THE MINERS' JOURNAL,
AND POTTSVILLE GENERAL ADVERTISER.

I WILL TEACH YOU TO PIERCE THE BOWELS OF THE EARTH, AND BRING OUT FROM THE CAVERNS OF MOUNTAINS, METALS WHICH WILL GIVE STRENGTH TO OUR HANDS AND SUBJECT ALL NATURE TO OUR USE AND PLEASURE.—*Dr. Johnson.*

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY MORNING BY BENJAMIN BANNAN, POTTSVILLE, SCHUYLKILL COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA.

VOL. XXX. SATURDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 28, 1854. NO. 43.

DRY GOODS.

DRY GOODS AND GROCERY STORE.
J PARKIN,
At the Old Stand of FRY & MARTZ,

RESPECTFULLY announces to the Public that he has purchased the stock of the above business firm at their old stand, and having made considerable additions thereto by recent cash purchases, respectfully solicits a share of public patronage.

In order to make room for a choice selection of goods, suitable for the Autumn trade, J. P has determined to sell his present stock of Spring and Summer goods at a very low figure.

Aug. 19, 1854 33-tf

CARPETS AND OIL CLOTHS.
"ELDRIDGE CHEAP CARPET STORE."

PERSONS wanting Carpets or Oil Cloths will do well to call at ELDRIDGE'S before they buy, for he being under very light store expenses, is enabled to offer great inducements to buyers, and will sell Wholesale or Retail, at the lowest prices in the city.

Splendid Imperial, Superfine Ingrain, Fine and Medium do, Venitians of all kinds, } CARPETS.

And Oil Cloths from 2 feet to 8 feet wide, to cut for rooms, halls, &c., with a large assortment of Ingrain carpets from 25 to 50 cents per yard; Entry and Stair carpets from 10 to 40 cents per yard. Also, STAIR-RODS, HEARTH-RUGS, TABLE and PIANO-COVERS, BAG CARPETS, &c., &c.

H. H. ELDRIDGE,
No. 41, Strawberry street, one door above Chestnut, between Second and Third, Phila.
September 16, 1854. 37-3m

Fall and Winter Dry Goods.
1854.
J. V. DEPUY,
No. 41 North EIGHTH Street, Philadelphia.

THANKFUL for past favors, respectfully invites his customers and the public, to examine a New and Splendid stock of seasonable goods, comprising
Rich Plaid Silks, Wide Lyons Velvets,
New Striped Silks, Cloaking Cloths,
Brocade Silks, Woolen Plaids.
Plain Silks, French Merinoes,
Black Silks, Mous de Laines,
Cloaks, Mantillas, and Shawls, cheap.
Ginghams, Prints, &c., in assortment; Ribbons, Embroideries, Gloves, &c.

Owing to the daily sacrifice of large quantities of desirable goods at Auction, the subscriber is enabled during the present season to offer
UNUSUALLY GREAT BARGAINS.
J. V. DEPUY,
No. 41 North Eighth st., Philad'a.
Sept. 16, 1854 33-3m

FALL DRY GOODS—FULL STOCK.

EYRE & LANDELL, Fourth and Arch sts., Philadelphia, will be able to offer extra inducements to the Country Buyers this Fall, as their Stock of Goods will be very full, and bargains from the New York and Philadelphia Auctions, daily received.—Full assortment of the following:
Shawls, Flannels
New Silks, Muslins,
F. Merinoes, Linens,
Wool Plaids, Table Covers,
21. De Laines, Blankets,
Cashmeres. Quilts, &c.

Owing to the excess of Importations, we shall be daily in receipt of GREAT JOBS, from Auction.
EYRE & LANDELL,
Fourth and Arch streets, Philadelphia.
☞ TERMS NET CASH, and prices low accordingly.
Sept. 9 1854 36 3m

PRIVATE SALES.

FOR SALE.
500,000 *FEET OF LUMBER.*

THE undersigned hereby offer for sale a large quantity of PINE and HEMLOCK PLANK and BOARDS, which are well manufactured and are about half a mile from the Cattawissa, Williamsport and Erie Railroad, on the Bank of the little Cattawissa Creek, 14 miles from Pottsville. A portion of the Pine is clear or panel stuff, and all of the Hemlock is of the best quality of White Hemlock.—The lengths vary from 16 to 30 feet, and the whole is as good a lot as can be found in Cattawissa Valley. It is carefully piled up, and will be sold in one lot or lots to suit purchasers. For particulars, apply to
A. MALCOLM & CO., Cattawissa,
or to A. A. KENNEDY, Cattawissa Valley.
November 19, 1853. 47-tf

FOR SALE.
A new THREE-STORY BRICK HOUSE and other valuable Property in Pottsville.

THE subscriber offers at Private Sale, on the most reasonable terms, his new three-story BRICK DWELLING HOUSE, in Second Street, a few doors above Market, immediately beside the 1st Methodist Church. This fine building is just completed, and has not yet been used. It is large, light and airy, has all the conveniences that a housekeeper would desire, and is located in a pleasant and convenient part of the town. There is a never-failing well of excellent water in the cellar—a very important consideration in the present scarcity.

TERMS—One-fourth cash, and the balance to suit the purchaser, provided only it be properly secured.

ALSO, Four Frame dwellings on Callowhill St., immediately in the rear of the new Brick, above mentioned. These are likewise desirable properties. They can be had on the same easy terms.

☞ The whole will be sold low.
N. B.—Titles clear and indisputable.
L. WOMELSDORFF,
Opposite Episcopal Church, Centre St., Pottsville.
Dec. 31, 1853 52-tf

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

THE Subscriber offers to sell at Private Sale the following described Real Estate, upon reasonable terms:

No. 1. The undivided one-half interest of all those three tracts of land, situate in Branch and Tremont Townships, Schuylkill County, which were surveyed in January 1794 on warrants to John Otto, Peter Filbert and John Kidd. The undivided one-half interests in the above tracts amounts to 659 acres. The land is well wooded with timber suitable for railroad sills and props.

No. 2. All that certain lot of ground situate in the Borough of Schuylkill Haven, upon which is erected a large three-story Brick Dwelling, and all necessary out-buildings. This property is now occupied by Dr Lewis Royer. To any one desirous of practising medicine in Schuylkill Haven, an opportunity is now offered to secure a comfortable house and office rarely to be met with.

