

POTTSVILLE, PA.

SATURDAY, JULY 26, 1836. THE circulation of the MINERS' JOURNAL is equal taggregate circulation of any THREE other English

THE MINERS! JOURNAL. CAMPAIGN SUBSCRIBERS. as the ensuing Presidential Election is likely to be one

e most exciting ever held in the country on account e Slavery question and Freedom to Kansas, we will the Miners' Journal to campaign subscribers, a 12 1-2 cents per month. dvance, from the 14th of June, to Saturday, Novem bscribers to one address. \$5 in advance, for the same Make up your lists and send them in by the 12th

f June, so that we may know how many to strike off. OUR PRINCIPLES. REEDOM OF SPEECH.

FREEDOM TO KANSAS. NOT ANOTHER INCH OF SLAVE TERRITORY. he Union, Now and Forever, and the men tche will carry out these Principles. The flag upon which those principles are The flag upon which those principles are in-cribed, we flung to the breeze recently. The men to support them in the coming Presidential contest, have been found. They are John C. FREMONT, of California, and WM. F. DAYTON, of Jersey. We therefore, add to the folds of FREMONT, FREEDOM, THE CONSTITUTION AND THE UNION.

HARRISBURG CONVENTION! ILLMORE & DONELSON ELECTORAL TICKET.

accordance with the call of the American State Council, the friends of FILLMORE & DONELSON in the intry of Schuylkill, will meet at the Public House of the Hall, in the boyough of Pottsville, on Saturday. Et. Hill. in the comuch of Following of the pur-of appointing three delegates to represent Schuyl-county in the State Convention at Harrisburg, of the 5th day of August next, for the non

John Ruch,
B. T. Taylor,
Simen Derr.
James M. Beatty,
James Focht,
ttsville, July 17th, 1856.

RECEIPTS Subscriptions to the Miners' Journal since la publication.

Hannah Bannan, to July 1, 1857, hylkill Nav. Co., Reading, to July 1, 1856,

Brock, to July 1, 1856. ph Downing, to July 1, 1856, J. Burnside, to July 5, 1857, Van Dusen, to Jan. 1, 1857 Wintersteen, to Jan. 1:1857, Abbott. to May 17, 1857, Abiott. to May 17, 1857, y W. Bowman, to July 1, 1856, Smilas, to Jan. 1, 1857. Hazell, to April 1, 1857. an Yarnell, to July 1, 1856, Etien, to Nov. 1, 1856.

ar & Winchester, to July 1, 1357 en, to July 12, 1856, mas, to Aug. 5, 1856, Nelig, to July 1, 1856, Boyer, to Jan. I. 1857, & Broomale. to July 12, 1857, Foster, to July 1, 1857, C. Neville, to July 1, 1856, R. orbach, to July 1, 1856, Is Houdenbush, to July 1, 1856, Is Houdenbush, to July 1, 1855, Stifter, to June 1, 1857, e Purcell, to July 1, 1857 Purcell, to July 1, 1857. Lindemuth, to July 1, 1856, . Ramsey, to Sept. 22, 1856, than K. Yost, to July 1, 1856,

K. Yost, to July 1, 1856, Reed. to Jan. 1, 1857, luntington & Co., to May 17, 1867, Platt. to July 1, 1856, Platt, to July 1, 1856. Prezie, to Jan. 1, 1857, Frezie, to Jan. 1, 1857, ryell, to July 1, 1856, Shelley, to July 1, 1856, te Wiison, to July 1, 1857, Bolig, to July 12, 1857, Bárkler, to Jan. 1, 1857, härkler, to Jan. 1, 1857, Parmley, to Jan. 1, 1857, Parker, to Jan. 1, 1857, d A.-Avins, to Jan. 1, 1857, d A.-Avins, to Jan. 1, 1856, t. Bensinger, to Jan. 1, 1866, Jardher, to July 1, 1856, Jardher,

YOUNG MAN wishes a situation as Clerk. See ad MALE TEACHERS are wanted in Branch

me for sale, See advertisement.

HOUSE to let ongocond street, next door to the 1st nodist Episcopalkhurch. See advertisement.

RAY-COWS.—jwe advertisements of Thomas Bittle, h Manbeim township, and Paul Atwood. St. Clair.

NTRACTORS are wanted to mine Coal in the LackBE-ARMS of all descriptions, can be obtained by genen at the hardware store of Stichter & Thompmuths Borough.

this Borough, ave spent a few days at the Eagle Hotel in Wilkessave spent a new days at the Englis moter in to suc, and can say that he deserves all the patronate may be bestowed on his house.

SAVING FUNDS of the National Safety Company, in the street, whith west corner of Third street, Phills, now has more than One Million of Dollars, all tigazes. Ground Rents, and other first class security the benefit of depositors. Five Per Cent. Interfedient and the money is always maid back in Gold. and the money is always paid back in GOLD AZARD'S ropes have been thoroughly tested in Region, and found equal to any made in this if not equal to the best English ropes. He is ing ropes of every size, shape and length, both ound. His ropes are now exclusively used on f the inclined planes in the Coal Regin, and have lly given satistaction to all parties. Please read ertisement in another column. Ill be observed, by a reference to our advertising is, that a New Coach Factory has been established

mins, that is New Coach Factory has been established amaqua. Mr. Foster has been long known in that e as a mechanic of the first order, and well deserves patronage and custom that he has acquired. His ner. Mr. Dean, comes fresh from a long experience in of the first coach factories in this country, and will ble to turn out carriages of every description, in the stand, corner, of Broad and Centre streets. Tamaqua. Elliuli CoAL AT THE EAST.—By reference, it as next seemed to the stand. According to the stand of the stand. New York 255 Walnut street, Philadelphia, and sie a street, Boston, in an another equium, it will be pered that they are now the exclusive shippers of the first odd of the stand of the stand. According to the standard of the

coness will adjourn eine die on the 18th

LLT BROOKS is out for James Buchanan. ill the Border Ruffians. HE MINERSVILLE BULLETIN advocates with the election of Fillmore.

HE HARRISBURG TELEGRAPH hoists to the head, the names of John C. Fremont, for sident, and William L. Dayton for Vice Pres-

NEW DRESS .- The Pittston Gazette com attired in a new typographical suit. Friend hart will accept our congratulations upon mproved appearance of his valuable journal. E New Basins-We are glad to learn that Vater Company has commenced building the a. It will be sufficiently large to hold a supwater for about thirty days, and completed apidly as possible.

L Riour Now .- The Dublin Nation, publish-Dublin, Ireland, is out for "Ten Cent Jim-It declares that "the Irish vote has been im to a man." The Nation declares that hanan is the son of an Irish rebel. It is a fication to know that the race of such doughs in this country, will soon be extinct.

EEDOM and FREMONT. The mass of the mont. We appeal alone to AMERICAN CITInocratic papers of New York, are doing the ZENS to assist in the consummation of the great

meagre an assemblage, the meeting adjourned at his suggestion. It is the same in every section of the country. Can't raise a "corporal's guard" o attend Democratic mass meetings.

CREDITABLE PROMPTNESS .- The full proportion the State tax of Schuylkill County, amounting \$36,500; was paid into the State Treasury on the 14th inst. Besides being the first county in ho State to pay in its full quota, it saves to the County Treasury by the drawback on the aggregate sum. \$1800. The fact is exceedingly creditable to our county, and to the Commissioners through whose exertions the amount due the State has been so promptly liquidated.

Voice of the Pulpit in San Francisco.-The pulpit in San Prancisco has spoken, it would seem with one voice, in support of the extraordinary measures of the "Vigilance Committee," on the ground of their absolute necessity to protect the er lath, 1856, a period of 5 months. For clubs of 10 lives of the citizens against the assassins, thieves and gamblers, who had so far gotten possession of official places, as to fear nothing from the execution of the laws. Under their abominable misrule, San Francisco was fast becoming the knaves' and murderers' paradise.

THE GAZETTE. - This paper did not appear las week. Since then, we understand that Major Dewart has nurchased Mr. Devo's interest in the Guzette, and Mr. D. has gone West. Through the medium of the Democratic press of this county, connected with his desire to represent this District in Congress, the Major has been shorn of some seven thousand dollars. How much more he will "shell out" before he reaches the coveted position. it were hazardous to estimate. The purchase, we learn, was made to prevent the press from falling into the hands of his enemies.

