The Miners' Journal

POTTSVILLE, PA.,

SATURDAY, MAY 6, 1854.

☞ *THE MINERS' JOURNAL has a larger circulation than any other Newspaper published in Northern Pennsylvania. It circulates among the Coal, Iron and business men, not only in this and the adjoining counties, but in all our cities; and it also circulates largely among the masses in Schuylkill county, which renders it one of the most valuable Advertising mediums in the County. But few papers have so many capitalists enrolled on its subscription list.*

AGENTS FOR M'NERS' JOURNAL:

DAVID J. LEWIS, Mt Carmel.
ISAAC F. DAVIS, Ashland.
FREDERICK LAUDENBERGER, Tamaqua.
THOMPSON A. GODFREY, Tremont.
CHARLES H. HUEBNER, 71 Pine St., New-York.
C. E. NORTON, Coal Merchant, 522 Walnut St Philadelphia.

Whom are authorized to receive subscriptions, advertisements, &c., for the *Miners' Journal*, and receipt for the same.

BUSINESS DEPARTMENT.

SEE the additional Jewelry adv's. of Wm. Brady.

EXAMINE Sheriff's Sales and other Legal Notices.

JNO. L. MENNIG invites attention to fresh lots of Leather, just received at his establishment in Railroad st.

TAYLOR ON COAL—Second edition revised—*Statistics of Coal. The Geographical and Geological distribution of Mineral Combustibles on Fossil Type—illustrated by numerous Maps and Diagrams—embracing, from the best authorities, the respective amount of the production, consumption, and commercial distribution of the Great Coal producing Countries and States on the American Continent and West Indies, together with their Prices, Tariff, Duties and International Regulations; accompanied by 150 statistical Tables, and 1,100 Analyses of Mineral Combustibles—and incidental statements of the casualties of the Iron manufacture. One volume 8vo. 600 to 700 pages—by the late Richard Cowling Taylor, Philadelphia; revised and brought down to 1854, by R. S. Hildeman, Professor of Natural Science and Agriculture in the Delaware College; Member of the Academy of Natural Sciences of Philadelphia, &c., &c. This edition will contain a Biographical Sketch of the Author by his friend, Isaac Lea, LL. D. Published by J. W. Moore, 195 Chestnut st., opposite the State House, Philadelphia.*

Price of the Work to subscribers, before publication, $4; to non-subscribers, $5. This work is now in press, and will shortly be issued. Its forthcoming is heralded by the best of authority. Subscriptions received at BANNAN'S.

PHILADELPHIA AND NEW-YORK ADV'S.

DEL CARD of A. M. Collins & Co., 27 per 2 months.

SEASONABLE. Protect your backing from lightning. Platina points, for Rod, for sale by Meriam & Co.

A GREAT VARIETY of Spring and Summer Goods manufactured by V. E. Archambault—examine the lig.

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P. S.—All Agents who engage with us will be secured from the possibility of loss, while the profits derived will be very liberal. 1t6-4t

☞ Gov. BIGLER is quite ill.

☞ THE recent rains have caused very destructive freshets generally throughout the East.

☞ WE regret that an able article on "Science and the Bible," furnished us for publication, though already in type, is unavoidably crowded out this week.

☞ The American Scientific Association, in session for a week previous, at Washington city, adjourned *sine die* on Tuesday.—Dr. Torrey is now President.

☞ JNO. CHARLES GARDINER, brother of the late Dr. Gardiner, was called for trial, on Tuesday, in the U. S. Supreme Court at Washington, but not appearing, his bail of $12,000 was forfeited. It is reported, he has fled the country.

☞ LADIES' FAIR.—We are requested to announce that the ladies, connected with the "New Emanuel" church, Hamburg, will hold a fair, for the benefit of said church, commencing on the 11th inst. (Battalion day) and continuing a week. They have prepared all manner of useful and fancy articles, for both ladies and gentlemen, and will be most happy to see their Pottsville friends on the occasion. The Fair will be held in Kern's Town Hall.

☞ UNPRECEDENTED EXCITEMENT.—The excitement throughout the country at the plainly most unjust acquittal of the Wards in Kentucky for the murder of Prof. Butler, is without a parallel. In other columns of our paper we give the details of this case and part of the testimony, together with some capital comments.

The trial was removed from Louisville, the scene of this cold-blooded tragedy, to Harden county, because the feelings of the people ran too strong against the accused.—The Wards are wealthy, and the question really became one between the rich and the poor. The aristocracy of the State were greatly interested, and even Hon. John J. Crittenden volunteered in the defence of the Wards. During the progress of the trial, the Judge forbid the publication of the testimony. Mr. Butler, the deceased, was an amiable, inoffensive man. Sallie Ward, who married Abbott Lawrence's son, and had such a fuss about her rouge plates, was the belle of these Wards.

