The Miners' Journal

POTTSVILLE, PA.

SATURDAY, OCT. 1, 1853

☞ *THE MINERS' JOURNAL has a larger circulation than any other Newspaper published in Northern Pennsylvania. It circulates among the Coal, Iron and business men, not only in this and the adjoining counties, but in all our cities, and it also circulates largely among the miners in Schuylkill county, which renders it one of the most valuable Advertising mediums in the County. But few papers have so many capitalists enrolled on its subscription list.*

☞ *Clergymen and Public School Teachers will be supplied with The Miners' Journal at $1 per annum, in advance.*

AGENTS FOR MINERS' JOURNAL:

FREDERICK LAUDERBURN, Tamaqua;
THOMPSON A. GODFREY, Tremont;
CHARLES H. HUBBARD, 71 Pine St., New York.
Who are authorized to receive subscriptions, advertisements, &c., for the *Miners' Journal*, and receipts for the same.

BUSINESS DEPARTMENT.

☞ ANNVILLE ACADEMY, Lebanon Co., is advertised in our columns.

☞ PIERSON & DIAMENT have removed their Blank Book establishment to corner of 4th and Cherry Streets, Phila.

☞ SILKS, PLAIDS, SHAWLS, DEBEGES, &c., also Buttons of all kinds, at MARTER & SON's 178 N. 2d St., Phila. See advertisements.

NEAL DOW!!

The Hon. NEAL DOW, the author of the MAINE LIQUOR LAW, *the second Declaration of Independence*, will address the People on the SUBJECT OF TEMPERANCE, and the operation of the Maine Liquor Law, on COURT HOUSE HILL,

IN THE BOROUGH OF POTTSVILLE,

on *Sunday Afternoon, October 2d*, 1853, at half past two o'clock.

As Mr. DOW will be forced to leave Schuylkill County on Monday morning, to meet other engagements, this will be the only opportunity for the People to hear him.

By order of the
TEMPERANCE COMMITTEE.

☞ SHOULD the weather prove unfavorable, the Address will be delivered in the Court House.

TEMPERANCE MEETINGS.

Rev. Mr. MINNIG and others will address the people of the County on the subjects of Temperance and a Prohibitory Liquor Law, in *German* and English, at the following named places, during the coming week:

At Pinegrove, Monday, 3d,
At Friedensburg, Tuesday, 4th,
Schuylkill Haven, Wednesday, 5th,
Orwigsburg, Thursday, 6th,
McKeansburg, Friday, 7th.

☞ TO THE FRIENDS OF TEMPERANCE.—The Rum Statistics of Schuylkill County, in *English* and *German*, can be obtained at this office. Also, the Address of the County Temperance Committee in *English, German* and *Welsh*.

☞ HERE WE ARE!—Our columns are open to a hearing for any and all parties, Whig, Temperance, Native and Democratic, too, (if their own papers won't give them a show). Bring along the documents, gentlemen.

☞ WEDDINGS are frequent in Washington.—*Exchange.*

Ditto here—three on Thursday, two at the same hour. Memorable day the 29th of September, 1853, in Pottsville!

THE CHURCH ON TEMPERANCE.—The Lutheran Synod, in session in Philadelphia during the week, passed resolutions in favor of a Prohibitory Liquor Law and recommended all its ministers to preach Temperance sermons before the election.

The following is another important proceeding of this body:

Mr. Hutter offered a preamble and resolutions, urging the Lutheran Church to unceasing vigilance in opposing the efforts of the Roman Catholic Church to mutilate and destroy the efficiency of our common schools, by engrafting upon it features of a dangerous and obnoxious sectarian character, and by diverting a portion of the common school fund, from its proper, legitimate, and constitutional channels. The resolutions earnestly remonstrate against any such innovation, and pledge Synod to every lawful and honorable effort to resist and defeat it. They were unanimously passed.

A SPLENDID DESCRIPTION.—We have published the following before, but it is too good to be injured by a repetition:

"The Paul Denton, a Methodist preacher in Texas, advertised a barbecue, with better liquor than usually furnished. When the people were assembled, a desperado in the crowd cried out, "Mr. Paul Denton, your reverence has lied. You promised us not only a good barbecue but better liquor. Where is the liquor?"

"There" answered the missionary, in tones of thunder, and pointing his motionless finger at the matchless double spring, gushing up in two strong columns, with a sound like a shout of joy from the bosom of the earth! "There!" he repeated, with a look terrible as the lightning, while his enemy actually trembled on his feet; "there is the liquor which God, the Eternal, brews for all his children."

