THE MINERS' JOURNAL,
AND POTTSVILLE GENERAL ADVERTISER.

I WILL TEACH YOU TO PIERCE THE BOWELS OF THE EARTH, AND BRING OUT FROM THE CAVERNS OF MOUNTAINS, METALS WHICH WILL GIVE STRENGTH TO OUR HANDS AND SUBJECT ALL NATURE TO OUR USE AND PLEASURE.—Dr. Johnson.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY MORNING BY BENJAMIN BANNAN, POTTSVILLE, SCHUYLKILL COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA.

VOL. XXX. SATURDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 11, 1854. NO. 6.

TERMS
OF THE MINERS' JOURNAL.

SINGLE SUBSCRIPTION.

TWO DOLLARS per annum, payable semi-annually in advance to those who reside in the County, and annually in advance to those who reside out of the County. The publisher reserves to himself the right to charge $2 50 per annum, when payment is delayed longer than one year.

TO CLUBS:

Three Copies to one Address, $5 00
Seven do do do 10 00
Fifteen do do do 20 00

Clergymen and School Teachers supplied with the Journal at $1 in advance.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

One Square of 14 lines, 1 square, 3 mos., $3 00
3 times, $1 00 | 6 months, 5 00
Subseq't insertion, 25 | 1 year, 8 00
4 lines, 1 time, 25 | Cards of 3 lines, 3 00
Subseq't insertion, 12½ | do 5 lines, 5 00
Merchants and others advertising by the year with the privilege of inserting different advertisements weekly, 12 00

Larger Advertisements, as per agreement.

BUSINESS CARDS.

JOHN P. HOBART, Attorney at Law, Commissioner for New York. Office opposite American House, Centre Street, Pottsville, Penna. April 24, 1852. 17-1y*

WILLIAM L. WHITNEY, ATTORNEY at Law, Pottsville, Schuylkill county, Pa. Office in Centre street, nearly opposite the Miners' Bank. Jan. 4, 1851 1-1y

DOCTOR C. HÆSELER, HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN, Removed his Office to one of the Brick Houses in Coal Street, Pottsville. April 28, 1849. 18-tf

JAMES H. GRAEFF, ATTORNEY AT LAW, having removed to Pottsville, has opened an office under the Telegraph Office, Centre street, opposite the Miners' Bank. Dec. 6, 1851. 49-1y

JOHN C. CONRAD, JUSTICE OF THE PEACE, will attend to any business, entrusted to his care, punctually. Bills and Notes collected, &c. Office in Market St., opposite Dr. Halberstadt's. June 5 1852. 23-1y

SAMUEL HARTZ—JUSTICE OF THE PEACE, Pottsville. Will attend promptly to Collections, Agencies, Purchase and Sale of Real Estate, &c., in Schuylkill County, Pa. Office in Centre Street, opposite the Town Hall. Oct 20, 1853.

JOHN WILLIAMSON & JAS. COOPER Attorneys at Law, Pottsville. Office in Centre St two doors East of the Pennsylvania Hall. Mr Cooper will attend at all the Courts. Pottsville, dec. 7, 1850 49-3m

PETER SIMPSON, Mining Engineer, has removed his office to Dr. Chichester's Building, next door but one below the Protestant Episcopal Church Centre Street, Pottsville, Pa., where he will promptly attend to all orders in the line of his profession. April 3, 1852. 14-tf

J. F. WHITNEY, EXCHANGE, COLLECTION, Commission, and General Agency Office, next door to Miners' Bank, Pottsville, Dealer in uncurrent money, Gold and Silver. DRAFTS on Philadelphia and New York for sale. March 20, 1852. 12-tf

EDWARD SHIPPEN, ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR at Law, Philadelphia, will attend to collections and all other legal business in the City of Philadelphia, adjoining Counties and elsewhere. Office No. 72 South Sixth street Philadelphia.

JOHN BANNAN, ATTORNEY AT LAW, has opened an office in Centre street, Pottsville, opposite the Episcopal Church, where he will be daily, from 9 to 2 o'clock. Business letters to him will receive prompt attention, addressed to him at either Pottsville or Orwigsburg. Dec. 6, 1851. 49-tf

AGENCY—For the purchase and sale of Real Estate, buying and selling Coal; taking charge of Collieries, Mines, &c., and collecting rents—from twenty years experience in the County he hopes to give satisfaction. Office Mahantango street, Pottsville. CHAS. M. HILL. April 6, 1850 14-tf

THOMAS R. BANNAN ATTORNEY at LAW. Office in Centre street, opposite the Episcopal Church, Pottsville Pennsylvania. Nov. 23, 1851. 47-1y

JACOB KLINE, JUSTICE OF THE PEACE will attend to the collection of Accounts, &c. promptly, and all the duties appertaining to his office. Pottsville, Dec. 25, 1852. 52-1y*

CARD.—Market Street Property for sale. Inquire of JOHN H. JAMES, Ag't. Market Street above Tenth, Pottsville. Feb. 26, 1853. 9-tf

CARD.—Window Sash and Doors, of various descriptions on hand and for sale by the subscriber, JOHN H. JAMES. Market Street above Tenth, Pottsville. Feb. 26, 1853. 9 tf

JNO. N. WAGENSELLER & CO., Bankers and Dealers in Exchange, Tamaqua, Penn'a. Collecting attended to, and drafts for sale on all the principal cities of the Union. Also, Drafts payable at all the principal Banking Houses in England, Ireland, Scotland and Wales. July 17, 1852 29-tf

HOWELL FISHER, ATTORNEY AT LAW POTTSVILLE. Office CENTRE Street, 2 doors South of Episcopal Church, same side. April 30, 1853. 18-1y

D. W. C. CLEAVER, formerly of the firm of S. & D. W. C. CLEAVER, Engineers and Surveyors, after several years engagements in other places has re-opened an office in Pottsville, where he will be pleased to see the friends of the old firm, and all who may require the services of one of his profession. OFFICE—CENTRE Street, immediately opposite the Silver Terrace. May 28, 1853. 22-6m

NEVILLE & RICHARDS, Attorneys at Law will attend to all business intrusted to them with diligence and care. Office Centre Street, next door to R. R. Mort's Store, Pottsville. June 11, 1853. [Jan. 8, 1853. 2-1y*] 24-tf

GEO. H. SMITH, MINING ENGINEER and Surveyor, Silver Terrace, Centre Street, Pottsville, Pa. Examinations, Reports, Surveys and Maps of Coal Mines, Coal Lands, Mining Machinery, &c., executed on the shortest notice. Agent for Coal Mines, &c. Sept. 24, 1853. 39-tf

DR. G. N. BOWMAN, SURGEON DENTIST, Office in Brick Building, Corner MARKET and SECOND Streets, west side, four doors above Esquire Wilson's Office, where all operations on the Teeth are performed, and the best warranted on moderate terms. He warrants all his work. Oct. 1, 1853. 40-tf

FIRE INSURANCE.

MOHAWK VALLEY FARMERS' INSURANCE COMPANY, SCOTIA, NEW YORK. Capital $200,000. Well and securely invested.

DIRECTORS.

Adam C. Van Patten, Harvey Vedder, William Reiner, Jasper Bell, Charles P. Sanders, Philip H. Debois, Abram W. Toll, Isaac Vedder, James W. Pandeen, Henry A. Bell, Charles H. Toll, Nicholas Brooks, John J. Lansing.

OFFICERS.

A. A. Van Patten, Pres't; Jasper Bell, Secretary. Wm. Reiner, Vice Pres't; Abram W. Toll, Treasurer. Kennedy Hankinson, Gen. General Agent, No. 5 Greene street, Trenton N. J.

REFERENCES.

Hon. S. H. Johnson, Co. Judge, Schenectady. " Jno. F. Clute, Sheriff, " " D. P. Forrest, County Clerk, " " Abram A. Van Vorst, Mayor, " " M. Myers, Ex-Mayor, " " D. Wright, Recorder, Albany. H. H. Van Dyck, Proprietor Albany Atlas, Jacobus Sanders, Esq., Thomas Clark, Esq., New York.

Policies of Insurance against Fire, and also Inland policies on COAL and BOATS, consigned to Philadelphia, New York, and Eastern Ports, issued by J. F. WHITNEY, Agent for Schuylkill County, Office next door to Miners' Bank. June 25, 1853. 26-tf

THIRD ANNUAL STATEMENT OF THE STATE MUTUAL FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY of PENNSYLVANIA. Branch Office, 145 CHESTNUT Street, Philadelphia.

Assets May 1, 1852,	$309,016 51
Premiums received to May 1, 1853,	135,350 56
Interest on Loans, &c	1,916 19
Capital Stock,	100,000 00
	$446,183 26
Losses, expenses, re-insurance and returned premiums,	87,864 56
	$358,318 70

INVESTMENTS.

Bonds, Mortgages, stocks and other good securities,	$161,481 98
Premium notes,	179,016 51
Cash on hand.	17,820 21
Total am't. of resources liable for losses,	$358,318 70

This Company insures on buildings perpetually or limited, also, on all kinds of merchandise and furniture, by the year, on the most reasonable terms. Applications for insurance in the above Company are respectfully solicited by JOHN T. SHŒNER, Ag't. OFFICE—In CENTRE Street, 3d door above Market, Pottsville. June 11, 1853. 24-tf

INDEMNITY.

THE FRANKLIN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF PHILADELPHIA. OFFICE No. 163½ Chestnut street, near Fifth St. DIRECTORS.

Charles N. Bancker, George W. Richards, Thomas Hart, Mordecai D. Lewis, Tobias Wagner, Adolphe E. Borie, Samuel Grant, David S. Brown, Jacob R. Smith, Morris Patterson.

Continue to make Insurance, permanent or limited on every description of property, in town and country at rates as low as are consistent with security.

