Miners' Journal.

POTTSVILLE, PA.

SATURDAY, MAY 4, 1861.

Agents:

NEW YORK—O. H. Frost, Room No. 2, 110 Broadway.
PHILADELPHIA—Jay, Cke & Co., 5th and Chesnut streets.
Who are authorized to receive subscriptions and collect Bills for the MINERS' JOURNAL establishment.

SEVERAL LETTERS dated Washington April 23, only reached us yesterday at noon, and of course the news is rather stale.

WE refer our readers to the eloquent Sermon, recently preached by the Rev. J. W. Mecaskey, Pastor of the Methodist Episcopal Church, of this borough, which will be found in our columns. We publish it by request.

No more Volunteers from Schuylkill.

We learn from Harrisburg that Gov. Curtin positively refuses to receive any more volunteers from Schuylkill County under present requisitions. Other Counties beg and implore the Governor to cut off the rush from Schuylkill, and give them a chance also.

MR. DALLAS, our Minister to England, refused to present the Southern Commissioners to the Queen.

THE report of the remarks made by Superintendent J. P. Sherman, at the raising of the American Flag on the Public School House, on the Shar, Mountain, will appear in Wednesday's Journal.

ANOTHER CONFIRMATION.—A Captain of a Schooner arrived at New York on Thursday, from Charleston. He confirms the slaughter at Fort Moultrie, and declares that he saw 160 dead bodies carried out of the Fort himself on Sunday and Monday nights. The rebels were all sworn to deny any loss of life."

THE President has directed the enrollment of 40,000 volunteers for five years service; 25,000 for the war, and 18,000 seamen for the war.

The Secessionists in the Maryland Legislature are begining to show their teeth again. They will have to be watched, and badly whipped, if they dont behave themselves.

The *Boston Post* states that a powerful secret organization is being effected among the colored people in Canada, New England and elsewhere, extending into the Southern States, with a view to bring about a general rising among the slaves in the South. This is a terrible object—but if it should occur, the Southern slave holders are responsible for all the horrors that may flow from such a catastrophe.

HOW THE SOUTH ARE DECEIVED.—The following despatch was sent and published in the New Orleans *Picayune:*

"The Massachusetts Seventh Regiment have been taken prisoners by the Baltimoreans.

"Over one hundred were killed and wounded.

"Sixteen Baltimoreans were also killed.

"Eight hundred improved arms also fell into the hands of the Baltimoreans."

Here are five distinct falsehoods in four brief paragraphs.

IMPORTANT BILL.—Mr. Ball has reported a Bill in our Legislature providing for a loan of $3,000,000—the appointment of an additional Major General, two Brigadier Generals, a Surgeon General with rank of Brigadier General, a member of the Staff—a Hospital Surgeon for each Division when in service, and a Hospital Surgeon for each Brigade when in service—and also for calling out a reserve of 16 Regiments of volunteers, together with 16 additional Regiments, if deemed necessary by the Governor, for the protection of the State and Government.

THE COOLNESS OF PRESIDENT LINCOLN.—The *Tribune* correspondent from Washington states that in allusion to the recent attacks in the newspapers upon the Administration, Mr. Lincoln said yesterday: "We can afford to pass them by with the dying words of the Massachusetts statesman, 'We still live.' I am sure they don't worry me any, and I reckon they don't benefit the parties who write them."

Col. FORNEY of the *Press*, fully endorses the coolness and prompt decision of the President in the performance of his arduous duties; and declares, that under the circumstances, the amount of work accomplished in so short a time, is unparalelled in the history of any Government.

MASSACHUSETTS'S ADDITION TO THE STAR SPANGLED BANNER.—The Star Spangled Banner was sung in the Boston Athenaeum, on Monday evening last, by Miss Cushman, for the benefit of the Volunteers, with the addition of the two following verses:

VERSE, BY OLIVER WENDELL HOLMES.

When our land is illumined with liberty's smile,
If a foe from within strike a blow at her glory,
Down, down with the traitor that dares to defile
The flag of her stars and the page of her story!
By the mildness unbroken who our birthright have gained,
We will keep her bright blazon forever unstained!
And the Star Spangled Banner in triumph shall wave,
While the land of the free is the home of the brave!

VERSE, BY MISS STEBBINS, THE SCULPTRESS.

When treason's dark cloud hovers black o'er the land,
And traitors conspire to sully her glory,
Then that banner is torn by a fratricide hand,
While the bright stripes forget their old Mother in story,
United we stand for the dear native land,
To the Union we pledge every heart, every hand!
And the Star Spangled Banner in triumph shall wave,
O'er the land of the free and the home of the brave.