Indiana .- "E. B." writing to the Philadelphia Sun from Indiana, says that in Ohio, Fremont is largely in the ascendant, with Fillmore next, and Buchanan the lowest on the list. In Cincinnati, the Fillmore feeling is strong. Richmond, Ind., 70 miles from Cincinnati, contains 8000 inhabitants, and being the centre from which radiate railways in all directions, it is destined to be a place of great importance. A large number of houses are now in course of construction. No liquor is retailed there. "E. B." says the only drawback he knows in the place is that all the people are for Fremont. He came across three Buchanan men, two Fillmore men-another and himself, both of which were visitors-and the rest ar

WHERE IS PIERCE STREET?-We observed las week, that we have a Pierce street in the Borough of Pottsville. We should like to know where is-and also who named it Pierce. It is a disgrace to the Borough to call any street after 2 00 Franklin Pierce, and it ought to be changed at once. In the meantime we wish to know who named it Pierco street. It would be as appropriate to term it Arnold street. We have a Jefferson Jan Adams, a Jackson street. Those names pos sess a solid ring, and are acceptable; but we can't oh, no, we can't stand Pierce street. Shouldn' be surprised if property on that street would de preciate if the name is continued, to half its value. Who gave us a Pierce street? Let his name be immortalized by the Buck and Breck Club. Let him be Cobbed, and then presented with a leather medal.

MERCANTILE LIBRARY ASSOCIATION OF THE CITY or Boston. -To the Association we are indebted 2 00 for a copy of the Thirty-sixth Annual Report of ticular purposes. the Directors. The statement is flattering, and proves that the Association is in a highly satisfactory condition. Carlos Pierce, Esq., is President, and associated with him as officers, are some of the most eminent members of the mercantile community of Boston. The present number of members and subscribers is 2667. The Report is interesting, neatly printed, and numbers about eignty pages. The Reading room of the Association i one of the best in the country, being liberally supplied with books, magazines and newspapers The Society is about to occupy new rooms, promnent among the attractions and ornaments of which stands the marble statue of the "Wounded Indian," by Peter Stephenson.

THE Pottsville Miners' Journal, one of the mos ential newspapers in Pennsylvania, has dropped Fillmore and now battles for "Fremont and Freedom."-Lehigh Valley Times.

Even so. Men perish-principles are eternal.-If Fremont proved recreant to the true principles of Freedom, or exhibited sectionalism in his tone, we would abandon him, even as we drupped Fillmore, for a non-expression of manly, American feeling on the great issue of the esent contest-the introduction of Slavery into Free Territory of the United States. To slaveocratic arrogance, bullyism and aggression we are hostile. We oppose the extension of slave territory. We are in favor of Freedom of Speech inchecked by cudgel terrorism. In John C Fremont we recognise the standard bearer of these principles. Friend Rauch, can you not also range consistently, on the side of "Freedom and Fremont?"

WE hope there may be a general union of action among the opponents of the present imbecile ad-ministration, and a vigorous effort to-carry Penn-sylvania, the great battle ground, upon which the cause of free speech, free press, free labor, the constitution and the Union must be maintained. -Lehigh Valley Times.

Right. Upon the soil of the "Keystone State," the most herculean efforts of the pro-slavery, Sham Democracy, will be made, to insure the success of their sectional candidate, Jamas Buchanan. New York has been abandoned by the Patent Democracy. That State is certainly lost to them. Every success that money can accomplish, will be striven for in Pennsylvania by the enemies of Freedom. It is importaively necessary that the opposition unite on one electoral ticket to secure a brilliant victory. The principles at stake are too precious to be jeopardized. Let the motto on our standard be-the Union, the Constitution and Equal Rights.

Won't Contribute.—The postmaster of George own, N. Y., received a letter rom the Executive Committee at Washington, having charge of Ten Cent Jimmy's affairs, requesting him to contribute to the election fund, if he desires to retain his office. 'He won't do it-and says he will sooner resign his office. The following is an extract from his letter:

"I have ever been a full-blooded Loco-Foce Democrat—politically dyed in the wool, and have never yet voted any other but a Democratic ticket; and I regret that there is so much blood upon their platform that I cannot do so still. But it is too red; and the Kansas pill that the leading "Democrats" (?) have prepared for us, is a little too bitter for me to swallow, and if swallowed, my political stomach is altogether too weak to retain . If I am expected to figure for Buchanan, for Slavery in Kansas, and against (as I believe) the best and dearest interests of the nation, in order o insure a "continuance of my official position"; stmaster at the City of Georgetown, I shall beg respectfully decline the honors of the office; as solding such an office at such a cost, would be too much like the bargain made by that "leading Democrat" who "sold Jesus Christ for thirty pieces of silver."

THE CATHOLIC VOTE .- A subscriber complains that we are disposed to court the Irish Roman Catholic vote. He is mistaken. We never have solicited that vote, and never will. Appealing to to the foreign vote as foreign, we despise. We ask every American citizen-every lover of Freeom-irrespective of his place of birth, if he can support the principles we advocate, to fall into line. The present is a great rising of the people, not a party matter. We welcome all to the ranks of Freedom, who heartily hate the tyrangy which at this moment is being exercised on the soil of Kansas, at the hands of the slaveocracy. As for ENTUCKY .- Prentice of the Louisville Journal, the Roman Catholic vote of the country, it is that he had no iden that the Republicans where it properly belongs, with the Rum, Slavewill be from \$25 to \$150 according to the state and over in that State; but as they have form.

while property occurred, No, since the extent of the mines, of the quantity of water required for steam, and from \$50 to \$100 per year incinnilly Democratic. If that is the case became nowerless to stem the progress of the sputicket, he thinks it will get ten thousand Whig party, of which we were a staunch friend, s, principally Democratic. If that is the case, became powerless to stem the progress of the spudmore stands a fair chance of carrying Ken- rious Democratic faction, we have advocated principles wherever found, which we consider right. THE "TENTH LEGION" FOR FREMONT. - The De. Although we dislike some, yet we advocate many rescy of Herkimer county, N. Y., in Conven- of the leading principles of Americanism. In the assembled, have repudiated Buchanan and present contest we are decidedly on the side of Cincinnati Platform, and resolved to support Free Speech, Free Territory, Freemen and Fre-

ENS to assist in the consummation of the great me thing, daily.

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A Chance for Brooks.—Mr. Burlingame went to New York on Tuesday en route to Canada to fight a duel with P. S. Brooks. Brooks however, its opposed to passing through the enemy's country—in fact he don't like the size of the muzzle of Burlingame's rifls. Now we are deidedly opposed to passing through the enemy's country—in fact he don't like the size of the muzzle of Burlingame's rifls. Now we are deidedly opposed to he sowardly practice of duelling. It is a well known fact that many sewards have a decided in his expressions of disapprobation, alareocratical arrogance and aggression.

ZENS to assist in the consummation of the great work.

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A Chance for Brooks.—Mr. Burlingame went to New York on Tuesday en route to Canada to fixed reservoir, the bighest point of which being 56 feet above a certain level, to where, if the gas was forced four the reservoir, would escape with a current of fresh air into the most escape of the same for the work.

We will suppose a body of gas (the specific gravity of which is 500, common air being 1,000) to be obged of fine fourthers, if the saw as forced four the reservoir, which is 500, common air being 1,000) to be obged on fine of the feet of which being 56 feet above a certain level, to where, if the gas was forced four the reservoir, would escape with a current of fresh air into the most escape of the saw and the being 1,000 four of which being 50 feet of one the reservoir, would escape with a current of fresh air into the most escape of the muzzle of the weight of a cubic foot of air a rodinary propagan.

In the fourth reservoir of the light and of the weight of an equal volume of air by 532 (the weight of a cubic foot of air and rodinary of the reservoir.) Now york of the fourth reservoi work. 😙

· I was a part

TREMENDOUS MEETING! - The Democracy called | tised. He has blustered in Washington since the | third more to what is already found. To work out the The Memorracy called a meeting at Niagara Falls last week. Seventeen assault on Sunner, apparently fairly "spiling for persons, all told, were present. The Postmaster at that place presided; but thinking it wouldn't date him, and Brooks declines, giving as a reason, this apprehension of danger of assassination or his apprehension of danger of assassination or molecular adjuurned at molecular in washing and the sir, and required pressure per square foot of acting surface, then 1/3 of 13:300 plus 143:331 which added for friction gives (13:300 plus 143:331 in a pressure per square foot of samples.) his apprehension of danger of assassination or molectation in his passage through what he is pleased to term 'an enemy's country.' Brooks can easisthat fear to the winds, for a Philadelphia gentleman is authorised to state publicly that five hundred responsible citizens of Philadelphia will undertake, at their own cost, to escort, in entire safety, Mr. Brooks to Canada, and in the event of his surviving a hostile encounter with Mr. Burlingame, will return him in safety to Washington. There, Mr. Brooks is a chance for you. Have you plack enough yet to meet the "game chicken of New England?"

