The Ohio Legislature on Wednesday, ratid the constitutional amendment. THE Philadelphia Bulietin has been sold for

BARBADOS advices say that the first sugar ill be shipped about the middle of Februs-

TIME THEE 165 feet high and minereen feet in cumfi rence, was cut down in Monniouth, Me .. In Wednesday last the sales of the Seven-

nirty loan, by Jay Cooke, the subscription t week, refused to take the oath of allegi-

e, and has been sent to Fort Warren.

re an aggregate capital of \$179,121,296. eir circulation amounts to \$87,288,300. HE Legislature of West Virginia on Tueslast reelected the Hon, Waitman T. lev to the United States Senate for six

and do we not all owe them a debt for succoring be advantageous to it.

THE GOOD EFFECTS OF IT.—The President's SECOND SESSION OF THE THIRTY-EIGHTU Miners' Journal. readiness to confer with the rebel Commissioners is having a good effect upon public opinion. Many of those who thought the war was prolonged needlessly or purposely, are now satisfied that it must be pushed vigorously to a conclusion. There will be a more united North to aid the Government! and with one purpose in view, backed by althe resources of the people, there can be but one end to the contest, and that end will be all the sooner reached.

RIGHT .-- Mrs. Bushnell has been appointed Post Mistress at Sterling, Illinois, on the following order of the President:

Mr. Washburne has presented to me all the papers in this case, and finding Mrs. Bushnell as well recommended as any other, and she being the widow of a soldier who fell in battle for the Union, let her be ap-

THE PETERSBURG MINE. 'nilure of the Attack Before Petersburg-Report of the Committee on the Conduct of the War-Gen. Burnside Exonerated from Blame—Testimony of Gen. Grant —He thinks Gen. Burnside's Plan would have Succeeded—His Confidence in Col-

ored Troops Justified-Gen. Mende Cen-The following abstract of a report made by the Committee on the Conduct of the War of the failure of the attack before Petersburg on July 30, 1864, will, we are confident, be Gen. Buruside from blame, and casts censure upon Gen. Meade, who at the last moment interfered with Gen. Burnside's plan, to produced the result which was attainedfailure. A prominent officer who commanded a brigade on that occasion, informs us that neither brigade nor division commanders knew anything of the change of plan until 91 o'clock at night. The troops moved at 3 o'clock the following morning. No won-

Washington, Feb. 6.

The Committee on the Conduct of the War made a report to-day on the unsuccessful movement which followed the explosion of the mine before Petersburg on the 30th of July last. It covers fifty peges of foolscan, and is accompanied by a large quantity of evidence. It appears from the report that the idea of the mine originated with Lieutenant-Colonel Henry Pleasants, Forty-eighth Pennsylvania Volunteers, and major-General Porter and Major-General Burnside commanding the corps.

The Committee say that Lieutenant-Colonel Pleasants labored under disadvantages in the successful accomplishment of this important work which would have deterred a man of less energy. It was not merely the evident lack of faith in the success of the enterpiec shown by all the officers of high rank, both his division and corps commanders, but that lack of faith was accompanied by an entire failure to furnish the assistence and implements uncessary to the success of the undertaking, within a reasonable time.

The testimony of Lieutenant-Colonel Pleasants shows that he had to dig and mine with only the men of his own regiment, that the dirt had to be carried ont in cracker boxes slung between poles for lack of wheel-barrows, and that he was even refused to use an instrument at head-quarters wherewith to make the necessary triangulations, and that General Burnside had WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.

cracker boxes singly between poles for lack of wheelbarrows, and that he was even refused to use an instrument at head-quarters wherewith to make the necessary triangulations, and that General Burnside had
to send to Washington for an old fashioned throdolite.
General Meade and Major Duane. Chief Engineer of
the Army of the Potomac, said the thing could not be
done; that it was all clap-trap and nonsense; that
such a length of mine had never been excavated in
military operations and could not be.

Generals Burnside and Potter were the only high officers who believed in. it under these disadvantageous
circumstances. The main gallery was ding five hundred
and ten feet in length. The left lateral gallery was
thirty-seven feet in length, and the night lateral gallery was
thirty-seven feet in length, and the night lateral gallery
was thirty-eight feet in length. The magazines were
placed in the lateral galleries. The average size of
the gallery was four and a half feet high- and wide.
After reviewing the different orders for the movement,
and narrating the final failure with the loss of between
four and five thousand in killed, wounded and missing,
the disaster is thus summed up:
Your committee cannot, from all the testimony,
avoid the conclusion that the first and great-cause of
disaster was the change made on the afternoon preceding the attack, in the arrangement of General Burnside to place the division of colored troops in the advance; the reason, assigned by General Burnside for
not taking one of the divisions of white troops for that
purpose was fully justified by the result of the attack.
Their previous arduous labors and peculiar position,

not taking one of the divisions of white troops for that purpose was fully justified by the result of the attack. Their previous arduous labors and peculiar position, exposed continually to the enemys fire, had as it were trained them in the habit of seeking shelter and true to that training they sought shelter the first opportunity that presented itself after leaving our-lines; and it is but reasonable to suppose that the immediate commanders of source is better acquainted with the condition.

that presented itself after leaving our lines; and it is but reasonable to suppose that the immediate commander of a corps is better acquainted with the condition and efficiency of particular divisions of his corps than a general further reinote from them.

The conduct of the volored troops, when they were put into action, would seem to fully jostify the confidence that General Burnside reposed in them; and General Grant himself, in his testimony, expresses his belief that if they had been placed in advance, as Géneral Burnside desired; the assault would have been successful, although, at the, time the colored troops were ordered in, the white troops already in were in confusions, and failed in the assault upon the creet beyond the water, and the fire of the enemy had become exceedingly destructive.

The colored troops advanced in good order, passed through the enemy's lines and berone our disorganized troops there, and stopping but a short time to reform made the charge as directed. But the fire of the enemy may set to strong, and some other of our troops hurrying back through their lines, they were thrown into contusion and forced to retire. The Committee disapprove of General Burnside deciding by four whether the division of Potter, of Wilcox or of Ledlie should lead the assault, but there was but little time for selection after General Burnside testified that each of the division commanders as well as every officer in the command who had given his attention to the subject in the least degree, was fully aware of the condition of the white troops as I had previously stated it to General Meade, and were fully impressed with the condition of the white troops as allowed the right and left of General Burnside to be focal through were in much better, condition to lead the attack and of the wisdom of using the white troops as aupport. There was no time to be lost, however, and I decided that I would allow the leading division to be decided by lot. The committee dwell on the fact that the order of attack as proposed

manders. How far the division commanders would have been able by their presence to have overcome the confusion and disorganization into which the troops were thrown from the cases heretofore referred to the Committee are unable to say, but they refer to it as the opinion of the highest officer in the service. The Committee also positively disclaim any desire to censure the conduct of the white troops engaged; although they condidently think that the original selection of the collect troops was the best that could have been made. In conclusion, the Committee say that, in their opinion the cause of the dispersal that could have been made. In conclusion, the Committee say that, in their opinion the cause of the dispersal to the assault of the assault of the joins and surgestions of the General who had deviced his attention for so long a time to the subject, who had carried to a successful completion the project of Mining the enemy's works, and who had carefully selected and drilled his troops for the purpose of seruring whatever advantage might be attainable from the explosion of the mine, were entirely disregarded by a General who had evinced no faith in the successful prosecution of that work, had aided it by no counternace or open approval, and had assumed the entire discretion of that work had altered and discretion of that work had altered and discretion of the control of that work had altered to be controlled and discretion of that work had altered to be controlled and discretion of that work had altered to be controlled and discretion of the work had altered and discretion of the work had altered and discretion of the work had altered to be controlled and discretion of the work had altered and discretion of the work had altered and altered and discretion of the work had altered nance or open approval, and had assumed the entire direction and control only when it was completed and the time had come for reaping any advantage, that

PENNSYLVANIA LEGISLATURE. In the House, or Monday, a resolution inquir-ing into the best method of increasing the State's revenue from the oil found in Venango county, revenue from the oil found in Venango county, was adopted. The thanks of the State were unanimously presented to Governor Curtin for his letter to the President and in defence of citizens of the State. A number of bills were introduced. In the Senate, on Tuesday, three thousand copies of the Governor's letter to the President were ordered to be printed. The bill to prevent passenger railway companies from excluding colored people from their cars was discussed. The bill was amended to allow such companies to run their cars ou Sunday, from 6 A. M. to 8 P. M., but the amendment was lost—22 to 7. The bill was then laid over there not being enough, votes

was then laid over there not being enough votes was then laid over there not being snough votes. in its favor to order it to a third reading.

