Miners' Journal.

POTTSVILLE, PA.

SATURDAY, MARCH 17, 1866.

UNION STATE TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR:

MAJOR-GEN. JOHN W. GEARY,

OF CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

IRREFUTABLE TESTIMONY.

There is no question now before the country more important for each citizen to study attentively, than that involving the temper and condition of the South. If any person among our readers has felt disposed to carp at the action of Congress in regard to the reorganization of the rebel States, we ask him to read that portion of the testimony taken before the Committee on Reconstruction, for which we have found room on our First Page, and then decide whether it is not a complete vindication of the action of Congress.

That evidence among other for which we have not room, shows that when Lee surrendered last Spring, the spirit of rebellion was quelled, that the feeling was that they had been beaten in a fair fight, and that it was their part to submit and hope for fair terms of submission. It further appears that during last Summer, prominent Southern men visited Washington, and returned home proclaiming that the President would be "a bulwark" between the rebellious South and the Northern people. Then the rebellious spirit which had been so effectually crushed at the time of Lee's surrender, and which would have accepted any terms for pardon, even to granting the freedman the right of suffrage, sprang up again, and the disaffected indulged in hopes of again ruling the country by the aid of the Northern copperheads. In place of the reasonable readiness to yield the points for which they had fought and failed, a stubborn spirit of desperate resistance began to prevail, and that seems now to represent the existing feeling. Even the very moderate demands to which Mr. Johnson wished to narrow down the condition of representation, were in most cases contemptuously refused, and we are day by day and week by week losing all those advantages of position which our victories won for us.

In addition to this, we have the startling fact that the disaffected among the Southern people, hope to involve this country yet in a foreign war, and during that difficulty carry out their disunion scheme. Unfortunately, the policy of the President in regard to reconstruction, is leading us from bad to worse, and difficulties which in the outset could easily have been surmounted, now appear quite formidable.

But we trust that Congress will remain firm in its determination to keep the traitors from participation in the Government, until assured that they are incapable by unalterable statutes, from endangering the Union. In the meantime, let Congress authorize the publication of the important testimony which has been taken before the Reconstruction Committee, and scatter it broadcast throughout the land, so that the people everywhere may be thoroughly and promptly enlightened in regard to our perilous position. In this way we can sustain Congress, and successfully meet the machinations of Southern traitors and Northern copperheads.

WHAT MR. COVODE SAYS.

President Johnson, when in partial response to a resolution of the United States Senate, transmitted to that body, the reports of Gens. Grant and Schurz, stated that no report had been received from the Hon. John Covode. Yet Mr. Covode in his testimony before the Reconstruction Committee, swears that he prepared a written report expressly for the President, entitled "Louisiana Politically Considered;" that he took it to the President, together with documents belonging to it; that he read part of it to the President; and that at the suggestion of the President, he filed that report with its accompanying papers in the War Office. Report and papers have since disappeared—nobody knows where or how. Rather queer, to say the least.

Now, after perusing Mr. Covode's testimony, it is plain to us that if it had been submitted earlier it would have materially affected the people's opinion of the President's restoration policy. Mr. Covode went South charged with an official investigation into the state of public feeling—he examined deliberately, and his conclusions are entitled to consideration. They are entirely opposed to immediate readmission of the Rebel States into the Union, and they confirm previous testimony in a quite remarkable manner.

Last Summer Mr. Covode found the whipped rebels docile and submissive—so submissive, in fact, that for some time after the surrender of Lee they would have accepted any terms for pardon, even to granting the freedman the right of suffrage, sprang up again, and the disaffected indulged in hopes of again ruling the country by the aid of the Northern copperheads. In place of the reasonable readiness to yield the points for which they had fought and failed, a stubborn spirit of desperate resistance began to prevail, and that seems now to represent the existing feeling. Even the very moderate demands to which Mr. Johnson wished to narrow down the condition of representation, were in most cases contemptuously refused, and we are day by day and week by week losing all those advantages of position which our victories won for us.

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PRESIDENT JOHNSON AND GEN. GRANT.