"Not in the simmering still, over smoky fires, choked with poisonous gases, and surrounded with the stench of sickening odors and rank corruptions, doth your father in Heaven prepare the precious essence of life, the pure cold water. But in the green glade and grassy dell, where the red deer wanders, and roe bounds, there doth God love to dwell; there God brews it; and down, low down in the deepest valleys, where the fountain murmurs, upon the tall mountain tops, where the naked granite glitters, like gold in the sun, where the storms crash, and away far out, on the wide, wild sea, where the hurricane howls music, and the big waves roar the chorus, sweeping the march of God; there he brews it, that beverage of life, health-giving water. And every where it is a thing of beauty, gleaming in the dew drop; singing in the summer rain; shining in the ice gem, till the trees all seem turned to living jewels, spreading a golden veil over the setting sun, or a white gauze around the midnight moon; sparkling in the cataract; sleeping in the glacier; dancing in the hail shower; folding its bright snow curtains softly about the wintry world; and weaving the many colored iris, that seraph's zone of the sky, whose warp is the rain drop of earth, whose woof is the sunbeam of heaven, all checkered over with celestial flowers, by the mystic hand of refraction. Still always is it beautiful—that blessed life water! no poison bubbles on its brink; its foam brings not madness and murder; no blood stains its liquid glass; pale widows and starving orphans weep not burning tears in its depth; no drunkard's shrieking ghost from the grave curses it in words of eternal despair! Speak out, my friends, would you exchange it for the demon's drink, alcohol?" A shout like the roar of a tempest answered—"No!"

☞ *Matrimonial Troubles of Clergymen.*—The Supreme Court, in session at Greenfield, Mass., has granted a divorce to a lady, the wife of a clergyman, on the ground of his having deserted her. She was allowed $100 alimony per year. The husband, it is said, deserted his wife because she charged him with preaching in bad grammar, and had advised him to give up preaching until he knew more. Another case is pending before the same tribunal, in which the wife of a clergyman prays for a divorce on the ground of ill treatment and neglect in sickness.

☞ *An Orthodox Dog.*—There is a dog at Greenfield, Mass., who is strictly sectarian in his religious notions. His master is a Baptist, but the dog is a Congregationalist, and, after accompanying his master to the Baptist Church, he goes regularly to the Congregational Church himself, and sleeps during the entire service.

☞ *The ladies turning Doctors.*—A Cincinnati exchange says: "The success of Dr. Caroline Brown in the practice of the medical profession has already had a sensible effect on the ladies in the country round about Cincinnati. Six young ladies, of good families and superior education, have applied for admission to the Eclectic Medical College at the approaching term."

☞ PARISIAN BALLOON FEAT.—Mr. Godard, of Paris, has arrived at the home of fashionable achievement. He has come down in a parachute, on horse-back. He descended from the height of about a mile. The pony touched ground without being the least frightened. Two years ago, to go up on horse-back was a marvel.

☞ *Endeavors are* being made to put down gambling houses in Vera Cruz. A fine of $200 has been imposed on one establishment of this character.

☞ "*A small mistake.*"—The Victoria (Texas) *Advocate* of the 2d ult., under the above heading, says: "Ex-President Lamar, instead of being dead, as reported, was only married."

SOMETHING FOR TAX-PAYERS!

And the Friends of Humanity to Read!!

THE RUM, PAUPER AND PRISON STATISTICS OF SCHUYLKILL COUNTY,

AN APPALLING STATEMENT!

COMPILED FROM OFFICIAL REPORTS.