> THE COAL TRADE. **海南省自身**

Pottsville, July 26, 1856. The quantity sent by Railroad this week is 48,-848 10-by Canal 31,234 00-for the week 80,-082 10 tons. Total by Rollroad 1,186,180 11 tons against 1,298,442 08-Do. by Canal 526,382 06 against 531,038 08 tons to same, period last year. The Canal has nearly caught up to last year's shipments. By Railroad the deficiency is over

100,000 tons. -

The falling off this week is not as great as we anticipated. The reason was simply this:—There are two elements at work—one to check shipments and lift up the prices a little above the present ruinous rato—and the other element opposed to suppension with a view of keeping prices down even if they break up a large portion of the trade. As soon as it was ascertained that unany of our Operators intended shackening off a little until the accumulations of Coal at Philadelphia and New York was sold, small orders were received by many who had no orders before, and the state of the money market and their necessities are such that they could not resist the temptation, and of course several establishments that had resolved to suspend for a short time continued at work. How long they will continue to receive orders—and how long they will be able to bear up under present prices remains to be tested. Those who have wharves at Richmond are maintained better than they are in this region. It is those who cannot procure an outlet by Canal, and who are forced to sell their Coal to the Richmond dealers, that are laboring under the greatest difficulties. They have no alternative but to take what is offered, or stop. Coal by Canal has always common ty procure an outlet process of the many down and a better price than that sold by Railroad for Port Richmond—and this explains the reason why the shipments by Canal have nearly caught to those of last year while the supply by Railroad for Port Richmond—and this explains the reason why the shipments by Canal have nearly caught to those of last year while the supply by Railroad for Port Richmond—and this explains the reason why the shipments by Canal have nearly caught to those of last year while the supply by Railroad for Port Richmond—and this explains the reason why the shipments by Canal have nearly caught to those of last year while the supply by Railroad for Port Richmond—and this explains the reason why the shipments by Canal have nearly caught. When the gas as it in proving the ex The falling off this week is not as great as w

kinds that must be procured at any price for par-

The water is falling rapidly in the Canal and an in is wanted badly.

Mesars Cookers Peals & Co. decise at a table and guences. rain is wanted badly. Messrs. Cochran, Peale & Co., desire us to state

ement is, and how unfit for use, in its present state for almost everything. Indeed, we have seen a tea kettle in which mine water had been boiled as a beverage, conted inside with the yellow slime merely by a singly operation.

Yet it is possible to purify even this water and make it fit for any and every use, though as yet no simple and effective means have been generally applied. Many expediencies have been reserted

to as partial agencies to effect the desired result, and some of them have partially succeeded.

In some places the mine water is pumped up direct from the bottom of the slope or shaft, or ta-ken from the water level into a large reservoir prepared expressly for its reception. Into this rain water from the roofs of the building is conducted with the exhaust steam of the engines. From this pool or reservoir, the water should be drained through the natural earth, or sand should be artificially arranged as a fillet through which it should pass before being pumped into the boilers. Such a preventive against the corrosion of

steam boilers by the use of mine water is economical and convenient, but it is not entirely exectual, since but a partial preventive is secured. Other modes are made use of, but none of them seem to be preferable—economy and convenience con-sidered—to the one described, when chemicals are not made use of. It is true that a chemist would find no difficulty in purifying mine water or ex-tracting its acids—the matter is one of economy

That such a process is possible, seems evident from what has been done by chemical operation and the want of such an invention here, should be sufficient to put the wits of our practical men at work. But from what we can learn, the probability is, that the much needed development has already been made and put into operation by some of our smart Tamaqua neighbors, who seem to have got ahead of us in this thing as well as Locomotive building. Yet seriously spenking, we believe that Prof. R. A. Maingay has patented a process for the purification of mine water, and as erected an apparatus at the town of Andenried, at the mines of Messrs. J. B. McCreary and others near Jeansville, which is now in operation \$4 50 to \$5 50 for small and large size from boat, and can be seen by our operators at any time.

His mode of refining this water is on ccientific principles; chemical agents are made-use of as \$6 00 to \$6 25. Foreign is scarce and but little disinfectives, but in such a manner, that no difficulty can be experienced by any one however unskilful in their uses, and that too at a small cost.

The mode by which this is effected is not for us to explain, since it belongs at present to the patentee. Our operators have only to satisfy themselves of its effectiveness and utility, to be benefitted by its application at their works. The cost of erecting and supplying the apparatus at first,

We notice cargo sales of Pictou at \$7 @ \$7 25, and Syd

against Maingay's process on the score of economy.

S. H. D. VENTILATION OF MINES. Concluded,

tion, which is so great a reduction on the present

We will give an example to show the amount of power required to force this gas from any olevated position glown to a certain level where a current of air is moving or from whence the gas on account of its extreme lightness will naturally escape to levels above or to the surface.

tance of 6 fest would be enough in most instances, and too much in mines where the ventilating current was not moving above a rate of 500 feet per minute.

This explains the reason why the bodies of gas are so bad to break, as the miners say after they have failed to dislodge certain bodies of gas in similar situations. In some instances it would be convenient to drive a level drift into the highest point of the reservoir and thus allow the gas to drain or escape from its confinement.

The following table will be found useful to show the pressure, in pounds, of currents moving at different velocities. With this table and inference to the preceding rule, any quantity of gas may be driven from any part of a Coal mine, with a proper application, and any ordinary ventilating current of air:

Velocity of ventilating eng. Pressure on a cause feet and

Velocity of ventilating cur- Pressure on a square foot rent in feet per minute. surface in pounds Avoir

up to those of last year while the supply by Railroad remains upwards of 110,000 tons behind.—
Not a ton of Coal will be sold to go to Port Richmond if it can find a sale or outlet by the Canal under the present aspects of the trade.

The demand will of course continue moderate for several weeks yet—and there is no disposition on the part of any of the Operators to push business—even those who have orders partake to a certain extent of the general apathy.

We learn that three small class Collieries suspended, not voluntarily, during the last ten days.
We think however the worst is over, and after the present month the demand for Coal will be brisk.
The trade still remains about 200,000 tons behind the shipments of last season. The Lehigh is the only-region that has reached the shipments to same period last year—nor has there been any increase in Bituminous Coal. The low price of Anthracite shuts out all other Coals except those kinds that must be procured at any price for parapposions occur, because the gas mixes uniformly throughout the whole mine until it attains the firing point, when the whole of the mixture explodes at once.

quences.

A detailed system of ventilation can hardly be ex-

Messrs Cochran, Peale & Co., desire us to state that they can give constant employment to about fifty additional Miners and Laborers at their Colliery at Shamokin. This looks as if the trade was brisk in that quarter.

Mine Water for Engine Boilers.

This subject is one of great importance to almost every party engaged in the mining of Coal, particularly in this Region, where the greatest part of the water that can be used conveniently for steam, is strongly impregnated with the most corrosive acids, which not only destroy the boilers in which they are used, but occasions the loss of much time and labor in consequence.

Pure spring water can but seldom be obtained near the mines in sufficient quantities to supply our extensive, or even a colliery of limited extent, with a sufficiency of water for steam purposes a lone. The bed, of nearly every stream in the region is painted yellow with the corrosive acids of the mines. Even a drink of pure water acids of the mines. Even a drink of pure water acids of the mines. Even a drink of pure water acids of the mines. Even a drink of pure water acids of the mines. Even a drink of pure water acids of the mines. Even a drink of pure water acids of the mines. Even a drink of pure water acids of the mines. Even a drink of pure water acids of the mines. Even a drink of pure water acids of the mines. Even a drink of pure water acids of the mines. Even a drink of pure water acids of the mines. Even a drink of pure water acids of the mines. Even a drink of pure water acids of the mines at the mine of ventilation was our main point; and also to show the a solute necessity of ventilation was our main point; and also to show the a solute necessity of ventilation was our main point; and also to show the a solute necessity of ventilation was our main point; and also to show the a solute necessity of ventilation was our main point; and also the likely results where it is not attended to. It is enough to that if the fresh air is conducted to. It is enough to that if the fresh air is co

ses alone. The bed, of nearly every stream in the region is painted yellow with the corrosive acids of the mines. Even a drink of pure water can scarcely be obtained when in the neighborhood of the Coal formations, and not only is pure, unadulterated water scarce, but water of any kind is sometimes very limited, except that which comes directly out of the mines.

Where pure water can be obtained it frequently costs large sums of money during the year, to obtain a sufficient supply. But after all, though a single colliery should pay a thousand dollars per year for water rights, it is done for the sake of economy, since, in the same time probably, a new set of boilers might be destroyed by the corrosive agency of the mine water as the only alternative, or even the bursting of those boilers be occasioned by the same means, causing an immense destruction of property, if not life itself.

It is perhaps, not generally known to those of our readers who are situated outside of the mining districts, that the mine water of which we speak, is as corrosive as it really is. But when we tell them that a bar of iron, several inches in diameter, has been destroyed—caten through in a few months by the corrosion of this water—they may imagine how destructive the impregnated element is, and how unfit for use, in its present state for almost everything. Indeed we have the state for almost everything. Indeed washers. BRANCHDALE, July 18th, 1856.