No. 3. All that certain lot of ground situate in Port Carbon, bounded and described as follows:—Beginning at a post on the south side of Pottsville Street, at a corner of the lot belonging to Henry Porter, thence by the same south twenty-four and a half east one hundred feet to a post, thence north sixty-five and one half east fifty feet to a post, thence north twenty-four and one half west one hundred feet to Pottsville Street, thence by the same south sixty-five and one-half west fifty feet to the place of beginning.

No. 4. A tract of first rate timber land, containing 215 acres, situate in Schuylkill Township, about three miles back of Tuscarora, in Locust Valley.

HIESTER CLYMER,
Office in Centre Street, Pottsville, directly opposite the Episcopal Church, 2d story.
Sept. 3, 1853. 36-tf

VALUABLE PROPERTY IN POTTSVILLE AT PRIVATE SALE, CHEAP.

The Subscriber offers at Private Sale all that tract of Land and building lots, known as the "Carbon Hill" or "Young's Hill" property in the Borough of Pottsville, extending from the River Schuylkill above Mr. Lauer's Brewery to the Port Carbon road, being about 250 yards in width and containing 30 acres, more or less. This property may be said to be invaluable, not only for the purposes of building, but also as offering the best locality in the Borough, on which to erect suitable Water Works for supplying the town with water. Apply at his office, corner Coal and Callowhill Streets.
GEORGE W. SNYDER.
August 27, 1853. 35-tf

Chambers' Popular and Entertaining Works.

MISCELLANY of Useful and Entertaining Tracts, 10 vols.
Papers for the People, 6 vols.
Select Writings of Robert Chambers, 4 vols.
Life and Works of Burns, 4 vols., 12m.
Home Book and Pocket Miscellany, 6 vols.
Repository of Instructive and Amusing Papers, 4 vols.
Information for the People, 2 vols.
Cyclopedia of English Literature, 2 vols. For sale low at B. BANNAN'S
Book and Stationery Store.
August 19, 1854 34—

Mathematical Instruments,
DRAWING PAPER.

ALWAYS on hand a large and splendid assortment of Mathematical Instruments, varying in price from $1 to $25. Drafting and Artists' materials of every description. Osborne's superior Water Colors, Whatman's English Drawing Paper, of all sizes. Also, Roll Drawing, 28, 41 and 56 inch cut to any length; Mounted Drawing Paper, of all sizes, Tracing Muslin and Paper, &c.&c., for sale at
B. BANNAN'S
Book and Stationery Store.
Jan. 28, 1854 4—

OILS, &c.

OHIO FIRE PROOF PAINT.

A FEW Barrels of the Ohio Fire Proof Paint, Slate and Brown colors, the genuine article for sale by the subscriber. Also a few kegs of Paint Oil, at 87½ cents a gallon, and Grease at 5 cents a pound to close out a lot. For sale by B. BANNAN.
April 30, 1853. 18—

FERRUGINOUS
OR COMPOUND IRON PAINT.

A FIRE AND WATER PROOF PAINT, of great durability, and the power of resisting all atmospheric influences during a lengthened period of time. Can be had at the Hardware and Iron Store of
GEORGE BRIGHT,
Agent for the above Paint.
August 6, 1853. 32-tf

J. B. A. & S. ALLEN,
7 and 8 South Wharves, PHILADELPHIA
DEALERS IN OIL,

HAVE constantly in store, a large stock of the following Oils, viz:
5000 galls. Bld. Sperm, 10,000 galls. Bl'd. Whale,
5000 " Unbl'd. " 12,000 " Racked do
800 " Solar, 6,000 " Lard do
1100 " Elephant, 1,000 " Greasing do

To which they ask the attention of Coal Operators, Machinists, &c.
September 2, 1854 (Feb. 4, 1854 5 1y) 35—

ROSENDALE HYDRAULIC CEMENT.

AN excellent article for lining Cisterns, Vaults, Spring-houses and Cellars, and for keeping dampness from wet and exposed walls. For sale by
CHARLES SHEPARD SMITH,
Of and Successor to the late firm of E. VI SMITH & SON.
N. W. Corner of Front and Willow Sts. (opposite the old stand) Railroad, Philadelphia.
Aug. 26, '54 [April 15, '54 15-1y] 34—

INSURANCE.

The Pottsville Mutual and Joint Stock Life Insurance Co.
OFFICE—Centre st., next door above Green's Jewelry Store.
CAPITAL $100,000—Charter Perpetual.

THIS Company recently chartered by the Legislature of Pennsylvania, is fully organized.

The Company is prepared to effect insurance upon lives, and to receive and execute trusts, and to allow interest on monies received at the rate of five per cent per annum, unless otherwise agreed upon,—Principal and interest payable on demand.

Capital and assets safely invested in Bonds and Mortgages, and other good securities.

Annual dividend of the profits will be made payable in cash, or appropriated to the payment of premiums.

For rates of Premiums on Life Insurance, see printed tables, supplied at the Company's Office.
NATHAN EVANS, Pres't,
SOLOMON FOSTER, Vice Pres't.
B. T. TAYLOR, Secretary and Treasurer
Sept. 16, 1854 37-tf

STATE MUTUAL INSURANCE CO.
Fourth Annual Statement, May 15, 1854.

Assets May 1st, 1853,		$358,318 70
Cash Premiums and interest received the past year, mutual department,	$101,848 32	
Bills Receivable in same,	28,647 94	
Cash Premiums, Stock Dep'mt,	40,152 30	170,568 56
		$528,887 26
Losses, Expenses, Commissions, Reinsurance, Mutual Department,	$101,806 53	
Do do Stock do	27,031 98	
ASSETS:		
Bonds, Mortgages, Stock and other good securities,	$173,135 72	
Bills Receivable,	157,009 56	
Cash on hand and in hands of Agents	49,559 65	$379,704 16

For Fire or Inland Insurance, apply to
JNO. T. SHOENER, Agent.
July 15, 1854 28-1y

Anthracite Insurance Company.

CHARTER PERPETUAL—granted by State of Pennsylvania.
Authorized Capital $400,000.
Office No. 99 WALNUT Street, between Third and Fourth Streets, Philadelphia.

