Wit and Humor.

[*From the Boston Transcript.*]

SPRING CLEANING.

BY A SUFFERER.

The melancholy days have come, the saddest of the year,
Of cleaning paint, and scrubbing floors, and scouring far and near;
Heaped in the corners of the room, the ancient dus lay quiet,
Nor rose up at the father's tread, nor to the children's riot;
But now the carpets all are up, and from the stair-case top,
The mistress calls to man and maid to wield the broom and mop.
Where are those rooms, those quiet rooms, the house but now presented,
Wherein we dwelt, nor dreamed of dirt, so cosy and contented?
Alas, they've turned all upside-down, that quiet suite of rooms,
With slops and suds, and soap and sand, and tubs, and pails and brooms.
Chairs, tables, stands, are standing round, at sixes and at sevens,
While wife and housemaids fly about like meteors through the heavens.
The parlor and the chamber floor were cleaned a week ago;
The carpets shook, the windows washed, as all the neighbors know;
But still the sanctum had escaped—the table piled with books,
Pens, ink and paper all about, peace in its very looks—
Till tell the women on them all, as falls the plague on men,
And then they vanished all away, books, paper, ink and pen.
And now, when comes the master home, as come he must o' nights,
To find all things are "set to wrongs," that they have "set to rights,"
When the sound of driving tacks is heard, though the house is far from still,
And the carpet woman's on the stairs, that harbinger of ill,
He looks for papers, books, or bills, that all were there before,
And sighs to find them on the desk or in the drawer no more.
And then he grimly thinks of her who set this fuss afloat,
And wishes she were out to sea, in a very leaky boat:
He meets her at the parlor door, with hair and cap awry,
With sleeves tucked up, and broom in hand; defiance in her eye;
He feels quite small, and knows full well there's nothing to be said,
He holds his tongue, and drinks his tea, and sneaks away to bed.

DAN'S COUSIN'S DOG.

"I have a bachelor cousin," said Dan, "who is very near sighted; in addition to which misfortune he is cross-eyed. He had been operated upon for strabismus, on the new mode, but it only resulted in changing the obliquity to a different direction, and he designs, he says, to have it set back, for he likes his old squint the best. As I said, however, he is very near-sighted; I don't think he ever saw his big toe, and I have seen him blot out his signature with his nose, while writing it. But that is neither here nor there," said Dan. "Cousin Joe had a favorite spaniel, a handsome fellow, with long, drooping ears, and eyes that had a remarkable humane expression. He was an affectionate, faithful animal, and his master loved him as he would have loved a child. Well, one morning last summer, while passing down Broadway, I encountered Joe, wearing an unusually doleful aspect, and on inquiry, I learnened that Dash was very sick, and was going to die.

"He acts very strangely, said Joe, "and I've shut him up in the kennel."

"Ah!" says I, "hydrophobia, perhaps; won't he drink?"

"Like a fish," said Joe, "but won't eat."

"Won't eat!"

"Not a morsel—not a crumb. I've tried him with everything; I even had a chicken broiled for him, yesterday, and buttered, and he wouldn't touch it."

"Well, that is strange," said I; "how long has he been in that condition?"

"This is the fifth day," replied Joe, looking very serious, "and the poor fellow can hardly stand."

"We were not far from Joe's house at this time, and I proposed to visit his patient, to which he gladly assented, and led the way, uttering many an encomium on poor faithful Dash, and expressing his fears that we might not find him alive."

"Well," continued Dan, "we went in, and went to the kennel," and Dan's face grew redder and redder. "Went to the kennel, and there was the dog—ha! ha! ha!—there was the dog—ho! ho! ho!—with a great wire muzzle on his j-j-j-jaw!" and then followed a final guffaw, long, loud and sonorous.

"Poor Dash," continued Dan, recovering his breath—"how much worse than Tantalus' had been thy lot! No sooner had I loosed his masticator than he fell to eating like a famished wolf; and cousin Joe said he remembered now, directing his man to procure the muzzle; but his servant had been discharged the next day, for some offence, and the circumstance had quite escaped his memory."

☞ ANECDOTE.—A friend tells us the following anecdote, which we pronounce decidedly good:

One of the store-keepers of this place, a few days since, purchased of an Irish woman a quantity of butter, the lumps of which, intended for pounds, he "weighed in the balance and found wanting." "Sure, it's yer own fault, if they are light," said Biddy, in reply to the complaint of the buyer, "its yer own fault, sir—for wasn't it a pound o' soap, I bought here mesilf, that I had in the other end of the scale when I weighed 'em!"

The storekeeper had nothing more to say on the subject.

☞ Don't you think my execution of Othello a capital performance? It is in my line, is it not?" asked an eminent tragedian of Cooke. "Why, yes," replied the provoking punster, "all *executions* may be considered capital performances; and your performance is certainly of that class, for you execute him, in your line, so effectually, that as soon as you lay hands on him, he is *no Moor*."

