The Miners' Journal

POTTSVILLE, PA.

SATURDAY, JULY 2, 1853.

☞ *THE MINERS' JOURNAL has a larger circulation than any other Newspaper published in Northern Pennsylvania. It circulates among the Coal, Iron and business men, not only in this and the adjoining counties, but in all our cities, and it also circulates largely among the masses in Schuylkill county, which renders it one of the most valuable Advertising mediums in the County. But few papers have so many copies printed as this subscription list.*

RECEIPTS,

For "Miners' Journal" since last Publication.

☞ We hope those in arrears abroad will forward their amounts due, as speedily as possible—as our expenses for paper and labor are very heavy.

Samuel Rothermel, to January 1, 1854,	2	00
Wallace & Rothermel, to January 1, 1854,	2	00
Joseph Hammer, to January 1, 1854,	2	00
R. R. Tally, to December, 15, 1853,	1	00
Samuel Kellar, to July 1, 1854.	2	00
Reed Patterson, to July, 1853.	2	00
Samuel Mertz, to July 1, 1853.	2	00
Dr. John Coryell, to July 1, 1853,	2	00
Dr. Wm. Atwater, to January 1, 1854,	2	00
Wm. E. Boyer, to July 1, 1853,	2	00
Duncan Wier, to July 1, 1854,	4	00

☞ *Clergymen* and *Public School Teachers* will be supplied with *The Miners' Journal* at $1 per annum, in advance.

BUSINESS DEPARTMENT.

☞ LABORERS are wanted on the Mine Hill Extension.

☞ SEE CARD of EBY, CONTNGHAM & HERR, wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants, 138 Market street, Philadelphia.

☞ THE ZINC PAINTS of New Jersey are advertised in to-day's paper by F. C. Jones & Co., 17 S. Wharves, Philadelphia.

☞ AN ADVERTISEMENT of SILVER'S Plastic Paints, with accompanying recommendations will be found in another column. Geo. Bright is agent for their sale in this place.

☞ NOTICE IS GIVEN in another column that application will be made to the next Legislature for the charter of a Savings Bank in this place.

Application will, also, be made for a Bank of Discount and Deposit, to be located in Tamaqua.

☞ MONDAY NEXT will be the 77th anniversary of American Independence.

☞ OUR PHILA. correspondent must write earlier—his letter for this week is again too late.

☞ PRINCETON COLLEGE held its annual Commencement on Wednesday last. There were sixty-five graduates.

IMPORTANT MOVEMENT.

WHAT DOES IT MEAN?

The New York *Freeman's Journal* (Roman Catholic) of last week announces that Archbishop BEDINI has been specially commissioned by the Pope of Rome to pay a visit to the Government at Washington, and to hold interviews with the different Prelates of the Romish Church in the United States, with regard to the state of the Church in this country.

Mons. B. will be accompanied by sundry dignitaries of the Church. At last dates they were in Paris. They are expected to arrive here next month some time. They will be received here by Archbishop Hughes and the Roman Catholic clergy in general, with some formality, it is presumed.

A MUZZLED PRESS.

During Gavazzi's course of lectures in Philadelphia, it is remarkable that the press, with one most honorable exception (the *Sun*,) preserved, apparently, a most studious silence respecting him: scarcely notifying the public of the presence of such an individual in their midst, and never mentioning a word about the great mission to which Father Gavazzi, the warrior priest, has devoted himself, or of the great sensation his crusade against Romanism was creating.

The Albany (N. Y.) *State Register*, noticing the inference drawn by the *Sun* from this ominous silence of its city cotemporaries, in regard to the overaweing influence of Romanism, in Penna., comments as follows:

"The power of Roman Catholicism is exhibited no less remarkably in this State. A bill has been introduced into the Legislature which proposes nothing less than to overturn, in favor of Romanism, the long established system of ecclesiastical tenures: to place in the hands of the Roman Bishops all the millions of church property belonging to the various Catholic societies, placing it at once beyond all control by those societies, in charge of a trustee who is in no wise responsible to them, but who holds his appointment from, and his allegiance to a foreign power. Rome, in her temporal, as well as spiritual capacity, sends (or appoints) her agent for this country, vests him with the title and attributes of a Bishop, and demands of our Legislature to couple his spiritual jurisdiction with the ownership of all the temporalities, all the churches, the burial places, the school edifices, the asylums, and all the hospitals of all the Catholic societies of the State. She asks the Legislature to make her Bishop a close corporation, having perpetual succession, and through him, and place at the will of the Roman pontiff, all the church property of the Catholic people of the country. That the great system which secures to each society or congregation the control of its own temporalities, which discourages the aggregation of a vast amount of church property in individual hands, shall be abandoned, and that the policy of the government in regard to ecclesiastical property, shall be so changed as to accommodate itself to the despotic and anti-republican dogmas of Rome. Rome asks this upon the ground, that by what she pleases to term her church canons, all ecclesiastical property is required to be vested in the great head of the church. That by the determination of the secret council of the Vatican, the Catholic societies, the various congregations, shall not be trusted with the title to the property which they purchase and pay for with their own money, but that it must be vested in those who owe superior and direct allegiance to the great temporal as well as spiritual head of the church.

