that history will dwell upon for ages to come are being performed, and yet this Democratic party has no word to say of approval of disapproval. It is silent, and not only so, but silent under the the suspicion of cowardice. Why does it not speak? It cannot be, out of sympathy for the war, or from a desire to do nothing that may embarrass the prosecution of the war, for these men have no sympathy for our cause or our country. They are time-servers, trimmers, camp-followers, men who hang around the baggage-trains until the battle is over, and join the victorious party to plunder the dead. Whether Cassio kill Rodericgo, or Roderigo kill Cassio, or each do kill the other, every way works to their gain. They are perfectly content to nominate Grant if he takes Richmond, or to take as rank a submissionist as Seymour of Connecticut, or Wood of New York, if Richmond should not be taken. With these it is neither peace nor war, but a political victory. As we have said, so that they can plunder the dead it matters little who wins the day.

Is it not humiliating to see a great party so reduced and abandoned that we can find no term but a fantastic creation of fiction whereby to describe it? Where is the Democratic party of other days, proud and defiant in the consciousness of principle; first in the fray with its banner aloft like the banner of the Percy, and its motto "Esperance" always in the front? How have the mighty fallen! Like the banner of the Percy, the standard of the Democracy has long since been shattered and torn, and trailed in the dust. Mother carrion crows have made it their rookery, and where brave and good men were once proud to follow, adventurers and banditti now presume to lead.—*Philad'a. Press.*

Miners' Journal.

POTTSVILLE, PA.

SATURDAY, JULY 2, 1864.

THE FOURTH OF JULY.

The eighty-eighth anniversary of our fathers' Declaration of Independence—says the New York TRIBUNE—should be celebrated with uncommon earnestness and solemnity. We visibly approach the culmination of our arduous struggle to complete the revolution which they so nobly began. The right of every innocent man to himself—of the husband and wife to each other—of the parents to their minor children—which is the natural and solid base of the social edifice, and ought to have been established with if not before the right of each community to a voice in the public councils whereby it is taxed and ruled, is now distinctly at issue, with prospects of a favorable result.

The enemies of our National Union assert that the loyal States are fighting in opposition to the sacred right of Self-Government. It is not so. But for Slavery—which is the most palpable and flagrant denial of this right—there would have been no war and no alienation. The slaveholding caste—a decided minority, even in the South—plunged into treason and carnage simply and only because the Free States refused to unite in extending the area of Human Bondage and Chattelhood. They presented this ultimatum—"Either unite with us in establishing Slavery by positive law in all Federal territory south of the parallel 36 deg. 30 min.—[which Henry Clay said no earthly power would compel him to do]—or we will disrupt and destroy the Union." We would not become their accomplices in the crime of Slavery Extension, so they made ruthless war upon us. Before we had fired a shot or mounted a cannon, they had seized Federal forts, arsenals, armories, custom-houses, sub-treasuries, &c., &c., by wholesale; had captured our principal armed force through the treachery of its chief, Twiggs; had planted batteries on the banks of the Mississippi and obstructed its navigation by firing on unarmed vessels as they passed; and they finally inaugurated unequivocal hostilities by bombarding and reducing Fort Sumter, a fortress constructed as well as garrisoned by the Union. Never was a war more flagrantly, inexcusable initiated than by the slaveholding traitors in 1861.

They now pretend to be battling for the principle of Self-Government, which is false. They persecuted, throttled, hunted down, tortured and killed the outspoken White Unionists of the South at the outset of their Rebellion, making a violent death the penalty of active dissent from their scheme, scouting the suggestion that the Blacks were entitled to any voice in the premises. Their Self-Government is precisely like a pack of wolves voting on the propriety of eating mutton, and allowing the sheep no voice in the premises. If a vote were to be taken of the whole people of the South—fearfully blinded, deceived, misled, as many of them are—and each were at liberty to vote as he thought best, there would be shown a strong Union majority there to-day.

