Miners' Journal.

POTTSVILLE, PA.

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 20, 1856.

☞ The circulation of the MINERS' JOURNAL is equal to the aggregate circulation of any THREE other English papers published in the County—and each circulates among the best portion of the population, an advertisement in the columns is, of course, worth as much to the advertiser as if published in any three other papers. In our cities the rates of advertising are always graded in price according to the circulation of the paper.

OUR PRINCIPLES.
FREEDOM OF SPEECH.
FREEDOM TO KANSAS.
NOT ANOTHER INCH OF SLAVE TERRITORY.
The Union, Now and Forever, and the men who will carry out these Principles.

The flag upon which those principles are inscribed, we flung to the breeze recently. The men to support them in the coming Presidential contest, have been found. They are JOHN C. FREMONT, of California, and WM. L. DAYTON, of New Jersey. We therefore, add to the folds of our flag,

FREMONT, FREEDOM, THE CONSTITUTION AND THE UNION.

FRIENDS OF FREEDOM!

Circulate the Documents.

	Per Hund'd
Life of Fremont in English,	$2 50
" " " German,	2 50
" " " Welsh,	2 50
Colfax's Speech on the wrongs of Kansas in German and English,	1 25
Sumner's Speech in German, English and Welsh,	3 00
Poor Whites of the South,	624
Northern Democracy the Ally of Slavery,	1 25
Republican Campaign Songster,	12½
The Freeman's Glee Book,	20
Political Map of the United States,	20

THE COMING CONTEST.—Articles addressed to the Welsh of the United States, on the importance of the present contest, together with a translation of platforms and other valuable information, price $25 per thousand.

Clubs and others supplied by D. BANNAN, *Bookseller and Stationer.*

TO OUR FRIENDS.

Pay up your Bills!

We have been placed on the State Central Committee for this Congressional District, by the friends of Freedom, and we find that the duties are so arduous that it takes up our whole time, and leaves us scarcely any to attend to the details of our business. We have a good many notes falling due, and we would therefore be under great obligations to those indebted to us for subscription or otherwise, to forward the money to our office, as speedily as possible, to meet the claims upon us. We hope our friends indebted to us will respond to this call, without fail.

We have enlisted for the whole campaign, and we are bound to use all our energies in the cause until one general shout proclaims the triumph of FREMONT and FREEDOM, on the 4th of November next.

DOCUMENTS
Opposed to the Extension of Slavery.

Persons desiring documents to circulate in Schuylkill and Northumberland counties, German, English and Welsh, will please call or send to our office, and they will be furnished with such as we have on hand.

THE HERALD OF FREEDOM.

We hope the opponents of the Extension of Slavery will circulate this paper everywhere. Form clubs at once, and circulate it throughout this and adjoining counties. Let the fury go up everywhere.

"NO MORE NIGGER STATES."

OUR ADVERTISING COLUMNS.—The attention of our readers is referred to the new favors to be found under the appropriate heads. Want of space prevents particularization.

GOV. REEDER ON FREMONT.—The next number of the *Herald of Freedom* will contain the letter of Gov. Reeder, giving his reasons for quitting the Democratic party and supporting Mr. Fremont.

POLITICAL TRICKERY EXPOSED.—We will notice next week some political trickery, of which we have been fully cognizant, although we suspected it weeks since. Let the guilty tremble. Retribution may be slow at times, but it is certain.

GEN. WM. H. IRWIN, of Mifflin county, has been nominated by the Opposition of the Twelfth Congressional District, as its candidate for Congress. An excellent selection. In Congress, he will be among the foremost of Freedom's brave sons.

A VALUABLE COAL OPERATION TO LEASE.—We invite attention to the advertisement of A. S. Roberts, of 804 Walnut street, Philadelphia. The colliery advertised to lease, is on the lands of the Big Black Creek Improvement Company, above Wilkesbarre. A valuable property.

OUR EUROPEAN CORRESPONDENT.—The *Pennsylvania Railroad and Mining Register*, in preparing some extracts from letter No. 29 of our European Mining Correspondency, says that it looks "W. J. P." an A. No. 1 correspondent. As Gen. Fernon, is an oracle in matters pertaining to mining as well as railways, we are bound to agree him.

TRUTHS FROM A DEMOCRAT.—Read Judge Kelley's speech on the progressive policy of the Slaveocracy. It affords the most convincing proofs of the blighting effects of the institution of Slavery. Judge Kelly says he is still a Democrat. He has not left the Democratic party.—The Democratic party has left him. There are thousands—aye, hundreds of thousands just such as he now standing in his position—men who recognise what the Democratic party ignores—that there is a North. Ay, there is a North, a free, manful, Christian, humane, "North—and the aristocracy will make the discovery in November. Do not neglect to read Judge Kelley's speech. It contains a rich fund of argument in favor of Freedom.