Branchile. July 18th, 1856.

B. Bannan—Sir:—In the Miners Journal of the 12th inst., I noticed a paragraph stating that a miner had just arrived from Dirlington who is said to have stated that the bulk of the Cannel Coal now mined there is at once converted into burning and lubricating oil, &c.

As I, no doubt, am the person alluded to, you will perhaps allow me to say a word on the subject.

The bulk of the Coal is not yet being made into oil, though the calculation is that it will shortly be so.

Two large oil factories are now in course of erection, and another is expected to be commenced in a short time, each of which, with furnaces and retorts, are calculated to consume about 50 tons of Coal in the 24 hours, yielding from the retorts 50 gallons of oil to the ton, worth at least \$50, at an exponse of less than \$10.

I have specimens of the oil, and Coal with me, which I wish to show to any person interested in the matter, besides giving any information concerning the Coal, and Coal business of the West that may be required, also the prospects and inducements held forth in the manufacturing of oil from the Cannel Coal.

I would further state however, that Cannel Coal of a superior and its to parts. I would further state however, that Cannel Coal of a superior quality to Darlington can easily be had and in a locality much more preferable.

Any information concerning the shows with the same of t locality much more preferable.

Any information concerning the above subject will be readily given by addressing the subscriber at Branchdale. Schuylkill County, Pa.

The subscriber has been in the Superintendence of Caunel Coal mines for a number of years, and is therefore prepared to give raliable information.

od to give reliable missing.
Yours very respectfully,
D. McDonald The trade in New York continues dull, and a dealer who writes to us urges the lessening of the quantity sent forward, for a few weeks:

tracting its scids—the matter is one of economy merely. If this water cannot be purified at a comparatively small cost, the attempt, even if successful in a degree, would be valueless, since pures water can be had even here for money. But should some one be fortunate enough to invent, or suggest some process by which the matter can be effected, and the water which is pumped direct from the mines be made pure, or free from corrosive acids, such an invention or application, would seem a fortunate the fortunate inventor in this region, where so much money is annually spent to procure good water.

That such a process is possible, seems evident The desiers think that lessening the supply would make the consumers come forward promptly and commence laying in their supplies, which is all that is requisite to make the trade move forward briskly. from this until the close of the season, as every one who gives the matter a moment's reflection must know that every pund of Authracite which can possible supply the control of the season of the control of the and of Anthracite which can possible reach tide this

> PORT RICHMOND, August 25, 1856 .- The shipnents are going forward freely, and the prices remain without change on board both at Richmond and Bristol. New York, July 24, 1856 .- The demand for Authracite continues steady and prices range from

doing. RICHMOND, Va., July 19, 1856 .- Anthracite in plenty and Red Ash is selling at \$6 50-White Ash for Foundry purposes \$7 00 per ton.

of erecting and supplying the apparatus at first. We notice cargo sales of Pictou at \$7 @ \$7 25, and Sydwill be from \$25 to \$150 according to the size and ney at \$7 P mine chaldron. WHOLESALE PRICES-PER TON OF 2000 PO do red ash, do lump, Lehigh, lump, Lackawawana. RETAIL PRICES—PER TON OF 2,000 POUNDS - 3 ton. 14 00 @ -8 00 @ — — 6 00 @ 6 50

> BY TELEGRAPH. PRIDAY, 6 O'CLOCK, P. M.

Shipments by Canal. For the week ending Thursday last: n the Line, • • 9,911 01 15,912 05 Total for week. 31.234 00 By Rail Road and Canal.

Quantity of Coal sent by Railroad and Canal, for 16,054 16 3,134 69 20,910 03 894 06 7,854 16 Port Carbon. Schurlkill Haven. 090 0 2,338 1 48,848 10 31.234 00 80.082 10 Total by Railroad in 1856, 1.186.180 1 Total by Canal and Railroad WEEK. 51.778 00 27.125 00 By Railroad. 78,903 00 1,830,480 1 1,712,562 1 Decrease in 1856, so far, tons, 117,917 1

Schuylkill County Railroads-1856; The following is the quantity of Coal transported over the Bifferent Railroadsin Schuylkill County, for the wee ending on Thursday evening las Mine Hill and S. Haven R. R., 39,030 05
Mt. Carbon "5,371 05
Schuylkili Valley "10,245 13
Mt. Carbon & Pt. Carbon "15,405 11 Mill Creek, Little Schuylkill Rates of Toll and Transportation or

To Richmond, \$1 85 To Philad'a., 1 75 Spring Mills, 1 55 \$1 65 1 55 1 35 95 To Philad'a., Spring Mills, Reading, Rates of Toll by Canal for the present To Philad's., Rates of Freight by Canal: To New York, \$1 90 To Philad'a., 90 Delaware and Hudson Co's Coal Trade 49,728 Penna. Coal Co's Coal Trade.

707AL, 209.913 223,791 For the last week, To same time last year, Decrease so far, 13,878 TOTAL

27,524

Lehigh Coal Trade for 1856 by Canal Lehigh Coal and Nav. Co: Summit Mines, Room Run do. East Lehigh Mir 4,280 14 2,666 03 2,597 14 144 08 1,163 12 682 09 Spring Mountain M East Sugar Loaf do. 2.791 02 1,662 04 3,286 13 999 ,12 431 01 .683 07 Buck Mountain Co., Wyoming Coal, Hartford Coal Co.,

45,967 08 Lehigh Valley R. R. Week ending sa Wm. Milnes & Co, Ratcliff & Johnson

Total for the week, 49,739 15 550,295 07

Union Canal R. R. Coal Transportation Cumberland Coal Trade, 1856. For the last week, Increase in 1856, so far.

312,920 16,251 AND OTHER SCHUYLKILL CO. STOCKS RAILROADS

berry Creek Schuylkill Navigation Schuylkill Navigation, Preferred

| Dol. & Hudson Coal & Transportat'n Co.'s | 100 | 121 | 122 | RAILROAD & COAL COMPANIES | Little Schuylkill Nav. R. R. & Coal Co. | 50 | 423 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | 425 | azieton Coal Co.
uck Mountain Coal Co.
ennsylvania Coal & R. R. Co.
suphin Coal & R. R. Co. Lykens Valley Coal Co. 50 35 40 Beaver Meadows Coal & R. R. Co. 50 531/4 531. Lykens Valley Railroad & Coal Company 20 10 15 COAL COMPANIES. Forest Improvement Co. North American Coal Co., Preferred Delaware Coal Co. -Cumberland Coal Co. - . MISCELLANEOUS.

ottsville Water Co.

437 The Stock of all Coal Companies will be added to he above list, when furnished by those who desire their

NEW ADVERT'MENTS BENTON'S THIRTY YEARS. THE SUBSCRIBER can now furnish volume 2d of Benton's History of the American Government for Thirty Years, from 1820 to 1850, com-pleting the work. Also, sets in 2 vols., for sale at B. BANNAN'S Book & Stationery Store. Pottsville, July 26, '56 "EAGLE HOTEL," Cor. of Market and Franklin ets. Wilkesbarre Luzeene county, Pa.

William Earley, Proprietor. This old stand has been thoroughly renovated by its present proprietor, and made comfortable in every res spares no permanent and fransient boarding. Mr. Earley spares no pains to secure the approbation and good will of every guest, by constant attention of every guest, by constant attention wishes. His rooms and general acco ple and his tables well supplied. Call and see him. not extortionate in his charges. July 26, '56 OFFICIAL.

T a Stated Meeting of the Council A a Stated Meeting of the Council of the borough of Pottaville, Tuesday evening, July 15th, 1850, the fellowing preamble and resolution were read and sdopted, and ordered to be published:
Wilkens. There is some uncertainty existing in regard to the amount of Borough orders bearing interest, and in circulation, and in order that the correct amount may be arrived at, therefore.

Resolved, That the Clerk give notice to holders of all orders issued prior to May 16th, 1854, to report the same to the Clerk or Council, with a view of ascertaining the amount of interest due, and funding the orders. All such orders not reported by the ist day of November, 1856, to be declared illegally issued, and refused by the Collector and Treasurer of the borough.

(Extract from the minutes.)

Attest, SAMUEL HARTZ, Clerk. Attest, SAMUEL HARTZ, Clerk.

Pottsville, July 26, '56 MAUCH CHUNK Wire Rope Manufactory. Fisher Hazard,

Manufacturer of Wire Rope, for inclined planes, shafts, slopes, &c., would inform the public that he is now prepared to make

ALL KINDS, LENGTHS AND SIZES OF FLAT

AND ROUND ROPE, At the shortest notice, of superior quality, and on th most liberal terms, at his Wire Rope Factory, Mauch Chunk, Carbon Co., Pa. Reference can be made to Messrs. E. A. Douglas, N. D. Cortright and A. II. Broadhead, at Mauch Chunk: to N. Patterson, Summit Hill, to Sharpe, Leisenring & Co., Tilmore, Lucerne county, Pa., and in fact, nearly all the operators in the Region who have been using his ropes.