On the conclusion of the trial, the people became highly exasperated, and a meeting was called at which resolutions were passed requesting Mr. Crittenden to resign his seat in the U. S. Senate, and requesting Mr. Wolfe, another of the counsel, to resign his seat as State Senator. The Wards were also requested to leave the State. A large mob proceeded to the residence of R. J. Ward, where they burnt in effigy Mathew and his brother Robert, at the front door, so close to it that the wood *work caught. The fire* was extinguished, however, before much damage was done.

A correspondent of the Cincinnati *Gazette*, writing from Louisville under date of April 10th, says:

"Excitement at the result of the Ward trial runs at the highest stage. It is not produced so much by the result itself, as by the means used to bring about that result, and some attending circumstances. The jury and the counsel for the defence are especially denounced. Mr. Wolfe, for the defence, used in his speech some harsh expressions about this city, and *reading here*, as he does, and representing this county in the State Senate, he gets his full share of abuse, and more than his share of eggs, about forty doz-n having been thrown at his house last night.

An indignation meeting will be held this evening, and, unless cool, wise men mount the whirlwind and ride the storm, its deventions will make the ears of ban that hearch it to tingle. A large sum has been subscribed to procure effigies.

The Wards, I believe, are in town, though there was a rumor yesterday that they had gone down the river.

A large dealer in pistols and bowie knives sold nearly out yesterday. They are now ready the Kentucky statutes.

Old men say they have seen nothing like the present feeling for twenty years."

In addition to the above, we give the following facts from the papers of Louisville:

The call for the meeting in Louisville, on Saturday night, was *to take measures to* erect a monument to the memory of Prof. Butler, and also to give expression to the popular feeling, at the outrageous verdict of the jury. It was headed, "To the Wolfe Bloodhounds of Louisville." Mr. Wolfe publishes in the *Courier* a letter, denying the use of the harsh terms said to have been applied by him to the people of Louisville.

The man Barlow, who testified so efficiently in the Ward case before the Hardin county jury, was ejected from Brown's Hotel yesterday morning by the proprietor, who refused to let him eat in his house.

We understand that not long subsequent to the return of the verdict of acquittal in the Ward case, the people of Elizabethtown held a public meeting. Resolutions were passed, exercising the jurors, and holding their actions up to public scorn. Great excitement prevailed in the village, and was rapidly spreading throughout the country.

A despatch from Cincinnati, dated 4th, says:

"The Kentucky papers are filled with the proceedings of public meetings in that State, in every one of which Governor Crittenden is severely denounced and requested to resign his seat in the U. S. Senate.

"The Ward family have left Louisville, and the whereabouts of the *alleged criminal* is unknown."

☞ INFORMATION IS WANTED of James Jones, Slater and Plasterer by trade, a native of South Wales, aged about twenty-four years, by his brother-in-law, Samuel Thomas, residing at Hecksecherville, Schuylkill County, Pa. When last heard from he was in Memphis, Tennessee. Papers please notice.

☞ NEW $1 COIN.—We were shown yesterday by Mr. R. F. Weaver, of Howard & Co.'s Express, one of the new three dollar Gold Coins. It is very neat in appearance and is easily distinguished from the $5 and $2,50 coins. On one side is a wreath encircling the figure 3, similar to the dollar coin—and on the other is a head of the Cap of Liberty, the head is surmounted with an elevated head dress, which causes it to be easily distinguished from the $5 pieces. It will prove a useful and convenient coin.

☞ WE CAN assure the editor of the *Register* that we did not peddle the article about the Deposit (not vein of Coal) to gratify any particular person. We gave the information just as we received it from Mr. Beachem, an experienced miner in this region, who run the tunnel into the coal. The tenor of the article in the *Register*, however, exhibits one important fact, and that is, that the writer does not possess one single *manly* feeling, or he would absolutely have loathed himself when he penned *that* article.

☞ PRESIDENT PIERCE has vetoed Miss Dix's Bill, granting 10,000,000 acres of the Public Lands for Insane Asylums in the different States. The President says it is unconstitutional—so says Senator Douglas.—It is believed that the Veto will kill the Homestead Bill and also Bennett's Land Distribution Bill. Senator Douglas' opinion however, differs. He says the Homestead Bill giving the lands to foreign emigrants is constitutional, but to give it to poor insane Americans and Emigrants is *unconstitutional*. One Senator was so indecorous as to insinuate that *insane* persons *had no votes*, while the same person had. The worst feature in this business is,—it is positively stated that the President assured Miss Dix that if the Bill she desired passed, he would *not veto it.*

STATE LEGISLATURE

The resolutions passed by the Senate proposing certain amendments to the Constitution, provide that hereafter, there shall be no further increase of the State debt, over the sum of $500,000 in any one year, unless in the event of war. That a permanent Sinking Fund shall be established, for the gradual and certain extinguishment of the State debt; and that the municipal subscriptions to railroad and other corporations, shall be hereafter prohibited.

