Miners' Journal.

POTTSVILLE, PA.

SATURDAY, APRIL 7, 1866.

UNION STATE TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR:

MAJOR-GEN. JOHN W. GEARY,

OF CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

THE New York Legislature condemns President Johnson's last veto.

A SALUTE of One Hundred Guns was fired in Philadelphia Borough last evening, in honor of the election of Gen. Hawley as Gov. of Connecticut, and of Gen. Burnside as Gov. of Rhode Island.

ANNIE E. DICKINSON is lecturing to tremendous audiences in the West. Her subject is, "The Assassination and the Suicide."

To satisfy the requirements of Mr. Julian's bill equalizing the bounties of soldiers, less than two hundred millions of dollars will be required.

THE APRIL REPORT of the United States Treasurer gives the total national debt at $2,-793,896 62, with $142,117,380 81 in the Treasury, leaving the total debt at $2,705,645, 6 01.

ON Wednesday the House at Harrisburg passed a bill providing that colored persons shall not be excluded from passenger cars; also one allowing parties to testify in their own suits.

By the 1st of next month there will not be a colored soldier in the United States service. This is done to smooth the path to reconstruction. How tenderly we treat the traitors under the new REGIME.

THE late election in Tennessee, under the Governor's proclamation, to fill the vacancies in the Legislature, passed off quietly. The voting members were generally re-elected by large majorities.

ONE hundred guns were fired on Wednesday, in the Capitol grounds, at Harrisburg, in honor of the Union victory in Connecticut. A mass meeting was held at the court-house the evening.

CITY, town and district elections through the West are going strong for the Unionists. Copperheadism and treason should not exult triumphs in loyal States until the history of the rebellion is forgotten.

On Monday last President Johnson issued a proclamation declaring that the rebellion in the southern States is at an end, and that these States are entitled to all the rights and immunities of the other States.

BRIDGING THE OHIO.—The great bridge across the Ohio river, at Cincinnati, is said to be nearly completed. It is two thousand one hundred long, and one of the spans, measuring forty-eleven hundred feet, is said to be the largest in the world.

THE Connecticut copperheads were so sanguine by means of fraudulent votes, of electing English Governor, that they staked thousands of dollars on the result, and of course lost that amount. They are consequently as, cross as "bears with sore heads."

RENEGADE RAYMOND it is asserted, told a prominent politician that it was the misfortune of his party to be sold by their successors whenever we lost a President by poisoning or assassination, and concluded by stating that he would go with Johnson also—or in other words, that he would sell himself.

As an evidence of the recent reaction in real estate speculation in New York, it is stated that for two lots of ground on Broadway, near Fulton street, (site of the old Museum,) 59 by 147, that were sold at auction, on Tuesday, at $310,000, the sum of $90,000 was refused less than four months ago.

THE Detroit Post.—This is the title of Col. Schurz's new paper. It is a daily; is edited with that consummate ability which Mr. Schurz possesses to so eminent a degree; is in size, and vim like the New York Tribune. and carries at its head the ringing motto, "No compromise with wrong and injustice." No doubt about the success of that journal.

HIESTER CLYMER has resigned his seat in the State Senate, possessed by needless alarm. He imagined that he might make a mistake in voting, and thus jeopardize his chances of election to the Governor's chair. He might as well remain, for his political record in the Senate is so bad, that nothing he could do now would add to his unpopularity with the people of this State. A useless step, Hiester.

WE are glad to note that a bill to allow passenger railway cars to run on Sunday in Philadelphia, was defeated in the State Senate on Wednesday last. The Legislature of the State meets the wishes of the people of Pennsylvania when it refuses to legalize Sunday desecration and traffic. Open the door to one business, and soon the workingman would have Sunday in the week upon which he could rest. It is a mistake to urge the innovation.

A SUPPLEMENT to an act empowering railroad companies to employ police force, extending the same to collieries, banks, stores, &c., has passed the Legislature and is in the hands of the Governor. The representatives in this County claim, with what truth we know not say, that this bill if it becomes a law, will meet the desideratum of a police force in Schuylkill County. We will publish it in our next. We have no room this week.

CORRECT "ORATOR."—A "DEMOCRATIC ORATOR" recently addressing an audience in Indiana, declared he was happy to admit that the sisters and school masters were all opposed to "the great Democratic" party. In his opinion ministers and school masters were at the head of all the mischief produced in the world for the last hundred years, and that "Democratic party could do without them." Just so. We won't dispute that proposition.

