Miners' Journal.

POTTSVILLE, PA.

SATURDAY, JULY 21, 1860.

"POPULAR SOVEREIGNTY."

As far as Pennsylvania is concerned Mr. Douglas may be considered defeated, on one point alone—the Tariff question. During all of his political life he has been a consistent Free Trader, and it would be impossible at this late period of his career, to convince him of the error in political economy, which he has fostered so assiduously. His partizans in this State endeavor to ignore the question altogether in this contest, and claim that Mr. Douglas is running for President on the platform of "Popular Sovereignty in the Territories"—that is, the right of the People of any Federal Territory to have Slavery or not have it, as a majority of their number shall decide. There are many worthy men who actually believe such to be the fact; but while they refuse to hear any argument which may be adduced on the Republican side, on the subject, can they reasonably close their eyes and ears to the testimony of their own compatriots?

The *Missouri Republican* is one of the most influential Douglas papers published, and the only one at all likely to carry its own State for the "Little Giant." If Douglas shall carry three States in the Union, Missouri and California will be two of them. And, if he carries Missouri at all, it will be because the *Republican* commends him to the favor of her slave-holders as follows:

First, by carrying under its editorial head the Charleston-Baltimore Platform of the Douglas wing of the Democracy, which reads thus:

DEMOCRATIC PLATFORM.

Resolved, That we, the Democracy of the Union, in Convention assembled, hereby declare our affirmation of the resolutions unanimously adopted and declared as a platform of principles by the Democratic Convention at Cincinnati in the year 1856, believing that Democratic principles are unchangeable in their nature when applied to the same subject matter, and we recommend as our only further resolutions the following:

That inasmuch as differences of opinion exist in the Democratic party as to the nature and extent of the powers of a Territorial Legislature, and as to the powers and duties of Congress, under the Constitution of the United States, over the institution of Slavery within the Territories:

Resolved, That the Democratic party *will abide by the decision of the Supreme Court of the United States over the institution of Slavery within the Territories.*

Resolved, That it is the duty of the United States to afford *ample and complete protection* to all its citizens, at home or abroad, and whether native or foreign born.

Resolved, That one of the necessities of the age, in a military, commercial, and postal point of view, is speedy communication between the Atlantic and Pacific States, and the Democratic party pledge such constitutional enactment as will insure the construction of a railroad to the Pacific coast at the earliest practicable period.

Resolved, That the Democratic party are in favor of the acquisition of the Island of Cuba, on such terms as shall be honorable to ourselves and just to Spain.

Resolved, That the enactments of State Legislatures to defeat the faithful execution of the Fugitive Slave law are hostile in character, subversive of the Constitution and revolutionary in their effect.

Resolved, That it is in accordance with the true interpretation of the Cincinnati platform that, during the existence of Territorial Government, the measure of restriction, whatever it may be, imposed by the Federal Constitution on the powers of the Territorial Legislature over the subject of domestic relations, *as the same have been, or shall hereafter be, finally determined by the Supreme Court of the United States*, shall be respected by all good citizens, and enforced with promptness and fidelity by every branch of the General Government.

"We of the South contend that we have a right to go to the common territories with our property, and that the Federal Constitution restricts the Territorial Legislature from all legislative discrimination against that property, and we say the Supreme Court of the United States has settled the principle for us and will so decide again if the question comes before that Court. The Baltimore Convention adopts and affirms the Cincinnati platform, and declares that, according to that platform, their constitutional restrictions must be respected and enforced by every branch of the Federal Government. What those constitutional restrictions are, is referred to to the decision of the Supreme Court, created for the purpose of deciding questions or cases arising under the Constitution and laws of the United States. Judge Douglas, in his Letter of acceptance, endorses this resolution, as well as all the others, and thereby pledges himself to carry out in good faith the propositions contained in it. Judge Douglas goes a step further in his letter of acceptance. He says this language:

"The *Federal Union must be preserved, and the Constitution must be maintained* cordially, *in all its parts.—Every right guaranteed by the Constitution must be protected by law*, in all cases *where legislation is necessary to its enjoyment.*

Here is a clear and unmistakable declaration that every right guaranteed by the Constitution must be protected by law, where legislation is necessary to its enjoyment. If, therefore, the Supreme Court of the United States have decided, or shall decide, that the people of the South have a right under the Constitution to go to the Territories, and carry with them that which is property, in their own State, and to hold it there as such, then if any legislation is necessary to its complete enjoyment, Judge Douglas declares that such legislation must be had. Whatever opinions Judge Douglas may have heretofore expressed upon the subject in question of power in the Territorial Legislatures, I understand him, in his letter of acceptance, considered in connection with the Baltimore resolutions, to take the broad and comprehensive ground that, wherever this judicial question shall be finally determined by the Federal Courts, every Department of the Federal Government must enforce and carry out the decision in good faith; and that, if he were President of the United States, he would use all the necessary power of his office to so enforce and carry out the decision in good faith; and that, if he were a Territorial Legislature, he would not legislate over the decision of the Supreme Court. Any other difference of opinion may exist between Northern and Southern Democrats on the abstract question, practically their action would be the same."