The Bill relative to the deposit of Coal dirt, in and on the margin of streams, so as to be washed into Canals, was called up last week, by Mr. Price; pending the amendment of Mr. Buckalew, *to confine the provisions of* the bill to Schuylkill County.

Mr. Hendricks opposed the amendment and the bill. He desired to have an opportunity to confer with his constituents, many of whom were deeply interested, before the bill was definitely acted upon. He had not yet had time for this purpose. The late period at which the bill had been introduced would scarcely afford time during the present session, and he would prefer that it be laid over till the next session, which, after some just discussion, was agreed to by a vote of 20 to 8.

A Bill to incorporate the town of Palo Alto, in Schuylkill County, into a borough, passed the House finally on the 20th ult.

The bill to protect certain domestic and private rights, and to prevent abuses in the sale and use of intoxicating drinks, was debated at length and passed finally, in the House, Tuesday, yeas 67, nays 6.

A big vote, that—one of the members must have joined Temperance societies, since the Maine Law was before them.

The Bill to regulate the licensing of beer houses, &c., in Schuylkill County, passed the Senate finally on the 20th ult.

Both houses have passed a resolution to adjourn *sine die*, on the 9th inst.

THE TESTIMONY

The facts of the case, in the recent Ward trial for the murder of Prof. Butler, as shown by the testimony, was briefly as follows:

Prof. W. H. G. Butler, a gentleman of excellent character and fine education, was formerly a private teacher in the Ward family, *who are wealthy citizens of Louisville*, and by whom Butler was highly esteemed. At the time of the murder, however, he kept a school of a superior grade in that city, and had for a pupil a brother of Mathew F. Ward, named William. This boy had broken the rules of the school by *bringing cheri*nuts and distributing them among some of the boys, who threw the shells under the seats. This attracted the attention of Mr. Butler, who inquired into the matter, and the fault was fastened on William Ward, who at first, denied it. Mr. Butler then corrected the boy for breaking the rule, and for lying. Matthew F. Ward, the next morning, on hearing of it, repaired to a gunsmith's shop and purchased two pistols, and had them loaded, *and in company with his brothers*, R. J. Ward, also armed, and Wm. Ward, proceeded to the school, inquired for Mr. Butler, who came out of an adjoining room, and after a short altercation, shot him through the lungs. Mr Butler died the next night.

The principal witnesses against the accused were, the scholars of Prof. Butler, who were present at the time. We subjoin the evidence of one of them:

Edward W. Knight called.—Was present at the school room of Prof. Butler on the second day of November last. Was in Mr. Sturgis's recitation room, and saw Matt F. Ward, Robert J. Ward, Jr., and Wm. Ward enter the gate from the street into the school house yard. This was about 10 o'clock. At about 9½ o'clock, a negro of Mr. Ward's had called and left word for the books of the Ward boys *to be sent home*. Had heard some threats from these boys the day previous, which made him expect some trouble the moment he saw the Wards coming into the gate. He immediately went to the door opening into the large school room; the other boys followed, but were immediately called back by Mr. Sturgis, the assistant teacher.

When I got to the recitation room door, the Wards had come in through the passage, and were in the main school room. Mr. Ward said, I have a little matter to settle with you; "which is the most to blame, the little contemptible puppy who begged chestnuts and then lied about it, or the boy who let him have them." Mr. Butler asked Ward to go to his room and he would explain the affair. Mr. Ward said: "No, here is the place to answer the question." Butler refused to answer without an explanation. Mr. Ward then said, "Why did you call my brother William a liar?" Mr. Butler said he was not disposed to answer the question without an explanation. Mr Ward said, "you are a d—d liar and a d—d scoundrel." Ward then made a motion as if striking at Butler, who sallied back a little. Butler then raised his right arm and moved towards Ward. Ward drew his hand from his pocket, presented a pistol to Butler's left breast and fired. Butler dropped immediately, exclaiming, "Oh, my wife and child! My God! I'm dead!" Mat. then drew another pistol, and Robert J. Ward drew a knife. Mr. Sturgis came out of his recitation room, and Robert said, "Come on, I'm ready." Mr. Sturgis retreated to his room, and soon came out again, and Robert advanced towards him with a knife, and Mr. Sturgis run back into his room and made his escape out of the window.