	1851.					1852.					1853.				
	Stores selling liquor.	Beer Houses.	Paupers fr. Intemp.	Poor & Impotent.	Insane.	Stores selling liquor.	Beer Houses.	Taverns.	Paupers fr. Intemp.	Poor & Impotent.	Insane.	Stores selling liquor.	Beer Houses.	Taverns.	
Pottsville,	21	62	75	46	8	21	93	17	90	42	8	28	78	19	
Minersville,	11	11	25	19	4	20	25	9	37	13	3	17	38	9	
Schuyl. Haven,	7	4	21	12	5	8	10	7	38	13	4	10	10	8	
St. Clair,	11	9	5	2		9	13	5	1	3		4	19	6	
Tamaqua,	16	13	4	7	2	11	29	7	3	2	1	6	25	12	
Schuylkill,	6	5	1		1	14	16	5	2	2		4	21	8	
Blythe,	15	8	22	23	1	17	21	14	12	7	2	7	34	10	
New Castle,	7	1	4	1		5	13	7	8	2		2	23	6	
Cass,	4		8	3		10	4	2	4	2	1		83	4	
Tremont,	4	1	1			6	1	5	1	2			6	3	
Frailey,	3		3	1		3	2	1	0			2	5	3	
Branch,	6		2	2	1	5	4	5	6	3	2	1	13	5	
Norwegian,	5		5	2	2	5	10	3	3	1			16	5	
E. Norwegian,	11	4	15			4	22	3	4			1	4	1	
N. Manheim,	3		7	12	3	2	18	8	4	3		3	14	10	
Butler,	1					3	4					2	4	6	
Port Clinton,	3					2	1	3				2	1	5	
Port Carbon,	0			3	2			8		2		5	21	7	
In Coal Region	134	108	197	133	28	142	283	116	213	98	21	95	415	126	
Barry,	0			2			1	6						8	
Eldred,	0				2			2						2	
E. Brunswig,	6		1			3	5	2	2	1	2	5	4	4	
L. Mahantongo,	1							11						11	
U. Mahantongo,	4					3		3				3		2	
Orwigsburg,	3		2	2	1		1	4	1	2		1	1	4	
Pinegrove Tp.,	0		2	3			3	3	1	1				1	
Pinegrove Boro',	0		1	2			3	3	1				6	3	
Union,	0					4		4				4		4	
W. Brunswig,	0		1	1	1		4	5		2				2	
West Penn,	6		2			7	1	8	1	1	1	2	3	6	
Wayne,	0				1		1	5	1	2	1		6	8	
Rush & Mahanoy,	0					1		9				1		13	
S. Manheim,	0			1	1	1		2	1	1		1		2	
Porter,	0							5				1		4	
Country Dist.,	20	2	8	12	7	19	20	72	8	10	4	18	20	72	
Coal Region.	134	108	197	133	28	142	283	116	213	98	21	95	415	126	
Grand Total,	154	110	205	145	35	161	303	188	221	108	25	113	435	198	

RECAPITULATION.

Coal Region.	1851.	1852.	1853.
Beer Houses,	108	283	415
Stores selling liquor,	134	142	95
Taverns, (no return.)	116	126	126
		541	636
Total No. of Paupers,	358	332	
Intemporate,	197	213	
Impotent and Insane,	161	119	

Two-thirds of the Poor and Impotent and of the Insane, the Alms House officers assure us, originate in Intemperate habits—thus making in all, for 1851 and 1852, respectively:

Paupers from Intemperance, 345—294.

Country Districts:	1851.	1852.	1853.
Beer Houses,	2	20	20
Stores selling liquor	20	19	18
Taverns, (no return.)	72	72	72
	111	111	110
Total No. of Paupers,	27	26	
Intemperate,	8	8	
Impotent and Insane,	19	11	

Making for the years 1851 and 1852, respectively:

Paupers from Intemperance, 21—18.

Mark the difference between the number of Liquor-selling establishments in the Coal Region and the Country Districts, respectively. For this year (1853):

636 to 110!!!

Also, the comparative number of Paupers from Intemperance for two years:

598 to 294!!!

The Alms-House Reports we procure regularly at the close of each year—hence, we have no statistics of the Paupers, Insane, &c., as yet, for this year. But it is supposed the number will be largely increased, as a late Grand Jury accordingly ordered more cells to be fitted up, and if the number of prisoners goes on increasing as it has done so far, since the erection of the building, in another year THE JAIL MUST BE DOUBLED, to accommodate its inmates.

Think of that, Tax-payers!

NO. OF LICENSED HOUSES TO THE VOTERS.

At last Presidential Election, votes polled in County, 5786

In Coal Region,	5983
In County Districts,	2803
No. of Licensed Liquor Establishments in Coal Region,	636

Which gives one legally *Licensed* Liquor Establishment to every

NINE AND A HALF VOTERS

In the Region, to say nothing of the numberless grogseries, where liquors of all kinds are sold without license. The proportion in the remainder of the County, is one Licensed Establishment to every TWENTY-six Voters!

It is estimated that TWO-THIRDS of all the money, raised from the hard earnings of the people and paid into the Treasury for County purposes, goes to defray the Pauper and Criminal expenses of the County, incurred from the traffic in Rum!