Such is the ground—the only ground—remarks the New York *Tribune*, on which even a show of contesting any Slave State, is or can be made by the supporters of Mr. Douglas. Let them take boldly the ground which they have done at the North, and the vote for Douglas in the South will fall below that for Lincoln. They are saved from their own reproach of "Sectionalism" only by holding two radically different creeds—one for the North, the other for the South. In the impossible event of their triumph, they would be forced to disavow their Northern creed altogether, as Mr. Noell shows that Judge Douglas has already virtually done.

Let honest men of all parties judge with what truth and fairness Mr. Douglas is still commended to support as a champion of "Popular Sovereignty."

BUCHANAN AND FUSION.

The Washington correspondent of the New York *Tribune* writes as follows:

Mr. Buchanan encourages combinations with the Douglas men in different States, hoping by that means to prevent an election by the people, and then, through a violent and protracted struggle in the House, to carry it into the Senate for the benefit of Gen. Lane. This is the reason why, in his speech from the White House, he declared neither candidate to have been nominated according to the usages of the party. He also prompted the proposed coalition in Pennsylvania, which Mr. Douglas's friends have spurned. His professed partiality for Mr. Breckinridge is insincere. The only interest he feels in the ticket is for Gen. Lane, who has been a supple instrument of his Administration throughout.—This scheme will fail, no matter how much pressed, for the leading friends of Mr. Breckinridge understand Mr. Buchanan's game, and he expended nearly $500 in telegraphing over the country not to enter into any arrangement or bargain with the Douglas faction.

The proposed fusion in New York, by which the Bell men are to be nominally transferred to Mr. Douglas, but really to Gen. Lane, was really contrived here immediately after the Baltimore Convention. Its managers and objects are perfectly understood. If an election by the people could be defeated, which is now hardly possible, and is only contemplated by a few desperate managers as their last hope, and Mr. Douglas should be returned to the House as one of the three highest candidates, he would have but one vote in that body—Illinois.

THE "JAPS." AT DANVILLE.—Some wags in Danville had a burlesque reception of the Japanese on the 4th inst., by which however, many were actually "sold," believing that they were gazing on the simon pures. The thing was well done, it seems. The Japs. personified by some young Danvilites, arrived in the cars; were conducted to carriages, with a crowd pressing upon to see them; there was a grand procession, and reception by the Borough authorities, and final disappearance into the "Montour House," where apartments were prepared for them. There they appeared for a short time at the windows, making bows to and exchanging salutations with the crowd, and then quickly doffed their clothes, and slipping out of the back doors, soon mingled, one by one, among the crowd in the streets. Friend Masser of the Sunbury *American*, was slightly taken in and done for, as it is stated that he was on hand with one of his bran new patent ice cream freezers, ready to present to the Embassy. It is stated that Danville has not witnessed such a crowd since the reception of the "Columbia Guards" on their return from Mexico in 1848. Near the canal bridge the crowd was so dense, that it was with difficulty a passage could be effected.

"HERALD OF FREEDOM."—The second number of this cheap campaign paper will appear on Wednesday morning next. It will contain among other matter of interest, Abraham Lincoln's views of the "irrepressible conflict," which prove him conclusively, to be more conservative on that question, than any other Presidential candidate in the field. It should be read by all, as it affords a good idea of the logically argumentative power of Mr. Lincoln. As the *Herald of Freedom* is furnished for 35 cents per single copy, and still cheaper to clubs of three or more, during the campaign, our friends throughout the County should send in their names. We do not calculate that at these low prices it will more than pay expenses; but we are desirous of disseminating information, and adopt this way of doing it, as the advertising pressure on the columns of the *Miners' Journal* will not permit it. Port Clinton sends us forty-five and Mt. Carmel, Northumberland County, forty subscribers to the *Herald*. This is well done. We hope that the friends of the cause in all sections of the County will immediately form clubs, and send in the names. Let the next number receive an impetus.

ENCAMPMENT OF THE BRIGADE.—General Reifsnyder having determined upon an encampment of the 1st. Brigade, 6th Division, the troops will go into camp on Lawton's Hill, in this Borough, on Wednesday, August 29th, and remain four days. As there are some twenty-nine companies in this County, should all participate with well filled ranks, we might anticipate a brilliant spectacle.—We understand that the General will enforce on the occasion, the strict discipline of the regular army. Adjutant-General Wilson was written to we learn, in regard to tents for the encampment, and responded promptly, tendering we believe, all that he can spare from the encampment which will be held at York in September. We hope that the General who is posted in the pomp and circumstance of glorious war, will do all that he can in this respect, for "Fort Wynkoop," and receive the blessings of our veterans as they repose snugly at night, beneath the canvas, theirs through his kindness and attention.

