The Miners' Journal

POTTSVILLE, PA.

Saturday Morning, Aug. 27.

B. BANNAN, Editor and Proprietor.
C. LITTLE, Associate Editor.

DEMOCRATIC WHIG NOMINATIONS.

FOR AUDITOR GENERAL,
ALEX. K. McCLURE, OF FRANKLIN COUNTY.
FOR SURVEYOR GENERAL,
CHRISTIAN MYERS, OF CLARION COUNTY
FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER,
MOSES POWNALL, OF LANCASTER COUNTY.

A FRANK BUT SEVERE ADMISSION.

The Democracy of the country are just now in a very bad way,—even saltpetre would hardly be efficacious in its present feverish condition. The late Administration appointments have severed the ties, which for a time held the several disconsonant elements together, and each clan is now hoisting its own independent colors and calling to arms on its own responsibility. Scarcely a stronghold in the Union, where the belligerent factions have not either openly taken the field, or the peace of "the camp" is not disturbed by their wrangles. Gen. Pierce has been openly repudiated in many quarters, and his Administration handled without gloves. His own State, Judge Burke leading off, set the example some time ago, and others have not been slow in following up this first hard blow. The following frank admission from the New York *Journal of Commerce*, a most decided and influential supporter of Gen. Pierce, is one of the severest strictures we have seen:

"In electing Gen. Pierce to the Presidency, it was supposed that prominence and influence had been given to the National sentiment which had so conspicuously triumphed over sectionalism. The country did not understand, in electing Gen. Pierce, that the union of factionists held together by the spoils, would constitute the Government, and that those who had been conspicuous in giving a controll of direction to public affairs at a great juncture, should occupy only a subordinate part in its machinery. In our judgment, Gen. Pierce has gone counter to the public intention, and has committed a capital error. We express this opinion with deep sorrow. We have no personal disappointments of any description to avenge. He has been liberally dealt with sectionally favorable to the National idea, and has bestowed power and command on his antagonists; thus holding out an inducement for treachery and desertion of the Constitution, and holding it out to the leaders of those who, feeling that they had committed a great error, were ready to return to their allegiance to the country by assenting to the supremacy of the class, who, throughout the contest, had shown their patriotism and their ability to govern. The appointment of Mr. Sickles, recently made, intended as an exception to the general policy, is one of those mistakes which, under a sudden conviction of error, is often committed. The National feeling of the country, sickened at the display of mere sentiment in its favor, has arrived at the solemn judgment, *that the President has come short of the duties which a great position imported; and of the high distinction which in performance would unquestionably have conferred.* In our columns to-day may be found an able communication on this subject."

SCHUYLKILL CO. FOR PROHIBITION

Next Saturday, the friends of a Prohibitory Liquor Law throughout the County, without distinction of political partizanship, are to select Delegates for the Convention, to meet in this place on the Monday following, 5th prox. It is earnestly hoped the matter will be properly attended to, that a full representation may be sent from every district. Preparations are making here for a great day on Monday. Rev. Pennell Coombe has been engaged to be present at the Convention, and also to address a general meeting of the people in the evening. The Convention will assemble in the Sons of Temperance Hall, at 1 o'clock, P. M., and after the transaction of business (the selection of candidates, a Whig and a Democrat, for the Legislature) one or more addresses will be delivered. A cordial invitation is extended to *all*, to attend throughout the proceedings, as well as to be present in the evening. See call by the County Committee.

This question must and *will* be met in Pennsylvania, and that very soon. Politicians and other interested parties may as well accede to the demands of the people and take it up at once. It cannot be dodged much longer. Already Legislative tickets, pledged for a Prohibitory Law, have been formed in Northumberland, Montgomery, Lycoming, Clinton and other counties, and others are preparing to follow their example. No movement, political or moral, since the days of American Independence, has ever spread over the country with such rapidity or so soon found its way into popular favor, as the Maine Law. It is already in operation in some five or six States, and it has become a prominent issue, we may safely say, in more than half the whole Union.

In New York and Pennsylvania, the two great controlling states of the Union, politically considered, the Maine Law had almost carried its their last Legislatures—the vote in each showed a strong favorable disposition of the members, of all parties indiscriminately, though elected mostly without immediate reference to this question. In New York, even its enemies have conceded it inevitable—"a manifest destiny"—and from the present appearance of things in this State, we hopefully augur the early consideration and passage of the Law.

OBSERVANCE OF THE SABBATH

A Society has been founded in Paris for "Sunday repose." Its principle of action is moral suasion. The signers of the agreement engage to do no work on the Sabbath, nor to cause others to work, and to neither buy nor sell. They agree to give their custom to such tradesmen and master workmen as conform to their ideas of the subject; this is thought to be nothing more than just, as an indemnity is certainly due to such as voluntarily renounce labor on the most profitable day in the week.