The Company have reserved a large Contingent Fund, which with their capital and Premiums, safely invested, afford ample protection to the assured.

The assets of the Company on January 1st, 1848, as published agreeably to an Act of Assembly, were as follows, viz:

Mortgages	$890,558 65	Stocks,	51,563 25
Real Estate,	108,358 90	Cash, &c.,	45,157 87
Temporary Loans,	125,459 00		$1,220,097 67

Since their incorporation, a period of eighteen years they have paid upwards of one million two hundred thousand dollars, losses by fire, thereby affording evidence of the advantages of insurance, as well as the ability and disposition to meet with promptness, all liabilities.

CHARLES N. BANCKER, President. CHARLES G. BANCKER, Secretary.

The subscriber has been appointed agent for the above mentioned institution, and is now prepared to make insurance, on every description of property, at the lowest rates. ANDREW RUSSEL, Agent. Pottsville, Jan 11, 1851 2-tf

GUTTA PERCHA vs. INDIA RUBBER. SOMETHING ENTIRELY NEW.

THE N. American Gutta Percha Co., N. York, are now offering at wholesale a great variety of clothing, &c., made from Rider's Patent Vulcanized Gutta Percha, of new styles and beautiful finish.—These goods are water-proof, free from unpleasant smell, pliable and elastic like india-rubber, and not injured by fatty substances, and will not decompose and become sticky. They are very different in character from any other goods heretofore made of Gutta Percha, either in this country or Europe, and are warranted to stand all climates.

Among the variety may be found Coats, Cloaks, Capes, Ponchos, Reefing Jackets, Overalls, Leggins, Sou'-westers, Caps, Camp Blankets, Horse Covers, Shower Mats, Syringes, Breast Pumps, Balls, Pencil Cases, Gas Tubing, Machine Belting, Carriage Cloths, &c., with a very cheap and effective Life Preserver, made expressly to meet the new passenger law of Congress. All of a finish and quality superior to any other water-proof goods now before the public. For sale at the WAREHOUSE, 60 Cedar Street, New York.

Dealers in water-proof goods are invited to examine these goods, believing they will find them CHEAPER AND FAR SUPERIOR to anything they have ever seen before.

Orders to any extent executed at short notice. WILLIAM RIDER, Pres't N. A. G. P. Co. E. R. Billings, Treasurer and Sec'ty. August 20, 1853. 34-6m

COURT BLANKS.—Quarter Sessions, Common Pleas and Arbitration Subpœnas, price 25 cents each, can always be had at B. BANNAN'S Cheap Book and Stationery Store Also, all kinds of Lawyers' and Justices' Blanks.

LIFE INSURANCE.

LIFE INSURANCE

THE GIRARD LIFE INSURANCE, ANNUITY and TRUST COMPANY of PHILADELPHIA. Office No. 132 CHESNUT ST., the First Door East of the Custom House. Capital, $300,000. Charter Perpetual. Continue to make insurances on lives on the most favorable terms.

The Capital being paid up and invested, together with a large and constantly increasing reserved fund, offers a perfect security to the insured.

The premiums may be paid yearly, half-yearly, or quarterly.

The Company add a bonus periodically to the Insurances for life. The first Bonus, appropriated in December, 1844, and the second Bonus in December, 1849, amount to an addition of $262 50 to every $1000 insured under the oldest policies; making $1262 50 which will be paid when it shall become a claim, instead of $1000 originally insured; the next oldest amount to $1237 50; the next in age to $1212.50 for every $1000; the others in the same proportion according to the amount and time of standing, which additions make an average of more than 50 per cent. upon the premiums paid, without increasing the annual premium.

MANAGERS.

Thomas Ridgway, John A. Brown, Armon Davis, D. Danner, John Jay Smith, Frederick Brown, Robert Pearsall, George Taber, Joseph Yeager, John R. Latimer, Thomas P. James, Wharton Lewis, Joseph T. Bailey, John Renshaw.

Pamphlets containing table of rates and explanations, form of application and further information can be had at the office.

THOMAS RIDGWAY, President. JOHN F. JAMES, Actuary.

The subscriber is Agent for the above Company in Schuylkill County, and will effect Insurances, and give all necessary information on the subject. B. BANNAN. April 9, 1853. 15-1y

REAL ESTATE.

HOUSES AND LOTS IN LAWTON'S ADDITION TO PORT CARBON. THE LAWTONVILLE TRACT is now laid out into Lots, and will be sold on terms which will enable every industrious man to purchase for himself and family A HOUSE AND HOME. A plan of the property can be seen and the terms of Sale made known by application at the office of EDWARD OWEN PARRY, Agent, of the Kentucky Bank, Centre street, Pottsville. September 4, 1852 36-tf

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

THE Subscriber offers to sell at Private Sale the following described Real Estate, upon reasonable terms:

No. 1. The undivided one-half interest in all those three tracts of land, situate in Branch and Tremont Townships, Schuylkill County, which were surveyed in January 1794 on warrants to John Otto, Peter Filbert and John Kidd. The undivided one-half interests in the above tracts amounts to 654 acres. The land is well wooded with timber suitable for railroad sills and props.

No. 2. All that certain lot of ground situate in the Borough of Schuylkill Haven, upon which is erected a large three-story Brick Dwelling, and all necessary out-buildings. This property is now occupied by Dr. Lewis Royer. To any one desirous of practicing medicine in Schuylkill Haven, an opportunity is now offered to secure a comfortable house and office rarely to be met with.

No. 3. All that certain lot of ground situate in Port Carbon, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a post on the north side of Pottsville Street, at a corner of the lot belonging to Henry Potter, thence by the same south twenty-four and a half east one hundred feet to a post, thence north sixty-five and one half east fifty feet to a post, thence north twenty-four and a half west one hundred feet to Pottsville Street, thence by the same south sixty-five and one-half west fifty feet to the place of beginning.

No. 4. A tract of first rate timber land, containing 215 acres, situate in Schuylkill Township, about three miles back of Tuscarora, on Locust Valley. HIESTER CLYMER, Office in Centre Street, Pottsville, directly opposite the Episcopal Church, 2d story. Sept. 3, 1853. 36-tf

CLOTHING

BOYS' CLOTHING.

THE subscribers would respectfully inform their numerous friends and customers of Schuylkill Co. that their assortment of Clothing for Young Gentlemen is much larger than ever, and they are disposed to sell cheap. Persons living at a distance, have the privilege of exchanging clothing purchased at their store, if they do not suit.

F. A. HOYT & BROTHER, 278 Chestnut St., corner of Tenth, Philad'a April 2, 1853. 13-1y

Quality the true test of Cheapness

CLOTHING! Clothing!! CLOTHING!!!

THE most extensive assortment of Clothing in Schuylkill County, from 20 to 30 per cent. cheaper and better made than can be purchased elsewhere, is at "OLD OAK HALL," corner of Centre and Mahantongo Streets.

A magnificent Assortment of FALL and WINTER CLOTHING, of the most fashionable styles, is now on hand and ready for sale at prices that DEFY COMPETITION. As every article sold at this establishment is manufactured in Pottsville, it is therefore expressly adapted to the wants of the Public, and offers great advantages to purchasers over all the very inferior City-made Clothing.

ONE TRIAL will prove this beyond all doubt, to any who are strangers to the fact; and those who have not yet purchased their FALL or WINTER Clothing, will do well to call and judge for themselves. An immense variety of BOYS' CLOTHING, suitable for the season, at extremely low prices. Remember the old stand, "OLD OAK HALL," corner of Centre and Mahantongo Streets.

EDWARD T. TAYLOR, Proprietor. (Late Lippincott & Taylor, Importers of Cloths and Dry Goods.)

A CARD.—EDWARD T. TAYLOR, Merchant Tailor, would respectfully call the attention of his numerous friends and the public to his Fall and Winter Stock of Cloths, Cassimeres, Elegant Vestings, &c., selected from the best markets, which he is prepared to make up to order, at very moderate prices. A assortment of Gloves, Kerchiefs, Suspenders, Shirts, &c.

Agent for the New York, London and Paris fashions. Pottsville, Oct. 2, 1853.

IRON FOUNDERS.

TO COAL OPERATORS AND OTHERS. PIONEER BOILER WORKS.

THE Subscribers respectfully invite the attention of the business community to their Boiler works, on the Island adjoining the Pioneer Furnace, Pottsville, Pa., where they are prepared to manufacture

BOILERS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Smoke Stacks, Air Stacks, Blast Pipes, Gasometers, Drift Cars, &c., &c. Boilers on hand.

Being practical Mechanics and having for years devoted themselves entirely to this branch of business, they flatter themselves that their work done at their establishment will give satisfaction to all who may favor them with a call. Individuals and Companies will find it greatly to their advantage to examine their work before engaging elsewhere. JOHN & JAMES NOBLE. May 5, 1853. 19-tf

WASHINGTON IRON WORKS. POTTSVILLE, PA.

J. WREN & BROS. respectfully invite the attention of the business community to their New Machine Shop and Foundry, erected between Coal and Railroad Streets, and fronting on Norwegian Street, where they are prepared to execute all orders for Machinery of brass and iron, such as Steam Engines, all kinds of Gearing for Rolling Mills, Grist and Saw Mills, Single and Double-acting Pumps, Coal Breakers, Drift Cars, and all kinds of Rail-road Castings, such as Chairs, for flat and T Rail; Frogs, Switches, &c.; all kinds of cast and wrought Iron Shafting. Being Practical Mechanics, and also having made the demands of the Coal Region their study for years, also all kinds of Machinery in their line of business, they flatter themselves that their work done at their Establishment will give satisfaction to all who may honor them with a call. All orders thankfully received and promptly executed on the most reasonable terms. JOHN Y. WREN, THOMAS WREN, JAMES WREN. Oct 2, 1852. 40-tf

FRANKLIN IRON WORKS. THE SUBSCRIBERS ANNOUNCE to the public that they are the Proprietors of the Franklin Works, Port Carbon, lately carried on by S. Sillyman, where they continue to manufacture to order, at the shortest notice, Steam Engines, Pumps, Coal Breakers, and Machinery of almost any size or description, for mining or other purposes. Also Railroad and Drift Cars, Iron or Brass Castings of any size or pattern. Orders are respectfully solicited. GEO. H. FISLER & BROTHER.

