Miners' Journal.

POTTSVILLE, PA.

SATURDAY, JULY 14, 1860.

HOW DO WE STAND!

The thoughtful observer of the rise and fall of parties, must be struck by the just retribution which has overtaken the Democratic organization, once powerful, and apparently secure, now split into fragments which neither the power of party leaders, nor the selfish aspirations of demagogues can ever reunite. Its fate proves that in the case of parties, as in that of individuals, "honesty is the best policy," and that a bold, reckless and dishonest career, must as surely result in demoralization and utter ruin for the one, as that it will bring to the other the ignominy of incarceration, and disfranchisement.

Four years since the first entering wedge was driven by the Republican party into the apparently solid, but really rotten timbers of the Democratic party, and it received a shock which culminated in its dissolution in 1860. True however, to its hitherto cohesive principle, the spoils and power of office at any price, it is even now endeavoring to patch up a truce between the two wings, regardless of the fact that it is not about men, but principles, that the difficulty has been engendered. The Douglas party however, is firm, and rejecting alliance with the Breckenridge wing, has determined to stand or fall by its leader. It seems certain that Mr. Douglas cannot carry more than a single Southern State, and that his strength lies entirely in the North. Therefore to aid Breckenridge in the North by a union, which would not be reciprocated in the South, would indeed, be folly. This contest it is plain, is not so much against the election of Mr. Lincoln to the Presidency, which fact is looked upon quite free from excitement by the South, as it is for predominance. Which shall be the Democratic party in a national sense, is now the struggle between the Northern and Southern wings of the Democracy. How that will result, whether after the manner of the Kilkenny cat fight, one eating up the other, or in the victory of one, and consequent absorbtion of the other, is problematical. The backbone of pro-slavery power has certainly, been broken, by the defection of its Northern allies, and for that in any event, let us be duly thankful.

As far as Mr. Douglas and his former connection with slavery interests are concerned, a useful lesson can be gleaned by future party leaders. "Put not your trust in princes" is an old, trite proverb, quite as applicable in these days of political tergiversation in this country, as in the darkest period of the Middle Ages, when the despotic hand of a single individual held in its grasp the lives and fortunes of millions. No man in his time and day, bowed lower to, or served with more fidelity, pro-slavery interests, than Stephen A. Douglas. To his instrumentality mainly, was the South indebted for the repeal of the Missouri Compromise, which enabled her to attempt to spread slavery over the fertile fields of Kansas, and from which sprung all the unhappy difficulties which afflicted that Territory. It is an act for which she should, it would be thought, be eternally grateful.—It was for the benefit of her beloved institution. Why should she not be grateful? But mark her treatment of her once doughty champion. Ostracized, he will not we believe, carry a single Southern State, although his hands are yet soiled with her dirty work Surely, there is a moral in this; which is simply, "honesty is the best policy," after all.

But we want a word with our Republican friends. We recognize the demoralized condition of the Democratic party, and the people generally, appreciate the fact that its difficulties are richly merited, false as it is to every true principle of national progress.—We glean naturally, a hope from this state of affairs, in addition to our strength in the popular heart, that we shall be enabled to elect Abraham Lincoln by a handsome majority. We believe that in addition to every State that we carried in 1856 for Fremont, that Pennsylvania will enroll herself on the side of Freedom, and that New Jersey, Illinois and Oregon, will range themselves side by side, with the "Old Keystone." We believe that if the Presidential election were to be held next week, such would be the result.—Of enthusiasm, there is abundance; of confidence too much; of zeal sufficiency; but of quiet, systematic effort, there is far too little. Three months of labor are left to us. We should not subside into inactivity, because of the presence of an enemy divided against itself. We cannot be secure until the sun sets on the day of election. There are thousands of voters in this State, who are to be reasoned with; who should have documents placed in their hands; who must be influenced to act with us. There are county offices to be transferred to the hands of honest and conscientious men. There are representatives to Congress to be elected, who will support the Administration of Mr. Lincoln—an important point, for a good man must be supported by good men, in reforming the administration of the Government.

Thus do we stand, Republicans of Pennsylvania. We must not permit ourselves to be lulled into a false security—an apathy engendered by a fancied certainty of success, which may prove fatal. We must work, unweariedly, if we desire that Pennsylvania shall unequivocally, decide at the approaching elections in favor of those great principles of our party, Freedom in the Territories of the United States, and Protection to the right arm of free American labor.

THE Philadelphia *Press* states that RICHARD J. HALDEMAN, Esq., the member from Pennsylvania of the National Democratic Committee, appointed by the Regular National

COMPLEXION OF THE U. S. SENATE.