UNION IN MASSACHUSETTS.—The Republicans and Americans of Massachusetts, have united in forming an electoral ticket. The Americans adopted the nomination of Mr. Dayton in place of Gov. Gardner, declined, for the Vice Presidency. The most harmony prevailed. The best feeling existed between the Americans and Republicans throughout the North, which is a happy presage of the downfall of the pro-slavery, Sham Democratic, Cincinnati Platform, and triumphant election of Fremont and Dayton, the People's Candidate, and exponents of the great Free Principle of the present contest. The skies look bright. Onward, be but firm, and a priceless victory is ours.

THUGS ARE TRAITORS PUNISHED.—On Tuesday evening last, a scene took place at the National Hall, Philadelphia, on the strength of a call issued by Lewis C. Levin, for a meeting to republicanize the Union State ticket. The Americans went there in mass, passed strong resolutions endorsing Fillmore and denouncing the movement, and nominated Levin. There are men of the Levin stamp in the American party, who would transfer the organization into the hands of its enemies, if possessed of the power. This demonstration at Philadelphia proves two things. First, that the friends of the Union State Ticket is most cordially for the Union State Ticket is most cordial. Second, that the masses are right, and will not submit to any plan, having for its object, a betrayal of the principles into the hands of the Sham Democracy. Lewis C. Levin has fallen beneath the indignation of the people. Thus perish every foe to American Republicanism.

THE MAINE ELECTION.—The full returns of the election, as they are received, continue to add gloriously for the Republicans. For Governor, in 450 towns, Hamlin Republicans, has 61,081; Wells, Democrat, 42,746; Potter Whig, 1,766; total votes, 115,863. Last years in the same towns the total vote was 107,073. Hamlin's majority is 24,335, and the majority in 18,229. Republican gain is 17,600, Democratic loss, 3,735. Whig loss, 4,202. The 42 towns remaining heard from cast only 2,372 votes. To the State Senate, 30 Republicans and 1 Democrat, are elected, and to the House of Representatives, 97 Republicans, and 26 Democrats. In the Congressional districts, the Republican candidates in the following majorities: 1st district, 1,500, 2d, 2,500; 4th, 7,000; 5th, 4,000; 6th, 1,700. In the present Congress, Maine is represented by one pro-slavery Democrat, and five Republicans. There is thus a gain of one member, as with the loss in Iowa, and one in Missouri, a gain of three.

THE DEMOCRATIC MEETING.—In Philadelphia on Wednesday, the Sham-Democracy had a meeting. Speeches were listened to—some ten or a few receiving Whigs of the South. One or two receiving their Democratic allies here in Pennsylvania. The whole was in accordance with the slavery extensionists and disunionists, echoing every word they said. The proceedings were crowned at the evening with a torch-light procession. The *North American* truly says in referring to the affair, that it is something more than processions, or torchlight transparencies, or loud and dulcet strains of music, that can cheat the outraged citizens of this misgoverned country into forgetfulness of the crimes that have been done, and into a blind disregard of the evil and disastrous purposes which are yet to be consummated, if the same party can by any means retain their hold on the helm of government. Principles are in conflict. The people are joined in a great moral issue, on which hangs the future glory of our Republic and the permanence of free institutions. Slavery demands to go everywhere through the national territories; peaceably, if it can, otherwise by border ruffianism, by brooks assaults, by force and arms. Shall the people of the North, forsaking their long cherished principles and the principles of their fathers, yield to this fearful and fatal policy; or with true conservatism, stand on the old ground and keep things as they are? From this question, noise and shows and false appeals cannot divert the public mind.

KANSAS.—Governor Geary has released all the Free State prisoners at Leavenworth, arrested by the Border Ruffians. The Missourians generally had fled from Westport, fearing an attack from Gen. Lane. Gen. Smith had ordered all the families seeking safety at Fort Leavenworth, to leave by the 10th inst. The pro-slavery men report a battle at Planters' Bridge, on the 31st ult., between 500 Missourians under Atchison, and a party of Free Soilers. The Missourians fled at the first fire.

The band under Emery, captured in Kansas and taken before Gen. Smith, for arresting an army officer, was a gang of Pro-Slavery ruffians. The party of horse thieves captured by Wapple's regiment at Osawakee, were also Border Ruffians from Missouri. Eighty horses they had stolen were recaptured. The fort at Lawrence, capable of accommodating a thousand men, is on Mount Oriad overlooking the town. The release of the State Prisoners on bail, by Judge Lecompte was the result of a two days legal contest. It is not believed they will be tried. The Rev. Mr. Nute, who was captured at Leavenworth, by the Border Ruffians, has been released and returned to Lawrence. Governor Geary's arrival at Lawrence is looked forward to by the people of that place with hope. He promises to drive every marauder from Kansas who is not an actual settler.

