Miners' Journal.

POTTSVILLE, PA.

SATURDAY, JUNE 11, 1859.

"A WEAK INVENTION OF THE ENEMY."

The press and orators of the Sham Democracy, have since the election in Massachusetts on the "two years' amendment," labored very industriously, to cast what odium may exist in connection with that measure, on the shoulders of the Republicans. Before the election in Massachusetts, the Democratic party in that State worked in secret to secure that result, and now they raise the cry of "wolf, wolf," without cause. The speakers at the Democratic meeting in this Borough on Monday, among whom was Robert Tyler, imported laid much stress on the alleged fact that on the Republican party rested the responsibility of the adoption of a measure in Massachusetts, calculated to make an unjust distinction as far as the adopted citizens of this country are concerned, and deprive them in a measure of their rights. Now when we see these imported orators raise their trembling hands; eyes apparently streaming with tears, and voices calling down curses on a particular party for its alleged disregard of the rights of a large mass of most worthy citizens, we are tempted to sympathize with them. We are almost worked up to the indignation point ourselves. Yet when we pick up the Boston *Pilot*—the leading Roman Catholic publication of the country—of May 21, 1859, and read its opinion of the manner in which the amendment was adopted, we are bothered. Are these speakers of the Democracy merely acting for effect, or are they insane, we are tempted to ask. How are we to construe their indignation, when we have the fact before us, on the authority of an Illinois German, who was in Massachusetts during the recent canvass, that pending that canvass the DEMOCRATIC PARTY *was holding secret meetings and resolved* TO VOTE FOR THE PROPOSITION? This certainly looks bad for our would-be defenders of the political rights of the adopted citizen.

But we have the Boston *Pilot's* testimony in regard to this matter of responsibility, which cannot be easily refuted. It is to the point, and whatever the merits or demerits of the "two years' amendment" to the constitution of Massachusetts, places the burden of its passage where it properly belongs, on the shoulders of the Democratic party. But to the article. We ask particular attention to it, as it is a complete refutation of the charges that have been made, and will continue we presume, to be made, against the Republican party, in this matter:

From the Boston Pilot of May 21, 1859.

"The Amendment Adopted."

"We announced, in a paragraph in the *Pilot* of last week, that the 'two years' amendment' to the constitution was adopted on the 9th inst. The vote by which it was ratified has surprised and bothered everybody. The aggregate vote was something less than one-sixth of the number of legal voters in the State. It may be set down at 35,000. The majority for the amendment was about 6,000, or about twenty-five per cent., judging from the returns from 273 towns, which left only 57 towns to be heard from. The vote of Boston was as comparatively small as that of any city or town. At the State election, in November last, there were 15,376 votes cast. On Monday, the 9th inst., there were only 6,014 votes cast. In November Mr. Beach, the democratic candidate for governor, headed the list, in the city, having 6,369, against 6,298 for governor Banks. On the amendment the vote stood, 3,518 for it, to 2,405 against it, being less than one-half of the Democratic vote six months ago. The same is true of the Democratic vote on the amendment throughout the State. It is quite clear that the Democrats could have defeated the amendment without straining themselves much. The Republicans were by no means unanimous in their support of it. In the county of Worcester, the strongest Republican county in the State, the vote, on the amendment, was nearly even. Several Republican papers opposed it. The force of the opposition to it was so much more that impaired by the consideration that the amendment was an impolitic move for the party, as it would be likely to offend and alienate the German Republicans of the West. The regular Know-Nothings do not appear to have troubled themselves about the amendment at all, it being too small a measure of proscription for their appetite. Only one regular Know-Nothing paper in Boston (the *Atlas* and *Bee*) supported it. Three Republican papers in this city supported it, and two were neutral. The Democratic papers opposed it, and the smallness of the Democratic vote cannot be charged upon the Democratic press in Boston. The smallness of the vote in the city and in the State, for the amendment, may be explained. In November last the Know Nothing vote in the city was only 1,898, or one eighth of the aggregate vote for Governor. This falling off from their immense vote in former years arises from the large extent to which the party has been absorbed by the Republican party. The diminished vote of the Republicans is by their own showing, to be attributed to a desire not to compromise the party in other parts of the country in the approaching Presidential election. *But the smallness of the Democratic vote against the amendment cannot be explained in this way.* The responsibility of the proposition to amend the constitution, and its adoption by two thirds votes by two legislatures, as the less preliminary to its submission to the people, rested wholly on the shoulders of Gov. Banks and the Republicans in the two legislatures. *If ever the bulk of the Democratic party were in earnest in their professions in behalf of the principle of naturalization, and the equal rights of naturalized citizens, the time to have shown it effectually was on Monday, the 9th of May.—They had an opportunity to prevent the perpetration of a great wrong against them, and they were bound to have improved it;* but it appears that a large majority of the party, following the lead of Collector Austin, thought it would be shrewder policy not to meddle with the question at all, so that they might stand void of offence towards the miserable remnant of Know-Nothings, which still hides its diminished head in a few scattered dark-lantern lodges throughout the State. In Presidential elections, the Democratic party has had the support of a large majority of the naturalized voters. The recent support given to the free soil idea by naturalized Protestant and infidel Germans *ought not to have turned the native Democrats of Massachusetts against the naturalized voters who had stood by them for half a century.*"