This Company, with a cash Capital paid in, combined with the mutual principle in their Marine and Inland Department, secures to the assured ample indemnity, with participation in the profits, and without liability for losses.

The Company will issue policies at the usual rates of premiums, embracing MARINE, FIRE and INLAND RISKS.

DIRECTORS:
Dr. D. Luther, Wm. C. Ludwig,
Lewis Audenried, Joseph Maxfield,
Peter Sieger, John R. Addicks,
George F. Tyler, Harry Conrad,
Samuel H. Rothermel, B. Hammett,
Davis Pearson, Samuel Castner,
DR. D. LUTHER, President.
Wm. C. LUDWIG, Vice President.
Wm. F. DEAN, Secretary.

☞ PETER D. LUTHER, has been appointed Agent for the above Company, in Schuylkill County, to whom persons desiring Insurance can apply.
April 8, 1854 14-1y

Miners' Life Insurance
—AND—
TRUST COMPANY,
POTTSVILLE, PA.
CAPITAL $100,000—CHARTER PERPETUAL

THIS COMPANY, chartered by the Legislature of Pennsylvania, with a Capital of One Hundred Thousand Dollars, is now fully organized, and has commenced business.

The Company is prepared to receive monies and other property in Trust, and allow interest on all monies deposited in trust, at the rate of five per cent. per annum;—Principal and interest payable on demand.

For rates of Premium on Life Insurance, see the printed Tables supplied at the office of the Company, Centre Street, Pottsville, three doors south of the Exchange Hotel.
JACOB HUNTZINGER, Jr., President.
JOHN H. ADAMS, Sec'y. and Treasurer,
April 1, 1854 12-tf

LIFE INSURANCE.

THE GIRARD LIFE INSURANCE, ANNUITY, and TRUST COMPANY of PHILADELPHIA. Office No. 132 CHESNUT ST., the First Door East of the Custom House. Capital, $300,000. Charter Perpetual. Continue to make insurances on lives on the most favorable terms.

The Capital being paid up and invested, together with a large and constantly increasing reserved fund, offers a perfect security to the insured.

The premiums may be paid yearly, half-yearly, or quarterly.

The Company add a bonus periodically to the Insurances for life. The first Bonus, appropriated in December, 1844, and the second Bonus in December, 1849, amount to an addition of $262 50 to every $1000 insured under the oldest policies, making $1262 50 which will be paid when it shall become a claim, instead of $1000 originally insured; the next oldest amount to $1237 50; the next in age to $1212 50 for every $1000; the others in the same proportion according to the amount and time of standing, which additions make an average of more than 60 per cent. upon the premiums paid, without increasing the annual premium.

MANAGERS.
Thomas Ridgway, John A. Brown,
Armon Davis, D. Danner,
John Jay Smith, Frederick Brown,
Robert Pearsall, George Taber,
Joseph Yeager, John R. Latimer,
Thomas P. James, Wharton Lewis,
Joseph T. Bailey, John R. Slack

Pamphlets containing table of rates and explanations, form of application and further information can be had at the office.
THOMAS RIDGWAY, President.
JOHN F. JAMES, Actuary.

☞ The subscriber is Agent for the above Company in Schuylkill County, and will effect Insurances, and give all necessary information on the subject.
B. BANNAN.
April 9, 1853. 15-1y

COLTON'S ATLAS of the WORLD.

ILLUSTRATING Physical and Political Geography, accompanied by descriptions, Geographical, Statistical and Historical, containing 107 Maps. Part 1 is now ready; to be completed in 27 Parts. Price $1. The size of this Atlas is Imperial Folio, 19 by 16. The plates are executed by the first artists; the paper is of the finest quality.

Subscriptions received at B. BANNAN'S
Book and Stationery Store.
August 19, 1854 33—

J. C. & W. SAVERY,
Wholesale Druggists and Manufacturing Chemists, No. 311 Market street, above 8th,
PHILADELPHIA;

OFFER for the attention of Country Dealers a general assortment of Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals, Paints, Oils, Glass, Varnishes, &c. &c.
August 5, 1854. 31-3m

IRON FOUNDERS.

POTTSVILLE IRON WORKS.

GEO. MASON & CO. RESPECTfully announce to the public that they have taken the Establishment known as the Pottsville Iron Works on Norwegian street, where they are prepared to build all kinds of Steam Engines, manufacture Railroad Cars, and Machinery of almost every description, at the shortest notice, and on the most reasonable terms.—Persons from abroad, in want of Steam Engines, will find it to their advantage to give them a call before engaging elsewhere. May 11 1f

BEAVER MEADOW IRON WORKS.

HUDSON & BRO., Iron and Brass Founders, respectfully inform their patrons, and the public generally, that they are fully prepared, at the above Establishment, to manufacture Steam Engines of every size; Pumps, Railroad and Drift Cars, and every other description of Iron & Brass Castings, suitable for the Coal mining or other business, on the most reasonable terms. Also, Blowing Cylinders for Blast Furnaces and Machine work in general.

Repairing of all kinds done with neatness and despatch, at the lowest prices. All work furnished by them will be warranted to perform well. They would solicit the custom of those who may want articles in their line in this vicinity. All orders will meet with immediate and prompt attention.
S. W. HUDSON,
B. W. HUDSON.
March 4, 1854 9-1y

FRANKLIN IRON WORKS.

THE SUBSCRIBERS ANNOUNCE to the public that they are the Proprietors of the Franklin Works, Port Carbon, lately carried on by S. Sillyman, where they continue to manufacture to order, at the shortest notice, Steam Engines, Pumps, Coal Breakers, and Machinery of almost any size or description, for mining or other purposes. Also Railroad and Drift Cars, Iron or Brass Castings of any size or pattern. Orders are respectfully solicited.
GEO. B. FISLER & BROTHER.

FRANKLIN SHOVEL WORKS.—The subscribers continue to furnish the Colliers and Dealers of Sch'l. County, with Shovels of all kinds, at the lowest Philadelphia prices. Attention is particularly called to their Coal Shovels. Orders for Shovels of any size or pattern promptly attended to.
GEO. B. FISLER & BROTHER.
Aug. 21, 1852 34-tf

WASHINGTON IRON WORKS,
POTTSVILLE, PA.