THE UNION CANDIDATE FOR CONGRESS IN THE ELEVENTH DISTRICT.—Mr. Burlingame truly said on the occasion of his recent speech here, that if there were no dough-faced constituencies, there would be no dough-faced representatives in Congress. In connection with that remark, Mr. B. paid the Hon. James H. Campbell a merited tribute. He stood up bravely amid the storm of Southern fanaticism, which threatened to overwhelm the noble band of Northern Republican representatives. The first great victory of Liberty—the election of Speaker Banks—was accomplished through the exertions of Mr. Campbell, who sounded in the ears of the Spartan-like opposition—"Stick to Banks! stick to Banks!! stick to Banks!!! They did stick, and the first blow to Pro-Slavery aggression was given. The position assumed by Mr. Campbell, at that period, on the side of Freedom, he maintained to the close of the session. When the stealthy, assassin-like step of the Southern braggart, Brooks, paused at the desk of Charles Sumner, and the floor of the Senate Chamber was stained with the blood of that illustrious Senator, Mr. Campbell defended, in a manly, fearless manner, Freedom of Speech, on and off the floor of Congress. And finally, he voted to expel the ruffian from the body which he disgraced by his presence. Mr. Campbell has ever been found on the side of right. Such a representative this District demands at the present time in Congress. We must have freemen to represent us; not creatures willing to wear the collars of Pro-Slavery masters, to come and go at the whistle of the Slaveocracy, and cower beneath the whip. The Northern dough-face Democracy submit to this degradation. Shall this District, in the next Congress, be represented by a freeman or a white slave? Let the workingman, interested in the dignity of labor, answer in tones of thunder at the October election. Let him decide between Free Speech and Free Labor on the one hand, and degraded white labor, which the Southern Slaveocracy are advocating.

It is not the lot of many new members to acquire the enviable reputation which Mr. Campbell has secured during his first term. Coming up, as the new Tariff bill will at the next session of Congress, his experience and ability will be invaluable in securing the passage of a bill adequately protective of the great productive interests of Pennsylvania. In this respect alone, Mr. Campbell's re-election becomes a matter of importance to this district. This bill embraces an important modification of the existing doctrine, and we should be careful that we do not suffer in any of its provisions. With experienced, watchful, intelligent representatives, we are safe. This matter should not be forgotten in voting for a Congressional representative.

Principles of priceless value are embraced in the existing contest. The man that stands aloof, or shunscommitment, is a craven. He is the Tory of 1856. We must have freemen in our Districts if we would have freemen in Congress. Prepare, then, for the ensuing election, and ponder, as you vote, on the importance which attaches to that vote. Think that you may be securing Liberty for your children, or bequeathing to them serfdom under a power which knows no bounds to its insatiate arrogance and tyrannical brutality.

A NOBLE STAND.

The Position that Every American Should Assume.

The Hon. DAYARD CLARKE, of West Chester, N. Y., has written a spirited letter, declaring for Freedom, as the great leading issue in the Presidential contest, and for Fremont, as its champion. The sentiments contained in it go right to the point. After remarking that the aggressions of Slavery have now reached a point where they must be met with calm, determined, and *successful* resistance, or the Free States must henceforth occupy towards the Slaveholding States the position of conquered provinces, reduced to a condition of political vassalage more degrading and irritating than that occupied by the American Colonies toward the mother country, inferior to our Declaration of Independence; and giving a cursory review of the aggressive policy of Slavery, Mr. Clarke says:

I am an American—but I know of no other American principle so old or so significant as the principle of LIBERTY; without it, *Americanism* is a sham, a pretense, a mere delusion. For Liberty is the soul of Republicanism as it is the soul of Protestantism. All despotisms strike hands—are essentially one in principle. So, too, the true friend of *religious* freedom must of necessity be the friend of *civil* Freedom. I have no sympathy with that spurious *Americanism* that can prostitute its franchise to the extension of human slavery, or that can ignore or seek to depreciate the vital importance of the existing issue between the Slave Oligarchy and the friends of Constitutional Freedom. Every impulse of my nature, every principle instilled into my mind by my political education, all the devotion to *right* that is comprised in the word *American*, impels me, in this controversy, to take part, directly and openly, with the latter and against the aggressions of the former. I cannot withhold my influence—I cannot, from mere personal or even party considerations, so bestow it that it can, by any possibility, contribute to the triumph of the Slave Power, or rob my action of the significance which I mean shall attach to it. In one word, I can see no way in which I can vindicate the cause of Freedom, in all its perilled interests, and contribute to the perpetuity of our Union, with all of good which it involves, except, as I have already intimated, by doing my utmost to secure the triumph of the people's candidate, John C. Fremont, eminently, in this struggle, the representative and the exponent of constitutional liberty.