Mr. Pollard has been permitted to reissue the Richmond *Examiner*, formerly suppressed for treason. Who gave him the permission? He first asked it of Gen. Grant, and then of President Johnson. Mr. Pollard says of General Grant:

"I saw the officer but once, when he refused most emphatically to revoke the order for the seizure of the office. It was evident that I had nothing to hope from him, for he said to me expressly that, if he had the authority, he would that day suppress the New York *News*, the Cincinnati *Enquirer*, and Chicago *Times*, adding that the copperhead papers of the North, as he designated them, were doing quite as much harm as the papers in the South."

Mr. Pollard says of the President:

"To his kind and considerate hearing, and to his sense of justice, I feel that I owe the restoration of my paper."

This scoundrel and traitor, Pollard, is the same person who during the rebellion, in his *Examiner* first recommended the starving of Union prisoners, in the hands of the rebels. No wonder Gen. Grant indignantly refused permission to him to reissue his traitorous sheet. It seems however, that treason is now to be honored and loyalty punished at Washington.

THE depressing effect upon Union men in the South, of the veto is everywhere visible, while the disunionists are jubilant, and are becoming more bitter and outspoken every day. Many northern capitalists are returning home in despair, or are awaiting something definite as to the policy to be pursued. The assistant commissioner of freedmen for the State of South Carolina expresses the hope that "a new freedmen's bureau bill will pass, as he can see no hope for the freedmen for some years to come, save under the eye of the bureau, and can see no hope for South Carolina but by filling it up with northern men, and thus vanquishing the enemies of the Government at the polls. At present, in some of the northern districts of the State, a northern man's life is not safe; his houses are burned, and he is kept in continual fear by regularly organized bands of ruffians, calling themselves Southern Regulators."

FENIAN SCARE IN CANADA.—The Canadian authorities appear to be really frightened over the threatened Fenian invasion. Secretary McCulloch received a telegram on Tuesday last from the Canadian Minister of Finance, requesting that the provincial authorities be permitted to station officers along the railroads on the American side of the border to examine baggage and freight destined for Canada. The Secretary in reply, sent the following telegram to the Collectors of Customs on the Northern frontier: "All who the Canadian authorities to place officers on railroad points on our side to examine baggage and freight designed for Canada. It is understood we have similar privileges in Canada."

THE FUTURE.—The hopes and prosperity of the country depend upon the success of the Union policy and principles. If they should fail, all our property will vanish, and we will have worse times than we had under the traitor Buchanan. Mere politicians and office seekers may rejoice and fire guns over a prospect, but the mass of the people such a prospect, but the mass of the people would mourn over the sad ruin which such a state of affairs inaugurated. It is already beginning to be felt, because confidence in the future is sadly weakened by the supposed inability of Congress to carry out over the veto power, measures absolutely required to secure our future prosperity.

"INCIDENTAL EXPENSES," &c.—Many tax payers having made inquiries of us in regard to the items of "incidental expenses, including appeals," for 1865, the Commissioners of Schuylkill County have complied with our request, and furnished them to us for publication. They are as follows:

Incidental Expenses Including Appeals, 1865.

E. Jones, daily papers	$13 52
F W Rechtel, express freight and telegraph despatch	1 82
E. W. Ziegler, news carriers' address, &c.	1 65
Chas. Springer, expense to Harrisburg, relative to County debt	15 00
Jones White, conveying Thomas McDermott to lunatic Hospital	18 40
Lin Bartholomew, going to Philadelphia, relative to draft	25 00
E. W. Ziegler, horse and carriage and expense on delivering assessments	20 25
Henry Leechel, sundries for Court House	3 74
Isaac Ward, conveying A. Hegins and J. Canning to House of Refuge	19 50
E. W. Ziegler, going to Tamaqua and Port Clinton, examining bridges	5 00
A. J. Medlar, pasteboard	2 75
Joseph Feger, handling prisoners homicide cases	38 00
Geo. Williams, repairing weights and measures	14 75
Kline & Bro., burying James Delany	14 00
C. W. Clemens, committee to Almshouse	20 00
H. Gutterman, do	20 00
L. E. Myers, back pens	1 25
Isaac Ward, taking G. Miller to House Refuge	14 50
Jacob Kohler, horse and carriage hire, grand jury	25 00
S. Jennings and daughter, cleansing Court House	15 00
Isaac Ward, taking W. Sedgwick to House of Refuge	14 50
G. F. Conrad, freight and hauling	50
B. Bowen, tie for Court House	28
Kline & Bro., funeral of Mrs. Sullivan	6 00
George Byerly, horse and carriage hire, grand jury	24 00
Chas. A. Rahn, crying Commissioners' sale	10 00
A. Steinel, sundries for Court House	11 60
E. W. Ziegler's expense to Washington township, Reading and Allentown, on County business	18 80
Sol. Fisher, boarding jurors homicide cases	204 75
Howard & Co., express freight	50
B. B. McCool, clerking at appeals	5 00
Chas. Springer and E. W. Ziegler, 2 horses and carriages, 7 days' expenses, &c., 36 days, holding appeals of triennial assessment	450 00
	$1,218 64
Incidental Expenses 1862	$1658 86
do do 1864	1706 12
do do 1865	975 96

