Miners' Journal.

POTTSVILLE, PA.

SATURDAY, MARCH 5, 1864.

Copies of the Miners' Journal can be obtained every Saturday, at the following places:
HENRY BAKER, Minersville;
MRS. HOLMES, St. Clair;
LOUIS H. KOCH, "
HENRY S. BONER, Ashland;
G. R. SCHNELL, "
PETER MOORE, Port Carbon.
DAVID PHILLIPS, Mahanoy City.

SHEAFER'S NEW MAP
OF ALL THE
ANTHRACITE COAL FIELDS
OF PENNSYLVANIA,
IS READY FOR DELIVERY.

It represents the Coal Fields of
Schuylkill, Luzerne, Carbon, Northumberland, Columbia, Dauphin, and Lebanon Counties,

Embracing all the Anthracite Coal Basins of the State, showing all the Railroad lines and their various ramifications, the position of each colliery, the canals, the topography, &c., &c.

Its new and striking features are the

Wyoming and Lackawanna Coal Fields,

and the MAHANOY AND SHAMOKIN COAL DISTRICTS—each in detail; each one of which is worth the price of the Map. This is decidedly the cheapest, most compact, and the most perfect Map ever issued of the Coal Regions. The above map will be furnished for **$1 25** in sheets; in covers, **$1 50**; on rollers, **$2 75**; Framed, **$2 75**.

Also, Sheafer's New and Official

Coal, Iron, Railroad and Canal Map
OF PENNSYLVANIA,

Published by order of the Legislature of Pennsylvania, showing the entire area of the State, its ANTHRACITE AND BITUMINOUS COAL FIELDS; its CANALS and RAILROADS; the location of each FURNACE, ROLLING MILL, FORGE, &c., in Pennsylvania; all their avenues and distances to market by the various routes.

No one but so gotiegt and persistent a statician as Mr. S., with his intimate knowledge of the mineral resources of his native State in connection with the State Geological Survey of Pennsylvania in 1837, could compile in so small a compass, so much valuable and reliable information as we have in the above two maps.

Price of State Map—in sheets, **$1 25**; in covers, **$1 50**; on rollers, **$2 75**. Both Maps in sheets, **$2 25**; in covers, **$2 75**; Framed, **$2 75**.

One copy of the Miners' Journal one year, and both Maps, in sheets, **$4 25**; in covers, **$4 75**.

One copy of the Miners' Journal and one copy of either Map, in sheets, **$3 25**; in covers, **$3 50**.

These Maps, on sheets and in covers, will be sent by mail to any address, post-paid, on receipt of prices named. Those on Rollers can be sent by express.—Address

BENJ. BANNAN, Publisher, Pottsville, Pa.

☞ These Maps will be for sale by T. B. Peterson & Brothers, book publishers, Chestnut above Third Street, Philadelphia. C. T. Evans, book publisher, 448 Broadway, New York, and A. Williams & Co., book publishers, Boston.

WANTED AT THIS OFFICE.

A Journeyman BOOK-BINDER, or one who understands Forwarding, to whom steady employment will be given.

Also, an intelligent BOY, aged 15 or 16 years of age, to learn the Book-binding business.

Also, an intelligent and steady BOY, about 15 or 16 years of age, to learn the Printing Business.

Also, a BOY who is fond of Horticulture, to learn the Plant-growing and Nursery business.

HON. B. REILLY will accept our thanks for interesting public documents.

THE New York Town Elections as a whole, this year, exhibit large Union gains.

TO LIEUT. JOS. N. PORTER, Third Pennsylvania Artillery, we are indebted for a copy of the Richmond Examiner of Monday last.

THE bill to establish a Freedmen's Bureau passed the House on Tuesday last by 69 to 67.

WE have the gratifying assurance from Washington that Gen. Butler is likely soon to effect an exchange of prisoners.

STEPHEN HARRIS, Esq., Mining Engineer, has been appointed Agent for the Girard Estates in this County.

SPRING DRY GOODS now opening—large assortment—new designs—at the old established Dry Goods House of Eyre & Landell, 4th & Arch Sts., Philadelphia. Read advertisement.

COUGHS AND COLDS.—Those who are suffering from Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, &c., should try "*Brown's Bronchial Troches*," a simple remedy which has relieved thousands, and which is in almost every case effectual.

THE GIRARD LANDS.—The present Superintendant of the Girard Estates has appointed the Hon. James H. Campbell, counsel for the Girard Estates in Schuylkill County, from which the late Copperhead Democratic Superintendant removed him about six months ago.