Vast results may depend upon the complexion of the United States Senate after the 4th of March, 1861, especially if Mr. LINCOLN should be elected. The following carefully arranged table will be found useful:

STATES:	SENATORS:	Term Expires.				Dem.	Op.	Am.
		1861.		1863.				
Maine,	Clark,		1		1		1	
New Hampshire,	Colliamer,		1		1		1	
Vermont,			1		1		1	
Massachusetts,			1		1		1	
Rhode Island,			1		1		1	
Connecticut,	Foster,		1		1		1	
New York,	Seward,		1		1		1	
New Jersey,			1		1		1	
Pennsylvania,	Bigler,		1		1	1		
Maryland,	Pearce,		1		1	1		
Delaware,			1		1	1		
Virginia,			1		1	1		
North Carolina,	Clingman,		1		1	1		
South Carolina,	Hammond,		1		1	1		
Georgia,	Iverson,		1		1	1		
Florida,	Yulee,		1		1	1		
Alabama,	Fitzpatrick,		1		1	1		
Mississippi,			1		1	1		
Louisiana,	Slidell,		1		1	1		
Texas,			1		1	1		
Arkansas,	R. W. Johnson,		1		1	1		
Tennessee,			1		1	1		
Kentucky,	Crittenden,		1		1		1	
Missouri,	Green,		1		1	1		
Ohio,	Pugh,		1		1		1	
Indiana,	Fitch,		1		1		1	
Illinois,	Trumbull,		1		1		1	
Michigan,			1		1		1	
Wisconsin,	Durkee,		1		1		1	
Iowa,	Harlan,		1		1		1	
Minnesota,			1		1		1	
Oregon,	Lane,		1		1	1		
California,	Gwin,		1		1	1		
Oregon,			1		1		1	
*Vacant.						1		
			21		34	22	27	

The United States Senate until March, 1861, will therefore have thirty-eight Administration Democrats to twenty-seven Republicans, unless in the meantime the Legislature of Oregon shall fill the existing vacancy, which will increase the Republican vote to twenty-eight. On and after the fourth of March, the Senate will probably stand as follows:

	Opp.	Dem.	Am.
Maine,	2		
New Hampshire,	2		
Vermont,	2		
Massachusetts,	2		
Rhode Island,	2		
Connecticut,	2		
New York,	2		
New Jersey,		2	
Pennsylvania,		2	
Maryland,		2	
Delaware,		2	
Virginia,		2	
North Carolina,		2	
South Carolina,		2	
Georgia,		2	
Florida,		2	
Alabama,		2	
Mississippi,		2	
Louisiana,		2	
Texas,		2	
Arkansas,		2	
Tennessee,		2	
Kentucky,	2		
Missouri,		2	
Ohio,	2		
Indiana,	2		
Illinois,	2		
Michigan,	2		
Wisconsin,	2		
Iowa,	2		
Minnesota,	2		
California,	2		
Oregon,	2		
	34	22	

With the admission of Kansas, 2 33

This is a close calculation, but the coming elections may make it closer. North Carolina, Louisiana, and Missouri, may elect Opposition or American Senators, in place of Clingman, Slidell, and Green, and the Republicans may hope of electing a Republican in place of the latter. This would increase the Opposition column three, and correspondingly reduce the other. Then there is a faint chance for electing anti-Administration Senators from Alabama, Arkansas, Georgia, and Florida. We see no prospect of defeating the Republicans for U. S. Senators, in the present division of parties, in any of the free States. If California should reject Gwin, which is probable enough if the anti-Lecompton Democrats and the Republicans unite, as they have just done in Oregon, that will be an Opposition gain, and this example may be followed. Oregon is undoubtedly against Lane, and will send Colonel Baker and an anti-Lecompton Democrat to the new Senate. Of course, much will depend upon the admission of Kansas as a State before the next 4th of March; but this will hardly be resisted unless the Southern men in the Senate are resolved upon revolution. The prospect is full of suggestion to politicians and to aspirants.—*Press.*

OUTRAGE AT JEANESVILLE.

We are in receipt of the following letter from Jeanesville. We are aware that there are many of the laity of the Roman Catholic Church who do not approve of such proceedings; but it shows how uncontrollable some of the more bigoted of them become, where they possess the power, as happens to be the case in Jeanesville, where they are numerous:

JEANESVILLE, July 2d, 1860.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—The reason of my writing to you at this time is to let you know of a transaction that occurred to-day, in the Public School in this place. It appears that the Directors Carey one of the School Teachers, an Irishman by birth and a follower of his Holiness, the Pope, came into the school this afternoon, in search of the Bibles and Testaments, but he did not succeed in getting such from the male teacher. He then went into the female teacher's room, and opened her desk. Without saying one word to her he took out her bible, and tore it all up into small pieces, and threw them out through the window, into the street. There is quite an excitement in town about it; but I do not think they will do anything with him, but let him go, that he may send the same thing over again.