☞ DRUNKENNESS IN LONDON.—If Prince Albert were drunk, he would be called elated; if Lord Tristam were drunk, he would be called elevated; if Mr. Plum, the rich merchant, were drunk, he would be called inebriated; if a respected tradesman be drunk, he would be intoxicated; but if a workman be in liquor, it would be said that the nasty beast was as drunk as a pig.

☞ "WELL, Sambo, how do you like your place?"

"O, berry well, massa."

"What did you have for breakfast this morning?"

"WHY you see massa biled tree eggs for herself, and gib me de brot."

☞ "YOU'VE destroyed my peace of mind, Betsy," said a desponding lover to a truant lass. "It can't do you much harm, John, for 'twas an amazing small piece you had, any way," was the quick reply.

☞ "Do you keep matches?" asked a wag of a retailer. "Oh, yes, all kinds," was the reply. "Then I'll take a trotting match."

☞ "I AM forced into this measure," as Tom Thumb said when they crammed him into a quart pot.

☞ QUESTION IN ORNITHOLOGY.—What bird is most like a hen stealing? A cock-robin.

Scientific and Practical.

FACTS ABOUT MILK.

☞ Cream cannot rise through a great depth of milk. If milk is therefore desired to retain its cream for a time, it should be put into a deep narrow dish; and if it be desired to free it most completely of cream, it should be poured into a broad flat dish, not much exceeding one inch in depth.—The evolution of cream is facilitated by a rise, and retarded by a depression of temperature. At the usual temperature of the dairy, 50 degrees Fahrenheit, all the cream will probably rise in twenty-six hours, but at 70 degrees, it will probably all rise in less than half that time, and when milk is kept near the freezing point, the cream will rise very slowly, because it becomes partially solidified.

In wet and cold weather the milk is less rich than in dry and warm; and on that account more cheese is obtained in cold than in warm, though not in thundery weather. The season has its effects—the milk in the spring is supposed to be best for calves, in summer it is best suited for cheese, and in autumn the butter keeping better than that of summer. Cows less frequently milked than others give rich milk and consequently much better.—The morning's milk is richer than the evening's. The last drawn milk of each milking, at all times and seasons, is richer than the first drawn, which is the poorest.—*Exchange Paper.*

BREAD WITHOUT CRUST.

☞ We commend the attention of housewives to the following recipe, (from Arthur's *Home Gazette,*) for making bread without crust. We speak confidently of its merits, for our better-half, in tender regard for the dilapidated condition of our masticating apparatus, has tried the experiment, and with perfect success. The loaf is light and spongy, the dough does not differ materially from that of well baked bread, and the outside is scarcely any harder than the rest. Blessings on the woman who contrived a way of making *bread without crust.* "Prepare the dough the same as for baking in a tin basin; when in a proper condition, instead of putting it into the oven, put it into a kettle.—There should be something in the bottom of the kettle, a hoop of tin two or three inches broad would be best, to keep the basin from the bottom, and there should be sufficient water to cover about one-third of the basin. Keep the water constantly boiling from the time the loaf is put in, till it is done, which will be about three-quarters of an hour, with an ordinary sized loaf. To know when it is done, press upon the centre of the top of the loaf with the thumb, and if done, it will pull back on removing the thumb, if not, the indentation will remain."

RAPID EVAPORATION OF ICE.

☞ Every washerwoman knows by experience that, when wet clothes are hung out in a cold freezing day, they will soon become hard, then they will dry, and become quite limber after being exposed for some time. This is owing to the rapid evaporation of ice. In the arctic regions, the dryness of the atmosphere is remarkable. Wood, horn, and ivory are shrivelled up. The handles of razors, knives, combs, &c., are damaged in the same way as when kept in warm rooms. The human body, in the arctic regions, becomes highly electric from the dryness of the skin. Friction of the skin produces the electric ozone odor. A piece of linen, says Sir John Richardson, after being washed and exposed in the air at 40 deg below zero, if agitated by the wind, dries nearly as fast as if it were exposed to the sun in England.

MADEIRA CAKES.

☞ Beat two eggs, and mix them with eight ounces of butter which has been beaten to a cream. Mix together six ounces of powdered lump sugar, fourteen ounces of finely sifted flour, half a grated nutmeg, a teaspoonful of ground ginger, and a table spoonful of caraway seed. When well mixed, work this well into the butter and eggs, beat it half an hour, and then add a large wine-glass full of sherry. Bake it in tin patty-pans in a moderately quick oven.

ALBANY BREAKFAST CAKES.

☞ Ten eggs, three pints of milk, quarter of a pound of butter, two teaspoonfuls of salt, half a teaspoonful of saleratus, and white Indian meal to make a thick batter, butter scalloped oval tins, fill them two-thirds full, (they should hold about a pint,) bake for a full hour in a quick oven.

RICE BATTER CAKES.

☞ Mix two cups of cold boiled rice with one of flour, and one cup of corn meal, and cold milk enough to form all into a stiff batter, to which add a little saleratus. Bake on a hot griddle. Nothing in the shape of hot cakes for breakfast can excel this dish.