FRANKLIN SHOVEL WORKS.—The subscribers continue to furnish the Colliers and Dealers of Schuylkill County, with Shovels of all kinds, at the lowest Philadelphia prices. Attention is particularly called to their Coal Shovels. Orders for Shovels of any size or pattern promptly attended to. GEO. H. FISLER & BROTHER. Aug. 21, 1852. 34-tf

POTTSVILLE ROLLING MILL. THE SUBSCRIBERS respectfully announce to the public, that their new Rolling Mill is now completed and in full operation, and that they are prepared to supply all kinds of Bar Iron of various sizes, which they will warrant to be superior in quality to any obtained from abroad, at the same prices. They also manufacture T Rails, for the use of the Collieries and Lateral Roads, weighing from 21 to 50 lbs. per yard, made of the best iron, and which will be found much cheaper than the imported article. Being practical mechanics, and having had considerable experience in the iron business, they flatter themselves that they can give entire satisfaction to purchasers, and will also make it their interest to patronize home manufactures. HARRIS, BURNISH & CO. Dec. 6, 1851. 49-tf

BEAVER MEADOW IRON WORKS. S. W. HUDSON, IRON AND BRASS Founder, respectfully informs his patrons, and the public generally, that he is fully prepared, at the above Establishment, to manufacture Steam Engines of every size; Pumps, Railroad and Drift Cars, and every other description of Iron and Brass Castings suitable for the Coal mining or other business, on the most reasonable terms. Also, Blowing Cylinders for Blast Furnaces and Machine work in general. Repairing of all kinds done with neatness and despatch, at the lowest prices. All work furnished by him will be warranted to perform well. He would solicit the custom of those who may want articles in his line in this vicinity. All orders will meet with immediate and prompt attention. S. W. HUDSON. March 15, 1851. 11-1y

POTTSVILLE IRON WORKS. GEO. MASON & CO. RESPECTfully announce to the public that they have taken the Establishment known as the Pottsville Iron Works on Norwegian street, where they are prepared to build all kinds of Steam Engines, manufacture Railroad Cars, and Machinery of almost every description, at the shortest notice, and on the most reasonable terms.—Persons from abroad, in want of Steam Engines, will find it to their advantage to give them a call before engaging elsewhere. [May 11

STOVES.

S. HOOVER, WHOLESALE and Retail Dealer in Stoves, Tin and Hollow Ware. He announces to his friends and customers that he still continues adding to his large and splendid stock of Stoves; &c., a variety of new patterns of Cooking, Parlor, Office and Hall Stoves. He has now the largest and most splendid stock ever offered in this region; he would invite everybody in want of anything, in his line of business, to call and examine for themselves before purchasing elsewhere. He can give general satisfaction to buyers. He can always supply any stoves bought at his establishment with odd plates, grates, or bricks, or repair them. Among his selection of Stoves will be found the Globe Stove improved, which, for the last two years, has proved the best Stove ever used; he has the Morning Star, improved, of 1853, a new double oven stove, for Coal or Wood, warranted to bake, boil, roast and fry, in the most perfect manner, or the MONEY REFUNDED; the New World Cook, the Liberty Cook, the Astor Cook, the Girard Cook, the Delaware Cook, the Flat-Top, Complete, the Complete Cook, and a variety of other Cook Stoves. A variety of Patterns and Styles of Parlor, Office, and Hall Stoves; continually keeps on hand a large assortment of Tin and Iron ware. Roofing and all kind of work, wanted in his line of business will be promptly attended to. S. HOOVER. Pottsville, Sept. 17, 1853. 38-tf

CHILLSON'S FURNACES, For Heating Public Buildings, Houses, &c.

THESE FURNACES are highly recommended by Scientific Persons and the late lamented Downing, as being the very best in use; they do not burn the air thrown into the room, but give a pleasant, healthy heat, and a perfect system of Ventilation is connected with the Furnace. They are being used in all the School Houses, Public Buildings and Private Houses generally in other cities. They vary in size and price from $30 to $125.

MARBLEIZED & ENAMELED IRON MANTELS. We would call the attention of those about building to the beautiful articles above mentioned. The Enameled Mantels are beautifully inlaid with pearl; also Parlor and Chamber Frame Grates, all of the most exquisite designs and the most elegant finish. We have also a variety of patterns of the Marbleized Iron Mantels, which have been so recently introduced. They are made in exact imitation of the finest varieties of marble, such as Egyptian, Italian, Sienna, and others, all of which for beauty of design, and exquisite finish cannot be surpassed. They are sold at about half the cost of marble, and will compare favorably with the best qualities of that material. Those which we have already set up, have attracted much attention and elicited expressions of the highest admiration. Ladies and gentlemen are invited to examine the stock of Mantels before purchasing marble.

EMERSON'S PATENT VENTILATORS for Chimneys, which prevent Chimneys from Smoking, and makes them draw; effectually prevents a current of air down the Chimney, in any situation.

The subscriber has been appointed Agent for the sale of the above Furnaces, Mantels and Ventilators by the Manufacturers, in Schuylkill County, who will furnish them at city cash prices, carriage only added. Books containing descriptions and recommendations can be had at his Book Store, and any information given. Specimens can be seen at his Warehouse, back of the Miners' Journal office. B. BANNAN, Sole Agent for Schuylkill County. Sept 24, 1853. 39-

PHILADELPHIA.

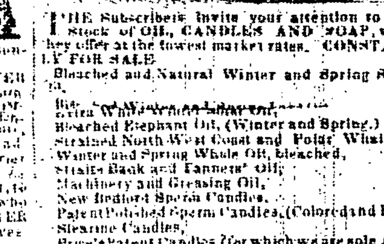
J. E. GOULD, (Successor to A. Fiot,) No. 164 CHESTNUT Street, Swaim's Building PHILADELPHIA,

EXTENSIVE MUSIC PUBLISHER and Dealer in Musical Instruments of every description.

Exclusive Agent for the sale of Hallet, Davis & Co's. (Boston) PATENT SUSPENSION BRIDGE Æolian and other PIANOS, Gilbert's Boudoir Pianos, Melodeons, Martin's Guitars, Harps, Violins, Sheet Music, Music Books, &c.

Residents of the country will be supplied by mail or otherwise with any music they may wish, at as low rates as if purchased in person. Having one of the largest stocks in the United States, I feel confident of satisfying all who may favor me with a call or order.

Dealers in Music supplied on the most liberal terms. Pianos to let. Second-hand Pianos for sale. May 14, 1853. 20-1y



THE Subscribers invite your attention to their Stock of OIL, CANDLES AND SOAP, which they offer at the lowest market rates. CONSTANTLY FOR SALE

Bleached and Natural Winter and Spring Sperm Oil,
Bleached Elephant Oil, (Winter and Spring.)
Strained North West Coast and Polar Whale Oil, Winter and Spring Whale Oil, bleached,
Straits Bank and Tanners' Oil;
Machinery and Greasing Oil;
New Bedford Sperm Candles.
Patent Polished Sperm Candles, (Colored and Plain)
Stearine Candles,
Price's Patent Candles, (for which we are sole Ag'ts)
Crystaline and Polished Candles. For the above Candles we received the first premium (a Silver Medal) from the Franklin Institute; and a Diploma from the State Agricultural Society, at their late exhibitions.
Toilet Almond and other Fancy Soap, Yellow, Brown, White and Castile Soap, Refined Spermaceti in Cakes,

BOLDIN & PRICE. 21 North Wharves, third store above ARCH Street, Philadelphia. May 12, 1853 21-1y

REMOVAL AND CHANGE

IMMENSE AND ATTRACTIVE STOCK MORRIS L. HALLOWELL & CO., PHILADELPHIA,

HAVING REMOVED into their splendid new Warehouse, entrance No. 147 Market, and No. 21 North Fourth street, are opening for the Spring trade an assortment of Silk and Fancy Goods, that, for extent and variety, will surpass any stock ever offered in that market. Entering into their new store, which is one of the LARGEST IN AMERICA, with a business of an unusual amount already established, and intending largely to increase it, especially with those who buy FOR CASH, and believing that the fairest system in jobbing goods is to have UNIFORM PRICES, they will be compelled to sell at much smaller profits than can possibly be afforded where long credits are given.

Under their CASH AND SHORT CREDIT system the necessity for charging large profits, does not exist, and by selling their goods at a very small advance on the foreign cost, they intend to make it the interest of every judge of goods, to buy upon the following TERMS:

CASH BUYERS will receive a discount of SIX per cent., if the money be paid in par funds, within ten days from date of bill.

Uncurrent money will only be taken at its market value on the day it is received.

To merchants of undoubted standing a credit of SIX months will be given if desired.

Where money is remitted in advance of maturity, a discount at the rate of TWELVE PER CENT. per annum will be allowed.

They ask from merchants visiting the Eastern cities, the favor of an examination of their stock, being satisfied that they will be convinced that it is for their interest to pay the large profits that are ABSOLUTELY ESSENTIAL to those who give long credits.

M. L. Hallowell, A. W. Little, J. L. Hallowell, T. W. Swenet, R. C. Hutchinson, Jas. Traquair. Jan. 14, 1854. 2-2m

DOLLARD.