LOCALLY.—We understand that certain parties have commenced bringing notes to this region from abroad, which are below par pay them out, and thus the community is compelled to submit to a shave before they can be used. Every person in the community ought to frown upon such swindling, and all business men should refuse to take such trash. It is a question whether these parties could not be prosecuted for swindling.

THE Columbia County Republican has been enlarged and otherwise improved. It is a staunch advocate of the Right, and we trust the enterprise of the proprietors will be duly appreciated and properly rewarded by an enlarged circulation. The friends of the Union in every section, who desire that the fruits of victory won by years of toil and by an expenditure of blood and treasure, shall not turn to ashes on the lips of the nation, through mistaken policy, should do all in their power to increase the circulation of their faithful journals, that the people may be posted.

THE supporters of the President's recent veto are a day or two since were heard to comment on the measure as follows:

"Andy don't know what he's about when he says he'll veto a bill, he don't want a naygur to get married to a white girl."

These are samples of the people who acclaim and hurrah for Mr. Johnson, understand him, and to whom it his speeches he frequently addresses his determination to appeal.

The President seems to have learned well the system of political economy so popular with the Democratic party, which demands protection "in the matrimonial and labor market against the personal attractions and industry of the "naygur."

ARMY DESERTERS DISFRANCHISED.

The following important Act has passed both Houses at Harrisburg. It passed in both bodies by a strict party vote, the Copperhead members voting in favor of desertion of the country's flag as something worthy of their special consideration and support.

The Harrisburg Telegraph says that Mr. Crosland—a representative from this County—proclaimed aloud after the passage of the bill, that if it became a law he would defend deserters in their attempt to vote at elections. Leaving out of view the happy time Mr. C. would have in attempting that thing at the polls of the Second Precinct, South Ward, Pottsville, where he generally spends election day, talking voluminously and dealing out orthodox copperhead tickets, we note this expression of his as an evidence of the high regard he has for law, and of his fitness to represent the constituency that elected him. The Telegraph thanks Mr. Crosland for this candid admission, for the Union party can now go into the next campaign with the plain motto, "DESERTERS FOR CLYMER AND UNION SOLDIERS FOR GEN. GEARY!"

The Act disfranchising deserters, which will unquestionably, receive the approval of the Governor, and which is important to and should be read attentively, by every election officer, is as follows:

A FURTHER SUPPLEMENT to the Election Laws of this Commonwealth.

WHEREAS, By the act of the Congress of the United States entitled "An Act to amend the several acts heretofore passed to provide for the enrolling and calling out the National forces and for other purposes," and approved March third, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, all persons who have deserted the military or naval service of the United States, and who have not been discharged or relieved from the penalty or disability therein provided, are deemed and taken to have voluntarily relinquished and forfeited their rights of citizenship and their rights to become citizens, and are deprived of exercising any rights of citizens thereof;

AND WHEREAS, Persons not citizens of the United States are not under the constitution and laws of Pennsylvania, qualified electors of this Commonwealth:

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That in all elections hereafter to be held in this Commonwealth, it shall be unlawful for the judge or inspectors of any such election to receive any ballot or ballots from any person or persons embraced in the provisions and subject to the disability imposed by said act of Congress approved March third, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five; and it shall be unlawful for any such person to offer to vote any ballot or ballots.

SECTION 2. That if any such judge and inspectors of election, or any one of them, shall receive or consent to receive any such unlawful ballot or ballots from any such disqualified person, he or they so offending shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof in the court of quarter sessions of this Commonwealth, he shall for each offence be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than one hundred dollars, and to undergo an imprisonment in the jail of the proper county for not less than thirty days.

SECTION 3. That if any person deprived of citizenship and disqualified as aforesaid, shall at any election hereafter to be held in this Commonwealth, vote or tender to the officers thereof and offer to vote a ballot or ballots, any person so offending shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof in any court of quarter sessions of this Commonwealth, shall for each offence, be punished in like manner as is provided in the preceding section of this act in the case of officers of election receiving such unlawful ballot or ballots.

SECTION 4. That if any person shall hereafter persuade or advise any person or persons deprived of citizenship and disqualified as aforesaid, to offer any ballot or ballots to the officers of any election hereafter to be held in this Commonwealth, or shall persuade or advise any such officer to receive any ballot or ballots from any person deprived of citizenship and disqualified as aforesaid, such person so offending shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof in any court of quarter sessions of this Commonwealth, shall be punished in like manner as is provided in the second section of this act in the case of officers of such election receiving such unlawful ballot or ballots.