Such societies are much needed in many other countries in Europe, besides France; and we grieve to be forced to confess that a similar laxity, in regard to the observance of the Sabbath, is gradually making innovations upon the good old Puritan notions of this country. Public opinion should set its face against it at once, or if that will not do, stop its headway by wholesome laws. We firmly believe that, with nations, as well as with individuals, irreverence for the Sabbath is a most dangerous custom. Besides the authority of the divine injunction, to keep one day in seven as a day of rest, experience has demonstrated, beyond question, that man's natural constitution requires it—it is best for him, morally, mentally and physically.

☞ THE COMET.—Who has not seen the Comet? Any clear evening now-a-days from an hour after sun-set to about 9 o'clock, it is visible to the naked eye in the North western part of the Heavens. The nucleus is of about the brightness of a star of the third magnitude, and its tail, extending upwards one or two degrees, can also be distinguished. Astronomers have been watching this Comet for a month or two past. It was discovered by Mr. Khukertues on the 10th of June last. It is thirty millions of miles distant from the Sun, but some two or three times more remote from the earth.

The mean distance of the Sun from us is 95 millions of miles—by which the several relative distances of the three bodies, the Sun, the Earth and the Comet, may be comparatively estimated.

☞ "OPPOSITION, THE LIFE OF TRADE."—During the week, two agents have been engaged distributing the daily City papers to our citizens. Heretofore the business has been exclusively in the hands of one individual.—The young man, who has started the opposition, has been quite successful so far, and we understand, gives very general satisfaction by his promptness and obliging disposition.

Editor's Cable.

WHAT in the world is "A Protestant Dissenter driving at? For the life of us, we cannot discover. If he will select any one subject, and come to us with some show of purpose apparent, we will, probably, publish his communication. Space in our columns is especially valuable at this time.

"JOHN LIMEBURNER" is capital; but he will please recollect that "too much of a good thing is good for nothing."

SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN.—This is a superior paper, especially adapted to the wants of Mechanics, Inventors, &c. In this respect, we know of none equal to it in the whole list of newspapers and periodicals throughout the country. It contains all the latest improvements and discoveries, scientific and mechanical, together with the patents and claims from the Patent office, accompanied with explanatory diagrams. It is issued weekly by Munn & Co., New York, in pamphlet form, at 82 a year. $450 are offered in prizes this year for the largest subscription lists. See prospectus of the IXth volume in another column. To be had at *Bannan's*.

GRAHAM for September is an interesting number. Its engravings are hand-some, and its reading matter presents variety enough to please all tastes. The illustrations of the scenery of the Rhine are excellent—truthful and well executed—they will be continued through another number. There is a pretty piece of music on the first page. Price of Graham $3 a year, or 25 cents a number—to be had at *Bannan's*.

THE LONDON QUARTERLY has just entered upon its XLIth year. The number before us, for July, is peculiarly interesting and valuable. It contains "Annals of Ireland, by the four Masters;" "Baron Haxthausen's Notes on Russia," "The Palmerston Policy," "Memoirs of Tom Moore," &c., &c.—Blackwood and the four Quarterly Reviewers are published in New York by Scott & Co., and can be had at *Bannan's*. Price for Black wood or any one Review, $3—both, $5—4 Reviews and Blackwood, $10.

A NEAT LITTLE BOOK, entitled "Trevaro and other Poems," published by John Robins, Pottsville, has just made its appearance. The author, a citizen of this County, modestly makes himself known to the public only as "Alpha Lyra." In mechanical execution, the work is creditably got up—being printed in large, legible type, on good, clear paper, contains several well executed embellishments, and is handsomely bound.

As to the merits of the poems, they possess some commendable features; though there is, also, much in them unworthy the distinctive appellation of *poetry*. They are, however, very readable hereabouts, for the local character of most of the productions. The author's salutatory bow is very awkward; though, this being his first work, we believe, there is a chance and no lack of room for improvement. To strike the average *tone* of the work, we would like to quote some of its extreme flats and sharps, but, for want of room, our readers must be content with the appended extracts, till such days a book for himself. Subject—The Apotheosis of Knowledge,"—the pitch is decidedly *high*:

"Knowledge divine is vast!
Great, grand, sublime, unconprehensible!
Wide as the space an Angel's wing would cleave
Through heaven's azure for a myriad years,
Beyond where Saturn whirls his shining rings—
Farther than thought can go, from verge to verge
Of the dim universe.

Beyond the extremity
Of the far darting parallactic rods
Of quadrantic Formilhaut and Orion,
Knowledge Divine extends its area;
Farther than telescopic views attain at Cambridge.—
Where heaven ever spreads its high imperial dome,
Whence the bright suns which shine on unknown worlds
Are hung like glittering lamps by golden rays,
Of Omnipotence's ubiquitous throne;
Deep as the tripods of the widest circling sun,
Arching its height path way far around
The centre of the universe (self circled
By its secondary train),
Hailed by the comets on eccentric path,
Like ships of war bound on a distant cruise;
Swifter than the electric spark a thousand years,
Far heaven beyond the rays of Sirius,
Farther than poetic fable, North and South
Beyond the Dragon's black Plutonic mouth.