The New York Courier and Enquirer condemns the United States Marshal for that District, for pandering to the worst and most depraved passions of the mob, during the execution of Hicks, the pirate. While the condemned was at his devotions in the cabin of the steamer which carried him to Bedloe's Island, the steamer was on a pleasure excursion up the river to see the *Great Eastern*; bars were in full blast on board, and thousands were on the river in small boats and other craft, to witness the execution. The *Courier* asserts that the scene was demoralizing, and that the execution should have been private.

NEW JERSEY.—In 1856 the press of New Jersey stood as follows:

For Fremont and Dayton,	14
" Fillmore and Donelson,	6
" Buchanan,	14
In 1860 it stands as follows:	
For Lincoln and Hamlin,	22
" Bell and Everett,	12
" Douglas and Johnson,	10
" Breckinridge and Lane.	4

There are 14 papers neutral, or which have not decided yet what course to take.

WHERE THE FILLMORE MEN OF NEW YORK ARE IN THIS CAMPAIGN.—Considerable interest has been felt, as to the stand the men of New York who mainly in 1856 supported Millard Fillmore, would take in 1860. There is no doubt now that the great mass of them will support Abraham Lincoln. On Monday evening last in New York City, they held a mass meeting in Union Square which was large and spirited. Speeches were delivered by Horace Greely, R. F. Andrews, Daniel Ullman, and others, and letters from Roger S. Baldwin, James O. Putnam, Willis Hall and Truman Smith were read.

The following resolutions were read and adopted:

Resolved, That the election of Abraham Lincoln to the Presidency, now morally certain, will fitly close an era of prodigality, imbecility, and sectional discord, and usher in the rule of integrity, economy, and nationality, restoring the golden age of the republic.

Resolved, That we call upon our citizens without distinction of party, to rally around the standard of Lincoln and Hamlin [loud applause], in full assurance that their election will ensure renewed and most needed attention to the great industrial and commercial interests of the country, too long made the sport of faction and the plaything of reckless ambition.

Resolved, That we call upon the electors of our City and State to surround and sustain the Administration of Abraham Lincoln with a Congress of able, experienced, discreet and incorruptible men, who will cordially and earnestly labor to restore the Era of Liberty, Honesty and National Prosperity.

The *Tribune* says that many participated who would have voted for Bell and Everett had they been squarely supported, with a reasonable prospect of success, but who revolt at the idea of being drawn after the car of the head breaker of the Missouri Compromise, and thus thrust into the Democratic ranks. Three-fourths of those in New York City who supported Mr. Fillmore in 1856, utterly refuse to vote for Douglas; most of them are already decidedly for Lincoln, and the rest are coming along.

JOHN HICKMAN FOR LINCOLN.—Hon. John Hickman, of Chester county, has declared his intention to take the stump for Lincoln, Hamlin and Curtin. He is announced to speak at a grand Republican mass meeting at West Chester, next week. He is a eloquent and powerful speaker, and his exposures of President Buchanan's treacheries and corruptions will be most withering. It is Mr. Hickman's intention to make a tour of the Western States during the campaign, and address meetings wherever possible. At the urgent request of Francis P. Blair, he has consented to visit Missouri, and help the Republicans along in their noble fight in that State.

DOUGLAS STATE CONVENTION.—This Convention will assemble at Harrisburg, on Thursday, 26th inst., for the purpose of nominating a straight-out Douglas and Johnson electoral ticket. The call is issued by R. J. Halderman, and is signed by Gen. Roumfort, W. H. Miller and others. What are the Breckinridge forces about? Are they frightened, or only a little weak in the knees?

EDITOR'S TABLE.

THE American Journal of the Medical Sciences, for July, contains a large number of original communications of memoirs and cases, and other matter of interest to the faculty. Edited by Isaac Hays, M. D., and published by Blanchard and Lea, Philadelphia. No physician's library is complete without the *Journal*.

Local Affairs.

WEEKLY ALMANAC.

1860.—July.	SUN RISES	SUN SETS	MOON'S CHANGES.
			D. H. M.
21 SATURDAY,....	4 46	7 26	Full M. 2 11 16 ev
22 SUNDAY,.....	4 47	7 25	Third Q. 11 1 2 m
23 MONDAY,.....	4 48	7 24	New M. 18 0 24 m
24 TUESDAY,.....	4 49	7 23	First Q. 25 0 44 m
25 WEDNESDAY,..	4 49	7 22	
26 THURSDAY,....	4 50	7 22	
27 FRIDAY,.....	4 51	7 21	

Thermometrical Record for the Week.

P. S. & P. TELEGRAPH OFFICE, *Pennsylvania Hall, Pottsville.*

		8 A.M.	2 P.M.	7 P.M.	
July 14—	Saturday,	69°	74°	73°	clear.
" 16—	Monday,	75	86	82	"
" 17—	Tuesday,	79	86	80	"
" 18—	Wednesday,	75	80°	79	"
" 19—	Thursday,	76	82	79	cloudy.
" 20—	Friday,	81	86	82	clear.