Commissioners' Office, } Attest:
March 14th, 1866. } F. W. BECHTEL, Clerk.

It is a little singular that such heavy items as are contained in the above list should have been covered up under the head of "Incidental Expenses and Appeals." Why not have put the expense of appeals separate? We hope that the Auditors hereafter, in settling accounts, will not consent to have such items put under the head of Incidental Expenses

THE resolutions adopted by the Union State Convention of this State, and which have met with the approval of the Union press, were chiefly written, and reported by Hon. Thos. E. Cochran, of York. The work was well done, and reflects credit on the gentleman.

EDITOR'S TABLE.

BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE.—The February number of this sterling English magazine has been republished by Leonard Scott & Co., 38 Walker street, New York. The contents are, What will the Government do? 2, part sixth of Sir Bernard Rosebucke's part six of the Memoirs of the Confederate War for Independence; A Visit to the Big Trees; Religio Spenseri; General Lamoricière; part twelve of Miss Mona Maclean's most interesting and well written of modern novels; Stuart Mill on Mind and Matter; part twenty-one of Cornelius O'Dowd upon Men and Women, and other Things in General.

THE March number of the United States Service Magazine is up on our table. It contains a number of interesting and valuable articles, prominent among which is a graphic sketch of the Sixth Army Corps, by Brevet-Major General M. T. McMahon, long Assistant Adjutant General and Chief of Staff to its lamented Commander, Major General Sedgwick. It is one of a series of sketches of the several "Army Corps," now appearing. Also, a thoughtful and suggestive article on "The National Guard," by Col. R. B. Irwin—a subject now of vital interest to the whole country. The several articles on "Systems of Fortifications," are of great professional value. Published by Charles B. Richardson, 540 Broadway, New York, at $5 a year.

Local Affairs.

Weekly Almanac.

1866.—Mar.	SUN RISES	SUN SETS	MOON'S CHANGES.
17 Saturday	6	9 6	9 Full M. 4 6 56 mor'g
18 Sunday	6	7 6	10 Last Q. 9 10 56 mor'g
19 Monday	6	6 6	11 New M. 16 4 41 ev'ng
20 Tuesday	6	4 6	12 Full Q. 23 8 8 mor'g
21 Wednesday	6	3 6	13 Full M. 30 11 55 ev'ng
22 Thursday	6	1 6	14
23 Friday	5	59 6	15

To-morrow.—Eleventh Sunday of the year, and fifth in Lent. Day's length, 12 hours.

Removal.—Miss T. Stranch has removed her Millinery store to the N. E. corner of Market and Third streets.

Isaac Saylor, of Pottstown, Pa., has purchased the farm of Jonas Smith, located in this County, 145 acres, for $3,500.

The Mahanoy City Gazette says that many new buildings are being erected in that town. The place will yet rival Pottsville in size, if projected improvements are carried out.

A New Fish Hook.—Dr. H. B. Livermore, of Ashland, this County, has invented and taken out a patent for a new style fish hook, which is so arranged that a fish in biting it is bound to be taken.

Arms for the Fenians.—On Tuesday last two boxes of muskets and a box of cartridge boxes and belts reached here per express. Their final destination was St. Clair. They are for the Fenians there, it is stated.

Burglary.—On Wednesday night last the office of the Preston Coal Company, Girardville, was entered by burglars, who blew the safe open with powder, and robbed it of about $600. There is no clue to the identity of the perpetrators of the robbery.

Terrible Accident.—We learn that an explosion took place on Wednesday last, in the colliery of the Pine Knot Coal Company, Greenbury Valley, this County, by which three men were killed and eight injured. We have not learned the names of the unfortunate men.