The Rebellion has great armies, because it compels every White man within its grasp, including thousands of Unionists, to fight for it. It has material resources, because it takes whatever it needs and can lay hands on. It has no internal opposition, because it tolerates none. The journal which should combat its aims and tendencies as freely as the Copperhead organs here oppose our Government would be suppressed at once. Even in North Carolina, where its supporters are a minority even of the Whites, *The Raleigh Standard*, the old Democratic State organ, has had its office demolished or cautiously and timidly opposing the rule and policy of Jeff. Davis. In no other Rebel State would even the faintest demur to the Secession programme be tolerated. Despotism and delusion reign unchallenged. Yet it is false that the Rebels are fighting for Self-Government, even by Whites. Missouri, at their call, held a Convention and resolved through it to remain in the Union; yet the Slave power at once commenced a civil war to take it out. Kentucky uniformly and overwhelmingly voted for the Union; yet the Rebels invaded and attempted to subjugate her before she had struck a blow on the side of the Republic. East Tennessee, overwhelmingly devoted to the Union, was trampled under the bloody feet of Treason months before the Federal flag was unrolled in sight of her secluded mountain homes. West Virginia, confessedly, almost unanimously Union, was invaded by a Rebel army before a Union regiment had been encamped on her soil, and before the Union had anywhere assailed the mustering, advancing cohorts of Treason. To-day, fully aware that she is overwhelmingly Union, the Confederate authorities stand pledged to their Virginia never to make a peace that does not carry old Virginia back to the Ohio, making Wheeling and Parkersburg citadels of the Slave Power. It is false, most false, therefore, that the Rebels are fighting for the right of Self-Government; and fifty British Ministers and noble lords may reiterate it without making it one whit truer.

Let, then, the National Anniversary just at hand be improved to quicken and brighten the fires of Patriotism. Let there be celebrations, processions, addresses, everywhere; and let the People be exhorted to still greater exertions in behalf of Freedom and the Union. Let the speakers dig down to the foundations, and show the necessary connection between Wrong and Woe—the eternal law whereby the enslavement and degradation of any imperil the rights and the happiness of all. Let them show that Absolute Justice is the only secure basis of National or personal well-being—that 'evil must in evil end;' and that only in perfect righteousness is there assurance of true National greatness and enduring Peace. So shall our National festival be wisely and profitably spent, and our hopes strengthened that its next recurrence may dawn on our land rejoicing that the thunders of deth-dealing cannon are stilled, the sulphurous smoke of battle melted into Heaven's own azure, and our heroes returned from the fatigues and perils of camp and field to bless the homes which have vainly awaited them so long.

THE House on Wednesday took one step forward by voting, in concurrence with the Senate, that hereafter no witness shall be excluded from the United States Courts on account of color.

OPINION OF MR. SECRETARY DANA ON THE SITUATION.—A Washington correspondent of the *Tribune* says that Mr. Dana, the Assistant Secretary of War, who will be accepted throughout the United States as one of the most intelligent and cool observers that have studied the war, as well as one of the most truthful of men, has answered the questions of anxious inquirers there about the situation at Petersburg, to the effect that Lee's force is not more than two thirds of Grant's; that our losses last week, in the movement toward the Weldon Road, were militarily unimportant, and that Grant had his hand on Lee's throat, and would keep his hold till he strangled him to death.

He gives to all the assurance of our final and conclusive success. Among the striking facts which Mr. Dana has mentioned is that we have at this moment 51,000 of the Rebel soldiers prisoners in our hands. The public feeling in Washington is one of absolute, unwavering confidence in the future and in Grant, and over and above all in Grant's army. The coolest and most soldierly heads in Washington now declare that it cannot be whipped—the nation, indeed, can lean on it.

NO COMMUTATION.—It is settled by the necessity of speedily filling the armies, and keeping them filled, that there is to be no commutation. On Tuesday the House passed the bill of Mr. Smithers of Delaware, which provides substantially:

That the President may at any time call for any number of volunteers for one, two, or three years.

That in case the quota of any town shall not be filled within sixty days after the call the President may order a draft for one year to fill that quota.

That in case of a draft there shall be no exemption by the payment of money.

Bounties are offered for volunteers or substitutes—$200 for one year, $300 for two years, $400 for three years.

The bill incorporates a provision for allowing the loyal States to recruit in the rebellious States.

GOVERNMENT securities are the best, safest and most profitable investment that a man can make. Nobody doubts that the war (that is, the great bulk and expense of the war) will be over in a year or so; and when that occurs, there will come a gold standard; and then, when others are lamenting over the fall of stocks, the holder of Government bonds will have no fall to lament. He will, in fact, be a gainer by that change which injures the holders of other property.

FREMONT meetings are below par. They tried one in New York on Monday evening last, and the TRIBUNE which is friendly to Fremont, says that it was the broadest burlesque of the season. The list of officers, the speeches, and nearly everything else, tend to show its utter baselessness, regarded as a movement to make Gen. Fremont the next President on the Cleveland platform. The movement is "played out."

EDITOR'S TABLE.

THE SATURDAY EVENING POST appears in a new dress of type. It presents a beautiful appearance with its new head, &c. This old established journal has maintained an enviable reputation for the last thirty years and is always up to its high standard. Terms, $2 00 per annum. Published by Deacon & Peterson, 319 Walnut street, Philadelphia.