See Sheriff's Sale of valuable store goods to be sold in this Borough on Monday next.

The Pottsville Cricket Club has secured a ground near Cressons for practicing and matches.

Refreshing showers have visited us this week. They were much needed, as corn and potatoes were suffering severely from drouth.

There was a delightful pic nic at Lauer's beautiful place, Tumbling Run, on Tuesday last. There is no spot in the County, more pleasant now for pic-nicking, than Lauer's.

Rehr's Quadrille Band, composed of practical musicians, is prepared to play at balls, parties, pic-nics, etc. As we know it to be perfectly competent, we commend the Band to public patronage.

The Rev. Dr. MUSGRAVE, of Philadelphia, and the Rev. PROFESSOR GEIGER, of Princeton, will preach for Mr. COLT, to-morrow, (Sunday,) in the Market street Presbyterian Church, Morning and Evening.

Boy Drowned.—A boy about twelve years of age, son of Isaac Martin, of Port Carbon, was accidentally drowned in Mill Creek, on Monday evening last. An inquest was held on the body by Coroner Chichester.

Run Over.—A boy while driving a farmer's wagon through Centre street, yesterday, fell to the ground in front of the wagon and was run over. He was conveyed to Mr. Saylor's drug store, where it was found that his injuries were fortunately slight. A narrow escape.

Drowned.—A young man named William Higgins, was accidentally drowned while bathing in a pond at Harper's mines, in Black Valley, Cass township, on Sunday morning last. An inquest was held on the body. A verdict in accordance with the above facts was rendered.

Hotel Burned.—The hotel kept by P. Christopher, in Black Valley, Cass township, was totally destroyed by fire on Monday night last.—Nothing was saved, the inmates barely escaping with their lives. Loss, $3000, on which there is an insurance of $1800 in the York Mutual.

We learn that the woman who was brutally outraged near Swatara, this County, on the 5th inst., by two men, is dead. The perpetrators of the dastardly act, unfortunately, are still at large; but every effort should be made to affect their arrest, even to the offering of a large reward.—There is much excitement in the vicinity where the outrage was perpetrated, women not feeling secure when their husbands are away from home.

Junior Sons of America.—A State Convention of this Order will be held in Pottsville, on Wednesday, August 1st, prox. It is anticipated that upwards of two hundred delegates from different sections of the State, will be present, and participate in the proceedings. Arrangements have been made to have excursion tickets at reduced rates over the Pennsylvania Central, Philadelphia and Reading, and Lebanon Valley Railroads.

Child Drowned.—A child of Mr. John Keefer, of Minersville, aged 3 years, fell into a well in the rear of his father's residence, on Thursday morning last, and was drowned. His mother missed him, and when a search was instituted, the body of the child was found in the well. It is supposed that the child dropped a piece of bread into the well, and in reaching over with the idea of recovering it, fell in and was drowned. A sad case.

Brigade Encampment.—Brigadier General W. Reifsnyder has ordered an encampment of the Brigade which will be located on Lawton Hill, this Borough, and be named we believe, "Camp Wynkoop." The troops will go into camp on the 29th of August, and remain in four days, during which period all the regulations of the army in such cases, will be strictly enforced. Each man will be required to eat and sleep on the ground. It is expected that Gen. Scott, Governor Packer, General Patterson, and other distinguished officers will be present, and review the troops.

The Hamilton Cricket Club of Philadelphia, is expected to arrive here next week, and play a return match with the Pottsville Cricket Club. The match will come off on the new ground of the latter near Cressons.

An enthusiastic meeting of the People's Party was held at Liberty Hall, in Tamaqua, on Saturday evening last, which was addressed by Hon. Robert M. Palmer and Lis. Bartholomew, Esq. Tamaqua is sure for a rousing majority for Curtin, Lincoln and Hamlin.

A Lincoln Club has been formed in Minersville, of which Joseph Bowen, Esq., is chairman. We are glad to see our Minersville friends moving zealously, in the glorious cause. It will tell in her increased majority first in October, and then in November.

Pleasing and unexceptionable theatrical entertainments have been given at the Town Hall during the present, and will continue next week, during which "Camille," and "Uncle Tom's Cabin" will be performed. Mrs. Ryner is an actress of considerable merit, while Messrs. Magingley, Brown, Fitzgerald and Ryner, are excellent in their respective departments. A commendable feature of this company's performance, is the omission of vulgar "gagging," which too often disfigures acting otherwise meritorious. The bill for to-night is "Evadne," a fine play, and the "Irish Emigrant."