Fruit and Shade Trees.—As the season for setting out Fruit and Ornamental Trees, Shrubbery, &c., is rapidly drawing near, a full supply of all kinds, selected with care, of the choicest kinds suitable to this section of country, can be found at Greenwood Nursery, Pottsville.

Mr. Louis Hervig, of this Borough, who recently returned from a visit to Germany, desires it to be stated that he brought back with him some pure Rhine wine, more than he can use himself, and that he will dispose of a portion of it to those who want a choice article.

Rev. S. F. Coll, whose ministry in this Borough, for several years, was effective, is we perceive at Lock Haven, Pa., conducting a series of meetings at the Presbyterian Chapel in that place. Mr. Coll recently inaugurated a religious revival at Williamsport, Pa., his labors being crowned with the most cheering success.

Mining Accident—Loss of Life.—On Wednesday last at the colliery of the Duncan Coal Company, by the premature explosion of a blast, a miner named Patrick Welsh, aged 19 years, was instantly killed, and his father, John Welsh, was so terribly injured, that it is not expected he will recover from his injuries.

A Phenomenon.—January had two full moons this year, March will have two, and February has been left with none. This phenomenon has not occurred before since the creation, and will not again, according to astronomers, in two and a half millions of years. By that time the moon will probably have fulfilled its mission.

Eclipse of the Moon.—A total eclipse of the moon will happen on the evening of Friday, the 30th of March, which will be visible throughout the United States. The time will be very favorable for observation, as it begins at 9 minutes after 6 o'clock, at its total obscuration at 7 minutes past 10, and begins to disappear at 51 minutes past 11. March will close as did January, by nights made beautiful by a full moon.

Gone to Virginia.—Thomas S. Richards, Esq., of this Borough, has gone to Harrisonburg, Virginia, to take charge of some iron works located in the vicinity of that town. He took with him ten six mule teams loaded with bridges and fire-brick for the erection of new furnaces. Mr. Richards represents a company from this County, that has recently purchased some 40,000 acres of land in and around Harrisonburg.

Concert at the New Hall.—We understand that on the evening of April 4, the one following that on which the grand ball will be given at the Union Hall, a Mendelssohn serenade and instrumental concert will be given by Mr Bowen. In addition to the merit of the performance on the occasion, there will of course, be a desire to see the new Hall, and we anticipate that there will be a large audience present.

Excellent Coal for Domestic Purposes.—Messrs Wood & Carter, who at considerable expense and in the face of many unfavorable circumstances, have opened a colliery on Shamokin Mountain, this Borough, are now mining a clean, bright, free burning article of pink ash coal, most desirable for domestic use. We commend this firm to the notice of our citizens. Orders left at the office, Mahantango street opposite Union Hall, will receive prompt attention.

We learn that Mr. F. Volinger from the Conservatory of Leipzig and Stuttgart, assisted by Messrs. Liberati and Brauche of Philadelphia, and Messrs. Becker and Spiegel of Pottsville, will give a Musical Entertainment in Odd Fellows' Hall, Mahantongo street, on Friday evening, 6th proximo. The gentlemen from abroad have excellent musical reputations, and the company promises to be strong. If so, we do not doubt, secure the attendance of every admirer of good music.

Internal Revenue Matters.—The Commissioner of Internal Revenue has decided that in estimating the assessment of tax on legacies, distributive shares and successions, as through failure of Assessors, and Assistant Assessors to exercise the vigilance, much revenue justly due be lost, the appraisement of the whole amount of the personal property of an estate payable to legacies or distributives exceeds the sum of $1000 in actual value, the same is subject to duty or tax without regard to the number of persons in any legacy or share, but when the amount does not exceed $1000 no tax is chargeable.

Miscellaneous Recovery.—Mr. Alex McComb, a soldier of the 23d Pa. Infantry, who was accidentally shot on the 27th of January last, near Beckescherville, this County, has recovered from the shock of Dr. Halberstadt, and the event mentioned which he received at the United Hotel, this Borough, and re-turned to his home in Philadelphia on Thursday last. When we realize the fact that the ball entered Mr. McComb's right temple, and passed diagonally through his head, near the forehead, his recovery may be considered miraculous. He was a brave soldier and served with honor on the Peninsula under McClellan, and through the famous Wilderness campaign under Grant. He passed through all these battles uninjured.