PREMIER ARTISTE IN HAIR, 177 Chestnut Str, opposite the State House, PHILADELPHIA, inventor of the celebrated Gossamer Ventilating Wig and Elastic Band Toupees. Instructions to enable ladies and gentlemen to measure their own heads with accuracy.

For Wigs, Inches.	Toupes & Scalps, In.
No. 1 The round of the head.	No. 1 From forehead to back as far as bald.
2 From forehead over the head to neck.	2 Over forehead, as far as required.
3 From ear to ear over the top.	3 Over the crown of the head.
4 From ear to ear round the forehead.	

R. DOLLARD has always ready for sale a splendid Stock of Gent's Wigs, Toupees, Ladies' Wigs, half Wigs, Frizets, Braids, Curls, &c., beautifully manufactured, and as cheap as any establishment in the Union.

DOLLARD'S Herbanium Extract or Lustrous Hair Tonic, prepared from South American herbs and roots, the most successful article ever produced for preserving the hair from falling out or changing color, restoring and preserving it in a healthy and luxuriant state. Among other reasons why Dollard's hair extract maintains its immense popularity is the fact that his tonic is applied to every head of hair at his establishment, consequently it is kept in better preservation than under any other known application. It being thus practically tested by thousands, offers the greatest guaranty of its efficacy.

Sold wholesale and retail at his old establishment, 177 CHESTNUT St., opposite the State House, Philadelphia.

R. DOLLARD has at last discovered the ne plus ultra of HAIR DYE and announces it for sale, with perfect confidence in its surpassing everything of the kind now in use. It colors the hair either black or brown, (as may be desired,) and is used without any injury to the hair or skin, either by stain or otherwise, can be washed off in ten minutes after application, without detracting from its efficacy. Persons visiting the city are invited to give him a call. Letters addressed to R. DOLLARD, 177 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, will receive attention. July 23, 1853. 20-1y

AMERICAN

STAINED and ENAMELED GLASS, of every variety of style and shade of color, and of superior manufacture, suitable for Churches, Vestibules, &c., for sale and will be put in by JAMES W. BOWEN & BROTHERS, 3 doors above American House, Centre St. Jan. 28, 1854. 4-tf

Valentines! Valentines!!

THE subscriber has just received a large supply of Choice Valentines from several Factories, which are free from the burlesque and vulgar character of many of the Valentines offered—all of which will be sold, wholesale and retail at the lowest rates, at the Bookstore of the subscriber.

ALSO, Valentine Writers and all kinds of Envelopes—at B. BANNAN'S Cheap Book and Stationery Store. Jan. 23, 1854 4—

Mathematical Instruments, DRAWING PAPER.

ALWAYS on hand a large and splendid assortment of Mathematical Instruments, varying in price from $1 to $45. Drafting and Artists' materials of every description. Osborne's superior Water Colors, Whatman's English Drawing Paper, of all sizes. Also, Roll Drawing, 28, 41 and 53 inch cut to any length; Mounted Drawing Paper, of all sizes, Tracing Muslin and Paper, &c., &c., for sale at B. BANNAN'S Book and Stationery Store. Jan. 28, 1854 4—

MANUFACTURES.

LEATHER. FRITZ & HENDRY, Store No. 29 North THIRD St., Philadelphia. MOROCCO MANUFACTURERS, Curriers, Importers, Commission and general Leather Business, wholesale and retail. Manufactory at 15 Margaretta Street, Philadelphia. July 9, 1853. 28-1y

PLUMBING ESTABLISHMENT.

H. DICKINSON respectfully announces to the public, that he has purchased the entire stock of the late firm of Moreton & Dickinson, and intends carrying on the Plumbing business in all its branches at the old stand under the Pottsville House, where he hopes, by attention to business, he may be able to merit a share of the public patronage. He will guarantee his work to be as good, and it will be done on as reasonable terms, as can be done elsewhere. H. DICKINSON. August 27, 1853. 35-tf

COACH MAKER'S REMOVAL.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAVING FITted up one of the largest Coach Shops in the State, in Coal Street, Pottsville, Pa., next to J. H. Adams & Co.'s screen Factory, where his facilities for manufacturing all kinds of Carriages and Light Waggons cannot be surpassed—being a practical Mechanic, and having a number of years' experience in the business, he hopes to give general satisfaction.

All kinds of Carriages and Light Wagons kept on hand, Also, second-hand Wagons, &c.

All repairs neatly done. Orders from a distance promptly attended to. WISTAR A. KIRK. June 3, 1853. 23-tf

Beautiful Cottage Furniture.

THE subscriber is receiving from the best Manufactories in the City, a large lot of Cottage Furniture of the latest and most beautiful Patterns, embracing whole setts, all of which will be sold at city prices, carriage added.

He also keeps on hand, and manufactures to order, all kinds of Household Furniture, of the latest most fashionable and desirable Patterns, all of which can be examined at his Ware Rooms, corner of Centre and Union streets, nearly opposite the Episcopal Church—all of which will be sold at the very lowest rates. HENRY GRESSANG. April 9, 1853. 14-tf

PORT CARBON SOAP AND CANDLE FACTORY.

THE subscriber announces to the public that he manufactures all kinds of Soap and Candles at his Factory, in Port Carbon, Schuylkill County, which he will warrant to be equal in quality to any obtained abroad, and at lower prices than similar articles can be purchased in Philadelphia or elsewhere.

The highest market price for tallow will be paid in cash at his Factory. HENRY GUITERMAN. October 22, 1853. 43-1y

REMOVAL.

PIERSON & DIAMENT, (late Wm. Pierson.) WHOLESALE and Retail BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURERS and STATIONERS have removed from No. 52 North 4th Street, to N. W. Corner of 4th and Cherry Streets, PHILADELPHIA.

Account Books of the finest quality, together with all kinds of superior Stationery, suitable for Banking or Commercial purposes, constantly on hand—Books ruled to any pattern, and made in the most durable manner, at the shortest notice. All work warranted.

Banks, Offices, and Merchants supplied on moderate terms. Oct. 1, 1853. 40-5m

FRAUD!

ALL who want AXES of the real COLLINS & CO. make should be particular to notice the stamps, as there are various counterfeits and imitations stamped Collins and labelled much like ours, which are fraudulently sold in some parts of the United States at a much lower price. They are made in different parts of the country by various axe makers, and are generally of very inferior quality. The genuine Collins axes, which have acquired such an extensive reputation, are invariably stamped "COLLINS & CO. HARTFORD," and each axe has a printed label with our signature. It is now more than TWENTY-FIVE YEARS since we commenced the business with the stamp of "Collins & Co. Hartford," and I do not know of any other axe-maker by the name of Collins in the United States. SAM. W. COLLINS. August 20, 1853. 34-1y

BOOK BINDERY.

THE subscriber announces to his friends and the public that he has made a considerable addition to his Book Bindery, and has procured a Book Binder from one of the best Binderies in Philadelphia, acquainted with the latest style of Binding, and who will turn out his work far superior to anything heretofore produced in Pottsville. Books bound in any style of Binding, either Plain or in full gilt Turkey Morocco.

Blank Books paged or plain, made to any pattern, also printed and ruled at prices lower than in the City.

Books bound by the quantity, and Paper ruled to Pattern by B. BANNAN. April 3, 1853. 14—

COACH MAKING

THE Subscriber, being about to introduce Steam Power and otherwise enlarge the facilities of his already extensive Establishment, invites the attention of [illegible]

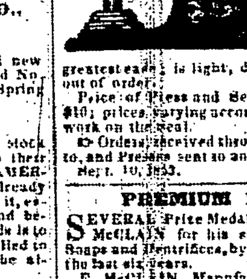
Having every department of the Coach-making business attended, employing only the best workmen, and using the best materials, dealers may be sure of securing satisfactory work.

Vehicles of every style and finish made to order.—Repairs neatly and substantially done. Orders from abroad promptly attended to.

Shop, Morris' Addition, Centre St., nearly opposite the York Store, Pottsville. GEORGE JENNINGS. March 19, 1853. 12-tf

ROYER BROS.' IMPROVED SEAL

PRESS MANUFACTURERS, DIE SINKERS, and ENGRAVERS, No. 61 DOCK Street, Philadelphia.



The improved Seal Press is a great improvement over the old style of SEAL PRESS, combining a superior impression with the greatest ease; is light, durable and not likely to get out of order.

Price of Press and Seal, all complete, from $5 to $10; prices varying according to sizes of Press, and work on the Seal.

Orders received through mail, promptly attended to, and Presses sent to any part of the country. Sept. 10, 1853. 37-6m

PREMIUM PERFUMERY.

SEVERAL Prize Medals have been awarded to E. McCLAIN for his superior Perfumery, Fancy Soaps and Dentrifices, by different Institutes during the last six years.

E. McCLAIN, Manufacturer and Importer of the following articles, namely:—His celebrated Vegetable Hair Oil, Bear's Oil, Beef's Marrow, and Lustral, &c. 70 different kinds of extracts for the Handkerchief; Colognes, Tooth pastes, &c.; also, his unrivalled Magnetic, Honey, Crystaline, Windsor, Walnut, and a variety of other Fancy Soaps, for washing or shaving; Pearl Powder, Lily White, Alabaster Powder Puffs; Clothes, Hat, Hair, Shaving and Tooth Brushes; Port Monnaies, Dressing, Pocket, and Fine-tooth Combs; all of which can be purchased cheap for cash at No. 106 North 6th Street, below Race, Philadelphia.

N. B.—A liberal discount to dealers. Sept. 10, 1853. [May 28, '53 22-10m] 37—

MOROCCO FACTORY.

MOROCCO, LEATHER AND SHOE FINDING Store, at Derr's Old Stand, on Railroad Street, POTTSVILLE.