July 26, '56

30-ly

NEW WORK ON COAL. TANUAL OF COAL and its Topography, illustrated by original drawings, by J. The Daisy Chain, by the author of the Heir of Redcliffe, ham, illustrated.
The White Chief, by Capt. Mayne Reid.
Linda. by Caroline Lee Hents.
Ferris' States and Territories of the Great West, map and

The Modern Story Teller, 12m The Sparrowgrass Papers, by Cozzens.
The Scalp Hunters, by Mayne Reid.
Salad for the Social.
Physicians of St. 14 Phoniziana, or Sketches and Burlesques, by John Phon henixiana, or Sketches and for sale at nix. Just published, and for sale at II. BANNAN'S Book & Stationery Store. Pottsville, July 26, '56 TAMAQUA COACH FACTORY

And Smith Shop, CORNER of Broad and Centre sts.

FOSTER & DEAN, Proprietors. Messure Fostor & Dean Maring entered into partnership, in the Carries Making, Horse-bocking, Blacksmithing business. & Walling the properties of the June of Holling of Holling and Holling through the Journal of Holling MORNER of Broad and Centre sts.

MISCELLANEOUS.

FLOUR AND FEED. XTRA and Superfine Flour and all kinds of Feed. For Sale at Wholesale by OWEN H. WILEY.

July 5, '55. 27-3m' Address, Leesport P. O. POTTSVILLE QUADRILLE BAND. THIS BAND is now organized, an ready to attend COTILLION PARTIES, BALLS IC NICS, &c. Orders addressed to N. J. BERR, or U. C. 28-1y

SELECT SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES. TISS EDMONDS appounces to he I friends and the public, that she will open a Select chool for young ladies on the first Monday in August. orther particulars will be announced, as soon as ar-Pottsville, July 19, 1856. 29-3t

OR SALE.—Worthington's Steam Pumps, Reed's Chromometer Steam Engines, Davis' Parallel Vises, Eddy's Lathe Scroll Chucks. Roebling's Patent wire rope, Dudgoon's Hydraulic Jacks, Schaffers, Ashcroft's, Schmidt's and other Stoam guages &c. &c. For sale by W. H. KING, Mechanical Engineer, and General Agent, Third St. below Walnut, Philadelphia. June 21, '56 25-ly

KRAMM & WOLFF.

Dealers in Grain and Country Produce,

Milton, Northumberland county, Pa. THE subscribers are now prepared to fill any orders of Wheat, Rye, Coru, Oats, Potatoes, Bacop, Butler, Eggs, Lard, &c., that may be sent to them. Coal operators and provision dealers of Schuylkill county would do well to get their supplies of grain and provisions from us, as we can supply them at prices to be to their advantage. Send us your orders.

KRAMM & WOLFF. Milton, June 28, '56

PUBLIC SCHOOL INKSTANDS.

THE subscriber has had manufactured to his order a lot of Public School Iron Instands, saltable to insert and fasten in the desks. These stands have covers which slide off when in usefund besides, they cannot be upset and thus soil the desks and furnishmen. They are a could a stick for school. Teachers re. They are a capital article for schools. Teachers d schools supplied by the quantity, at B. BANNAN'S B. BANNAN'S
Cheap Wholesale and Retail Book Store
Pottsville. May 17, '56
20.

ENGLISH PAPER HANGINGS.

LOT of English Paper Hangings,
very showy patterns, with good colors, for sale
cheap, to close out a consignment. Paper hangers, and
those who desire cheap and showy paper will find this a
favorable opportunity to purchase, wholesale and retail
at B. BANNAN'S Wholesale and Retail Bookstore.
Where may be had Gold and Velvet papers. Gold paers, &c., varying in price from 6 cents to \$2 per piece.— The best assortment of papers in the county can be found

t his establishm

Pottsville, June 7. '56

NAZARETH HALLS, THE 72d Annual Session of this Moravian Boarding School for Young Gentlemen, will pen on Tuesday, August 5th, 1856. Board and Tuition in the regular English branches, per quarter, \$50. Intraction in Music and the Languages, per quarter, from to 310, according to the number of leasons given.—Payments in advance.

REV. EDW. H. REICHEL. BEFERENCES—Samuel Sillyman, Esq., and Frank Pott.

23-

July 19, '56 29-101* Ice Cream made in Six Minutes! With AUSTIN'S Patent Cream Freezer. A N extraordinary and astonishing

improvement in Cream Freeking; will freeze in six minutes, by a simple and elegant application of well known principles. A child of ten years can manage it without difficulty. Three Silver Medals have been awarded, and thousands have been sold since the patent was issued. Prices—2 quarts, \$2 25; 3 quarts, \$3 25; 4 quarts, \$4 25; 6 quarts, \$5 25; 9 quarts, \$5 25; 14 qts., \$8 00; 20 quarts, \$1 00. For sale by B. BANNAN, Agent for Schuylkill county.

Also, Water Coolers,
Lined with a new metal which does not injure the taste Lined with a new metal which does not injure the tast of the water, and will preserve water cool for 24 hours-Price, \$3 25. Pottsville, May 31, '56

WHICH THE SUBSCRIBER saw "STICKING OUT" can be seen for "A Few Days," in the seindow of the Gentlemen's Furnishing Store, next door to the "Pottsville House,"

ALSO, the most beautiful assortment of Summer Ties, Stocks, Scarfs, Ribbons, 14 Hose, Collars, (of all styles,)Suspenders, and all articles in the Furnishing line, ever before offered to the cittlens of Pottsville.

SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER! and Remember
That every abit ordered at this establishment, was That every shirt ordered at this establishment is was ranted to fit, being made by OLDENBERY & TAGGART. o Philadelphia, whose reputation as shirt manufacturer ranted to be printed by the philadelphia, whose reputation as a stand second to none in the Union. Measure taken and stand second to none in the Union. Measure taken and stand second to none in the Union. Measure taken and stand second to none in the Union. S. C. TAYLOR.

28-11

A. B. GORGAS, Banker, Dealer in Exchange, and Agent, Stillwater, Minnesota. MOLLECTIONS attended to and tax-Oblice 1101NS attended to and tax-the purchase and location of Government lands in Min-nesota, Wisconsin and fows, and furnish drafts of lands located by him, with accurate descriptions of the soil, timber, &c. Particular attention will be given to locat-ing land warrants. Persons desiring him to locate war-wantsshould elther leave blanks for the assignees' names, or attach to the warrants Powers of Attorney, authoriz-ing him to locate them in their names. Certificates from the Land Office will be immediately forwarded to these for whom such locations are made.

hose for whom such locations are made.

June 28, '56 THE Philadelphia Guano Company having purchased from the Venezuelean Government the exclusive right to all the Guano within their jurisdictions of the control of the contr

the exclusive right to all the Guano within their jurisdiction, they are now prepared to furnish Farmers with an excellent Fertilizer, at a much lower rate than the Peruvian is now sold.

The subscriber has been appointed sole agent by the Company to vend this articlein Schuylkill county, where it can be had by the bag or ton, at the Company's prices, it is put up mostly in bags sof 160 pounds to each bag, and will be sold at \$2.50 by the bag, or \$42.50 per ton of 2000 pounds, cash. The predominant ingredient of this Guano is Bone Phosphate of Lime, with a percentage of Ammonia. Pamphlets showing the fertilizing quality of the Guano, can be obtained at our Store.

B. BANNAN. B. BANNAN. Sole Agent for Schuylkill Pottsville, June 14, '56 2

COL. FREMONT'S LIFE.
THE only complete and authorized edition. The Life and Public Services of John Charles Fremont, With an accurate portrait on steel. One next 12mo.—
Frice S1. By John Biollow, Esq., Editor New York
Evening Pist. The subscribers assure the public that
this volume, prepared by a gentleman whose resources
for the material and authorities are direct, will be the
only complete biography of the eminent "Explorer,
Scholar. Statesman and Hero," whose recent nomination
by the Republican party, for the highest office in the gift
of the Propic, has awakened a renewed interest in his
wonderful career. Much material heretofore unaccessible to the general reador, including incidents in hisearly
career, is incorporated in this volume. Orders should be
addressed to DERBY & JACKSON, Publishers, No. 119
Narsau street, New York. Agents wanted in every town assau street; New York. Agents wanted in every f the several States to canvass for the above work. Copies sent by mail postpaid on receipt of price. July 19, 706

OHN SILVER takes pleasure in in friends and the public like hopes his past reputation for keeping a respectable establishment for twenty-five years, in the same line of business, and a derive to please, will in the same to forkeeping a respectable establishment for twenty-five years, in the same line of business, and a derive to please, will insure a continuance of their nateons. Fare, viz:

Raw dysters in the shell, sait or fresh. Stewed Oysters,
Spiced ditto, dit!o Salmon, Clam Soup, Bolled and Roasted Potatoes, Fried Liver, ditto fresh Fish, Spiced Lobsters, Fresh Crabs, B. Bed Ham, Mutton Chops, Coffee and
Tosat. Spiced Tripe, Spiced fresh Fish, Sardines, Stewed
Bef and Mutton: Catfish and Coffee, fresh Lobsters,
Spiced Clams. Smith's Philad's XX Pale Ale, Yeungling's
and Lauer's Pottsville Pale Ale, on draught, and all kinds
of homestic Wines in bottles, &c., &c. JNO, SILVER.