The Senate, on Wednesday, passed a bill allowing soldiers of the several inland counties to vote at township elections. Also, the bill prohibiting the exclusion of colored people from the passenger railway cars. Also, the bill relative to the examination of teachers by the Board of Controllers of the Public Schools. Mr. Connell introduced a bill providing annities for avaid teachers. trollers of the Public Schools. Mr. Connell introduced a bill providing annuities for aged teachers in the public schools. When partially read a motion was made to suspend the reading, which after some discussion, was agreed to: The bill increasing the annual propriation to the Dear and Dumb Asylum was passed. The afternoor session was occupied in the reading of a reporton the condition of Camp Curtin.

The House of Representatives passed a resolution requesting the Secretary of War to endeavor to secure the release of citizens of Pennsylvanic captured by General Lee in the invasion of the State. A bill requiring the owners and occupants of stores to close their hatchways at night, to prevent the spread of flames in case of fire, was passed. Also, a bill allowing railroad and canal-companies to increase their tolls fifty per centiuntil the national currency is on a par with gold. until the national currency is on a par with gold.
A bill increasing the salaries of associate judges
50 per cent. was introduced. Numerous private
bills were presented. Adjourned.

WE have conversed within the past few months with very many of our officers and men who have made their escape from the prisons of the rebels, and they uniformly bear testimony to the fidelity and kindness of the colored people of both sexes. One officer, in relating his experiences to us, stated that the first one he met shook him, cordially by the hand and conveyed, him to a safe hiding place, and at night brought him food for himself and party, which consisted of five. He also conducted them miles and gave directions which roads to avoid and which to take. In no single case that has come to our knowledge has it been even hinted that at any time was there the least attempt at betrayal. The fortunes of war have made some of these nobla fellows Freedmen, and do we not all owe their a debt for succoring THE United States Senate, on Tuesday, by

and up we not all owe them a debt for succoring our unfortionate soldiers whom they preserved from death at times by sharing with them their scanty meal?—Boston Saturday Evening Gazette:

In the Senate on, Saturday, a unanimous consent to consider the billito, encourage immigration was refused. The Committe on Territories was discharged from the further consideration of was discharged from the further consideration of the memorial of citizens of Virginia asking for the substitution of a territorial for a State government. Mr. Wilson introduced a bill prohibiting the exclusion of colored persons from railroad cars or eteamboats, under a penalty of a fine of \$500 and an imprisonment of not less than six months. Ordered to be printed. Mr. Wilson also introduced a bill to prevent the sale of notes, scrip, bonds or other evidences of debt issued by the rebel authorities, which was likewise ordered to be printed. Mr. Summer offered a series of resolutions declaring the rule in ascertaining the three-fourths of the several States required in the ratification of a constitutional amendment, by which the amendment prohibiting slavery will be valid whenever ratified by three-fourths of the States de facto exercising the powers and paero-States de facto exercising the powers and perogatives of the United States under the Constitu-tion thereof. Ordered to be printed. The joint resolution declaring that certain States in rebel-tion are not entitled to votes in the Electoral Col-lege, was passed. Adjunted.

lion are not entitled to votes in the Electoral College, was passed. Adjourned.

In the House of Representatives Mr. Ingersoll, of Illinois, asked leave to introduce a resolution that it is the "emphatic opinion of the House that no peace can or should be made to recognize the traitorous leaders of the rebellion, as they are not entitled to equal rights and the immunities of loyal citizens, but Mr. Le Blonde, of Ohio, objected. A joint resolution to terminate the treaty with Great Britain and regulating a naval force on the lakes, was passed. The naval appropriation bill was considered, without final action.—

The Senate amendment to the resolution in rela-

The Senate amendment to the resolution in rela-tion to the votes of certain States in the Electora College, was concurred in Adjourned.

In the Senate, on Monday, a petition from citizens of Michigan was presented, asking that certain Southern States be set apart for the use of emancipated slaves. The Committee on Military Affairs reported a bill to increase the emoluments of the officers of the army. The bill to amend the Enrolment act was then taken up. The fifth section, providing that all State and local bounties section, providing that all State and local bounties shall be paid in instalments, was stricken out.

Mr. Buckalew offered an amendment to repeal the section which permits Governors of States to send agents to States in rebellion to fill up quotas. Adopted—yeas 28, nays 12. After some further amendments the bill was postponed. The Committee on the Conduct of the War made a report in relation to the attack on Patershipe in June. in relation to the attack on Petersburg in June last, which was ordered to be printed. After an Executive session, Adjourned. The House of Representatives passed a resolu-

tion asking the Secretary of War for information as to the exemption of ministers from military duty. The Committee on the District of Colum-lia was instructed to ascertain by what authority na was instructed to ascertain by what authority colored persons are required to have passes before leaving. Washington. The Committee on Public Lands was instructed to inquire into the expediency of so amending the Homestead law that the lands occupied under it may be taxed for county and other purposes. The Committee on the Conduct of the War was instructed to examine into the military campaigns of General Rosecrans from the beginning of his service in West Virginia to his late campaign in Missouri. Mr. Cox offered a resolution declaring that the President is entia resolution declaring that the President is enti-tled to the gratitude of the country for his efforts to ascertain the disposition of the rebels in regard to peace. A motion to lay on the table was disagreed to and the resolution went over under the rules. The Committee on Ways and Means re-parted the bill to amend the Internal Revenue parted the bill to amend the Internal Revenue law, which was made the special order after Wednesday next. Mr. Fernando Wood offered a resolution declaring that it is the duty. of the President to maintain the Union and to accept no negotiations which will admit any other government within the territory of the United States. Adopted. The Naval Appropriation bill was passed without the amendment creating a Board of Admiralty.—Adjourned.