INDIGNATION OF GEN. SCOTT

At the Rejoct of His Having Resigned.

Gen. Scott was thoroughly aroused at the reports spread at the South concerning this resignation, and took occasion to say to a group of gentlemen, several of whom were officers, and who had pointed out to him the report: "Sirs, I have served half a century under that beautiful flag, and though I have the firmest confidence in you all, and in your patriotism, I can more easily believe that you would trample that flag in the dust than that I should ever be suspected of resignation at this hour of trial. No sir; please God, I will fight for many years yet for this Union, and that, too, under the protecting folds of the star-spangled banner."

What a noble old patriot. God bless him!

BELL A TRAITOR.—Nothing has surprised the loyal people of all parties, as the announcement that Ex-Senator Bell, of Tennessee, in a speech, urged upon the people of that State to unite with the Jeff. Davis Piratical Government. Bell is a large slave-holder, and shows plainly that he considers slave-driving as paramount to his defence of the Constitution and the Union. Poor Bell! How the mighty hast fallen! Speaking of this defection, the Louisville (Ky.) *Journal*, which has heretofore been one of his warmest supporters, says:

"A more sudden, and utter, and inglorious defection was never suffered by a sacred and imperiled cause. It must excite unspeakable mortification, and disgust, and indignation, in the breast of every true and enlightened lover of his country. It is a burning scandal to the cause of constitutional liberty."

WELL SPOKEN.—We commend the following to the attention of some of the grumblers, here and elsewhere, who are always finding fault with the tardiness of the Government:

The Toronto Globe, in an able and friendly article on American affairs, remarks that the impatience of our people is dangerous to the Government—that consideration is due to the stupendous and delicate task the President has before him, and that his hand should be strengthened, and not weakened by ignorant and senseless clamor, which only perplexes the national councils. This is good advice, and should be heeded. But our people characteristically expect everything to be done in twenty minutes, while war, to be successfully carried on, must sometimes make haste slowly. Another national characteristic is to desire to see everything in the papers, forgetful of the fact that secrecy is an important element of military operations, and that the Government may be hard at work without saying anything about it.

TRAITORS PUT TO DEATH.
The Right Kind of Treatment.

The New York *Evening Post* states that a letter from a member of the Seventh Regiment to his father, dated Washington, April 28th, states that the regiment on that morning received an addition of one hundred and seventy-five men from New York, all in good health and spirits. The writer says: "Six secessionists were caught yesterday in treasonable acts, and two were shot this morning, at the Navy Yard. One is to be shot to-morrow morning. He was in the employment of the Ordnance Department, and had been set to work filling bombs; but, instead of charging them with power, he put sand in them.—Several men have been arrested for tearing up the track of the railroad, and they will be summarily dealt with."

A private letter from Annapolis, April 28, says: "And now to give you an example of the punishment traitors receive, we can see from where I am writing, about two miles from shore, on the yard-arm of the United States brig Caledonia, *two men hanging*—one for smuggling provisions and powder to the rebels at Charleston, the other for piloting the Seventh Regiment on the Chesapeake bay, with the intention that the Baltimoreans might get possession of Annapolis before the Seventh could land. He was not quite sharp enough for the boys. They suspected his intentions, put him in irons, and conveyed him on board the brig, and now he is hanging for his crime."

Letters received from members of our volunteer companies at Washington confirm the above statements.

EDUCATIONAL CONVENTION.—Our State Superintendent of the Public Schools, T. H. Burrowes, Esq., has called a State Convention of County Superintendents, Principals of Normal Schools, Academies, and Female Seminaries, representatives of Colleges, &c., &c., embracing also all the friends of education in the State, who desire to unite with them, to meet at Harrisburg, on the 21st of May inst., at 9 o'clock, and to continue in session four days. The object is to promote harmony of feeling and unity of purpose amongst the educationists of every class and department of operation in the State; and so far as expedient and possible, to combine the whole into one united system, sustained by a common effort.

It is an important movement, and ought to be responded to liberally by those connected with educational establishments, and the friends of Education throughout the State.

THE ARMIES OF THE SOUTH.—Says the Mobile *Register:*

"The armies of the South! How proudly we can utter these words! Not the refuse of overcrowded cities compose them—not the shiftless vagabund who fights for his bread and a coat—not the selfish boor whom conscription musters into the service of his master—but freemen, every one of them animated by a heroic impulse, every one eager for honors and distinctions, every one feeling himself the champion of a great principle, the defender of his own hearthstone."

God help these "freemen," if the "shiftless vagabonds" and "selfish boors," as they term our volunteers, ever get hold of them on the battle-field.