"WHAT OR THE BATTLE," by "Stella of Lackawanna," has been received. It is a poem that bears the impress of our correspondent's peculiar by charming style, and we will endeavor to find for it a corner on the First Page of next week's MINERS' JOURNAL. We are glad that "Stella" does not forget the JOURNAL, for we have no correspondent whose talented productions are more welcome or more highly appreciated.

Local Affairs.

Weekly Almanac.

1864.—July.	SUN RISES.	SUN SETS	MOON'S CHANGES.
2 SATURDAY	4 34	7 32	
3 SUNDAY	4 35	7 32	
4 MONDAY	4 36	7 31	New M. 3 7 27 eve'g
5 TUESDAY	4 36	7 31	First Q. 11 10 55 eve'g
6 WEDNESDAY	4 37	7 31	Full M. 19 1 40 mor'g
7 THURSDAY	4 37	7 31	Last Q. 25 3 50 eve'g
8 FRIDAY	4 38	7 30	

Fine miners were burned in a mine near Ashland on Saturday last, by an explosion of fire damp. Several have since died.

To-morrow.—Twenty-seventh Sunday of the year, and sixth after Trinity. Day's length, 14 hours and 58 minutes.

W. F. Shea, 48th Regt., P. V. V., wounded in front of Petersburg, was admitted into the Hampton Hospital, Fortress Monroe, on Monday last.

The old Water Basin square on Mahantongo street, was sold on Saturday last for four thousand dollars.

The Rev. Dr. I. H. Jones of Philadelphia, will preach for Rev. Mr. Colt in the 2d Presbyterian Church, in Market street to-morrow.

During the progress of the late Fair in Philadelphia, the ladies of Pottsville sent to it 106 bouquets.

Mrs. John Flinn of Gordon, was killed on Tuesday last by being run over by a coal train while picking coal on the track near that place. She was horribly mangled.

Casualties in the Forty-eighth Regiment on the 23d of June.—There were 3 killed, and 7 or 8 wounded. Among the killed was —— Whittaker of Co. A formerly of Co. C.

We understand that a meeting of the citizens of the South Ward, will be held at the White Horse Hotel, for the purpose of taking into consideration measures for filling their quota upon the new draft expected to be ordered shortly.

The list of drafted men to fill the deficiency in this County, published in our last, was full and complete. Reilly and Frailey were not drawn, as they had at the time of the draft, filled their quotas.

John P. Hobart, Esq., who recently moved with his family to St. Paul, Minnesota, contemplates returning next Fall. We regret to learn that his family has been afflicted by sickness during his brief residence there.

As next Monday will be the Fourth of July, and no formal celebration of the day is announced, our citizens should make a liberal display of bunting on their residences. Let the flags float, inscribed—God—Grant—Victory.

Death of Lieut. Hume.—Wm. H. Hume, Lieutenant in Co. B, 48th Regt., who was wounded on the 31st of May—the same day that Major Gilmour was wounded—died at Georgetown Hospital on Thursday night last. The remains will be embalmed and brought to this County for interment.

A man named George Brownwell who lived on Bunker Hill, this Borough, was arrested on Thursday, charged with a series of depredations on private premises here. An examination of his house led to the discovery of a large amount of stolen property. He was committed to prison to await his trial.

Franklin Fraley, a resident of this Borough, and brakesman of coal trains on the Reading Railroad, was killed at Reading on the night of the 21st ult., by falling through a car in which the coal gate was left open or not properly secured. His remains were brought to this Borough and interred.

Man Killed on the Mine Hill Railroad.—On Friday, 24th ult., at Westwood, as Thomas Brennan, a miner, was attempting to get on a train of coal cars, he slipped, fell on the track, and was killed. He was 40 years of age. An inquest was held, and a verdict rendered in accordance with the facts.

Wounded Schuylkill County Soldiers in Philadelphia.—The following reached Philadelphia this week:

FORTY-EIGHTH REGIMENT—Sergt. Thos Irwin, Company K; Jas. Brown, Co. E.

NINETY-SIXTH REGIMENT—S. Stearne, Co. E; Color Sergt. E. Hendley, Co. D; L. Klinger, Co. E.