ON Wednesday at Washington, the House consumed the day in debate on a bill to limit the jurisdiction of the Court of Claims, adopting finally an amendment that, where losses have been occasioned by the seizure of property for the use of the army, claims for reimbursement shall be referred to the Quartermaster and Commissary-General, and that the certificate of either of those officers shall entitle the claimant to be paid.

THE EFFECT OF LAWLESSNESS.—We learn that in those districts where the enrollment was obstructed by mobites, the enrolling officers were compelled to collect the names as well as they could. Consequently there are many more names on the enrollments than there would have been under other circumstances, and the quota of men to be furnished by these districts of course has been largely increased. Thus are the guilty and also those who encourage lawlessness punished by their own acts. Honesty is always the best policy.

THE Philadelphia *Evening Bulletin* although not approving of the votes of Myer Strouse, Representative in Congress from this District, on political questions, compliments him on the remarks he made the other day on the question to enlarge the Philadelphia Navy Yard. Our contemporary is evidently easily satisfied. Mr Strouse's remarks were far from striking or original, in fact quite ordinary, and what he did say was irrelevant to the question under discussion. He talked about League Island, when the subject under discussion was, shall the Philadelphia Navy Yard be enlarged. What particular praise is due him for such peculiar advocacy, is we confess, beyond our comprehension.

WITH common schools and intelligence, error dies and truth prevails. It is a remarkable fact that the bogus Democracy obtains its heaviest majorities where schools are ostracized, and ignorance rules. The districts in Schuylkill County that refuse to accept the common school system are, West Brunswick, Upper Mahantango and West Penn. They gave at the last State election

For Woodward.....649 votes.
Curtin.....196

Maj for Woodward.....493

What a glorious thing it would be for the patent Democracy, if there were no schools, and people did not read and think for themselves.

NEW ORLEANS PAPERS.—To R. M. Hodgson, Assistant Engineer, United States Navy, we are indebted for New Orleans papers of late dates. They are peculiarly interesting at this time, as they give a fair idea of the success attending the working of the abandoned plantations of Louisiana, under the system of free labor introduced by the Government. Mr. Hodgson also writes to us under date of "New Orleans, Feb. 18, 1864," as follows:

There is nothing going on here at present of any consequence. The gun boat "Pembina," to which I am at present attached, is here for the purpose of having repairs, but probably before this reaches you we shall have again got in salt water. On the 2d of this month Wm. H. Cherry and myself were promoted to the grade of 1st Assistant Engineers, U. S. N.

CENTRAL FAIR FOR THE BENEFIT OF SICK AND WOUNDED SOLDIERS.—The United States Sanitary Commission proposes holding in Philadelphia in the early part of the month of June next a grand Central Fair, for the benefit of sick and wounded soldiers. To aid the object the Board of Directors of the Philadelphia Union League held a meeting on the 18th ult., and passed the following resolutions:

RESOLVED, That the Union League of Philadelphia earnestly recommend to the members of the various Leagues in correspondence with this body throughout the above named districts, to co-operate with the Managers of the GREAT CENTRAL FAIR, by urging upon the loyal people of their respective neighborhoods, the formation at once of local Associations, having for their object to secure contributions for the Fair, in any of the departments of Agriculture, Mining, Manufactures and the Mechanic Arts, and generally in any other use, it is a gross breach of trust, thereby destroying the confidence that man should have in his fellow man.

Locks and bolts and vigilance may guard against the depredations of the thief, but how shall the owner protect himself against the plundering propensities of the man whom he employs to guard his treasures and transact his business?

There is but too much reason to believe that this course of plunder by railroad conductors, ticket agents, and other employees, has been, in many parts of the United States, reduced to a regular system, and the thefts from railroad companies may be computed by thousands and hundreds of thousands.

The demoralization arising from the avidity for unlawful gain does not stop here, but seems to permeate almost every portion of society, from the high and confidential officers of the Government, down through army and navy contractors, to the pettyest clerk that attends a dry goods or grocery store, or the bar of a tavern or restaurant. Strict, unscrupulous and conscientious honesty may be considered the exception, and not the rule. It therefore behooves the judicial tribunals of the country, charged as they are to a great extent with the conservation of the public morals, to promptly and impartially punish every one who is proved before them to have participated in this great private and public wrong. This duty we shall certainly perform in every case of a conviction on clear evidence. We have pondered greatly over your case on account of the high and unexceptional character which you have established. We have given you the benefit of every doubt arising therefrom, but have been forced to the conclusion that if the number of detectives who have testified were on the cars under your care at the times stated, and you collected fares from them, as you were bound to do, that you made a false return of the money received, and feloniously embezzled a portion of the fare.