This great, radical, and as it seems to us dangerous change of policy in regard to ecclesiastical tenures, is moving to a consummation without comment from scarcely a press in the State. This measure, which Romanism demands, is suffered to ripen to maturity, with scarce a comment from the public press. The Bishops and priests, obedient to the fiat at Rome, push it forward, demand it with voice potential, while the people remain uninformed on the subject, through the silence of the watchmen whose duty it is to sound the alarm, when danger approaches. Rome is reaching out to gather to herself influence through the control of these millions, to render the Catholic laity at once subservient, and to all save herself powerless, to strangle our system of free education, and in this country, as in others, make the human intellect the great lever of her power, and scarcely a hand is raised to check her encroachments, or stay her usurpations. The reason of this supineness is to be found in an apprehended political loss, which parties may sustain through the defection of Catholic voters. The Catholic vote has been so long one of the great stakes played for by the demagogues of party, that it has come to be a fixed axiom in politics, that nothing shall be said or done which may be displeasing to Romanism, and that it can have what ever it asks for, as a consideration for its aid at the polls.

It seems to us that it is time a stop was put to this catering and intriguing for the votes of any religious denomination. It is alike dishonoring to religion and politics. It is time that the practice of parties should conform to the leading feature of every political creed, that religion and politics shall forever be kept entirely separate; and that religious prejudices shall never be admitted as an element of party strife. Men should have the firmness and courage, and the press the boldness to speak on the subject of governmental measures, with the fear of religious sects, and act without dreading, or having cause to dread, the political opposition of any religious denomination. In regard to the matter of which we have been speaking, it has never occurred to Rome, or its devotees here, that the canon which prescribes the vesting of church property, should be so altered as to conform to the institutions of this country. In the pride of her boasted infallibility, she claims that the canon shall be supreme, and that the institutions of the country shall be so changed as to conform to the canons of the Roman Pontiff. No other denomination has ever asked quite so much of this; and yet there are conductors of political presses, leaders of political parties, who shake their fingers at those who would hold our system of ecclesiastical tenures as they now are, and cry "hush! be still! you will rouse up opposition from Roman Catholics, and their votes will be lost to our party!" Out, we say, upon such truculent subserviency, such slavish submission to the behests of party! such huxtering for political support!

Amen, say we most heartily, to every word of their plain, truthful, out-spoken sentiments.

☞ THE SCHUYLKILL COUNTY Educational Convention assembled at Minersville yesterday, to continue in session during to-day. Rev. DAN'L. WASHBURN, of this place, was to have delivered an address before the Convention last night—Mr. BURROWS of Lancaster, being prevented from attending.

MURDER WILL OUT.

If any Whig journal at any time impeaches the management of the State improvements, which are under the exclusive control of Locofocos, no matter upon what authority, or how clear its proofs, its statement or charge is pronounced a Whig lie, and a Locofoco denial thus made is regarded as quite sufficient to establish the falsity of the impeachment. We may avail ourselves therefore, of the opportunity to spread before our readers what a Simon Pure Locofoco journal, of no less character or influence than the Pittsburgh *Post*, says of the Locofoco management of our Public Works. Read it, carefully, all ye who are in search of truth. It is not a Whig lie, but copied from the editorial columns of the *Post* of Thursday:

"The management of our internal improvements requires reform. We are free to say, that under no administration have they been properly managed. The public works have been used to fill the pockets of the high officials, while the poor working man has been left to starve, without any remuneration for his labor.

It is painful for us to refer to this matter, for the Canal Board is now in the hands of our party. But we cannot refrain from calling upon them to reform the evil complained of above, and we hope they will at once remove the hard-working operatives. They are unworthy of public trust or station.—They would rob the State with as little remorse as they do the laborers, and they should be shipped at once.

* * * * * * *

If this evil is not redressed by the Commissioners before the October election it will then rest with the people to express their indignation at the ballot-box. The hard toiling workman is not to be plundered to fill the pockets of lazy officials. Their nominal wages are low enough, God knows; but to make them suffer a shave on that is cruel in the extreme. The laborers earn every cent of the money promised to them, but from the above statement it is evident that they do not get their pay when it is earned, and that the lazy officials, of whom we have before spoken, draw it, and speculate upon them at a heavy discount.