THE TURNING OF THE TIDE.

The first of May has come, and Jeff. Davis is not at Washington, as he announced he would be. Mrs. Davis has disappointed the fiend whom Mrs. Lincoln called upon her then at the White House "L. P. Walker, Secretary of War," must try again. Let him make another speech at Montgomery, and say that the performance is postponed on account of the inclemency of the weather. For in truth the clouds are gathering thick and threatening in the northern skies, and it will not be long before the upturned persons to be out in the pitiless storm when it does happen.

Seriously, the change in the South is something marvelous to behold. No more do they talk of capturing Washington, and preying upon the rich farms and wealthy cities of the North. Oh, no! We are now held up as the invaders, ruthless marauders, who are bent on conquest and plunder. All they think of now is defence. The tone of public sentiment at the North has scattered alarm far and wide at the South. The extraordinary spectacle of the North, united and eager for war, is bringing some of the gentlemen to their senses. They had so long called us cowards that they began to believe it true.

This turning of the tide is producing some sudden and wonderful results. First, take the subjoined paragraph from the Washington *National Republican:*

"We learn that the applications to get back into the service, from naval officers who had resigned from various causes before the present crisis, *including a large number from the South*, exceed the current resignations."

Who that remembers the swarms of resignations could believe this possible unless it were thus officially vouched for. These men had overrated Southern strength, and underrated the power of the National Government. Jefferson Davis had begun his government with such a show of strength and military array, as to have dazzled many of the Southern officers of the navy. Now they have been undeceived by the quick action of the Administration at Washington, let the simple paragraph tell. They had supposed that secession would be submitted to, and treated as an accomplished fact; but now that it is announced as rebellion, and the Government has put forth its energies to test the question of strength, the officers of the navy seek to resume the places they had resigned. Well they may, for we shall show them such a navy as they never dreamed of before.—*U. S. Gazette.*

AND VIRGINIA IS GONE.

Another State has forgotten its honor, and that State the birth place of Washington—His grave advice is rejected, Jefferson is forgotten, and Madison is spurned. It is better so. Doubt paralyses and appals, certainty gives tone to the nerves and courage to the heart. Clench the teeth a little closer, grasp the sword a little firmer, nerve the soul a little higher, and the change in the number of the enemy is invisible. Send out the blood stained cross anew, and

"Now to the citizen, who shall view
This symbol of sepulchral yew,
Forceful that its branches grew
Where weep the heavens their hollest dew
On Alpine's dwelling low!
Deserter of his chieftain's trust,
He never shall mingle with their dust,
But, from his eyes and kindred thrust,
Each clansman's execration just
Shall doom him wrath and woe.
Woe to the traitor, woe!"

Send out once more this summons, and an avalanche of indignant freemen will spring to arms, to vindicate the law of nations, now grossly insulted by a band of unprincipled adventurers, in the attempt to inaugurate piracy; the principles of government openly attacked; the memories of the past scornfully rejected; the hope of the future ruthlessly imperiled. It is a contest for the entirety of the nation, or it is nothing. There is not land enough between the lakes and the gulf for two peoples to dwell upon, under different government, in peace, and the war forced upon us must be of such a character as to render such an experiment unnecessary and impossible, and we believe that it will be of that character. For the wrath of years, pent up and restrained by reason, is at last set free, and in company and strict agreement with its former keeper, pours forth its furious torrent, in an overwhelming rush, against those who have so ungratefully and villainously excited it, and, like the wrath of kings, it will be found to be a consuming fire by those who have moved it.—*Boston Courier.*

☞ One thousand years ago, the Chinese built suspension bridges of more than four hundred feet span.

☞ Miss Ellen Smith has recovered $4000 of Francis Clemenson, in Ohio, for breach of promise of marriage, after twenty years courtship;—Two hundred dollars a year for waiting—not extravagant.

☞ A couple of Americans in Arizona, who lately fell in love with a beautiful Mexican lady, resolved to fight for her. One was mortally wounded and the other crippled for life, and the next day she ran away with a friend of the belligerents.

☞ During Mr. Charles Dickens' last English provisional voyage, it is stated that he cleared upward of £20,000 after paying all expenses.

☞ Hartley Coleridge, when asked which of Wordsworth's productions he liked best, replied, "His daughter Dora."

☞ It is not uncommon for Spanish ladies to possess a hundred fans. They collect and hoard them, as women collect pipes, as a geologist hunts after specimens.

☞ The wife and mother of an humble family in Great Barrington, Mass., all of whom were employed in the factory there, have lately come in possession of an English legacy of $500,000.