* * * * * * *

Knowledge is free and brave, as just and great—
Knowledge is wisdom, eloquence and truth;
Her attributes are these—over all the gifts,
Given by her to world-loved WASHINGTON!
To Henry, Jackson, Webster, Calhoun, Clay,
Shakspeare, Milton, Pope, Byron, Cowper, Burns,
Howard, Hallock, Dawson and Hyperion;
These and a thousand others learnt of her.
Ere o'er the mental Lyre their fingers touched—
Some chords connected with the human heart—
The magic force of heaven-born eloquence.
Which master spirits sway o'er Hydra multitudes,
That exercised by Stowe's pathetic pen,
Is knowledge, harmoniously turned;
Or that which idiomatic Dickens weaves
With many a quaint devised satyric string,
Into the bare realities of impostic life;
And yet another and another use she puts
Beyond all price—invaluably great,
All-worth, divine and inestimable,
Which is the knowledge of the truth in God
And in his holy word forever!—
Earth and Heaven shall dissolve, but that shall never.

TAMAQUA AFFAIRS

[FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.]

A man named Backus was dangerously and it is feared mortally injured on Mr. Wm. Levan's Slope, on last Wednesday. He was in a car, when the chain connecting it with the machinery at the top broke, precipitating him and the car about one hundred feet, mangling and crushing him dreadfully. He has a family which resides in Pottsville.

An explosion of fire damp occurred in Messrs. Bowman and Richardson's Slope, last Monday, about noon, in which Mr. Henry Nelk was very badly, and Mr Andrew Carr, fatally burnt. Mr. Carr lived till Wednesday evening. It is feared this accident was the result of carelessness, as it was well known to the men that the Breast, in which they exposed their unprotected lamps, contained large quantities of the fire damp Mr. Carr leaves a family to mourn his loss.

The subject of a Prohibitory Liquor Law is attracting considerable public attention, and embraces amongst its strongest advocates a large majority of our law and order loving citizens. But while we feel confident that, if the question in its true merits should be submitted to a vote of the people, the result would startle the advocates of rum-selling, yet we doubt much whether the advocates of Temperance could be united on an independent Temperance Ticket—its success would be regarded with much doubt, and hundreds of our most ardent Temperance men would follow their party predilections, rather than trust to a doubtful issue. Let each party give us one Legislative candidate with nerve enough to avow himself an advocate of the Maine Law. The views of the people then can be fairly tested, and the strength of the Temperance party manifested.

An independent Temperance Ticket cannot receive the support of more than one-half of those who would support Maine Law men on their respective party tickets. This we believe to be true, as I regard our Borough a fair criterion of the result for the County. CONSTITUENT.

Tamaqua, Aug. 26, 1853.

[Our correspondent is one of the "free and independent," and therefore entitled to his own opinion—we publish it, to show that we have no disposition to institute "gag" law, but rather that we encourage the expression of honest, conscientious opinions on all subjects, and especially this, through our columns. Now, in reply we have only to state that our friend, in the above, notwithstanding his seeming opposition to the present Temperance movement, has fallen exactly, in substance, upon the plan of the coming campaign, proposed by its friends. That "each party should give us a Legislative candidate with nerve enough to avow himself an advocate of the Maine Law" is precisely what we want; and if they will only do that, the Temperance men will work in the regular political traces without a word. Hence their Convention, composed of both parties, indiscriminately, will assemble before the others, in order to demonstrate this policy in terms that cannot be misunderstood.—*Ed. Journal.*]

[COMMUNICATED.]

THE NEW ORLEANS SUFFERERS.

TO THE EDITOR MINERS' JOURNAL.—*Gentlemen.*—You have doubtless been observing with great interest the efforts making in our Northern Cities, to relieve the sufferers at N. Orleans from the terror of that pestilence, which is daily sacrificing its hecatomb of victims. The fearful strides of the "fever," in the ill-fated city, and appeals made by the press to our sympathies must not go unheeded. From town and country, alike, should be heard the prompt reply to the demands of humanity. Let not Pottsville be the first to contribute its portion to this sacred object.

May not this communication call the speedy attention of our citizens to the duty of assisting by their pecuniary contributions the Hospitals and Howard men of New Orleans?

C.

☞ *A Steamship* of five thousand tons freight burthen is in course of construction in London, for the Eastern Steam Navigation Company. This monster ship will be 680 feet in length, 83 feet in breadth, 58 feet depth, with both screw and paddle engines, of an aggregate nominal horse power of 2600. She will have an iron hull, and her cabin rooms for first class passengers will number five hundred.

☞ *The Hot Weather of August.*—A correspondent of the New York *Courier* says that as far as he has been able to carry back his researches, he does not find the record of any weather in August comparing with that of week before last for *fifty years*; that is, both in intensity and duration of heat, and in extraordinary effects.

☞ *Baer*, the German Astronomer, calculates that when we shall harvest telescope nine times more powerful than that of Lord Rosse, we shall be able to descry objects in the moon as small as a man.