SECTION 5. That it shall be the duty of the Adjutant General of this Commonwealth to procure from the proper officers of the United States, certified copies of all rolls and records containing official evidence of the fact of the desertion of all persons who were citizens of this Commonwealth, and who were deprived of citizenship and disqualified by the said act of Congress of March third, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, and to cause to be recorded and preserved in books to be provided and kept for that purpose in his office, full and complete exemplifications of such rolls and records, and to cause true copies to be made thereof and furnished to the clerks of the several courts of quarter sessions of this Commonwealth, accurate duplicates or exemplifications of such rolls and records embracing the names of all such disqualified persons as had their residence within the limits of said counties respectively at the time of their being marked or designated as deserters, and it shall be the duty of the clerks of the several courts of quarter sessions of this Commonwealth to preserve in books to be kept for the purpose, all such copies and exemplifications of such rolls and records so furnished, and to allow access thereto and furnish certified copies hereof on request. In like manner as in the case of other records of such courts.

SECTION 6. That a certified copy or extract of any such record from the clerk of a court of quarter sessions of this Commonwealth, shall be prima facia evidence before any election board of the fact of desertion and consequent disability and disqualification as an elector; *Provided*, That if any person shall wilfully use or present any false, fraudulent or forged paper purporting to be a certified copy or extract as aforesaid, he shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof, shall be punished in like manner as is now provided in the second section of this act; *And provided, however*, That if by the production of a certificate of his honorable discharge, it shall appear that such person so offering to vote was in the military service of the United States before and at the time of his being drafted into such service, and thereupon failing to report, or in case of the fact of desertion appearing by certified copy of his company roll, if it shall appear that he was afterwards acquitted thereof and honorably discharged, such proof shall be received as evidence to disprove his said disqualification; *And provided further*, That if any person liable to be objected to as disqualified as aforesaid, shall produce before any board of election officers any false or fraudulent paper purporting or pretended to be his honorable discharge from the United States service, he shall be deemed guilty of forgery, and on conviction thereof, shall be punished as persons are now by law punishable for forgery.

SECTION 7. That it shall be the duty of the judges and inspectors of elections hereafter to be held in this Commonwealth, whenever the name of any person offering to them a ballot or ballots shall be found upon a certified copy or extract furnished from said rolls or records by a clerk of a court of quarter sessions, marked as a deserter, whenever any person shall be objected to as disqualified as aforesaid at any election by any qualified voter, at the request or suggestion of such person so offering a ballot, to examine such person on oath, or affirmation as to the fact appearing from such certificate or alleged against him by the elector so objecting, and if he deny it, as to his reasons therefor; *Provided, however*, That if any of his answers under such examination are false, such person shall be deemed guilty of the crime of perjury, and upon conviction thereof, he shall be punished as persons are now punishable by law for perjury.

SECTION 8. That it shall be the duty of the sheriffs in the several counties of this Commonwealth to insert in their proclamations of elections hereafter to be held, the first four sections of this act, with the preamble thereof.

SECTION 9. That in the trial of all cases arising under this act, it shall be the duty of the courts trying the same to inquire into and determine any question of fact as to alleged desertion involved therein, upon proofs furnished by exemplifications or extracts from such rolls and records duly certified by the proper clerk of a court of quarter sessions, which are hereby made competent thereof, and also from such proofs by parol as may be given in evidence by either party, and upon conviction of any violation of the requirement of this section, any sheriff shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor in office, and be punished in a like manner as the offences prohibited by the 2nd, 3d and 4th sections of *this act are punishable*; *Provided*, That the provisions of this act shall apply to persons who voluntarily enlisted in the rebel service.

THE following are all the Banks affected by the failure of Culver, Penn & Co., and the quotations of the notes in New York City:

Oil City Bank, Oil City, Pa.	.75 @ ct. dis.
Bank of Crawford County, Pa.	.62 @ ct. dis.
Venango Bank, Franklin, Pa.	.10 @ ct. dis.
Petroleum Bank, Titusville, Pa.	.10 @ ct. dis.
All National Currency, broken or not	PAR.

Such is the advantage of a National Currency.