☞ The New Orleans *Delta* advises the coinage of cents by the Confederate States Government with the head of Jefferson Davis on them. Common sense is very much needed down that way.

☞ Jones is, after all, certainly elected President of Mexico by the people. He appears to be consolidating his government, and vigorously puts down insurrection wherever it rears its head.

☞ Senator Breckinridge says that James B. Clay, of Kentucky, is "a fourth-rate man, bearing a first-rate name."

☞ The seeds of the grape possess a remarkable vitality. A lady in Columbia, California, in making jelly last year, boiled a quantity of grapes. The place where she threw the seeds, after they were boiled, has since become covered with grape vines.

☞ If the President of the Southern Confederacy should be unable to negotiate either the bonds or the treasury notes, would not the geographical situation of *Davis' Straits* be materially changed?

WAR ITEMS.

THREE thousand volunteers left New Jersey for Washington on Wednesday.

OHIO has offered for the war 61,000 volunteers since the President's proclamation two weeks ago, and of that number 31,000 have been accepted.

THE Virginians are said to be forming a large military camp at Dumfries, on the Potomac, about 25 miles below Washington.

GENERAL HARPER, the commander of the forces at Harper's Ferry, has given assurances that Virginia would allow no attack on the Capital from her soil.

GOV. ELLIS of North Carolina has ordered a regiment *to march to Washington.* Will he head it?

THE WAY TO TALK.—Governor Hicks to Governor Sprague—"I understand you are about to proceed to Washington with the Rhode Island Regiment, I advise you not to take them through Baltimore, and thus avoid trouble."

Governor Sprague to Governor Hicks—"The Rhode Island Regiment are going to fight, and it matters not whether they fight in Baltimore or Washington."

☞ In Portland, Me., on Monday, a horse put his head through a lady's hoop skirt, and in extricating it, three men were required to hold the horse and two to hold the lady.

☞ No less than 1500 steamboats run upon the Mississippi River and its tributaries. The total value of these is estimated at $50,000,000.

Muster Roll of the Lafayette Rifles,
OF ST. CLAIR.

Captain—WM. H. JENNINGS.
1st Lieutenant—WM. G. BUEWELL.
2d " JNO. ENNIS.
Orderly Sergeant—CHAS. BLACKER.
2d Sergeant—THOMAS M. PRICE.
3d " WM. G. GWYTHER.
4th " NICHOLA SCHNEIDLER.
1st Corporal—MICHAEL A. WELSH.
2d " DAVID RUHE.
3d " JAMES BLACK, JR.
4th " EDWARD B. BRECKON.

PRIVATES.

Ansbach Wm., Koch Theodore,
Blacker Wm., Kelley John,
Brown Wm., Lockett George,
Brennan Wm., Mason John,
Blakely John, Mason Edward,
Childs Wm., Murray Patrick,
Cresswell Thomas, Morgan John L.,
Clare Bentzville, Price Wm.,
Cooper James J., Pusey James,
Crow John, Richardson Frank W.,
Catcher John, Rogers Robert,
Davis Wm., Reese Reese,
Donchberry John, Sunderland Jno.,
Davis Josiah, Smith John W.,
Donley John, Smith George,
Dudley Wm., Steel Wm. H.,
Dolan John, Sedgwick Edward,
Dixon Jos., Stevens John,
Evans George, Taylor Chas.,
Francis John, Taylor John,
Farnis George, Thomas George,
Gillin Wm., Thomas John G.,
Gwyther Thomas, Thompson John,
Green Robert, Vanhorn Adgate,
Green John, Vincent John,
Gable Wm., Walker David D.,
Humphries Evan, Wilson Thomas,
Ranepck George, Walker Daniel,
Highlen James, Wood John,
Harrison Marshall, Wonderly George,
Jenkins David, Zimmerman Adam W.,
Jones Isaac S., Birt Wm. *Fifer.*
Jeremiah David, Clark Michael, *Drummer.*

[FOR THE MINERS' JOURNAL.]

PINEGROVE, *May 1st*, 1861.

MR. EDITOR:—The Washington Light Infantry was re-organized on the 10th of April through the untiring energy of Capt. H. Bechtel and his efficient fellow officers, P. A. Filbert and John W. Farr. The company mustered under the "stars and stripes" on the 2d of April, for the maintenance of our constitutional rights as a whole, seventy-seven able bodied men, possessed of brave hearts and firm determinations, to offer up their all in our country's hour of need. The company was transferred to the 10th Regiment under the command of Col. McCall, formerly a United States Army officer. We trust when they meet the rebellious foe in battle array they will extend such a hearty reception to the principles of Jeff. Davis, in the shape of leaden pills, that the cause of Pennsylvania's brave sons shall be more than redeemed from the slanderous epithets of our cowardly foe. I enclose you the muster roll of the company.