Electioneering is quite at a discount up here; the Democratic leaders have either got sore throats, or some other complaint, for we cannot get any stump speeches at all. Perhaps the reason for it is this—their faces are elongating at such a fearful rate, that the muscles of their tongues, are contracting in proportion and they are not able to speak what they feel. Yours, QUIP.

EDITOR'S TABLE.

DID the publishers of the *Scientific American* see a notice of that paper which we inserted a fortnight since? If they did not, they are on a par with us, who have failed to see their paper since that date.

BOTH SIDES OF THE GRAPE QUESTION.—This is the title of the new work announced some time since, and which has just been issued by A. M. Spangler, editor of *The Farmer and Gardener*.—It is a neat volume, in which the important question whether the present system of cultivation, pruning and general management, is better adapted to promote health, vigor, longevity and productiveness in the grape vine, than a closer approximation to to nature's system, is ably discussed.

The article on the classification of the species and varieties of the grape vine, is not only new, but of the highest importance. Every grape grower, if he has but a single vine, should have a copy, particularly as it can be had for the trifling sum of 35 cts. in cloth or 25 cts. in paper binding Address—A. M. Spangler, Philadelphia.

We would also state that *The Farmer and Gardener* has been recently improved. Its form has been altered, and it is now one of the most valuable and interesting agricultural publications of the country.

Local Affairs.

WEEKLY ALMANAC.

1860.—July.	SUN RISES	SUN SETS	MOON'S CHANGES.
			D. H. M.
14 SATURDAY,....	4 40	7 31	Full M.. 2 11 11 ev
15 SUNDAY,.....	4 41	7 30	Third Q. 11 1 2 m
16 MONDAY,.....	4 42	7 29	New M. 18 9 24 m
17 TUESDAY,.....	4 43	7 29	First Q. 25 9 45 ev
18 WEDNESDAY,..	4 43	7 28	
19 THURSDAY,....	4 44	7 27	
20 FRIDAY,.....	4 45	7 27	

Thermometrical Record for the Week.

P. R. & P. TELEGRAPH OFFICE, Pennsylvania Hall, Pottsville.

		8	2	7	
July	9—Saturday,	63°	69°	67°	clear.
"	9—Monday,	60	79	78	cloudy.
"	10—Tuesday,	76	81	78	clear.
"	11—Wednesday,	71	76	74	"
"	12—Thursday,	70	73	70	"
"	13—Friday,	60	78	65	"

☞ To the Card of Mr. E. Tibbetts, under our advertising head, we ask attention.

☞ *Public School Vacation.*—The vacation in the Public Schools of this Borough, commences to-day, and will continue for a period of six weeks.

☞ *Fatal Result.*—The Tamaqua *People* says that Neal Shovel who was injured by falling down Mr. Carter's Slope at Greenwood, some four or five months ago, died of his injuries last week.

☞ On Monday last, a vehicle in which J. W. Roseberry, Esq., of this Borough, was riding, upset near Minersville, and Mr. R. had his collar-bone broken. The horse became frightened at a military company which was passing.

☞ *The Comet.*—The present comet is said to be a stranger. It passed its perihelion, or point nearest the sun, on the 16th ult., at a distance from the sun of twenty-nine millions of miles. It is now receding from the sun and approaching the earth. It was nearest the earth on Thursday last, and was then distant from us forty-two millions of miles. It is now moving rapidly toward the South and East, but will continue visible until the beginning of August.

☞ *Business Accommodation Train.*—On Monday the Reading Railroad Company commenced running an Accommodation Passenger Train between Reading and Pottsville, to connect with the Reading Accommodation Train to and from Philadelphia. It leaves Pottsville at 10 minutes before 4 A. M., and Reading at 8 P. M., stopping at the way stations on the line. Returning, leaves Philadelphia at 5, P. M., and arrives at Pottsville at 9.50, P. M. By this arrangement, persons can visit Philadelphia and return in the same day, giving 8 hours for business in Philadelphia, and at reduced rates of fare. This is a good arrangement. See advertisement.

There is evidently a greater disposition manifested on the part of the Company to pay some attention to our wants in this region. Formerly they were almost totally disregarded—while other places, which gives them but little trade, comparatively speaking, seemed to obtain all the facilities they required without much trouble.

☞ *All hopes* to the Chief Bergen. The pig question is settled. Swinedom is vanquished.—The ladies breathe freely once more, as they promenade. Now the next question on the carpet is —Does will that useless market house in Market street be pulled down?

☞ *Fire in Minersville.*—On Tuesday morning last, the slaughter house and stable of James Richards, in Minersville, were destroyed with their contents, consisting of a beef that had been killed the evening before, two wagons, some harness, tools, &c. The loss is estimated at $500, on which there is an insurance of $350 in the Farmers' Mutual Insurance Company. The fire was the work of an incendiary, and was discovered by some miners at 2 o'clock.