All the others testified generally the same state of facts, and also that Prof. Butler's right hand was crippled, so that he could not open or shut it, the fingers being about half shut—that in reply to Ward, Butler spoke as if he desired to reason with him—that Ward looked healthy and vigorous and spoke in a loud tone; whereas Butler's replies were polite and gentle. One or two were under the impression that a moment before the pistol was fired, Butler, on being pronounced a liar, laid his right (crippled) hand slightly on Ward's shoulder, but all were confident that no blow was struck. Others admitted that Butler might have pushed Ward back a little, but the pistol was fired so quick by Ward after he had given the lie to Butler, it was difficult for them, it appears, to state exactly what occurred.

Dr. Thompson, who was called in to dress the wounds of Butler, testified that the deceased *in reply to a question* as to his position when he was shot, said "we were clenched; Ward called me a liar, and I struck him; we clenched, then I received a shot; did not know who shot me." The witness further testified that Butler was a small man, weighing 135 or 140 lbs.; the fingers of his right hand were about half closed and could not be straightened; his arm was probably thrown forward when he received the shot.

Dr. Yandell, who was also present with Dr. Thompson, testified that Butler said that Ward raised his hand to strike him, when he (Butler) gave him a blow, and Ward fired instantly, inflicting the wound of which Butler died in a few hours.

THE COAL TRADE FOR 1854.

The quantity sent by Railroad this week is 40,931 07 tons—by Canal 2,332 14 tons—for the week, 43,163 01 tons, increase by Railroad 137,476 17 tons: do. by Canal 5,571 15 tons to same period last year.

The recent rains have interfered to some extent with mining operations in this region, and in several instances have "drowned out" Collieries—the supply has therefore fallen off 2,771 tons this week, all of which is by Railroad. It however exceeds the quantity sent for the corresponding week last year 15,280 tons.

We learn that the Railroad Company has engaged *seventeen* instead of *eleven* new Locomotives, and will be able to transport from 50 to 55,000 tons per week in the course of three or four weeks.

The increase already from this region is 172,848 tons. Last year at the same period we were behind the previous year's shipments 60,421 tons, making a difference of 233,269 tons already, which is a pretty fair business for a "dilapidated" Region of Individual Operators.

Our friends on the Lehigh seem to be peculiarly unfortunate—last year the trade was checked at least 100,000 *tons*, by the rascality of the State Agents—and this year disasters have already commenced by floods. The recent rains must have been much heavier to the North and East than in this direction—the streams having been swollen to an unusual extent, and the damage caused thereby, very heavy. At Hartford, Connecticut, the water was higher than it has been since 1801, and a large portion of the city was inundated. The water in the Delaware was also very high, completely flooding the Delaware Division of the Pennsylvania Canal, and causing damages which will require at least 10 days from May 2d, to repair. These frequent disasters will give an impetus to the Railroad, which is now progressing from Easton to Mauch Chunk, and insure its completion the present year.

It is likewise reported that the Delaware and Hudson Company's Canal has also sustained considerable damage, which will require about ten days to repair. The trade from that region was just about commencing when the disaster occurred. The interruption by Canal cuts off the supplies from the Pennsylvania Coal Company, also.

The Schuylkill was considerably swollen during the week, but the Canal sustained no damage whatever, so far as we can learn. Boats were detained a day or two by high water below but are now running as usual.

The space from which the dirt has been removed in the Second dam at Port Carbon, has been filled up again by the high water. The Company have a strong force at work cleaning out the dam again, so as to keep the channel open. It is alleged that some of the Operators on the Mill Creek throw their Coal dirt into the stream, which washes down and fills up the dams. Application was made to the Legislature by the President, Mr Fraley, for a law prohibiting this disposition of Coal dirt, *for the bill*, we observe, has been indefinitely postponed in the House, which of course defeats it *this session*.

One of the Locks on the Delaware and Raritan Canal was *injured considerable by the recent freshet*, which will cause a detention to the trade for several days on that avenue.

☞ Vessels are scarce at Richmond, and freights to the East are enormous. Yesterday a vessel was offered $7,50 for load to Boston and $2,25 to Providence. The latest quotations will be found under our telegraphic head below.

The Philadelphia *Ledger* gives the following condensed account of the affairs of the Lehigh Canal and Navigation Company as exhibited in the Annual Report, made to the Stockholders on Monday last

The meeting was well attended, and a general feeling of satisfaction expressed with the results of the last year's operations, with the prosperous condition of the company, and with the prospect of its continuance. We are enabled to state the following particulars which will doubtless be interesting to such of the *stockholders and bondholders* as were prevented from being present at the reading of the report and accompanying documents in detail. The profits for the year 1853 were from coal and water rents and from lots sold, $2,956,[illegible]; from coal, $2,509 91, and from lots, $550,051 [illegible]; making an aggregate of $[illegible],715 24, and showing a total increase of $81,715 20 over the corresponding aggregate for the year 1852. The balance for the year to the credit of profit and loss, after deducting the interest, expenses and taxes, was $375,801 11; exhibiting an excess of $[illegible] 10 over the balance for the previous year. The actual increase in the capital stock was $[illegible], a decrease in the funded debt, $39,[illegible], a decrease in the floating debt, $27,281; a decrease in the general indebtedness of the company, $425,[illegible]; the increase in the contingent fund, $129,536. Since the close of the year 1853, the capital stock has been increased by $485,800, and the *bonded debt reduced by $[illegible]*.