Adjourned.
In the Senate, on Tuesday, a petition was introduced for a ship canal from Lake Erie to Lake Ontario. A resolution was adopted that the submitting of the constitutional amendment to the President for his approval should not make a precedent. The Eurolment bill was discussed and amended: one amendment being that every drafted man exempted by furnishing a substitute shall pay a tithe of his income for the time of his shall pay a tithe of his moome for the time of his exemption. This was rejected—3 to 30. Other amendments were offered and rejected. The bill then passed and the Senate adjourned. In the House a report was made, with resolutions, ordering the arrest of A. P. Field, and that he be reprimanded for his attack on Judge Kelley. The committee find no fault with Judge Kelley. The report was not acted upon. The Fortification bill was taken up. An amendment to strike out the appropriation for defences about Washington was lost, and the House proceeded to consider the Army Appropriation bill. It was amended to prevent money from being paid to such roads as have received grants of lands on condition of carrying troops and other United States property. rying troops and other United States property free of foil. Both bills passed the House, which

hen adjourned. received from a number of clergymen asking ex-emption from military service. Mr. Sunnar's resolution, calling upon the President for infor-mation relative to the peace conference, was taken up, and after a lengthy discussion was adopted. Adjourned.
The House of Representatives passed a resolution asking the President for information concerning the recent peace conference. The members of the Senate entered the Chamber, and the ballots for President and Vice President of the United States were opened and counted in the presence of both Houses. Abraham Lincoln was declared elected President, and Andrew Johnson Vice President. The Senate then retired and the

House adjourned. The Seven-Thirries .- Confidence in the national credit and strength was never opinion he is just the man for the position he ocnational credit and strength was never cupies.

greater than now. As a proof of it we will The Company has a fine article of Coal; its state that Jay Cooke & Co., sold between machinery for the preparation of Coal for market, Saturday and Wenesday. \$3,098,200 of the is first class, and the managers seem resolved to 7-30 loan. That is, the sales amount to more give Preston Coal a reputation in market by than one million and a half dollars per day careful preparation. All this must tend to make for one city. As it is convertible into 5-20 the property of the Company, one of the most gold-bearing bonds at the end of two years,

For the Miners' Journal .-THE FREEDMEN.

The writer had the pleasure of listening to a very interesting address upon this subject, delivered by the Rev. S. F. Colt, in the First Presbyterian Church, on Sabbath evening last. It is not possible that there was a single person in the audience whose heart was unmoved by the element appeal of the speaker in behalf of those destitute and ignorant men and women—by his graphic descriptions of their conduct, their exhibitions of simple faith, and gratitude to God for their deliverence from long years of cruel bondage, their eager desire to learn to read, to become folks."

and taught to become useful and industrious citizens, or shall they be let loose with all their ig This question we must decide. Whether w consider the subject as patriots, as philanthro-pists or as Christians, it deserves our earnest at tention.

In these trying times there are a great many objects claiming the attention of the benevolent; and this war has proved to the world that our people are not wanting in benevolence and charity, and all those virtues which adorn civilized societs and do honor to human nature. Witness th vast sums of money contributed to the Sanitary and Christian Commissions and the incalculable amount of bospital stores, medicines and delica-cies sent from every town, village and hamlet of

Every object deserving the charities of the people, when fairly presented, meets with a ready Let us not forget the poor freedmen in our Rev. S. F. Colt, the able and efficient corresponding Secretary of the Committee for the Education of the Freedmen is now in town, and contributions may be made to him, cr. as I see by his card, they may be sent to his address, No 821 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia:

WAR ITEMS.

-Admiral Goldsborough is now in Washington perfecting the organization of the fleet for European was -Adjutant General Russel, of this State, has received information from Provost Marshal General Fry that the time to recruiting and crediting new organizations has been extended to the 15th inst. -More than half the rebel prisoners at Camp Chase Note than an are the trace products at composition to the foremain in prison rather than be exchanged.

—Eighty seven of Moseby's guerrillas have been sent to Fort Warren. -Numerous arrests of mustering and recruiting offi--Numerous arrests of impairing and rectaining outers and agents, substitute brokers, revenue assessors and others, have been made in New York.

-The Nashville Union says Gen, Burbridge has been relieved of his command in Kentucky and ordered to from the hides, tallow, hoofs, &c., of the cattle slaughtered for the Army of the Potomac.

The Fifth Corps of the Army of the Potomac went out on the road to Ream's Station on the 5th and constructed a bridge over Rowan's creek. While making a connection with the Second Corps a line of rifle pits were taken and breastworks thrown up. The enemy was found near Armstrong's mills. They made several charges but were repulsed each time, and finally fell back. Our loss was small, and we took two hundred prisoners. -General Sherman's army is still advancing in South Carolina. A Charleston dispatch of the 31st ult., states that. all the movements indicate that Augusta or Branchville is the destination. The Twentieth Corps Branchville is the destination. The Twentieth Corps occupies Robertsville, fifty miles above Savannah.—On the 30th a heavy Federal force advanced from Whitesport and drove in the rebel skirmish line three miles to King's creek. The picket line, it is claimed, was afterwards reestablished. Since then all has been quiet on the Combahee. McPhersonville, five miles northwest of Pocotaligo, is reported to have been burned.

An ingenious calculator in New York has everaged the income return in some of the wards of that city, and sume up the result in the state-ment that "that the annual profits of our bank-ers are from twenty-five to one hundred thousand dollars. Our lawyers receive, in fees, from ten thousand to twenty-five thousand dollars per annum. The importers range from six to sixty thousand; the jobbers from five to fifty thousand, while the retailers are content with incomes which vary from three to thirty-thousand annually

The trade sums up this week as follows compared with last year: 1864. 1865. WEEK, TOTAL WEEK, TOTAL DEC.

 P&R. R. R.
 47.751
 885.623
 29.538
 352.141d
 83.648

 L Val R. R.
 25.283
 176.348
 28.154
 216.929
 40.574

 Scrant Sth. 17.90
 83.005
 85.300
 54.593
 628.158
 28.154
 216.929
 428.167
 38.906
 16.464
 68.703
 68.103
 16.464
 68.703
 10.310
 5.456
 20.451
 10.185
 58.005
 10.310
 5.456
 20.451
 10.185
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 3.413
 2 689 2,836 25,842 5,690 25,275 95,808 729,597 85,210 713,164 65,210 713,164 10.598 16.433

The Coal trade shows a falling off again this week, and the falling off will be much greater next week's report from the other Regions. The stocks on hand in the distant markets, are rapidly diminishing also.

THE PRESTON COAL AND IMPROVEMENT COMPA My.-This Company owns twenty-five hundred acres of Coal land in the Mahanov Valley, this County, a short distance of east Ashland. It is most admirably located for mining purposes, and when all of the improvements projected by the Compsny, are completed, it will in our opinion be one the most productive Coal properties in this Be

The Company is composed of Boston, New York and Philadelphia capitalists. Among the most prominent of the latter are Wm. Hunter, Jr., Esq. Hon. Henry D. Moore, Jay Cook, Esq., and Wm. G. Moorehead, Esq., a member of the firm of Jay Cook and Company. The object is to fully develope their valuable property, and the improve ments made since its purchase last year, involving an expenditure of upwards of \$174,000, show their determination in this matter. When the Company purchased the property there were two lessees on it. Mesers, Heaton & Carter and John Jones. The Company at once purchased the lease of Messrs. H. & C., and lately secured that of Mr. Jones, thus placing the property entirely in the hands of the Company.

The lands of the Company have a run of two miles on the South, and two miles on the North side of Mahanov Creek, in addition to a mile on the South slope of Locust Mountain-in all five miles in length, with an average height of breast of 200 yards above water level, on the four main Coal beds of the Anthracite Coal Field. They have the Mammoth Vein, 25 feet in thickness: Skidmore, 10 to 20 feet; Primrose, 10 feet, and Diamond, 8 feet thick. Apart from these large deposits of Coal, is the still greater body below water level.