Here is the matter in a nut-shell. The Democratic party of Massachusetts had the power to defeat the "amendment." But the great mass of the party remained away from the polls. They cared nothing for the so-called jeopardized rights of the men who for years have acted with them. No, the idea was, to cast the necessary odium upon the Republican party, and to compass that end, they sacrificed the interests of those whom their speakers and presses are now endeavoring again to gull. Whether the position is despicable or not, we leave our readers to judge.

Our opinion of this "two years' amendment" is, that as far as the large Eastern cities are concerned, some restriction of the kind is absolutely necessary, to check the vast election frauds, which for years have been successfully perpetrated by the aid of Irish voters newly imported. Were an accurate statement of the number of Irishmen who have in years past voted on naturalization papers, after a few months residence in this country, given to the public, it would startle even our adopted citizens of German and other birth, who we feel sure, are as jealous of their rights and privileges, as the most thorough native of us all. In this manner many elections have been carried illegally, and many incapable and dishonest officers have been thrust upon our people. No good citizen, adopted or native, will contend that this state of affairs should go on, unrebuked. While therefore, we are determined that the Democratic party shall shirk none of its just responsibilities; while we will acquiesce in no intolerance, as far as our adopted citizens are concerned, we think that some step was necessary to check the outrageous frauds perpetrated on the eve of almost every election in the cities of the Atlantic border and that Massachusetts adopted the only plan which could effectually combat the evil. It may be urged that the time is too long after taking out the necessary papers of citizenship. That question we will not argue. It may or it may not be. That can be locally regulated. But we do contend that the principle embraced in the Massachusetts amendment is sound; and we believe that every good adopted citizen in the country, will under the circumstances, cheerfully acquiesce, until a better state of affairs shall be inaugurated.

THE Vicksburg *True Southron*, a Democratic journal, rejoices in the fact that "a convention of nine Southern States has deliberately spoken in favor of a repeal of all laws, State and Federal, prohibiting the slave trade." It further remarks that possibly the people will not endorse this action, but the proposition has gone forth with the deliberate sanction of the representatives of those States, and the small politicians and hoary conservatives of the day can no longer evade the issue."

A ZOUAVE, on stepping on board of a vessel at Marseilles bound for the seat of war, was stopped by the colonel of the regiment, who recognised, in the soldier's dress, a young girl, who had assumed the uniform in order not to be separated from her lover.

STEAM ON THE SCHUYLKILL CANAL.—Messrs. Richards & Diogee of Port Providence, have just made a contract with the Schuylkill Navigation Company for the building of a new boat, to which steam is to be applied as an experiment upon their canal.

G. F. DECKER, of Scranton, has received a patent for improvement in railroad car trucks.

UNITED STATES RAILROAD AND MINING REGISTER.—If Mr. Fernon's paper claimed to be a political machine, we should set it down for a right hearty Democratic, Free Trade sheet, merely from its tone. Aspiring we believe, to no such distinction, its sentiments on some subjects, are to say the least, peculiar, in fact peculiarly hostile to the interests of this country. The *Register* seems desirous of claiming affinity to the Free Trade notions of its cotemporary, the Philadelphia *Ledger*, and with pooh-pooh here, and arrogant assumption there, it plumes itself upon being the "cock of the walk" exponent of *the* policy which should rule our railway, mining and other interests. Personally, undoubtedly a happy feeling.—Thoughtful men generally view assumption based on untenable grounds, with contempt. These remarks are suggested by the tone and manner in which the *Register* has seen proper to comment upon two articles recently published in the MINERS' JOURNAL—one on the proposed Broad Mountain Tunnel, the other on a foreign scheme to supply American collieries with—not *capital, talent* nor *experience*—machinery, as our railroads have been supplied with foreign iron, to the destruction of our iron interests. We regret that the late hour at which we observed the comments, and our crowded space, defeats a desire to notice them more at length, at this time; but the *Register* may rest assured that its Jesuitical sophistry and undignified sneering, shall receive at our hands proper attention.

DRAWING-ROOM BILLIARDS.—An ornament for the drawing-room, an addition to home games, has been very recently introduced into France, called the drawing-room billiard table. It is about three feet square, and stands upon three carved legs, joined together by a well turned ornamental centre piece. The table turns on a pivot, and always presents the billiard ball to the opponent player, whether standing or sitting, as at chess or draughts. By means of a water-mark and a screw, the table is always kept in equilibrium, and can be used in a garden, or a balcony. The cues are of a simple and elegant shape, and by a spring, are capable of producing all the effects known to billiard players on the common table; the cues, when not in use, are placed in very tasteful stands, with little columns in the centre, with cups on the tops for balls. The game is just the same as if played on the large tables, rapid progress being made in a short time.