BUGS ON VINES.

☞ Mix a table spoonful of spirits of turpentine with a quart of plaster, (gypsum,) stirring them well together, and sprinkle the mixture over and among the plants. Repeat the process in two or three days. It is said to be effectual.

Information for the People,

OR THE PLAIN "WHY" AND "BECAUSE."

☞ WHY is CARBONIC ACID frequently found at the bottom of mines, &c.? Because it is much heavier than atmospheric air. Workmen ought never to venture into such places without previously letting down a lighted candle. If the candle burns, they may enter safely; if not, quicklime should be let down in buckets, and gradually sprinkled with water. As the lime slacks, it will absorb the carbonic acid gas, and the workmen may afterwards descend in safety.—*Parkes.*

In these cases, the carbonic acid issues from crevices in the earth, and is produced by unknown sources. Similar accidents happen to persons incautiously descending into brewers' vats, before they have been purified from this gas. We were told of three or four such cases at the brewhouse of Messrs. Barclay and Perkins, as we were *walking over* their stupendous store-vats a few days since.

The noxious properties of carbonic acid, or choke-damp, in mines, have already been noticed in connexion with the *Safety Lamp.*

☞ WHY ARE NOT Aquatic Insects wet with the water in which they reside? Because the skin is probably smeared with some unctuous matter; comparative anatomy hitherto having failed in detecting any glands subservient to the functions of the skin. In some instances, indeed, the skin resists being wet, even after the death of the animal has taken place for some time, but previous to becoming dry.—*Fleming.*

Dr. Arnott physically attributes it to the weight of the insects not being sufficient to overcome the cohesion of the particles of water among themselves.

In the tribes which swim, the legs are either flattened like the blade of an oar, or produced and ciliated (fringed) on the edges. Some swim upon their back, others upon their belly. Some keep always floating upon the surface, others dive and perform their movements at various depths, regulated by the condition of the organs of respiration.—*Fleming.*

☞ WHY IS THE temperature of the sea more uniform than that of any inland water, exposed to the atmosphere, and not a hot spring? Because it possesses in itself a peculiar source of caloric, owing to a variety of causes, the operation of which is unknown to us. The vast body of the water, and the perpetual agitation to which it is exposed, render it less liable to be affected by outward changes of temperature; and this is particularly the case at a considerable depth below the surface; at its upper part, however, it possesses an extensive range of temperature at different seasons of the year. On the shores of England, the surface of the sea is seldom, in the severest weather, lower in its temperature than 40 deg., or higher, in the hottest summer, than 65 deg.; whereas the heat of rivers, especially when they are shallow and their currents slow, rises higher and sinks lower than either of these points.—*Booth.*

☞ WHY IS THE SEA usually of a green color? Because, probably, of vegetable matter, and perhaps, partially, of two elementary principles, iodine and brome, which it certainly contains, though these are possibly the results of decayed marine vegetables. These give a yellow tint when dissolved in minute portions in water, and this mixed with the blue of pure water would occasion sea-green.—*Sir H. Davy.*

☞ WHY IS A BLUE FLAME so often seen upon the surface of a charcoal fire? Because the combustion of the carbonic oxide is formed in this way: the air entering at bottom, forms carbonic acid, which, passing through the red hot charcoal, becomes converted into carbonic oxide. Hence arises the danger of burning charcoal in ill-ventilated chambers.

☞ WHY IS MARBLE used for sculpture and architecture in preference to harder substances? Because their durability is not in proportion to their hardness; and marble, though much softer than granite, resists longer the attacks of air and moisture.

THE GREAT KENTUCKY REMEDY.
DR. JOHN BULL'S
SARSAPARILLA!!

IT is put up in full quart bottles, and contains the strength of six times as much pure Honduras Sarsaparilla as any similar preparation in America.—Price, one dollar per bottle, or six bottles for five dollars.

It has been a well established fact, for years past, that Sarsaparilla, when pure and properly prepared, was the only true panacea for all diseases originating from an impure state of the blood, the use of mercury, intoxicating drinks, evil habits in youth, barrenness, &c. We boldly assert, that *John Bull's Fluid Extract of Sarsaparilla* is the only preparation before the public that is prepared on strictly scientific principles, and of uniform strength. The Sarsaparilla is purchased without regard to price, and every pound, before being used, is subject to the strictest chemical tests, and its genuineness ascertained before being used.