☞ *Of nine* hundred committed to the Jersey City Prison during the year ending on the first of July, six hundred and upwards were for drunkenness. The city, with a population of eighteen thousand, has four hundred places where liquor is sold.

NEW YORK LETTER.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

Foreign Export of the City—Steamships—Crystal Palace and its Progress—Bunker Hill Monument—Yellow Fever—Assay Office—Corporation Amusements—Jullien and his music—Advertising—New Rules to break Tait—Rope Cases—Remarkable Forgery—Post Office Robbery—New Registration Law—Interview to Canal Captain—Smuggling out of Canada, &c.

NEW YORK, August 22, 1853.

DEAR FRIEND:—Our city, beyond all doubt, is none other, this Metropolitan City is growing like the great capitals of the old world, and that is in the mixed multitude that throng its streets. The present season is unusual in this respect, which may in part be attributed to the attractions of the World's Fair, and very largely to the great and constantly increasing intercourse with foreign lands; an intimacy becoming stronger with every hour. On Broadway the loiterer may see the inhabitants of almost every clime and country, the gay and vivacious Frenchman who finds in Gotham the counterpart of his own lively Paris, the dark complexioned Spaniard, wondering but little that Gotham's Alcalde should be elected contrary to the Spanish Republic, the mustachioed Italian, breathing a deeper breath and walking a longer stride, as though disenthralled from some Argus-eyed tyranny, stout John Bull, the industrious Swede, whom, with Paddy, the Indian, the Arab, the Russian, the Turk, the German all find a place in the category of those who may be seen in a Broadway stroll. That mighty thoroughfare, where may be seen the extremes of wealth and virtue, riches and poverty, learning and ignorance, in fact the antipodes of every known station in life, and then reflect within a few hundred feet of this regal promenade, lined on either side with gorgeous palaces, filled with the wealth of a world, stand in close contrast the deepest dens of infamy and destitution that this hemisphere can show. "Extremes meet," is a trite proverb, but how true, this one simple fact can show. The number of Southerners at present in the city, is large, and it is a subject of universal remark that the streets are thronged with strangers.

The exhibition is in a fair way towards completion, and in fact is so full that unilled space must be searched for to be found. Some of the recent additions are truly superb, especially in the department of statuary, and I am proud that our own country, though a novice in the elegant arts, stands pre-eminent before the world. Powers' models, the Greek Slave, the Fisher Boy and Eve, are the gems of the Palace. The number of visitors has reached nearly 9,000 per day and as yet its company almost exclusively of strangers. The contributions to the Washington Monument have exceeded 1,500 Dollars.

The City remains unusually healthy, despite the capricious weather, last week, like an African desert, and now like an iceberg. It was reported that the yellow fever, imported from New Orleans had made its appearance at Quarantine, which report has been found to be *un-toto* erroneous, and promulgated by some person distressed for material for a paragraph. No such thing has been known, on the Island of health for a long time past. Cases. The epidemic has reached a fearful pitch in New Orleans, so great that the dead cannot be buried sufficiently fast, and we are told that 125 bodies were borned for want of interment. This is dreadful, but under the circumstances, undoubtedly, the wisest course to be pursued.

A Site for the Assay Office has been procured, which will undoubtedly be accepted, if it has not already been. The old United States Bank, now occupied by the Banks of Commerce and the State of New York, in Wall street, adjoining the Custom House, having a front of 75 feet and a depth of 120 feet has been bought for $525,000. When the Mint is removed to New York, which must soon be, additional ground can be purchased, running through to Pine street which will afford ample accommodations for the wants of the Mint. This land was bought for the Bank at $40,000, resold in 1835 for $230,000, and now at the above seemingly large price, which, however, is by no means extravagant, when compared with other sales.

Our city seems to be this season a perfect nucleus of all the Fire Companies of the Union, as we have at least two or three on a visit, at once, the entire time. The streets resound with the music of their bands, and every glance of amusement are filled with them every evening.

In the way of amusements we are well supplied both at present and in prospective. Both of our operas are in full blast, and on Monday next, Jullien's famous band commence at Castle Garden.—Every brick-pile and fence is covered up with huge red posters bearing the name of Julien, and on the side-walk men have been busily employed for a week past with an enormous stencil plate laid pot of ebon, bearing the name on the large letters, so that wherever you turn, under foot and overhead, on the fences, posts, gates and doors, the word greets you, and every music window displays a ribbonous legend from Jullien's Bill.

A shrewd but abortive attempt to escape from the Tombs was practised a day or two since. A news-reporter while in prison, accidentally dropped his pass ticket, which was found by one of the prisoners, who sold it to another for a shilling, from whom number three purchased it for a Dollar. So far, so good, but alas for dame fortune, number three was unable to pass out with it when he presented himself at the gate. The reporter thus sell had considerable trouble in making out even that the keepers were on the *qui vive* for the jacket and unceremoniously walked the indignant holder back to his cell.