J. WREN & BRO'S. respectfully invite the attention of the business community to their New Machine Shop and Foundry, erected between COAL and Rail-road Streets, and fronting on Norwegian Street, where they are prepared to execute all orders for Machinery of Brass and Iron, such as Steam Engines, all kinds of Gearing for Rolling Mills, Grist and Saw Mills, Single and Double-acting Pumps, Coal Breakers, Drift Cars, all kind of Railroad Castings, such as Chairs, for flat and T Rails, Frogs, Switches, &c.; all kinds of cast and wrought Iron Shafting. Being Practical Mechanics, and after having made the demands of the Coal Region their study for years, also all kinds of Machinery in their line of business, they flatter themselves that work done at their Establishment will give satisfaction to all who may honor them with a call. All orders thankfully received and promptly executed on the most reasonable terms.
JOHN Y. WREN,
THOMAS WREN,
JAMES WREN.
Oct 2, 1852. 40-tf

TO COAL OPERATORS AND OTHERS
PIONEER BOILER WORKS.

THE Subscribers respectfully invite the attention of the business community to their Boiler works, on the Island adjoining the Pioneer Furnace, Pottsville, Pa., where they are prepared to manufacture
BOILERS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,
Smoke Stacks, Air Stacks, Blast Pipes, Gasometers, Drift Cars, &c., &c. Boilers on hand.

Being practical Mechanics and having for years devoted themselves entirely to this branch of business, they flatter themselves that work done at their establishment will give satisfaction to all who may favor them with a call. Individuals and Companies will find it greatly to their advantage to examine their work before engaging elsewhere.
JOHN & JAMES NOBLE.
May 5, 1853. 19-tf

FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP.
STEAM CAR FACTORY, &c.

NOTICE.—The business of the late firm of Snyder & Milnes, will be continued by the subscriber in all its various branches of Steam engine building, Iron Founder, manufacturer of all kinds of machinery for Rolling Mills, Blast Furnaces, Railroad Cars, &c. &c. He will also continue the business of Mining and Selling the celebrated *Pine Forest White Ash, and Lewis and Spohn Veins Red Ash Coals,* being sole proprietor of these Collieries.
GEORGE W. SNYDER.
Jan. 21, 1854; 3-tf

Pennsylvania Wire Works.
No. 21 ARCH street, above FRONT, Philad'a.

THE subscribers have on hand, and are constantly manufacturing, SIEVES, RIDDLES, SCREENS, WOVEN WIRES, *of all meshes and widths.* Also, all kinds of plain and fancy Wire work. Brass and Iron Wire Sieves, of all kinds; Brass and Copper Wire Cloth for Paper Makers, &c. Cylinders and Dandy Rolls covered in the best manner.

Heavy Twilled Wire for Spark Catchers, Sieves for Brass and Iron Founders, Screen Wire, Window Wire, Safes, Traps, Dish Covers, Coal and Sand Screens, &c. BAYLISS, DARBY & LINN.
August 12, 1854 32-3m

POTTSVILLE ROLLING MILL.

THE SUBSCRIBERS respectfully announce to the public, that their new Rolling Mill is now completed and in full operation, and that they are prepared to supply all kinds of Bar Iron of various sizes, which they will warrant to be superior in quality to any obtained from abroad, at the same prices.

They also manufacture T Rails, for the use of the Collieries and Lateral Roads, weighing from 21 to 50 lbs. per yard, made of the best Iron, and which will be found much cheaper than the imported article.

Being practical mechanics, and having had considerable experience in the Iron business, they flatter themselves that they can give entire satisfaction to purchasers, and will also make it their interest to patronize home manufactures.
JOHN BURNISH & CO.
Dec. 6, 1851. 49-tf

SUNDAY SCHOOL BOOKS AND
LIBRARIES.

THE subscriber always keeps on hand a large assortment of Sunday School Books, such as are generally used in Sunday Schools. Also,

Sunday School Libraries of 100 vols.,	$10 00
Do do do Nos. 2 and 3, each,	10 00
Do do do at	5 00
Do do do at	2 50
Cottage Library,	3 00
Episcopal Sunday School Library, 100 vols.	10 00

ALSO,
500 Testaments, German and English,
200 Bibles, English and German,
English and German Reward Books,
Hymn Books, &c., &c., all of which will be sold at Sunday School Union prices and the carriage saved by purchasing at B. BANNAN'S
Cheap Book and Stationery Store.
June 25, 1853. 25—

FRENCH TRUSSES.
Weighing less than 2½ ounces,
FOR THE CURE OF HERNIA OR RUPTURE.

ACKNOWLEDGED by the highest medical authorities of Philadelphia, incomparably superior to any other in use. Sufferers will be gratified to learn that the occasion now offers to procure not only the *lightest and most easy,* but as *durable* a Truss as any other in lieu of the cumbrous and uncomfortable article usually sold. There is no difficulty attending the fitting, and when the pad is located, it will retain its position without change.

Persons at a distance, unable to call on the subscriber, can have the Truss sent to any address, by remitting FIVE DOLLARS for the single Truss, or TEN for the double—with measure round the hips, and stating side affected. It will be exchanged to suit if not fitting, by returning it at once, unsoiled.
For sale only by the Importer,
CALEB H. NEEDLES,
Cor. Twelfth & Race Streets, Philadelphia.

☞ LADIES, requiring the benefit of MECHANICAL SUPPORTS, owing to derangement of the Internal Organs, inducing Falling of the Womb, Spinal, Pulmonary, Dyspeptic, Nervous and Spinal Weakness, are informed that a competent and experienced Lady will be in attendance at the Rooms, (*set apart for their exclusive use,*) No. 114, Twelfth st., 1st door below Race.
June 24, 1854 25-1y

G. W. RIDGWAY & CO.
DEALERS IN OILS

FOR MINERS, MACHINISTS AND MANUFACTURERS, No. 30 N. WHARVES, PHILAD'A.
☞ Orders received by J. A. MOORE, Pottsville.
April 1, 1854 13-1y

MISCELLANEOUS.

MARSH'S TRUSSES.

FOR Sale at MARTIN'S DRUG STORE, an assortment of Marsh's Improved Trusses, among which are
Double and Single Improved Trusses,
Do do do old style do
Utero Abdominal Supporters,
Ladies' Shoulder Braces,
Gentlemen's Elastic Suspender Shoulder Braces,
Suspensory Bandages, Silk and Cotton.
JOHN S. C. MARTIN, Agent.
Sept. 24, 1853. 39-tf

PAINTING, GLAZING and PAPERING
REMOVAL.