Schuylkill County Contributions to the Sanitary Fair.—The following acknowledgments among others, are made this week by John W. Clayborn, Esq., Treasurer:

From our Coal Committee, per E. Borda, Treasurer $10,000 00
Per George M. Troutman, Chairman:
Farmers' Bank 50 00

John Beaumont of Co. A, 88th Regiment, P. V. V., a gallant veteran soldier from Mt. Clair, this County, was, we are grieved to learn, killed in battle before Petersburg on the 19th of June. Mr. Beaumont wrote frequently to the JOURNAL. Our readers will remember his interesting letters. A series of resolutions adopted by his Company, will be found under our obituary head. "After life's fitful fever" we hope that the brave soldier "sleeps well."

Reward Offered.—Commissioner Zeigler offers a reward of $500 for the arrest and conviction of the two men who committed an outrage and robbery upon him on the night of the 16th ult., or $250 for the apprehension of either of them. In an advertisement in to-day's *Journal* he gives a description of the men and of the property taken. The ruffians have been operating in a similar manner in Reading. A reward is also offered there for their arrest.

Terrible Accident.—On Sunday last as D. A. Farrington, a painter, lately employed in this Borough, was driving near Summit Hill, he attempted to jump out of the vehicle while it was in motion. Unfortunately one of his legs caught in a wheel of the wagon; the horse started off at a rapid pace, and Yarrington was dragged head down, for several miles, and killed. By repeated concussions with the ground the unfortunate man's head was reduced to almost a shapeless mass.

No Abatement on State Taxes.—By a recent Act of Assembly, the abatement of 5 per cent. heretofore allowed to counties on the amount of all State Taxes paid into the State Treasury prior to the 1st of September in any year, has been repealed; and in its stead, a penalty of 5 per cent. will be *added* on all State taxes that remain unpaid on and after the 25th of July, to be charged in the duplicate against each delinquent tax payer in arrears at that date. It will therefore be seen that the prompt payment of State taxes will henceforth be equivalent to a saving of 5 per cent. to all our tax-paying citizens—a matter of considerable importance to those who are rated high on the tax lists.

Sheriff's Sales of Real Estate.—The following property will be exposed for sale by the Sheriff at the Court House in this Borough, on Saturday morning, July 16, 1864:

House and lot, Tamaqua, as the property of Nicholas Rothwell.

Lot and tavern, Sunbury street, Tamaqua, as the property of Thomas and Mary J. Stewart.

Land and appurtenances, Norwegian township, as the property of Andrew M. Jones.

Tract of land, 433 acres, 31 perches, partly in Tremont and partly in Porter and Lower Mahantongo or Frailey townships, as the property of Robert Ralston, deceased, in the hands of Annie Ralston, the Executrix of his last Will and Testament.

A Proposed New Outlet for Coal.—The Berks and Chester Railroad, to run from Birdsboro' to Downington, is already commenced. The line is now being run by a corps of Engineers, and as soon as they are through, the work will be placed under contract. The road will connect with the Reading Road by a bridge over the Schuylkill some fifty yards or so above the present bridge.—The line will pass up hay-creek valley, and connect at Downington with a road leading to New Castle, on the Delaware. As the river at that point is never frozen over in the severest season, a large amount of coal will no doubt find its way to market over this new road, especially during the winter months. The Stockholders are called to meet at Birdsboro' on the 6th of July, to organize the Company by the election of a President and eight Directors to serve until others are chosen. From the character of the men who have this enterprise in hand, we have no doubt that the road will be built at an early day.

East Tennessee Fund.—Henry C. Russel acknowledges the receipt of the following contributions for the relief of the sufferers in East Tennessee, collected from citizens of St. Clair by G. T. Jones, Esq.:

R. D. Shoener, $1 00; G. T. Jones, $1 00; Wm. Silliman, $1 00; John Taylor, $1 00; Daniel Washer, $1 00; John Catheo, $2 00; Geo. Stahl, $2 00; Abram Sharpor, $1 00; John Wyleys, $2 00; James Graze, $1 00; Louis Snatz, $1 00; James Woods, $2 00; Joseph Atkinson, $1 00; Herman Neuman, $1 00; Theodore Thorn, $1 00; Mrs. Joseph Atkinson, $1 00; A. M. Seligman, $1 00; Jacob Gwiuner, $2 00; H. R. Irwin, $1 00; Conrad Herly, 50 cents; Cash, $4 00; Thos Coles, 50 cents; Fr. W. Richardson, $1 00; John Hobbes, $1 00; Wm. Morris, $1 00; John Seitzinger, $10 00; R. Whitfield, $1 00; R. H. Coryell, $1 00; Wm. Melingly, $2 00; Louis H. Koch, $1 00; C. Roorback, $1 00. Total, $44 02.