Our public works are badly managed, and the fact cannot be disguised that the evil rests in the parsimonious remuneration offered to those who superintend them. No man fully capable of discharging the duties of a Canal Commissioner, would accept the office at the present salary. A man with sufficient capacity to discharge the duties of the office in a proper manner, can make more by his industry in any other branch of ordinary business."

It is the same with all the subordinate offices on the public works. They have to labor at starvating prices, and, of course, they will adopt some means to make both ends meet. We have heard of a Superintendent who went upon the road not worth a dime, and left it with forty thousand dollars in his pocket. How did he make it? Not from his salary—that would not allow of such an immense profit; but it was realized from the check-rolls of the poor working man. This man has gone West, and we suppose he is enjoying the full fruition of his speculation on the Portage road."

THE COAL TRADE FOR 1853.

(CORRECTED WEEKLY.)

WEEKS.	1852.	1853.	Decrease.
Schuylkill,	69,422 11	57,227 19	12,194
Lehigh,	33,149 07	33,282 01	866
Decrease in one week,			tons 13,060

There was a turn-out at Richmond among the coal-heavers, during the week, which obstructed the trade by Rail Road to some extent, and boats were scarce by Canal, in consequence of detention at New York in discharging them.

The Liquor Traffic in this region is beginning to tell very seriously in the Coal Business: From the best information we can glean, about one-fourth of the working force engaged in mining are idle the greater portion of their time. The Rum shops are all open on the Sabbath day, where many are attracted, and the drinking continues through the greater portion of the week. From the best information we can glean the trade is diminished from this cause alone, at least 1000 tons per day, which makes a loss of $1600 per day in the receipts of the Philadelphia and Reading Rail Road and Schuylkill Navigation Company, without taking into consideration the different interests in this region, effected in a similar manner.

We have received a communication in reply to the *extravagant* coal calculations made by a writer in the New York *Journal of Commerce*, which is evidently intended to aid the sale of stock in Improvement companies. We will publish it next week, together with some remarks.

BY TELEGRAPH.

FRIDAY 3 O'CLOCK.

Freights from Richmond:	
To Boston,	$1 70
New York,	1 00
New Haven,	1 35
Providence,	1 45
Washington,	1 00
Albany,	1 37
Fall River,	1 20
Baltimore,	1 00
Hartford,	1 70

REPORT OF SHIPMENTS

From Richmond, for the week ending on Saturday, June 25, 1853:

Sh.	Bls.	Sgs.	Sch.	Sls.	Bts.	Destination.	Tons.
1	11	47				Boston & vici.	11,495
		22				Conn. & R.-I.	3516
		1	1		36	N. Y. & vicin.	6249
		1	7			North River	2180
		8	2		1	Southern Ports	1079
T'l	2	11	85	3	44	For the week,	24,518
Vessels for season,						For season,	528,331
To same time last year,							523,245

Boston and vicinity includes everything going East of Cape Cod, to Massachusetts, New Hampshire and Maine.

Southern Ports includes everything in the Southern States and West Indies, as well as to all towns on Delaware River below Richmond.

COAL TRADE BY RAILROAD & CANAL FOR 1853.

Sent by Railroad and Canal for the week ending on Thursday Evening last.

	RAILROAD.		CANAL.	
	WEEK.	TOTAL.	WEEK.	TOTAL.
P C.	9,239 03	230,922 01	11,804 18	143,217 09
P	1,698 03	39,356 06	1,280 13	23,871 04
S H	14,618 02	311,621 01	10,148 12	122,071 08
P. C.	6,092 00	148,465 06	2,346 08	26,230 07
	31,647 08	730,365 14	25,580 11	316,220 08
	25,580 11	316,220 08		
	57,227 19	1,046,886 02		

Shipments last year to same period:

	Week.	Total.
Railroad,	33,000 08	897,506 03
Canal,	26,422 03	308,473 00
	59,422 11	1,115,979 03
		1,046,886 02
Decrease so far this year,		69,093 01

RAIL ROADS.

The following is the quantity of Coal transported over the different Railroads in Schuylkill County, for the week ending Thursday evening:

	WEEK.	TOTAL.
Mine Hill & S. H. R. R.	26,585 00	390,998 06
Mill Creek do	10,054 14	184,330 00
Little Schuylkill do	3,262 14	60,295 15
Schuylkill Valley do	12,292 17	147,053 18
Mt. Carbon & Pt Carbon	11,050 08	186,372 17
Little Schuylkill R. R.	8,097 05	160,064 09
Union Canal do	2,241 19	30,566 15
Swatara do	1,647 06	22,093 01

RATES OF TOLL AND TRANSPORTATION ON RAILROAD TO AUG. 1, 1853.