The Company designs having six large collieries on its property. Three are already in operation, and the fourth is under way. An examination of a large double breaker, with a capacity of one hundred and fifty cars per day, just completed, shows that no expense is spared to render these collieries of the first character. It is an example worthy of emulation in the Region, where it is practicable. Tunnels are driven from the lowest possible

water level on both sides of the valley, so as to drain all of the beds of Coal in the mountain sides above it, and thus save the great expense of heavy pumping machinery, etc. By this system of draining it is estimated that these collieries can be worked for many years above water level. This is an important matter. With these collieries in operation the capacity

estimated at four hundred thousand tons of Coal per annum. During the coming season with the improvements in an incomplete condition, the Company anticipates mining two hundred thousand tons The collieries were designed by P. W. Sheafer. Esq., of this Borough, whose thorough knowledge

of the Region, and capacity, are well known and

largely appreciated by all connected with the

Trade. The Company has quite a snug little town laid out on the property. It is prettily situated, and has already quite a mining population. The name is Preston. The distance from the collieries to the head of the Reading Railroad, is twelve miles. branches of the Mahanoy and Broad Mountain Railroad, and the Mt. Carmel extension of the

and Mahanov Railroad is located to the town of The Preston Company is remarkably fortunate in having secured the services of Mr. F. Koener siderable mechanical ingenuity. Some marked improgements in the hoisting gearing at one of the planes of the Company, have been made by Mr. K. for which he deserves credit. In our

same, run through the property. The Lehigh

valuable in the Anthracite Coal Region. THE DEEPEST MINE IN THE UNITED STATES .- A Pardee & Co., at Hazelton, are now working, which is considered by competent judges, to be the deepest Coal mine in the United States. It is situated on the lands of the "Diamond" Coal Co., and is known as the Sugar Loaf Slope. It is 970 teet in perpendicular depth, which is below the surface of the Lehigh river at Penn Haven. The slope is in the neighborhood of 3000 feet in length. of our Anthracite Coal deposits.

wed by the | This mine has been worked successfully for near-Iv 30 years, thus proving the inexhaustible wealth JENKINS' PATENT COAL SCREENS .- It will be obtheir deliverence from long years of cruel bondage, their eager desire to learn to read, to become
"folks"
"What shall be done with these freeduren" is,
as the speaker said, the great question of the age.
Shall they be educated intellectually and morally.

Patent improvement in the manufacture of coal screens in the Coal Region.

VANDUSEN, LOCHMAN & Co., SHIPPERS OF A.

OCUST MOUNTAIN, LOCUST GAP WILKESBAR

RE, AND STHEE WHITE AND RED ASH COALS. Agents for the sale of the celebrated Georges Creek.
Cumberland Coal, from the Mines of the Consolidation Coal and Iron Company of Maryland.
Pt. Richmond,
Elizabethport,
Baltimore,
Georgetown. Orriczs: { Trinity Building, New York. }
5 Doane St., Boston.

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing under the firm of HAMMETT, VAN DUSEN & LOCHMAN is this day dissolved, in accordance with the terms of the articles of
co-partnership. B. HAMMETT,
JOS. B. VAN DUSEN,
GEO. LOCHMAN.
Philadelphia, Jan. 9, '65. [Jan. 28, '65] 4-4t CO-PARTNERSHIP. The unde

de la company de CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE:
DAVIS PEARSON and EMANUEL BAST, trading under the firms of DAVIS PEARSON & CO.
Philadelphia, and BAST & PEARSON, Ashland.
Schuylkill County, Pa. have this day associated with them ROBERT M. LINDSAY of Philadelphia: and ROBERT TAYLOR of New York in the business of Mining and Shipping of Coal. The style of the firms will remain as heretofore. DAVIS PEARSON & CO.
BAST & PEARSON.
Philadelphia, January 2, 1885. 3-1m

—The Nashville Union says Gen, Burbridge has been, relieved of his command in Kentucky and ordered to report to Gen. Grant for duty.

—The government realizes about \$70,000 per month from the hides, tallow, hoofs, &c., of the cattle slaugh. NELS HIP.—The firms of NOBLE, thall & CO., Boston, and E. R. SAWYER tered for the Army of the Potomac. The surviving partners will settle the business of the late firm and sign in liquidation. E. R. SAWYER, F. A. HALL, SETH CALDWELL, Jr., N. P. GORDON.

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

The undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership, for the purpose of continuing the Coal business as heretofore.

The business will be conducted under the style of CAI DWELL SAWVER & CO. Deligibility of the conducted under the style of CAI DWELL SAWVER & CO. Deligibility of the conducted under the style of CAI DWELL SAWVER & CO. Deligibility of the conducted under the style of the conducted under The business will be conducted under the style of CALDWELL, SAWYER & CO., Philadelphia, CALDWELL, SAWYER & CO., New York, E. R. SAWYER & CO., Boston, HALL, CALDWELL & CO., Boston, E. R. SAWYER. F. A. HALL. SETH CALDWELL, Jr., N. P. GORDON.

Philadelphia, Jan. 31, 555. 3-6t

NOTICE. The Firm of TYLER & CO is this day dissolved by the withdrawal of C. NICHOLS BEACH.

The business will be continued by the undersigned in GEORGE E. TYLER,

December 81, 1864.

THE COAL MARKETS. PRICES OF COAL BY THE CARGO. [CORNECTED MEERLY POR THE MINER, JOHNHY!] AT PHILADELPHIA. FEBRUARY 11, 1865.

Lorberry Coal, Franklin (Lykens Valley) Lehigh Lump, St. Boat Lump, St. Boat & Broken,... Prepared,... Chestnut,...

Quotations for Coal are merely nominal, no shipments being made except on Government ac-AT NEW YORK. FRERUARY 9, 1865. Schuylkill Coul by the Curgo. Sciunton Coal at Elizabethport. Lehigh Coal at Elizabethport.

ump and St. Boat by Cargo 10 roken and Egg 11 Dela. & Hudson Co.'s Coal at Bondout. No quotations: Pennsylvania Co.'s Coul at Pt. Ewen. AT HAVRE de GRACE, Md. FEBRUARY 9, 1865. White Ash—prepared \$10,00@10 25
Lykens Val & Pinegrove—prepared ...10 25@10.50
The above prices are nominal; being the closing prices of December last—Navigation being

uspended for the season. AT BALTIMORE FRBUARY 9, 1865.
White Ash prepared—wholesale...\$10 75@11 00
-retail 12 00@12 50
Pinegrove—wholesale....11 50@ " —retail Lykens Valley—retail Lykens Valley-retail 13 00@

No stock of Lykens Valley in market.

CUMBERLAND COAL.—No stock in market.

Prices nominal at \$12 50 f. o b. for run of mine at Locust Point, Receipts of Anthracite Coal by Railroad suspended temporarily. The N. Central Railroad Co., is carrying government and private freight only. Tone of market firmer than at last quotations.

han at last quotations. COAL FREIGHTS. Freights from Pt' Richmond (Philad's 6 00 New York 4 00 17 vessels and 46 boats arrived for the week Freights from Elizabethport. 2 75 New Haven

Ereights from Baltimore
To Philadelphia. 5 75 26 C Freights from Georgetown or Alexandria New York 3 00@3 5 75@0 00

Schuvikill County Ruilronds for 1864. The following is the quantity of Coal over the different Railroads in Schuylkill week ending on Thursday evening last: Mine Hill & S. Haven R. R. 4.367 11 Mahanov & Broad Mt. 14,906 06 Little Schuvlkill chuylkill Valley....., 1.849 10 22.719-17 Coal Trade by Bailrond for 1865

Potisville..... Schuylkill Haven.... 1:618 03. Pinegrove Coal Trade for 1864.

TOTAL. 155.475 0 46,220 1 201.695 1 4,640 07... 15,797 12 Swatara Railroad..... Union Canal Railroad.... Lehigh Coal Trade for 1864. For week ending on Saturday last: WEEK !

3,796 2,470 1,411 1.461 1,207 2,351 ore Coal Co... onsoldated Coal Co.

29,154 216,922 25,283 176,348 United States, Railroad, Canal and Local Stocks.