The undersigned respectfully informs the customers of the above well known establishment, that he will continue the MANUFACTURE of all kinds of MOROCCO, such as Kid, Straits, French morocco, Shoe, Hat & Book Bindings, Pink Linings, &c., &c., and will constantly have on hand a general assortment of all kinds of

LEATHER, such as Oak, Tanned, and Red Sole Leather, Slaughter Kips, French and City Calf Skins, Miners' Upper Leather, And a variety of Shoe Findings, such as Threads, Nails, Pegs, Clamps, &c., &c., all of which will be sold at the LOWEST CASH PRICES. JOHN L. MINNIG.

All kinds of Skins, such as Sheep, Goat, Deer, &c., and also Sumac, taken in exchange for Leather, at the highest market prices, or paid for in CASH. Pottsville, Oct. 29, 1853. 44-tf

A NEW ARTICLE.

F. FORD

PATENT VENITIAN BLINDS

THESE Blinds overcome the only objection to this highly useful and ornamental appendage to every well furnished house. They are so arranged as to let down from the top of the window as well as hoist up from the bottom, or can be suspended at any point between, giving free access to light and air when required, affording every opportunity of cleaning them from the floor. They are as simple in arrangement and nearly as cheap as the ordinary blind. All I ask is, that you call and examine them before purchasing.

TRANSPARENT WINDOW SHADES, Reed Blinds, Buff Shades, Gilt Cornices, Bands and Pins, Oilcloths, &c. &c.

LETTERED SHADES FOR STORE WINDOWS painted to order.—Wire-cloth Window Screens manufactured to order, beautifully landscaped or plain. F. FORD, Wholesale and Retail Dealer, No. 24 South Eighth St., 2d door below Market, Philad'a. May 21, 1853. 21-1y

DR. THOMAS DAVIES,

VETERINARY SURGEON, in returning thanks to his friends, and the public, for the flattering encouragement he has received for so many years, respectfully informs them that he still continues practising at the stables at the rear of the Pottsville House where he hopes by unremitting and personal attention to his profession, to claim a continuance of the same. All horses unable to be removed to his infirmary, will be attended to at their own stables. Horses' tails put up in the English or American style. Castration skillfully performed. Jan. 21, 1854. 2-3m

HURD'S GOLDEN GLOSS.

FOR THE HAIR.—Among the many preparations for the growth of the Hair, this GOLDEN GLOSS takes the lead. Three reasons will be given why it is so universally used and preferred to all others:—1st, Because it has proved the most effectual in baldness. 2d, Because it imparts a beautiful dark gloss and delightful perfume to the hair. 3d, Because the Ladies, with fine discrimination, which they all possess, have adopted it. Many other reasons could be given why it is a great favorite, but those who want more will only to give it a trial. Price 25 cts. in large bottles. FOR SALE by Druggists and Storekeepers everywhere. W. C. HURD, Proprietor, 304 Broadway, New York. Large Discount to merchants. Nov. 19, 1853 47-3m

JUST RECEIVED.—A large assortment of splendid Perfumery, &c., from the Manufactoris of Jules Hauel & Co., Harrison and others. All those who want fine Perfumery, call at C. BAILEY'S Book and Variety Store. Jan. 21, 1854. 3-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

SUNDAY SCHOOL BOOKS AND LIBRARIES.

THE subscriber always keeps on hand a large assortment of Sunday School Books, such as are generally used in Sunday Schools. Also,

Sunday School Libraries of 100 vols.,	$10 00
Do do do Nos. 2 and 3, each,	10 00
Do do at	5 00
Do do at	2 50
Cottage Library,	3 00
Episcopal Sunday School Library, 100 vols,	10 00

ALSO, 500 Testaments, German and English, 200 Bibles, English and German, English and German Reward Books, Hymn Books, &c., &c., all of which will be sold at Sunday School Union prices, and the carriage saved by purchasing at B. BANNAN'S Cheap Book and Stationery Store. June 25, 1853. 26—

PAINTING, GLAZING and PAPERING REMOVAL.

J. W. BOWEN having removed his shop to 2 doors above the American House, Centre Street, and taken into partnership his brothers, the subscribers announce to the public that they are prepared to execute all orders in their line with the greatest despatch, and on the most reasonable terms. They employ good workmen and their customers may, therefore, be sure of satisfactory jobs.

They, also, beg leave to call attention to their splendid assortment of Paper-hangings, Window-shades, &c., comprising every variety of style and quality, to suit the taste and pocket of purchasers, and which they offer at the lowest City prices. J. W. BOWEN & BROTHERS. 2 doors above American House, Centre St., Pottsville, April 17, 1852. 16-tf

Susquehanna Lumber.

THE subscriber has received at his Steam Sawing, Planing and Turning Mill, where he offers for sale a large stock of well-selected, seasoned Lumber, from the Susquehanna River, of the following descriptions:

4-4, 5-4, 6-4, and 2 in. Pannel Stuff.
4-4 and 5-4 in White and Yellow Pine Flooring.
1 & 1½ in. Superior White and Yellow Pine Boards, Hemlock Joists, Plank and Scantling, Susquehanna Shingles.

He is prepared to do all kinds of Sawing, Planing and Turning to order. A large assortment of Bedposts, Bannisters, Table Legs, &c., constantly on hand.

Purchasers are respectfully invited to examine his stock before they make their purchases. WILLIAM POLLOCK, Ag't. May 7, 1853. 19-tf

PIANOS, MELODEONS, GUITARS, &c.

THE Subscriber is opening a Wareroom for the sale of Meyer's and Chickering's celebrated PIANOS. Also, fine-toned Melodeons, for Private Houses and Churches, of the very best manufacture. Also, Guitars, &c., all of which he will sell here at less than city prices. These instruments are all selected by a competent person, and he guarantees all the Pianos he sells—if they are not what they are represented they can be returned. B. BANNAN.

Messrs. Meyers and Chickering received the two first Medals at the World's Fair, for their Pianos in a contest for superior merit with all Europe. April 23, 1853 17—

BANNAN'S NEWS EMPORIUM.

Subscriptions to Newspapers, Magazines, &c. MASTER JOHN NEWELL BANNAN

ANNOUNCES to the public that his father having given him the Newspaper Branch of his Store, he will receive subscriptions to the following Newspapers, &c., at the usual subscription price, and the papers delivered at B. BANNAN'S Bookstore, Centre Street, Pottsville, opposite the Episcopal Church, free of Postage, or forwarded to any direction desired:

Gleason's Pictorial Paper, London Illustrated News, Barnum's Illustrat'd News, N. Y. Weekly Tribune, Flag of our Union, N. Y. do Herald, Saturday Evening Post, N. Y. Dutchman, Literary Museum, Uncle Sam, Home Journal, Yankee Privateer, Scientific American, N. Y. Picayune, Neal's Saturday Gazette, N. Y. Pick, Arthur's Home Gazette, Crystal Palace, London Mining Journal, Dollar Newspaper, And all other acceptable reputable papers published in our cities.

MONTHLY AND QUARTERLY MAGAZINES, &c.

Monthly Mining Magazine, Medical Examiner, Harper's M'thly Magazine, London Lancet, Putnam's do, Ranking's Abstract, Illustra'd Magazine of Art, Appleton's Mechanics' Magazine, Eclectic Magazine, Godey's Lady Book, Silliman's Journal, Graham's Magazine, Jones's Farm Journal, Knickerbocker, The Horticulturist, Littell's Living Age, Popular Educator, Arthur's Home Magazine, Merry's Museum, Blackwood's Magazine, Dickens' Household Words, Edinburgh Review, Yankee Notions, London Qr. Review, The Oracle, Westminster Qr. Review, Thompson's Counterfeit Detector, North British Review, Haye's Medical Journal, Bicknell's do do. Together with all other Magazines accessible either in this Country or in Europe. July 2, 1853. 27—

GARRIGUES

Printer, Bookseller and Stationer, POTTSVILLE, PA.,

RESPECTFULLY asks the attention of Merchants, Teachers, and the public generally, to the large assortment of books, &c., offered at his new store, comprising standard works for the professions, Church Books for every denomination, German and English, Gift, Miscellaneous, Juvenile, Toy & School Books. Obtained directly from the Publishers, by special arrangement, and at the Trade Sales—imported and domestic fancy and staple stationery, Stationers' Fine Cutlery and Japanned Ware, Fancy Goods, &c.

These goods are all new and desirable, and have been selected with great care from the full stocks of Publishing Houses and American Manufacturers in New York and Philadelphia; also, a large assortment of

BLANK ACCOUNT BOOKS, of their own manufacture, embracing a general variety, from the common half-bound to the extra superfine, neatly ruled and substantially bound, with bands and rivets; small blank Memorandum and Pass Books, Cyphering and Copy Books, Time Rolls, Bills of Lading, Coal Tickets, Checks, Drafts, Promissory Notes, &c., &c.

BOOK AND JOB PRINTING, of every description, neatly executed; Blank Books ruled to any pattern and bound in order; Music, Magazines and other publications bound in every style of Plain and Ornamental Binding, the most durable and elegant.

RAGS bought for cash, or received in exchange for E. GARRIGUES.

N. B.—E. G. offers for rent two large, light and airy rooms, suitable for Offices, situated in the same building with the Book store. 31-tf

A. SHULTZ & LOOS, CHEAP FLOUR AND FEED STORE. WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

A. S. & L. having recently purchased the old established stand of Becker & Shultz, respectfully inform the community that they are prepared to fill orders for anything in their line, promptly and to the satisfaction of purchasers.

A superior quality of Extra Family Flour constantly on hand.

Being determined to do their utmost to give satisfaction to all who may patronize them, they respectfully solicit a share of the public custom. A. SHULTZ & LOOS, Centre Street, Pottsville. July 16, 1853. 29-tf

F. BROWN'S ESSENCE OF JAMAICA GINGER.

THIS Essence is a preparation of unusual excellence. In ordinary diarrhea, incipient cholera, in short, in all cases of prostration of the digestive functions, it is of inestimable value. During the prevalence of epidemic cholera and summer complaints of children, it is peculiarly efficacious; no family or individual should be without it.