Sequel to the "Battle of Sanderson Street."—Clemens Ackerman, the Copperhead landlord, who distinguished himself in an unenviable manner last week, by assaulting Mrs. Wm. Hoffman, a soldier's wife, and then throwing into the street her furniture, the meals of her sick children, and even the dough that Mrs. Hoffman was about to bake into bread, and who for his brutality was taken to account by the patriotic and humane women of Sanderson street, has added to his infamous conduct by preferring a charge of assault and battery against these the women, and nine of them have been held in the sum of $200 each to answer. We think that Ackerman received a less severe punishment than he deserved. A man capable of acting as he did towards the wife of a soldier, is unfit to live in this community, which though disgraced by the presence of a few Copperheads of the Ackerman stamp, is loyal to the core. Shame upon the brute. Let his name be mentioned only with scorn and contempt.

Burial of the Remains of a Brave Young Officer.—The body of Lieut. Curtis C. Pollock who at the time he received the wound that caused his death, June 17, was commanding Company G, 48th Regt., P. V. V., was buried this morning at Tuesday last at noon, from Washington, where he died on the 23d, and was conveyed to the residence of his father, Mr. William Pollock. Lieut. Pollock was age at the time of his death was 21 years and 11 months, and he had been in the service since the commencement of the Rebellion. He was a member of one of the first companies to reach Washington in 1861, for its defence, and served subsequently in the 48th Regiment, in a most efficient and gallant manner up to the time he was wounded. He was in all the engagements in which that fine regiment participated, and was highly esteemed by his companions-in-arms. On Wednesday afternoon last his remains were interred in Mount Laurel Cemetery, this Borough, his adopted by their last resting place by a number of those who had served with him in this Rebellion, and by a large number of citizens.

The Ninety-sixth Regiment on a Reconnoissance.—The following is an extract of a letter to the New York *Tribune* dated

HEADQUARTERS OF THE ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
June 26—Evening.

The enemy are in very strong force in our front, exhibiting a determination to resist every attempt of our men to advance. 3 00

The possession of Petersburg and the Weldon Railroad is of such vital importance to them that only the most consummate skill and bravery will be able to wrest it from them. The repulse of the Vermont Brigade on Friday shows the stubborn determination of the enemy, and there is no doubt that ever since then they have strengthened that portion of their line with defenses and men.

Gen. Russell sent out Col. Lessig of the 96th Pennsylvania yesterday, with 200 men, to reconnoiter, if possible, as far as the track. They met with no opposition till they came within sight of the railroad, when they fell upon a strong Rebel skirmish line, and having succeeded in their object, returned. They discovered working parties, with a strong guard, engaged in repairing the track destroyed last week by our infantry.

Death of a Soldier.—John Powell, Corporal of Company F, 48th Regt., P. V. V., who was severely wounded in the battle of the Wilderness, died in Emory Hospital, Washington, D. C., on the 26th of May, and was buried at Arlington Cemetery, Va., on the 27th of May. The deceased was a son of William and Mary Powell, of Delaware, near Minersville, Pa.; was born in South Wales, and came to this country about 13 years ago. At the breaking out of the Rebellion he enlisted in the 48th Regt., and served under General Burnside through the North Carolina campaign. He was in a great many battles and was wounded in the second battle of Bull Run. Having recovered he joined his Regiment again, and was in Knoxville when that place was besieged by Longstreet. He re-enlisted as a veteran at Knoxville, Tenn., January, 1864, for three years. Our departed young friend was not quite 23 years of age when he died; was a brave and faithful soldier, and highly respected by all who knew him. Having heard of his death, his father and mother decided at once to have his body brought home if possible, and on the 24th of June it was brought home to his father's residence. On the 26th a large number of the neighbors assembled in order to pay the last tribute of respect to the dead soldier, and his remains were interred with military honors in the cemetery of the Welsh Congregation Church, Minersville.

The following extracts from a letter to the New York *Herald*, dated "Headquarters, 18th Army Corps, June 26," are complimentary to two young officers from this place. The correspondent says:

"Earthworks cover our entire front, so as to render it utterly impossible for the rebels, by massing troops on our front, to carry our lines.—The scientific skill of Capt. Faraghar has covered our advance with a line of earthworks impregnable to any attack, and even our field batteries are enabled to advance almost to the extreme front.

"The services of the signal corps at present are extremely arduous. The constant fluttering of flags by day and the waving of torches by night are too monotonous a labor to continue day and night without exhausting all engaged. Lieutenant Theodore F. Patterson, chief signal officer of the corps, has made his arrangements so admirably that the slightest movement of the enemy on any part of the front of this corps is communicated to General Smith with remarkable rapidity. To accomplish this it has become necessary to establish every signal station of the corps under fire of the enemy; but so far no casualties have occurred, and the rebels have become tired of shelling and shooting at them."