The principles which impel me to this decision are the principles upon which I have always acted, as a member of the American party. Never will I consent to the interpolation into my political creed, of principles hostile to these, nor can I be false to the interests of Labor everywhere, as to consent, under the pressure of any party machinery whatever, to the extension of Slavery over another foot of territory once consecrated to the uses of Freedom. Whether as a private individual, or holding solemn public trusts, this is my position. Here I stand, from conviction and from choice. I have been thus explicit in defining my position, that nothing in relation to it might be left in conjecture, and because I would purchase no man's suffrage at the price of my own manhood.

EXCURSION TICKETS will be furnished by the Reading Railroad for attending the Schuylkill Haven Fair. See Advertisement.

GLEANINGS.

☞ Louis Napoleon is in ill health.

☞ A large Fremont Mass Meeting was held in Bloomsburg last week, which was addressed by Mr. Wm. Moran of Philadelphia.

☞ John C. Fremont is the name given to a locomotive just built at Taunton Mass., and sent to its destination on one of the western railroads.

☞ John Welsh, an Irishman, lately from Pennsylvania, was run over and killed by the cars near Wheeling, on Monday.

☞ The New York Republican State Convention met at Albany on Wednesday, and nominated John A. King as their candidate for Governor.

☞ The Cleveland, Columbus and Cincinnati Railroad Company, have ordered wooden wheels for their passenger coaches. The peculiar style of wheel which they have contracted for, is patented in England, and perhaps in this country also, but though in use over the waters, it has not before been tried here.

☞ There is a boy, says the Albany *Knickerbocker*, not over fourteen years of age, stopping at the principal hotels in this city, who keeps a trotting horse and buggy, bets high "with the best of 'em," smokes a dollar's worth of cigars a day, drinks juleps and cobblers innumerable, and orders his bottle of champagne regularly at dinner. He is from Baltimore, and is travelling westward on a tour of recuperation and observation.

THE COAL TRADE.

Pottsville, September 20, 1856.

The quantity sent by Railroad this week is 55,629 05—by Canal 32,777 06 tons—for the week 88,406 11 tons. Total by Railroad 1,596,281 00 against 1,741,592 04—Ditto by Canal 776,960 19 against 777,118 12 tons to same period last year.

The quantity shipped during the present week from all the Regions shows an increase of between 5 and 6,000 tons, over the shipments for the corresponding week last year.

The demand for Coal is still on the increase, but to supply the amount really required the trade should be still more active. Every pound of Coal that can be transported to market between this and the close of Navigation should be ordered by dealers. That it will be needed, the great deficiency fully proves. As it is, even with the brickest shipments of which we are capable, we doubt if the market can be adequately supplied with Coal during the remainder of the season.

At Port Richmond vessels are scarce, and freights still on the advance.

It will be perceived that the shipments by Canal are still behind the shipments to same period last year—falling off this week, about 1000 tons.

RESIGNATION.—Mr. George D. Phelps has resigned his position as President of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad Company. It is stated that this step has been for some time contemplated by Mr. Phelps, who, however, still retains his interest as one of the largest stockholders.

We learn the span of Easton Bridge, connecting with the N. J. Central Railroad was completed on the 18th inst., and the Coal Trade from the Lehigh to Elizabethport was resumed, which will make twenty-three days from the time of the accident in putting up a span of 180 feet—60 feet above the Delaware River—which certainly entitles *R. H. Sayre, Superintendent and Engineer, much credit for his exertions in overcoming the accident so speedily.*

CUMBERLAND COAL REGION.—The *Civilian* states that shipments of Coal from that Region, are seriously impeded by the low stage of water in the Canal, caused by the prevailing drought. To add to their difficulties the boatmen are on a "strike," asking advance freight and their toll paid on boat—which is about $8 50 per trip. The *Civilian* also says that the advance of 50 cents per ton on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad will have a detrimental effect on Cumberland Coal operations.

NOVA SCOTIA COAL.—The *Cape Brenton News* says that the quantity of Coal shipped at the Sydney mines to the 1st of August, 1856, was 23,368 chaldrons; shipped to the 1st of August, 1755, 25,500 chaldrons; showing an increase over last year of 2,278 chaldrons.

PURIFYING MINE WATER.—We ask attention to the annexed letter from Mr. Spencer. It is an additional testimonial of the value of Messrs. Maingay & Trucks' Apparatus for Purifying Mine Water. Its adoption throughout this Region would be advantageous to the interests of Operators. Mr. Spencer in writing to Messrs. M. & T. says:

Myersville, Sept. 12th 1856.