Eclipse of the Sun.—Per announcement the eclipse of the Sun came off on Wednesday morning, between the hours of seven and nine o'clock. At the time there was not the least speck of a cloud anywhere on the vast dome of blue.—Smoked and stained glass—the latter was the best—was in general requisition. The eclipse commenced at three minutes before seven o'clock, and ended at one minute before nine. When at its greatest height, the golden rays of the Sun had disappeared, and its beams came down in rays of silver. The astronomers could not have wished for a clearer display.

Preaching in the Market Place.—Mr. J. L. Bishop, a Christian Israelite Missionary, from New York, has been preaching every evening this week at the Market House. He advances no new or startling doctrines, but confines himself to the exposition of those cardinal tenets of Christianity which are taught by nearly all Evangelical denominations. He has a good voice, a clear and deliberate enunciation, and speaks with much force and apparent sincerity. He will continue his discourses, at the same place, this evening at 7 o'clock, and also to-morrow (Sunday) at 6 P. P. Subject—"Israel's Restoration, and the Millenium."

A baby, born in Tamaqua, this County, in January last, is on exhibition at Mortimer's Hotel in this Borough. His name is Willie, son of William Krouse, and his proportions are, certainly, immense. Age, 6 months; hight, 30 inches; weight, 60 pounds; measures around the head 18 inches; around shoulders, 32 inches; around belly, 31 inches; around thigh, 18 inches; around calf of leg, 12 inches; around arm, 11 inches. We learn that this infant prodigy will shortly be exhibited in the principal cities. He is certainly, a great curiosity, and places Schuylkill County, in the big baby line, ahead of the rest of the world.

Painful Accident at a Cricket Match.—Yesterday morning the Atlantic and Pottsville Cricket Clubs, commenced a match game on the new ground of the latter, near Cressons. The Atlantic had the first innings, and while Mr. D. A. Smith of this Borough, and Mr. Thomas of St. Clair, were in at the bats, an accident happened which stopped the game. As they were running between the wickets, Mr. Smith, to avoid coming in contact with Mr. Thomas, jumped suddenly to one side, his foot caught and in falling his bat came in contact with his left leg so violently, as to fracture the thigh-bone just above the knee. Mr. Smith was conveyed to his residence in this Borough, and medical attendance summoned. This unfortunate occurrence will probably confine him to his house for several weeks.

Cheap Excursion Tickets to see the Great Eastern.—The East Pennsylvania Railroad Company is now selling excursion tickets from Reading to New York and back at $4.50, good for a week. The Company will continue doing so, most likely, during the stay of the Great Eastern at New York. There is no likelihood of this celebrated vessel visiting Philadelphia, so those of our citizens who wish to see her, had better take advantage of this opportunity. If the Reading Railroad Company would make excursion tickets in connection with the East Pennsylvania Road, from Pottsville through, our citizens would appreciate the accommodation.

Since the above had been placed in type, we learn that Excursion Tickets will be sold from Pottsville to New York *via.* East Pennsylvania Railroad at $5 90, each good for six days, from July 23d to July 28th inclusive.

Great Fishing in Schuylkill County—A Ton of Fish Caught in Two Days.—An extensive fishing excursion was held last Monday and Tuesday, at Alexander Thompson's dam, Porter Township, this County. It appears that the dam was put up at auction, to be sold to the highest and best bidder, with conditions giving the purchaser or purchasers the right to fish twenty-four hours after the water had been drawn off to its lowest mark, which was done by last Monday afternoon. At the sale the contest ran high between the Dauphin County boys and our own. The latter however, succeeded after a plucky contest, in purchasing the right for sixty dollars.

On Monday morning a large party left Tremont, with horses and vehicles, for the dam. Quite a number of persons, also left Donaldson, Hegins Township, Hubley Township, Llewellyn, Pottsville and Pinegrove, for the same destination.—When the Tremont party reached the dam, they found there about thirty vehicles, and forty horses, and two hundred men, some one hundred and twenty-five being connected with the fishing party. The remainder were merely spectators, some belonging to Dauphin County.

During the time that the party fished it caught at least one ton of fish. This may seem a large figure; but a number of the party who weighed their fish after taking them home, found that each had from thirty to thirty-five pounds of fish. There were sixty shares. Three tortoise were caught, one of which weighed about forty pounds. They were put up for sale at the dam, and brought $3 50. The fish caught were cat-fish, eels, pike, sun-fish and suckers. The pike measured from ten to twenty-seven inches in length. Fifteen hundred eat-fish were caught, not one of which measured less than eight inches in length.

The dam which yielded this extraordinary quantity of fish is located ten miles west of Tremont.

We question whether this quantity can be beaten, in twenty hours fresh water fishing. If it can we should like to hear from the section of the State able to accomplish the feat.

Boilers for the Allentown Rolling Mill.—A day or two since we inspected at the boiler manufactory of Mr. John T. Noble, in this Borough, eight fine boilers, built upon the plan adopted by the Carlisle Steam Engine Company. They are intended for the use of the Allentown Rolling Mill, now in course of construction, and of which Company B. Haywood, Esq., of this Borough, is President. The boilers are among the largest ever constructed in this Region, and in point of apparent strength, and excellence of finish, are excelled by no work of similar character ever turned out here or elsewhere.