About HALF A MILLION DOLLARS are annually poured down the throats of the people of Schuylkill County, in the shape of Rum! This goes to enrich and make fat the Dealers in the traffic; but except them, is any one else benefitted, pecuniarily or otherwise? The Drinkers themselves are injured morally, mentally and physically, degraded in character, ruined in business, and perhaps killed outright by the alcholic poison: poverty, want and suffering are multiplied in families; innocent, helpless children are made orphans; and sorrowing wives rendered worse than widows; crime is increased; and the taxes of the County swelled to an enormous amount for the sober, industrious, honest and hard-working Farmer, Mechanic and Laborer, to pay.

We lay these facts, (and *facts* they unquestionably are, founded, for the most part, upon *official* records)—we lay these facts before the people of Schuylkill County, that they may examine them carefully, think over them and draw their own conclusions therefrom. We appeal to every candid, conscientious citizen—with these plain and powerful truths before you, we ask, does not Schuylkill County need a Prohibitory Liquor Law?

Day after day, and year after year, we have gone on, tamely submitting to this worse than Tyrant's rule of the Rum traffic of the County—our business has been retarded, the moral tone of our people depreciated, crime, riot, and even murder stalking broadly, at noon-day, in our midst; drunkards wallowing in our gutters or reeling along our public highways; the piteous cries of weeping children and suffering wives, in their squalid poverty, ringing in our ears: the sober and industrious ground to the dust with enormous taxation, to defray the expenses of the Rum-manufactured paupers and criminals—shall we, *can* we longer bear the oppressor's iron heel?

No! Let every Freeman's heart respond *No!!* Up and strike one mighty blow at the common foe of humanity. Let us unite and to this internal traffic in Schuylkill County—Heaven will smile upon the effort—let every voter remember his responsibility, both to God and his fellow-citizens, and act as a rational, accountable being!

In the absence of any prominent party issues in the present campaign, we call upon the people of the County to rise above the considerations of mere partizan affinities in the choice of their Legislative Representatives and, acting from the impulses of a generous, conscientious, honest nature, to make one united effort on the side of virtue, morality and Temperance. It would be superfluous to argue the necessity of Temperance Reform in Schuylkill County—every citizen sees and knows for himself that the Liquor traffic, as now conducted, is a crime-producing, tax-increasing, *legalized* institution. Daily experience brings this truth home with powerful, undeniable force, to every man, woman and child of common sense and common honesty in the County. Why, then, put off the day of Reform? It must be met, and sooner or later it *will* be accomplished—why not undertake it at once? Why defer it and suffer this demoniacal traffic longer to prey upon our very vitals—to eat out our substance, to cripple our business resources and to crush our energies of mind and body?—Now is the most favorable opportunity—there are no pressing party interests at stake, no important General Government or State officers to be chosen at the coming election—everything combines to invite you to a cooperation with the friends of a Prohibitory Liquor Law. We appeal to you as citizens and tax-payers, whose hard-earned, toil-bought substance is remorselessly devoured by this accursed traffic—accursed of God and man—we appeal to you as parents, who value both the temporal and spiritual welfare of the rising generation; to purify the pestilential moral atmosphere in which they are growing up; we appeal to you as friends of law and order, of sobriety, of morality and virtue, as friends of humanity, we call upon you to exercise that inherent inalienable right of *Free-men*, to think and act for yourselves—rouse in your might, in the might of an independent, free people; throw off the arbitrary shackles of mere party dictation, and come to the polls next Tuesday a-week, prepared and determined to battle for Right, Justice and Morality, in the election of only Maine Law Men for the Legislature!

ADDRESS TO THE PEOPLE,

IN FAVOR OF THE MAINE LAW.

To the Free and Independent Voters of Schuylkill County:

FELLOW CITIZENS:—At a Temperance Convention held in the Borough of Pottsville on the 22d of September, the undersigned were appointed a Committee to prepare an address on the subject of Temperance, to the citizens of this County, and the duty of Temperance men at the approaching election.—The dreadful progress, Fellow Citizens, which intemperance has made in this section of the State, within the last few years, has become a just cause of alarm to every well-wisher of the community, and to arouse his attention, if possible, to some means to avert the evils which are spreading broadcast with accumulating violence daily, over the habitations of our citizens.