Bull's Sarsaparilla also contains the virtues of several other valuable medical roots, together forming the best compound, and producing THE GREATEST CURATIVE AGENT IN THE KNOWN WORLD! This medicine, when used according to directions, WILL CURE WITHOUT FAIL—

Scrofula or King's Evil, Cancers, Tumors, Eruptions of the Skin, Erysipelas, Chronic Sore Eyes, Ringworm or Tetters, Scald Head, Rheumatism, Pains in the Bones and Joints, old Sores, and Ulcers, Swelling of the Glands, Syphilis, Dyspepsia, Salt Rheum, Diseases of the Kidneys, Loss of Appetite, Diseases arising from the use of Mercury, Pain in the Side and Shoulders, General Debility, Dropsy, Lumbago, Jaundice, Costiveness, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Colds, Coughs, Weakness of the Chest, Pulmonary Affections, and all other Diseases tending to produce Consumption, Liver Complaint, Female Irregularities and Complaints, Sick and Nervous Headache, Low Spirits, Night Sweats, Exposure or Imprudence in Life, Chronic Constitutional Diseases; and is a Spring and Summer Drink, and a General Tonic for the System, and a Gentle and Pleasant Purgative, far Superior to Blue Lick or Congress Water, Salts, or Sedlitz Powders.

READ! READ! READ!!!

The truly wonderful and remarkable cures that have come under our immediate observation, have more than convinced us that Doctor Bull is a GENUINE MAN, and that his Fluid Extract of Sarsaparilla is the most valuable combination of vegetable extracts that the science of chemistry has yet produced. All who come to the Doctor Bull's new enterprise, say we.—*Louisville Courier.*

We agree with our neighbor of the *Courier*, that Doctor Bull is a great man, and his Sarsaparilla a GREATER MEDICINE; and we are fully convinced that the Doctor, with his Sarsaparilla, will create a far more enthusiastic excitement than Barnum does with Jenny Lind. We would not have our readers to understand us as classing the Doctor and his Sarsaparilla with Barnum and Jenny Lind, because all who attend the lectures of Bull's Sarsaparilla will get its equivalent; and we have heard it silly hinted, that many, after hearing the divine Jenny, and finding their pocket minus from ten to twenty dollars, thought it was paying pretty dear for the WHISTLE. One objection we have to Bull's Sarsaparilla, and ONLY ONE—it is so exceedingly pleasant to the taste, and so agreeable to the system, that, once in the habit of using it, it is equal to smoking fine segallas, chewing Langhorne's best, or drinking Wheaton's mint Juleps—you can't QUIT IT.—*Louisville Democrat.*

The above complimentary notices from the editors of the Louisville *Courier* and *Democrat*, were received by Geo. D. Prentice, Esq., the distinguished editor of the Louisville *Journal*, in the following flattering notice:—

THE GREAT SARSAPARILLA.

There is no doubt in the world of the greatness of Doctor Bull, and the excellence of his Sarsaparilla.—Some of the most scientific physicians in the city who attended the Sarsaparilla, admit that it is a great deal better, the million applaud it too. It is having a tremendous sale. The celebrated Jayne has, from the profits of his medicine, built a grand palace in Philadelphia, seven stories high, and Dr. Bull, if he chooses, can very soon build one twice as high as that. It is, we are told, very difficult for him to walk out in our streets at all, as he finds himself arrested, at every step, by grateful men and women, many of whom have travelled from great distances to look upon their benefactor, and to thank him for their wonderful restoration to health. The Doctor, with all his extraordinary merit, is very modest and retiring; yet we trust that the Eastern cities will join in a chorus to them, give a fitting reception to the distinguished man who has made as glorious a campaign against human diseases as General Scott made against the Mexicans.

NOTICE TO FEMALES.

John Bull's Sarsaparilla is one of the greatest female medicines now in existence. In the numerous cases where the constitution is debilitated, the nervous energy is lessened, when the efforts of nature are weak and deficient, or are *painful* and wanting in strength, when the face is pale and colorless, the strength feeble and yielding, the spirit troubled and depressed, the health broken, mind shaken, and consequently, the happiness destroyed—then Bull's Sarsaparilla is a sovereign remedy. It assists Nature in the performance of her duty, braces the whole system, exerts a permanently blest influence, removes obstructions, checks excesses, creates pure and healthy blood, and imparts health and happiness.—We ladies generally to adopt the use of this medicine, as we would see far less suffering, disease, and unhappiness, among them, than now exist; health would take the place of disease, the rosy cheek would succeed the pallid face; we should have smiles instead of tears, and perhaps a long life, instead of one cut short by disease, or made miserable by a continual suffering and decay. All ladies at a period termed "the turn of life," which is often attended with so much danger, Bull's Sarsaparilla is found to exert a most beneficial effect. All ladies approaching this crisis should be apprised of this fact, and avail themselves of this valuable medicine.

A BEAUTIFUL CLEAR SKIN.

How we all admire a clear, beautiful white skin, and a rosy colored cheek! How often do we see persons not possessing this desideratum, "so devoutly to be wished," resorting to cosmetics, lotions, washes, paints, and coloring materials, to restore them to a semblance of what disease has deprived them of, and that, too, with great injury to the skin. Bull's Sarsaparilla is the best cosmetic known. It beautifies the skin by removing every particle of morbid and diseased matter from the blood, making it pure, healthy and vigorous, giving activity to every muscle, nerve, and vessel, and changing the yellow and dark countenance to the bloom and freshness of youth. Ladies, abandon the use of painful and injurious Bull's Sarsaparilla, the only effectual remedy. "A word to the wise is sufficient," and a hint is enough for the ladies.