Caution.—Be sure to get the genuine essence, which is prepared only by F. BROWN, at his Drug and Chemical Store, N. E. Corner of Fifth and Chestnut Streets, Philadelphia, and for sale by all the respectable Apothecaries in the United States; and at Pottsville, Pa., by JOHN G. BROWN. June 11, 1853. 24-1y

A USEFUL NEW WORK.

WEIGHT Tables of different lengths of Round Square and Flat Bar Iron, Steel, &c., by a Practical Mechanic—this is one of the most useful works published for Dealers and Workers in Iron, and those who use it, ever issued. So correct are the calculations, that any person can safely buy and sell with the book, without even weighing the Iron and Steel.—Just published, price 25 cents and for sale wholesale and retail by B. BANNAN.

By enclosing nine postage stamps, the work will be mailed free, to any part of the country.—The Trade supplied at the usual discount. Jan. 21, 1852.

"RIGHT ON THE CORNER." CHEAP CASH GROCERY STORE.

L. C. ERB & Co., have taken that old and well-known Grocery Stand, Right on the Corner of Coal and Norwegian streets, where they have laid in a fresh stock of Family Groceries, which they will at the very lowest cash prices. We respectfully invite the public to call and examine our stock of Sugars, Teas, Coffees, Spices, &c., &c. August 20, 1853. 34-tf

ICE! ICE!!

THE subscriber announces to the public that he has purchased Benjamin Weller's Ice House, at Tumbling Run Dam, and will be prepared to supply the community with as much ice as they may want during the whole of the ensuing season at reasonable rates. Having experience in the business, and being determined to supply home customers in preference to those abroad, he flatters himself that he will give entire satisfaction to the community. GEORGE J. HEBE. Nov. 12, 1853. 46-tf

JUST ARRIVED.

THE subscriber respectfully announces that he has received a large and splendid assortment of Fall and Winter Clothing—Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, &c., composing the largest and most varied assortment ever offered to the community, all of which will be sold at unusually low rates. E. T. TAYLOR, Corner of Centre and Mahantongo Streets. Sept. 24, 1853. 39-tf

NEW COPY BOOKS,

IN Four Parts, for beginners—the Alphabet, Large and Small Hand, made of good Paper, and ruled differently from the other Copy Books—Just manufactured and for sale at B. BANNAN'S Cheap Book and Stationery Store. June 11, 1853. 24—

VESTIBULE PATTERNS.—The subscriber has just received a lot of Vestibule Patterns of Paper Hangings, a little superior to any thing of the kind ever offered in this section. Also, GOLD PAPERS, Of the latest and most beautiful patterns, at less than city prices, at B. BANNAN'S Cheap Paper and Variety Store.

OLD NEWSPAPERS.—A lot of Old Newspapers, by the 100, for sale at B. BANNAN'S, Cheap Book, Stationery and Paper Store. Dec. 17, 1853 51—

General News.

ADDRESS TO BEDINI.

THE ITALIAN PATRIOTS AND THE PAPAL NUNCIO.

At a meeting of Italian residents of New York held last week, the following document was ordered to be submitted to the people of the United States:

ADDRESS OF THE ITALIAN PATRIOTS OF NEW YORK TO MONSIGNOR BEDINI.

The disorders which have been occasioned by you in this country have produced a great scandal, and excitement to such a degree, that we, your countrymen, cannot and ought not to remain indifferent spectators.

If we have not spoken hitherto; if we have, in silence, followed the developement of this drama, which tends to expose your deep deceit to the New World, in all its horrible nakedness, do not think we have done so because, as your apologist, Mr. Carroll, has said, we feared the dagger of any assassin. No: We have hitherto been silent because we believed that you, Monsignor Bedini, would not carry audacity so far as to deny what has been justly imputed to you.

But now we see that not only you, Monsignor Bedini, attempt with hypocritical language to deny your horrid past deeds, which cry to God for vengeance; but also that many journals in this too credulous Republic, and several Senators of the Congress wish to rise as your defenders, the time has come for us to raise a fatal veil from you, and make known to the world how sanguinary was your soul, how sacrilegious and barbarian was your Catholic Ministry, and how much you deserve for that reason to be ranked with Haynau and Radetzky.

You, Monsignor Bedini, dared to enter Bologna in disguise, as a spy, and served as emissary of Pius IX, while he was in Gaeta, in order to corrupt the faithfulness which the Swiss troops, commanded by Gen. Latour, had sworn to the then dominant Roman Republic; and in that crime found, your life in danger, which was saved by the protection of that General in whose house you were secreted, and who obtained from the Civil Governor of Bologna means to remove you privately from the popular fury by which you were threatened.

You, Monsignor Bedini, entered Bologna, in the year 1849, at the head of an Austrian army, after bombarding it eight days, you entered in triumph, amid the smoking of Austrian cannon, supported by Croat bayonets, as Extraordinary Pontifical Commissary of the Four Legations; you arrived, joyful and merry-making, among the ruins of the burning Bologna and the blood of your countrymen, at your sumptuous palace; you established, in concert with the Austrian commandant, the state of siege; you published a proclamation, which, to your shame, is known to us, Italians, and even to the Americans, because recently published here; you yourself, the new Scylla, wrote with your own hand the list of proscriptions, imprisonments and death; and you, yes you! approved the discousecration and shooting of Ugo Bassi, in the name of the Pope.

It is impossible to suppose that the Austrian Military Commissioner could dispose of the liberty and life, &c., of citizens subject to your will and your laws, without your having given any explicit approbation to the bloody and brutal sacrifice of that holy and brave patriot. And, even if that commission had been executed independent of your influence, yet your rank and titles would have left you sufficient influence, benignant and Christian influence, to save the life of that victim of Italian patriotism. At any rate the Pontifical Government, represented by you, was, in those unhappy circumstances, the principal author of all the legal misdeeds; and the Austrians were merely the executioners.

We will not bring forward again the scandalous scenes of your private life, which cover your name with infamy in Scinigaglia, your native place, and in Bologna. We leave all that to the unanimous testimony of Italians, clearly expressed in a great number of the [illegible]

But we cannot be silent concerning what you feel in your heart, and perhaps without remorse, that during your government in the Four Legations, so many patriots perished on the scaffold and in prisons. We will here, for the sake of brevity, only remind you of the unfortunate men, who against you and the government which you represented cry for vengeance to the wrath of God, viz: those who fell in these executions, or were condemned to the galleys, in Bologna alone, under your eyes; and in your time, viz: the three months from September to November.

EXECUTED.

Signor Barzani and two brothers Govoni.

Sr. Rosemi, and ten volunteer Republican soldiers, shot on two occasions. Their corpses were left a prey to the dogs, being denied burial. Also, Signor Sante Mignoni.

CONDEMNED TO THE GALLEYS.

Domenico Rondelli,	Giuseppe Cordier,
Giuseppe Migliani,	Giuseppe Chiarini,
Michele Rupi,	Ruffili Pietro,
Corletti Agostino,	Salvoni Giuseppe,
Ravajoli Giuseppe,	Pesarini Luigi,
Andreghetti Carlo,	Comaenti Pietro
Gabelli Giacomo.	

Ten patriots, condemned on the 14th of November, for possessing arms.

Nine others, on the 5th of December for the same.

The two brothers, Pietro and Giovanni Peilering, Pietro Berti and Giovanni Ballista Giberti.

We omit many other names whose sentences of condemnation appeared in the official journals of your Government.

Bedini! We, Italian exiles and wanderers, for the same cause for which Ugo Bassi and the other patriots were sacrificed, intend simply to do justice to the truth by *denouncing and proclaiming you the instigator, cooperator and inhuman spectator* of so many good men massacred which, as we have said, it was entirely in your power to mitigate or prevent.

The crime of those brave youths was that of loving the same country which you betrayed, and of delivering it from that religious and political yoke of iron which you fastened upon it, and which you are now endeavoring to extend over this Republic.

Bedini! We never have thought of taking your life. Our soul has always been very different from yours. We well know that if you were dead the heads of the Hydra reproduce themselves. Live then, but like Cain, everywhere accompanied by the maledictions of three generations: the past, the present, and the future.

We conclude by expressing our gratitude to all those who, partaking of our resentment, have given you, in different places in the United States, public expressions of reprobation. Like us, they know that the three most conspicuous Italian friars, zealous for liberty, were Arpaldo da Brescia, who was burnt alive, by the order of Pope Adrian 4th; Girolamo Savanarola, hung and burnt at the command of Pope Alexander 6th; and Benedetto de Fonjano, starved to death at the express order of Clement 7th; and that it was reserved, in this age of progress, to have a Pope in Pius 9th, who should sacrifice by means of you, the fourth great Patriot, in the person of the friar, Ugo Bassi.

New York, Jan. 30, 1854.

FOREIGN.

The prices of bread and coal are still increasing in England.

They have had more skating in England this year, than for many years, and tremendous falls of snow.

Jenny Lind is announced to sing four times this winter in Dresden, assisted by her husband and other artists. These Soirees are crowded to overflowing, at 3 thalers per ticket. It is said she will go to St. Petersburg in the spring, to give a series of concerts there.

Prospects of an European War.—An extract from a private letter, from high authority in Paris, published in the N. Y. *Express*, says:

"France will soon declare war with Russia—the Emperor is ripe for it, and is only restrained by prudential considerations, connected with England."

TEMPERANCE.

New Jersey Liquor Trade.—The capital invested in New Jersey, in the manufacture of malt and spirituous liquors is $410,755. The liquors of all kinds annually produced amount to about $1,255,280 gallons.