SHAMOKIN, April 29, 1854.

B. BANNAN, Esq.—Dear Sir: I forward you to-day's publication for the following statement in your Coal article, viz:

"And there is no competition with our Red Ash Coal between any other region now produces this species of Coal."

Now, Mr. Bannan, if you will take the trouble to take a ride to this (Shamokin) region, it will give me great pleasure in showing you a deep R. Red Ash and as fine a vein of Red Ash Coal as you can find in Schuylkill County. It is cleaner of slate than any vein that I am acquainted with, in your region, and so far has no faults.

The only place where this vein is worked, as yet, is about one mile this side of Shamokin on the property of Judge W. Hellenstein and D. M. Boyd. The *operators* are Messrs. Ammerman, Rosser & Co., who have been working it the past 2 years, and there is now nearly ready a new Coal Breaker at this colliery. Yours Respectfully,

J. INFORMATION

We knew that there was Red Ash Coal in a portion of the Shamokin Basin, but we were not aware that any had been sent to market. We do not apprehend however, that it will come into competition with the Schuylkill Red Ash, as it is in the market, where the species of our Coal is in demand.

Postscript.

PHILADA. FRIDAY, 10 o'clock, P. M.

The Lehigh Canal sustained but little damage—the freshet set in during the night. The damages to the Morris Canal will be repaired in about three days. Boats are already passing into the Canal at Easton.

The Delaware Division will be repaired in from ten days to two weeks at furthest.

Nothing further from the Delaware & Hudson Company's Canal.

BY TELEGRAPH.

FRIDAY, 10 o'clock, P. M.

Freights from Richmond:

Boston,	7,50
Providence,	2,25
New Haven,	2,25
New York,	1,05
Albany,	1,20
Washington,	1,15
Hudson,	1,40

REPORT OF SHIPMENTS

From Richmond, for the week ending on Saturday, *April 29, 1854.*

Sh.	Bls.	Kgs.	Sts.	Bts.	Destination.	Tons
1					Boston & Vic.	752
2	27	1			Comm. & R. I.	1351
1					S. N. Y. & vicin.	381
1					Newark & vicin.	1,000
9					Southern Ports.	5256
14	80	1	6		For the week.	26,724
Total to the season 210,12 Do. for season.						241,942
To same time last year.						211,171

BY RAIL ROAD AND CANAL.

Quantity of Coal sent by Railroad and Canal for the week ending on Thursday evening last

	RAILROAD	CANAL
Port Carbon,	10,557 18	
Pottsville,	2,501 10	277 17
S. Haven,	16,422 00	9,149 08
Auburn,	779 12	000 00
Pt. Clinton,	7,917 05	1,447 14
	40,931 07	2,332 14
Total for the week,	tons,	43,163 01
Total by Railroad in 1854,		304,340 11
Canal in 1854,		104,829 15
Total by Canal and Railroad	tons,	409,166 04
Shipments to same period last year		
	WEEK.	TOTAL.
R. Railroad,	27,601 00	307,863 14
Canal,	20,331 15	129,454 18
	47,882 15	436,318 12
Increase in 1854 to date,	tons,	172,847 12

RATES OF TOLL AND TRANSPORTATION ON RAILROADS, DAY 1, 1854.

	First Class.	Second Class.	Third Class.	Fourth Class.
To Richmond,	1,50	1,25	1,00	0,75
To Philadelphia,	1,50	1,25	1,00	1,00

RATES OF TOLL BY CANAL TO 1854.

From Port Carbon to Philadelphia,	50
Mt. Carbon to "	45
S. Haven to "	37
Pt. Clinton to "	00

RATES OF FREIGHT BY CANAL.

	Philadelphia.	N. York.
From Pt. Carbon,	80	2,00
Mt Carbon,	75	1,80
Schuylkill Haven,	55	1,50
Port Clinton,	00	0,00

SCHUYLKILL COUNTY RAIL ROADS—1854

The following is the quantity of Coal transported over the different Railroads in Schuylkill County for the week ending on Thursday evening last:

	WEEK	TOTAL
Mine Hill & S. H. R. R.	26,442 01	257,786 18
Mill Creek,	2,462 06	12,078 02
Mount Carbon,	3,977 01	45,208 13
Schuyl. Valley,	14,267 07	160,655 02
Mt. Carb & Pt. Carb.	14,291 11	157,685 08
Little Schuylkill,	10,563 17	125,774 11

LEHIGH COAL TRADE.