Conference Appointments.—The twenty-seventh session of the East Pennsylvania Conference of the Evangelical Association, assembled at Schuylkill Haven, on Wednesday, February 28th, and adjourned on Tuesday, March 6th. Among the appointments were the following for this County:

Allentown District, G. T. Hain, Presiding Elder; Tamaqua station, H. Kleckner; Schuylkill circuit, J. Seltzer; W. Wandt; Schuylkill circuit, A. Schultz; Orwigsburg circuit, S. B. Brown; Mahanoy City mission, R. Bolsher; Pottsville District, J. P. Leib, Presiding Elder; Pottsville station, S. B. Childs; Schuylkill Haven station, S. G. Rhe d; Pinegrove station, S. Bowman; Tremont circuit, S. P. Reinoehl; Mahantongo circuit, C. Long, D. Lentz; Port Carbon circuit, E. Ely; Cressona circuit, J. O. Lehr.

Gratifying Token of Respect to a Faithful Pastor.—Rev. J. B. McCullough, pastor of the Methodist Episcopal Church of this Borough, closed on Sunday evening last two years of faithful, acceptable ministry. To his exertions in a great measure, is the congregation indebted for the beautiful and needful improvements which have been made in the church edifice. On Monday evening last a large number of the members of the congregation visited the parsonage, to take a formal leave of Mr. McCullough, and to present to him a substantial token of their regard for him. The house was filled with visitors, each person bringing a basket containing edibles. During the evening a purse containing $115 was presented to Mr. McCullough, who returned thanks in a brief speech for the expression of good feeling toward him. He said that he was sorry to leave Pottsville, for in so short a time he had learned to love her people well as this. The evening passed pleasantly in social converse, until about 10 o'clock, when the visitors retired. The affair was of course, most gratifying to the worthy pastor.

Internal Revenue Decisions.—The Collector of Internal Revenue for this District, desires us to publish the following decisions:

STAMPS ON CONTRACTS.—"All bills of lading, receipts an agreement or contract. Documents and inland bills of lading, being neither otherwise charged, nor expressly exempted from all stamp duty, fall under the general description of the two, and are to be taxed as "as bills of lading" with ten cents each, but with two cents or five cents, according to whether they are receipts simply or agreements.

Where two or three or more, each one should be stamped. Each has the same legal effect as the other, and the holder of either of them may find it necessary to use in any copy or evidence."

DUPLICATE RECEIPTS REQUIRE STAMPS.—"When receipts are made and issued in duplicate, both require to be stamped as originals."

An agreement to lease should not be stamped as a lease. A receipt for rent requires to be stamped as a lease. As each copy has a legal value each requires a stamp. The assignment of a lease requires the same stamp as the original, increased by a stamp duty on the consideration or value of the assignment, equal to that imposed upon the conveyance of land for similar consideration or value.

Robbery of an Agent of the Schuylkill Navigation Company.—Some person or persons unknown, on Tuesday morning last, a room in Washington Hall, Schuylkill Haven, occupied by Mr. Martin Hummel, an agent of the Schuylkill Navigation Company, was entered by some person unknown, while Mr. Hummel was sleeping. The thief took from a valise and from Mr. H.'s clothing, money and checks amounting to $6,500, which he had in his possession to pay the wages of the hands employed by Schuylkill Haven and Port Carbon. The checks amounting to $2000, and an empty pocket-book were subsequently recovered, the thief throwing them away during his flight. The impression is, that the person who committed the robbery, was acquainted with the fact that Mr. Hummel had a large amount of money with him; that he followed him, and perpetrated the robbery as stated. This is rendered stronger from the fact that part of the money was sewn up in Mr. H.'s clothing, and that it was cut out by the thief.

Mr. Hummel, who is a resident of Hamburg, is naturally much distressed at the occurrence, and offers a reward of one thousand dollars for the recovery of the money, which is principally in "greenbacks," and for the arrest and conviction of the thief. Several arrests have been made at Schuylkill Haven, but we have not heard of any conclusive evidence against any of the parties arrested.

At a regular meeting of the Pottsville Debating Club, held on Monday evening last, Dr. Charles F. Hacseler delivered a very able and scientific lecture on the "Human heart and the circulation of the Blood." The Doctor succeeded admirably in presenting this, otherwise dry subject, in a very interesting manner, no less by his clear elucidation of the laws governing the circulation of the blood, than by the excellent manner in which the lecture was read, and the elegant language in which it was written. We heard nothing but a hearty commendation of the lecture from the large and intelligent audience with which the Doctor was greeted.