Minersville, May 31, '56

NOTICE. NOTICE.

Of Coal.—On and after the opening of the Schuyl kill Navigation for the year 1856, the following regulations will be efforced.

First.—No Boat will be put under the Schutes of the landings of the Company for loading with Coal, unless the Captain of such boat, or some one duly authorized by him for that purpose shall be present, and personally attend for keeping an account of the quantity put on board.

Scond A bill of lading in the usual form shall be signed by the Captain for the quantity so laden on signed by the Captain for the quantity so laden on board the boat, and no boat will be permitted to enter or clear from the docks or landings of the Company under any unusual form of Bill of Lading, or vague and uncer-tain to the obligations. any unusual form of Bill of Lading, or vague and uncertain in its obligations.

Third.—The Shippers of Coal at each landing shall personally, or by their duly authorized agents, keep a correct account of all Coal laden on board each boat engaged by them. In such manner is to enable the Captain or his agent to check or tally the cargo, and thereby ensure correct bills of lading and manifests of Cargoes for all marties. parties.
Office Schuyl. Nav. Company,
March 20th, 1856.
March 22, '56 12-

CRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, &C. ACRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, &C.

With his Seed Store, made arrangements to keep
and receive orders for all kinds of Agricultural Implements, such as Plows. Cultivators, Mowers, and Reapers,
Seed Planters, Lime Spreaders, Corn Planters, Cider
Mills, Cutting Machines, &c., &c., of the best and most
approved patterns—all of which will be furnished at
manufacturers' prices. The subscriber has taken pains
to ascertain the best articles in use for agricultural purness from setual enteriones, which is an important forconsecution one best articles in use for agricultural purposes from actual experience, which is an important feature in this branch of business—and he will sell nothing but what can be recommended for the purposes designated. Orders will now be received for the following articles which can the received for the following articles which can be considered for the following articles which can be considered for the following articles which can be considered for the following articles which can be received for the following articles which the following articles which the following articles which the following articl

tain:
Ketchum's Mower,—also with Reaper combined.
Krauser's Portable Cider, Mill. for hand or horse power.
Penurck's Improved Slide Drill, for sowing Wheat, Rye
and Oats, &c., &c.
Brush Seed Planters, for hand and horse power.
Revolving Horse Hay Rakes.
Cultivators, different kinds.
Plows—Subsoli, Side-hill and other kinds.
Com. Planters and Root Cutters. orn Planters and Root Cutters Cooper's Lime. Phosphates and Guano Spreader.
Straw and Stalk Cutters.
Woolman's Gate, to open without alighting from car Garden Engines, &c., &c. oved agricultural in

Pottsville, May 17, '56

JOHN B. PERRY. DUBLISHER and BOOKSELLER, No. 198 Market street, below Sixth, Philadelphia, is now ready to deliver his new and beautiful editions of the following saleable works:

FAMILY BIBLES—containing the Old and New Testaments, Apocrypha, Concordance and Praims, together with references, &c., &c., bound in Rean and Turkey, full gilt sides, back and edges, printed on fine white paper, and illustrated with steel cucravings, and ongravings printed in oil colors, making the most splendid Bibles ever offered to the public.

PILORIN'S PROGRESS, with Scott's Notes, containing the travels of the Unzody, which is in no other editions the results. ing the travels of the Ungodiy, which is in no other edi-tion in this country, beautifully illustrated in various

RESOLUTION Propesing Amendments to the Constitu-tion of the Commonwealth.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Ominomodalli of Prinsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following amendments are proposed to the Constitution of the Commonwealth. in accordance with the provisions of the tanth article thereof. Plant AMENDMENT.

There shall be an additional article to said constitution to be designated as article eleven, as follows:

ARTICLE AI.

OF PUBLIC DESTS.

SECTION 1. The state may contract debis, to supply saturiny 1. The state may contract usuar, to supply casual deficits or failures in revenues, or to meet argen sea not otherwise provided for; but the aggregate amount of such debts direct and contingent, whether contracts by virtue-of one or more acts of the general assembly, oat diffeient periods of time, shall never exceed seven hundred and fifty thousand dollars, and the money ar sing from the creation of such debts, shall be applied the purpose for which it was obtained, or to repay the debts as contracted and to no other newson whereas sing from the creation of such debts, shall be applied to
the purpose for which it was obtained, or to repay the
debts so contracted, and to no other purpose whatever.
Sec. 2. In addition to the above limited power the
state may contract debts to repel invasion, suppress insurrection, defend the state in war, or to redeem the presant outstanding indebtedness of the state; but the unney arising from the contracting of such debts, shall be
applied to the purpose for which it was raised, or to repay such debts, and to no other purpose whatever.
Sec. 3. Except the debts above specified, in sections
one and two of this article, no debt whatever shall be
created by, or on behalf of the state,
Sec. 3. To provide for the payment of the present debt,
and any additional debt contracted as aforesaid, the legislature shall, at its first session, after the adoption of
this amendment, create a sinking fund, which shall be
sufficient to pay the accruing interest on such debt, and
annually to reduce the principal thereof by a sum not
less than two hundred and fifty thousand dollars; which
sinking fund shall consist of the net annual income of
the public works, from time to time owned by the state,
or the proceeds of the sale of the same, or any part thereof, and of the income or proceeds of sale of stocks owned
by the state, together; with other funds, or resources, that
may be designated by law. The sald sinking fund may be
increated, from time to time, by assigning to it any part of
the taxes, or other revenues of the state, not required
for the ordinary and current expenses of government,
and unless in case of war, invasion or insurrection, no

for the ordinary and current expenses of government and unless in case of war, invasion or insurrection, part of the said sinking fund shall be used or app

part of the said sinking fund shall be used or applied otherwise than in extinguishment of the public debt, until the amount of such debt is reduced below the sum of five inilitions of dollars.

SEC 5. The credit of the commonwealth shall not in any manner, or event, be pledged, or loaned to, any individual, company, corporation, or association; nor shall the commonwealth hereafter become a joint owner, or stockholder, in any company, association, or corporation.

SEC 5. The crommonwealth shall not assume the debt, or any part thereof, of any county, city, berough, or township; or of any corporation, or association; unless the debt shall have been contracted to enable the state to repel invasion, suppress domestic insurrection, defend to repel invasion, suppress domestic insurrection, defend itself in time of war, or to assist the state in the discharge of any portion of its present indebtedness. SEC. 7. The legislature shall not authorize any county, y, borough, township, or incorporated district, by vir tockholder in any company, association, or corporation in to obtain money for, or loan its credit to, any corporation, association, institution, or party.

SECOND AMENDMENT. There shall be an additional article to said constituion, to be designated as article XII, as follows.
ARTICLE XII. No county shall be divided by a line cutting off over-one-tenth of its population, (either to form a new county or otherwise.) without the express assent of such county, by a vote of the electors thereof; nor shall any new county be established, containing less than four hundred

squard miles.

Then amendment.

From section two of the first article of the constitution, strike out the words, "of the city of Philadelphia, and of each county repedirely," from section five, same article, strike out the words, "of Philadelphia and of the several counties;" from section seven, same article, strike out the words, "heither the city of Philadelphia nor any," and insert in lieu thereof the words, "and no;" and strike but section four, same article, and in lieu thereof the words, "heither the following: and insert in lieu thereof the words, "and no;" and strike but section four, same article, and in lieu thereof insert the following:

"Szd. 4. In the year one thousand eight hundred and sixt-four, and in every seventh year thereafter, representatives to the number of one hundred, shall be apportioned and distributed equally, throughout the state, by districts, in proportion to the number of taxable in habitants in the several parts thereof; except that any county containing at least three thousand five hundred taxables, may be allowed a separate representation; but, no more than three counties shall be joined, and no county shall be divided, in the formation of a district. Any city containing a sufficient number of taxables to entitle it to at least two representatives, shall have a separate representation assigned it, and shall be divided into convenient districts for contiguous territory, of equal traable population as near as may be, each of which districts shall elect one representative."