Sent from the Lehigh Region for the week ending Saturday Evening last

	WEEK.	TOTAL.
Summit Mines,	1,269 00	50,910 08
Room Run,	1,429 13	4,892 08
Beaver Meadow do.	1,323 11	5,295 17
East Sugar Loaf,	1,017 06	1,773 05
Catawissa Coal,	1,497 01	4,897 17
Spring Mountain Coal,	2,499 06	10,417 15
Hazleton Coal Co.,	2,663 07	9,365 12
Cranberry Coal,	1,249 02	3,431 06
Sugar Loaf Coal,	677 08	2,300 13
Buck Mt. Coal Co.,	772 16	3,048 06
Wilkesbarre Coal Co.,	29 00	205 02
	20,358 04	95,539 09
To same period last year,	18,424 11	77,735 16
Decrease so far,		2,197 07

CUMBERLAND COAL TRADE.

	WEEK.	TOTAL.
Mt. Savage R. Road,	5,524	16,979
Cumberland Rail Road,	5,130	29,083
Westernport Region,	4,353	27,421
	15,007	66,483

[*Cumberland Miners' Journal.*]

NEW ADVERTIMTS.

PHONOGRAPHIC INSTITUTE.

PORT CARBON, SCHUYLKILL CO.

WHY so many learn Phonography: Because it is the easiest, quickest and most desirable acquisition that ever they saw. Phonographic Writing is to the other what the telegraph is to the mail. This has been proved by thousands who now use it, because once learnt, it cannot be forgot. A specimen will be sent to the address of any one on application for the same.

N. B.—Persons who will obtain my instruction book and four lessons for $1,21, through the mail, or in classes when convenient.

N. B.—Persons who will enable any one to read and write Phonography will ease J. NICUL.

May 6, 1854. 1t 18-3t

GREAT BARGAINS

In Spring and Summer Dry Goods,

AT the OLD ESTABLISHED CHEAP STORE, No. 2, Coleman's Row, and MARKET st., PHILADELPHIA.

TO THE LADIES!

Rich Style Mousline de Laines at 12½, 18¾, and 25 cts. New Style Barege de Laines from 12½ to 37½ cts. Black Alpacas at 12½, 18¾, 25, 31, 37, 40 and 50 cts. French Lawns, Cut Calicos, at 12½, 18¾ and 25 cents. French Figured and Plain Bareges; 25, 31 and 37 cts. French and English Ginghams at 12½, 18¾, and 25 cts. Madras Cloths at 18¾, 25, 31, 37, 50 and 62 cents. Mousline de Beige at 18¾, 25 and 31 cents. Black French Bombazines at 75, 87, $1 to 1 75. Rich Plaid Silks at 87, 81, 1 12½ and 1 25. High Lustre Black Silks at 62, 75, 87, $1 to 1 53. English and American Chintzes at 6, 8, 10, and 12½c. Rich style Furniture Chintzes at 12½ and 16½ cents.

GOODS FOR MEN AND BOYS' WEAR.

Black French Cloths from $2 to $6 50. Black and Fancy Cassimeres from 75 to $1 50. Satinets in all colors at 31, 40, 62 and 75 cents. Linen Drillings and Checks at 25, 37 and 37½ cents. Kentucky Jeans and Cottonades.

Black Satin and Marseilles Vestings. Cashmere and Jean Summer Cloths. Striped and Plaid Coatings and Mackinaws.

FURNISHING GOODS.

Marseilles and Imperial Quilts for every 2 50 to $7. Dimity Quilts, full sizes, at 62½, 75, 50, 1 25. Sheeting Muslins, all widths, from 12½ to 25 cents. Table Linen, 50 widths, from 31 to $1. Napkins at 12½, 18¾, and 25 cents. Toilet Quilts at 87½ each. Scotch Diaper all widths. Ticking and Furniture Checks. Furniture Dimity at 18¾, 31 and 25. Buff Window Sheeting from 30 inches to 6-6 Wide. Pillow Case Linen and Muslins. Table and Stand Covers, Crash, &c.

Wholesale and retail at

V. E. ARCHAMBAULT.

Sign of the Big Boot, No. 6 Market st., Philadelphia.

May 6, 1854. 18-3t

THE AMERICAN'S FRIEND

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.

To the Citizens of the United States.

I must humbly and sincerely thank you for the immense patronage which you have bestowed upon my Pills. I take the opportunity to assure that my services were all American Citizens, and that I entertain no feeling concerning America and American institutions, but sympathies, so much so that I *originally compounded* these Pills expressly to suit your climate, habits, constitutions and manner of living, in preference to certain Pills which I have so long done, by taking premiums in New York.