J. W. BOWEN having removed his shop to 2 doors above the American House, Centre Street, and taken into partnership his brothers, the subscribers announce to the public that they are prepared to execute all orders in their line with the greatest despatch, and on the most reasonable terms. They employ good workmen, and their customers may, therefore, be sure of satisfactory jobs.

They, also, beg leave to call attention to their splendid assortment of Paper-hangings, Window-shades, &c., comprising every variety of style and quality, to suit the taste and pocket of purchasers, and which they offer at the lowest City prices.
J. W. BOWEN & BROTHERS.
2 doors above American House, Centre St.,
Pottsville, April 17, 1852. 16-tf

SLOPE CHAINS.

THE undersigned begs respectfully to call the attention of Miners, Coal Merchants, Wholesale, and all those in want of BEST PROVED or BEST BEST CHAINS, for mining or mill purposes, to his large stock of *Best Best Chains,* assorted sizes, from ¼ inch to 1½ inch, made from best refined iron.

Also, to his large stock of BEST PROOVED CHAINS, assorted sizes, from 3-16 inch to 1½ inch, made from the best cable iron, which will be sold on very reasonable terms, by DANIEL McCARTHY,
No. 96 Swanson st., and No. 3 Dock st. Wharf,
Philadelphia.

REFER TO
W. V. Agard & Co., George Mason, Esq., } Port Carbon.
Charles Miller & Co., McClintock & McKnight, } Philadelphia.
Johnson Cockill, Esq., Llewellyn.
June 24, 1854 25-6m

MUSIC PUBLISHING HOUSE.
LEE & WALKER,

SUCCESSORS to GEORGE WILLIG, No. 188 CHESTNUT Street, under the UTAH HOUSE, Philadelphia, are constantly publishing the latest Music from the most popular Authors in the United States, in a style that will vie with any issued at any other house, either in this country or Europe.

They have also the pleasure to announce to the public that their stock of Sheet Music on hand consists of the largest and most complete assortment to be found in the country; they are constantly adding to their stock all the new Music published in New York, Boston, &c.

They also publish several Instruction Books, which are in general use throughout the country.

PIANOS.
A fine assortment of the best manufacturers of New York and Boston, at the lowest cheap prices.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.
Also, a general assortment of Guitars, Violins, Banjos, Flutes, Accordeons, &c., Violin, Guitar and Harp Strings, of the best Italian qualities, all of which will be furnished to the public and the trade at the lowest rates.

Orders punctually attended to.
☞ All Lee & Walker's Music and Publications can be obtained at B. BANNAN'S Book and Music Store, Pottsville.
Philadelphia, Feb. 4, 1854 5-tf

LEATHER AND FINDINGS.

THE subscriber respectfully invites the attention of dealers and others, to his large and well selected stock of Leather and findings, which is kept constantly fresh by repeated drafts upon the manufacturers of this country and of Europe, and which is made up in part of the following articles, viz:—The best oak and red Sole; Slaughter, Skirting and Damaged do.; Harness, Bridle, Band and Welt Leathers; Toong and Lacing do.; Wax Upper, Boot Grain, Buff and Split do.; City Slaug Kips, Salted and Collar do.; City, Country, French and Patent Calf Skins; Boot leg Moroccos, Buck Skins, Pa. Skins, Chamois, and Moroccos; Bindings and Linings of almost every description; Shoe thread, Patent thread; Silk, oot cord, Laces, and Silk and Union Galloons; Black and Colored English Lastings, Whited Uppers and crimped Fronts and Footings; Awls, Tacks, Needles, Eyelet and crimping machines and Eyelets; Steel, Iron, Copper and Zinc Nails; Files, Rasps, Knives; Rubbers, Pegs, Bristles and Boot Webs; Hammers, Boot and Shoe Trees, Lasts, Crimps, Clamps, Handles, Gum, Cod Liver, and Tanners' oil; Shoe Tools and Currier's Tools of all kinds, ready for use, besides many other articles not enumerated above, and all of which will be sold at the lowest market rates, by JOHN WHITE,
Importer & Dealer, 497 Market St., above 13th,
Philadelphia.
Aug. 12, 1854. 32 1y

PRESERVE YOUR TEETH!

IF you would have a pleasant breath, good health, and a set of dental apparatus that will add materially to the expression of "the human face divine," M. D. L. DODSON'S unrivalled VEGETABLE TOOTH-PASTE, for cleaning the teeth, has been prepared expressly with a view to supply a deficiency of the toilet, and meet the wants of those who appreciate the utility of those useful organs—the TEETH.

It combines the astringent, antiseptic, and fine argillaceous and aromatic properties requisite in rendering an article of its nature pleasant, safe and useful; and claims the merit of being ENTIRELY FREE FROM ACID of any kind, yet effectually removes stain, counteracts the effects of vitiated secretions of the mouth, and prevents the accumulation of tartar, after it has once been properly removed.

All who have used this Tooth Paste, give it the preference over other kinds manufactured elsewhere—the composition of which they know but little or nothing.

Prepared only by M. D. L. DODSON, Dentist, Pottsville.
By whom it will be supplied to dealers at a liberal discount.
July 29, 1854 30-tf

E. GARRIGUES,
Printer, Bookseller, and Stationer, Centre St.,
POTTSVILLE, PA.,

RESPECTFULLY asks the attention of Merchants, Teachers, and the public generally, to the large assortment of books, &c., offered at his new store, comprising standard works for the professions, Church Books for every denomination, German and English, Gift, Miscellaneous, Juvenile, Toy & School Books.

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Of their own manufacture, embracing a general variety, from the common half-bound to the extra superfine, neatly ruled and substantially bound, with bands and rivets; small blank Memorandum and Pass Books, Cyphering and Copy Books, Time Rolls, Bills of Lading, Coal Tickets, Checks, Drafts, Promissory Notes, &c., &c.

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JUST RECEIVED, new and elegant designs of Gold and Silver Papers for Parlors, with rich Velvet, Silver and Gold Borders to match, with every variety of Parlor and Chamber entry and ceiling Paper, from 6 cents and upwards, wholesale and retail, at manufacturer's prices, and many of the higher priced papers at less than city prices. The subscriber keeps the largest assortment of Paper Hangings to be found in the State, out of Philadelphia.—For sale at B. BANNAN'S
Paper and Bookstore.
April 8, 1854 14—

ADAMS & CO.'S EXPRESS.
POTTSVILLE TO HARRISBURG.