	From Mt. Carbon.	S. Haven.	Pt. Clinton
To Richmond,	1,60	1,55	1,35
To Philadelphia,	1,60	1,55	1,35

RATES OF TOLL BY CANAL UNTIL AUGUST 1, 1853.

From Port Carbon to Philadelphia,		60
" Mount Carbon to "		50
" Schuylkill Haven to "		37
" Port Clinton to "		50

RATES OF FREIGHT BY CANAL.

	Philadelphia.	N. York.
From Port Carbon,	70	1 65
" Mount Carbon,	70	1 65
" Schuylkill Haven,	65	1 60
" Port Clinton.	00	0 00

LEHIGH COAL TRADE FOR 1853.

For the week ending June 25, 1853.

	WEEK.	TOTAL.
Summit Mines,	11,853 18	144,007 08
Room Run Mines,	2,942 02	27,019 18
Beaver Meadow Co,	1,594 09	16,879 19
East Sugar Loaf,	789 18	8,463 08
Spring Mountain Coal,	4,120 11	43,628 17
Coleraine Coal,	1,544 13	18,505 03
Hazleton Coal Co,	3,981 00	40,006 01
Cranberry,	1,514 12	14,406 17
Sugar Loaf,	1,546 00	13,759 01
Rock Mountain Coal Co.,	2,604 19	26,049 17
Wilkesbarre Coal Co.,	729 13	8,419 01
Last year,	33,222 01	361,166 10
	35,148 17	374,919 04
Decrease this year,		13,452 14

CUMBERLAND BITUMINOUS COAL TRADE

For the week ending June 4, 1853:

	R. Road.	Canal.	Total.
Mt. Savage R. R., to	2,931	2,257	4,988
Cumberland R. R. to	2,679	1,507	5,146
Total for the week,	5,570	3,764	9,134
Total for the year,		177,524	tons.

Cumberland Miners Journal.

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NEW ADVERTISMTS.

ZINC PAINTS.

WHITE, BLACK AND COLORED.

Manufactured by the New Jersey Zinc Company.

ACKNOWLEDGED by scientific and practical men to excel in brilliancy and economy, others in use. Compared with White Lead, at present prices, it can be satisfactorily shown they are $16 per ton cheaper to the customer.

Dealers are invited to call and examine for themselves. F. C. JONES & CO.,

Wholesale Selling Agents, No. 17 S. Wharves, Phila.

July 2, 1853. 27-6m

THE UNPARALLELED

SUCCESS OF ISAAC GEKHART'S VERMIFUGE.

ATTESTED as it is by the regular profession, at once convinces of the value of the medicine, both as a vermifuge and as a remedy in other diseases of the intestinal canal, which may be seen by a reference to his certificates from responsable responsible citizens. It has effectually and permanently cured Piles, Dyspepsy, Irregular action of the Bowels, and expels every form of Worms, removing at once all diseases of the intestinal tube, where worms are so often the fearful cause. For testimony of so many eminent Physicians cannot fail to bring this invaluable remedy into general use. Try it.

I. GERHART,

Sellersgrove, Union Co., Pa.

FOR SALE BY

John G. Brown and Clemens & Heisler, Pottsville; Jacob S. Lauranzer, Minersville; Zehl & Barndt, Tremont; M. G. & F. Heilner, Lewellyn; Peter Bressler, Donaldson; S. S. Dickson, Schuylkill Haven; H. Shlaizer, Port Carbon; Wm. Lawton, Mt Clair; E. Philips, New Castle; E. J. Fry, Tamaqua, Medlar & Ebur, Orwigsburg; Jonathan Faust, Ashland; Wm. J. Rice, Shamokin; Jno. A. T. Trautman, Lower Mahantongo; Snyder & Zimmerman, Mt. Union; H. H. Vastine, Paxinos.

July 9, 1853. 27-6m

BANNAN'S NEWS EMPORIUM.

Subscriptions to Newspapers, Magazines, &c,

MASTER JOHN HEWELL BANNAN

ANNOUNCES to the public that his father having given him the Newspaper Branch of his Store, he will receive subscriptions to the following Newspapers issued abroad, at the usual subscription price, and the papers delivered at B. BANNAN'S bookstore, Centre Street, Pottsville, opposite the Episcopal Church, free of Postage, or forwarded to any direction desired:

Chapman's Pictorial Paper, London Illustrated News, Bannan's Illustrat'd News, N. Y. Weekly Tribune, Flag of our Union, do do Herald, Saturday Evening Post, do do Dutchman, Literary Museum, Uncle Sam, Home Journal, Yankee Privateer, Scientific American, N. Y. Picayune, Neal's Saturday Gazette, N. Y. Pick, Arthur's Home Gazette, Crystal Palace, London Mining Journal, Dollar Newspaper.