Believing as we do, that your course as a conductor on the New Jersey road must, for the last twelve years, have been generally fair and honest, you would not have obtained the confidence of your employers and the community in which you lived, yet, we must deplore that in an evil hour you yielded to the sin which was so generally besetting your brethren on the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad, and commenced the system of petty plunder which was proved on the trial; thus not only forfeiting the good name previously acquired, but bringing on yourself punishment, and on your family indelible disgrace.

"We have most carefully examined and considered every legal objection raised in your behalf, both to the charge of the court and the finding of the jury as to the character of your employment; and also as to the validity of the indictment, and have arrived at the conclusion that there is not even a well founded technical error in the proceedings.

"You are not to suppose for a moment that we are about to make you a victim to deter others by the terror of the example in order to put a stop to this general system of private plunder. On the contrary, we, as individuals, deeply feel for you in your situation, and believe you less guilty, than very many others who have hitherto escaped detection; but our sense of duty and the high responsibility thrown on us by official situation, will not permit us to indulge in our private sympathies; we are obliged to pronounce upon your crime a sentence commensurate with its enormity. The sentence of the law, as pronounced by the court, is that you pay a fine of hundred dollars to the Commonwealth, the costs of prosecution, and to undergo imprisonment in the Eastern Penitentiary, at solitary confinement at labor, for the period of one year.

GEN. SMITH'S cavalry expedition has returned to Memphis, having failed in its efforts to form a junction with Sherman's army. They got only to West Point, about half-way between Corinth and Meridian. At this place, Lee, Chalmers and Roddy attacked them with a heavy force, and after some severe fighting par mea-gas a retreat toward Memphis. The expedition destroyed miles of the Memphis and Ohio Railroad track, burned many bridges and trestles, captured and brought in over 1,500 mules and horses, about 2,000 negroes, and over 300 Rebel prisoners. Our loss is much less than the enemy's. The expedition was successful in every point in every particular, except the important one of making a junction with Sherman. The retreat was not at any time a rout, although there was considerable haste. The President's Amnesty Proclamation and Gen. Grant's orders were extensively circulated through out the country.

THE COAL TRADE.

Pottsville, March 5, 1864.

The quantity sent by Railroad this week is 44,846 10 against 47,824 tons for the corresponding week last year.

The trade sums up this week as follows compared with last year:

	1863.		1864.		Inc. & Dec.
	WEEK.	TOTAL.	WEEK.	TOTAL.	
P. & R. R. R.	47,824	568,326	44,847	525,293	d39,833
Tot. N. R. R.	29,215	276,115	28,235	253,157	d16,954
Schuylk. Nav.	15,362	74,909	16,741	119,454	44,578
" North	6,340	27,914	4,424	24,203	6,289
Penna. Coal					
Broad Top		44,414	7,172	84,904	10,490
Shamokin		31,578	816	30,514	d1,061
Trevorton					
Sh. Mt. H. T.	240	2,577	423	1,458 d	1,120
Lykens Val.	555	4,813	432	915 d	3,706
	91,458	1,022,649	102,607		
		1,020,226	91,458		
		2,423	11,149	1,020,226	

The trade shows an increase on the corresponding week last year.

The demand for Coal is now confined to immediate use. The impression that tolls and freights will be lower as soon as Spring navigation opens, prevents dealers from purchasing more than will keep them supplied until about the first of April. In distant markets the dealers borrow from each other, and the markets will be bare before fresh supplies go forward.

It is supposed that the freight and tolls will be reduced from 50 to 60 cents per ton on the lines between here and Philadelphia for the Spring business, and these rates advanced as the season advances.

Arrangements are in progress to facilitate business by the Canal, by which the usual detentions may be obviated, and this avenue receive her proportion of trade under the new arrangement with the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad Company.

Some orders are coming in to ship by Canal as soon as it is ready, at Spring rates of freight, &c., but from present appearances it will not be ready under ten days or two weeks to pass coal. The last cold spell has retarded preparations.—The boatmen have hardly commenced to get ready for business.

The Delaware and Hudson Canal Company have issued the following circular:

OFFICE OF DELA. AND HUDSON CANAL CO.,
29 WILLIAM ST., (CORN EXCHANGE PLACE.)
New York, March 1st, 1864.

This Company are prepared to make contracts, to a limited extent, for the delivery at Rondout of LACKAWANNA COAL of the various sizes, during the season of 1864, at the following prices, viz:

	Per ton of 2,240 lbs.
Furnace Lump,	$7 00
Steamer Lump,	7 00
Grate,	7 75
Egg,	7 25
Stove,	7 50
Chestnut,	6 50

Contracts, for the prepared sizes, will also be made—with those who prefer that mode—at prices to be fixed from month to month during the season.