Lieut. Patterson is a son or Mr. George Patterson of this Borough, and has been in the service during the War. His numerous friends here are gratified that his valuable services in the signal corps have brought him thus prominently into notice.

The Cavalry Operations under General Hunter.—These have not, in consequence of the vast operations of Gen. Grant, attracted the attention they really merit. But they will prove valuable to the Commanding General in the final result which we look hopefully forward to, the capture of Richmond. On Sunday, June 5th, they had a desperate fight at Piedmont or "Meridian Hill," with the rebels. The fighting lasted from 7, A. M., until dark. Col. Jno. E. Wynkoop, commanding a cavalry brigade, made two desperate charges with his command, the last turning the tide of battle. He charged the enemy's right at a time when he discovered they were wavering; went through their lines; broke them in utter confusion, and brought out forty-one commissioned officers, including three brigade commanders, and five hundred and twenty-two men, as prisoners. This was done with but three hundred men of the Colonel's Regiment, the Twentieth, P. V., another portion of the brigade being upon our flanks, and two regiments acting as rear guard to the army. If the brigade had been together on that occasion, it is estimated that at least three thousand prisoners could have been taken. Col. Wynkoop's Brigade, with the Twentieth Regiment in advance, comprised the first Union troops that have entered Staunton, Va., since the commencement of the war. The men of that army are said to be in excellent spirits, and feel that they can successfully fight a third more than their own numbers.

We learn that Maj.-Gen. Stahl, considered as gallant a cavalry officer as ever drew a sabre, was wounded about an hour before Col. Wynkoop made his last charge on the 5th. The General was taken to a house, and at the time of the charge was lying down. One of his staff reported to him that the Colonel was charging; driving the enemy's right, and had succeeded in capturing several hundred prisoners. It was too much for the General. He could not remain quiet.—Notwithstanding his wound, he sprang from his couch, and with his arm in a sling came upon the field to congratulate Col. Wynkoop in person.—This charge, which the Colonel led in person, is looked upon as one of the most desperate cavalry charges made in this war.

GREAT CENTRAL FAIR.

Donations made to the Great Central Fair from Schuylkill County.

Collections made, since last report, by Mrs. D. BANNAN.

Frank Berkholder, Teacher	$ 60
Additional collections made in Minersville, by Miss C. E. Kaufman.	
G Wagon $2 50	W S Jones 2 17
J Homberger 1 00	T Rodgers 2 17
E Sears 1 83	W Bower 2 50
T H White 1 83	W H Jones 2 17
D Lamont 2 00	..... 18 17
Levi F D Dunstle, Carpenter	2 50
Cash	1 00
Hugh Sheridan	1 00
B P Howard, Photographer, proceeds of one day	6 00
Harry—in the service of the United States	5 00
From William H. Bines, collected in Cressona.	
Wm H Bines $3 00	Frank Pisler 2 00
Wm Sayers 2 50	L Bickleman 2 00
Geo Groves 2 25	David P Fisher 3 25
Fred Rosser 3 50	Sam Hower 2 00
Jacob Fisher 2 25	Sam Lear 2 50
Elias Pesler 2 00	Dan Bressler 2 25
Benj Dillman 2 25	..... 39 85
For the week	$66 52
Acknowledged before	6,104 68
Total to July 1	$6,171 20

The subscriber will continue to receive subscriptions for the Great Sanitary Fair, from all those who have not contributed.

MRS. BENJ. BANNAN.

† Accompanying the above $5 was the following letter addressed to a citizen of Schuylkill Haven, which speaks for itself:

OFFICE OF CHIEF Q. M. DIST. OF LA FOURCHE,
Brashear City, La., 13th June, 1864.

DEAR FRIEND:—Enclosed please find ($5) Five Dollars, which I will thank you to hand to the Treasurer of Schuylkill County, for the "Great Central Fair," now being held in Philadelphia. The God-like doings of the Christian and Sanitary Commissions should be witnessed to be appreciated. Are not the people of Schuylkill Haven slow in doing their duty? Who collects for Schuylkill Haven? and what is the amount received? If some of your citizens could witness for one week, or visit one of our hospitals immediately after a fight, and see how comfortable our soldiers are, and in what glowing terms they speak of those Commissions, I am sure they would contribute more than they do.

Collections received by B. BANNAN, for the Coal Trade Committee:

Donations from the Employees of H. & G. Smith & Co., Gilberton, Schuylkill County, Penna., for Sanitary Commission.