THIS line connects daily with all their Great Southern and Western Routes. By arrangement their place of business in Pottsville will be at the office of Howard & Co. Those having articles for transmission by said line, will call upon C. B. COTTER, Adams & Co.'s Agent, at said Office.
S. S. WILLIAMS, Superintendent.
April 22, 1854 16-tf

WINDOW SASH.—8-10, 10-12, any size furnished at Manufacturer's prices; Glass, Putty Paints, Nails, Oils, &c. at the Hardware and Iron Depot of FRANK POTT.
July 15, 1854 28-tf

Poetry.

[*From the Philadelphia North American.*]

LOVE AND MARRIAGE.

A BACHELOR'S GROWL.

When lovers are wooing and cooing,
 Pursuing some woman for wife,
Nought is thought of the storm that is brewing,
 To bring cloudy weather for life;
But those who have gathered the flowers
 From the footfall of Cupid that spring,
Know there grow in Hymenial bowers,
 Thorns, nettles and briars that sting.

He swears never wooer was truer;
 She vows she allows not a beau
To be near, or appear as aught to her,
 Save one that she slightly may know;
But those who are by when they sigh,
 And such little perjuries make,
Can't conceive how those lovers can lie—
 Under such heavy mists of mistake.

Their style of exclusive devotion
 Is all very well in its way;
But this very unsociable notion
 They find, after marriage, "don't pay."
"My darling" will last for a while;
 For a while be at intervals kissed;
But though parted by many a mile,
 'Tis rarely that Madame is Miss-ed.

This "paying addresses" possesses
 A charm, as each lover allows;
But repeatedly paying for dresses
 Must follow Hymenial vows;
Though Cupid the office conceals
 That each hapless sufferer fills,
Yet Hymen, more honest, reveals
 His duty of "paying up" bills.

The Paradise promised by Cupid,
 With cherubs as guardian spirits,
Is rendered remarkably stupid
 To those who must sleep there o'nights;
These cherubs must all of them eat,
 Though the fact is a lover beneath,
And his "heaven below" is replete
 With wailing and cutting of teeth.

But a lover will never discover
 A fault in the one he would wed;
From his dreams never seems to recover
 Till his lamb to the altar is led;
His idol then proves an ideal;
 Still worship he possibly can;
Yet, though he may love what is real,
 You'll allow he's an altar-ed man.

Political.

AMERICANS MADE BY MACHINERY.

American Citizens are being made about these times at City Hall and elsewhere as rapidly as questions can be asked and answered. There seems to be little of solemnity, order, or system in the transformation of a foreigner into an American.—The officers, tired of the constancy of their labor, the monotony of their work, and the dull formality of putting stereotyped questions to one and the same class of persons, seem to look upon the whole thing as a very stupid piece of business, and desire to get rid of it as early as possible. The great body of persons receiving the benefits of American citizenship seem neither to appreciate nor to understand the blessings of franchise or the honors of citizenship. With "the rich Irish brogue" and "the sweet German accent" fresh at their tongues' end, full of blarney of the Emerald Isle, or the earnest enthusiasm of those who come from the Elbe, the Rhine and the Danube, they are made full-grown citizens, and often notoriously in utter defiance even of the very liberal privileges embodied in the Naturalization Laws. Elsewhere, however, citizens are made with even more facility than here, though here with a slovenliness entirely unsuited to the gravity and importance of the subject. The use of the naturalization papers of dead and buried Irishmen by those but a year or two in the country, is as common almost as the consignment to the grave of those born abroad and desiring a permanent residence. Corrupt politicians stimulate this sort of work much more frequently than it is prompted by those who are made their dupes and instruments, and, as the shameless instigators of wrong, ought to be punished if they could be reached, but this is not easy.

It is due, however, to foreigners, to be warned of such breaches of trust and violations of law, and American citizens can in no manner better serve the interests of the country than in maintaining the laws of the land in this respect. Native-born citizens, who are not permitted to vote until twenty-one years of age, whose ancestors are Americans, and some of whom, for many generations, rendered efficient service to the country, naturally feel sensitive when they see themselves outvoted by men fresh on the soil. They feel that the advantage is entirely on the side of the foreigner. And if powerful organizations have latterly sprung up in the United States, to vindicate the rights and interests of American citizens, the fact may be attributed to two things:

First, the facility of making American citizens, the loose manner of executing the naturalization laws, and their frequent violation by the use of fraudulent papers and otherwise; and secondly, by the offensive demonstrations, in act and doctrine of a powerful church, believed to be anti-Republican in its character, and owing its truest allegiance rather to a power in Europe than to the Government at home.

The attempted coercion of certain church trustees in Buffalo, the visit of Bedini, the man and his antecedents, the manner and the mission, the more recent public formal, and official demonstrations of priests and prelates in the city of New York, the bigoted tone and imperious manner of the organs of the Romish Church, has created a natural feeling of resistance in the Protestant minds of the country. Protestant idea, which is resistance to the union of Church and State, has been violated, and is violated day by day, by those who owe their higher allegiance, either directly to the Pontiff at Rome, or indirectly through the church here, which acknowledges its supreme existence in the one great Temporal and Spiritual Head, which imperiously sways the destinies of Rome.

The resistance will be diminished only when the causes which have given rise to it cease to exist. Protestants are not bigots, for they embrace many religious sects, which, as a general thing, are neither bigoted in themselves nor afraid of each other. Americans are liberal even to the excess of a faulty liberality. They are ready to welcome foreigners, to protect them in their persons, their property, and their religion. But they ask them to be Americans in feeling, if they are not in birth, and citizens of the United States, rather than subjects of Rome.

They insist, too, that there should be no violation of the Naturalization Laws, and no foreign political influence, priestly or political, arrayed against those who were born upon the soil, and who have had to serve a twenty-one years apprenticeship to win a freeman's right to vote.

P. S.—Since writing the above we have met with the following advertisement:

DEMOCRATIC NATURALIZATION COMMITTEE will be in session in the back room, Tammany Hall, every day from 9 o'clock, A. M., till 3 P. M., 17th Oct. By order of Committee.