☞ *Theatre at the Town Hall.*—A number of the prominent ladies and gentlemen of the stock companies of the leading New York and Philadelphia theatres, will commence a short season in this Borough, opening this evening with "All That Glitters is not Gold," and the inimitable farce, "Toodles," in which the low comedian, Mr. Maginley, said to be second only to Burton and Jefferson in the part, will appear. Mr. H. C. Rymer, is acting Manager of the company.

☞ *The Brigade Encampment.*—A meeting of the commissioned officers of the First Regiment was held at the armory of the National Light Infantry, in this Borough, on Wednesday evening, to take into consideration the preliminary arrangements for this encampment. The ground selected is on the hill, north-west of the Prison, and it was decided that the companies here turn out on the afternoon of Monday, 23d inst., and in a body clear it of brush, etc. It will be half a day's work for the Regiment. It was resolved that the Brigade should go into camp on Wednesday, August 29th.

It is well understood that the regiment while encamped, will be subjected to the rules and disciplines of the regular service, in such cases made and provided.

☞ *Interesting Musical Reunion.*—The music-loving citizens of this County are actively engaged in perfecting arrangements for a grand musical festival, to be held on the grounds of the Pottsville Water Company, on Tuesday, August 28th. It is anticipated that thirty-five bands and four singing associations will be present and participate in the exercises. Valuable prizes will be awarded for the best performances. The officers of the Festival are:—

N. J. REER, *President*; A. Satermeister, *Vice President*; P. B. WINGERT and M. OBSTRICK, *Secretaries*; H. Bodeman, *Treasurer*; Max. Leimmers, *Musical Director*; J. M. Wetherill, *Chief Marshal*; F. Allstadt, *Asst. Marshal*.

This the first musical festival on a grand scale, ever projected here, promises to be very interesting and in such capable hands, must be successful.

☞ *The Pottsville Scientific Association.*—This Association continues its meetings. No adjournment is made for the summer months. This bespeaks a zeal highly creditable to the members. Among other transactions worthy of notice, we feel called on to allude particularly to some communications made to the Association by Mr. John Warner upon earthwork computations. Mr. Warner has at different times, brought to the notice of the Society portions of his forthcoming work on the subject named. This extension of Guldin's Theorem to the computation of solidities upon curves, and to certain cases of straight work, is considered new and valuable by the Society among whose members are several engineers of standing.

We hope the Association may continue to labor for the acquisition and diffusion of knowledge. Surely its efforts cannot fail to be appreciated by the public, and especially by our own citizens.

☞ *Destructive Fire.*—On Sunday morning last, about 2 o'clock, flames were discovered issuing from the distillery building of P. Womelsdorf & Co., situated in this Borough, on the St. Clair Road, near the Gas Works. The building was brick. The Good Intent and Humane Fire Companies were soon on the ground, but there being no plugs in the vicinity, they were not able to go into service. As there was much valuable property in the vicinity, successful efforts were made to save it, while the distillery was burned to the ground. The fire is supposed to have been the work of an incendiary. The building and machinery cost about $12,000, and the stock of grain and liquor destroyed, was valued at $1376. Upon this there is an insurance of $9,376, distributed as follows: On Building and machinery, in Philadelphia Fire and Life Insurance Company, $5000; in Farmer's Mutual, $3000; on stock of liquor, grain, etc., in Quaker City, $1376. Leaving a loss to Messrs Womelsdorff & Co., of some $4000 over insurance, which may be reduced to $3000, as it is estimated that materials worth about $1000, will be rescued from the ruins. The building was erected only two or three years since.

☞ *Campaign Music.*—We understand that several gentlemen of the musical faculty are making arrangements for the organization of a Glee Club and accompanying orchestra, to be connected with the Lincoln and Hamlin Club of this place, for active service during the canvass.

The best talent and the most able performers of the place, we are told, will have charge of the organization.

We believe the first general introduction of *political* songs, was in the memorable campaign of 1840, and the Democrats then said that the here of "Tippecanoe and Tyler too," were *sung* into the Presidential chair by the Whigs.

The songs and the music of the arduous Clay and Polk contest of '44, was of a higher grade than those of '40, for until lately political song writing was not much cultivated.

Now we have in the catalogue of political song writers some of the most distinguished names of the country.

Those of 1856 are an advance in refinement upon both those of the two former periods, and we suppose that in the present campaign of 1860, which is likely to be as animated as any in the past history of the country in songs and music and all the accessories of party labor, we shall witness as in everything else, the progressive spirit of "Young America."