Our Courts are busy with a case of rape, preferred against one of old Nathan Sheafe's late boy-girl of fourteen. The act was committed during his wife's absence and the testimony was unfit for publication. It is thought by many that it is a *mere* scheme to extort money, as the old man is said to be well off.

One of the most ingenious escapes from confinement has lately come to light. One Endymonie was confined in Sing Sing State Prison, for forgery, but by means of letters of recommendation, signed by the officers of the Court that convicted him and also by the authorities of the Prison, seconding his request for pardon in the strongest terms, the Governor was induced to set him free. He went to some way or other, were ascertained to have been forged, when he was re-arrested. The case is now under advisement, many of our best lawyers being of opinion that a pardon once given is final, and the subject of it, not thereafter liable.

It is rumored that some great robberies have been developed in the New York Post Office, and that the perpetrator has left for Europe. The matter seems to have been reported, in order, to put them the ends of justice, so that we are only able to give the mere fact, without particulars.

Another new feature in our City Administration has made its appearance; the registration of births, deaths and marriages, in the city of New York, according to a recent Act of the Legislature, to be reported monthly. From the report we see that from the 1st to the 31st of July, the number of births was 1561, marriages 492 and deaths 2,333. These statistics must be of great value to the public and especially to the City Inspector, who receives a fee of ten cents for each registration, making his office one of the most lucrative in the government.

On Saturday, a man named Sylvanus L. Bacon, Captain of a Coal Boat, the L. G. Cannon, was struck on the head by the hooker's derrick, which fell and severely hurt him. He was removed to the City Hospital and placed under surgical care.

A verdict has just been recovered in the Marine Court of $200 for a singular charge of damage. One Styles fell asleep in his chair, when two fellows, for a practical joke, handcuffed him and crammed a newspaper in his mouth, in which condition they left him for two hours. He sued for assault and recovered the above verdict.

This is almost as bad as the one who a few days since, stole a watermelon from a gentleman's garden and accidentally dropped his wallet containing $500. Rather poor fun in both cases, and rather expensive. Yours &c.,

G. F. P.

☞ INFORMATION WANTED—Of William D. Keemer, son of Hiram Keemer. He is in the 14th year of his age, small size but well built, pleasant in his manners and address, dark eyes, light hair, had on a black Rossuth hat well worn, a great Kentucky chain sack coat, brown cassimere pants somewhat spotted, a blue vest redcoat variegated with black, and a pair of calf skin lace boots. He left his home on Friday the 26th inst., and has not been heard from since. He has worked at the plastering business for several years. Any information respecting said boy will be thankfully received by his father. Address Hiram Keemer, Leacock P. O., Lancaster county, Pa.

☞ ALL FOR RUM.—From a writer in a neighboring town we have these facts:

"The town, in which I live, is supporting ten paupers, and every case is in consequence of intemperance. The cost of supporting these ten persons, amounts annually to $700; and yet our citizens will pay their tax and never inquire how it may be avoided, or why they have to pay. Nor is this all. Ten out of twelve of all the quarrels that disturb the quiet of our town are from the same cause. Take away all that can intoxicate, and no town in the State would better maintain an honorable name than this. In view of these things, it is plain what our duty is. Labor for a Prohibitory Law, and never yield the point till we see the object, for which we labor, accomplished.—*Norwich (Conn.) Exam.*

The same may be said of Pottsville, and of the State at large.

☞ A NEW POLITICAL PARTY has been formed in New York city, with the following as its leading tenets:

In favor of universal education, by supporting and extending the system of free schools, independent of the control or interference of any religious sect.

In favor of reforming the naturalization laws, so far as the extension of the term of residence, or by requiring additional qualifications, such as being able to read and write, or both. Such form not to apply to any foreigner who may have come into the country upon the faith of the existing naturalization laws.

In favoring of fostering American interests, by promoting free trade in all articles of prime necessity, not the products of our own country, and of imposing a judicious tariff on articles which enter into competition with products of American labor.

In favor of a liberal system of harbor and river improvements, and of the general government lending its aid to the construction of a railroad to the Pacific."

In favor of selling public lands to actual settlers.

In favor of an economical administration of the Government, and strict accountability of General Agents."

In favor of the continued and harmonious Union of these States, and opposed to any measure which shall tend to array one section of the country against another, our motto being "our country and our whole country."

Opposed to any legislation which shall interfere with the free and ancient right and usage of the people of this country, to refuse the Bible to be read in our Public Schools.

Opposed to any legislation which shall vest property derived by religious or charitable uses, exclusively in the hands of the clergy.

WHAT IS MONEY?

$280,000,000, while in New York it is $380,000,000. The [illegible] is about 600 while [illegible] is 150,000 to 1. Boston is the richer city in proportion to population.

☞ *Lemon Syrup*—that is commonly sold in the shops, and used in mineral water, is made of [illegible] acid, [illegible] sulphuric acid, [illegible] essence of peppermint, peppermint [illegible] and [illegible] sugar. Boil [illegible] pound. It is well enough that this should be known.