EDITOR'S TABLE.

ANNE OF GEIERSTEIN. Waverley Novels. Philadelphia: T. B. Peterson & Brothers.

Anne of Geierstein shows more than any of Scott's novels, the extraordinary poetic intuition, the mysterious clairvoyance by which genius penetrates regions foreign to its nature, and eras long passed away. The present volume belongs to the twenty-five cent or five dollar series, published by Messrs. Peterson.

Local Affairs.

WEEKLY ALMANAC.

1859.—June.	SUN RISES	SUN SETS	MOON'S CHANGES.	D. H. M.
11 SATURDAY,	4 28	7 30	New M.	1 2 14 m.
12 SUNDAY,	4 28	7 30	First Q.	7 5 52 e.
13 MONDAY,	4 28	7 31	Full M.	15 5 22 m.
14 TUESDAY,	4 28	7 31	Last Q.	23 9 56 m.
15 WEDNESDAY,	4 28	7 32	New M.	30 9 45 m.
16 THURSDAY,	4 28	7 32		
17 FRIDAY,	4 28	7 33		

Thermometrical Record for the Week.

P. R & P. TELEGRAPH OFFICE, *Pennsylvania Hall, Pottsville.*

June 4—Saturday,	8 A.M. 55°	2 P.M. 69°	7 P.M. 60°	cloudy.
" 6—Monday,	62	73	64	clear.
" 7—Tuesday,	69	73	67	"
" 8—Wednesday,	72	76	75	cloudy.
" 9—Thursday,	62	68	65	clear.
" 10—Friday,	65	72	56	cloudy.

Thomas Oakins, employed at the mines of George S. Repplier, was accidentally killed last week. He leaves a wife and child.

The Ashland Dragoons have been reorganized and were inspected last week. They are said to be in a very effective condition.

A man named Clarke, was seriously injured in the mines of Mr. Holman, Ashland, last week, by a fall of Coal. He is recovering.

Resignation.—Mr. John Schwalm, Steward of the Schuylkill County Alms House, has tendered his resignation, to take effect from Monday next. Mr. S. will remove to his old home in Hubley township, with his family.

Schuylkill Hagen Cricket Club.—The officers are: President, JOS. F. DENGLER; V. President, Albert Robinson; Secretary, A. A. Hesson; Treasurer, H. J. Stager. Ground Committee, Jos. F. Dengler, Jas. W. Holms, and Geo. W. Saylor.

Hard to Beat.—Mr. Gottlieb Schaubel of Wayne township, Schuylkill County, left at our office on Tuesday last, a few stalks of Rye, raised on his farm, which measured eight feet, eight inches in height. This is an extraordinary growth, and shows how favorable the season has been for the husbandman.

It should be remembered that Grover & Baker's Sewing Machines are made light and strong; they are easily packed, easily put in order, and can be used to advantage anywhere.—They are a splendid article to do family sewing with. They possess every quality which can commend them to the buyer. Green & Hoffman, Jewelers, Centre street, this Borough, are agents for their sale in this County.

Interesting Cricket Match.—A match between the Germantown and Pottsville Cricket Clubs, will take place to-day on the ground of the latter. The wickets will be pitched this morning at 8 o'clock. The following are the eleven of the Pottsville Club: Messrs. Maher, Fox, Thompson, Edmonds, Hunt, R. C. Green, Ridgway, Sillyman, D. B. Green, G. Gowen and Wallace. It is anticipated that the match during its progress, will attract a large number of spectators.

Save Money these Hard Times.—They are determined to keep business moving during the dull season, at "the Bee Hive" in Centre St., adjoining the Pottsville House, having reduced prices to a very low figure for their large and handsome assortment of New Dress Trimmings, Fringes, Embroideries, Gloves and Hosiery, Extension Skirts, Elegant Sun Umbrellas and Parasols, Knitting Zephyrs, Perfumery and Fancy Articles. Our friends will find it to their advantage to give them a call.

Temperance Meeting at Minersville.—A Temperance meeting will be held at the Methodist Church, in Minersville, on Monday evening next, under the auspices of the Sons of Temperance, Pottsville Division, No. 52, on which occasion addresses will be delivered by the Rev. B. F. Price and Benj. Haywood, Esq.

The Divisions of Sons of Temperance, and the Sections of Cadets, from Port Carbon, Schuylkill Haven, Cressona, and other places, are expected to be present. The meeting will be presided over by C. W. Taylor, Esq., and be opened at 7½ o'clock.

Schuylkill County Agricultural, Horticulturist and Mechanical Association.—At a regular stated meeting of this Association, held at the public house of Mrs. Koons, Schuylkill Haven, on Saturday, June 4th, 1859, the following Committee of Arrangements was appointed:—C. S. Leader, J. M. Koons, Dr. J. G. Koehler, T. C. Zulick and Henry Hesser.