☞ *Burial of a Volunteer of the War with Mexico.*—One by one, like leaves before the Autumn blast, are the members of the little band in our midst, known as the Mexican volunteers, dropping away. Every few months of late, the grave has opened to receive one, and the last honors have been paid by the lessening band.—We have now to record the death of a man who served with honor in the corps which left this Borough for the seat of war, under the command of Capt. James Nagle, from Vera Cruz to the City of Mexico, and who for thirty years was a citizen of this County. John C. Gilman, aged 48 years, died at his residence in Cass Township, this County, on Sunday last. The remains were interred on Monday afternoon in the Cemetery of St. Patrick's Church, this Borough, with military honors. The companies in line were, the Washington Artillerists, Washington Yeagers, Ringgold Rifles, Minersville Artillery, and Columbian Infantry. A dirge was played by the Pottsville Cornet Band,—which tendered its services to the Brigade for the occasion,—as the body was borne through the streets of the Borough. The cortege was headed by Major General Wynkoop and Brigadier General Reifsnyder, on foot. During the afternoon, the flags at Mata's and Hill's hotels were at half-mast. At the grave the firing was done by the Ringgold Rifles. The funeral procession was one of the largest and most imposing ever witnessed in this Borough—a proper tribute of respect to a true soldier and estimable citizen.

☞ *Brutal Outrage—Unsuccessful Attempt to arrest the Guilty Parties—Two Persons shot.*—We learn that two men who live at Swatara, this County, perpetrated a brutal outrage on a respectable married woman, on the public highway, on the 5th of July. While one committed the act, the other stood with a loaded pistol to prevent interference. Warrants were issued for the arrest of the parties, and on Sunday last, six constables from Llewellyn went to Swatara to arrest them.—The constables were however, assaulted in the discharge of the duty, and some of them knocked down. In the melee the prisoners made their escape, and have not since been apprehended. It appears that a brother of one of the accused was prominent in the rescue, and was fired at by the officers. Two balls struck him on the head, inflicting however, only scalp wounds, while another man had four balls pass through his hat.—During the disturbance, a boy named John Ryan, aged 16 years, in no wise connected with the affair, but merely passing the spot, was accidentally shot, the ball going through the body, narrowly escaping the lungs and heart. He was attended by Dr. John T. Carpenter, and is now convalescing.

Sunday is possibly, a day in which it is not advisable, to make arrests at times, and it is especially unfortunate that the officers failed in this instance, as the men stand charged with a crime as revolting in the eyes of society, as it is grave in a legal point of view.

PROTECTION AND FREEDOM.

[CORRESPONDENCE OF THE MINERS' JOURNAL.]

MOUNT CARMEL, July 3d, 1860.

MESSRS. EDS.:—To-night we had an enthusiastic meeting of the Lincoln Club, with almost all of the voters in and about the town who have subscribed their names, present. The meeting was called to order by the President, Jonas L. Stine, and on motion the meeting was addressed by Archibald Miller, Esq., Mr. George A. Kesler, John E. James, Esq., and Mr. Wm. Montalbus.—On motion of Archibald Miller a unanimous vote of thanks was tendered to the Hon. James H. Campbell for his patriotic services in the last session of Congress. All honor to his noble name. On motion the meeting adjourned to meet on every Monday evening until the campaign is over. We will be very happy to have visits from any gentlemen who have boarded the campaign vessel of Protection, for

"Who will be a traitor—knave?
Who can fill a coward's grave?
Who so base as he a slave?
Let him turn and flee."

Very Respectfully yours, A. M.

ENTHUSIASTIC REPUBLICAN MEETING.

[CORRESPONDENCE OF THE MINERS' JOURNAL.]

ASHLAND July 3d, 1860.

MESSRS. EDS.:—The Republicans of our Borough opened the campaign with a large and enthusiastic meeting on Saturday evening, June 30th. Wesley Manley, Esq., was elected chairman, and Messrs. Mahlon Work and Wm. Christian, Secretaries.

The President introduced to the meeting the Hon. Robert M. Palmer, who made a powerful and eloquent argument in favor of the Republican cause and candidates, showing that both Douglas and Breckenridge were incontestably Free Trade in principle, and that whoever voted for either of them, voted directly to deprive his family of bread. His fearless dissection of the rottenness and corruption of the Democratic party was evidently a very unpalatable dose to those democrats who were present; but the meeting passed off without any disturbance.

At the conclusion of Mr. Palmer's speech the meeting gave him three hearty cheers.

He was followed by Lin. Bartholomew, Esq., in a brief but telling speech, whose keen and biting sarcasm, and aptly introduced anecdotes, illustrating the position of the Democratic party, elicited frequent and rapturous applause, and at its close the audience responded with three cheers for the speaker. The meeting then adjourned with three times three for the Republican candidates, Lincoln, Hamlin and Curtin.