MESSRS. MAINGAY & TRUCKS,

GENTS—Having decided on erecting at my mines, your *Apparatus for Purifying Mine Water*, I visited Messrs. McCreary & Co's Colliery, near Jennsville, for the purpose of inspecting the operation of the one erected there by you and am glad to say, I found it in perfect working order and was much pleased with the simplicity of arrangements and with the account received at the works, and also from J. B. Mahaffey, Esq., of its perfectly answering their most sanguine expectations. I believe its general adoption will prove a great saving to Coal Operators, as its erection in most cases will be very trifling, and the saving of boilers considerable.

Respectfully yours,
GEORGE SPENCER.

The annexed from Mr. John Spencer, is also an interesting testimonial of the value of Messrs. Maingay & Trucks' apparatus:

Westwood, Aug. 18th, 1856.

Being desirous of testing the apparatus employed by Messrs. Maingay & Trucks in *Purifying Mine Water*, I, the undersigned met Mr. Maingay to-day, when Mine Water from the mines of Charles Miller, Esq., at Mine Hill gap, the most deleterious in its effects on boilers in this Region, as also some from the mines of B. Rorer, Esq., were purified in my presence. The water was in each case completely deprived of its acid and rendered very soft. The material employed in the Purifying is simple and not costly, being of no use in commerce, and thrown aside as worthless. The expense of purifying, will consequently be little, and the apparatus from its simplicity will cost about $100, depending on the size of the tanks and the cost of lumber.
JOHN SPENCER.

BALTIMORE COAL MARKET, Sept. 13th, 1856.—There is a steady demand and fair supply. Sales are generally made allowing 2,240 lbs. to the ton. We quote various grades of Anthracite, retail, Baltimore Co., $6 25; other grades, Lump and Nut, $5 75 @ $6 00. We quote Cumberland, delivered on board vessels, at $4 25 for Lump, Run of Mine $3 75 and fine $3 50 ₰ ton of 2,240 lbs. Sales also by retail of Lump at $5 50; Run of Mine $5 00; Smith's $4 75 ₰ ton.

NEW YORK COAL MARKET, September 16, '56.—Coal remains as before, with a rather better demand for Liverpool; and we notice sales of 100 tons Gas Cannel at $8 00 cash; and to arrive, 350 do. Orrel, $8 50; and 150 do. House Cannel, $10 50; a cargo Sidney to arrive brought $4 60, 4 months and 330 Chaldrons do. on the spot, $7 91, 90 days, and $8.00 4 months, Miners' measure. Another cargo afloat brought about the same prices; 200 tons Wallsend New Castle gas sold on private terms. Hard is in better request at $5 50 and $6 50 cash, from vessel and yard.

PORT RICHMOND, Sept. 16th, 1856.—The demand for Coal is on the increase, and the shipments would be larger if vessels were more plenty. White Ash commands $4 00 and Red Ash $4 25 free on board vessels.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Freights from Richmond to— FRIDAY, 6 o'clock, P. M.

New York,	1 05
Boston,	1 85
Providence,	1 60
Albany,	1 30
New Haven,	1 40
Washington,	1 00
Hartford,	1 75
Baltimore,	75
Bangor,	1 95
Charleston,	2 00

Shipments by Canal.

For the week ending Thursday last:

DELIVERED	TONS. CWT.
On the Line,	5,892 11
Philadelphia,	10,213 15
Wilmington,	224 00
New York and vicinity,	15,550 00
Albany,	326 00
Stamford, Conn.	527 00
Baltimore,	175 00
Total for week.	32,777 06

By Rail Road and Canal.

Quantity of Coal sent by Railroad and Canal, for the week ending on Thursday evening last:

	RAILROAD.	CANAL.
Port Carbon,	18,454 15	8,671 00
Pottsville,	3,200 03	7,016 11
Schuylkill Haven,	24,698 07	21,296 10
Auburn,	1,030 05	000 00
Port Clinton,	8,245 15	1,693 05
	55,629 05	32,777 06
		55,629 05

Total for the week, tons, 88,406 11

Total by Railroad in 1856,	1,596,281 00
" Canal "	776,960 19
Total by Canal and Railroad, tons,	2,373,241 19
Shipments to same period last year:	

	WEEK.	TOTAL.
By Railroad,	48,226 11	1,744,592 04
By Canal,	32,304 07	777,118 12
	80,830 18	2,521,710 16
		2,373,241 19
Decrease in 1856, so far, tons,		148,468 17

Schuylkill County Railroads—1856:

The following is the quantity of Coal transported over the different Railroads in Schuylkill County, for the week ending on Thursday evening last;

	WEEK.	TOTAL.
Mine Hill and S. Haven R. R.,	50,797 01	1,130,265 18
Mt. Carbon "	4,696 14	141,251 09
Schuylkill Valley "	12,141 00	305,204 19
Mt. Carbon & Pt. Carbon "	19,535 04	401,477 17
Mill Creek "	15,248 12	433,462 04
Little Schuylkill "	10,866 02	212,618 15

Rates of Toll and Transportation on RAIL ROAD FOR THE PRESENT.