Moral Suasion has been tried, and under its influence, for a while, the prospects grew brighter that the blighting curse of Intemperance might be removed from the land by an appeal to the better feelings of our nature, and a presentation of public wrongs, private woes, confessions of the living, and the regrets of the dying; but, alas! habits and the allurements of temptation have proved stronger than the best resolutions, and the light which first appeared as in the dawn, is again obscured in the recruited ranks of drunkenness, which now numbers with its victims youth and old age with rapid strides on the highway to destruction. Fellow Citizens, is there no hope left us? We answer yes; and that hope is in the enactment of a law like that of Maine, similar to that of our sister States, where this evil has been met with a philanthropy that knew no turning, and with a perseverance that would not yield to the fatigues of toil. We present to you the MAINE LAW, not an untried experiment, not a mere vision of the fancy, but a law as kind in its provisions to the inebriate as the acts of the Good Samaritan were to the individual found by the way-side; for it will remove temptation from you; close up your vision the haunts of vice; renovate your intellectual powers, and cause to spring anew within your bosom the hopes of manhood, that will teach you your duty to your families, to your country, and your God. This law to which we wish to draw your attention is not as has been represented by its opponents.—Tyrany and a destruction of your rights is not stamped on any of its features, but wholesome in all its provisions, is better calculated to remove intemperance from the land, than any that yet has been tried. Its opponents say it gives the right of search of your premises to any individual whenever they may think proper; believe them not—it requires the oath of three citizens to be made first, before some magistrate, that liquor is concealed upon the premises for the purposes of sale, before any man can invade your premises or enter your household for that purpose. And in this is there any wrong?—Why, fellow citizens, do not the laws of Pennsylvania now authorize your premises to be searched upon the oath of one man, if he will swear that he believes it contains stolen property? And who, in this State or elsewhere, has ever thought this provision of our law to be tyrannical except, perhaps, the thief who has stolen and concealed your goods, and by its provisions may be brought to justice. You are further told, fellow citizens, that it will pass the Maine Liquor Law, you dare neither drink nor manufacture liquor of any description; let us again repeat, believe them not—it contains no such provisions, and it only says that no one shall manufacture liquor for the purpose of sale to his neighbor, but contains no prohibition, if manufactured for private use; and if an individual chooses to manufacture for himself, and drink, he can do so even if the Maine Law were passed; but whilst indulging *his* appetite, he dare not sell it as a beverage, or present the accursed cup to the lips of his neighbor. And if a man is bent on self-destruction, is there anything tyrannical in a law that prevents him from taking the life of his neighbor and friend?

Who does not know amongst you, Fellow-Citizens, that Intemperance is the cause and foundation of almost every crime committed against society? Who amongst us does not know it is the cause of most of the burdens you endure by means of taxation for the support of crime and pauperism, which intemperance fills our happy country with? And is honest industry still to toil on that the Brewer and Distiller may grow rich at the expense of your muscles and your sweat; that their families may be clothed in fine silks and fed upon the luxuries of the land, and livein fine houses, whilst their victims shall endure the pangs of poverty—be clothed in rags, and become the inmates of jails and poor houses? Injurious as intemperance is to the community at large, and fearful as the penalties are to all those who indulge to excess in alcoholic drinks, yet, as temperance men, we ask not for the enactment of the Maine Law in this State without it will meet the approbation of the people; and as a majority should rule in all republics, we merely ask that an opportunity be given the citizens of this State to express their opinions upon this subject whether vice and intemperance shall rule and reign unchecked with all its crimes and woes, or, whether temperance shall take their place, and by its industry dry up the tears of sorrow and affliction, and fill the baskets of want with plenty. To you, Fellow-Citizens, without respect to party, the question is submitted; on your votes, the responsibility of the future of our country for good or evil rests—then rise for once above mere party trammels and feelings, at a time too when there are so few political questions of moment before the people of the State, dividing them in opinion, and cast your ballots for

THOMPSON A. GODFREY (Whig), Trem't, and
CHARLES W. CLEMENS (Dem.), of Pottsville,

Who are pledged in favor of the Prohibition of the Liquor traffic, and who are equally as competent to legislate upon all the other questions of either a public or party nature, as any of the other candidates presented for your suffrages. Do this, Fellow-Citizens, and thousands of poor, broken-hearted parents, widows and orphans will invoke the Supreme Ruler of the Universe to shower down innumerable blessings upon yourselves and your families.

B. BARTHOLOMEW, Pottsville:
BENJ. DELONG, Schuylkill Haven;
J. F. EREICHLER, McKeansburg;
MILTON BAILEY, Tamaqua;
E. CHICHESTER, Schuy'l. Haven;
ELI THOMPSON, Port Carbon;
JOHN BARNDT, Tremont.