Enforcing the Maine Liquor Law in Boston.—The new Mayor and and Alderman of Boston took preliminary steps on Monday, to enforce the prohibitory liquor law of Massachusetts, in that city. The Chief of Police was directed to use the most efficient measures in the power of his department to secure the immediate enforcement of the statutes, and it was agreed that the Mayor should give public notice of the passage of the order.

From Abroad.

JAPAN AND LOO CHOO.

The empire of Japan and its inhabitants, with their character and habits, are becoming more and more interesting to the American people. We extract from the N. York *Herald* the following discursive sketch, being the substance of a late lecture by Bayard Taylor in New York. Mr. Taylor spoke in substance as follows:

"If any of us had asked for information concerning Japan three years since, the answer would have been: 'we know nothing about it;' but now we find that we know quite as much about it as we knew of any eastern nation half a century ago. A hundred descriptions cannot exhaust the resources of a country, for no two persons see with the same feelings. This must be my plea for talking on a subject on which I can communicate no new facts. I merely give the experience of one who has been a traveller in the country.

"In Loo Choo, my facilities for acquiring information were greater than in Japan.—With regard to the people, they are more original and intellectual than is generally supposed. They differ materially from the Chinese. Though both belong to the great Mongolian family, there are wide differences between them. And, first, their languages are dissimilar. It is true that the Chinese written character is in common use in Japan, but in intonation and accent the languages have no similarity. No language is so disagreeable, with its continued run of consonants, as the Chinese. The Japan language is the very reverse. In their physical conformation, also, there is a great difference between the inhabitants of the two countries. The Chinese face looks like a lump of yellow clay; their bodies are coarse and ungraceful, though athletic. The complexion of the Japanese is a dark olive; their eyes are darker, and their foreheads broader than the Chinese. Their countenances are agreeable and reflective, and their motions characterized by an unstudied grace. They are always calm and dignified; seldom betraying surprise. Our own hardy seamen often found it difficult work to keep pace with Japanese boatmen. It is a singular fact that their boats are built very much after the fashion of our yacht America. They seem to have an inventive as well as imitative genius for ship-building.

"There is even a greater difference between the Chinese and Japanese in their moral than in their physical nature. The former are peaceful, modest, but withal given to usury; the latter are warlike and energetic. In China you are oppressed with the feeling of universal stagnation. Nothing progresses. The mental energy of the people seems to be hopeless for improvement. The great mass of the people maintain the profoundest apathy, even in the midst of the present revolution. On the other hand, the curiosity of the Japanese is measureless. The inhabitants of this country are thoroughly posted up in all that goes on in the world, and to receive this intelligence is the reason of their friendship with the Dutch. On the occasion of Commodore Perry's landing, a large number of Japanese officers came and examined our weapons, &c., with the greatest curiosity. This thirst for information is a hopeful trait. It shows what progress we might expect from the race if its crushing government were removed. I will mention one more difference between the Chinese and Japanese. The former have not the slightest idea of melody, while the taste of the latter for music was plainly shown when our band began to play. A crisis is undoubtedly hanging over both these countries. The revolution in China will throw open that empire to foreign commerce.

"The American expedition to Japan is the entering wedge, and the crevice already made will become wider and wider. The system now carried on by that government is a system of espionage, which it is difficult [illegible] we had better opportunities for observation. Former travellers clothed the island with their own poetic imagination, but Commodore Perry has torn off the cloak which concealed the deformities of its inhabitants. Its government is a vice-royalty. On account of its defenceless position, the Loo Chooans pretend that they belong to China; but the similarity between their language and that of the Japanese is sufficient to give this denial. The interior of the island is fertile, and resembles much the accounts given by Dutch travellers of the southern part. We only succeeded in exploring about half the island. The northern part is wild and uninhabited. We took with us a small boat's ensign, and carried it into the centre of the capital town and around the viceroy's castle. After passing through the town, we struck across towards the other shore of the island. The lovely villages with which the country is dotted, were deserted at our approach, and so well did the people conceal themselves that we could not discover where they had gone. Thus, although I entered many houses, I could find no inmates, and was unable to make myself master of the domestic habits of the people.

"The few people I did see betrayed the most anxious terror on my approach. The whole island is the most beautiful that can be imagined. The southern part is one vast garden. Its temperature is hot, but that of the hills is always cool and refreshing. The people ever seemed kindly disposed towards us, and nothing but their intense dread of the government prevented their being friendly to us. The exclusive policy of Japan is no doubt in opposition to the will of its inhabitants. We always found the people ready to meet us half-way. During our residence on the Island of Loo Choo, I fancied that I could recognize a strong feeling of sympathy growing towards us from the inhabitants, and a proportionate dislike from the government. I have noticed that there is a striking resemblance between Peru, as it was under the dynasty of the Incas, and Japan. The viceroys of each country governed the people by a tenure precisely similar. Society in Peru was divided into castes which were hereditary, as in Japan. In their social and domestic habits and in their literature, there is a great similarity between the two nations.

"In the fall of Peru we may see a foreshadowing in the fall of Japan. I leave it to others to decide whether Japan has not a right to shut herself out from the rest of the world if she chooses. Destiny does not stay to consider this. Let her only yield a foot of ground for one Anglo-Saxon man to stand upon, and the days of her despotism are over. The physical power of Japan has been greatly overrated. On our arrival there, we found no defence that we could not have destroyed in a few hours. Although not wanting bravery, they are so little disciplined that our small band of three hundred and fifty Americans against five thousand Japanese would not have feared the result. The reason why the ports of Japan have not been opened before this to the world has been the mistaken policy of those who have carried on the negotiations. The policy of the Japan government has pointed out the counter policy which should be adopted in this respect. (Mr. Taylor here reviewed briefly the manner in which several expeditions had attempted to negotiate with the Japanese government, alluding especially to the visit of Commodore Biddle in 1848, and its unsuccessful termination.)

"Commodore Perry, as the result has proved, adopted the only true policy. When his boats were ordered away, he returned for answer that he would only speak to an envoy from the emperor. While he was waiting for a reply, he took occasion to examine the soundings of the bay, in direct violation of the laws of the country, and justified himself on the ground that he was looking for a safe harbor for the squadron in the event of a storm. With the delivery of the President's letter closed the first chapter of this expedition. The squadron then returned to China, to give the emperor time to decide on his answer. It is not for us to predict what that answer will be; but I can say that the sight of our tremendous war steamers has given the Japanese some idea of the extent of science. In three months from this the expedition will return, and the result will be known. From the friendly disposition already manifested by the Japanese for Americans, and from that enlightenment which they are fast acquiring, a favorable result may be looked for at no very distant day.

"The lecturer concluded with a few remarks on the progress of American commerce and enterprise in the east. He said the statistics of our trade with China, in the last few years, exhibited a rapid increase.—Cotton and lead are the important articles of import; and in the event of our friendly relations being established with Japan, we may expect there also a ready market. During my stay in China, I could not help remarking a growing jealousy entertained by the Englishmen there for Americans. This is on account of our increasing influence in the country. One of the India journals lately advocated the annexation of Peru, because American influence predominated in Siam! In order to secure the predominance of our commerce in the east, a railroad to the Pacific must be made. When this is done, then shall the divided energies of our nation be united and her commercial greatness built up forever."

Religious.

[*Translated for the Crusader.*]

MAXIMS OF THE JESUITS.

The *Nation* of Brussels, Belgium, publishes the following maxims, which are the professed rules of the Order of the Jesuits. They contain some curious principles as to the mental reservations and oath of these Fathers, called the vanguard of the army of the papacy:

"To cut short with calumnies, it is permitted to murder the calumniator, but in secret, in order to avoid scandal."—*Arrault, Jesuit.*

"Men can attack each other, without any shade of tenderness of conscience, by means of slanders, calumnies, false swearing, when religion requires it."—*Ibid.*

"If any person will swear, without binding himself to keep faithfully the oath, he should lame the words: viz., say *uro*, suppressing the *j*; it is the same as saying *I burn*, instead of *juro*, which means *I swear*; and in this case it is only a little falsehood, which is easily pardoned."—*I. Sanchez, Jesuit.*

"If you firmly believe you are ordered to lie, lie."—*Casnedi, Jesuit.*

"The Pope can admonish the king, and punish him with death."—*Father Gobat.*

"A man proscribed by the Pope can be murdered everywhere, because the Pope has a jurisdiction, *at least indirect, over all the world*, even over civil governments."—*Busembaum.*

"It is permitted to kill a proscribed person by the Pope, by means of treachery."—*Ant. Escobar.*

"A subordinate, obeying with a good intention his prelate, acts meritoriously, although, in reality, he acts against the law of God."—*Ibid.*

"Lately, was accomplished in France an important and glorious discovery, for the *instruction* of impious principles. Clement, in murdering the king, has made for himself an immortal reputation. He perished, but he became the eternal exemplar for France."—*Marianna.*

"There are times when the Pope has a right to deprive heretical and rebel kings of their power. A monarch deposed by the Pope is no longer a legitimate prince; if, after having been dethroned, he persists in his opposition to the Pope, he becomes a tyrant, and can be murdered by any person."—*Suarez.*

"It is not for religious persons or other ecclesiastics to murder the king by secret means, and the sovereign pontiffs are not accustomed to use such means to admonish the princes; but after having been reprimanded by threats and excommunications, they must be slain by some lay believer."—*Bellarmino.*

Clement XIV. published against the Society of Loyola the famous bull "*Dominus ac Redemptor*," which abolished this religious order; in signing the bull, the same Pope said, "I sign my death-warrant, but I obey my conscience." Clement XIV was poisoned soon after by a female Jesuit.

Deferred Matter.