"AMERICAN JOURNAL OF MINING."—This is the title of a neat and interesting sixteen page weekly paper, edited by George Francis Dawson, Esq., and published at 37 Park Row, New York, by Western & Company. It is devoted to general mining matters, and will we judge from the contents of the first number, pay much attention to gold and silver mining in the West, now attracting investment and immigration. It is a paper that merits upon it every indication of capacity to command success, which we heartily hope it will secure. The subscription price is four dollars a year.

"Don't be Foolish."—You can make Six Dollars from Fifty Cents. Call and examine an invention urgently needed by everybody. For a sample sent free by mail for 50c. that retails easily for $6, by R. L. Wolcott, 170 Chatham Square, New York.

Sept. 16, '65. 37-1y eow

LOCAL NOTICES.

We call attention to the advertisement of Dr. Porter in another part of the paper. The Doctor will remain at the Pennsylvania Hall but six days longer, and all those who desire to avail themselves of his services can do so, and have their cases examined by his new Electro Magnetic Machine, which he will cheerfully do, FREE OF CHARGE, as it will do no harm and may be of great benefit

NEW SPRING CASSIMERES at D. A. Smith's Clothing Store, Centre street, Pottsville.

FRENCH, English and American cloths, all styles, and of the finest qualities, at D. A. Smith's, Centre street.

GLOVES, Neckties and Hosiery, to suit every taste, and at reduced prices, at D. A. Smith's, Centre street.

SPRING and Summer Underclothing can be obtained at D. A. Smith's, Centre street.

FRENCH PADDED LINEN DAILIS, a beautiful article, at D. A. Smith's, Centre street.

WE have just opened a full line of Light Alpacas, in Modes, Pearl and Tan Colors, Moon-on-the-Lake Delaines, suitable for traveling suits, Also, Shepherd Plaid Alpacas, all Wool Shepherd Plaids, &c.

A splendid assortment of Black Silks, much below importers' prices. All qualities in Black Alpacas, very low. WHITFIELD & DORNAN.

March 24, '66 11-4t Pottsville.

OLEIN.—This exquisite preparation has the wonderful and infallible property of rendering the SKIN SOFT, CLEAR and FAIR. It is distinguished for its extreme BLAND, PERFUMING and SOOTHING effects on the skin, by acting on the pores and minute secretory vessels; expels all impurities from the surface, allays all tendency to inflammation, and effectually dissipates all CHAPS, REDNESS, TAN, PIMPLES, SPOTS, BLOTCHES, FRECKLES, SUN-BURNS, etc. The softness and delicacy which it induces on the HANDS, ARMS and NECK, its ability of soothing irritation, removing cutaneous defects, and all unsightly appearances, render it indispensable to every toilet. Prepared by Hughes, Apothecary

THE COAL TRADE.

Pottsville, April 7, 1866.

The quantity sent by Railroad this week is 63,511 19—by Canal, 38,726 10—for the week, 102,238 09 tons against 93,401 tons for the corresponding week last year.

The shipments are heavy and prices are a little firmer than they were last week. They were stiffened up a little by the advance on prices at the last New York auction sale. Second quality of Coal is dull and prices low.

There were turnouts at some of the collieries to resist a reduction of wages to meet the reduction in the price Coal. At several they have gone to work again at the reduced rates.

We learned yesterday that there was some falling off in the supply sent forward.

The trade sums up this week as follows compared with last year:

	1865. WEEK.	1865. TOTAL.	1866. WEEK.	1866. TOTAL.	INC. DEC.
P & R R R.	63,755	614,894	63,512	533,159	23,266
Schuyl Can	29,649	55,876	38,727	99,779	43,903
L Val R R.	34,095	433,539	54,576	496,638	63,107
Lehigh Can					
Scrant Sch.	20,565	150,329	21,420	202,958	51,729
N'th'd	1,898	38,006	7,419	81,183	45,177
Penn. C. C.					
By R Road	12,736	84,485	9,819	100,719	16,234
By Canal.					
Del & Hud					
Wyng Sch					
do Nth					
Shamokin.	5,113	51,415	8,954	92,912	41,498
Trevorton.		6,993		10,092	7,229
Short Mt.		16		5,426	5,410
Franklin.		13,810		3,444	*dl0,364*
Broad Top		55,346		36,291	*dl9,055*
	167,513	1,721,577	184,812	1,967,243	
			167,813	1,693,312	
			16,599	269,931	

The increase so far this year reaches 269,931 tons. The low prices of Coal is increasing the consumption very materially. We hope Congress will act speedily on the revenue and tariff bills. If these measures can be adjusted satisfactorily, and not vetoed, the business of the country will soon be placed on a prosperous basis. A protective tariff will prove to be the best regulator of the currency that can be adopted.