A deposit of 50 cents per ton will be required from those who contract at fixed prices.

The conditions of sale will be substantially those adopted in 1863.

Answers to this Circular will be received until the 15th of March, at which time the quantity of Coal which the Company have for sale will be distributed among the parties so applying.

Yours respectfully,
GEO. TALBOT OLYPHANT,
President.

The military have restored order for the present at Heckscherville. The "Committee Men" not arrested, have ran away, and the more turbulent have been ejected from the houses belonging to the collieries, and will have to seek employment elsewhere. Those who are known may as well leave at once, as it is very doubtful whether they will be able to obtain employment in this region. There is a determination among the operators to employ no turbulent men hereafter, who are known to be such.

Messrs. Heckscher & Co., have established a series of rules and regulations for the government of their collieries, which have been printed for the information of all who desire employment. If these rules do not meet the approbation of those who desire work, they need not engage. In order to prevent as far as possible the numerous strikes that take place, the employers agree to give eight day's notice of any reduction in the price of wages, &c., and they also require eight day's notice from the employees for an advance of wages.

If rules and regulations were adopted and posted up at all the collieries, we think that it would secure a better understanding between both parties, and remove at least some of the difficulties that lead to strikes and other misunderstandings.

NEW IRON CLAD NAVY YARD.—The following bill of Hon. JOHN M. BROOMALL of Pennsylvania, for the location of a new iron clad navy yard, is now before Congress. It is a measure of much importance to Pennsylvania as well as to the Government;

AN ACT for the establishment of a Navy Yard and Naval Depot on the Delaware River, in Pennsylvania.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States in Congress assembled, that the Secretary of the Navy be, and is hereby authorized to construct a Navy Yard and Naval Depot on the Delaware River, in the State of Pennsylvania, at such place as shall be most advantageous to the Government and the public service, taking into account the advantages of location and economy of construction.

Section 2. Be it further enacted, that the location of said Navy Yard and Naval Depot shall be fixed within the said limits by a commission to be appointed by the Secretary of the Navy, and to consist of seven scientific and practical men, one of whom shall reside on or near lands within fifty miles of the Delaware River or Bay, and a report of a majority of the said commission when approved by the Secretary of the Navy, and the President of the United States, shall be final.

Section 3. Be it further enacted, that the sum of three hundred thousand dollars be and the same is hereby appropriated for the purposes of this act out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.

LEGAL INTELLIGENCE.

SENTENCE OF A RAILROAD CONDUCTOR FOR EMBEZZLEMENT.—In the case of F. P. Hill, late a Conductor of the New York night Express train on the Lebanon Valley Branch of the Reading Railroad, who was tried and convicted in the Court of Quarter Sessions of Dauphin county, of embezzlement of money received by him for fares, Judge Pearson overruled the motion that was made in arrest of judgment and for a new trial, and sentenced Hill to pay a fine of $100, and undergo an imprisonment of one year, at hard labor, in the Eastern Penitentiary. The sentence was delivered in the following words:

F. P. Hill:—You have been indicted, and after a full, fair, and impartial trial, convicted of feloniously embezzling the money of your employer, the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad Company.

The law of the land treats this as one of the deepest dye. It is in many of its features worse than ordinary larceny; for besides dishonestly converting the property of another to your own use, it is a gross breach of trust, thereby destroying the confidence that man should have in his fellow man.

Locks and bolts and vigilance may guard against the depredations of the thief, but how shall the owner protect himself against the plundering propensities of the man whom he employs to guard his treasures and transact his business?

There is but too much reason to believe that this course of plunder by railroad conductors, ticket agents, and other employees, has been, in many parts of the United States, reduced to a regular system, and the thefts from railroad companies may be computed by thousands and hundreds of thousands.

The demoralization arising from the avidity for unlawful gain does not stop here, but seems to permeate almost every portion of society, from the high and confidential officers of the Government, down through army and navy contractors, to the pettyest clerk that attends a dry goods or grocery store, or the bar of a tavern or restaurant. Strict, unscrupulous and conscientious honesty may be considered the exception, and not the rule. It therefore behooves the judicial tribunals of the country, charged as they are to a great extent with the conservation of the public morals, to promptly and impartially punish every one who is proved before them to have participated in this great private and public wrong. This duty we shall certainly perform in every case of a conviction on clear evidence. We have pondered greatly over your case on account of the high and unexceptional character which you have established. We have given you the benefit of every doubt arising therefrom, but have been forced to the conclusion that if the number of detectives who have testified were on the cars under your care at the times stated, and you collected fares from them, as you were bound to do, that you made a false return of the money received, and feloniously embezzled a portion of the fare.