On motion, the President, Secretary and C. S. Leader, were appointed a Committee to fix and publish a list of premiums.

The 4th, 5th and 6th of October having been fixed upon at a former meeting as the time for holding the next annual exhibition.

Extract from the minutes:

J. S. KELLER, *R. Secy.* J. J. PAXSON, *Pres't*

*The "Whangdoodle" portion of the Democracy of the County, held a meeting at the Court House on Monday. Having everything its own way this time, the fixtures and furniture of the Court Room did not suffer, we are happy to say. About half the meeting was composed of members of the Opposition, who while waiting for their own to convene, amused themselves by listening to the speeches of the imported and native speakers. The resolutions adopted among other things, endorsed of course, the Buchanan Administration and its accompanying iniquities; cause down on banks and banking hard, and—Heaven save the mark!—swore eternal fidelity to the interests of the workingmen. That is about all the Democratic party ever does for the workingmen. It promises most loudly, and leaves the Opposition to perform. But the workingmen understand that point pretty thoroughly. We will say no more about it. The day of successful Democratic cant and humbug in Schuylkill County has passed, never we trust, to return. In the future, the mass of our workingmen will vote with their eyes wide open, and for the candidates of that party which performs what it promises. It probably, is as well to notice, that the meeting recognized as the only orthodox Democratic journals in the County, the following—*Democratic Standard* and *Jeffersonian Democrat* of Pottsville, and *Miners' Gazetteer*. The *Record* per consequence, is "*no what*." Will the Corporal survive? He must drum up some Forney spirit, and "pitch in." Won't do to submit tamely, to such a cut.*

Wm. Hower has been elected captain of the Minersville Artillerists, and Joseph H. Hoskins captain of the Ringold Rifle Company, of Minersville.

Germantown vs. Pottsville.—The Pottsville cricketers are becoming saucy. They now fancy themselves able to beat the Germantown club. As the latter club consider themselves invincible, they are going to Pottsville next Friday, in order to take the self-conceit out of the "Pottsvillians." How matters will turn out remains to be seen. As the Germantowners are men of muscle as well as shape, we look for a spirited contest. The Germantowners expect to have a good time, aside from the excitement of the game.—*North American, Philadelphia.*

Well, the Pottsville cricketers *are* saucy to suppose that they in their second season, can beat an older club, and in some of the best cricketers in the country, but by the *North American's* leave, they are going to try it to-day. Whether however, defeat or victory perches on the standard of the Pottsville Club, one intention of theirs cannot be defeated, and that is, to render the visit of the Germantowners pleasant in every respect.

The New Apparatus of the Humane Hose Company.—Tuesday's Philadelphia *Press*, in alluding to the fact that the Humane Hose Company of this Borough, will shortly bring its new "spider" up, from the city, says:

The Humane Hose Company, of Pottsville, have recently had built in this city a splendid apparatus, which is to be taken to them on the 15th inst. by the members of the Columbia Engine Company, of this city. The unsolicited honor of taking charge of the new carriage has been most worthily conferred upon the latter organization, which, for respectability and efficiency, ranks among the very foremost of the Philadelphia Fire Department. The apparatus will be temporarily housed in the new and magnificent building belonging to the Columbia, in Filbert street, above Eleventh, and thence taken to Pottsville by the members, who will participate in the event in citizen's dress. The hospitality of our Pottsville firemen is proverbial, and doubtless they will manifest it warmer than ever on this occasion.—Well may they towards the "Columbia," for her history contains some of the noblest deeds that ever graced the annals of philanthropy.

We understand that on the occasion of the visit here of the Philadelphia firemen, Major Wm. Delany, an old and tried Philadelphia fireman, will act as Marshal.

David Paul Brown's Lecture.—To all present at the Court House on Wednesday evening, this lecture delivered in aid of the Mount Vernon Fund, was an intellectual treat. Mr. Brown had a very appreciative audience, who listened with delight to the able manner in which he portrayed the various passions of man. Of course to attempt within limited space, to convey even a faint idea of the peculiar merits of the lecture, in its keen analysis, wit, pathos and truth, would be preposterous. We can only say, that those who were not present on the occasion, missed much to please, remember and improve.—We are pleased to state that in a pecuniary sense, the lecture was also, a success. At the conclusion of the lecture on motion of Hon. James H. Campbell, a vote of thanks was unanimously tendered to Mr. Brown by the auditory, as a mark of respect. The evening will long be remembered by many as one of the most delightful intellectually, they ever spent.

We must not omit to mention that during the evening, the Pottsville Cornet Band played in its usual faultless manner, several beautiful airs. As the Band volunteered its services for the occasion, it is entitled to considerable credit for its contribution to the pleasure of the evening.