The discussion of the question announced last week, was continued by Messrs. Martz, Schalk and Col. Wetherill on the affirmative, and by Messrs. Torry and Langdon on the negative. The merits of the debate were awarded to the affirmative.

Next Monday evening, the question "Is the publishing and sale of Sunday papers, and the running of cars on the Sabbath, a violation of the obligations of the day, and an injury to the public morals?" will be advocated on the affirmative by Messrs. Prior and Sherman, and on the negative by Messrs. Martz and Hazen. The discussion of this question and the reading of a poem by Capt. John T. Boyle, will form an attractive programme for the next meeting.

The Grand Ball.—Active preparations are making for the Grand Opening Ball, at the new Town Hall, on Tuesday evening, the 3d of April next. The list of managers is as follows:

John Bannan, Esq., David G. Yuengling, Sr., Charles Babst, George W. Snyder, Col. James J. Conner, Hon. Chas. W. Pitman, Richard R. Morris, Joseph S. Patterson, Hon. James Ryan, Col. Jacob G. Frick, Conrad H. Tyson, John Shippen, Charlemagne Tower, Esq., Edward Yardley, Geo. deB. Keim, Esq., William Wolff, Hon. Bernard Reilly, Lawrence F. Whitney, Col. Frank B. Koecher, Gen. Henry Pleasants, Milton Boone, Robert P. Weaver, Col. David P. Brown, Lin Bartholomew, Esq., Baird Snyder, Col. John E. Wyncoop, Col. David B. Green, Christopher Little, Esq., Col. M. Edgar Richards, Theodore Garretson, Wm. W. Wolff, Dil. J. Bidgway, Roland Luther, Lewis P. Garrigues, James A. Innes.

At a meeting of the managers on Saturday night, last, the several committees of arrangements—on supper, music, decorations, &c., were appointed, and Christopher Little, Esq., selected as floor manager, with Col. David B. Green, Col. Jacob G. Frick, Conrad H. Tyson, Joseph S. Patterson, and W. W. Wolff, assistants.

A resolution, we are glad to learn, was unanimously adopted that no liquors should be furnished at the entertainment by the management.

The price of tickets was fixed at $10 each, to admit one gentleman and two ladies. No invitations for ladies are to be issued, except as they are given by subscribers on the purchase of their tickets, two to each; thus leaving that delicate responsibility with the subscribers themselves, and not with the management. Complimentary invitations have been issued to the Governor, Heads of Departments, Senators and Members of Congress, and to the Judges of the Supreme Court, Philadelphia, and to the Judges of the Courts of Schuylkill, Berks, Northumberland, Dauphin, Lebanon and Carbon counties.

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Our Internal Revenue—The Collection in the Tenth District during 1865.—The third year closed with December last, upon the successful operation of the internal revenue system of taxation in this country. As we are all interested—many very actively—in the question of liquidating the Public Debt, we present herewith a summary statement of the sources, and amount of Excise Taxes derived from this District, composed of Schuylkill and Lebanon counties. It is carefully collected from the official reports, and may be relied upon as correct.

As information in regard to the cost of collecting these taxes, may be interesting to the reader, again, according to astronomers, in two and a half millions of years. By that time the moon will probably have fulfilled its mission.

"I have caused the cost of assessing and collecting the internal revenue of the fiscal year, 1865, to be carefully ascertained, including the salaries and authorized expenses of revenue agents, special agents and inspectors of revenue, the contingent expenses of this office, including the pay-roll, and the cost of revenue stamps, but exclusive of the printing at the office of the public printer, not yet ascertained, and find that the per centage, after deducting drawback and sums refunded as erroneously collected, will exceed three and one-half hundredths (2 75-100)."

"This ratio of costs to collections cannot be relied upon for the current year as the per centage will be greater in the sparsely settled districts of the South. It will not, however, I believe exceed three and one-half (3½) per centum of the receipts of the whole country."