☞ *A Railroad turn.*—TIM.—Bob, by setting on that side, you are missing all the sights on this side.

BOB.—Never mind, I am sighting all the misses on *this* side.

☞ *The cause* of Temperance in Kentucky is progressing finely.

THE COAL TRADE FOR 1853.

The quantity sent by Rail Road this week is 44,068 01—by Canal, 26,263 16—for the week, 70,331 17 tons. Total by Rail Road, 1,240,951 12 tons, against 1,112,017 11—total by Canal, 631,127 06 tons, against 557,981 01 tons to same period last year.

The supply this week is heavy, showing an increase of 12,901 tons over last week; 3,942 tons of which is by Canal, and 9,049 by Rail Road.

Freights have advanced to the East, and vessels are becoming very scarce. The freight to Boston had run up yesterday to $1 80, and it was supposed it would go up to $2, unless vessels become more plenty.

The price of Coal is advancing, and every effort is making in this region, by the Operators, to increase the supply, and meet, in some measure, the great demand for Coal. But two months of the shipping season remains, and the Schuylkill Region is behind the supply to same period last year 51,916 tons, and the Lehigh 80,398 tons—in the aggregate 138,314 tons deficiency from these two regions.

The Coal Trade of the Shamokin region has opened, but with new operations the business moves slowly, and the quantity sent to market for the balance of the season will not exceed, if it reaches the quantity sent to market last year, which was 25,816 tons.

We have been asked by several Operators why we did not publish Mr. Hammekin's communication last week. The reason is simply this:—When we promised to publish it, we had not read it, not having had time to do so. After examining it, we found that it contained statements which might involve both the author and publisher in unnecessary difficulty, and therefore could not consent to publish it in that shape, particularly as it contained one or two statements which we knew were unfounded. The author took the communication away for the purpose of revising it, and it was not returned to us, but appeared in the *Register* as an advertisement, with the portions expunged that we objected to. These are the reasons why it did not appear in the *Journal*. All *facts* connected with the recent frauds, we will not hesitate to lay before the public, we care not who it may affect, or where it may strike—but we will not publish attacks upon any party, unless they are sustained by evidence, merely to satisfy private ends. We allude, of course, to that portion of the communication to which we objected.

BY TELEGRAPH.

FRIDAY, 3 o'CLOCK.

Freights from Richmond:	
To Boston,	$1 80
New York,	1 15
New Haven,	1 40
Providence,	1 45
Washington,	1 10
Albany,	1 40
R. Island,	1 50
Hartford,	1 87

REPORT OF SHIPMENTS

From Richmond, for the week ending on Saturday, Sept. 24, 1853:

Sh. BE	Sg	Sch.	Sls.	Bts	Destination.	Tons.
1	2	33			Boston & vicin.	6,755
		14		1	Conn. & R. I.	2466
		11		1	N. Y. & vicin.	6614
		15	1	0	North River	3593
		21	13	7	Southern Pts.	3516
Tl. 1	2	94	14	42	For the week,	22,744
Vessels for season,					For season,	850,595
To same time last year,						979,083
Decrease this year,						128,488

Boston and vicinity includes everything going East of Cape Cod, to Massachusetts, New Hampshire and Maine.

Southern Ports includes everything to the South ern States and West Indies, as well as to all towns on Delaware River below Richmond.

COAL TRADE BY RAILROAD & CANAL FOR 1853.

Sent by Railroad and Canal for the week ending on Thursday Evening last.

	RAILROAD.				CANAL.			
	WEEK.	TOTAL	WEEK.	TOTAL	WEEK.	TOTAL	WEEK.	TOTAL
P C.	14,053 05	404,066 08	11,146 05	292,261 13				
P.	2,503 04	68,063 09	1,195 17	40,372 07				
SH	19,428 14	530,809 01	12,249 02	238,963 15				
P. C.	7,992 06	244,012 15	1,672 12	49,369 11				
	44,068 09	1,246,951 13	26,263 16	631,127 06				
	26,263 16	631,127 06						
	70,332 05	1,878,078,19						
Shipments last year to same period.								
	Week.			Total.				
Railroad,	39,630 11			1,342,013 14				
Canal,	24,350 16.			597,981 01				
	64,181 07			1,939,994 12				
				1,878,078 19				
Decrease so far this year,				61,915 13				

RAIL ROADS.