And all other accessible reputable papers published in our cities.

MONTHLY AND QUARTERLY MAGAZINES, &c.

Harper's M'thly Magazine	London Lancet,
Putnam's do do	Rankin's Abstract,
Illustrat'd Magazine of Art,	Appleton's Mechanics'
Eclectic Magazine,	Magazine,
Godey's Lady Book,	Silliman's Journal,
Graham's Magazine,	Penna. Farm Journal,
Knickerbocker,	The Farmer's Magazine,
Littell's Living Age,	Popular Educator,
Arthur's Home Magazine,	Merry's Museum,
Blackwood's Magazine,	Dickens' Household Words
Edinburgh Qr. Review,	Yankee Notions,
London Qr. Review,	Sleek Hose,
Westminster Qr. Review,	Thompson's Counterfeit
North British Review,	Detectors,
Dupuy's Medical Journal,	Bicknell's do do
Medical Examiner.	

Together with all other Magazines accessible either in this Country or in Europe.

July 9, 1853. 27

SILVER'S PLASTIC PAINTS.

Cheap, Durable and Protective.

WEATHER AND FIRE PROOF

THIS Paint will stand any climate, without crack or blister, and hardens by exposure, thus making it time an enamel of stone, protecting Wood from decay, and Iron and other metals from rust and corrosion.

The Paint differs from the so-called Mineral Paints of the day, which are principally Ochres and Clays colored, and are entirely worthless.

Silver's Plastic Paint is purely Metallic, containing no Alumen or Clay.

They are levigated finely, mix readily with Linseed Oil, (without the trouble of grinding,) and flow under the brush as freely as the best White Lead.

These Paints excel all others in body or covering properties, one pound of which will cover as much surface as two pounds of white lead.

There are four natural colors, viz: Black or Slate, Brown, Olive and Chocolate.

DIRECTIONS.—This Paint flows readily under the brush and its covering property is increased by using it mixed as thickly as possible with pure Linseed Oil, as the Paint is the binding or cementing body and the Oil simply the medium or agent in spreading it.

We have copies of two letters, one from the President of the Philadelphia and Reading Rail Road, the other from a Gentleman, a well-known resident of Augusta, Ga.

Office of the Phila. and Reading Railroad Co.

Philadelphia, May 3, 1853.

J. S. SILVER, Esq.—Dear Sir—I have used your "Plastic Paints" for more than a year, and for painting Bridges, Depots, &c., &c., we have found it quite equal to any paint we have used. In fact, we now give it a preference over all others we have tried for such purposes. Yours respectfully,

(Signed,) JOHN TALBOT, President.

Augusta, Ga., September 29, 1852.

J. S. SILVER, Esq., Patent President of the Plastic Paint Co.

Dear Sir:—You ask me for my opinion of "Silver's Mineral Paints," which you have put on my Machine Shop and Planing Mill. I give you, with pleasure, my full and hearty recommendation of it as a preventative of Fire communicating from Chimneys, or from adjoining buildings. The paint which you put on my roofs, has now become as hard as SLATE, and I feel as secure from Fire, in this direction, as is possible. A few weeks after the roofs were painted, I made an experiment on two or three shingles by placing them in the furnace under the boilers, the result was, that the portion uncovered was entirely consumed, while the Painted part was apparently sound, though upon examination the wood was found to be charred; the Paint, however, was quite soft, and little blistered. I consider this as severe a test as your Paint can be put to, and under the circumstances I do not hesitate to commend it as an invaluable preventative against Fire. Respectfully, &c.

(Signed,) AMBROSE SPENCER.

FRENCH & RICHARDS,

N. W. Corner of 10th and Market Sts., Phila., Pa

GENERAL AGENTS FOR THE UNITED STATES.

☞ For sale in Pottsville, Wholesale and Retail, by GEORGE BRIGHT.

July 2, 1853. 27-1y

MANUFACTORES.

TRUNKS! TRUNKS!!

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

O. D. HALL, No. 18 N. FOURTH St., between Market and Arch, and No. 126 Market, 3 doors above 6th, Philadelphia, Manufacturer of Traveling Trunks, Valises, Ladies' Trunks, Bonnet Boxes, Carpet Bags, Ladies' Satchels, &c., &c.