Muster Roll of the Washington Light Infantry,
OF PINEGROVE.

Captain—H. HECHTEL.
1st Lieutenant—J. W. FARR.
2d " P. A. FILBERT.
1st Sergeant—B. H. MAGNES.
2d " WILLIAM KELLY.
3d " CALEB WHEELER.
4th " LEWIS LOOKINGGLASS.
1st Corporal—JACOB B. KEISER.
2d " WM. BOWMAN.
3d " JEROME LUT.
4th " PETER RUMP.

PRIVATES.

Alison Joseph, Marts Joshua,
Brosh Bechtenmount, Millard Franklin,
Beer Paul H., Monsh-is-e Joseph,
Bricht Wm. W., Miller Samuel G.,
Byers Robert, Mauviller Harrison,
Beck George, Mauviller Henry,
Bretz Daniel, Mauviller James,
Bolignam Henry, Rothmund George,
Brennan Wm., Rothmund Henry,
Brown Daniel D., Reader David,
Dry Marcus, Spangler David,
Dutter Frederick, Spangler Samuel,
Fritz Hiester, Schreyer Ephraim,
Filbert Wm. H., Smeltzer Peter,
Fry Henry, Schwartz Thomas,
Fox John, Schott Thomas,
Feger Henry, Steel Aaron,
Gryte Wm., Schropp Frederick,
Gilbert Daniel Anton, Snyder Jacob,
Goodman George, Sline Amos,
Heckman Edward, Schuepf George,
Hosler Edward, Scherer John (deceased)
Hiller Jacob Jr., Schleiter Jacob,
Harvey John, Schosler John,
Hand Adam, Sirk William,
Herman Joseph, Weitzel Frederick,
Harrigan David, Wezzler Frederick,
Hammer Frederick, Weaver Peter,
Rise Henry G., Wolverton Wm. M.,
Krumgard Benhart, Weiler Samuel,
Kill George, Yeager Henry,
Lehman Samuel, Zimmerman Andrew,
Lesser Irvine, Zeliff Peter C.,
Lohman Wm.,
Pinegrove, April 23, 1861.

FLAG RAISING AT MT. HOPE COLLIERY.

MR. BANNAN—*Sir*:—Please to favor the citizens of Mt. Hope with the insertion of the following in the JOURNAL of this week.

An enthusiastic meeting of the citizens of Mt Hope, convened on Saturday, April 27th, for the purpose of raising the Stars and Stripes, which the Union-loving and patriotic ladies of the above named place, presented to the citizens to unfurl to the breeze. The flag is eighteen feet long, by twelve feet wide. Joshua Crawshaw was chosen Chairman, and James Craze, of St. Clair, Secretary.

The chairman proposed that the flag be raised and unfurled to the breeze, which was done amidst the music of the Mt. Hope Brass Band, who kindly tendered their services to the meeting. Three cheers were then given for the Stars and Stripes. The Choir of the M. E. Church, of St. Clair, was present, and enlivened the meeting with a number of appropriate pieces for the occasion. The following gentlemen were called on to address the meeting, which they did in a very appropriate manner: Rev. W. Smith, (M. E. preacher, of St. Clair.) Rev. C. Herbert, of St. Clair, Rev. A. Callen, and J. Crawshaw. The meeting adjourned with nine cheers for the Stars and Stripes and the Union.—Three cheers for

JAMES CRAZE,
Secretary.

St. Clair, May 1, 1861.

FOR THE MINERS' JOURNAL.

SEND THEM HOME TENDERLY.

[The Governor of Massachusetts begged of the Mayor of Baltimore, that the dead soldiers killed in that city, be sent home *tenderly.*]

Send them home tenderly!
Guard them with care!
Eager eyes tearfully
Watch for them there:
Home-hearts are mournfully
Throbbing to know,
Gifted, and manly sons,
Stricken so low.

Send them home tenderly,
To the fair sod,
First by the martyr-sons,
Patriots trod!
Blue hill, and ocean-wave
Echo the prayer—
"Send them home tenderly,
Love waits for them there!"

Send them home tenderly!
Poor breathless clay!
Yet, what high hopefulness
Bore them away;
Hand to hand, clingingly,
Locked in brave trust—
Tenderly, tenderly,
Bear home their dust.