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NEW ADVERT'MENTS.

75 REAMS BLASTING PAPER—75 Blasting Needles and Lamp Wicks.
March 5, '64. STICHTER & THOMPSON'S.

VISES—ANVILS.—Fine stock of Wright's Vises and Star Anvils; Stock and Dies, at
March 5, '64. STICHTER & THOMPSON'S.

STEAM AND GAS COCKS, Gas Pipe, Oil Globes and Cups, at
March 5, '64. STICHTER & THOMPSON'S.

LUBRICATOR.—Duck Creek Oil, for the lubricating purposes. For sale by the cask, free from grit, at
March 5, '64. STICHTER & THOMPSON'S.

T RAIL, from 22 to 30 lb. Flat Bar Rail; T Rail Spikes, at
March 5, '64. STICHTER & THOMPSON'S.

COAL OIL! COAL OIL!!—800 bbls. best non-explosive Coal Oil, in original packages, at low wholesale market rates, by
March 5, '64. STICHTER & THOMPSON.

FUSE! FUSE!!—Single and Double Tape Fuse, for blasting and mining purposes, at
March 5, '64. STICHTER & THOMPSON'S.

MINERS' OIL.—200 bbls. best Winter Bleached Whale Oil, direct from New Bedford.—We order our Oil direct from headquarters, and Coal Operators and others can rely upon its purity. Warranted as represented.
March 5, '64. STICHTER & THOMPSON.

SMALL ONION SETS.

WANTED—Several Bushels SMALL ONION SETS, for which the highest price will be given, at
B. BANNAN'S Seed Store, Pottsville.
March 5, '64.

GRAFTING WAX AND TREE VARNISH.

The subscriber has for sale at his Seed Store, a lot of GRAFTING WAX in 5, 10, and 25 lb. cans. Also, TREE VARNISH, for covering and protecting trimmed, wounded and barked trees—both good articles.
March 5, '64. B. BANNAN.

COMBINATION RULE.—An article that should be in the hands of every Miner and Mechanic, for taking the pitch of screws—a Carpenter's rule, spirit level, square, plumb level, indicator, brace scale and draughting scale, T Square, right-angle triangle and a parallel ruler. Can be carried in the pocket.
March 5, '64. STICHTER & THOMPSON.

BARGAINS in PARASOLS and SUN UMBRELLAS.

Silk Parasols and Shades, $1, $1 25, $1 50 and $1 75; Silk Sun Umbrellas, $1 25, $1 50, $1 75 and $2; Superior Oil Boiled Silk Shades and Umbrellas, Real French make, very low, with all the novelties of the season, at H. DIXON'S Fancy Goods Store, 21 S. EIGHTH St., Philadelphia.
March 5, '64. 10-3m

PRANG'S ALBUM PICTURES.

Put up in Sets of 12 Assorted Copies.

Price, 50 cents each Set.

Comprising Autumn Leaves, Flowers, Roses, Wild Flowers, Scenes in Camp, &c., &c., for sale at
March 5, '64. B. BANNAN'S Book Store.

ATTENTION, LADIES!

All the newest styles of Fancy Combs, Steel and Jet Jewelry, Pearl and Fancy Head Dresses, Silk Fans, Parasols and Sun Umbrellas, at prices the most suitable, at H. DIXON'S Fancy Goods Store, 21 South EIGHTH St., Philadelphia.

☞ Peacock Feathers bought, or made into Fans or Fly Brushes. [March 5, '64.—10-3m

ACADIAN INSTITUTE.

D. W. FRIESE, A. M., Principal,
Orwigsburg, Schuylkill Co., Pa.

The attention of parents who have sons or daughters to educate, is called to the advantages afforded by this institution.

It is located in a retired and pleasant village, remote from all the evil influences with which students generally come in contact.

Its course of study comprises everything which is considered requisite to a liberal education of either sex.

The Principal, late teacher of languages in Bethel College, Missouri, having ample experience as instructor for the schools in different States of the Union, designs to offer such advantages for the education of youth as are excelled by no similar institution.

The present session will continue till June 24th, vacation occurring in July and August.

Students can enter any time.

For particulars, apply to the Principal, personally or by letter. [March 5, '64.—10-3t

LIST OF LETTERS remaining in the Post Office at Pottsville, Pa., March 4, 1864.