Merchants and Dealers in the above articles will find it for their interest to call and see before purchasing elsewhere, as all articles will be sold at a very small advance above cost.

☞ Don't forget the name and the number.

O. D. HALL.

June 11, 1853. 24-10t

SADLERY

SUMMER GEAR.

THE Subscriber has now on hand a complete assortment of Harness for summer wear, Carriage Harnesses, Single or Double, Plain or Mounted and finished in every style.

Fly-nets, of all patterns and colors

Carriage Robes, Also, Saddles

Bridles and all sorts of Trappings, belonging to the hadsley business.

Horses suitable for Gentlemen's purposes on hand, or made to order at short notice.

☞ Orders for Harness, &c., promptly supplied on reasonable terms. J. WOELKERDORFF.

Opposite Episcopal Church, Centre St., Pottsville.

June 11, 1853. 24-1y

A NEW ARTICLE.

FORD

PATENT VENITIAN BLINDS.

THESE Blinds overcome the only objection to this highly useful and ornamental appendage to every well furnished house. They are so arranged as to let down from the top of the window as well as to let down from the bottom, or can be suspended at any point between, giving free access to light and air when required, affording every opportunity of cleaning them from the floor. They are as simple in arrangement and nearly as cheap as the ordinary blind. *All I ask is, that you call and examine them before purchasing.*

TRANSPARENT WINDOW SHADES, Reed Blinds, Buff Shades, Gilt Cornices, Bands and Pins, Gilttoids, &c., &c.

LETTERED SHADES FOR STORE WINDOWS painted to order, Wire-cloth Window Screens constantly on hand or to order, beautifully landscaped or plain.

F. FORD,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer, No. 81 South Eighth St., 2d door below Market, Philad'a.

May 21, 1853. 21-1y

FIVE MEDALS AWARDED!

GEORGE STUDER,

92 WALNUT STREET, PHILADELPHIA,

MANUFACTURER of improved spiral *SPRING MATTRESSES*,

HAIR MATTRESSES ALTERED INTO SPRING BEDS.

Cast and Wrought Iron Bedstead and other Furniture. Cast Iron Animals and Models in Wood.

May 14, 1853. 20-6m

MOROCCO FACTORY.

At Derr's Old Stand on Railroad St., Pottsville.

THE undersigned respectfully informs his customers of the above well-known establishment, that they will continue the manufacture of all kinds of MOROCCO, such as Kid, Sheepskins, French Morocco, Bindings, Pink Linings, &c., &c.; and will continually have on hand a general assortment of all kinds of LEATHER, such as Upper Tanned and Red Sole Leather Slaughter Kips, French and City Calf Skins, MINERS' UPPER LEATHER, and a variety of Shoe Findings, such as Thread, Nails, Pegs, Clamps, &c., &c. All of which will be sold at the lowest cash prices.

NEWMAN & CO.

Pottsville, May 14, 1853. 20-1y

ANOTHER PRIZE MEDAL AWARDED

To E. McClain, for the best Perfumery and Fancy soaps, at the late Fair held in Washington City.

E. McCLAIN'S highly perfumed *Vegetable Oil*. This important discovery possesses properties which we believe no other article of the kind does. It will cleanse scalp, remove dandruff, and be beautiful growth of hair. Its medicinal qualities aid nature and render the hair healthy, moist and pliable, and yet so pure and delicate that it will not soil the most delicate bonnet.

Manufactured by E. McCLAIN, Perfumer and Chemist, at his large and new establishment, *No. 106 North Gay Street, near Fayette, Baltimore.*

N. B.—Constantly on hand a large assortment of Perfumery, Soaps and Fancy Articles. A liberal discount given to dealers.

May 28, 1853. 22-10m

PUBLICATIONS.

SUNDAY SCHOOL BOOKS AND LIBRARIES.

THE subscriber always keeps on hand a large assortment of Sunday schools Books, such as are generally used in Sunday Schools. Also,

Sunday School Libraries of 100 vols.,		$10 00
Do do do	50 vols.	5 00
Do do do	at	3 00
Cottage Library,		3 00
Episcopal Sunday School Library, 100 vols.,		10 00

ALSO,

500 Testaments, German and English,

300 Bibles, English and German,

English and German Reward Books,

Hymn Books, &c., &c., all of which will be sold at Sunday School Union prices, and the carriage saved by purchasing at

JOHN G. BROWN,

Cheap Book and Stationery Store.

June 25, 1853. 25—

NEW BOOK OF ORIGINAL POEMS.

NOW in course of publication at this Office, to be issued in July next, ensuing,

500 Copies already engaged!

ENTITLED

TREVARO

And other Occasional Poems

BY ALPHA LYRA.