We earnestly invite all persons who are suffering with any of "the ills that flesh is heir to," to call on Dr. John Bull's agent, and get a copy of Bull's Family *Journal, gratis*; and for the sake of humanity, we hope that a single individual will not be found, unwilling to give Bull's Sarsaparilla a trial, after reading, and recollecting, at the same time, that it is imposed upon for the Doctor to publish the tenth part of the number of certificates of astounding cures performed by his Sarsaparilla. The amount of testimony voluntarily showered on Dr. Bull's Sarsaparilla, from well-known and distinguished individuals, both in public and private life, has been perfectly overwhelming.

☞ Dr. John Bull's Principal Office, 81 FOURTH St., Louisville, Ky, where all applications for Agencies must be addressed.

☞ SOLE AGENCY for the State of Pennsylvania is at DR. SWAYNE'S Laboratory, No. 4, North SEVENTH STREET, Philadelphia. For Sale by

JOHN G. BROWN, Pottsville,
Sole Agent for Schuylkill County.

☞ Country Store keepers supplied.
May 29, 1852. 22-1f

A great Discovery for Bilious Constitutions.
DOCTOR J. S. ROSE'S
RAILROAD, OR ANTI-BILIOUS PILLS,

IN Boxes, at 12½ and 25 cents—free from Mercury, and can be taken at all seasons, by both sexes, of all ages and without regard to weather. ☞ No business or laboring man should be without them. ☞ They are truly the Poor Man's friend, and the Rich Man's security.

The above Pills are the result of thirty years' practice in Philadelphia, and if taken with Dr. J. S. Rose's Tonic Fever and Ague Mixture, they will cure the most stubborn cases of Fever and Ague, or Chills and Fever. For Liver Complaints, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, and all Bilious conditions of the system, they have no equal, as thousands in the Southern and Western States will testify, who have used them. As a purgative pill they act like a charm, free from griping, giving strength and appetite, and enlivening the spirits. For sale, at wholesale or retail by

B. BANNAN,
Agent for Schuylkill County.

☞ Druggists and others supplied at the usual wholesale prices. Also by

J. G. BROWN, Pottsville,
E. J. FRY, Tamaqua,
J. W. GIBBS, Minersville.

August 30, 1851. 35-

NATURE'S OWN REMEDY.
THE INVALID'S BEST FRIEND!

ORIGINAL AND ONLY — WRIGHT'S INDIAN Vegetable PILLS — GENUINE INDIAN MEDICINES

IMPORTANT CORRESPONDENCE: TRIUMPH OF WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS IN SOUTH AMERICA!—YELLOW FEVER CURED! TRUTH STRANGER THAN FICTION!

SALEM, MASS., April 16, 1851.

William Wright, Esq.—Dear Sir:—In my years we have been the Salem agents, and also at one time the county agents, for the sale of your valuable medicine, and during the whole of this time we are not aware that, in any one instance, have the pills which we have sold been complained of as causing injury, or not accomplishing their proper mission. It is doubly gratifying when we receive voluntary testimony from a source where the medicine which is sold has been the means of doing great good and of saving many lives. *Last year we sold three dozen boxes to a foreign port*, and this day have received a letter from the merchant who ordered them, giving an account of the wonderful effects which they did in curing a large number of persons who were attacked with a prevailing epidemic similar to the *yellow fever*; while those under the regular physicians' treatment, who were in the Hospital, some three hundred, including the Governor, Magistrates, &c., fell victims to the disease.

If you would like a copy of our letter, we don't know of any impropriety in giving it you, and perhaps it would be of service to have it published, together with our names, as it is addressed to us. We will consult the parties interested, and if you wish-it, you will please write us. *Respectfully, yours,*

W. & S. B. IVES.

The following is the letter alluded to above:—

SALEM, March 22, 1851.

Messrs. W. & S. B. Ives, Merchants, Salem:—Gentlemen—For some years past I have adopted in my family, as a preventive, Dr. Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills (for whom you are his agents in Salem) and have found that medicine of great worth.

Last November we were requested by a kind of inhumanity of fever, (the same I presume which prevailed in adjoining neighbors, the Brazilians, for nearly a year) the symptoms of which had an analogy to the yellow fever, and mostly two hundred persons fell victims to the epidemic (a great number for a population as small as ours.) Our doctors named it the true yellow fever, but they were powerless to stop its progress, continuing their mode of treatment to the use of quinine, and the application of leeches, forbidding the use of purgatives, and of course all the soldiers and sailors, who were obliged to be sent to the Hospital, as also the Governor, several Magistrates, several officers, and in fact all those who were really affected with the disease, died under their mode of treatment.