The campaign thus opened in our borough, we intend closing with a clear majority of 75 for the ticket.

Yours, B. F. G.

[COMMUNICATED.]

SUNDAY SCHOOL CELEBRATION OF THE 4th.

MINE HILL GAP, July 5th, 1860.

MESSRS. EDS.:—I write to inform you how our Sunday School and its numerous friends enjoyed themselves on the 84th anniversary of our country's independence. Our Sunday School, Protestant Episcopal, under the Superintendancy of Mr. Thos. W. Patton, assembled at the public school house in this place, precisely at 9 o'clock, A. M., and forming the procession agreeably to the order of the day, we commenced our march. The Infant School was in front with a banner bearing the inscription, "The Mine Hill Gap P. E. Infant S. S. Department," with the very significant motto "Feed my Lambs," underneath, the whole surrounded by a wreath of evergreens dotted with beautiful flowers, bearing in themselves the lesson of the greatest significance. Following after was the other department of the S. S., bearing at its head a banner with the motto, "God is Love," with the inscription, the M. H. G. P. E. S. School, and with suitable Scripture mottoes underneath, the whole inclosed in a wreath of evergreens, presenting to the eye a scene the most lovely and instructive to the Christian observer. The procession moved to the grove at 10½, A. M. The children being seated, the opening exercises began by singing a hymn suited to the day and occasion, after which prayer was offered up by our Superintendent to Almighty God, thanking Him for the many privileges, temporal and spiritual, which we as an independent people and nation enjoy, and entreating us indebted to Him for; requesting continuance of still further mercies, and concluding with a supplication for His blessing on the exercises of the day, with a further one to be extended to the Sunday School and all interested in the imparting of Scriptural knowledge to the minds of the children, inspiring Him to prepare their hearts a affections to receive the instructions given, so that it may bring forth fruit to His honor and glory through Jesus Christ our Lord.

Beer and cakes were then served out to the children, after which they were dismissed for recreation until dinner was prepared. At one o'clock the children were assembled around the table; a blessing asked, and then the most interesting part presented itself. Truly to see the smiling faces and happy looks of so many children, 98 in all, would make a scene worthy the painter's pencil or poet's skill to portray. But, Messrs. Editors, our time was miscalculated. There was a number of very interesting pieces to be said, and instead of engaging in these exercises at 2 o'clock, as was expected, the clock was on the stroke of four before we commenced. The pieces were all well said, giving general satisfaction to all present; after which the Declaration of Independence was read by Mr. E. Johnson, concluding the exercises with an address on the utility and advantages arising from Sunday School instruction.

Perhaps your numerous readers will be surprised when we tell them that the small village of Mine Hill Gap, consisting of miners' houses belonging to Mr. J. Dundas, could turn out such a vast number of children from a Protestant School, having besides 33 visitors, principally the parents —making our number 131.. Surely never before did the praises of God rise up in these woods with more heartfelt gratulation than on this occasion.

But I must conclude my observations, praying that a knowledge of what can be done by a few miners and laborers in the cause of Sunday Schools, may be the means of exciting others to a holy zeal for the extension of the Kingdom of Christ.

I remain yours,

EDWARD JOHNSON.

PEN, PASTE AND SCISSORS.

☞ Mrs. Barbara Nell, aged 107 years, died in Philadelphia on Monday.

☞ Several heavy mercantile failures have taken place in San Francisco recently.

☞ Mr. Blair has been nominated by the Republicans of St. Louis, for re-election to Congress.

☞ There are now eight journals in Missouri that support Lincoln and Hamlin.

☞ The apple crop of Chester county, will be a failure for 1860.

☞ The German population in this country is estimated at 7,300,000.

☞ There have been many deaths in the South lately, from *coup de soliel*.

☞ It is thought that the Great Eastern steamship will be brought round to Philadelphia.

☞ A decree is said to have been signed by Garibaldi confiscating all the property of the Sicilian Jesuits.

☞ The visitors to the Great Eastern are increasing, and the directors rejoice in the prospect of large gains.

☞ Rev. Dr. Dan'l C. Houghton, editor of the *American Presbyterian*, of Philadelphia, expired on Sunday.

☞ The treasury of the State of Michigan is bankrupt. There is not a dollar in it with which to meet the most ordinary demands.

☞ Mr. Samuel Colyer, who claims to be the champion of Pleak county, Ky., offers to fight the Benecia Boy for any amount from $1,000 to $20,000.

☞ In 1856 the Republicans had but one German paper in Indiana, but now the tables are turned, and the Democrats have but one, while six are doing service for the Republican cause. The Illinois *State Journal* gives a list of sixty-nine German papers in the country that have raised the Lincoln and Hamlin flag.

MRS. FLUTTER.