At the end of section seven, same article, insert these words, the city of Philadelphia shall be divided into single unabroid districts, of configuous territory as nearly equal in taxable population as possible; but no ward shall be divided in the formation thereof."

The legislature, at its first session, after the adoption of this amendment, shall divide the city of Philadelphia into senatorial and representative districts in the manner above provided; such districts to remain unchanged until the apportionment in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four.

FOURTH AMENDMENT.

To be section XVIX, Article I.

sand eight hundred and sixty-four.

FOURTH AMENDMENT.

To be section XXVI, Article I.

The legislature shall have the power to alter, revoke, or annul, any charter of incorporation hereafter confered by; or under, any special, or general law, whenever in their opinion it may be injurious to the citizens of the common wealth; in such manner, however, that no injustic; shall be done to the corporators.

Residenced, That this resolution pass. On the first mendment, year 24; nays 5. On the second amendment, years 10, nays 6. On the third amendment, year Medica.

mendment, yeas 24,
mentiyeas 10, nays 5. On the 144,
125, nays 1. On the fourth amendment, yeas
25, nays 1. On the fourth amendment, yeas
26, nays 1. THOMAS A. MAGUIRE, Clerk.

THOMAS A. MAGUIRE, Clerk.

Bestlerd, That this resolution pass. On the first amendment, yeas 72-mays 24. On the second amendment, iyeas 63, nays 25. On the third amendment, yeas 64, nays 25; and on fourth amendment years 18 WILLIAM JACK, Clerk. : • Secretary's Office.

Filed April 24, 1856.

A. G. CURTIN, Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Pannylvanias:

I do certify that the above and foregoing is a true, and correct copy of the original "Resolution relative to an amendment of the Constitution" as the same remains on file in this office.

In testimony whereof I have become set my arrived to be affixed the seal of the L.s. hand and caused to be affixed the seal of the standard caused to be affixed the seal of the standard standard search and countries ten.

Secretary of the Commonwealth. Secretary of the Commonwealth

In SENATE, April 21, 1856.
Resolution proposing imendments to the Constitution the Commonwealth, being under consideration, on the question, being under consideration on the question, will the Scuate agree to the first amendment? The years and nays were taken agreeably to the Will the Senate agree for the first amendment? The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follow, viz: Yzis—Messis. Browne, Buckalew, Cresswell, Fyans, Ferguson, Flenniken, Hoge, Ingram, Jamlson, Knox, Lautach, Lewis, McClintock. Price. Sellers, Shuman, Souther. Straub. Taggart, Walton, Welsh, Wherry. Wilkins and Piatt, Speaker—24.
NAYS—Messis. Crabb, Gregg, Jordan, Mellinger and Pratt—5. to the question was determined in the affirmative. On the question,
Will the Senate agree to the second amendment? The year and nays were taken agreeably to the prov ons of the Constitution and were as follow, viz:
YES-Messrs. Browne Buckalew, Cresswell, Evans
log: Ingram, Jamison, Knox, Laubach, Lewis, M'Clin ock, Sellers, Shuman, Souther, Straub, Walton, Welsh, i fatt, Spaker—û/
lo the question was determined in the affirmative.

On the question,
Will the Sonate agree to the third amendment?
The yeas and nays were aken agreeably to the Constitution, and were as follow, viz:
YEAS—Messrs. Browne. Buckalew, Crabb, Cresswell,
Evans, Ferguson, Flenniken, Hoge, Ingram, Jamison,
Joidan. Knoz. Laubach, Lewis, M'Clintock, Mellinger,
Pratt., Wrice, Sellers, Shuman, Souther, Straub, Taggart,
Walton, Welsh, Wherry, Wilkins and Platt, Speaker—28.
NATH—Mr. Gregg—1. NATS—SIT. Gregg—I.
So the question was determined in the affirmative.
On the question.
Will the Senate agree to the fourth amendment? The yeas and haps were taken agrocably to the Consti-tution, and were as follow, viz: yeas—Messrs. Browne, Buckalow. Cresswell, Evans, Yeas—Messrs. Browne, Buckalow. Cresswell, Evans, Yeaniken, Hoze, Ingram, Jamison, Jordan. Knox. Lau-bach, Lewis, M'Clintock. Price, Sellers. Shuman, Souther, Straub, Waiton, Welsh, Wherry, Wilkins? and Platt, peaker—23.

NAYS—Messars Crabb, Gregg, Mellinger and Pratt—4.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

Journal of the House of Representatives, April 21, The yeas and mays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and on the first provision one of the Constitution, and on the first propose nendment were as follows, viz: Yans—Messrs. Anderson. Backus, Baldwin, Ball. Beel Lycoming.)Beck.(York.) Bernhard, Boyd, Boyer. Brown; Brush! Buchanau. Caidwell. Campbell, Carty, Craig. Craw-ord. Bowdail. Eduger. Fausdd. Foster. Getz, Haines, Hamel:Harper, Heins. Hibbs, Hill, Hillegas, Hipple, Holomb, Hunsacker, Imbrie, Ingham, Innis. Irwin; Johns, Johnson; Laporte, Lebo, Longaker, Lovett, M'Calmont, W'Carthy M'Comb, Maugle, Menear, Miller, Montgomery, Woorbast, Nannagashber, Orr. Passeson, Pagles, Braight.

M'Carthy M'Comb, Maugle, Menear, Miller, Montgomery Moorhaid, Nunnemarber, Orr, Pearson, Paelps, Purcell Ramsey, Reed, Reinhold, Riddle, Roberts, Shenk, Smith (Alleyhen), Smith. (Cambria.) Smith, (Wyoning, Stroufe, Thomrson, Vall, Whallon, Wright, (Dauphin, Naxs-Messrs. Augustine, Barry, Clover, Cobourt NATS—Messie Augustine, Barry, Chief, Hamilton, Han fock, Fry, Fulton, Gaylord, Gibboney, Hamilton, Han tock: Housekeeper. Huneker, Leisenring, Magee. Mancley, Morris, Mumma, Patterson, Salisbury, Smith, (Phil lelohia.) Walter, Wintrode and Yearslev-24. So the question was determined in the affirmative on the question.

Will the House agree to the second amendment?

The year and mays were taken, and were as follows,

The yeas and nays were taken, and were as innows, viz:
YEAS—Messrs. Anderson, Backus, Baldwin, Ball, Beck, (Lycoming.) Beck, (York.) Bernhard, Boyd, Brown, Brush, Buchanan, Caldwell, Campbell, Carty, Craig. Fausold, Foster, Getz. Haines, Hamel, Harper, Heins, Hibbs, Hill, Hillegs, Hipple, Holcomb, Hunsscker, Imbrie. Ingham, Indis. Irwin. Johns, Johnson, Laportes-Lebo, Longaker, Lovett, M'Calmont, M'Carthy, M'Comb, Maugle, Menear, Lovett, M'Calmont, M'Carthy, M'Comb, Munemacher, Orr, Pearson, Purcell, Ramsey, Reed, Reinhold, Riddle, Roberts, Shenk, Smith, (Allegheny.), Strouse, Vall, Whallon, Wright, (Luxerne.) Zimmerman, and Wright, Speaker—63. NATS—Messes. Augustine, Barry, Clover, Edinger, Fry, niton, Gaylord, Gibboney, Hamilton, Hancock, Hune

NATS—Messrs. Augustine, Barry. Clover, Edinger, Fry, Fulton, Gaylord, Gibboney, Hamilton, Hancock. Huneker, Leisenring, Magee, Mauley, Morris, Mummá, Patterson, Pholps, Salisbury. Smith (Cambria.) Thompson, Walter, Wintrode, Wright (Dauphin) and Yearsley—25. So the question was determined in the affirmative. On the question was determined in the affirmative. On the question, wall the House agree to the third amendment?

The yeas and nay were taken, and were as follows. *#12: YEAS—Messrs. Anderson, Backus, Baldwin, Ball. Beck, (Lycomling.) Beck, (York.) Bernhard, Boyd, Boyer, Brown, Buchahan, Caldwell, Campbell, Carty, Craig, Crawford, Edinger, Fansold, Foster, Fry, Gets, Haines, Hamel, Haper, Heins, Hibbs. Hill, Hillegas, Hipple, Holcomb, Housekeeper, Imbris, Ingham. Innis, Irwin, Johns, Johnson, Laporte, Lebo, Longaker, Lovett, M'Calmont, N'Comb, Maugle, Menear, Miller, Montgomery, Nunnpmachet, Orr, Pearson, Phelps, Purcell, Ramsey, Reed, Riddle, Shenk, Smith, (Allegheny.) Smith, (Womlog,) Thompson, Whallon, Wright, (Dauphin,) Wright (Luzerne) and Zimmerman—64.