A month previous, I had received three dozen boxes of Dr. Wright's Pills, which I presume were bought at your store by Messrs. Goldsmith, Brewomb & Parlow, merchants in this city, and with whom I am doing business. I had the opportunity to administer these Pills to several under my roof, who were afflicted with the *same fever*, and in no case do we find they each completely cured them of the complaint. I then gave away nearly all my Pills to some twenty or thirty persons, and all were relieved as it were by enchantment.

I have, in consequence, remitted to Messrs. Gold smith, Newcomb and Parlow, the sum of forty dollar for a fresh supply of this invaluable medicine, anforeg of you to deliver the Pills as fresh as possible.

I request you also to desire Dr. Wright to have his directions translated in French, which will tend greatly to circulate his Pills not only here, but also in the other colonies where the population is more numerous.

Excuse me, gentlemen, in the hurry I have taken to address you this letter, which, for the sake of humanity, I have been compelled to do, as I do not mean to speculate on an article which proved salutary to a number of my friends, and to a fair moiety of the population is reduced to a state of indigence, and it would be sinful for any one to seek lucre in such a way.

Accept, gentlemen, the most respectful salutations of your very obedient servant, A. PICHEVIN

The medicine is for sale, wholesale and retail, either in English, French, German or Spanish directions, at the Principal Office, 169 RACE St., Philadelphia.

And for sale by

T. F. BEATTY & CO., Pottsville.
J. G. BROWN.

E. J. Fry, Tamaqua; J. W. Gibbs, Minersville; Jonas Robilubid, Port Clinton; Jacob Dreher, Drehersville; Jonathan Boyer, McKeansburg; C. & A. Focht, Ring gold; Kepner & Co., Kepnersville; Gideon Wieistone, West Penn; Wm. Cooper, Tuscarora; George Regan, do; George Bowman, Bowmanstown; Mahlon Deisport, Orwigsburg; Wm. Williams, do; Conner & Rinaldi, New Philadelphia; H. Shlosser, Port Carbon; Jas. B. Levan & Co., Schuylkill Haven; William A. Hammond, Port Carbon; Wm. M. Burkel, do; Samuel Moyer, Landingville; Johanan Cockill, Llewellyn; Abram Schwenk, Germanville; Jacob Kauffman, Lower Mahantango; Jno. B. McCreary, Tremont; Erkel & Barndt, do. McCormick & Clark, Donaldson; Wheeler & Miller, Pinegrove; George Reifsnyder, New Castle; Wm Price, St. Clair.

June 7, 1851 32-1f

TO INVALIDS AND THE SICK.

SPECIFIC Remedies for each Complaint prevalent in this section of the country. Proof most conclusive of their truth may be had (with a FREE ALMANAC for this year containing particulars), by calling on

J. S. C. MARTIN, Centre street Pottsville.
J. W. GIBBS, Minersville.
GEO. REIFSNIDER, New Castle.

AGENTS for this County, always observing on EACH remedy the following:—

NOTICE—All Preparations heretofore known as "COMSTOCK'S" or COMSTOCK & CO'S, always bearing and now bearing the signature of Dr. Lucius S. Comstock, and though the signature of Comstock & Co. will be continued, this extra label with the fac simile signature of Dr L. S. C. will in future designate the GENUINE.

ALL OTHERS MUST BE SPURIOUS.

Lucius S. Comstock M.D.

Jan. 31st, 1852. 5-6m

INTERESTING TO LADIES.

AN important discovery has been made that doubtless will attract the attention of the scientific, and lead to further grand developements in the sublime and too much neglected science of Alchemy, though not sufficient to enable us to clarify the mysterious involution that obscures the future of our being, yet, that will serve to soften and diminish the sorrows and extend the pleasures of the present.

There is not a soul, especially one sweetened by refinement, but is saddened by the departure of the glories of Summer, and ever have the fragrant spirits of the fields yielded to the demands of inflexible Autumn, or fled from its withering approach.

As a recent experiment, conducted by the usual methods of chemical process, extracts were obtained from New mown Hay, Flowers of Ashland, and other delightfully odorous shrubs and herbs, in their 100th distillation, exert a disinfecting influence, and so singular and complete is the enchantment produced by their use, that invalids in preserved—blooms from the fields are transferred to the checks—the atmosphere made redolent with the delicate perfumes of Summer, and that joyous season essentially perpetuated.

These newly discovered and wonderful extracts have been received and are for sale by

B. BANNAN.

Feb 28, 1852. 9—

"*I am a man, and deem nothing which relates to man foreign to my feelings.*"

READ!! YOUTH AND MANHOOD

A VIGOROUS life or a premature death. KINAKELIN on *Self Preservation*.—Only 25 cents.

This book, just published, is filled with useful information, on the infirmities and diseases of the human system. It addresses itself alike to Youth, Manhood, and Old age, and should be read by all. The valuable advice and impressive warning it gives, will prevent years of misery and suffering, and save annually thousands of lives. Parents by reading it, will learn how to prevent the destruction of their children. A remittance of 25 cents, enclosed in a letter, addressed to Dr. Kinkelin, Philadelphia, will ensure a book, under envelope, per return mail.