Port Carbon.—In our last we noticed briefly, the fact that the stone dwelling house, and brick work shop of Mr. Uriah Gane, had been destroyed by fire on the morning of the 3d, and that it was the work of an incendiary. It seems that malice and not theft, was the motive. About six weeks before the fire, Mr. Gane had a valuable dog poisoned, and an attempt was made to cut down the liberty pole in front of his house. Under this condition of things Mr. Gane offers a reward of $250 for the arrest and conviction of the incendiary or incendiaries, and an additional $50 for which will lead to the detection of the party or parties who poisoned his dog, and attempted to cut the pole down. By the destruction of the dwelling, Mr. Gane's wife lost the greater part of her clothing, bed clothing, and furniture. Mr. Gane had an insurance in the Lycoming office of $1233. His loss above insurance is, $1500. It is certainly annoying to say the least, for a man when he goes to the expense of improving property, to have it wantonly destroyed.

We learn that a series of burglaries was perpetrated in Port Carbon last week. On Wednesday night Simpson's tavern above Port Carbon, was broken into, and robed of about $2 in money, and some liquor. On Friday night the tavern of John Lewis was entered. Several locks in the house were forced; clothing, kegs, and a small amount of money were taken. In both cases the burglars escaped detection. On Saturday morning at an early hour three strange men were observed by Mr. Hadesty, weighmaster on the Mill Creek Railroad, to leave an unoccupied house in Lawistown. In company with a friend Mr. H. searched the house. They found seventeen kegs, a shoemaker's knife, chisel, and iron bar, instruments evidently for use in their burglarious operations. In fact upon examination, they were found to correspond with the marks made upon the houses which had been broken open. It was also discovered that five of the kegs belonged to Mr. Lewis, and two to Mr. Gane's house which had been burned. Although every effort has been made to arrest the parties engaged in these operations, they have so far succeeded in escaping detection.

The Military Elections.—As far as this County is concerned, the result of the election of Monday last for Brigade officers, may be summed up as follows:

For Brigadier General, Washington Reifsnyder was elected.

For Brigade Inspector, James Nagle was elected.

The following is the full vote in the Brigade for General and Inspector:

Brigadier General.

Reifsnyder,	518
McGuigan,	287
Reifsnyder's Maj.,	231

Brigade Inspector.

Nagle,	584
Christ,	258
Nagle's Maj.,	326

One company is yet to be heard from, which will add it is anticipated, about thirty to Col. Nagle's majority. The handsome vote given for Col. Nagle, reflects great credit upon the military of Schuylkill County.

The election for field and commissioned officers in the companies composing the 1st Regiment, resulted as follows:

Colonel—Ambrose Loeser.

Lieutenant Colonel—James J. Seibert.

Major—J. Claude White.

First Troop Schuylkill County Cavalry—Capt., George G. Wynkoop; 1st Lieutenant, J. M. Wetherill; 2nd Lieutenant, W. W. Wolff; Cornet, Jas. H. Heaton.

Washington Artillery Company—Captain, Jas. Nagle; 1st Lieutenant, D. A. Smith; Jr. 1st Lieutenant, James Wren; 2d Lieutenant, Francis B. Wallace; 2d 2d Lieutenant, John M. Shomo; Ensign, Peter Douty.

Scott Rifle Company—Captain, Ambrose Loeser; 1st Lieutenant, David Quin; 2d Lieutenant, Chris. Lewis; 2d 2d Lieutenant, Chas. Heffner; Ensign, John Blakely.

National Light Infantry—Captain, E. McDonald; 1st Lieutenant, James Russel; 2d Lieutenant, Thomas Wren; 2d 2d Lieutenant, Robert Colburn.

Washington Yeagers—Captain, Myer Strouse; 1st Lieutenant, Theodore Miller; 2d Lieutenant, H. J. Hendler.

2d Regiment.

Colonel—George J. Higgins.

Lt. Colonel—John M. Reinhart.

Major—John Horn, Jr.

3d Regiment.

Colonel—Wm. H. Jennings.

Lt. Colonel—Patrick Collery.

Major—Francis A. Mowery.

Minersville Battalion.

Lt. Colonel—Wm. Spence,

Major—Thomas Vernar.

Mahantango Battalion.

Lt. Colonel—Wm. Hoch.

Major—Daniel M. Weist.

We have a list of the officers elected of the 27 companies of the Brigade, but our limited space precludes the possibility of publishing them all this week. We give only those of the 1st Regiment, elected.

The Major General will be elected on the 4th proximo. Gen. Wynkoop will undoubtedly be re-elected.

On Monday previous to election, the Washington Artillerists, Capt. Nagle, and the National Light Infantry, Capt. McDonald, made a street parade, accompanied by the Pottsville Cornet Band. The Artillerists paraded sixty-one muskets, and the Infantry twenty-five. Both companies looked well. If the Artillerists make their contemplated New York excursion, we expect it will be with not far from a hundred muskets.