Each boiler is 33 feet in length; 4 feet in diameter, and possesses a capacity of 50 horse power—with moderate firing, 40. In each boiler there are two flues, 16 inches in diameter. In the front part, there is an upper section—one half the diameter of the boiler—which projects 4 feet, 8 inches, and is strongly braced inside. The grate bars are placed immediately under this section, so as to allow the heat to pass through the flues first; then return under the boilers to the bridge wall, and be conducted finally into the stack.—The plan on which these boilers have been constructed is undoubtedly, the most complete known, and as they will remain here several days yet at Mr. Noble's manufactory, before being shipped, it would well repay those of our citizens interested in work of this description, to visit and inspect them.

We are informed that the iron of which these boilers are made, is of superior quality, and was furnished by Messrs. McIlvain & Son of Reading. The fires are constructed of No. 1, boiler plate, while No. 2 is used in the shells. The heads and crown-plates are made of full half inch iron, and the workmanship of these portions are worthy of particular attention for their excellence and finish.

These boilers are intended to supply three engines of an aggregate power of 400 horse. The weight of the boilers is six tons each.

Schuylkill County mechanics enjoy an enviable reputation, as machinists and boiler-makers, and this work just turned out Mr. Noble's shop, is in every respect calculated to add to the confidence which they have secured.

Borough Council.—A stated meeting of the Borough Council was held on Tuesday evening last. Present, Messrs. Nagle, Boone, Inness, Kienzle, Gressang, Focht, Ebert, with Mennig, President *pro tem.*

Minutes of last meeting were read and adopted.

Street Com. reported inlet in Third street, and Laurel street finished.

Com. of Room and Stationary reported in regard to printing Auditor's Report, which was accepted.

A report of the Borough Surveyor in reference to grade of Schuylkill Avenue, was read and accepted, when on motion of Mr. Inness the grade was ordered to be established.

A petition of citizens in reference to cutting down Sanderson street, was read and referred to the Street Com.

The matter of altering grade of Minersville street, was referred to the Com. of Survey.

On motion of Mr. Ebert, the grade of Lyon street was referred to the Com. of Survey, to have it permanently established.

Mr. Focht offered the following:

Resolved, That the Supervisor be paid a salary of four hundred dollars per annum for the present Council year, and that in addition to the duties heretofore devolving upon him, shall in connection with the Street Committee as far as in his power lies, see that all contract work is done in a good and substantial manner, and according to work, to the Street Com. or to the Council.

Adopted.

On motion of Mr. Inness it was resolved that the Chief Burgess be directed to notify residents or property-holders on Norwegian street, to repair their pavements, where necessary.

On motion of Mr. Gressang it was resolved that the contract for culverting Norwegian Creek between Callowhill and High streets be awarded to Peter Helenthall, at $4 48 per foot, payment of the full amount to be subject to damages in Carry's suit, if it shall be decided that he is legally liable to pay them.

On motion of Mr. Focht the Street Com. was authorized to receive proposals for the building of the culvert in Norwegian street at Railroad street, with the same plans and specifications adopted for culvert between Callowhill and High streets with the exception of a stone bottom.

Mr. Inness offered the following:

Resolved, That a Committee of three be appointed to communicate with the County Commissioners in relation to the condition of the bridge at Palo Alto, and report to Council at the next stated meeting whether any steps are being taken for the construction of a new one.

Adopted.

The chair appointed on the Committee, Messrs. Inness, Nagle and Gressang.

On motion of Mr. Ebert the Com. on Room and Stationary, was authorized to have fifteen hundred copies of the Auditor's Report printed and circulated.

On motion of Mr. Boone, the Com. of Survey was instructed to report if a grade had been established for Church Alley.

On motion of Mr. Inness it was resolved that the Borough Solicitor be requested to give a written opinion of the right of the Borough to tax bonds and mortgages.

A bill of B. Bannan, $69 07, was referred to Com. of Stationery.

The following bills were read and ordered to be paid:

Joseph Heisler,	$9 80
C. Worman and others,	80 80
	$90 60
Previous issue,	$2,096 71
Total,	$2,187 31

Adjourned.

MRS. PARTINGTON.

BY THE BARD OF TOWER HALL.

Mrs. Partington, with Isaac,
To the Quaker City came,
And went round to see the objects
Which are heralded by Fame.

Of a preacher she inquired,
"Can you show me, sir, the Hall
Of Impeachment, as I've heard
It in the hearts of *femes* all?

"For I want to see the building
Which is known as Freedom's *Shine*,
Where our patriot *Jorists*
Did the *dedication* sign."

In the store she told the keeper,
That on bargains she was bent,
And must have his money's *valor*,
Or she wouldn't spend a cent.