THOMAS HOLLOWAY.

244, Corner of Maiden and Nassau Streets, New York.

PURIFICATION OF THE BLOOD,

AND

LIVER AND BILIOUS COMPLAINTS.

The Citizens of the Union suffer much from disorders of the Liver and Stomach, scarcely any are free from the influence of these destructive maladies, hence life wears fast. The fair sex, perhaps the most handsome in the World, up to a certain period when, deteriorating to age, many lose their health and good looks, while yet in the heyday of life, such evil evils may be effectually remedied by continually keeping the blood pure, and the Liver and Stomach in healthy action, which life will flow smoothly, and resemble plants in a congenial clime, where an eternal summer appears to shed its genial influence upon the production of the human frame, and the duration of life, much may be affected, and I say fearlessly, that health and life can be enjoyed for many years beyond what it would without aid, if Holloway's Pills are taken to purify the blood according to the rules laid down to be in the contained in the directions which accompany each Box.

A CASE OF WEAKNESS AND DEBILITY, OF 10 YEARS STANDING, CURED BY HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.

Copy of a Letter from Captain John Johnson, Astor House, New York, January 5th, 1854.

To Professor HOLLOWAY, 38, Corner of Ann and Nassau streets, New York:—Sir:—It is with the most heartfelt gratitude I have to inform you that I have regained health and strength by taking your Pills. For the last ten years, I suffered from a derangement of the Liver and Stomach, and was reduced to such an extremity that I could not sleep, never expecting to go to sea any more, as I had tried every remedy that was recommended to me, but all to no purpose. Said had given me up to die, when at last I was recommended to try your Pills.—After using them for three months, the result is that I am more in better health than I have been for eleven years past, and indeed as well as I ever was in my life. You are perfectly at liberty to make this known for the benefit of others. I remain, Sir, yours respectfully, (Signed) JOHN JOHNSON.

These celebrated Pills are wonderfully efficacious in the following complaints:

Ague,	Indigestion,
Asthma,	Jaundice,
Bilious Complaints,	Liver Complaints,
Blotches on the Skin,	Piles,
Bowel Complaints,	Retention of Urine,
Costiveness or the Bowels,	Scrofula, or King's Evil
Debility,	Stone and Gravel,
Dropsy,	Secondary Symptoms,
Erysipelas,	Venereal Affections,
Female Irregularities,	Worms of all kinds,
Fevers of all kinds,	Weakness, from whatever cause, &c., &c.
Gout,	
Headache,	

Sold at the Establishment of Professor Holloway, 38, Corner of Ann and Nassau Streets, New York, also by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicine throughout the U. States, in Boxes at 37½, 87½, and $1 50 each. To be had Wholesale of the proprietors Agents in Philadelphia and throughout the Union.

☞ There is a great saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each Box.

☞ T. W. DYOTT & SONS, 152 North Second Street, Philadelphia, Wholesale Agents for Pottsville and Schuylkill County, John G. Brown, corner of Market st. Pottsville; B. J. Fry Tamaqua; J. Kellar Burns, Minersville.

May 6, 1854. 18-1t

SHERIFF'S SALES of REAL ESTATE

BY VIRTUE of sundry writs of *Venditioni Exponas* and *Levari Facias*, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Schuylkill County, and to me directed, there will be exposed to Public Sale on Ground, on SATURDAY JUNE 3rd 1854, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the Public House of WALTER SEDGWICK, (American House) in the Borough of Pottsville, Schuylkill County, the following described Real Estate, to wit:

ALL that certain two-storied Frame messuage or tenement and lot of ground, situate in the Borough of Schuylkill Haven, in the County of Schuylkill, and State of Pennsylvania, being on the corner of St. John Street and Market st., 25 feet wide alley, containing in front on said St. John Street twenty-five feet and extending of that width in length or depth one hundred and ten feet to a ten feet wide alley, being the same part of the lots which are marked and numbered 21 and 22, in the general plan of said town or Borough as the property of WILLIAM SHOENER.

ALSO, All that certain lot or piece of ground, situate in the Town of Donaldson, in Frederick Township, Schuylkill County, bounded on the north by Centre Street, on the east by lot of George Swab, on the south by Philadelphia Street, and on the west by a 20 feet wide alley, containing 80 feet in width and 150 feet in depth, with the appurtenances, consisting of a 1½ story frame dwelling house.

ALSO, All that certain lot of piece of ground, situate in the Town of Donaldson, in Frederick Township, Schuylkill County, bounded on the north by Philadelphia Street, on the east by lot of Ludwig Imschlatt, on the south by Good Spring Street, and on the west by lot of John Spade, containing in width 25 feet, and in depth 150 feet, with the appurtenances—the property of EMANUEL E. THOMPSON.