50 53 54 100 100 50 314 3134 Schuyl Navigation Stock, pf.... " Bonds...: Mine Hill Railroad
Little Schuylkill Railroad
Lehigh Valley Railroad
Bond | 50 | 70 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 101 | 50 | 11 | 12 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 100 | 110 | 110 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 10 Caltawissa Railroad... Lehigh Canal.. Miners Bank Stock.
Farmers' Bank Stock. S Bonds, 1881 New York and Middle Coal.

LIERE THEY ARE .- Feet Warmers, a light, Feb. 11, '65, —6- At STICHTER & THOMPSON'S. C. GOBINS Attorney and Counseller at Law, THIRD STREET ABOVE MARKET, HARRISBURG, PENNA.

Particular attention given to the collection of Bounties, Passions AND BAGE PAT.

All communications answered promptly. cations answered promptly.

THE EYE AND EAR. TO THE PEOPLE!—Now READ, a work by Dr. VON MOSCHZISKER, of No. 1027 Walmut street. Philadelphia,—entitled A BOOK FOR THE PEOPLE on the following Diseases:—EYE and EAP. Diseases. THROAT Diseases in General; Clergymen's and Public Speakers SORE THROAT; Diseases of the AIR PASSAGES, (Laryngitis, Bronchitis.)

Mine Hill & Schuylrill Ha. M ven B. B.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT. On and after MONDAY, November 7th, 1864, Passenger Trains will leave Ashland at 645 A. M., connecting at Schuylkill Haven with Reading Rallroad trains for Philadelphia, Harrisburg, Reading, &c., and at 3.05, P. M., for Schuylkill Haven and intermediate points. and at 3.05. 7. m., for schurjan diate points.

Trains for Ashland leave Schuylkill Haven 8.45 A.
M. and 12.20 P. M., stopping at all principal stations.

Fare from Ashland to Philadelphia, \$3.95; to Reading \$1.90; o Schuylkill Haven 85 cents

EST All the above trains make connection at Westwood with stages to and from Pottsville.

J. E. WOOTTEN, Supt. Cressons, Jan. 7, '65.

philing and the change of proprietorship, will applied in Philas and the word and the word of the change of proprietorship will and the word of the change of proprietorship will and the word of the change of proprietorship will and the word of the change of proprietorship will and the word of the change of proprietorship will and the word of the change of proprietorship will and the word of the change of proprietorship will and the word of the change of proprietorship will and the word of the change of proprietorship will and the word of the change of proprietorship will and the word of the change of proprietorship will and the word of the change of th

BROWNINGS EXCEUSIOR COFFEE. Whilst trying Coffee of all the various brands.

Remember "BROWNINGS EXCRISIOR" at the head it stands.

True, it's not like others, that are "SOLD EVERY-"
WHERE."

A little stretch, we all do know, good goods will easily

apt to tear.)

Now, I can safely say, without any hesitation,

here's none, like "BROWNING'S EXCELSIOR". this enlightened nation. illed chemists have not found a Coffee from any store seesing the same ingredients as "Browning's Excelaior."

Nor is there any one, in or out of the Coffee trade,
Who knows the articles from which "Browning's Rx celsfor's" made. I'm told it's made from barley, rye, wheat, beans, and Name a thousand other things—but the RIGHT ONE if you please.
But with the Coffee men I will not hold contention
For the many, many things they say—too numerou mention.
Whilst they're engaged in running round from store to To learn the current wholesale price of "Browning's Rucelajor." Some who know my Coffee gives perfect satisfaction, Have formed a plan by which they hope to cause a quick

The care tie with a few : no doubt 'twill be more— To name their Coffee after mine, (BROWNING'S) EX-CELSIOR. me say their's the only brand that will stand a real test. Now, try a little of them all-see which you like the best.
Three years have passed away since I first sold a store.
Never have I in your paper advertised before:
Nor would I now, or ever consent to publish more,
If like some need by "everybody," "sold everywhere,"
In "the area" store. trade like this I do not wish; the orders I could not ory all Jersey's land would take-leave not a My 'rade is not so very large; still I think I have my

nt, reader, you may rest assured, 'tis NOT 'SOLD EVERYWHERE." Manufactured and for Sale by the writer GEORGE L. BROWNING, No. 20 Market street, Camden, N. J. No. 26 Market street, Camden, N. J.
This Coffee is not composed of poisonous drugs, it
contains nothing deleterious; many persons use this
Coffee that cannot use the pure coffee; it takes but one
and a half onnees to make a quart of good strong coffee; that being just one-half the quantity that it takes
of Java Coffee, and always less than one-half the price.
RETAIL DEALERS may purchase it in less quantities than ten gross at my prices from the Wholesale
Grocers. Orders by mail from Wholesale Dealers promp attended to. Feb. 11. '65.

McELHENNY COAL AND OIL CO. OF PHILADELPHIA. Organised January 31st, 1865.

APITAL, \$60,000. SHARES, \$1 12,000 shares subscribed by the owners of the land.
20,000 shares are reserved for sale for the present.
27,000 shares to be subscribed by the public at par, whereof \$17,500 will be working capital of the Co.
This Company has purchased in fee simple a tract, one hundred and twenty-one acres. of Coal and Oil Land, eligibly situated near French Creek, within two miles, westwardly, from the Court. Hones, in the Borough of Franklin the county seat of Venango, in the heart of the oil region of Pennsylvania.

The Mercer tumpike road and the Georgetown turnpike road pass across the middle and on one side of this tract from the town of Franklin. It is known that the quality of the Oil universally found a round Franklin is of the best inbricating kind, it being worth \$25 per barrels at the wells' mouth. Doyle's Run and another run of water on this tract are desirable locations for Oil Wells. This land, is almosf surrounded by numerous Companies. numerous Companies.

There is a five feet thick vein of Bituminous Coal

sermeating through this ground, hesides other smaller-eins. The close proximity of this Coal to the city of Tranklin, where it sells constantly from half a dollar payards, per bushel, renders the prospects of the Com-ony highly encouraging, especially as the demand for coal continues to be excessive in the vicinity of the bil Regions. This five feet veln of Coal lies horizon-ally, near the surface of the ground, and can there lly, near the surface of the ground, and can there re be readily procured at a moderate cost to the Com pany.

The excellent improvements already erected on the ground are slone valued at \$5000—seventy acres of this land being under cultivation and fence—and the owner, Mr. Wm. McElbeny, who has lived there during many Mr. Wm. McElhenny, who has lived there during many vears past, will convey the entire property direct from him to the Company-on the following terms, viz: The price of the whole one hundred and twenty-one acres, together with all: the improvements, is \$22,000 parable \$18,000 in cash. \$12,000 in a similar number of shares of stock to be subscribed by him at par on the passing of the title deeds, and whereupon possession of the estate will then be given, and the balance of \$20,000 to remain for one and two years at legal interest unless sooner paid; at the option of the Company, and to be secured on the property, which will be otherwise clear of all incumbrance, with a perfect title.

TWENTY THOUSAND SHARES ARE RESERVED FROM SALE for the present as a contingent fund belonging to the

for the present as a contingent fund belonging to the Company. Only Twenty seven Thousand Five Hun-Company. Only TWENTY STWEN THOUSAND FIVE HUNDERS SHARES are therefore now ofference for sale at the public. There will thus be on hand a cash working capital of \$1.500, which will be devoted forthwith to bore two wells for Oil, and to mine the Coal immediately. A handsome profit and a large dividend to the shareholders may reasonably be expected without delay. The Stock being \$1 a share, fully paid, there is no further liability.

The number of shares in the market being so few, and the total capital being so small, it is believed the stock will rapidly advance in value; as it is a safe and correct principle adopted by this Company, to limit the amount of capital stock of a corporation to the sum requisite for a purchase of the land and a sum sufficient to develone it.