Dr. K., fifteen years resident Physician, N. W. corner of Third and Union streets, between Spruce and Pine, Philadelphia, may be consulted confidentially.—He who places himself under the care of Dr. K., may religiously confide in his honor as a gentleman, and confidently rely upon his skill as a physician. Persons at a distance may address Dr. K., by letter, (post paid) and be cured at home.

Packages of Medicines, directions, &c., forwarded by sending a remittance, and put up so as to leave from damage and curiosity. Book Sellers, News Agents, Pedlars, Canvassers, and others supplied with the above work at very low rates.

Dec. 27, 1851. 52-1y

HUMMEL'S ESSENCE OF COFFEE

One package of this Essence will go as far as four pounds of Coffee—and Coffee made of this Essence will preserve the taste of the real Coffee, with the addition of a more delicate and finer flavor. It is also more conducive to health than the finer Coffee, is easier made, does not require anything to clear it, and is free from sediment. This Essence is now extensively used in various sect one of the country, a single agent having sold 16,000 cakes in a single county in this State. Price 12½ cents per cake. For sale wholesale and retail by the subscriber, at his variety store.

B. BANNAN, Agent for Schuylkill Co.

☞ Merchants and others supplied to sell a gain at the Manufacturer's prices. Try it.

I have examined an article prepared by Messrs. Hummel, Bohler & Co., of Philadelphia, called "Essence of Coffee," which is intended to be used with Coffee for the purpose of improving it. I find it not only free from anything deleterious to health, but on the contrary, the ingredients of which it is composed, are perfectly wholesome.

JAMES R. CHILTON, M. D.
Chemist and Analysist, 73 Chambers St. New York.

Aug. 22, 1851.

F. FORD VENETIAN BLIND AND TRANSPARENT WINDOW Shade Manufacturer, Wholesale and Retail, No. 21, South 8 Street, Philadelphia. LETTERED SHADES for Store Windows painted to order.

ALSO Reed Blinds, Buff Shades, Paper Curtains, Fireboard Plates, Oilcloths, &c. Gilt Cornices, Bands and Pins, &c., for Drapery Curtains.

August 16, 1851. 33-1y

LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S India Rubber Sandals—a capital article for wet and damp weather. Also, Ladies' and Gentlemen's *Gardening* and Working Gloves, Nursing Cups, Finger Stalls, &c., just received and for sale at B. BANNAN'S Cheap India Rubber Store.

March 27, 1852. 13—

LADIES' COMBS,

Wholesale and Retail—New and beautiful Assortment.

THE subscriber has just received twelve dozen assorted Ladies' Combs, embracing a general assortment, among which are several new and beautiful Patterns, all of which will be sold wholesale and retail at extraordinary low prices. Also children's circular Combs, at B. BANNAN'S Cheap Fancy and Variety Store.

BREWSTER'S EMBROCATION,

The East Remedy ever discovered for Sprains, Bruises, Rheumatism, Stiffness, or Weakness of Joints and Limbs, Contraction of the Muscles, Neuralgia of the Face, Side or Back, Gout, Headache, Toothache, &c. Also, an Invaluable Remedy for Sparks, Strains, Stiffness, Lameness and Galls on HORSES.

THIS Embrocation is prepared of ingredients which form a very active, yet entirely safe and pleasant preparation for Rheumatism, &c. The proprietor being aware that there are great quantities of trash in the country under the name of Embrocation, Liniments, and Liquid Opodeldoc, absolutely worthless, nevertheless, feels great confidence in saying to the afflicted, that this is superior to everything else in use. Hundreds of the most respectable persons and families have given their testimony in favor of its superiority. It operates in many cases immediately, and persons who have been suffering under extreme pain in the side or limbs, or from bruises and sprains, have found instant relief from a thorough rubbing with this embrocation. Try it and you will not be disappointed. Price 25 cents per bottle.

Certificate from Ambrose Pancoast, Esq, Atlantic Co., N. J.:

PANCOASTVILLE, N. J., July 21, 1849.

Mr. F. G. BREWSTER:—Dear Sir—I have been an extensive dealer in horses for thirty years past, and have had great opportunities to witness the various diseases to which they are subject, and of testing the various remedies in use.

About fifteen years since I was induced to make use of your Embrocation, and since that time I have used no other remedies for the following diseases to which this noble animal is subject, viz: Ringbone, spavin, strains of the joints and sinews, shoulder strains, swiney in the shoulder, tameness in stifle and socket, galls on the shoulders, and every disease of a like nature.

I have also used, and known it used for the various diseases to which mankind are subject, such as swelled joints, Rheumatism, Gout, Sprains, Bruises, Cuts, Corns, Spinal affections, pains in the face, side, and back, Toothache, Burns, Scalds, and especially the Headache, to which I have been subject nearly all my life time. Your Embrocation is the best and safest remedy I have ever used for the above complaints; I having also sold considerable of it in my store, and believe it to supersede all others.