Said the merchant: "I've a bargain!
Here's a silk mantilla fine;
You shall have for twenty dollars,
And it cost me twenty-nine."

Mrs. Partington indignant,
To the merchant made reply:
Do you think that I'm a woman,
A mantilla, sir, would buy?"

"I'd not take it as a gift, sir—
I respect my wedding ring!—
A mantilla on a woman!
Oh! I would be a shameful thing!"

"In this 'tilla stock," said Isaac,
"There no *woman*tillas are."
"Then we'll go," rejoined his mother,
"Straight to Bennett's great *Hussa*."

Isaac said: "How is it, mother,"—
He was slipping up a cent—
"That you're going *straight* to Bennett's,
When on bargains you are bent?"

"Come along, you rogue," she answer'd,
"For at Bennett's we will call.
Where they have such fine *inf*ations,
By the dozen, Tower Hall.

There a suit she cheaply purchased,
And with pleasure for it paid;
Then she said: "Your father, Isaac,
In such clothes was ne'er *alayed*:

"And the Prince of *sharks* shall see you;
He shall hear of Bennett's sales—
Prince of sharks, I said, not Isaac;
But I meant the Prince of *Whales*."

Mrs. Partington, delighted,
Patted Isaac on the head;
And a French farewell she uttered,
For, "*au revoyoir*," she said.

A complete and well assorted stock of Summer Clothing now on hand, unsurpassed in style and workmanship, to which the attention of wholesale and retail buyers is invited. at

BENNETT & CO.'S
Tower Hall Clothing Bazaar,
518 *Market street, between 5th & 6th, South side,*
PHILADELPHIA.

THE OXYGENATED BITTERS.

The qualities of this medicine have placed it upon an imperishable foundation. In destroying disease, and inducing health it has no parallel.

For the following Complaints these Bitters are a Specific, viz:—*Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Heart-Burn, Acidity, Costiveness, Loss of Appetite, Headache, and General Debility.*

In many sections of our country this preparation is extensively used by physicians in their practice, and it seems to have restored many to health who were apparently beyond the reach of the healing art.

Subjoined are a few tributes from well-known physicians:

MANSFIELD, TIOGA Co., Pa., Aug. 26, 1858.

I have used the Oxygenated Bitters in my practice with decided success in debility and general prostration, &c., and confidently recommend it in General Debility, and diseases of the digestive organs. F. H. WHITE, M. D.

AUBURN, N. Y., Sept. 6, 1858.

Gentlemen:—I have been in the drug business the last fifteen years, and have never sold a medicine which has given such great satisfaction in cases of Dyspepsia as the Oxygenated Bitters, and in this disease I always recommend it.

H. G. FOWLER.

BURLINGTON, Vt., Nov. 12, 1854.

Gentlemen:—I am pleased to state, that I have tried the *Oxygenated Bitters* for Indigestion and Debility, and found immediate relief from using only a part of a bottle. *I have the greatest confidence in it as a cure for Dyspepsia and General Debility*, and recommend it with much pleasure.

Yours, &c.,
JAMES LEWIS, M. D.

Prepared by SETH W. FOWLE & Co., Boston, and for sale by John G. Brown, J. C. Hughes, and Henry Saylor, Pottsville; C. & L. Huntsinger, Schuylkill Haven; H. W. Provost, Minersville, E. J. Fry and McGuigan & Fowler, Tamaqua; H. Shissler, Port Carbon, Paul Barr, Pinegrove; G. Reagan & Son, Tuscarora; Charles Marsh, New Philadelphia; Jonas Robinhold, Port Clinton; R. H. Irvin, St. Clair; E. Phillips, New Castle; John Williams, Middleport; and by dealers everywhere.

June 9, '60 23-4t

Wonders of Inventive Genius.—In the whole round of modern inventions, it may be doubted whether there is one of greater real utility than the sewing machine. The more we look into the wonders which this unpretending piece of mechanism is capable of accomplishing, the more we are astonished that the world slumbered so long before it awoke to the necessity of such an invention; and it is equally a matter of surprise to us, that it was not till long after this necessity became apparent that the idea of a sewing machine assumed a distinct shape and form. We confess we are enthusiastic in our estimate of this excellent companion of the family circle. We believe the importance of its mission can hardly be over-estimated. It has already accomplished untold good, and it is destined to accomplish a great deal more. It will, we fondly hope and firmly believe, prove a more thorough reformer than it has yet been, and that by its general influence in the family and the workshop, it will completely revolutionize society. The machine manufactured by *Grover & Baker* seems to be taking the lead of its compeers at present.

Perry's Japanese Polishes, & Leather Preserving Compounds!—Need no rubbing—produces a beautiful gloss, and will preserve the leather one-third longer.

Perry's Japanese Polish for Patent Leather Boots.
Perry's Japanese Boot and Shoe Polish, 25 cents.
Perry's Japanese Waterproof Polish, 25 cents.
Perry's Japanese Harness Polish, 25 cents.
Perry's Japanese Polish for Iron Goods, 50 cents.
Perry's Japanese Furniture Polish, 25 cents.