Mining Accidents.—On the 25th ult., Frank Haggarty, was seriously injured by being caught in the machinery of the breaker at the colliery of Charles Hill, at Mine Hill Gap.

A fortnight since Richard McHale, while engaged in blasting in the shaft at Tremaintown, was blown up by the premature discharge of a blast, and mutilated in a horrible manner. His eyes were blown out—his lower jaw and one arm received compound fractures—one finger was completely blown off, and the hand very much shattered. The unfortunate man still lives. His complete recovery is problematical.

Proceedings of the Borough Council.—A stated meeting of the Borough Council was held on Tuesday evening, June 7. Present, Messrs. Nice, Fellnagle, Hoover, Nagle, Boone, Innis, Mennig, Reppller, Christian, Haywood, Kinsley and McBarron; the President in the chair.

Minutes of last meeting read and adopted.

Special Com. on lot corner of Centre and East Market sts., continued.

Street Com. on culvert in East Market street, continued.

Special Com. on opening street from Centre to Coal streets, continued.

Com. of Fire Apparatus on sale of Sam Fire Engine, discharged.

Com. of Accounts on District Attorney's bill of costs, continued.

Special Com. on painting Clay Monument, reported progress and was continued.

Com. on annual Council Supper, reported bill for rama; an order was directed to be drawn for the amount, and the Com. was discharged.

Com. of Fire App., on repairs of fire plugs, was continued. Also continued on subject of erecting public hydrants.

Street Com. on crossings at Third and Norwegian streets, and Fourth and Norwegian streets, was continued, and discharged on opening Jackson street.

Special Com. on communication of the President of the Pottsville School Board, in regard to the removal of lock-up on Centre street, made the following report:

"The Com. to whom was referred the application of the School Board, regarding the removal of the lock-up house, report:

"That they have consulted the Borough Solicitor on the subject, and herewith submit his opinion.

"It appears from this opinion that the legal right of the School Board to the premises in question is very doubtful, and is now in dispute before the courts, and as the removal of the lock-up house at present will be attended with inconvenience and expense, your Committee deem it advisable to take no step in the matter until the title of the School Board is definitely determined, and therefore ask to be discharged."

The Borough Solicitor then read his opinion in the matter, when the report of the Com. was accepted, and the Com. was discharged.

Room Com. on painting Council building, reported progress, and was continued.

Special Com. on execution against the Borough, was discharged.

Special Com. on selection of police by the Chief Burgess, reported a list, containing some changes from that originally drawn up by the Burgess.—On motion, selections from the two lists for the different Wards of the Borough, were made as follows:

South Ward—Charles Boyer, John Stine, Morgan Reed, Eber Smith, Charles Bowen, William McQuade, John Kalbach, Lewis Burkhart.

North East Ward—Daniel Kershner, David Gorman, Anthony Alber, Benjamin Cook, Alexander Cake, Joseph Darr, Jabez Sparks, Adam Kinsler.

North West Ward—Jacob Shoemaker, Michael Kinsler, Francis Bigler, John Allis, John Wetzel, Methusalem Berger, Martin Hafner, Jonathan McAnally.

Middle Ward—John Quinn, Benjamin Ebert, Wm. Saylor, Frederick Epting, Charles Dimmich, David Quinn, Samuel Auman, John Powers.

Com. of Survey on condition of sidewalks at B. Schoener's property, in Norwegian st., reported negatively to making the required improvement there. Report accepted, and Com. discharged.

Com. of Acc. on balance due S. Hartz, for services as Clerk, made report and was discharged.

Com. on claim of D. B. Crist for services as Chief Burgess and Chief of Police, during the past year, was continued.

On motion it was resolved that the pay of Mr. Crist as Chief of Police, cease.

Com. of Acc. on Gas bill reported the bill, $292 20. Report accepted and Com. discharged.

The bond of the Borough Treasurer was read and approved.

On motion Mr. Boone was added to the Com. of Accounts, as chairman.

Street Com. was instructed to make a crossing in West Norwegian street, opposite the brick school house.

A petition from B. T. Taylor in regard to condition of drain at his property in Centre street, was referred to the St. Com.

A petition from Humane Hose Company for a loan of $50, to obtain their new "spider," was referred to Com. of Fire Apparatus.

A petition from citizens of Coal street for crossing at Snyder's Foundry, was referred to Street Com.

A petition from residents of Norwegian street between George and Jackson sts, in regard to condition of same, was referred to Street Com.

On motion Council adjourned to meet on Thursday evening, June 9, at 7½ o'clock.

Adjourned Meeting.—An adjourned meeting of the Borough Council was held on Thursday evening, June 9. Present, Messrs. Nice, Nagle, Boone, Christian, Fellnagle, Innis, Hoover, McBarron, Haywood, Kinsley, and Mennig, the President in the chair.

A petition of residents of South Ward to open Jackson street, was laid over.