	From Mt. Carbon.	*From S. Haven.*	*From Pt. Clinton.*	*From Auburn.*
To Richmond,	$2 60	$1 95	$1 80	$1 75
To Philad'a.,	1 90	1 85	1 20	1 65
Spring Mills,	1 05	1 00	1 45	1 45
Reading,	1 20	1 15	1 05	1 05

Rates of Toll by Canal for the present.

	From Pt. C. & Mt. C.	*From S. Haven*	*From Pt. Clinton*
To Philad'a.,	80	75	55
Spring Mills,	70	60	50
Norristown,	55	50	45
Reading,	40	35	30

Rates of Freight by Canal:

To New York,	$1 90	$1 85
To Philad'a.,	95	85

Delaware and Hudson Co's Coal Trade.

	WEEK.	TOTAL.
For the last week,	37,875	236,783
To same time last year,		209,980
Decrease so far,		72,997

Penna. Coal Co's Coal Trade.

	WEEK.	TOTAL.
For the last week,	27,151	396,011
To same time last year,		359,213
Increase so far,		36,799

Scranton Coal Trade for August.

	MONTH	TOTAL.
Del. Lack. & West'n R. R. Co.,	39,500 12	135,543 14

Lehigh Coal Trade for 1856 by Canal.

For the week ending on Saturday last:

	WEEK. Tons. Cwt.	TOTAL. Tons. Cwt.
Summit Mines,	1,822 15	206,037 11
Room Run do. do.	1,321 08	45,146 11
East-Lehigh Mines,	1,084 00	21,789 19
A. Lathrop's Pea Coal:		1,197 07
Spring Mountain Mines,	2,509 14	68,197 06
East Sugar Loaf do.	2,252 11	70,054 00
Colerain,	2,759 10	50,146 02
Stafford,	205 07	2,273 08
N. Y. Lehigh Coal Co.,	1,198 14	20,302 03
German Pa. do. do.	1,367 04	17,573 05
South Sp'g Mountain Ridge,	1,269 07	14,729 06
Hazleton Coal Co.	5,221 04	92,273 02
Cranberry Mines,	3,051 14	51,259 12
Diamond "	1,213 14	20,486 04
Council Ridge,	1,991 13	33,258 03
Buck Mountain Co.,	3,997 14	66,502 13
Wilkesbarre Coal Co.,		13,902 07
Wyoming Coal,	987 12	8,429 11
Hartford Coal Co.,	411 19	5,695 09
Total,	37,614 10	817,516 04

Lehigh Valley R. R.

Week ending Saturday last,

Wm. Milnes & Co.,	2,123 10	62,108	15
Ratcliff & Johnsons,		2,360	12
Parker, Gildner & Co.,	1,219 01	22,551	01
N. Y. & Lehigh.	470 04	8,052	11
Sharpe, Leisenring & Co.,	199 10	4,613	11
German Penns. Coal Co.	39 10	3,564	18
Dobbin & Behaven,		281	00
Total,	5,051 15	104,513	19
By Canal,	37,614 10	817,516	04
Total for the week,	42,665 05	922,030	03
Same time last year, (Canal)	43,061 13	902,227	13
Increase in 1856, so far,		19,802	10
The decrease by Canal is		54,711	09

Cumberland Coal Trade, 1856.

	WEEK.	TOTAL.
For the last week,	16,180	489,621
Last year.	10,604	432,907
Increase in 1856, so far,		47,714

Union Canal R. R. Coal Transportation

Amount transported during the month of Aug. 1856:

	MONTH	TOTAL.
Union Canal	10,378 18	114,741 02
Swatara Railroad.	13,681 16	82,809 03

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

EXCURSION TICKETS!
TO THE
Schuylkill County Agricultural, Horticultural & Mechanical Fair,
TO BE HELD AT SCHUYLKILL HAVEN, commencing Wednesday, September 21st, will be furnished by the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad Company from Reading and all intermediate places, good for four days at half the usual fare.
Sept. 20, 58. 38-1t