The following is the quantity of Coal transported over the different Railroads in Schuylkill County, for the week ending Thursday evening:

		Week.	Total.
Mine Hill & S. H. R. R.		31,275 03	744,293 07
Mill Creek	do	12,091 02	324,888 01
Mount Carbon	do.	4,040 19	109,049 07
Schuylkill Valley	do	12,435 08	327,986 18
Mt. Carbon & Pt. Carbon		13,434 16	369,825 17
Little Schuylkill R. R.		9,367 18	276,375 04
Union Canal	do	2,118 14	56,800 02
Swatara	do	1,303 13	39,517 10

LEHIGH COAL TRADE FOR 1853.

For the week ending Sept. 24, 1853:

	Week.	Total.
Summit Mines,	11,837 15	250,949 2
Room Run Mines,	2,359 16	54,817 1
Beaver Meadow Co.,	2,005 16	33,968 9
East Sugar Loaf,	1,316 14	17,813 11
Spring Mountain Coal,	3,971 12	57,831 4
Colerain Coal,	1,788 9	30,408 7
Hazleton Coal Co.,	4,067 8	81,042 1
Cranberry,	1,449 13	31,778 5
Sugar Loaf,	1,102 8	39,071 7
Buck Mountain Coal Co.,	2,442 5	33,610 10
Wilkesbarre Coal Co.,	739 10	18,063 8
	33,301 06	724,553 5
Last year,	34,325 11	811,060 15
Decrease this year,		86,397 10

RATES OF TOLL AND TRANSPORTATION ON RAILROAD TO OCT. 1, 1853.

	From M. Carbon.	S. Haven.	P. Clinton
To Richmond,	1,90	1,35	1,65
To Philadelphia,	1,75	1,70	1,50

RATES OF TOLL BY CANAL UNTIL Oct. 1, 1853.

From Port Carbon to Philadelphia,		90
" Mount Carbon to "		85
" Schuylkill Haven to "		65
" Port Clinton to "		75

RATES OF FREIGHT BY CANAL.

	Philadelphia.	N. York
From Port Carbon,	65 to 75	1 70
" Mount Carbon,	65 to 75	1 70
" Schuylkill Haven,	70 to 80	1 65
" Port Clinton,	00	0 00

CUMBERLAND BITUMINOUS COAL TRADE

For the week ending Sept. 17, 1853:

	R. ROAD.	CANAL.	TOTAL.
Mt. Savage R. R. to	3,061	1,897	4,958
Cumberland R. R. to	4,303	1,292	5,595
Lonaconing R. R.			2,573
Total for the week,			13,125
Total for the year,			341,301 tons.

Cumberland Miners Journal.

NEW ADVERTIMTS.

NEW MUSIC.

JUST PUBLISHED

SONGS:—Dearest Brother we miss thee—words by Charlie H. B. Bells; Music by Geo F. Root. Hardly were we the day, from the German, by J. A. Geize.

Why do the flowers bloom, Mother? Sung by F. Willie's on the dark blue sea—by the author of Lilly Dale.

I have loved thee—as sung by Buckley's Serenaders, just received and for sale at BANNAN'S Music and Piano Store, Centre St., Pottsville.

Oct. 1, 1853. 40—

SIBBALD'S PATENT METALLINE *COMPOUND.*

FOR the preservation of Steam Boilers, from the adhesion of scale-incrustation, corrosion, &c. Patented in the Country, Great Britain, France, &c. This composition has been extensively tested on Steam Boilers, by the Government of the United States and individuals, it prevents the adhesion of Scale, the corrosion of the Boiler, and is calculated to protect it from the injurious effect of all water—It is also applicable to IRON; or WOOD and IRON where they come in contact; to Railroads &c. Pamphlets of its merits, and certificates from the United states Navy Department, as others following, and the Compound for sale by SNYDER & MILNE.

Oct. 1, 1853. 40-6m

ANNVILLE ACADEMY,

ANNVILLE, LEBANON CO., PA.

THIS School is open during the year, except a few weeks in the Summer.

The course of instruction embraces the various branches of English and Classical literature. The accommodations are ample. A large and commodious House adjacent to the Academy, has been fitted up with furnished rooms, &c., for the reception of Boarders.

TERMS.—For Tuition, Board, Washing, Fuel and Light, $10 per month. Students are received at any time in the year, and charged only for the time of their stay. ☞ For Circulars, information, &c., address, W. J. BURNSIDE, A. M., Principal.