Send them home tenderly!
Think of the sire,
Struggling with mighty sobs,
By the low fire!
Think, how a mother's heart,
Hourly hath bled!
Tenderly, tenderly,
Bear home her dead!

STELLA.

Archbald, Luzerne Co., Pa.

THE COAL TRADE.

Pottsville, May 4, 1861.

The quantity sent by Railroad this week is 30,714 06 tons—by Canal 29 771 10—for the week 60,485 16 tons, against 72,985 for the corresponding week last year.

The demand for Lump and Broken Coal is firm—but for prepared it is rather dull.

The shipments from all the regions sum up this week as follows:

	1860. WEEK.	1860. TOTAL.	1861. WEEK.	1861. TOTAL.	INC. & DEC.
P. & R. R. R.	29,097	617,741	30,716	581,290	dec. 36,451
Schuyl. Canal	33,784	209,538	29,771	151,290	dec. 58,248
E. Vir. & R.	11,534	229,725	13,506	207,766	dec. 21,959
Lehigh Canal	30,681	91,894	27,617	60,924	dec. 30,970
Scranton & Sh.	16,932	221,436	16,618	218,129	dec. 3,307
Do. North	3,503	42,830	4,062	55,114	inc. 12,284
Del. & H. Co.			7,260	7,260	inc. 7,260
Broad Top	4,155	59,545	3,418	49,546	dec. 9,999
Shamokin	2,221	36,072	1,225	48,483	inc. 12,411
Trevorton	2,173	22,913	444	18,213	dec. 4,700
Sh. Mt. R. R.	2,746	18,225	412	15,919	dec. 2,306
Lykens Val'y	2,189	15,377	1,260	17,957	inc. 2,580
	153,963	1,532,296	136,536	1,468,891	
	138,536	1,440,824			
	15,428	144,080			

Schuylkill County Railroads 1861:

The following is the quantity of Coal transported over the different Railroads in Schuylkill County, for week ending on Thursday evening last:

	WEEK.	TOTAL.
Mine Hill & S. Haven R. R.,	42,662 03	268,434 01
Mt. Carbon "	2,976 06	21,046 08
Schuylkill Valley "	4,911 09	43,442 15
Mill Creek "	6,809 01	130,614 18
Little Schuylkill "	4,270 06	70,443 02

Pinegrove Coal Trade for 1861.

Amount transported during the last month:

	1860.	1861.	TOTAL.
Union Canal Railroad,	5,996 11		10,221 03
Swatara Railroad,	1,389 16		1,903 14

Lehigh Coal Trade for 1861.

For week ending on Saturday last:

	RAILROAD. WEEK.	RAILROAD. TOTAL.	CANAL. WEEK.	CANAL. TOTAL.
Lehigh Coal Co.,			10,178	26,649
A. Pardee & Co.,	2,179	55,022	4,278	6,252
Packer & Co.,	2,819	37,586		
Sharpe, Li & Co.,	1,253	34,726	963	257
Mt. Pleasant,	112	238	412	201
Chas. Hauptshire,	943	35,094	800	1,535
Ratelif & Johnson,	949	18,518	286	2,704
Beaver Meadow,	390	3,311		147
Tagart & Son,	10	14,719	248	472
J. H. McCreary & Co.,	1,533	41,471	1,525	6,459
Dobbin & Co.,		599		
Lyon,	1,263	21,745	1,227	2,483
Harleigh,	1,005	22,557	995	1,418
German Penna.,	961	19,143	863	3,272
Ebbenrik,				
D. Mummy, &c.,				161
Buck Mountain,			2,973	3,051
Franklin Coal Co.,			1,833	3,031
Audenried Coal Co.,			189	189
Har ford Coal Co.,			1,025	1,462
Empire Coal Co.,				
Total,	13,549	307,807	27,515	60,922
			13,508	307,807
Total by R. R. & Canal			41,124	368,729
Same time last year,			45,315	391,822
Decrease,			4,191	23,093

NEW ADVERTISMENTS

MILITARY MAP

OF the UNITED STATES and Territories, showing the location of the Military Posts, Arsenals, Navy Yards and Forts of Major, &c. for sale by

B. BANNAN.

OFFICIAL.

RECEIPTS and expenditures of the Borough of Port Carbon for the year 1860.