Henry Shown	$ 2 84	Wm Porter	2 50
J Manning	2 75	Wm Jones	2 50
Wm Smith	1 00	Sam Bouch	2 50
Chas Smith	2 00	Francis Pallaster	2 50
John Smith jr	1 50	John Bowman	1 00
Thos Rutherford	3 00	Jas Smith	1 00
John Elliot	1 00	Thomas Riley	1 84
John Smith jr	3 00	Cash	5 00
John Murray	2 08	Thos G May	4 00
Geo Gesford	1 84	John Williams	2 00
John Pearson	1 00	Geo Smith	1 00
Isaac Coope	3 00		
Thomas Scadden	1 00	Total	$77 42

Subscriptions to the Sanitary Fair from the St. Clair Coal Company's Shaft.

John Fritz	$ 2 00	Lawrence Monahan	4 50
Enoch Jones	2 50	Evan Goldin	5 00
Thos Briggs	2 00	Thos Appleton	
Thos Briggs jr	2 00	Morgan Jones	2 00
John Nicholas	2 00	Thos Walters	5 00
Lewis Sutter	2 50	Francis Tooner	5 00
Nath Krebs	2 25	Jas Gannin	1 00
Nich Conway	2 25	Thos Baker	1 00
Sam Britton	2 17	Mich Farrel	5 00
Joseph Clouse	2 67	August Shultz & Co.	7 00
John Thomas	2 67	Thos Murphy	5 00
James Popplet	2 67	John Kelly	
Winfield S Fritz	1 67	Thos Hughes	5 00
Wm Weaklinn	1 00	Edw Loftis	
Wm Gibbons	2 50	Jas Carney	4 50
Wm Mellody	25	Alex McDonald	5 00
John Mellody	25	Pat Carroll	5 00
James Ryan	25	Mich Maloney	5 00
Wm Thomas	15	John Farrel	5 00
Pat White	25	G T Jones	5 00
Rilw Brown	25		
Pat Conroy	25	Total for Shaft	$295 87
Walter Conroy	25		
Thomas Davis	25	**From Slope.**	
Wm Phillips	25	Wm Morriss	$ 5 00
John Monegan	25	Thomas Millington	3 00
Edw Nicholas	25	Martin Yolen	2 00
John Flood	15	Pat Welsh	3 00
Henry Wise	2 25	Edw Conner	3 00
August Wise	1 50	John Carney	3 00
Wm Richards	2 25	Pat Dougherty	3 00
Nicholas Watkins	1 33	Wm Kennedy	1 00
Samuel Seitzinger	2 17	John Bamford	3 00
Mich Nich Thomas	2 17	Mich Carney	1 00
David Hopkins	2 25	Evan Edwards	3 00
Chas Shaffer	2 25	Thos Egnon	3 00
Wm Dinnings	2 17	Peter Dirkin	3 00
Michael Keefe	2 25	Thos Dirkin	3 00
Wm Watkins	2 67	Wm Williams	4 00
Pat Kelly	5 00	John Williams	3 00
Lloyd Kline	2 50	Wm Carroll	2 50
Clemens Foss	1 50	John Evans	2 50
Mich Chavy	25	Henry Kelly	2 50
Peter Bette	25	Jas Blacker	3 00
James Ryan	25	Thos Jones	1 00
Joseph Neatter	25	Edw Rogers & Son	6 00
John Haverty	25	Jos Allen	3 00
Pat Haverty	25	Marshal Myers	3 00
Christ Williams	25	John Ford & Co.	6 00
Wm Thomas	10	Jas Reese	3 00
Sam Britton	10	John Roberts	3 00
John Briggs	25	Thomas Rogers	2 00
Geo Jones	2 50	David Williams	2 00
Mich Monahan	2 50	Pat McKeana	2 00
Malachi Hanlin	2 00	Jas McGuigan	2 00
Philip Deal	1 50	Wm Lentry & Co.	6 00
Jeremiah Jones	2 50	Wm Bolton	3 00
Mich Noctin	1 25	Peter Galvin	3 00
Thomas Thomas	1 25	Michael Conney	2 00
Geoge Jones	1 50	Thomas Conney	1 00
Joseph Taylor	2 00	Jonathan Price	1 00
Tullisa Butler	50	Thos Morgan driver	1 00
John Ball	2 00	Mich Leary	2 50
Robert Davis	50	Jas McCullam	2 50
James Goldin	50	Geo Cook loader	2 00
Richard Davenport	50	Pat Conner	2 00
John Collahan	2 00	Martin Maugion	2 00
Pat Murphy	2 00	Pat Mahoney	3 00