For sale everywhere.

Wholesale Depot for Pennsylvania, at E. H. HUNT & CO.'S, corner of Fifth and Chestnut streets, Philad'a.

May 26, '60 21-3m

Every Summer the demand for Hostetter's Celebrated Stomach Bitters increases. It is found to be the only certain preservation of bodily strength during a period when the atmosphere is calculated to induce a feeling of lassitude and indigestion. The worst cases of Diarrhœa and Dysentery give way to its potent influence. Innumerable persons, who are now alive and well, must thank the discoverer of this preparation that they have not been swept away in the harvest of death. The Bitters is recommended by the best physicians in the land. This is the best evidence of its real value, because, as a general thing, they will not speak a word in favor of advertised preparations. They have been compelled to acknowledge the claims of the Bitters upon the community. Sold by all druggists. 23 1m

Gift (?) Enterprises seem to be pervading all classes of business. A *baker* in New York cooks up a silver half-dollar in every hundredth loaf. Thus his bread, like Spring shad, "hath a silvery taste." And in some of our country papers we notice advertisements of *gift clothing* stores located in this city. (yet strange to say, the parties have neglected to advertise in the city papers,) where a gold watch will be put in the pocket of a pair of pantaloons. Indeed, some of our clothing dealers ought to give gold watches with their suits to make the clothing worth the price. But whatever others may do, CHAS. STOKES's *One-Price*, under the "Continental," cannot afford to give gold *shirt studs* with vests, or *gold watches* with coats, as we give the value of the purchaser's money in the clothing itself: and parties in want of jewelry, we would recommend to some respectable jeweler as more legitimate to trade, and more creditable and advantageous to the purchaser. 20.

Good Looking People, are generally possessed of good health, and a disordered condition of the system soon betrays itself in the pallid and careworn countenance of the unhappy invalid. DR. O. PHELPS BROWN'S ACADIAN BALSAM, is justly celebrated as the most successful remedy of this or any other age, in curing Consumption, nervous disorders, complaints of the liver, heart, etc., and it not only imparts a new life and activity to every organ, but it also *rejuvenates* the system, making the elderly look once more young and fair and the young more blooming than ever before. The invigorating properties of the Acadian Balsam are such, that while it stimulates every organ of the physical being to increased activity, it places each in possession of a renewed vital force sufficient to eject disease and eradicate every morbid taint which may be lurking in the system. It also increases the secretions, produces new and healthy flesh and blood, and consequently makes whole and hearty the entire being. It is a tonic alterative and diaphoretic, a stimulant without the slightest reaction. It does not simply remedy a local evil, but purifies and ejects every vestige of disease from the body.

The Acadian Balsam is sold at $2 per large bottle. It may be obtained of HENRY SAYLOR, *Pottsville*, Sole Agent, who has also a small number of specimen bottles, price 25 cents, that all may have the opportunity of trial. [28-1m]

The Great English Remedy!
SIR JAMES CLARKE'S
Celebrated Female Pills,
Prepared from a prescription of Sir J. Clarke, M. D.,
Physician Extraordinary to the Queen.

This well known medicine is no imposition, but a sure and safe remedy for Female Difficulties and Obstructions, from any cause whatever; and although a powerful remedy, it contains nothing hurtful to the constitution.

To MARRIED LADIES it is peculiarly suited. It will, in a short time, bring on the monthly period with regularity.

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Heaviness, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Lowness of Spirits, Hysterics, Sick Headache, Whites, and all the painful diseases occasioned by a disordered system, these Pills will give relief when all other means have failed.

These Pills have never been known to fail where the directions on the 24 page of pamphlet are well observed.

For full particulars, get a pamphlet, free, of the agent.

N. B.—21 and 6 postage stamps enclosed to any authorized agent, will insure a bottle, containing over 50 pills, by return mail.

HENRY SAYLOR.
27-ow1y

*Sold in Pottsville by

"Not dangerous to the Human Family."
"Hats come out, of their holes to die."

VERMIN.

"Costar's"
"Costar's Rat, Roach, &c. Exterminator.
"Costar's"
"Costar's" Bed-Bug Exterminator.
"Costar's"
"Costar's" Electric Powder, for Insects, &c.

DESTROYS INSTANTLY.

Rats—Roaches—Mice—Moles—Ground Mice—Bed-Bugs—Ants—Moths—Mosquitoes—Fleas—Insects on Plants, Fowls, Animals, &c., &c., in short, every form and species of VERMIN.

10 Years established in New York City—used by the City Post Office—the City Hotels and Station Houses—the City Steamers, Ships, &c—the City Hotels, "Astor," "St. Nicholas," &c.—and by more than 20,000 private families.

NEW YORK, April 12, 1856

MR. HENRY R. COSTAR—