THE BLACK SWAN,
(*Miss Em. T. GREENFIELD,*)
RESPECTFULLY announces to the citizens of Pottsville, that she will give
One Grand Concert,
Assisted by Prof. Urban Marks, at Town Hall, on Tuesday evening, September 23d, 1856.
☞ Tickets 50 cents. Concert to commence at 8 o'clock.
☞ Books containing the Life and Musical Tour of the "Black Swan" in Europe, can be had at the door, on the evening of the Concert.
Sept. 13, 1856. 37-3m

TO COAL OPERATORS.
PROPOSALS will be received at No. 804 Walnut St., Philadelphia, for *renting a Colliery*, on the lands of the Big Black Creek Improvement Company, about one mile from Old Wilkesbarre road, and two miles north of Hazleton, in Luzerne Co.
The celebrated *Aymmath* or *Hazleton Vein* is already opened, and the same is exposed to view. The Lehigh Luzerne Railroad is in rapid process of construction from its connection with the Hazleton Railroad to the proposed Colliery, and will ready for use as soon as the Tunnel through Council Ridge is completed, which is one of the ensuing season. For information apply to ALPARDEE, Esq., Hazleton, or to
ALEX. S. ROBERTS, *President,*
No. 804 Walnut Street, Philad'a.
Sept. 20, '56. 38.

M. AVISE'S
CHEAP Watch & Jewelry Store, No. 72 North Second street, (opposite the Mt. Vernon House,) Philadelphia.
Gold Lever Watches, full jeweled, 18 K cases, $28; Silver Lever, full jeweled, $12; Levine, $9; Quartier, $9 to $7; Gold Spectacles, $4 50 to $10; Silver Spectacles, $1 50; Silver Table Spoons, per set, $14 to $18; Silver Dessert Spoons, $9 to $11; Silver Tea Spoons, $4 75 to $7 50; Gold Pens and Gold Cases, $3 20 to $7; Gold Pens and Silver Cases, $1; together with a variety of fine Gold Jewelry, Gold Curb, Guard and Fob Chains. All goods warranted to be as represented. Watches and Jewelry repaired in the best manner. Also, Masonic Marks, Pins, &c., made to order.
N. B.—All orders sent by mail or otherwise, will be punctually attended to.
Sept. 20, '56. 38-1y

CARPETS AND OIL CLOTHS.
Eldridge's Cheap Carpet Store.
PERSONS can purchase Carpets, Oil Cloths, Mattings, &c., very cheap, wholesale or retail, as the subscriber is under a very low rent and light store expenses, and is enabled to sell at the very *lowest prices*. He would call attention to his
Beautiful Imperial 3 ply,
Superfine Ingrain 2,
Fine and Medium Ingrain 2 ply,
Ventians of all kinds.
And Oil Cloths from 1 to 24 feet wide, to suit for rooms, halls, &c., with a great variety of low priced Ingrain Carpets, from 25 to 50 cents per yard; also, Mattings of all widths, Hearth Rugs, Table Covers, Floor Cloths, Rag Carpets, &c. H. H. ELDRIDGE,
No. 41 STRAWBERRY street, one door above Chestnut, 1st street west of Second street, Philadelphia.
Sept. 20, '56. 38-3m

BAILY & BROTHER,
NO. 252 CHESNUT STREET,
ABOVE NINTH,
Philadelphia,
IMPORTERS & DEALERS IN
CARPETINGS,
INVITE the attention of purchasers to their very extensive stock of Fresh Goods, embracing every variety of VELVET, TAPESTRY, BRUSSELS, THREE-PLY, INGRAIN, and VENETIAN CARPETS. Also,
FLOOR OIL CLOTHS,
Of every width, from one to eight yards. Every article sold at the *lowest cash prices*.
Sept. 20, '56. 38-1y

DRED! DRED!! DRED!!!
Harriet Beecher Stowe.
DRED, a Tale of the Great Dismal Swamp, by Mrs. H. B. Stowe, author of Uncle Tom's Cabin and Yet.
History of Slavery, by Horace Greeley.
Confidential letters of Napoleon and Josephine, by Abbott
Captain Nicholas, by the Author of Ingoldsby Legend.
Sermons, by Spurgeon, the Modern Whitfield.
Household Mysteries, by Lizzie Petit.
Lives of Fremont, by Bigelow, Upham and Schmucker.
Saratoga, a Tale of 1787.
Headley's Life of Washington, Illustrated.
Irving's Life of " "
At Home and Abroad, by Madame Oscoli.
Retribution, by Miss Southworth.
Commodore Perry's Japan, Illustrated.
Emerson's English Traits.
Porter's Humorous History of the English Language.
Just published, and for sale by
BENJ. BANNAN,
Bookseller and Stationer.