BY THE BARD OF TOWER HALL.

A Mrs. Flutter, having pride,
But very little cash,
Resolved to entertain her friends,
That she might "cut a dash."

She sent her invitations out,
On paper edged with gold,
And then, to make a fine display,
She worked with efforts bold.

She borrowed dishes, knives and forks,
And silver-plated ware,
Until she had enough to make
Her guests with wonder stare.

Preserves and cakes and fruits she bought
On credit at a store:—
With dainty things her table groaned,
When now she had opened before.

Her guests arrived, and glibly talked
Until the hour for tea:
Their gossip very few escaped—
They went from A to Z.

A daughter Mrs. Flutter has—
A jenny, five years old—
The guests of her made such a pet,
Her little tongue grew bold;

And when upon the table fare
The happy party smiled,
Proud Mrs. Flutter's fun was spoiled"
By secrets from her child.

She said, "O see these silver things!
These pretty things so bright!
My Mother borrowed them she did,
Of Mrs. Brown, last night!

"And all these China cups and plates
Which you have never seen,
And these white-handled knives and forks
Belong to Mrs. Green.

"This pretty linen table-cloth,
She got of Mrs. Knowles;
For ours was kind of ratted out,
And full of stains and holes."

Poor Mrs. Flutter, faint and weak,
Looked ghastly pale, and wild:
Quite choked with shame, she gasped for breath,
And murmured, "Hush! my child."

Too late, alas!—the "cat was out,"
And Mrs. Flutter's pride
Was humbled to the dust—she stood
Exposed and mortified.

NOTE—
A moral to our truthful song
We'll sing in earnest tones:—
A wife should entertain her friends
With what she really owns!

Then, with a husband neatly dressed
In clothes from TOWER HALL,
She'll win respect: her honest pride
Will never have a fall.

A complete and well assorted stock of Summer Clothing now on hand, unsurpassed in style and workmanship, to which the attention of wholesale and retail buyers is invited, at

BENNETT & CO.'S
Tower Hall Clothing Bazaar,
518 *Market street, between 5th & 6th, South side,*
PHILADELPHIA.

THE OXYGENATED BITTERS.

The qualities of this medicine have placed it upon an imperishable foundation. In destroying disease, and restoring health it has no parallel.

For the following Complaints these Bitters are a Specific, viz.—*Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Heart-Burn, Acidity, Costiveness, Loss of Appetite, Headache, and General Debility.*

In many sections of our country this preparation is extensively used by physicians in their practice, and it seems to have restored many to health who were apparently beyond the reach of the healing art.

Subjoined are a few tributes from well-known physicians:

MANSFIELD, Tioga Co., Pa., Aug. 26, 1858.

I have used the Oxygenated Bitters in my practice with decided success in debility and general prostration, &c., and confidently recommend it in General Debility, and diseases of the digestive organs.

P. H. WHITE, M. D.

AUBURN, N. Y., Sept. 6, 1858.

Gentlemen:—I have been in the drug business the last fifteen years, and have never sold a medicine which has given such great satisfaction in cases of Dyspepsia as the Oxygenated Bitters, and in this disease I always recommend it.

H. G. FOWLER.

BURLINGTON, Vt., Nov. 12, 1854.

Gentlemen:—I am pleased to state, that I have tried the Oxygenated *Bitters* for Indigestion and Debility, and found immediate relief from using only a part of a bottle. *I have the greatest confidence in it as a cure for Dyspepsia and General Debility*, and recommend it with much pleasure.

Yours, &c.,

JAMES LEWIS, M. D.

Prepared by SETH W. FOWLE & Co., Boston, and for sale by John G. Brown, J. C. Hughes, and Henry Saylor, Pottsville; C. & L. Huntzinger, Schuylkill Haven; H. W. Provost, Minersville, E. J. Fry and McGuigan & Fowler, Tamaqua; H. Shissler, Port Carbon, Paul Barr, Pinegrove; G. Reagan & Son, Tuscarora; Charles Marsh, New Philadelphia; Jonas Robinhold, Port Clinton; R. H. Irvin, St. Clair; E. Phillips, New Castle; John Williams, Middleport; and by dealers every where. 25-4t

☞ **Holloway's Pills and Ointment.**—*Avoid Impostors!*—As there may be counterfeits in the market, it is well to know that there is a protection to the purchaser in the Water-mark that exists in every leaf of the genuine book of directions, viz., the words, "*Holloway, New York and London*," which can be seen in the paper itself on being held to the light. In external inflammation there is an unnatural rush of blood to the part affected. The effect of the Ointment is to disperse the local fever. The Pills relieve the system, through the bowels, of all morbid and irritating influences.