The following statement, for which we are indebted to Mr. H. R. Edmonds, assistant-Assessor, shows the sources of Internal Revenue, and the amount collected in the Tenth District of Pennsylvania, during the year ending December 31, 1865:

Manufactures and Productions.			
Bill Heads	$769 45	Leather, finished	914 54
Books & Magazines	105 50	Leather, rough	12,242 59
Boots & Shoes	5,842 92	Leather, manufactures of	1,066 70
Bricks	1,027 25	Lime	1,291 87
Candles	594 72	Marble	1,577 26
Carriages	2,497 40	Miscellaneous	6,100 65
Cars	23,745 22	Photographs, &c.	9 00
Clothing	9,884 94	Repairs, engines, carriages, &c.	3,437 29
Coal	8,998 36	Soap	1,117 67
Cotton Goods	225 14	Salt	1,291 84
Distilled Spirits	11,991 13	Steel	624 18
Fermented Liquors	31,574 07	Water, Mineral	35 80
Fancy Work	3,811 80	Wool	1,705 40
Gas	1,288 67	Grape Wine	7 70
Powder	4,660 16	Tobacco, cut	87 71
Iron, Bar	5,683 81	Tobacco, cut	102 28
Iron Castings	17,720 30	Ships, boats, &c.	3,666 13
Pig Iron	73,012 55	do repairs	27 87
Railroad Iron	24,889 72	Pottery Ware	91 12
Oil, refined	3,673 80	Paper, pasteboard	88 72
Iron Rolls	47 60		
Stove Castings	743 80		
Tin, manufacture of	26,667 78		
			$305,597 38

Licenses.			
Architects & Civil Engineers	$ 45 00	Stock Broker	$ 70 83
Auctioneers	1,240 00	Brokers	4,766 66
Cattle Brokers	341 66	Billiard Rooms	46 66
Pitding Brokers	7 1 66	Insurance Companies	1,370 84
Auctioneers	1,650 00	Builders & Contractors	325 00
Claim Agents	283 00	Confectioners	6 67
Canvassers	451 66	Lawyers	655 00
Distillers	1,937 50	Manufacturers	12 50
Distillers' Agents	131 67	Insurance Agents	287 17
House Dealers	375 00	Livery Stables	446 67
Hotels	1,888 33	Lottery Ticket Brokers	58 33
Manufacturers	4,271 72	Dentists	325 00
Peddlers, 1st class	187 50	Photographers	171 67
do 2d do	1,258 33	Physicians	1,256 67
do 3d do	802 50	Surgeons	1,062 50
do 4th do	519 16	Physicians	1,062 50
Real Estate Agts	116 66	Rectifiers	466 66
Retail Liquor	6,224 16	Stillers	341 67
Retail Liquor	22,220 40	Gas Fitters	70 00
Wholesale dealers	6,357 49	Carriers	122 50
Wholesale liquor	1,733 33	Patent right Agts	53 00
Tobacconists	52 49	Gift Enterprises	20 83
Commercial Brokers	31 67		
Apothecaries	126 67		$68,136 14

Slaughtered Animals.			
Horned Cattle	$5,297 00	Sheep	$ 643 50
Calves	207 00		
Swine	171 26		$6,372 99

Gross Receipts.			
Advertisements	$ 162 42	Auction Sales	$ 525 56
Insurance Cos	168 42	Brokers Sales	429 95
Bankers	5,606 31		
Stages	639 08		$8,502 74

Articles in Schedule A.			
Pianos	$1,142 00	Silver Plate	$ 97 84
Carriages	1,787 00		
Watches	956 00		$4,985 84
Billiard Tables	00 00		

Income Tax, &c.			
Special Inc. Tax	$58,748 70	Passports	$ 90 00
Income under $600	144,688 15	Un-assessed pen-alties	2,172 55
Income exceeding $5,000	217,124 85	Interest	24 00
		Banks	6,678 97
			$1,098,045 51

COURT PROCEEDINGS.

[REPORTED EXCLUSIVELY FOR THE MINERS' JOURNAL BY CHRISTOPHER LITTLE, ESQ.]

March Term.—Quarter Sessions.

The following cases have been disposed of, since our report last week, up to yesterday:

Jury Trials.

Joseph Horn, Bingtown—Assault and Battery on Silas Hufnagle. Guilty.

John McGovern and John Moran, New Mines, was charged with Conspiracy. Not guilty, and Prosecutor to costs.

Chas. Zerby, charged with Larceny by Chas. Focht, was acquitted. County to costs.