ALSO, All that certain lot or piece of ground, situate in the Borough of Schuylkill Haven, Schuylkill County, bounded on the north by Front Street, on the east by lot of Wm. Shoener, on the south by a 20 feet wide alley and on the west by lot of John Bast, containing in width 22 feet, and in depth 247 feet, with the appurtenances, consisting of a two story Frame Dwelling House, with a one and a half story frame Kitchen thereto affached and a Frame Stable.

ALSO, All that certain lot or piece of ground situate in the Borough of Orwigsburg, Schuylkill County, bounded on the south by Centre Turnpike, on the north by a 20 feet wide alley, on the east by lot of Saml. R. Mellar, and on the west by lot of Peter Ludwig, containing in width 33 feet and in depth 150 feet, with the appurtenances consisting of a Two Story Frame Dwelling House, with a 14 story Frame Kitchen thereto attached and a Frame Stable with a lime basement—the property of DANIEL LAVENBERG.

ALSO, All that certain tract of Coal Land, situate in the Township of Tremont, in the County of Schuylkill, which was granted to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and surveyed on a warrant to John Philip Lesher and John Miller, bearing date July 18th 1825, and bounded by lands surveyed in the name of John Lesher and Peter Bright on the east, and Philip DeHaas on the west, and including on the branches of the Lorberry Creek and Fishing Creek, containing four hundred and six acres and allowance of six per cent., be the same more or less, and being the same tract which John C. Kleinroth and Mary his wife by their deed granted and conveyed to Jacob Loose in fee, recorded in Schuylkill County in Deed Book H, vol. 2, page 681—as the property of JACOB LOOSE.

ALSO, All the right, title and interest of John B. Kennedy, of, in and to all that certain lot or piece of ground, situate in the Borough of Schuylkill Haven, Schuylkill County, bounded on the north by a lot of Charles Huntzinger, southwardly by property of the Schuylkill Navigation Company, eastwardly by a twenty feet wide alley, and westwardly by Front Street, containing in width 90 feet, and in depth 180 feet, with the appurtenances, consisting of a two story Frame Dwelling House with a brick front, and a 1½ Story Frame Building attached—as the property of JOHN B. KENNEDY.

ALSO, All those certain four lots or pieces of ground situate in the Town of New Castle, Schuylkill County, fronting on the Coal Gutter Road, and bounded by lands of Charles Miller, James Dunlap, William Richardson and others, containing together in width 190 feet and in depth 396 feet, with the appurtenances, consisting of a two story Log Dwelling House, (weather boarded) with a 1½ story Frame Kitchen thereto attached, and a Frame Stable—as the property of PETER BECKER.

ALSO, All that certain loose piece of ground, situate in the Borough of St. Clair, Schuylkill County, bounded on the north by lot of Pinny Porter, on the east by Second Street, on the south by lot of Evan Evans, and on the west by Third Street, containing in width 30 feet and in depth 200 feet, with the appurtenances, consisting of a three story Brick Dwelling House and a two story Frame Dwelling House—as the property of WM. E. PORTER.

ALSO, All that certain lot or piece of ground situate in the Borough of Pottsville, in the County of Schuylkill, and being part of lot marked in Pott and Patterson's addition to Pottsville, with the number 27, bounded in front by Norwegian Street, on the rear by a 12 feet wide alley and on the east and west by property of Samuel Heffner, containing in width 20 feet, and in depth 112 feet, with the appurtenances, consisting of a 2½ story stone Dwelling House and Frame Stable—as the property of PETER SHEARER.

ALSO, All the right, title and interest of Samuel Heffner, of, in and to all those four certain lots or pieces of ground situate in the Borough of Pottsville, Schuylkill County, being lots marked in Pott and Patterson's addition to said Borough with Nos. 25, 27, 29 and 31, each lot containing in width 60 feet, and in depth 244 feet, bounded southwardly by Mahantongo Street, westwardly by 9th street, northwardly by Norwegian Street, and eastwardly by 8th street, excepting and excluding however, a part of lot No. 27, sold to Joseph Conner, containing in width 20 feet and in depth 112 feet, on which there is erected a 2½ story stone dwelling house, with the appurtenances, consisting of a 2½ story stone dwelling house, a two story stone dwelling house, a two story Frame Dwelling House and two Frame Stables.

ALSO, All that certain Farm or tract of land situate in the Borough of Pottsville, Schuylkill County bounded on the east by a 60 feet wide street, on the north by High Street, on the west by a 20 feet wide alley, and on the south by land of Burt Patterson, containing four acres and 102 perches, with the appurtenances, consisting of a two story Log Dwelling House with a two story stone addition thereto attached, a Frame Barn, a Log Pottery with Kiln,