The "back room of Tammany Hall!" Walk in, and walk up Patrick O'Flannagan, Swany McPherson, Velasquez & Sagrando, Chevalier Crapeau, Herr Hockenheimer; walk up, walk up, and in the twinkling of an eye, and in the back room of Tammany Hall, be transformed into full grown American citizens.—*N. Y. Express.*

Funny.

[*From the Detroit Advertiser.*]

DOESTICKS GOES TO CHURCH IN NEW YORK.

SEVENTY HUNDRED AND ONE, HARROW STREET.

Having seen the Operas with detestation, the Theatres with approbation, George Christy with cachination, and and No. 2 Dey street with affiliation; having visited Castle Garden, the Model Artists and the American Museum; in fact, knowing something of almost all the other places of amusement in the city, I resolved to complete and crown my knowledge by going to Church, and I hope I may receive due credit for my pursuit of amusement under difficulties. I made known my heroic determination to my new-found friends, and they instantly resolved to bear me company—Bull Dogge by way of variety and Damphool from force of habit—Bull Dogge seldom goes to church and Damphool *always* does. Sunday morning came, and the aforesaid individuals presented themselves—B. D. looking pugnacious and pugilistic, and Damphool perfectly marvellous—in fact, majestic as this latter named personage had ever borne himself, and importantly huge as he had ever appeared—his coat tails were now so wonderfully short, his collar so enviably large and so independently upright, and his hat so unusually and magnificently lofty—that he certainly looked a bigger phool than ever before.

Passing up Broadway through a crowd of people of all sorts, sizes, colors and complexions; countrymen running over every third man they met; New Yorkers threading their way through apparently un-get-throughable crowds without ruffling their tempers or their shirt collars. (By the way, I have discovered that no one but a genuine New Yorker born and bred can cross Broadway upon a dignified walk.) Firemen in red shirts and their coats over their arms; newsboys with a very scanty allowance of shirt, and no coats at all; Dutch emigrants, with dirty faces, nasty breeches, and long loppy-looking pipes; Irish emigrants, with dirtier faces, nastier breeches and short, stubbier pipes; spruce-looking darkies and wenches arrayed in rainbow-colored habiliments—we at last reached the door of the church. Everything looked so grandly gingerbready, that I hesitated about going in. Little boy in the corner (barefooted, with a letter in the post office) told us, to "go in," and called us "*Lemons.*" Did not perceive the force of his pomological remark, but "*went in*" nevertheless. Man in a white cravat showed us to a pew; floor covered with carpet and seat covered with damask, with little stools to kneel down upon.

Pretty soon, music—organ—sometimes grand and solemn, but generally fast and lively enough for a contra dance. (B. D. said the player got a big salary to show off the organ, and draw a big house.) He commenced to play Old Hundred, (Damphool suggests Ancient Century.) At first, majestic as it should be, but soon his left hand began to get unruly among the bass notes, then the right cut up a few monkey shines in the treble, left threw in a large assortment of quavers, right led off with a grand flourish and a few dozen variations; left struggled manfully to keep up, but soon gave out, dead beat, and after that went back to first principles, and hammered away religiously at Old Hundred in spite of the antics of its fellow; right struck up a march, marched into a quick-step, quickened into a gallop, left still kept at Old Hundred; right put in all sorts of fantastic extras, to entice the left from its sense of propriety; left still unmoved; right put in a few bars of a popular waltz; left wavers a little; right strikes up a favorite polka; left evidently yielding; right dashes into a jig; left now fairly deserts its colors and goes over to the enemy, and both commenced an animated hornpipe, leaving poor Old Hundred to take care of itself. At length, with a crash, a squeak, a rush, a roar, a rumble and an expiring groan, the overture concluded and service began.

Kept as cool as I could, but could not help looking round now and then to see the show. Elderly lady on my right very devout, gilt-edged prayer-book, gold covered fan, feathers in her bonnet, rings on her fingers, and, for all I know, "bells on her toes." Antiquated gentleman in same slip, well preserved but somewhat wrinkled, smells of Wall street, gold spectacles, gold-headed cane, put three cents in the plate. Fashionable little girl on the left—two flounces on her pantalettes, and a diamond ring over her glove.

Young America looking boy, four years old, patent leather boots, standing collar, gloves, cane, and cigar-case in his pocket. Foppish young man with adolescent moustache, pumps, legs a la spermaceti candies, shirt front embroidered a la 2.40 race-horse, cravat a la Jullien, vest a la pumpkin pie, hair a la soft soap, coat-tails a la bootjack, which when parted discovered a view of the Crystal Palace by gas-light on the rear of his pantaloons, wristbands a la stove pipe, hat a la wild Irishman, cane to correspond: total effect a la Shanghai.

Artificial young lady, extreme of fashion; can't properly describe her, but here goes:—Whalebone, cotton, paint and whitewash; slippers a la Elssler, feet a la Japanese, dress a la Paris, shawl a la eleven hundred dollars, parasol a la mushroom, ringlets a la corkscrew, arms a la broomstick, bonnet a la Bowery gal, (Bull Dogge says the boy without buttons on him brought it in a teaspoon fifteen minutes after she entered the house,) neck a la scrag of mutton, bosom a la barebones, complexion a la mother of pearl, (Damphool says she bought it at Phalon's,) appearance generally humbug. Bull Dogge offers to bet his hat she don't know a cabbage from a new cheese, and can't tell whether a sirloin steak is beef, chicken, flesh, or fish.)

At length, with another variette upon the organ, the service concluded. I thought from the manner of this last performance, each member of the choir imagined the songs of praise would never get to heaven if he didn't give them a personal boost, in the shape of an extra yell.

Left the church with a confused idea that the only way to attain eternal bliss is to go to church every Sunday, and to give liberally to the foreign missionary cause.