☞ *It is said* that Col. Benton's friends in Missouri, are already preparing to bring him out for the Presidency in 1856, against all parties and all conventions.

☞ *German physiologists* affirm that of twenty deaths of men, between eighteen and twenty-eight years of age, one originates in the waste of the constitution induced by smoking.

☞ *Rum is like death*—it levels all distinctions. A member of Congress, with "a brick in his hat," would as soon fraternize with a chimney sweep as a foreign envoy.

HAVE YOU THE FEVER AND AGUE?—If so, you be persuaded to try Dr. J. W. Cooper's Vegetable Compound Fever and Ague Pills, prepared only by C. P. Hewes, as they will positively perform a perfect cure in three days time. We ourselves know of a number of cases in which they have been used, and we never knew them to fail; therefore, we unasceliously recommend them to our friends, as being the very best medicine ever discovered for the cure of this distressing disease.—These Pills are for sale by H. J. Beacham, Tuscarora, H. Middlepoit. Good Wages will be paid. None but a good workman need apply.

August 13, 1853. 33-3t

WANTED.—9 school Teachers wanted—3 male and 3 female—to teach the Public Schools of the Borough of Port Carbon. None need apply but such as can stand a thorough examination. Schools to open on the first day of October—examination the last Monday in September, at 10 o'clock, P. M.

By order of the Board,
J. G. RIEGELFELT, Secretary.

August 15, 1853. 33-6t

TO MINERS.—Soon will be wanted a set of able Miners to sink a perpendicular shaft in a Colliery now for publication by Messrs. J. WREN & BROTHERS' Iron Works, Pottsville, or to the Printer.

August 13, 1853. 33-3t

WANTED.—A situation as Clerk or Salesman in some store, by a young man 24 years of age, who is now pursuing legal studies, but is obliged to leave on account of impaired health. Has had 8 years experience in the business, is a good penman, German equally well; and can give undoubted reference. A line addressed to FRANK, Box 107, Easton, Pa., will receive prompt attention.

Easton, July 30, 1853. 31-eowtf

SUBDIL TEACHERS.—Applications will be received by the Pottsville School Board until September 1st 1853, for a Male Teacher, Principal of Salisbury School No. 1, a classical scholar.

Also, a Female Teacher, an assistant Teacher for Male School No. 3.

Applicants will be examined on September 1st, 1853, at 9 o'clock, A. M., at the New School House on Schuylkill Avenue.

By order of the Board,
JOHN S. C. MARTIN, Secretary.

August 13, 1853. 33-3

NOTICE TO TEACHERS.—Notice is hereby given that applications will be received for four Male Teachers and Two Female Teachers, to take charge of the Public Schools of the Borough of Minersville. The Directors will meet applicants at the New School House, on Saturday, the 27th day of August, at 1 o'clock, P. M.

J. W. LAWTON, Secretary.

August 13, 1853. 33-tf

WANTED—Six practical IRON ORE MINERS. Miners who understand Iron Ore Mining in its various branches will find permanent employment and good wages at the "Moselem Iron Ore Bank," in Richmond Township, Berks County. Apply immediately to the subscriber, FREDERICK S. HUNTER, Manager of Lesport Iron Company, at Lesport, Berks County, or to HESTERCLYMER, opposite the Pennsylvania Hall, Reading.

May 7, 1853. 19-tf

WANTED.—A Storekeeper—one who can speak German, and is sufficiently acquainted with Accounting—address Box 40 Pottsville Post Office.

Feb. 12, 1853. 7-tf

WANTED.—Recruits for the United States Army, at the Pottsville Rendezvous.

Nov. 27, 1852. 48-tf

WANTED—At the General Intelligence Office—MEN, WOMEN and CHILDREN. All persons wishing employment, big and little, young and old, male and female; and also, all persons wishing to employ any and all kinds of Labor and Domestic SERVANTS, will receive useful information by calling at the office of the subscriber in MARKET street, Pottsville, Pa.

☞ TERMS MODERATE.

N. M. WILSON, J. P.
Land Agent and General Collector.

April 5, 1853. 14-1

BUSINESS CARDS.

P. BY, CUNNINGHAM & HERR, WHOLESALE GROCERS, Tea and Liquor Dealers, and Commission Merchants, 188 MARKET Street, *Between 5th and 6th.*

E. C. Ely, PHILADELPHIA.
W. G. Cunningham,
J. C. Herr.

July 9, 1853. 27-6m

NEVILLE & RICHARDS, Attorneys at Law Will attend to all business entrusted to them with diligence and care. Office Centre Street, next door to R. R. Martin's Store, Pottsville.