FRUIT TREES, &C.,
In Large or Small Quantities.
B. BANNAN has been appointed Agent for the sale of Fruit Trees from the Nursery of
Messrs. ELLWENGER & BARRY, of Rochester,
the largest Nursery in the world, and who were recommended by the late lamented Downing as gentlemen of strict integrity, on whom you can depend that you get the kind of Fruit Trees ordered. These gentlemen have 500 acres filled with Trees, Shrubbery, and Plants of every description, in cultivation.
The Fall is the best time to receive the Trees—the roots can be buried in trenches during Winter, and then planted out early in the Spring. Trees obtained in this way very seldom fail in growing.
☞ Orders for Fruit and Ornamental Trees, Shrubbery, &c., in large or small quantities, will be received by the subscriber, and the Trees furnished the latter end of October, at nursery prices.
Sept. 16, '56. 38-

CHEAPER
THAN EVER.
TYNDALE & MITCHELL,
219 Chesnut St., Philadelphia,
Are now ready with their NEW and ELEGANT assortment of
CHINA, GLASS AND QUEENSWARE,
Amongst which will be found every variety of staple articles.
Breakfast, Dinner, Dessert, Tea, and Toilet Sets; Tumblers, Goblets, Champagnes, Decanters, Wines, &c.
Together with a very large assortment of
Fancy Goods.
Mantel Ornaments, Card Baskets, Parian Figures, Colognes, Inkstands, Fancy Cups and Saucers, Tete-a-Tete Sets, &c.
All of which will be sold to the FARMER and CITIZEN at Retail CHEAPER THAN EVER.
Sept. 20, '56. [March 29, '56. 13-] 38-

FALL AND WINTER DRY GOODS.
Cheap for Cash.
KELLEY & BROWN, No. 13, NORTH SECOND St., Philadelphia, would particularly call the attention of their customers to their large assortment of Fall and Winter Dry Goods, comprising in part:

Ladies Dress Goods.

Black Silks,	Mous de Laines.
Plaid Cashmeres,	Bombazines.
Cobourgs,	Mosus de Bege.
Alpacas.	Ginghams, Prints, &c.

Shawls.

Stella, Broche,	Long and Square.
Long and Square,	Black Thibet.
Blanket.	Cashmeres. &c.,

Furnishing Goods.

Blankets.	Linen Damask.
Ticklins.	Table Covers.
Sheetings.	Nay kins.
Counterpanes.	Toweling, &c.

Men's and Boys' Wear.

Cloths, Cassimeres.	Cords, Beaverteens.
Satinets, Vestings.	Kentucky Jeans, &c.

Flannels.

Red, White and Yellow, Bay State Opera in all widths and qualities. Backings, in all shades.
Our goods being bought and sold exclusively for *cash*, enable us to distance all competition. Purchasers changed but a small advance on Auction cost; no goods misrepresented to effect sales, and no abatement in prices.
KELLEY & BROWN.
No. 13, North 2d St., above Market, Philad'a.
Sept. 20, '56. 38-3m

20,000 FEET Window Glass; also, Looking Glass Plates, and Putty for sale by
J. T. HANNUM.
Schuylkill Haven, August 23, '56 35

MISCELLANEOUS.

ALCOHOL, Fluid, Camphene, Turpentine, &c., for sale by J. T. HANNUM.
Schuylkill Haven, August 23, '56 24

10 TONS Zinc Paints, and White Lead, for sale by J. T. HANNUM.
Schuylkill Haven, August 23, '56 24

FLOUR AND FEED.
EXTRA and Superfine Flour and all kinds of Feed. For Sale at Wholesale by
OWEN H. WILEY.
July 5, '56. 27-3m* *Address, Lewport P. O.*

POTTSVILLE QUADRILLE BAND.
THIS BAND is now organized, and ready to attend COTILLION PARTIES, BALLS, PICNICS, &c. Orders addressed to N. J. REES, or C. C. CARTER, will receive prompt attention.
Pottsville, July 12, '56 28-1y

WATER METRES.
THE Subscriber having been authorised by the manufacturers of Water Metres, will supply all orders left with them, at their prices.
E. YARDLEY & SON.
Pottsville, August 30, '56 35-

LEATHER! LEATHER! LEATHER!
HENRY W. OVERMAN, Importer of FRENCH CALF SKINS, and general Leather Dealer, No. 6 South 3d st., Philadelphia.
A general assortment of all kinds of LEATHER, Morocco, etc., etc. RED and OAK SOLE LEATHER.
Aug. 23, 1856. 34-6m

CHECKS, NOTES AND DRAFTS.
New Styles.
THE Subscriber having made arrangements to furnish the new and beautiful styles of engraved Checks, Drafts and Notes, invites attention to the latest and most approved patterns,