The auction sale of Scranton Coal was quite spirited, and a slight advance was obtained on all sizes.

Freight from Port Richmond to New York has receded to $1 60, this will no doubt cause a reduction on the Schuylkill Navigation. The present rates by Canal are $2 75 from the Coal region, making 15 cents in favor of the Rail Road.

We are receiving daily advices from our correspondents at Baltimore and New York, if they will furnish us with the rates of tolls, &c., on the different routes leading to their respective cities from the Lehigh Shamokin, Wilkesbarre and Cumberland regions.

Auction Sale of Scranton Coal in New York, April 4th, 1866.

STEAMBOAT—OFFERED 2000 TONS.

TONS. AT	PURCHASERS.	TONS. AT	PURCHASERS.
500 $5 95	Harris,	150 $5 95	E Barker & Co
500 " 5 90	Tileston,	300 " 5 95	Benson,
300 " 5 95	Brown & Co.,	550 " 6 00	Talmage,

LUMP—OFFERED 3000 TONS.

TONS. AT	PURCHASERS.	TONS. AT	PURCHASERS.
100 $5 87	A W Chapin	300 $5 75	Bemis,
500 " 5 92	Dalton,	100 " 5 62	Clark,
800 " 5 62	Hopkins & Co.,	300 " 5 62	Langton,

STOVE—OFFERED 3000 TONS.

TONS. AT	PURCHASERS.	TONS. AT	PURCHASERS.
200 $6 90	Blakly & Co.,	100 $6 85	Rvall & Co.,
150 " 6 70	Holden,	200 " 6 65	Kupus,
100 " 6 80	Richards,	1000 " 6 65	Sewards,
200 " 6 80	Curtil,	150 " 6 75	Miller & Co.,
100 " 6 70	Appleton,	300 " 6 75	
100 " 6 80	Rich & Co.,	150 " 6 75	Law,
200 " 6 70	Mumford,		

GRATE—OFFERED 3000 TONS.

TONS. AT	PURCHASERS.	TONS. AT	PURCHASERS.
200 $5 90	Hopkins & Co.,	100 $6 25	Barbour,
100 " 6 00	White,	200 " 6 20	Wharton & Co.
100 " 6 05	White,	300 " 6 15	Mallory & Co.,
100 " 6 10	Coyt,	500 " 6 15	Dalton,
200 " 6 10	Myers,		
500 " 6 20	Tyler & Co.,		

EGG—OFFERED 2000 TONS.

TONS. AT	PURCHASERS.	TONS. AT	PURCHASERS.
100 $6 30		100 $6 05	Cadley,
100 " 6 00	Smith,	100 " 6 00	Bass,
250 " 6 00	Dalton,	200 " 6 00	Hopkins & Co.,
200 " 6 00	Bemis,	500 " 6 00	Sargant & Co.,
150 " 6 05	Smith,	100 " 6 10	Clark,
200 " 6 00	Hart,		

CHESTNUT—OFFERED 2000 TONS.

TONS. AT	PURCHASERS.	TONS. AT	PURCHASERS.
150 $5 40	Barbour Bros.,	150 $5 45	Murphy,
100 " 5 35	S. Woods,	200 " 5 50	Owen,
200 " 5 40	Judd,	150 " 5 50	S & J Perry & Co.
500 " 5 40	Samson Bros.,	350 " 5 45	S. Woods,
200 " 5 45	Hopkins,	100 " 5 50	Bass,

The following is an average comparison with the sale of March 22d.

	APRIL 4.	MARCH 22.	
Lump	$5 61	8 cts. advance.	
Steamboat	5 93	5 65	33 " "
Broken	6 13	5 90	23 " "
Egg	6 05	5 91	14 " "
Stove	6 72	6 60	12 " "
Chestnut	5 44	5 35	9 " decline.

Making the average advance over the sale of March 22, 16¼ cents.

TO COAL OPERATORS—The undersigned have purchased the right to manufacture, Wire Screens, &c., under the HENRY JENKINS PATENT, and settled all pending litigation with the assignees and owners of the same. They are therefore now fully authorized, as they are prepared, to fill all descriptions of orders for **Coal Screens, &c.**, whether of the Jenkins or Laubenstein Patent.