Nard—Messrs, Barry, Clover, Cobourn, Dock, Dowdall, Yulton, Gaylord, Gibboney, Hamilton, Hancock, Huneker, Leisenring, M'Carthy, Magee, Manley, Mcorhead, Morris, Patterson, Reinhold, Roberts, Salisbury, Walter, Wintrode, Yearsley and Wright, Speaker—25. iral implementin

B. BANNAN.

20.

Yearsley and Wright, Speaker—25.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.
On the question,
Williche House agree to the fourth amendment!

Will the House agree to the fourth amendment? The yeas and nays were taken, and were as follows, viz. Yz.i.—Mesars. Anderson, Backus, Ball. Beck. (Lycominn.) Heck., (York.) Bernhard, Boyd, Boyer, Brown, Brush, Buchshan, Caldwell, Campbell. Carty. Craig. Crawford, Dowdall. Edinger, Fausold, Foster. Fry. Gets. Hamel, Harper, Heins. Hibbs, Bill, Hillegas, Hipple, Holcomb, Housekeeper, Hunsecker, Imbrie, Innis, Irvin. Johnson, Laporto, Lebo, Longaker, Lovett. M'Calmont, M'Carthy, M'Conib, Mangle, Meneau, Miller, Montgomery. Moorehad, Nunnemacher, Orr. Pearson. Phelps. Purcell. Ramssy, Roed, Reinhold. Riddle, Roberts. Shenk; Smith, (Cambris.) Smith, (Wyoming.) Thompson. Vall. Walter. Whallon, Wright, (Luzerne.) Tearsley, Zimmerman and Wright, Speaker.—G9.

By Telegraph and Yesterday's Mails. Death of an Artist.

Thomas Doughty, the landscape painter, died New York on Wednesday, in great poverty. Whig National Convention. This Convention will meet in Baltimore on the

third Wednesday in September. During the week ending Wednesday, 2226 forsign emigrants, arrived at New York. Total since the first of the year, 68,522. Bedford Springs.

This famous resort has been purchased by the Broad Top Railroad, for \$186,000. It will be 3 mproved, and is expected in time to rival Sara-Sale of a Newspaper.

J. Barclay Harding, son of Jasper Harding, Esq., of the Philadelphia Inquirer, has purchased the Daily Times of that city, for \$10,000. It will advocate the election of Fremont and Dayton. Homicide at Bloomsburg. On Saturday last, an affray took place in Blooms-

urg between two men named Isaac DeReamer and James Price, which resulted in the death of he former. Price is in prison to await trial. The North Pennsylvania Railroad Catastrophe.

The Coroner's jury on those persons who died Philadelphia from the effects of injuries received on the occasion of the recent collision, have returned a verdict consuring Alfred Hoppel, the conductor of the excursion train, and declaring that the regulations of the Company for running excursion trains are defective.

Mr. Burlingame. This gentleman has returned to Washington from New York, whither he had gone to fight Brooks. Brooks "backed-out," and the representative from Massachusetts, is again at his post, ready to meet boldly if assaulted, any other Southern ruffian of the Brooks stamp. It is a notable fact, that "Southern chivalry" has become considerably humbled, since the Northern members have taken a firm position in defence of their rights.

Congressional. On Thursday in the Senate, a bill to authorize the protection of citizens of the United States who may discover deposits of guano, passed. In the House Kansas affairs and the political condition of the country were discussed. Mr. Washburne of Maine, from the committee on Elections reported a resolution, declaring that Mr. Whitfield is not elected to a seat, and that Mr. Reeder be admitted to a sent as delegate

from Kansas. Mr. Washburne gave notice that he would call up the resolution on Wednesday.

Radical Democratic Convention. This Convention assembled in Syracuse, N. Y., Thursday, James S. Wadsworth in the chair. Daniel C. Field submitted a long address to the Radical Democracy, repudiating the Democratic party as at present constituted and its pliancy to to the slave power, and deploring the consequenees of its acts in Kansas and elsowhere, the remedy for which can only be found in the defeat of the Cincinnati nominces and the admission of Kansas as a Free State.

The address culogizes and endorses the Republican candidates, and calls on their fellow-Democrats to support them. A series of resolutions, embracing the sentiments of the address was adopted, with great en-

THE PERSIA'S INTELLIGENCE. By the steamship Persia at New York, from Liverpool, we are in possession of dates to the 12th inst. All was quiet in relation to the Central Ameri-

can Question. The London Times contains a long article in relation to the next Presidency, in which Col. Fremont is warmly complimented. The article closes with this language:
"He is a known man, a respected man, and a man likely to be anything rather than a tool: and if any fear of warfare should arise from his being a high-spirited soldier in the vigor of his years, (he is forty-three,) it may be remembered that military rulers are found in practice less rash in going to war than civilians. So we English are wont to say in regard to our Indian empire. If the Americans are once more governed by a man of eminence, it must be by a soldier or sailor; for if they had any statesmen of eminence, political parties would not permit a successful choice.—
This feeling considered, it seems that, as far as can yet be known, a better choice could hardly be made than of Col. John Charles Frement.

A serious riot occured among the militia at
Nenaugh, Ireland, on the 6th of July, and two
or three succeeding days, caused by alleged bad
faith on the part of the Government towards them.
They had been ordered to disband and give up their clothing and arms, which they refused to do. the ammunition. They afterwards paraded the streets, discharging their pieces in the air. Assistance was immediately telegraphed for, and 1000 troops of the line soon arriving, a short struggle ensued, resulting in the disarming of the egulars were killed, and about a dozen wounded

them on! At the last accounts by telegraph all was quiet.

The spinning mills of Joseph Ainsworth at Bolton, had been destroyed by fire. They contained eight thousand spinitles, Count Walewski was expected to arrive at Vi-A London letter suys:—"The news of the ar-rest of the Marquis de Montecastro at Santander and of the discovery of a Carlist conspiracy in that town, is confirmed. It is certain that the papers seized upon the two Italians, whose arrest we have announced, have given the government the clue to a dangerous conspiracy."

The Paris Monitour publishes a return of the losses experienced by the French army of the East, from May 1, 1854, the day of the embarkation of the troops for Turkey, up to March 30, 1855, (the date of the treaty of peace.) The death

The citizens sided with the militia and cheered

wounded who have not died of their wounds,) were as follows: Officers of all ranks, Sub-officers, corporals and brigadiers, Soldiers, 56,805 Total deaths, 64.492 These returns are made up from authentic sours. The greater portions of the deaths were oceasioned by sickness.

casualties alone (the return does not comprise the

A brilliant celebration on the 4th of July took place at the bouse of Mr. George Peabody, when speches were made by Mr. Dallas and others. The Lord Mayor of London has just sent 6000 francs more, to France, in aid of the sufferers by the inendations. Breadstuffs were a shade higher. Consols, for secount, 952 and 96. THE LATE RAILWAY CATASTROPHE. - During the present week, the authorities of Montgomery county, having jurisdiction in the matter, have

avestigated the causes of the recent collision on the North Pennsylvania Railroad, and committed A. F. Hoppel, the conductor of the excursion train to prison, to answer the charge of murder. From the testimony of the officials of the Company, who were examined in relation to the running instructions on the 17th, it is evident that Conductor Vanstavoren, who rashly committed suicide, after the fatal collision, was running on time, and had the right of way. The deaths by the occurrence number 63. The Company's loss is \$30,000 so far. By the time claims for damages are liquidated, the Company will feel it severely. The law should make a severe example of those through whose carelessness the catastrophe took place. Until there are two tracks on every mile of railway in the country, we may still expect these human sacrifices.

THE KANSAS TYBANNY .- Mr. Howard of Mich gan, a member of the Congressional Commission, said in a speech a few evenings since: "I assert that if all the tyranny inflicted upon our ferefathers, by the kings of Great Britain, were collected together and multiplied by ten, I could bring facts to prove that the poor settlers in Kansas, have suffered more than the whole of

The truth-every word.

Che Markets. POTTSVILLE MARKETS.

Wheat Flour, bl... \$700 Dried Peaches, par'd, \$400 Rye Flour, bbl... \$50 do do unpar'd, 200 Wheat, bushel, 140@1 50 Dried Apples, par'd, 125 Rye, do 70 Eggs, dozen, 13 Corn, do 55 Butter, per pound, 14 (bats, do 37 Shoulders, doll'/2 @10/2 Potate-24, do 150 Hans, do 13 (a) 14/2 Timothy Seed, 4 (0) Hay, per ton, 23 (0) Korn, do 150 Plaster, do 150 Hay, per ton, 23 (0) Timothy Seed, Clover Seed, 8 60 Plaster, do POTTSVILLE PRODUCE MARKETS.