A petition from property holders on Greenwood, in relation to the opening of a street on that property, was referred to the Borough Solicitor, to ascertain the Borough's right to the street in question.

A communication from Rebecca Stichter claiming damages for male injured by bridge out of repair in Mauch Chunk street, was referred to a Special Com. composed of Messrs. Haywood, Innis and Boone.

Street Com. was instructed to open Arch street, from George to Jackson.

On motion it was resolved that the Com. of Account should in future consist of 4 members.

Street Com. was instructed to plank and put the Mauch Chunk street bridge in order.

A Special Com. composed of Messrs. McBarron, Innis and Haywood, was appointed to prepare an ordinance in regard to dogs running at large.

Enoch Boyer was elected Borough Tax Collector.

On motion it was resolved that the amount of the Collector's bond equal the full amount of his duplicate.

On motion it was resolved that necessary be made in Centre street, opposite the Episcopal Church.

The act of the Legislature embracing amendments to the Borough charter, was referred to the Borough Solicitor for the purpose of enabling the Street Com. to obtain legal advice on certain points.

Street Com. was instructed to report at next meeting on the condition of Railroad street in Morris' Addition.

On motion it was resolved that Council resolve itself into Com. of the Whole, on Saturday, June 11, to make survey of the condition of the streets, etc.,

On motion it was resolved that the salary of the Borough Treasurer be increased from $100 to $200 per annum.

The following was read and adopted:

Resolved, That the sum of $100 be appropriated to each fire company, to be in such manner paid as the Com. of Fire App. may deem necessary and expedient.

On motion it was resolved that an order for $74 86, in favor of D. B. Christ, Chief Burgess, be drawn, being balance due for official services.

The statement of the Borough Treasurer was read and ordered to be filed.

On motion it was resolved that an order for $50, be drawn in favor of the Humane Hose Company.

The following bills were read and ordered to be paid:

Miners' Life Insurance & Trust Co.,	$ 90 00
John Hauley,	5 50
Benj. Bannan,	1 50
F. B. Kaercher,	125 00
C. Worman and others,	153 25
J. Buckley,	22 62
J. L. Mennig,	2 50
	$400 37

Adjourned.

PEOPLES' MEETING.

A very enthusiastic meeting of the People of Schuylkill County, opposed to the present National Administration, convened at the Court House in the Borough of Pottsville, on Monday, June 6, at the call of the Standing Committee of the County. On motion, the meeting was organized by the appointment of the following officers:

President—MILTON BAILEY.

Vice Presidents—Doct. A. Schultz, B. F. Ketner, Leonard Felty, Jeremiah Reed, Charles Blue, Charles W. Taylor, John J. Paxson, Doct. J. F. Taschler, A. W. Seibert, John Parker, Doct. Robert Phillips.

Secretaries—C. F. SHUBLE, CHAS. BENSINGER, CHRISTOPHER LEWIS, MORGAN REED.

On motion, the following persons were appointed a Committee on Resolutions, &c., by the chair:

Henry Hehs, Benjamin Bannan, Daniel H. Stager, Wm. R. Jones, E. B. Reedy, Daniel Hill, M. P. Fowler, James R. Clover, Samuel Leffler, Doct. R. H. Cowgill, Joseph Bowen, Wm. Hoff, Jacob G. Frick, Col. Isaac Myers and Doct. T. N. Patterson.

The meeting then on motion, nominated candidates for delegates to be presented to the Committee to make a selection of four delegates to represent this County in the State Convention to place in nomination candidates to be voted for by the People for Auditor General and Surveyor General of the State at the ensuing election.—The following persons were placed in nomination: Wm. R. Jones, M. P. Fowler, Charles Frailey, Jacob G. Frick, Wm. H. Seibert, Col. Thomas C. Zulick, Thomas Irvin.

The Committee having returned, on motion of the Hon. James H. Campbell, Hon. Robert M. Palmer was requested to address the meeting.—Mr. Palmer responded to the call and entertained the audience with a thrilling speech, in which he completely dissected the so-called Democracy of the present day, and annihilated the Slave propagandist and imported speaker of the Democracy, Robert Tyler, son of ex-President Tyler of Virginia. Mr. Palmer acquited himself with great credit, and his remarks called forth the most uproarious applause.

The Committee then reported the following proceedings, which were on motion unanimously adopted by the meeting:

WHEREAS, The people of Schuylkill County have suffered with especial severity, and are still suffering in common with the people of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and the whole Union, the evil consequences of the unwise, reckless and corrupt government of the present National Administration, of which James Buchanan is the head; AND WHEREAS, The common instincts of self-preservation from utter poverty and entire ruin of our business interests, combine with the higher and holier principles of patriotism, love of liberty, and regard for our free institutions, to demand an earnest efforts for the redemption of the Federal Government from miscule, and its restoration to the original purity, Honesty and wisdom, contemplated by its framers; therefore

Resolved, That we are opposed to the present National Administration, because,

1. Its Free Trade doctrines and practice are destructive of the material interests and prosperity of the country, nullifying the great blessings so richly bestowed upon us by a benign Providence, in the vast mineral wealth and manufacturing resources, have afflicted us with extreme poverty, in a season of profound peace, general healthfulness, and agricultural, plenty, and stretched us bound hand and foot, at the feet of European capitalists and manufacturers.