Philip and Wm. Jones, Minersville, were tried on a similar charge made by Wm. Medlar, and also acquitted. County to costs.

Chas. D. Imbeiler, below Mr. Carbon, was convicted of Fornication and Bastardy with Sarah Dietrich.

Benj. F. Boyer was convicted of Larceny, on oath of John Harper, and sentenced to one year's imprisonment, solitary confinement at labor.

Wm. Shadel (colored) was charged with Larceny by Jacob Schweiker, but acquitted. Costs to be paid by the prosecutor.

Peter Ortner plead guilty to selling liquor without license, and was fined $10, and costs.

Joseph and Peter Tomblin were convicted of Larceny, charged by John Zuchman and sentenced Joseph to one year's and Peter to eight months' imprisonment, solitary confinement at labor.

Jacob Kolb was charged with carrying concealed deadly weapons, and acquitted but directed to pay the costs.

Lewis Adams and John Burns, Jr., were each tried for the same offence and similarly disposed of.

Henry S. Marr, Ashland, was charged with Embezzlement, on oath of Col. Lazarus. Verdict, not guilty.

Matthew Gibson, Mt. Carbon—Assault and Battery on Charlotte Kleinert. Not guilty, and pro-ecutrix for costs.

Jacob Evans was convicted on two separate indictments of stealing meat, chickens &c., from farmers' wagons, and sentenced on one to one year's imprisonment, solitary confinement at labor—making together a two years term.

Jacob Kolegman was convicted of stealing a show case and hanging it at the door of Herman Kahns clothing store. Sentenced to one year's imprisonment, solitary confinement at labor.

Thomas Hoak was convicted of breaking into the shoe shop of Jacob F. Embardt, Pottsville, and stealing a lot of boots, shoes &c. Sentenced to two years' imprisonment, solitary confinement at labor.

John Arnold was charged with Assault and Battery on John Reynolds. Not guilty, and each party to pay half the costs.

Same defendant was convicted on a charge of malicious mischief in removing Mary Wonders' door-steps. Fined $25 and costs. Rather expensive sport, that.

Philip Wall was convicted on a similar charge, for tearing up a bonnet, cutting the shoes, and destroying other wearing apparel of Louisa Schmeck. Sentenced to pay one half the costs of the articles destroyed, about $25. Philip, it seems, was enamored of the fair Louisa, but on his return from "the wars," found her faithless, and took this means of revenge.

Bryan O'Neal was charged with amusing himself by throwing stones into Mary McDonald's windows. Not guilty, and the costs divided for payment between the parties.

Daniel F. Burkert, Schuylkill Haven, was charged by John W. Heffner with the larceny of his pocket-book, and to contain $140. Not guilty, and County for costs.

Lafayette Bober was found guilty of an Assault and Battery on Daniel F. Burkert, and fined $25, and costs.

Daniel Fuller was charged on two indictments with Assault and Battery—one on John Beemer, and the other on Fred. Holderbaum. Acquitted on both, and each prosecutor to pay his own costs.

John Clark and Michael Quigley—Assault and Battery on John B. Schenrer. Guilty, and each deft. fined $25, and costs.

John B. Schenrer was convicted of selling liquor on Sunday, on oath of John Clark, one of defts in the last previous case.

James W. Manning plead guilty to Assault and Battery on Ann Richards, and was sentenced to $25 fine, and 30 days' imprisonment.

Patrick Meade was tried for selling liquor without license, on oath of Morris Robinson. Not guilty, and prosecutor for costs.

James Richards was charged with selling liquor without license. Not guilty, and County for costs.

Peter Young was arraigned on a charge of manslaughter, for setting fire to a dwelling-house at Mahanoy City, and burning to death a step-child of his some four or five years old. Not guilty.

Bills Ignored, &c.

Benj. Hinks, St. Clair—Keeping a disorderly house. Nol. pros. entered.

Jacob Kline—similar charge. Nol. pros. entered.

Patrick Meade—Selling liquor on Sunday. Nol. pros. entered.

Where no sentences are added in the above cases, none have as yet been passed.

In the case of Daniel Nunemacher, convicted last week of Fornication and Bastardy, a motion has been made for a new trial.

The Court have appointed the following named gentlemen an Examining Committee (*for students*) for the current year: John W. Roseberry, Thomas H.