J. & L. LAUBENSTEIN, Minersville,

April 7, '66 14-3t

DISSOLUTION.—The firm of SINNICKSON & GLOVER is by mutual consent this day dissolved. Either of the undersigned will sign in liquidation. Both will continue the Coal business under new firms.

JOHN J. SINNICKSON,
E. V. GLOVER.

Philadelphia, Jan. 1, 1866.

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.—The undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership under the name and style of GLOVER & MACTIER, for the purpose of transacting the wholesale Coal business.

E. V. GLOVER,
WM. L. MACTIER.

Office—No. 325 Walnut street.
Wharf—No. 10 Port Richmond.

April 7, '66 14-3m

AUDENRIED, NORTON & Co.,

Miners and Shippers of

COAL.

LOCUST MOUNTAIN—from HAZEL DELL COLLIERY.
SHAMOKIN—from ENTERPRISE COLLIERY.
GEORGE'S CREEK CUMBERLAND—from the CONSOLIDATION MINES OF MARYLAND.

OFFICES: {120 Walnut street, Philadelphia. 119 Broadway, New York 134 State Street, Boston.

April 7, '66 14-1f

THE Partnership heretofore existing between JAMES CONNER & JOSEPH S. PATTERSON, under the firm of Conner & Patterson, has been dissolved by mutual consent.

JAMES J. CONNER.
JOSEPH S. PATTERSON.

Pottsville, March 30, 1866.

The Coal business will hereafter be carried on by March 31, 1866—13-6t J. J. CONNER.

THE PATENT Exhaust Fan Ventilator

For Mines, Tunnels, and all Subterranean Workings.

J. LOWDEN BEADLE, Patentee, Ashland, Pa.

Gen. J. R. SIGFRIED, Agt., Pottsville.

This system differs from all other appliances for mine ventilation in several essential properties:—First. it has the advantage over all the French and Belgian modes in its great simplicity of style and economy of operation, saving from five to one hundred per cent. in motive power. It also differs from all English mechanical modes, both in economy and application, and is superior in every respect to the furnace. The efforts of the fan are exerted entirely on the mine vapors in the return air courses thus creating a vacuum which must be filled with pure air. It is assisted by the weight of the atmosphere to come in direct opposition to the old method, in which its weight, or fourteen pounds to the square inch, acted against the ventilating column.—This is the great secret of being marked or designated as deserters, and it shall be the duty of the clerks of the several courts of quarter sessions of this Commonwealth to preserve in books to be kept for the purpose, all such copies and exemplifications of such rolls and records so furnished, and to allow access thereto and furnish certified copies hereof on request. In like manner as in the case of other records of such courts.

SECTION 6. That a certified copy or extract of any such record from the clerk of a court of quarter sessions of this Commonwealth, shall be prima facia evidence before any election board of the fact of desertion and consequent disability and disqualification as an elector; *Provided*, That if any person shall wilfully use or present any false, fraudulent or forged paper purporting to be a certified copy or extract as aforesaid, he shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof, shall be punished in like manner as is now provided in the second section of this act; *And provided, however*, That if by the production of a certificate of his honorable discharge, it shall appear that such person so offering to vote was in the military service of the United States before and at the time of his being drafted into such service, and thereupon failing to report, or in case of the fact of desertion appearing by certified copy of his company roll, if it shall appear that he was afterwards acquitted thereof and honorably discharged, such proof shall be received as evidence to disprove his said disqualification; *And provided further*, That if any person liable to be objected to as disqualified as aforesaid, shall produce before any board of election officers any false or fraudulent paper purporting or pretended to be his honorable discharge from the United States service, he shall be deemed guilty of forgery, and on conviction thereof, shall be punished as persons are now by law punishable for forgery.

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SECTION 4. That if any person shall hereafter persuade or advise any person or persons deprived of citizenship and disqualified as aforesaid, to offer any ballot or ballots to the officers of any election hereafter to be held in this Commonwealth, or shall persuade or advise any such officer to receive any ballot or ballots from any person deprived of citizenship and disqualified as aforesaid, such person so offending shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof in any court of quarter sessions of this Commonwealth, shall be punished in like manner as is provided in the second section of this act in the case of officers of such election receiving such unlawful ballot or ballots.

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