2. It has prostituted a government established by our fathers to secure the natural rights of man to life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness, to the most tyrannical, aggressive and murderous efforts in behalf of the spread of Slavery over free lands, and the consequent humiliation and degradation of Free men and Free Labor.

3. Because it is corrupt, wasteful, and extravagant to an unexampled and hitherto unheard of extent, filling the pockets of its adherents with the spoils of plunder and robbery of the public treasure, with the knowledge and sanction of the highest officers of the Government, including the President of the people, to the improvident of the people, thus discrediting and threatening the destruction of our free institutions.

4. Because it has shown contempt of our relations with other countries, it has proved itself both weak and wicked—haughty and aggressive toward weak nations, submissive and truckling toward the strong—filibustering for the acquisition of more Slave territory, to the injury of the interests of free labor, and neglectful of commercial prosperity.

Resolved, That we earnestly call upon all good citizens, without regard to former party issues, or old political differences, to join with us in the redemption of the government, and the salvation of our free institutions from utter destruction, by the overthrow of the present Buchanan Administration.

Resolved, That it is not only the constitutional right, but the bounden duty of the Congress of the United States, to protect the manufacturing industry of the country, promote the common prosperity and general welfare of the people of the whole country, by a tariff for revenue, with such specific duties and discriminations in favor of home productions, as will secure full, fair and and ample protection.

Resolved, That although opposed to any unjust or unconstitutional aggression, or violation of the rights of the Slave holding States, we are earnestly opposed to the extension of Slavery over territories of the United States now free, or to the acquisition of more Slave territory, and that we are determined to exercise all our influence, and every constitutional and legal means, in favor of Free Soil, Free Labor, and of limiting, Slavery, and extending freedom.

Resolved, That we are opposed to the adoption and enforcement of any code of laws by Congress for the protection and maintenance of Slavery in the territories, against the will of the majority of the citizens of those territories, and that we hold it to be in accordance with the Black Republican Democracy against their new doctrine of a Congressional Slave Code for the territories.

Resolved, That we are opposed to the nullification, unholy and monstrous proposition of a portion of the Black Democracy to legalize and re-open the African Slave Trade, and earnestly protesting against it, we call in the name of the whole civilized world, upon the Government to enforce and execute the laws against the Slave Trade with death as piracy, against those who are engaged, or shall hereafter engage in their violation.

Resolved, That we are in favor of sustaining the law of the last Session of the Legislature of Pennsylvania, protecting the wages of labor of miners mechanics and laborers, and that we desire such further legislation as shall be wisely calculated to protect our miners and laborers in the mines, in the pursuit of their hazardous occupation, from loss or injury to life or limb.

Resolved, That the establishment of a Pennsylvania Miners' Hospital, to be located in some central and convenient point in Schuylkill County, where miners and laborers, injured while pursuing their employment, can receive the best medical care and attention, is of great importance to a most worthy class of our citizens, and that in view of the large State interest involved, we hereby instruct our Representatives in the next Legislature, to urge the passage of an Act incorporating such Miners' Hospital, with an appropriation and endowment by the State for its erection and support.

Resolved, That we fully approve the course of our Senator and Representatives in the last Legislature, in their honest and faithful redemption of their pledges to the people, by the laws which were enacted to secure the payment of the wages of labor, and greater economy and honesty in the management and expenditure of the public taxes of the County.

Resolved, That the course of the Hon. SIMON CAMERON in the Senate of the United States, meets our full and hearty approval, marked as it is by an earnest, consistent and able support of the interests of Free Labor and Free men.

Resolved, That we have entire confidence in the honesty, integrity and ability of Hon. JAMES H. CAMPBELL our Representative elect in Congress, and bid him speed in his efforts for securing Protection and defend ing the interests of Freedom in the approaching session of Congress.

Resolved, That the general diffusion of intelligence is conducive to the best interests of our free institutions, that an unrestricted circulation of general information tends to the permanency of our government, and the welfare of our people, that the Post Office is the avenue for the speedy dissemination of knowledge, that an increase in the present rates of postage would be unwise and injurious, that a proper and economical administration of affairs in this important branch of our Government would render an increase unnecessary and the department self-sustaining.

Resolved, That a decrease of our State Taxes is warranted by the present flourishing condition of the State finances, the result of the sale of the State Works.

That the Democratic majority of the State Senate of 1859 deserve our censure and condemnation for their defeat of a bill for the reduction of the State Taxes originated and passed in the Republican House, as factious and directly opposed to the best interests of the people.

Resolved, That we believe the law of the last