A CAPITAL IDEA.—It is proposed, on travelling with these appendages, as well as for the comfort of travellers generally.—The cars will be commodious and well supplied with cradles, baby jumpers, rattles, sugar candy, milk, paregoric, and other sedatives and conveniences; and an experienced matron, with both wet and dry nurses, will be always in attendance. Babies will be *checked through*, and parents may rely upon every attention being paid to their comfort. In case of loss, the company bind themselves to get another as good in its place; in such cases the stockholders being individually liable.

This is the first instance we have ever known the "individual liability clause" to be of any really practical value.

A PARAGRAPH FOR BOYS.—At Portland, the other day, a boy who had often played truant, and had been threatened by his parents with a severe punishment if he did so again, in an unlucky hour repeated the offence. At night he did not return home as usual, being deterred, it is supposed, by fear of the threatened penalty. Days passed, during which nothing was seen or heard of him, notwithstanding his parents advertised and instituted a vigorous search for him. A morning or two since his dead body was floating in the water. One of his cheeks had been frozen; and other appearances indicated that the poor fellow had wandered about till chilled to insensibility, and then fallen off the wharf.

RAILROAD BONDS AND INTERESTS.—The New York *Courier* says that an analysis of a copious list of Railroad bonds issued in this country, shows that the result of their liabilities for annual interests, is as follows:—Of seventy-six different kinds of Railroad bonds issued by fifty-two different Companies, thirteen pay no annual interest of 6 per cent., fifty-five pay 7 per cent., seven pay 8 per cent., and one pays 10 per cent.

The total amount of the bonds represented in this classification is $127,476,000. Even this does not show the entire amount of railroad bonds issued. We should add, at least, one-third in order to arrive at the actual sum outstanding, making the aggregate one hundred and sixty millions of dollars.

ANOTHER DONATION OF COAL.—Messrs. Cochran & Peale, of Shamokin, Pa., through the Messrs. Baumgardner, of this city, have placed in the hands of the Dorcas Society a cargo of coal (60 tons) to be by them distributed among the indigent and deserving poor of this city.—*Lancaster Intelligencer.*

To which the Sunbury *American* adds;

"While recording these liberal acts, it is but justice to say, that Mr. Reuben Fagely of this place, has for some years past, supplied a number of destitute widows with their winter's supply of coal.

PRESIDENT PIERCE AHEAD.—The *Tribune's* correspondent has the following:—"The President endorses Douglas's Nebraska bill, for he is determined the Little Giant shall not start ahead of him in his race for the next Presidential term. The excitement on the question is spreading. Badger openly declares he cannot vote, for it, because the faith of the South is plighted to the Missouri Compromise. It is said that the Pennsylvania Democrats are unanimous in favor of the bill. Cass is shaking. He has not been consulted by the President, and Douglas is displeased. The President is firm."

THE Duke of Argyle dresses in brown clothes, rides in a brown carriage, drawn by two brown horses; and everything in his house at Inverary is brown, from the paper on the walls to the chair covers and coal scuttles.—*Exchange.*

Who cares? His predominant color might be *green* for all we would object.

RAILROADS.

There are now six thousand men at work on the Lake Erie, Wabash, and St. Louis Railroad.

Philadelphia and Pittsburg.—The great tunnel of the Pennsylvania Railroad through the Allegheny mountains, has been completed, and a locomotive passed through it on Thursday, in about ten minutes, moving at the rate of nearly six miles per hour. The tunnel is now in condition for use, some brick arching which is yet to be done will be put up without at all interfering with the running of trains. The cars commenced running regularly through the mountain on Monday, the 6th of February.

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Miscellany.

NEWSPAPER COMPOSITION.

Many people think it the easiest thing imaginable to write for a newspaper. Such are sadly mistaken. It is a science which demands long years of close practice to become familiar with it, and then scarcely one man in a hundred succeeds. To make a newspaper readable—to make it sought after by the masses—to give it life, tone and position in the reading world, requires genius, tact and talent combined. Many writers, otherwise clever in their way, can string together sentences, like onions upon a rope, until columns are filled, without point or [illegible], and then they have an idea the [illegible] done. Nothing can be wider the [illegible]. Newspaper composition is a distinct [illegible] art. Its principles must be carefully studied by those who would succeed in it. The [illegible] of those principles is the cause of the [illegible] which characterizes so much of our newspaper literature. The articles must be so written as to attract forcibly, and hold attention. Processes of thought and reasoning are to be left out; results only are to appear. Argument is to be suggested, rather than stated. Usually one point is enough for an article. Some single nail should be struck fair upon the head, and then left at once. Introductions are a nuisance. Inferences are always skipped. The sentences should be short. Every word should leap with life. Condensation should be extreme. Subordinate thoughts should be thrown away. The object is not to treat a subject in full, but to produce a certain effect. All that is not necessary to the effect should be discarded. He who has the nerve to do this, with a soul that fires with great thoughts, and the manliness to utter them freely, may wield a power with the pen which no sceptre can rival."

NAPIER AND THE INDIAN SWORDSMAN.

We give an anecdote illustrative of the unparalleled dexterity of the Indians with the sword as well as of Napier's simplicity of character. After the Indian battles, on one occasion a famous juggler visited the camp and performed his feats before the General, his family, and staff. Among other performances, this man cut in two, with a stroke of his sword, a lime or lemon, placed in the hand of his assistant. Napier thought there was some collusion between the juggler and his retainer. To divide by a sweep of the sword on a man's hand so small an object without touching the flesh, he believed to be impossible, though a similar incident is related by Scott, in his romance of the "Talisman." To determine the point, the general offered his own hand for the experiment, and he stretched out his right arm.—The juggler looked very attentively at the hand, and said that he would not make the experiment. "I thought I would find you out!" exclaimed Napier. "But stop," added the other, "let me see your left hand." The left was submitted, and the man then said firmly—"If you will hold your arm steady I will perform the feat." "But why the left hand and not the right?" "Because the right hand is hollow in the centre, and there is a risk of cutting off the thumb; the left is high, and the danger will be less."—Napier was startled. "I got frightened," he said, "I saw it was an actual feat of delicate swordsmanship, and if I had not abused the man as I did before my staff, and challenged him to the trial, I honestly acknowledge I would have retired from the encounter. However, I put the lime on my band, and held out my arm steadily. The juggler balanced himself, and with a swift stroke cut the lime in two pieces. I felt the edge of the sword on my hand as if a cold thread had been drawn across it; "and so much," he added, "for the brave swordsmen of India, whom our fine fellows defeated at Meeanee." This anecdote is certainly a proof of the sincerity of [illegible] expiating that error.

PRINT IT IN LETTERS OF GOLD.

A father, whose son was addicted to some vicious propensities, bade the boy drive a nail into a certain post whenever he committed a fault; and agreed that a nail should be drawn out whenever he corrected an error. In process of time the post was completely filled with nails.

The youth became alarmed at the extent of his indiscretions, and set about reforming himself. One by one, the nails were drawn out, and the noble father commended him for his noble, self-denying heroism, in freeing himself from his faults.

"They are all drawn out," said the parent. The boy looked sad, and there was a whole volume of practical wisdom in his sadness. With a heavy heart he replied:

"True, father; but the scars are there still."

Parents who would have their children grow to sound and healthy characters, must sow the seed at the fireside. Charitable associations can reform the man, and perhaps make him a useful member of society; but alas! the scars are there. The reformed drunkard, gambler or thief, is only the wreck of the man he once was, he is covered with scars—dishonorable scars—which will disfigure his character as long as he lives.

MARRIAGE.

The following are the opinions of two prominent ladies upon the subject of marriage:

"Marriage is to woman a state of slavery. It takes from her the right to her own property, and makes her submissive in all things to her husband."—*Lucy Stone.*

"Marriage a state of slavery! aye, but the bonds are silken and easily worn. Marriage is the sanctifier of love—an institution which acknowledges the right of woman to be protected, and the duty of man to protect her. The offices of wife and mother are not those of slaves. *What* higher destiny beneath the skies than to instruct the infant mind in thoughts of purity! What holier mission than to soothe the turbid torrent of man's passions by a word—a look—a smile! It is to woman that this work is given. Woman, in her vocation, may cheer the tired spirit, may lend hope to the desponding, may whisper love to the lonely—while *man* may toil, and traffic, and fuss, and fret, and grow savage. Who would exchange places with him?"—*Ella Wentworth's Journal.*

BAYARD TAYLOR says "the peculiar talent of the Chinese is imitation. The Japanese do not content themselves with this, but are probably, next to the Yankees, the most inquiring race in the world, and would be inventors were it not for the restrictions of Government."

THE HEAT OF THE EARTH, below where the frost usually penetrates, averages a temperature of 48 degrees above freezing; this is the reason why springs do not freeze and not because of any quality in spring water.

STERNE'S Uncle Toby says that one of the tricks of women is to pretend that they have accidentally got something in their eye, and induce a man to look into it; and he says the man is sure gone if he looks there for that something.

A LIVING SUPERIORITY.—Woman has this great advantage over man—she proves her will in her lifetime, whilst man is obliged to wait till he is dead.—*Punch.*

LOVE that has nothing but beauty to keep it in good health, is short-lived, and apt to have ague fits, or something worse.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Four more of the Wheeling iron furnaces have resumed operations.

Pennsylvania maintains 9690 public schools at a cost of a little more than a million dollars a year.

Advices from the city of Mexico to the 7th January state that there is much excitement at Chihuahua and Sonora, in consequence of the new treaty with the United States,—leading men asserting that they will annex themselves to the United States rather than submit to the provisions of the Treaty. The Mexican Ministry still was incomplete.

The Working-men of the Joint Stock Nail Company at Phœnixville, have in contemplation the addition of $20,000 to their capital, for the purpose of commencing the manufacture of iron, in connection with nail-making. The stock is said to be now worth $118 a share, which is a considerable rise over the value of six months or a year ago.