Bull Doggie tried to convince me that one-half the people present thought that Fifth avenue runs straight into Heaven, and that their through tickets are insured, their front seats reserved, and that when they are obliged to leave this world they will find a coach and four, and two servants in livery ready to take them right through to the other side of Jordan. Yours reverentially,

Q. R. PHILANDER DOESTICKS, P. B.

☞ EDUCATION.—Above all, children must not be taught too much nor too soon. Knowledge is sometimes a hurtful burden; too much of it in proportion to the natural powers destroys originality and substitutes an unreal and insipid taste, an unconscious hypocrisy. If the dialectic faculties are later in their development than the emotions, the memory, the imagination, and the apprehension of the senses, it cannot be disputed that the young may be best influenced by personal authority and personal example; nor that the study of languages naturally comes first in order, next the events of history and human life, last of all the abstractions of Philosophy; first *words,* then *things,* lastly *ideas.*—*North British Review.*

Miscellany.

THE INVENTOR OF RAILROADS.

About a century ago—the exact year is not known—there was born at Leeds, England, a man named Thomas Gray. Scarcely anything is known of his early history. He was, we believe a poor collier, and, being very ingenious, he conceived the idea of facilitating the transportation of coal from the Middletown colliery of Leeds, a distance of three miles, by means of a sort of railway which he constructed of wood. Upon this his cars moved at the rate of three miles and a half an hour, to the great merriment of a wise and discriminating public, who laughed at the idea of a railway as something very visionary, and as the mere suggestion of laziness. Poor Gray thought otherwise. Magnificent visions of future railways, such as are now stupendous realities, loomed up before him, and he began to talk in public of a general system of iron railroads. He was, of course, laughed at, and declared a visionary moonstruck fool. But the more Gray contemplated his little railway for coal, the more firmly did he believe in the practicability, and the immense usefulness of his scheme. He saw it all that is now realized, and he resolved, in spite of the ridicule, the sneers and rebuffs that were heaped upon him, to prosecute his undertaking.—He petitioned the British Parliament, and sought interest with all the great men of the kingdom; but all this had the effect to bring down upon him, wherever he went, the loud sneers and ridicule of all classes. Still he persevered, and at length engaged the attention of men of intelligence and influence, who finally embraced his views, urged his plans, and the result is now before the world.—Thomas Gray, the inventor of railroads, who, not longer ago than 1820, was laughed at for ever mentioning the idea, still lives in England, in the full realization of his grand and noble scheme, for which he was declared insane. How much has the world been benefitted by his insanity!

DON'T STAY LONG.

"Don't stay long, husband," said a young wife tenderly, in my presence one evening, as her husband was preparing to go out. The words themselves were insignificant, but the look of melting fondness with which they were accompanied, spoke volumes. It told all the whole, vast depths of a woman's love—of her happiness when with her husband—of her grief when the light of his smile, the source of all her joy, beamed not brightly upon her.

"Don't stay long, husband!"—and I fancied I saw the loving, gentle wife, sitting alone, anxiously counting the moments of her husband's absence, every few minutes running to the door to see if he were in sight and finding that he was not, I thought I could hear her exclaiming in disappointed tones "not yet."

"Don't stay long, husband!"—And again I thought I could see the young wife, rocking herself nervously in the great arm chair, and weeping as though her heart would break, as her thoughtless "lord and master" prolonged his stay to a wearisome length of time.

O, you that have wives that say—"Don't stay long," when you go forth; think of them kindly when you are mingling in the busy hive of life, and try, just a little to make their homes and hearts happy, for they are gems too seldom found, and when lost too seldom replaced. You cannot find amid the pleasures of the world, the peace and joy, that a quiet home blessed with such a woman's presence, will afford.

"Don't stay long, husband!"—and the young wife's look seemed to say—for here, in your own sweet home, is a loving heart whose music is hushed when you are absent—here is a soft breast for you to lay your head upon, and here are pure lips, unsoiled by sin, that will pay you with kisses for coming back soon.

Think of it, men, when your wives say to you, 'don't stay long,'—and O don't let the kind words pass unheeded as of little value, for though they may be to you, the disappointment or fulfilment of their simple, loving wish, brings grief or joy to them. If you have an hour to spare bestow it upon them, and the pure love, gushing from their gentle, grateful hearts, will be a sweet reward.

HOW THEY READ NEWSPAPERS.

It is a proof of the great variety of human development to notice persons reading a newspaper. Mr. General Intelligence first glances at the telegraph, then at the editorial, and then goes off into the correspondence. Mr. Sharper opens with stocks and markets, and ends with the advertisements for wants, hoping to find a victim. Aunt Sukey first reads the stories, and then looks to see who's married. Miss Prim looks at the marriage column first, and then reads the stories. Mr. Marvellous is curious to see the list of accidents, murders, and the like. Uncle Ned hunts up the funny things, and smokes and laughs with a will. Madame Gossip turns to the local department for her thunder, and having obtained that, throws the paper aside. Mrs. Friendly drops the first tear of sympathy over the death column, and next over the marriages; for says she, one is about as bad as the other. Mr. Politician dashes into the telegraph, and from that into the editorial, ending with the speeches alluded to. Our literary friend is eager for a nice composition from the Editor or some kind correspondent. After analyzing the rhetoric, grammar, and logic of the production, he turns a careless glance at the news department, and then takes to his Greek, perfectly satisfied. The pleasure seeker examines the programmes of public entertainment, and decides which will afford him the greatest amount of amusement. The laborer searches among the wants for a better opening in his business; and—but enough; an extension of the list were useless. There is just as much difference in readers as in—as in—anything.

But the *worst* is yet to come. If each does not find a column or less of his peculiar liking, the Editor has, of course, been lazy, and is unworthy of patronage. Oh, who would'nt be an Editor.—*A'b. Knick.*

☞ THE GINGER OF COMMERCE.—The ginger of commerce is the product of a plant growing in both the East and West Indies. In its appearance it resembles a reed, but the stems arise from a root similar to the root of the garden sweet flag, or iris. Like the root of this flower, that of the ginger plant spreads and increases in size every year.—From the upper surface of the ginger-root arises in the spring, a green reed-like stalk, about two feet and a half high, which bears narrow lance-shaped leaves. The flowers of the plant, which are white and lilac, grow on a separate stem. The ginger we employ as a spice is the root, to obtain which the plant is cultivated in much the same way as potatoes are, and when the stalks have withered, the roots are dug up. The best of white ginger, being scraped in preparing it, is less in size, not being so thick or knotty, its color is of a light yellow, and its taste is much more pungent and aromatic than that of the black kind.—*Hunt's Merchants' Magazine.*

☞ IT IS RIGHT to be contented with what we *have,* but never with what we *are.*