Isaac Williams	50	John Burke	3 00
Sam Davenport	1 25	Peter Welsh	3 00
Alex Hutchinson	2 00	Wm Brown	1 00
Lewis Davenport	50	Mich Hobbs	2 00
Mich McGuire	1 50	Thos Andraton	2 00
Andrew Leary	2 50	Jas Gallagan	3 00
Dennis Kearns	2 00	Mich Gallagan	3 00
John Cuffer	2 00	John Jones	1 00
Dennis Leary	2 50	David Hopkins	2 00
Wm Weaklum	2 50	John Thomas	3 00
Thomas Davis	2 00	Thomas Rogers	1 00
Patrick Mooney	2 00	Henry Davis	3 00
Wm McCoy	2 00	Howell Davis	3 00
Wm Richards jr	2 00	Geo Frost	3 00
Thomas Thomas	1 00	Thos Frost	3 00
Benj Thomas	1 00	John Points	3 00
Martin Gourly	2 00	Mich McCullough	3 00
Mich McGarty	2 00	John Driskill	1 00
Peter Gallagher	1 00	John Leary	50
John Leary	50	Morris Conner	1 00
Michael Leary	50	Philip Horton	2 00
Thos Price	50	Pat Dougherty	2 00
Wm Wigham	50	Mich Hobbs	2 00
Ezekiel Wigham	50	Philip Lewis	3 00
Thomas Head	25	John Kelly	3 00
Mich McFarrell	25	Wm Mason	3 00
John Thomas	25	Pat McCullough	3 00
Wm Davis	50	Joan'n Nicholas	2 00
Andrew Hinegan	2 50	Thos Rooney	1 00
Hugh Thomas	3 00	John Jones	1 00
Rob Davenport	50	Pat Hughes loader	2 00
Evan Lewis	1 00	Pat Harkey	1 00
Lot Davis	1 25	Thos John	5 00
Wm Waters	4 15	John Scandling	1 00
David Lewis	50	Dan Rickards	1 00
Wm Smith	2 00	Timothy Farl	1 00
Wm Rowlands	2 00	Henry Worster	1 00
Henry Bailey	2 00	Rob Dankin	50
John Dudley	2 00	Anthony Dupoy	1 00
Thomas Wigham	2 00	Henry G Dnddin	2 33
Mich Meehar	1 00	J H Roxby	2 75
Pat Malone	2 00	Reese Davis	2 66
Wm Haronfon	2 00	Glyen Jones	2 33
Mich Ward	2 00	Frank Shooley	2 33
Jas Rodgers	2 00	Frank Lill	2 75
John McBornick	2 50	John Reningan	2 33
Richard McCoy	2 50	Joseph Dankin	2 33
Edw Weaklum	2 50	Daniel Lacy	2 08
James Davenport	2 00	David John	2 25
John Davis & Co.	7 50	Ewel German	2 33
Evan J Thomas	4 50	Jas Rodgers	2 33
James Welsh	15 00	Mich McGarry	1 83
Pat Luskin		Jerry Wilcs	2 25
Wm Gilbert	2 50	John Barrett	2 25
Jos Head & Co.	11 50	David Londerbock	2 33
John Waters	12 00	Edward Welsh	46
James John		John Shooly	2 33
John Howard	8 00	Total from Slope	$252 92
Wm Baldwin		Total from Shaft	295 87
Mich Gallagher	11 50		
Barney Conner			551 49
Thos Griffith		Geo Beck	5 00
Sam Griffith	10 00		
Pat Mackin		Total	$556 49
Nich Thomas			

Contributions to the Sanitary Fair from Schuylkill Haven.

Collected by Jennie Christ and Amanda Bast.

Mrs H Rouch	$ 10	Miss E Bast	5 00
Mrs Dreher	25	Mr Raber	50
Mrs Hint	10	Mrs L Jones	50
Mrs J Moyer	10	F Seidle	50
Mrs S Banler	10	Mrs Shreckengost	50
Cash	10	Mrs C Maberry	50
Mrs Keifer	25	Mr Lengle	50
A Hiller	25	Mr Fenstermacher	50
Mrs Wallelas	25	Mrs C Clouser	50
Cash	50	Mrs D Byerly	25
Mrs Jones	25	Mrs Brown	25
Cash	2 00	Mrs Lessig	25
Cash	25 00	Mrs Deetz	25
T Williams	5 00	Mrs J Barr	25
W Seifert	5 00	Mrs Maberry	25
Mrs W Fox	1 00	Mrs Raber	25
Mrs Williams	1 00		53 75
J Heisel	1 00		

*Collected by M