Ardnis Ann	Hart N E	Roberson Benj
Anderson Jno	Harris H W	Rand Lieut B
Beck E Ann	Kime M Jas	Rine Lizzie
Breckenside Annie	Dathhan Wm	Richards D
Bright S H	Hoblenzer Jno	Robinson Jas
Brown B Jas	Mullhall E	Rickert Mary J
Boyle J	Matthews C	Swader Sarah
Bevise Margaret	Mullen Jno	Shuler C J
Coffee Doll	Moskin John	Smith John
Clemens E Miss	McGren Capt J B	Sutherland G E
Clayton Jas	McCarty John	Sigfried D
Cooper Mary	McMichael H M	Thompson B F
Cady Margt D 2	McCafferty M A	Sand Hannah
Coleman Walter	Messner Michl	Trautman O
Celer Mary	Merald Sophia	Tierkey Thos ship
Dougherty M	Myers Sarah	Vean Jacob
Deringer P Miss	Martin Thos N ship	Wolfinger C
Earl L Willie	Malony Thos	Winzard Jas ship
Fletcher Geo	More Thos	Ward Edw ship
Frederick C Orrin	Parton Lizzie 4	Wright C O 2
Fox Sarah Miss	Prichard Jno H	Wildman John
Favinam Sebra	Palmatier Mrs E	Waters Rosy ship
Hill W G	Reford Augustus	Weston Robt G

☞ Persons inquiring for letters on the above list, will please say advertised, *and give the date of the list.* One fees additional will be charged for each letter advertised.

M. SILLYMAN, P. M.
March 5, '64 10-1t

SOMETHING NEW AND GOOD FOR HOUSEKEEPERS.

THE SILVER PEARL SOAP,
CONTAINS NO POTASH, SALT OR ROSIN.

Though but lately introduced to the public as an article of merchandise, is not a new invention. It has been tested in every way, and always has proved itself to be an invaluable soap for family use.

It is not claimed that it will wash clothes without labor, but will make the labor of washing much less than with the use of any other soap; will go about one-fourth further, and WILL NOT INJURE THE MOST DELICATE ARTICLE.

It is not claimed that it will make an old coat as dress equal to new in every respect, but it will remove grease or dirt from woolen goods thoroughly. The brightest combinations of colors in woolen delaines or cashmeres may be cleansed by using this soap with warm water. Rub the stuff to be washed, in a lather made with the soap and warm water; rinse with warm water, and iron while wet. Delaine which fades when washed with ordinary soap, retains its brilliancy and beauty when washed with Silver Pearl.

It is not claimed that a single touch will remove dirt from paint that has been encrusted for months or years, but will soften such a coating, and more in removal easy. When the parlor paint is to be cleaned without removing the carpets, it is only necessary to take a saucer of the soap, and with a moist sponge rub first upon the soap, and then upon the soiled places, when the dirt will vanish without the use of water, or the risk of spoiling the carpets with soap-suds.

It is not claimed that it will restore old furniture so as to appear as good as new, but that it will, by a single application of the Silver Pearl Soap will take off spots entirely, and a few drops of Russell oil, carefully rubbed in, will make ornaments of many unsightly bureaus, desks and tables, &c.

In short, it is not claimed that it will perform impossibilities, but it can be relied upon as a PURE SOAP, made of the best materials, without POTASH, SALT OR ROSIN, and one that can be used without fear of injury except to dirt.

The extremely low figure at which the Silver Pearl Soap is sold is an additional inducement to housekeepers to purchase it, and once used it will always afterward be an indispensable treasure.

☞ This soap is put up neatly, in tin cans, 1 lb. at 18 cents, 5 lbs. at 85 cents, 10 lbs. at 75 cents, 20 lbs. at $1 50. The 1 lb. cans are a beautiful ware as samples than for general use. The 10 and 20 lb. cans will be found the most economical size, costing only 7½ to 7½ cents per pound.

Directions accompany each package.

For sale wholesale and retail by
B. BANNAN,
Sole agent for the Manufacturers, in Schuylkill Co.

☞ Merchants supplied wholesale, at manufacturers' prices.
March 5, '64

FRUIT TREES, &c.

Greenwood Nursery,
POTTSVILLE, PA.

10,000
APPLE,
PEAR,
CHERRY,
PLUM,
PEACH,
APRICOT,
NECTARINE AND QUINCE TREES,

embracing all the choice varieties, by the hundred, dozen or single tree,

Standards and Dwarfs.

for sale at GREENWOOD NURSERY, Pottsville, where they can be taken out of the ground as wanted, which is an important consideration. Apple, Pear, Plum and Cherry Trees, both Dwarf and Standards, can be furnished EXTRA SIZE, which will bear the year after planting, and some the same year.