"A Chiel among ye takin' Notes."

Containing original Ballads, Epics, Laments, Elegies, Lyrics, Odes and Songs—got up in a new and beautiful manner, both as regards style and manufacture, embellished with engravings. To be sold at Newman's Cheap Book Store, Pottsville; G. J. Fancoast's Book Agency, St. Clair; and at D. F. Bowen & Co's Store, Ash St. Hall, Tamaqua, nicely bound in full gilt morocco, 75c. Subscriptions taken at either place.

June 18, 1853. 25-3m

MEDICINAL.

THE MOST EXTRAORDINARY

Medicine in the World!

DR. JOHN BULL'S

SARSAPARILLA!!

IT is put up in full quart bottles, and contains the strength of six pints as much pure Honduras Sarsaparilla as any similar preparation in America. Price, one dollar per bottle, or six bottles for five dollars.

It has been well established fact, for years past, that Sarsaparilla, when pure and properly prepared, was the only true panacea for all diseases originating from an impure state of the blood, the use of intoxicating drinks, evil habits in youth, barrenness, &c. We boldly assert, that JOHN BULL'S FLUID EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA is the only preparation before the public that is prepared on strictly scientific principles, and of uniform strength. The Sarsaparilla is purchased without regard to price, and every pound, before being used, is subject to the strictest chemical tests, and its genuineness ascertained before being used.

Bull's Sarsaparilla also contains the virtues of several other valuable medical roots, together forming the best compound, and producing the greatest CURATIVE AGENT IN THE KNOWN WORLD! This medicine, when used according to directions, will cure, without fail,—

Scrofula or King's Evil, Cancers, Tumors, Eruptions of the Skin, Erysipelas, Chronic Sore Eyes, Ringworm or Tetter, Scald Head, Rheumatism,

Pains in the Bones and Joints, old Sores and Ulcers, Swelling of the Glands,

Syphilis, Dyspepsia, Salt Rheum,

Diseases of the Kidneys, Loss of Appetite, Diseases arising from the use of Mercury, Pain in the Side and Shoulders, General Debility, Dropsy, Lumbago, Jaundice, Costiveness, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, Weakness of the Chest, Pulmonary Affections, and all other Diseases tending to produce Consumption, Liver Complaint, Female irregularities and Complaints, Sick and Nervous Headache, Low Spirits, Night Sweats, Nuisance or Impurities in Life, Chronic Constitutional Diseases; and is a Spring and Summer Drink, and General Tonic for the system, and a gentle and pleasant Purgative, far superior to Blue Lick or Congress Water, Salts, or Bedding Powders.

☞ READ! READ!! READ!!!

MARVELLOUS CURE!!!

"The Great Kentucky Remedy."

DR. JOHN BULL'S SARSAPARILLA.

Well Wonders Never Cease?

BOYLE COUNTY, KY., OCT. 5, 1851.

DR. JOHN BULL:—Dear Sir—I have seen the most marvelous cure of one of my patients by your valuable medicine—an old lady, who had been afflicted from her childhood with scrofula, and various diseases of the blood. She was sixty years old. It had run into something like leprosy, and she was the most frightful creature my eyes ever beheld. I calling in Dr. Faddeo, a very fine physician, to consult with me in relation to her. We came to the conclusion that it was but of our power to relieve her; but in going to my office, I accidentally picked up one of your Journals, when, on seeing the wonderful cures your Sarsaparilla had effected, I resolved to try the experiment in this case. I sent her two bottles of it, after taking which I repaired to her cabin, and took her home more. She is now taking the sixth bottle, and I consider her entirely cured. I take great pleasure in recommending your Sarsaparilla to the afflicted public. Yours respectfully,

JOHN M. ROSS, M. D.

PHYSICIANS RECOMMEND

DR. JOHN BULL'S SARSAPARILLA.

☞ "THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER."

DR. BULL:—Dear Sir—We believe your sarsaparilla to be the purest and most meritorious article for cure of Scrofula, Piles, Cancers, Old Sores and Ulcers, and many other cutaneous and glandular affections, having used it with entire satisfaction in many cases. It cleanses the blood of all impurities, and, as a "female medicine," it has no equal on earth.

M. PARSONS, M. D.,

Resident Physician at the Louisville Marine Hospital.

L. P. YANDELL, M. D.,

Prof. of Chemistry in the Louisville Medical College.

Caution.—Ask for the original "DR. JOHN BULL'S SARSAPARILLA," from Kentucky, in QUART bottles, and take no other.

SOLE AGENCY for the State of Pennsylvania is at DR. SWAYNE'S Laboratory, No. 8 North SEVENTH STREET, Philadelphia.