Scarces of stock to the number of 27.500 can now he ubscribed at the office of either the undersigned Board' of Managers, in lots of not less than twenty five shares ayable \$1 per share.

JAMES B. FERREE. Presiden
No. 22 S Third ! JAMES B. FERREE. President.
No. 33 S Third Street.
A. P. Ever. 422 Richmond Street.
HENRY DRAMER. 1514 MARKET Street.
T. FLIZATATION 911 N. SECOND Street.
J. J. CARBERS, 400 Library Street.
S. B. FERREE, Treasurer, 33 S. Third Street.
Enward Beady, Secretary, 135 South Fifth Street
Enward Beady, Secretary, 135 South Fifth Street
12 Please send for Prospectus.
Feb. 11, 165.

GREENWOOD NURSERY, Pottsville, Pa. SPRING PLANTING. The subscriber has for sale at his Nursery, wood, Pottaville, a fine assortment of FRUIT TREES OF ALL KINDS, Embracing the choicest kinds for planting in this rection of country, which have been selected with careboth Standard and Dwarf for early bearing. Also Such as Mountain Ash, Silver Maple, Abeles or Silver Poplar, Horse Chestnut, European Larches, &c., &c Also Evergreens of various kinds. Small Fruits,

Such as English Mammoth Gooseherries, Currants. Red and White Raspberries, Lawton and High Burk Blackberries, &c. Strawberries. Triumph de Gand, Albany Seedling, French's Seed ling, &c., &c., and other choice varieties that do not re quire an impregnator, by the dozen, hundred or thous

and.

Such as Concord. Delaware. Diana. Crevilling, and the NEW PREMIUM GRAPES called the IONA and ISABELLA, raised by Doctor Grant. The former has received the Premium offered for the best Hardy Grape cultivated in the United States, it being pronounced equal in quality to any Foreign Grape, and the latter for the earliest ripening Grape in the country, of good quality, together with several other choice kinds.

Mammoth Rhubarb Roots and Asparagus Roots.

All kinds of Garden and Ornamental Shrubbery.

Extra Sized Fruit Trees.

We have for sale about 100 extra sized Apple Trees Extra Sized Fruit Trees.

We have for sale about 100 extra sized Apple Trees which we will sell cheap, as they must be removed in the Spring, some of which are in bearing. Also extra sized Pear, Cherry and other Fruit Trees, for sale.

Now is the time for those in want of Trees, &c., for Spring planting, to make out their orders and send them in. Those that come first will be served first.

The Trees can be taken out of the ground when called for so that they will not injure. Our trees are raised on high ground and can be transplanted with much greater certainty of growing than if raised on low ground. This is an important consideration.—

Either call at the Nuisery, or address. ither call at the Nursery, or address

B. BANNAN, Pettaville, Pa.

Special Notice. PROSPECTUS AND REPORT of the ommittee sent to West Virginia to examne and select lands for "THE WEST WIRGINIA NATIONAL PETROLEUM ASSOCIATION" (an Oil enterprise on new principles. Read Advertisement in last Week's paper.) can be had by addressing the ur fereigned, JAMES LYND, Esq., No. 512, SOUTH 3th Street, Philadelphia, the Publisher of this Paper or Jones Webster No. 50, NORTH 5th Street Philadelphia authorized Agent to receive all subscri Subscription price for the present One Dollar per Share, fully paid up. Subscriptions for 100 hares or less. CASH, at the time of subscribing, and over this number of shares, three-fifths on the who mount : balance in two separate instalments.

now payable. REPORT. The Committee appointed to visit and examine the lands for the Association, made their report at a general meeting of the Association, held January 3, 1865, at 5 % S. Sixth, Philadelphia, that they have visited, carefully examined, and selected sixteen separate tracts. prising in all 6,4921 acres, at a cost of from \$35 comprising in art o. 892 acres, at a cost of from \$35 \$35 per acre—making an average of \$55 13 per acre. These prices are much below those usually paid for land in West Virginia. owing to the fact that: the Coi mittee have personally visited the location, and pure assed from bona fide owners, thus saving the large pro mittee have personally visited the location, and purchased from bono fide owners, thus saving the large profit that is generally placed on land by Agents before selling to Companies.

The whole of these lands have been selected by your Committee as First Class Oil Territory, having in view an easy access to market; so, necessary for their early development. We believe that no property is better situated, or has more reliable indications of an abundance of oil. situated, or has more reliable indications of an acoundance of oil.

Some of these tracts are well improved farms, and all contain fine timber in large quantities. They are situated on what is called the 'Ort Braks,' or Great Upheaval, and are well intersected by streams and ra-Oil has been found within a short distance of the most of these localities, so that the Committee are satisfied from PERSONAL KLARIVATION, that all the tracts now presented will rold all the state.

Your Committee would further report that they arranged to purchase all these tracts in Fee Sim clear of incumbrance. Yours, Respectfully, MAHLON GILLFNGHAM, JOS. T. ROWAND, WM. H. ACKLEY, WM. GRIFFITHS, D. MCCLEARY, MATTHEW I. PD. 4 D. McCLEARY, MATTHEW I. BRADY Feb. 4, '65. 5-3t Steam to and from the Old Country,

MORO PHILLIPS! GENUINE IMPROVED SUPER PHOSPHATE OF LIME FOR SALE AT

MASUFACTURERS' DEPOT. 27 North Front St., between Market & Arch Sts., PHILADELPHIA. The Subscriber begs leave to inform Dealers and Consumers that he is now prepared to furnish Mono Phillips Gratter Inform Dealers and Charles Gratter Inform Street Phospharm of Line, in any quantities. The universal satisfaction this article has given during the past four years, has so increased the demand that I have been compelled to greatly enlarge my capacity for its manufacture, and now trust that I will-be able to fill all orders during the season. Yet my rule is free consensus argued.

is omegrat sarged, count to Dealers.

**MGRO PHILLIPS.

**Bele Proprietor & Manufacturer.

1: 38, '55.

BAUGH'S BAW BOXE SUPER-PHOSPHATE OF LIME BAUGH & SON MANUFACTURERS AND PROPRIETORS, Hore No. 20 South Delaware Avenue PHILADELPHIA.

To the farmers of Pennsylvania, New Jersey To the farmers of Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Delaware, and Maryland, Baugh's Baw Bone Phesephate is not a new name. Its great efficiency as a Fertilizer, for all crops, has been for years past practically denoted by them in its continued use. We want no better assurance of the high appreciation in which it is held by Agriculturists than the fact of so constant an increase in the demand, from year to year, as our article has enjoyed, and it has been our main object to render it, in every respect, worthy of such a favorable estimation. is in order to give greater facility in the application of the Raw Bene Phesphate, we have, since the last season, succeeded in making it so fine and uniform as to be capable of drilling. Farmers will find this an important advantage. important advantage.

The facilities for the manufacture of the Raw

Bene Passphate are new very complete, and we
can fill large orders with promptness; but it is desirable that all orders should be sent in as early in the sea-

ble that an orders about a some some appears on as possible.

It is packed in bags and barrels, and may be had of any regular dealer in Fertilizers, (to whom we advise all farmers to apply,) or of the sole manufacturers.

BATGER & SON. No. 20 South Delaware Avenue. PHILADELPHIA.

The highest market price paid for Bones.

Jan. 28, '65.

4-3mos

Skin Diseases. Tetter. Itch. SCALD HEAD. ULCERS. ERYSIPELAS, SALT RHEUM, RINGWORMS, BARBER'S ITCH.