GRAPE VINES, in great variety, including Delaware, Diana, Concord, Isabella, White, Columbia's White, Oporto, for making Port Wine, Catawba, Isabella, Clinton, &c., &c., embracing all the choicest kinds, in large and small quantities.

RASPBERRIES and CURRANTS, of the most approved kinds.

STRAWBERRIES, of different kinds, including the Albany Seedling, Triomph de Gand, Bartlett, &c., &c., by the thousand, hundred or dozen.

The celebrated LAWTON BLACKBERRY, which is the best in cultivation.

LARGE ENGLISH GOOSEBERRIES; also, the Houghton and American Seedling Gooseberries, which are great bearers, and never mildew.

ALMONDS, CHESTNUTS, NUTS, of different kinds.

Also, Shade and Ornamental Trees, Roses, Shrubbery, of every description.

GREENHOUSE PLANTS

is great variety; Bedding-out Plants, &c., &c., wholesale and retail.

The Fruit Trees from Greenwood Nursery will prove to be what they are represented, which is not the case with Trees peddled about, which are generally the refuse of Nurseries, purchased cheap, and labeled to suit.

The subscriber has paid great attention to the selection of the different kind of Fruit Trees, Grape Vines, and Small Fruit, particularly adapted to this climate, and they will all be sold at the lowest Nursery prices.

Call and get a Catalogue, or send a Postage Stamp, and it will be forwarded by mail. Apply at Greenwood Nursery, or at the Bookstore of the subscriber, Pottsville.

BENJ. BANNAN.

Feb 27, '64

FRESH
GARDEN SEED.

The subscriber has received his usual supply of fresh GARDEN SEEDS, which have heretofore given such universal satisfaction to all who have purchased them—among which may be found the following:

MAMMOTH ASPARAGUS.

Rush Beans.
Early Six Weeks' Bush.
Red Speckled Valentine.
Early China Red Eye.
Early Mohawk Six Weeks.

Pole Beans.
Large Lima, or Butter,
Scarlet Runner,
White Dutch Runner,
Horticultural,
Wax, or Butter.

Beets.
Extra Early Turnip Rooted.
Early Red Turnip,
Long Blood,
Silesian, or Sugar.

Broccoli.
Early Purple Cape.

Cabbage.
Early York.
Early Sugar Loaf,
Early Dutch,
Early Winningstadt,
Green Curled Savoy,
Drumhead Savoy,
Red Dutch, for pickling,
Red Drumhead,
Large Late Drumhead,
Large Late Flat.

Cauliflower.
Large Walcheren,
Early London.

Carrots.
Early Horn,
Long Orange.

Celery.
Sevmour's White Solid,
Dreer's " "
Rose-colored Solid.

Cress.
Adam's Early Market,
Early Sugar,
Stowell's Evergreen.

Cress.
Curled Cress or Pepper Grass.

Cucumbers.
Early Frame,
Early White-spined,
Long Green Pickling.

Egg Plant.
Early Purple,
Large Purple.

Endive.
Green and White Curled.

Kohe Rabi
Early White.

Leek.
Large London.

Lettuce.
Early Curled, or Cutt,
Early Cabbage, or Butter,
Royal Cabbage,
Brown Dutch,
Curled India Head.

Mush Melons.
Jenny Lind.
Netted Citron,
Large Nutmeg,
Persian Sweet Rock.

Water Melons.
Mountain Sweet,
Early Mountain Sprout,
Black Spanish.

Mushroom Spawn, in Bricks.

Onions.
White or Silver Skinned,
Large Yellow,
Large Red Annual.

Curled Parsley.

Sugar Parsnips.

Peas.
Dreer's Extra Early,
Early Frame,
Tom Thumb, or ten-inch,
Bishop's Dwarf Prolific,
Dwarf Blue Imperial,
Champion of England,
Black-eye Marrowfat.

Peppers.
Large Sweet Bell,
Tomato shaped,
Cherry,
Cayenne.

Pumpkins.
Cashaw (crooked-necked),
Field or Cheese,
Mammoth.

Radish.
Early Scarlet,
Early Salmon,
White Turnip-rooted,
Red Turnip-rooted,
Yellow Turnip-rooted,
White Naples,
White Spanish,
Black Spanish.

Rhubarb.
Victoria Rhubarb Seed,
" Roots.

Salsify, or Oyster Plant.