For sale by JOHN G. BROWN, Pottsville; ECKERT & BARNDT, Tremont, Sole Agents for Schuylkill County.

June 11, 1853. 24-1y

TESTED BY THOUSANDS AND ALWAYS APPROVED!

ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE INDIAN MEDICINE

WRIGHT'S INDIAN Vegetable PILLS

THE HAND of a beneficent Creator has planted every country with its appropriate antidotes against the effects of soil and climate upon the human being. The aboriginal Indians are proof of this fact, maintaining as they did, without other aids, the perfect constitution unsurpassed by any other race. It is from the roots and plants, which grow spontaneously upon our own soil, that WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS are compounded. They are, therefore, better adapted to meet the particular forms of disease prevalent in our country, than any foreign medicine, or any medicine concocted from foreign drugs can be.

The high celebrity which these Pills have acquired for thoroughness and efficacy, renders any thing more than a short notice unnecessary. Being composed of vegetable simples, the products of our own soil, they are entirely free from all mercurial and other deleterious mineral powerful for good but innocent of injury, even to the weakest constitution. They should be resorted to at once in any of the following complaints:

Asthma,	Inward Fevers,
Affections of the Bladder and Kidneys,	Inflamation of the Eyes,
Acidity of the Stomach,	Jaundice,
Bronchitis,	Impurity of the Blood,
Blotches on the Skin,	Loss of Appetite,
Bilious Fever, in which complaintthe Pills are very valuable,	Liver Complaint, Very efficacious in this complaint,
Bilious Colic,	Lumbago and Lowness of Spirits,
Bowel Complaints,	Mercurial Disease,
Chills and Fever,	Nightsweats,
Colds and Coughs,	Neuralgia,
Constipation or Costiveness,	Nausea,
Debility,	Nervous Debility,
Difficulty of Breathing,	Palpitation of the Heart,
Dropsy,	Piles,
Diseases of Vision,	Pains in the Bones,
Dysentery,	Pain in the Back,
Dyspepsia—No person should delay using the Pills in this distressing complaint,	Pain in the side and breast)
Erysipelas,	Pimples,
Female Irregularities,	Pleurisy,
Freckles,	Rheumatism,
Fits,	Rush of Blood to the Head,
Fostiness of the Complexion,	Small Pox,
Fever and Ague. For this Scrofula, the Pills are a sure cure. In this Country, these Pills are unequaled by any other medicine, Speedily effect the cure,	Swimming of the Head,
	Sour Eructations,
	Soreness of the Breast,
	Sore Throat,
	Swellings,
	Salt Rheum,
	Scald Head,
	Secondary Symptoms,
	Tumors,
	Tic Doloreux,
	Ulcers of all kinds,
	Worms,
	Yellowness of the Skin,

ing a complete and permanent cure.

Flatulency,

Gout,

Giddiness and Dizziness,

Heartburn,

Headache: sick and nervous,

Hysterics,

Indigestion,

Inflammation,

CAUTION.—The public are respectfully cautioned against articles with names similar to *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, which have been issued for their virtues. Always ask for WRIGHT'S PILLS, and do not be put off with any other.

The medicine is for sale wholesale and retail, either in English, French, German or Spanish directions, at the Principal Office, 169 RACE St., Philadelphia.

And for sale by

MIT. E. M. BEATTY } Pottsville.

J. D. BROWN.

And by Agents in all parts of the State and United States.

June 11, 1853. 24-1

MORSE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF *YELLOW DOCK ROOT.*

THIS is a *Purely Vegetable Compound*, scientifically prepared from the best Roots and Herbs of the Materia Medica, and has gained an unrivalled reputation for the following effects, viz:

Regulating and Strengthening the Liver and Digestive Organs, and Cleansing the Stomach and Bowels,

and the Cousins all Bilious Diseases, Liver Complaints, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Costiveness, Piles, Headache, Fever and Ague, Jaundice, Nausea, loss of Appetite, &c., and causing the food to nourish and support every part.

PURIFYING THE BLOOD,

and thereby cleansing all Humors, Cutaneous Eruptions, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Scald Head, Canker, Pimples on the face, Blotches, Ulcers, Tumors, Mercurial Diseases, Cancers, &c.

Regulating the Secretory Organs,

and by enabling them to perform their proper functions, preventing and curing many painful and dangerous diseases. Strengthening and QUIETING THE NERVOUS SYSTEM, thus allaying Nervous Irritations, Weakness and Diseases of the Nerves, as Hysteria, Neuralgia, Cramps, &c.

IT IS UNRIVALLED IN THE CURE OF