Eruptions covering the whole body, of long standing and most obstinate in character, are quickly cured by "Dr. Swayne's All-Healing Ointment." Swayne's All-Healing Ointment." 'Dr. Swayne's All-Healing Ointment. Swayne's All-Healing Ointment.' "Dr. Swayne's All-Healing Ointment," If the blood is impure, cleanse the system of all im-purities by using the old-established, and well-tried re-

'Dr. Swayne's Blood-Puritying Panacea. Dr. Swayne's Blood-Purifying Panacea."
Dr. Swayne's Blood-Purifying Panacea."
Dr. Swayne's Blood-Purifying Panacea."
Dr. Swayne's Blood-Purifying Panacea." Dr. Swavne's Blood-Purifying Panaces. Its reputation for curing scrouls, old alcers, hip joint complaint, ulcetated sore throat, white swelling, dark blotches, or defects in the akin, boils, yellow skin, marasmus or wasting fiesh, rheumatic affections, pains, in the bones, &c., is without parallel. The weak and debilitated, or any disease of a serofulous nature, it is sure to do good, as the many thousand testimonials from all parts of the world will prove; nothing ever-discovered can compare with it in curing that class of disorders. To be sure of getting the pure and genuine Panacca, purchase direct at the principal office of Dr. Swayer & Son. 330 North Sixth street. Philadelphia, or at the Prop. Store of HENEY SAYLOR. Butterille, or at the Drug Store of HENRY SAYLOR, Pottsville.

FOR 30 YEARS A STANDARD BE-Swayne's Compound Syrup Wild Cherry.' Swayne's Compound Syrup Wild Cherry.' Swayne's Compound Syrup Wild Cherry.'

Thousands of cases of Pulmonary Disease, which have bailed every expedient of human skill, have been permanently cured by this old standard remedy. To prove this assertion we have certificates of cures so extraordinary that skeptics are led to feel incredulous of their truth. No remedy has ever been offered that can Joriginal Wild Cher-ry Compound in curing

Blood Spitting.
Whooping Cough,
Weak Nerves,
Liver Complaint,
Pains, Side, Breast, &c. Consumption, Liver Complaint,
Sore-Throat, Paine, Side, Breast, &c.
and all complaints of a pulmonary nature. Its use is
sure to bring health and returning vigor to the weak
and languid frame.

It cleanses the lungs of all impurities, Infusing strength, vigor and new life. Into the diseased and debilitated system. For thirty years has been a standard remedy, curing

the most obstinate cases, after all other remedies and

Catarrhal Consumption To Dr. Suayne & Son, 330 North Sixth St., Philada: I send you certificate of Naomi Wilcox, of this town She was afflicted with Catarrhal Consumption, and tried many remedies, but continued to grow weaker; lungs and stomach became very much disordered, and her physicians and friends despaired of her. life. Through the nee of your Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry she

entirely recovered.

R. D. Smith, Justice of the Peace.

Governieur, N. Y.

Prepared only by DR. SWAYNE & SON, 330 North
SIXTH Street, Philadelphia. Sold by HENRY SAYLOR and JOHN G. BROWN & SON, Druggists, Potis-

[April 2, '84.—14 Sept. 17 '64. NEW PERFUME FOR THE HANDKERCHIEF.

PHALON'S



A Most Exquisite, Delicate and Fragrant Perfume, Distilled from the Rare and Benutiful Flower from Manufactured only by PHALON & SON. Beware of Counterfeits. Ask for Phalon's-Take no other-

Sold by druggists generally. Dec. 17, '64. 51-3m "LOCHIEL," (LATE HERR'S HOTEL) Corner of Third and Market Streets, HARRISBURG, Pa.

The attention of the traveling public is most respectfully called to this old established stand, which for the past five months has been closed to trade, and during that time has been thoroughly remodeled, repaired, and newly furnished throughout, until it now possesses all the conveniences pertaining to a first class hotel, which are in any manner calculated to insure the perfect comfort of its guests.

Its situation alone would recommend it as a stopping place, being only two and a half squares from the depots; near enough to prove convenient, sufficiently distant to avoid the annoyance of railroad noise and bustle. bustle.

The furniture is entirely new, rooms large and well ventilated, table supplied with every luxury the market can afford, while as to the management, it is trusted to the judgment of a discriminating public to decide.

The Proprietor having determined to make the character and reputation of the house the object, without regard to coat, hopes to merit the patronage and favorable opinion of those who design stopping in the State capital.

SHENRY THOMAS, Preprietor.

Jan. 28, 65.

RECRUITS WANTED. QUOTAS FILLED. Substitutes furnished.

BOUNTIES PAID.

tre and Railroad. o. d. jenkins.

Dec. 31, '64,

DOUQUETS for Weddings, Balls, Part-IES, &c., can be obtained at Greenwood Nursery. FOR THE MILLION, -- Proch Arden received and for sale at ' BANNAN'S Bookstore. Oil Regions of Pennsylvania Ohio and Worker Oil Regions of Pennsylvania. Ohio and Western Virginia, just received and for sale at BANNAN'S BOOKSTORK.

CIRCULAR SAWS, Sole Agents in this County for H. Disstor's Saws. All in want o large Circular Saws can save 10 per cent. by ordering from us.

STICHTER & THOMPSON.

Jan. 28, '65. Oil direct from New Bedford. Labricating and Machinery Oils at STICHTER & THOMPSON'S.

Jan. 28, 1865.

300 BARBELS APPLES.—Just received a splendid assortment of New York Winter Apples, for sale by the barrel or bushel at JAMES DOWNEY'S, Below the Episcopal Church, Potaville. Jan. 21, '65. THE TREBUNE ADMANAC.—The Tribune Almanac and Political Register for 1806, just received and for sale at BANNAN'S Book and Stitionary Store.

Also I fish supply of the Old Franklin and other limitates.

Saturday, February 11, 1865. THE WAR FOR THE UNION.

The Recent Peace Conference—Reception of the Result in Rebeldom—From Geni-Grant's Immediate Department, Rebel Novements West—Restacky Favorable to Emancipation, Sec. Richmond papers of Monday and Tuesday last, received at Washington are full of war editorials auggested by the recent Peace Conference. They state the following to be the result of that conference. Mr. Lincoln said he had no propositions to make to the recople of the South, except that they must lay down their arms and submit unconditionally to the laws and Constitution of the United States. The terms upon which they and the people of the North would hereafter live together must be settled afterwards. He would exert himple of the North would hereafter live, together must be settled afterwards. He would exert him self to make the conditions as favorable to the people of the South as possible, but he could not interfere with the laws or Constitution of the United States. The question of slavery had passed beyond his control. This abolition had been decreed by the Congress of the United States, and would be ratified by the Legislatures of the loyal. States without exception.

Wolfin be ratined by the Legislatures or the loyal States without exception.

On Tuesday last Jefferson Davis sent into the rebel Senate a message disclosing the circumstances of the interview held at Hampton Roads, between Mr. Lincoln and the Commissioners. states of the interview held at Hampton Roads, between Mr. Lincoln and the Commissioners. Accompanying this message is a report on the same subject by Messrs. Stephens, Hunter and Campbell. It is apparent from the tone of the rebel papers, that the principal object of the conference on the part of the rebels was to encourage the war spirit of the South, by taking back to Richmond Mr. Lincoln's refusal to recognize the independence of the confederacy. The Sentinel, Jeff. Davis' organ, is so angry over this recent sting given to the Confederacy, that it proclaims in favor of war to the knife, and the knife to the hilt. Jeff. Davis himself has made a war speech in Richmond, in which he urged the South to fight to the last.

On Thursday last a great war meeting was to have been held in Richmond, which all the citizens were exorted to attender masse.