☞ **Every Summer** the demand for Hostetter's Celebrated Stomach Bitters increases. It is found to be the only certain preservation of bodily strength during a period when the atmosphere is calculated to induce a feeling of lassitude and indigestion. The worst cases of Diarrhœa, and Dysentery give way to its potent influences. Innumerable persons, who are now alive and well, must thank the discoverer of this preparation that they have not been swept away in the harvest of death. This is the best evidence of its remarkable success, as a general thing, they will not speak a word in favor of advertised preparations. They have been compelled to acknowledge the claims of the Bitters upon the community. Sold by all druggists. 28 1m

☞ **Dirt (3) Enterprises** seem to be pervading all classes of business. A baker in New York cooks up a dirt-ball-dollar in every hundredth loaf. This his bread, like Spring shad, "hath a *slivery* taste." And in some of our country papers we notice advertisements of *gift clothing* stores located in this city, (yet strange to say, the parties have neglected to advertise in the city papers,) where a gold watch will be put in the pocket of a pair of pantaloons. Indeed, some of our clothing dealers ought to give gold watches with their suits to make the clothing worth the price. But whatever others may do, CHAS. STOKES' *One-Price*, under the "Continental," cannot afford to give gold *shirt studs* with *vests*, or *gold watches* with *coats*, as we give the value of the purchaser's money in the clothing itself; and parties in want of jewelry, we would recommend to some respectable jeweler as more legitimate to trade, and more creditable and advantageous to the purchaser. 20

☞ **Save your Horses.**—We take great pleasure in recommending the Mexican Mustang Liniment as a valuable and indispensable article for Sprains, Sores, Scratches or Galls on Horses. Our men have used it for severe Burns, Bruises, Sores, Stiff Joints and Rheumatic Pains, and all say it acts like magic. We use no other Liniment.

J. W. HEWITT.

Foreman for American, Harndeen's and Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express.

GENTLEMEN:—"I had a negro man worth $1,800, who took cold from a bad hurt, and was useless for over one year; I had used everything I could hear of without benefit, until I tried the Mustang Liniment. "It has perfectly cured him, and I can now take the above price for him. Respectfully, yours,

JAMES DORRANCE."

☞ Every Planter, Teamster, and Family should have this invaluable article. Sold by all respectable dealers everywhere. BARNES & PARK,
[14-1m] *Proprietors, New York.*

☞ **Good Looking People,** are generally possessed of good health, and a disordered condition of the system soon betrays itself in the pallid and careworn countenance of the unhappy invalid. Dr. O. PHELPS BROWN'S ACACIAN BALSAM, is justly celebrated as the most successful remedy of this or any other age, in curing Consumption, nervous disorders, complaints of the liver, heart, etc., and it not only imparts a new life and activity to every organ, but it also *rejuvenates* the system, making the elderly look once more young and fair and the young more blooming than ever before. The invigorating properties of the Acacian Balsam are such, that while it stimulates every organ of the physical being to increased activity, it places each in possession of a renewed vital force sufficient to eject disease and eradicate every morbid taint which may be lurking in the system. It also increases the secretions, produces new and healthy flesh and blood, and consequently makes whole and hearty, the entire being. It is a tonic alterative and diaphoretic, a stimulant without the faintest reaction. It does not simply remedy a local evil, but purifies and ejects *every* vestige of disease from the body.

**The *Acacian Balsam* is sold at $2 per large bottle. It may be obtained of HENRY SAYLOR, *Pottsville*, Sole Agent, who has also a small number of specimen bottles, price 25 cents, that all may have the opportunity of trial. [28-1m]

☞ **Relief in Ten Minutes!**
DR. HAYNE'S
Pulmonic Wafers!
The most Certain and Speedy Remedy ever discovered for all Diseases of the Chest and Lungs, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Consumption, Bronchitis, Influenza, Hoarseness, Difficult Breathing, Sore Throat, &c.

These wafers give the most instantaneous and perfect relief, and when per-severed with according to directions, will effect a rapid and lasting cure. Thousands have been restored to perfect health who have tried other means in vain. To all classes and constitutions they are equally a blessing and a cure—none need despair, no matter how long the disease may have existed, or however severe it may be, provided the organic structure of the vital organs is not hopelessly decayed. Every one afflicted should give them an impartial trial.

To *Vocalists* and *Public Speakers*, these wafers are peculiarly valuable; they will in one day remove the most severe occasional hoarseness; and their regular use for a few days will, at all times, increase the power and flexibility of the voice, greatly improving its tone, compass and clearness, for which purpose they are regularly used by many professional vocalists.

☞ PRICE 25 CENTS PER BOX. ☜
HENRY SAYLOR, *Agent for Pottsville.*
June 30, '60 26-ow1y

"Not dangerous to the Human Family."
"Rats come out of their holes to die."

VERMIN.

"Costar's" R