June 11, 1853. [Jan. 8, 1853. 2-1y] 24-tf

D. W. C. CLEAVER, formerly of the firm of D. & D. W. C. CLEAVER, Engineers and Surveyors, after several years engagement in other pursuits, has returned and opened an office in Pottsville, where he will be pleased to see the friends of the old firm, and all who may require any of the services of his profession, in a manner. Knowing of the skill and experience of Mrs. L. in such cases, she was immediately sent for, and so successful was her unceasing efforts that I was able to walk about in less than 3 weeks after the accident. This is a wonderful cure, considering my condition and the heat at the time I lay sick.

Another person was burnt slighter than me at the same time; but is now much worse than I am, as the ointment was not so successful. Secured through this neighborhood can make similar statements concerning Mrs. Lewis, and as she is a widow depending on her own efforts, I trust she will receive that support from the public to which her skill justly entitles her.

WILLIAM GRIFFITHS.
Near Pottsville.

August 23, 1853. 35-1t

POTTSVILLE MARKETS.

CORRECTED WEEKLY FOR THE JOURNAL.

Wheat Flour, bbl	$5 50	Dr'd peaches per 3.	$4 00
Rye do	4 00	Do do apples do	2 00
Wheat, bushel	1 30	Dr'd apples pared	1 12
Rye, do	75	Eggs, dozen	11
Corn, do	75	Butter	14
Oats, do	42	Shoulders,	10
Potatoes, do	75	Hams,	12 a 12
Timothy Seed	2 25	Hay, ton	15 00
Clover do	3 00	Plaster,	3 00

MARRIED:

On the 23th inst., by Rev. A. Prior, HOWELL FISHER, Esq., to CHARLOTTE, youngest daughter of the late Jacob Shenk, Esq., all of Pottsville.

On the 24th by Rev. Wm. G. Mendle, CHARLES HELWIG to MARY ANN McGINNELS, both of Minersville.

On the 24th inst. by the same, JACOB SCHILL to SARAH ANN WEAVER, both of Schuylkill Haven.

On the 16th inst., by Rev. W. R. Gier, JOSEPH CLARKE to MARGARET BOYD, both of Tamaqua.

On the 15th inst., by Rev. C. Spaar, THOMAS UNNET to MARY ANN MATTHEWS, both of St. Clair.

On the 6th inst., by Rev. Julius Ebehart, JEAN SAUBER to ESTHER BOSSERT, both of Auburn.

DIED:

On the 18th inst., at Schuylkill Haven, WILLIAM, aged 9 years and 10 months, and on the 22d SUSAN REBECCA, aged 1 year and 8 months, both children of Peter and Louisa Schell.

In Middleport, on the 11th inst., SARAH ELIZABETH, daughter of John George Koch, aged 19 years 8 months and 21 days.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

☞ TRINITY CHURCH, (EPISCOPAL).—Service held regularly in this Church every Sunday Morning, at 10½ o'clock,
Afternoon, at 3
Except the first Sunday of each month, when service will be held in the evening at 7½ o'clock, instead of the afternoon.

☞ PREACHING in the Associate Reform Presbyterian Church, Market Street, Rev. John R. Warner, every Sabbath morning and evening.

☞ THERE WILL BE preaching in the English Lutheran Church, Market street, every Sunday morning and evening.

☞ THE BAPTIST CHURCH.—Divine worship may be expected every Sabbath morning and evening, also every Wednesday evening, at the usual hours.

GENERAL NOTICES.

PROPOSALS will be received to the 1st of September for building a two-story Brick House, the plan and specification can be seen by calling on Mitchell M'Donough, Port Carbon.

August 20, 1853. 34-2t

CARD.—The patrons of the "Young Ladies' Institute," corner of Market and Adams street, are respectfully informed that the duties of said Institute will be resumed on Monday September 5th, 1853.

M. M. ALLEN, Principal.

August 20, 1853. 34-3t

YOUNG LADIES' INSTITUTE.—The Fall term of this Institute, situated at the corner of Market and Adams streets, will commence on Monday, the 5th of September next, and continue eighteen weeks. For terms apply to

August 20, 1853. REV. A. PRIOR, Principal. 34-3t

☞ POTTSVILLE ACADEMY.—The Fall Term of this Institution will commence on MONDAY, September 5th, and continue eighteen weeks.—TERMS.—For English Studies, $10; for Languages, $12 extra.

A. P. SPENCE, A. M., Principal.

July 16, 1853. 30-3t

PUBLICATIONS.

ILLUSTRATED NEWS, for July 23—EXTRA NUMBER.—This beautiful illustrated paper, together with a magnificent Crystal Palace Supplement, for sale at BANNAN'S Bookstore.

July 23, 1853. 30—

MODERN FLIRTATIONS—A NOVEL—By Catharine Sinclair, author of Beatrice, or the Unknown Relatives—*for sale at* B. BANNAN'S Cheap Bookstore.

July 2, 1853.