1860.	Dr.	
To balance in treasury 1859,		$77 78
Tax duplicate,		1313 83
Cash received from commissioners,		317 47
Extra assessment,		5 92
		1604 99
1860.	Cr.	
By amount paid M. Saligman, building bridges,		$306 00
H. Guiterman, carting,		6 00
Matson & Baber, miscellaneous expenses,		5 26
A. B. Stevens, labor,		63 25
Bernard Mullen, labor,		113 98
John Glenn, supervisor,		1 88
G. A. Burton, work,		1 88
Thos. Bradley, Jr., Co. commissioner,		1 88
Mathews, David & Mathew, auditors,		5 64
Chas. Hay, labor,		21
E. M. Fry, Jr., borough commissioner,		3 60
John Shannon, labor,		27 11
Geo. Gilmore, carting,		15 56
Patrick Farrel, labor,		5 63
Thos. Wiley, labor,		41 62
Arthur Mooney, labor,		8 60
Joseph Shannin, labor,		1 25
Daniel Reese, labor,		14 72
Geo. Wartley, labor,		4 31
Reamer Reamer, labor,		1 88
Arnest Bennet, labor,		9 22
Samuel Reese, labor,		25
William Tee, labor,		13 28
Jas. Wheeler, labor,		21 50
Thos. Welsh, labor,		24 15
Geo. Heim, mason,		6 52
Daniel Roberts, carting,		6 00
Elias D. Long, carting,		7 50
Phil. Ellwyn, carting,		11 00
Jas. Gibson, service,		33 00
Jas. McCormick, labor,		5 10
John Quin, labor,		6 00
Jas. Quin, labor,		2 70
Wm. Quin, mason,		1 37
R. Bauman, 2 years' printing,		46 03
Bush Bell, Sergeant,		20 00
Bush Bell, making duplicate, &c.,		6 50
Orlando Templin, clerk,		55 33
Edward Hays, mason work,		40 00
Lewis A Carter, engineering,		8 50
Jas. Brennan, labor,		8 78
Henry Toker, labor,		27 44
Daniel Oliver, labor,		9 14
John Lewis, labor,		3 15
Pat. Horn, carting,		23 00
Pat. Burn, carting,		7 00
John Finnegan, labor,		4 23
Samuel Garber, blacksmithing,		93
Jeremiah Boone, Tumber,		10 63
E. Pott, 4 yearlings,		20 00
Wm. Cannek, labor,		7 50
Michael Zerby, labor,		1 88
Wm. Gill, labor,		1 50
Thos. O'Brien, black smithing,		3 23
Jacob Bachman, brass band,		100 00
Matthew Whitty, labor,		2 25
Wm. Cherrly, labor,		13
David Glenn, labor,		9 00
John Riley, labor,		90
Pat. Orbe, blacksmithing,		3 23
Chas. W. Snyder,		1 44
J. B. Seesinger, clerk,		3 33
A. S. Stevens, labor,		50
C. Bowen, supper for council,		17 00
H. B. Seesinger, clerk,		41 61
Jas. Rhoda, tax on bruench property,		5 80
" " 2 years' salary as treasurer,		60 00
" " commission on collections,		61 00
" " interest paid,		8 50
Doubtful debts,		93 16
Moritz Seligman,		50
H. Guiterman,		3 18
Matson & Baber,		2 47
Emanuel Strouse,		2 00
E. Strouse, judgment,		182 36
Outstanding orders redeemed,		110 00
		1904 17

ACCOUNT CURRENT.

1860.	Dr.	
To balance in treasury,		$77 78
Tax duplicate,		1313 83
Cash received from commissioners,		207 47
Extra assessment,		5 92
		1604 99
To balance due S. Zerby,		23
" " Geo. Heim,		6 63
" Eagle, for order No. 127,		46 03
Brass Band, " " 196,		100 00
Matison & Baber, " " 225,		5 25
Jas. Rhoda, " " 231,		5 80
Hose Bull, " " 233,		15 00
Jas Gibson, " " 221 & 232,		31 00
G. Bauman, " " 253,		17 00
H. B. Seasinger, " " 244,		41 95
		250 16
		$1904 17

Dissolution of Partnership.

The Firm of Matson & Baber, Pottsville, Pa., is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons indebted to the Firm will please call and settle their accounts with Matson & Baber, who will continue the business at the old stand.

MATSON & BABER.

Pottsville, April 1st, 1861.

Notice.

I have appointed VAN DUSEN, NORTON & CO., my Sole Agents for the sale of my LOCUST MOUNTAIN COAL, from the New Colliery of the Locust Mountain Company, at Centreville.

ROBERT GORRELL.

March 1, '61 11-

STORAGE FOR COAL!

ON a Wharf on the Schuylkill River, at Philadelphia, can be obtained at very low rates. A price will be fixed for storage and shipping.

Address—"Box 265, Philadelphia P. O."

March 9, '61 10-3m

CHARLES HAMPSHIRE,

MINER AND SHIPPER OF

Spring Mountain Coal.