Oct. 1, 1853. 40-3t

REMOVAL.

PIERSON & DIAMENT, (late Wm. Pierson.)

WHOLESALE and Retail BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURERS and STATIONERS, have removed from No. 43 North 4th Street, to No. W. Corner of 4th and Cherry Streets, PHILADELPHIA.

Account Books of the finest quality, together with all kinds of superior Stationery, suitable for Banking or Commercial purposes, constantly on hand—Books ruled to any pattern, and made in the most durable manner, at the shortest notice. All work warranted.

☞ Banks, Offices, and Merchants supplied on moderate terms.

Oct. 1, 1853. 40-5m

EXECUTOR'S SALE of REAL ESTATE.

THE Executors of the last Will and Testament of John Wiltrauk, late of Manheim Township, Schuylkill County, now deceased, will sell at Public Sale, at the Public House of William Maze, in the Borough of Pottsville, on MONDAY, October 3d, 1853, at 1 o'clock P. M.—

ALL that certain message, tenement and tract of land situate in the township and County aforesaid, bounded by lands of Abraham Hillman, Frederick Fried, Philip Bachert and others, containing 160 acres, more or less, partly timber land and partly cleared and cultivated. The improvements are a two-story log dwelling house and a log barn.

DANIEL BERGER,
JOSEPH HILLEGAS,
Executors of John Wiltrauk, dec'd.

Oct. 1, 1853. 40-3t

DRESS BUTTONS—VELVET RIBBONS—RIGOLETTES.

MARTER & SON, 15 North Second street, Invite the attention of STOREKEEPERS To their new opening, in great variety, of Dress Buttons, Velvet Ribbons, Rigolettes, Rigolettes, Fancy Gimps, Trimming Braids, Serpentine " Zephyr Worsteds, Cloak Bindings, Canvass Hosiery, Gloves, Worsted Yarns, AND Glass, Enamelled, Silk, Satin, Dress, Steel AND FANCY BUTTONS.

Oct. 1, 1853. 40-1m

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

PURSUANT to an order of the Orphans' Court of Schuylkill County, the Subscribers, Administrators of the Estate of Jacob Shappel, sen., late of N. Mahelm, in the County of Schuylkill, deceased, will expose to sale by Public Vendue, on Saturday the 29th day of October inst., at 10 o'clock in the morning on the premises, in the township of N. Manheim, Schuylkill County, all that certain message, tenement and tract of land situate in the township aforesaid, bounded by lands of John Plummer, Daniel Miller, Jeremiah Miller, Reuben DeLong, Daniel Shappell, Daniel Oswald and others, containing 90 acres more or less.

ALSO, All those certain two lots of ground situate in Schuylkill Haven, in said County, adjoining lots of Andrew Wilson, heirs of John Christian and others, fronting on Liberty street, each lot containing in front 40 feet, in depth 200 feet—being lots No. 19 and 20 in John Christian's plan of Schuylkill Haven. Late the Estate of the deceased. Attendance will be given, and the conditions of sale made known at the time and place of sale by

FRANKLIN SHAPPELL,
JACOB SCHAPPELL,
Administrators.

By order of the Court,
LEWIS RESZER, Clerk.

Oct. 1, 1853.

SILKS—PLAIDS—SHAWLS—DE BEGE.

MARTER & SON, 15 North Second Street, Invite attention to their new stock of Black Silks, Rich and elegant Silks of 63c., 75c., and $1. Cashmere, Highland, Wool de Lanes, Silk Plaids, Commencing at 44 cents. Broche Silks, Figured Silks, Solid Color Silks, Tan Color Silks, Rich Plaid Silks, Cherry and Black plaid Silks. And high colored Dahlia silks, High Colored Cashmere, Do do do Thibet, Printed Cashmere, Palm Figured, Bay State Square, Bay Shawls, and Broche Shawls.

All at low prices.
De Beges, De Beges,
Plaid De Laines,
Tan Cashmere,
Plaid Cashmere,
Striped De Laines,
Woolen Plaids.
Canton Flannels:
In the TRIMMINGS DEPARTMENT are
Brides, Gimps,
Bindings, Buttons,
Zephyr Worsteds,
Zephyr Patterns,
French Worsted Slippers,
Cloak and Apron Tassels, &c,
Velvet Ribbons,
Rigolettes—Rigolettes.
In New and Rich Designs.
Wholesale and Retail.

Oct.