WELSH BIBLES, TESTAMENTS, &c.—The subscriber has just received a fine lot of Welsh Bibles, Demys, plain and gilt edges. Also, Pocket Bibles, Testaments and Welsh Tracts, Primers, &c., all of which will be sold low, at

B. BANNAN'S Cheap Book and Stationery Store.

July 9, 1853. 27—

TRACTS, TRACTS, &C.—The subscriber has made arrangements with the American Tract Society to keep their Publications on hand, and will furnish English, German and Welsh Tracts and Books at their prices, by the single copy or 100, at

B. BANNAN'S Cheap Book and Stationary Store.

July 9, 1853. 27—

☞ *The Salem Gazette* says it was Stephen A. Chase, the first Superintendent of the Eastern Railroad, who, in reply to a candidate who asked, "How long shall we wait for the up-trains, when it is late, before we can proceed?" said: "Wait until the wheels rust off, and then go one mile more."

☞ *Black Spring*, 5,000 gallons of liquor have been seized and destroyed in Chicago, Ill.

WANTED

WANTED.—Four Teachers to take charge of Public Schools in the Township of Tuscarora. One of which must teach German well. Applications to be made to the Board of Directors on Saturday the 27th day of September next, at one o'clock P. M. when the day will be assigned to each applicant to teach a school specimen, in Patterson.

August 27, 1853. 35-3t

WANTED.—A Journeyman Cabinet Maker. If good wages and regular employment will be given. Apply to

HENRY GRESSANG,
Pottsville.

August 27, 1853. 35-3t

ARTILLERY SERVICE.—U. S. Army.—Men are wanted for the Artillery service of the United States Army.

A band of fifty Band Musicians. Apply at the Recruiting Rendezvous, Pottsville, Pa.

August 20, 1853. 34-4t

TEACHER WANTED.—Wanted a male Teacher to take charge of the Public School in Hamtown in the Allison School District about two miles distant from Pottsville. Board of Directors will meet on the first Saturday in September when applications will be received and candidates examined.

By order of the Board,
THOMAS ALLISON.

August 20, 1853. 34-2t s.

TEACHERS WANTED.—The Board of School Directors of the Borough of Minersville desire to employ six competent Female Teachers for the Public Schools of said Borough. An examination of Teachers will take place on Monday the 29th day of August inst., at 9 o'clock P. M. The Schools will open on the 1st of September. WM. N. ROBINS, Secretary.

August 20, 1853. 34-2t

WANTED.—A Cabinet-maker, in the town of Middleport. Good Wages will be paid. None but a good workman need apply.

LEVI ARNOLD.

August 13, 1853. 33-3t

WANTED.—9 school Teachers wanted—3 male and 3 Female—to teach the Public Schools of the Borough of Port Carbon. None need apply but such as can stand a thorough examination. Schools to open on the first day of October—examination the last Monday in September, at 10 o'clock, P. M.

By order of the Board,
J. G. RIEGELFELT, Secretary.

August 15, 1853. 33-6t

TO MINERS.—Soon will be wanted a set of able Miners to sink a perpendicular shaft in a Colliery now for publication by Messrs. J. WREN & BROTHERS' Iron Works, Pottsville, or to the Printer.

August 13, 1853. 33-3t

WANTED.—A situation as Clerk or Salesman in some store, by a young man 24 years of age, who is now pursuing legal studies, but is obliged to leave on account of impaired health. Has had 8 years experience in the business, is a good penman, German equally well; and can give undoubted reference. A line addressed to FRANK, Box 107, Easton, Pa., will receive prompt attention.

Easton, July 30, 1853. 31-eowtf

SUBDIL TEACHERS.—Applications will be received by the Pottsville School Board until September 1st 1853, for a Male Teacher, Principal of Salisbury School No. 1, a classical scholar.

Also, a Female Teacher, an assistant Teacher for Male School No. 3.

Applicants will be examined on September 1st, 1853, at 9 o'clock, A. M., at the New School House on Schuylkill Avenue.

By order of the Board,
JOHN S. C. MARTIN, Secretary.

August 13, 1853. 33-3

NOTICE TO TEACHERS.—Notice is hereby given that applications will be received for four Male Teachers and Two Female Teachers, to take charge of the Public Schools of the Borough of Minersville. The Directors will meet applicants at the New School House, on Saturday, the 27th day of August, at 1 o'clock, P. M.

J. W. LAWTON, Secretary.

August 13, 1853. 33-tf

WANTED—Six practical IRON ORE MINERS. Miners who understand Iron Ore Mining in its various branches will find permanent employment and good wages at the "Moselem Iron Ore Bank," in Richmond Township, Berks County. Apply immediately to the subscriber, FREDERICK S. HUNTER, Manager of Lesport Iron Company, at Lesport, Berks County, or to HESTERCLYMER, opposite the Pennsylvania Hall, Reading.

May 7, 1853. 19-tf

WANTED.—A Storekeeper—one who can speak German, and is sufficiently acquainted with Accounting—address Box 40 Pottsville Post Office.

Feb. 12, 1853. 7-tf

WANTED.—Recruits for the United States Army, at the Pottsville Rendezvous.

Nov. 27, 1852. 48-tf

WANTED—At the General Intelligence Office—MEN, WOMEN and C