JEANSVILLE, PA.

☞ Successor to WM. MILNES & CO.

Address—CHARLES HAMPSHIRE, Jeanesville, Luzerne County, Pa.

" G. GILES, Agent, 66 Dock St., Philad'a.

February 23, '61 8-

REPPLIER'S COAL.

NOTICE.

I have appointed TYLER, STONE & CO. the sole and exclusive Agents for the sale of my Coal, the product of my Colliery formerly owned and worked by GEORGE S. REPPLIER, viz:

Locust Mountain, from Locust Run Colliery
do do " Tunnel do
Broad Mountain " Mammoth Vein do
Peach do Ash " Lewis do do

CHARLES A. REPPLIER.

Philadelphia, November 15, 1860.

Parties desiring to purchase any of the above named Coals can order from

TYLER, STONE & CO. { 233 Walnut Street, Philada. / Trinity Building, New York. / 93 State St., Boston, Mass.

FRED'K TYLER, Hartford, Connecticut.

Or, at Pottsville, from REPPLIER & BROTHER.

Nov. 17, '60 46-tf Philadelphia.

East Franklin Coal.

MY East Franklin Coal is now sold exclusively by NOBLE, HAMMETT & CALDWELL. Parties ordering from them may always depend upon getting a pure article.

HENRY HEIL.

August 17, '60 34-tf

Coal Freights from Philadelphia.

To Boston,	$1 50	Portsmouth,	$1 60
Portland,	1 50	Bridgeport,	1 10
Newburyport,	1 60	Rhode Island,	1 25
New Bedford,	1 20	Troy,	1 20
Newport,	1 20	Albany,	1 20
New London,	1 20	New York,	75
Norwich,	1 20	Richmond, Va.,	1 20
Hilford,	1 25	Baltimore,	80
Pawtucket,	1 35	Washington,	80
New Haven,	1 10	Charleston,	2 70
Newark,	1 00	New Orleans,	4 00
Stonington,	1 20	Cuba,	2 50
Philadelphia,	125		

131 vessels and 35 boats arrived during the week.

From Elizabethport.

To Boston,	$1 60	Derby,	60
Newburyport,	1 60	Bridgeport,	50
Portland,	1 60	Bridgeport,	50
Providence,	70	Albany,	60
Fall River,	70	Troy,	50
Newport,	70	Hudson,	50
Taunton,	95	Poughkeepsie,	45
Pawtucket,	90	Yonkers,	40
Norwich,	65	New Haven,	50
New York,	35	Hartford,	50

☞ The rates of freight from Rondout and Port Ewen, range from 10 to 15 cents per ton higher to the East than from Elizabethport.

From Baltimore.

To New York,	$1 50	Boston,	$2 00
Brooklyn,	1 75	Newburyport,	1 80
New Haven,	1 75	Portland,	1 80
Providence,	1 75	Albany,	1 80
Fall River,	1 75	Troy,	1 80
Newport,	1 75	Hudson,	1 80
Philadelphia	85 @ 90		

From Alexandria.

The rates for freight from Alexandria range nearly the same as from Baltimore.

Schuylkill Coal Trade for 1861.

Quantity of Coal sent by Railroad and Canal for the week ending on Thursday evening last:

	RAILROAD.	CANAL.
From Port Carbon,	6,434 01	4,755 00
Pottsville,	956 01	900 10
Schuylkill Haven,	19,082 09	24,016 10
Auburn,	3,037 01	
Port Clinton,	3,205 10	499 10
Total for week,	30,714 06	29,771 10
Previously this year,	360,576 01	121,823 05
Total,	391,290 07	151,594 15
To same time last year,	617,740 13	209,537 11
Decrease so far,	86,450 06	58,242 16

Schuylkill County Sailors.

[SEAL.] The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to the Sheriff of Schuylkill County, Greeting:

Whereas Daniel Herb, late of Port Carbon in our County of Schuylkill, to wit: in the Town of June, A. D., 1860, before C. W. Heaton, Esq., and his Associates, their Judges of our said Court at Pottsville, by the consideration of the same Court recovered against Orlando Gray, Executor of the last will and testament of Samuel Hellner, late of the Borough of Minersville, deceased, that the said Orlando Gray, Executor as aforesaid, should make known to the said Daniel Herb, in our said County, seven dollars and eighty-five cents, lawful money of Pennsylvania, as for the debt of twenty-five hundred and seventy dollars and sixty-six cents, lawful money of Pennsylvania, as for the debt of twenty-five hundred and seventy dollars, like money, which to the said Mary Herb, now wife of the said