Gen. Terry's forces still confront the foe in the vicinity of Wilmington. The only reinforcement of Sherman from the region of Wilmington is the despatch of several vessels of the fleet which, it is expected, will take part in the capture of

expected, will take part in the capture The gunboats in Cape Fear river maintain their The gunboats in Cape Fear river maintain their former position, not having been able to advance in consequence of the obstructions, which, a letter, says, "appear quite as formidable to overcome as those which protect Charleston, Richmond and Mobile."

The reconnoissance made by General Meade on Sunday and Monday is said to have satisfied Gen. Grant that Lee maintains his more important positions, with the full strength of his army, and consequently that what opposition. Sharmas will

consequently that what opposition Sherman will encounter will come chiefly from Hardée's army, the State militis of Georgia and South Carolina, and, possibly, one or two corps from Dick Taylor's The Richmond papers of Wednesday, contain

The Richmond papers of Wednesday, contain General Lee's official report of the fight at Hatcher's Run last Monday, in which Mahone's divisiona succeeded in driving back Fithe fth Corpa upon the main body of our troops. Gen, Lee says the loss on both sides was small.

General Hood was in Richmond. Two corps of his army were at Augusta, which will give Beautegard about forty-five thousand men with which to oppose Gen. Sherman.

There is a disposition in Washington to blame General Meade for the manner in which he handled his forces on the 5th and 6th inst., and had his confirmation been delayed to this hour, it is doubtful whether it would have been greed to.

A large rebel force is reported on the Arkansas side of the Mississippi, near Mound City, evidently intending to cross the river into Tennessee. Seventy-five of Quantrell's old band crossed the river in front of the lines a few days ago, but have now gone into the interior. Guerillas are very numerous near our lines; robberies are freened. very numerous near our lines; robberies are fre quent, and dead pickets are brought in every morning.
Gov. Bramlette has sent to the Kentucky Leg-

Gov. Bramlette has sent to the Kentucky Legislature the proposed amendment to the Federal Constitution. We are pleased to see that his message as reported is favorable to the passage of the amendment. This is more than we are pected from the State or its Governor, and shows that the progress of the war is more justly estimated there than it was when Humphrey Marshall remained in the State.

Some interesting, revelations were made in New York on Thursday, in regard to the arrest of bounty-brokers by Col. Baker and his detective officers. Two members of a firm who dealt largely in bogus army enlistments, were captured and sent to the Old Capitol Prison, to keep company with twenty-five of their brethren. The third member of the firm field to Europe a few days since, having confirm fled to Europe a few days since, having converted all the profits \$90,000 into \$40,000 in cold and the others are now in custody. The forgod enlistments already discovered show that several counties in New York State have filled their quotas with sheets of foolscap instead of mer.

The whole amount of seven-thirty loans sold since Friday morning of last week exceeds \$10,...

000,000. The army has now been five months without pay, and some brigades have more than that due them. The Pay Department is at present only able to procure money to pay officers and men on furlough. The prospect of a speedy general payment is principally contingent upon the sale of these seven-thirty per cent. honds.

The Government is advised of the surrender of a portion of the St. Albans raiders. The Canadians are rapidly wheeling into line, and a few

nadians are rapidly wheeling into line, and a few more friendly acts will be apt to loosen the pass-port grip which now presses so heavily upon them. In the Senate on Thursday, a dispatch from In the Senate on Thursday, a dispatch from Col. Hardee to Governor Curtin was read, stating that the Secretary of War will endeavor to see that officers provide fitting accommodations and protection for recruits.

The House at Washington passed the Freedman's Bureau bill on Thursday afternoon. It setablishes an independent bureau with a commissioner at its head. The Senate will probably agree to the bill: agree to the bill.

General Sherman's scouts, are reported by the Richmond papers of Wednesday to be on the railroad between Charleston and Branchville.

Both Houses of the Legislature on Thursday, passed an act forbidding the storage of petroleum within the built boundaries of Philadelphia.

Col. Mulford states that a general exchange of prisoners will commence this week.

George Munday, well known as the hatless prophet, died on Thursday last in Philadelphia.

Philadelphia Markets. PHILIDELPHIA, Thursday F b. 9, 1865.

FLOUR AND MEAL.—The Flour market is very quiet. Small sales of superine at \$9.37, extra at \$10 a 10 50, and extra family at \$11 50. Small sales for home consumption at from \$9.00 for low grade superior up to \$12 50 for fancy lots. Rvs. Flour ranges from \$8.75 to 9.60 per barrel. In Corn Meal nothing doing. Corn Meal nothing doing.

Grain.—The Wheat market is dull. Sales of prime red at \$2.50 per bushel, and white \$2.65 a. 2.75. Ryelis scarce, and ranges from \$1.70 to 1.72. There is very little-corn coming in. Small sales of yellow at \$1.66 per bushel. Oats are in better demand, at 92 cents.

POTTSVILLE MARKETS

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HAWLEV'S

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SOLIDIFIED DENTAL CREAM, For Cleansing, Whitening and Preserving

For Gleansing, Whitening and Preserving THE TEETH!

This article is prepared with the greatest care upon scientific principles, and warranzed not to contain anything in the slightest degree deleteriess to the teeth or gums. Some of our most eminent Dental Surgeons have given their sanction: to, and cheerfully recommend it as a preparation of superior qualities for cleansing, whitening and preserving the teeth. It cleans them readily, rendering them beautifully white and pearly, without the slightest injury to the enamely-tis is healing to the gams where they are ulcerated and sore. It is also an excellent disinfector for old decayed teeth, which are exceedingly offensive. It gives a rich and creamy taste to the mouth, cleansing it thoroughly, and imparting a delightful fragrance to the breath.

Prepared only by A. HAWLEW & CO., K. W. Cor. 10th and Lembard sts., PHILADA, and sold by all Druggists. Price 25 cents.

TESTIMONIALS.—The following opinion of Dr. White, as to the high esteem in which he holds the Dental Cream, must be sufficient evidence of its value; to quote other testimonisis in detail is needless contenting ourselves by simply giving the names and addresses of persons who speak of its excellency for the teeth:

PRILADELPHIA ENGLISHED PRILADELPHIA And Can be used by all persons with the attmost confidence, as its properties are perfectly harmless. Besides preserving the teeth, and can be used by all persons with the ottmost confidence, as its properties are perfectly harmless. Besides preserving the teets, it promotes a healthy action to the gums, and impers a pleasantness to the breath.

Dr. W. R. WHITE, 1968 Arch St.

it promotes a healthy action to the guins, and imparts a pleasantness to the breath.

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Thos. Ingram, M. D., Dentist, 491 N. Fourth Street.
J. Birkey, 254 S. Sixth St.
E. Vanderslice, Surgeon Dentist, 425 Arch St.
C. A. Kingsbury, 1110 Walant St.,
S. Billingham, D. D. S., 734 Arch St.
F. M. Dixon, 827 Arch St.
F. M. Dixon, 827 Arch St.
Edward Townsend, Dentist, 528 N. Fyurth St.
L. H. Dopphley, Dentist, 629 N. Sixth St.
M. L. Long, Dentist, 629 N. Sixth St.
June 4, '64. June 4. '64. 22-1911

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AT THE CLOAK STORE OF

A. & M. BOLAND, Centre Street, below American Bouse Jan. 21, 165.—40-6m

SMOMING TOBACOO.—A large assortment of different kinds, in linds, or bits... for sale by Dec. 31, '64.

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TO AND YEAR

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TAPSCOTT BROTHERS & CO."
Emigration and Foreign Enchange Office, 86 touth st...
Drafts on England, treland, Scotland and Wales,
Tapscott's favorite line of Liverpool Packets spills overy three days.

X line of Louiser Packets sails every ten days.

EM Parties wishing to send for their fitsule, or venith money to the Old Country, our do shall be leaved rates by applying to STRANGE N. Patients.