eight perches to the north-east corner of said tract, thence south sixty degrees west two hundred and forty-eight perches to the north-west corner of said tract, the place of beginning.

Abraham Bower, containing four hundred and thirty-eight acres and one hundred and nineteen perches and described as follows, viz: Beginning at a point in north-west corner, thence north sixty degrees east one hundred and forty-eight perches to the north-east corner of said tract, thence south twenty-five degrees east three hundred and forty-eight perches to the south-east corner of said tract, thence south sixty-five degrees west two hundred and forty-eight perches to the south-west corner of said tract, thence north twenty-five degrees west three hundred and forty perches to the place of beginning.

Abraham Bower, containing four hundred and thirty-eight acres and one hundred and nineteen perches and described as follows, viz: Beginning at a point in north-west corner, thence north sixty degrees east one hundred and forty-eight perches to the north-east corner of said tract, thence south twenty-five degrees east three hundred and forty-eight perches to the south-east corner of said tract, thence south sixty-five degrees west two hundred and forty-eight perches to the south-west corner of said tract, thence north twenty-five degrees west three hundred and forty perches to the place of beginning.

Joseph Heister, containing four hundred and thirty-eight acres and one hundred and nineteen perches and described as follows, viz: Beginning at a point in the north-west corner, thence north sixty degrees east one hundred and sixty perches to a corner in said line, thence south forty degrees east two hundred and forty-eight perches to the north-east corner of said tract, thence south sixty degrees west two hundred and forty-eight perches to the north-west corner of said tract, the place of beginning.

Peter Fraley, containing four hundred and thirty-eight acres and one hundred and nineteen perches and described as follows, viz: Beginning at a point in the north-west corner, thence north sixty degrees east one hundred and forty-eight perches to the north-east corner of said tract, thence south twenty-five degrees east three hundred and forty-eight perches to the south-east corner of said tract, thence south sixty-five degrees west two hundred and forty-eight perches to the south-west corner of said tract, thence north twenty-five degrees west three hundred and forty perches to