Yours with respect,
AMBROSE PANCOAST.

BREWSTER'S CHOLERA MIXTURE.

For the cure of Cholera Morbus, Diarrhea, Bowel Complaint, Cholic, Griping Pains, or Sick Stomach, and Asiatic Cholera.

THIS Mixture has been used and recommended by physicians and others as a standard medicine, and has been successfully tested in numerous violent cases of Cholera Morbus, Diarrhea, Cholic, &c., and will not fail to cure in one case in ten, if administered according to directions on the bottle.

It is just what every family, vessel, steamboat, barge, and traveller should always keep on hand to guard against sudden attacks, as the Cholera Morbus is most likely to attack its subject in the night, and the sooner the remedy is applied the better. Asiatic Cholera is, in most cases, preceded by Diarrhea, and Griping Pains in the bowels; a dose, or two, one great reason why so many persons die of Cholera is, the want of proper remedies administered in the first stage of the disease, or the delay in procuring a physician before the patient is past cure.

Reference can be given to hundreds of the most respectable persons as well as to physicians who have used it, and witnessed its effects in curing the most violent cases of Cholera Morbus and Diarrhea. Price 25 cents per bottle.

Certificate from Dr. Leonard Lawrence:—During the Summer of 1846, while on a visit at Mr. Brewster's, in Bridgeton, I had a severe attack of Cholera Morbus, accompanied with extreme prostration of the system, and a profuse perspiration and vomiting. I was induced to use a Cholera Mixture, prepared by Mr. Brewster, which instantly gave relief, and a few doses effected a permanent cure. I used no other medicine whatever. I have since used it in my own family and recommended it to others, in all cases with the same results. From a knowledge of its contents, I should not hesitate to recommend it as a safe and efficient medicine in all cases of a like nature. LEONARD LAWRENCE, M. D.

Cedarville, N J., July, 1848.

BREWSTER'S PECTORAL MIXTURE

An Invaluable Remedy for Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Phthisic, Whooping Cough, Hoarse-Cough, Spitting of Blood, Pain in the Side and Breast, Weakness of the Chest and Lungs, Sore Throat, Asthma, Bronchitis and Incipient Consumption.

THE fact that so many thousands of persons have used it so successfully, in the different states, and numerous certificates have been given to the proprietor, as well as the fact that Physicians, Clergymen and public speakers are using it for those dry, tickling sensations that usually accompany sore throat, as well as for bronchitis, hoarse cough and consumption, prove beyond a doubt that it is a very superior cough remedy.

It has been successfully used and tested during the last twenty years, and the demand is now rapidly increasing. Price 25 cents per vial.

The following is one of the most remarkable cures on record, from Burlington County, N. J.:

BAOWN'S MILLS, Feb. 9, 1850.

Mr. F. G. BREWSTER:—Dear Sir—In the month of June, 1846, I took a severe cold, which brought on a severe and protracted illness. The Bilious Fever followed by Pleurisy and Dysentery in the first weeks I had a very severe and incessant cough, which seemed to set at defiance the skill of one of the best Physicians in the city of Philadelphia, whereupon the purchase of this medicine was entered, required permission of my physician to use your Pectoral Mixture, the beneficial effects of which she had experienced in her own case, nine years previous, of which she also cheerfully testifies—which he would not grant till the end of five weeks, and my cough still increasing, when he said he could do no more for me; but we must try it on our own responsibility, as he knew nothing of its properties. I at once procured a bottle of your agent, the use of which cured my cough entirely, much to the physician came twice a day to witness its effects, and unhesitatingly ascribed the cure to your medicine, which I believe is the best mixture for coughs in use. I have constantly kept it in my family since, and recommended it to others with the same beneficial effects. Yours respectfully,

CHARLES A. EGHERT.

Prepared only by F. G. BREWSTER, Druggist and Chemist, Bridgeton, N. J., and for sale by

J. G. BROWN, Druggist, Agent,
Centre Street, Pottsville, Pa.

March 13, 1852. 11-6m

REDUCTION OF FARE BETWEEN

PHILADELPHIA AND LIVERPOOL

The Liverpool and Philadelphia Steamship Company have commenced sailing their new Steamships as follows:

City of Manchester, 2125 Tons, Capt. Robt. Leitch.			
City of Glasgow, 1610 " Capt. Wm. Wylie.			
From Philadelphia.		*From Liverpool.*	
City of Glasgow,	Thursday,	May 6th	Wednesday, April 7th
City of Manchester,	Thursday,	June 3d	Wednesday, May 5th
City of Glasgow,	Thursday,	July 1st	Wednesday, June 2d
City of Manchester,	Thursday,	July 29th	Wednesday, June 30th

RATES OF PASSAGE.

From Philadelphia.		*From Liverpool.*	
Saloon, single state rooms.		Saloon, single state rooms.	
"	90 Dol