Spinach.
Prickley Spinach,
Round, Broad Leaved,

Squash.
Early Bush, or Patty Pan,
Long Green Crooked Neck,
Boston Marrow,
New Hubbard.

Tomato.
Early Red,
Large Smooth Red,
Dwarf Red,
Fejee Island.

Turnips.
Early White Flat Dutch,
Purple, or Red Top,
Yellow Ruta Baga,
Magnum Bonum Roots.

ALSO—
Herb Seeds, of all kinds,
Mixed Lawn Grass Seed,
Canary and Hemp Seed, for Birds.

FLOWER SEEDS.

A large and fine assortment of Flower Seeds, embracing all the choice kinds. Also, Summer Flowering Bulbs, of different varieties.

Merchants supplied with lots of Seeds, to sell again, at the lowest wholesale prices. Truck Gardeners also supplied with Seeds in quantity at wholesale prices.

We deal in none but choice Seeds, which are grown by experienced Gardeners expressly for planting. We never buy Seeds which have been grown promiscuously in the shape of the same variety, which always destroys their value. For sale at **B. BANNAN'S**
Seed Store, Pottsville.

Also, Clover and Timothy Seed bought and sold, and all kinds of Grass Seeds for sale.

☞ Seeds not on hand obtained to order at short notice.

N. B.—Persons wishing Trees, Plants or Seeds, are requested to send in their orders early, as the supply this season is very limited.
Feb 20, '64.

GEO. W. CARPENTER, HENSZEY & CO.'S WHOLESALE DRUG AND CHEMICAL WAREHOUSE.
No. 737 HIRBET Street, Philadelphia.

The subscribers keep constantly on hand a large stock of DRUGS, MEDICINES, CHEMICALS, PHARMACEUTICAL preparations, and every other article which appertains to the business, embracing the most extensive variety; also, PAINTS, OILS and GLASS, of every description.

All articles purchased from us can be relied on as being of the most superior quality, and at as low prices as they can be had. We earnestly solicit such inducements as will make it the interest of purchasers to lay in their supplies from us, and give us their future patronage, and we will do what we can to merit a continuance of the same. All orders addressed to us by mail or otherwise, will meet with prompt attention.

GEO. W. CARPENTER, HENSZEY & CO.,
737 Market street, Philadelphia.
Feb 5, 1864. 6-3m

CHEAP PASSAGE.

BY FIRST-CLASS ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS OF THE
Galway and Montreal Lines,
AND IS A MOST LUXURIOUS DRESSING

FOR THE HAIR & HEAD:

CLARK'S RESTORATIVE,
Restores the Color,
CLARK'S RESTORATIVE,
Eradicates Dandruff.
CLARK'S RESTORATIVE,
Promotes its Growth.
CLARK'S RESTORATIVE,
Prevents its falling off.
CLARK'S RESTORATIVE,
Is an unequalled Dressing.
CLARK'S RESTORATIVE,
Is good for Children.
CLARK'S RESTORATIVE,
Is good for Ladies.
CLARK'S RESTORATIVE,
Is good for Old People.
CLARK'S RESTORATIVE,
Is perfectly harmless.
CLARK'S RESTORATIVE,
Contains no Oil.
CLARK'S RESTORATIVE,
Is not a Dye.
CLARK'S RESTORATIVE,
Beautifies the Hair.
CLARK'S RESTORATIVE,
Is splendid for Whiskers.
CLARK'S RESTORATIVE,
Keeps the Hair in its place.
CLARK'S RESTORATIVE,
Cures Nervous Headache.
CLARK'S RESTORATIVE,
Prevents Eruptions.
CLARK'S RESTORATIVE,
Stops Itching and Burning.
CLARK'S RESTORATIVE,
Keeps the Head Cool.
CLARK'S RESTORATIVE,
Is delightfully Perfumed.
CLARK'S RESTORATIVE,
Contains no Sediment.
CLARK'S RESTORATIVE,
Contains no Gum.
CLARK'S RESTORATIVE,
Polishes your Hair.
CLARK'S RESTORATIVE,
Prepares you for Parties.
CLARK'S RESTORATIVE,
Prepares you for Balls.
CLARK'S RESTORATIVE,
All Ladies need it.
CLARK'S RESTORATIVE,
No Lady will do without it.
CLARK'S RESTORATIVE,
Costs but $1.
CLARK'S RESTORATIVE,
Is sold by Druggists and Dealers everywhere.

☞ Price $1 per bottle—6 bottles for $5.

O. G. CLARK & CO., Proprietors.
D. S. BARNES & CO., N. Y., General Agents.
March 5, '64. 10-1y-eow

**DR