Miners' Journal.

Saturday Morning, Nov. 8.

QUEER BEHAVIOUR.

Kossuth's strange behaviour, since his embarcation for the United States, is beginning to turn the current of public feeling against him. Many, who were previously disposed to sympathise with him, as a persecuted exile, regarding him as the very personification of disinterested patriotism, are fast approaching an opposite conclusion in regard to his principles and motives, and now think him little less than what the Paris correspondent of the New York *Times* denominates him, "a humbug," and a "demagogue." True, he should not be prejudged—it is only fair that both sides be heard; but all the foreign correspondence we have seen on the subject concurs in the opinion that he has acted in a very imprudent and ungrateful manner.

At the Italian port of Spezzia, on the 21st of September, notwithstanding the remonstrance of Captain Long of the Mississippi, Kossuth came on deck, and addressed an inflammatory speech to the citizens, who had crowded around the steamer in boats. In the evening the whole town was illuminated, and so great was the excitement among the people, that the authorities requested the immediate departure of the steamer, though she had not yet completed her supply of coal, the principal object of her stopping.—Captain Long very prudently complied, and proceeded to Marseilles by the 29th. Here Captain Long had much trouble again with the fifty or sixty compatriots? who accompany their ex-chief. By permission, they all went on shore, where three of them were finally taken in charge by the police. There are about ten thousand refugees, from all nations, in Marseilles, and so dangerous became the excitement, incident to the presence of the Hungarian exiles in their midst, the authorities were forced to request their immediate removal on ship-board. In the meantime a Red Republican journal published a most inflammatory article in behalf of Kossuth—all the copies of which were seized, the office shut up, and the editor will have to pay for his patriotism with several months, if not years, imprisonment. Kossuth wished to go to Paris from Marseilles, and promised to meet Captain Long at Gibraltar in twenty days, but was, of course, refused.

The Mississippi proceeded thence to Gibraltar, where she will remain during Kossuth's visit to England. The correspondents of the New York *Herald* and *Times* are both confident that he will not come to the United States. He publicly said to Captain Long and officers that if the United States do not take a full interest in the affairs of his country, he would not have any gratitude for a republic which has so little energy as to fear the old European despotisms. The party have been a constant source of annoyance to Captain Long. Notwithstanding they live on the best fare, and are provided for in every reasonable way, they continually grumble at their treatment, and complain that they are now more prisoners than ever. If these reports, as they have thus far reached us through letter-writers, prove correct, we should be in favor of putting the Mississippi about as speedily as possible, and landing our ungrateful guests where they started from. Such behaviour does not indicate the spirit of genuine patriotism.

AN INTERNATIONAL SPECULATION.

Hon. Robert J. Walker, ex-Secretary of the Treasury, is now in England, endeavoring to negotiate a loan of 15,000,000 dollars, to build a railroad in Illinois. Mr. Walker has undertaken this mission on his own individual responsibility. He is however, better fitted than any other American to secure such a favor from our British neighbors.—His Free Trade doctrines suited them exactly. The vote of the House of Lords, ordering his report to be reprinted, showed how well they appreciated his American labors for English prosperity, since no such compliment had ever been paid to any American Statesman before. He now demands this loan, as an act of gratitude on the part of England, inasmuch as under the operation of his very jealious Tariff policy, this country is annually forced to four times the amount of the favor required. The London *Standard* corroborates this opinion—it says:—"Mr. Walker's Free-trade favors and principles have no doubt secured him his present position and employment, for we can scarcely believe that he has been recommended to it because, as we have been told, he was the first individual in the United States who broached the opinion that it would be judicious on the part of the State of Mississippi to repudiate her debt." Should Mr. Walker's negotiations succeed, it will make the same round sum of $200,000,000 American stocks in the hands of English capitalists who will, of course, demand the annual interest—$12,000,000—to be regularly forked over from our pockets!

IRISH EMIGRATION.

A London correspondent of the New York *Enquirer* says this subject has begun to create serious anxiety among the rulers and political economists thereabouts. He continues,—"Such has been the volume and continuity of the stream of emigration which IRELAND has poured out for many months past, that the supply of labor in that country has been perceptibly reduced; the rates of wages have risen or the plough has stood still in the furrow and the land remained untilled.

"One set of men think that this process is weakening the vital strength of the whole kingdom; another considers that the class of persons removed have been almost worthless at home. Both agree that unless it receives some check, it must soon drain Ireland of its whole laboring population; but while one deprecates this as a calamity, the other declares that nothing so fortunate could occur as for the whole Celtic population to emigrate, and leave their places to the English and Scotch laborers, whom the demand for labor would soon tempt to cross the channel."

TEACHERS WANTED.

A letter-writer, to one of the New York papers says,—"School teachers are very much wanted in all parts of Oregon. Some twenty thousand people are in the Wilhamette and Umpqua valleys—chiefly the former—among the whole of whom, Hoosiers, as they are, not half a dozen schools exist.—Those of our college graduates, not afraid of hard labor, and willing to try their fortunes in a land where they would reap a rich harvest for their pains, cannot do better than start for Oregon, *there to practice their profession as schoolmasters.* The people feel their want in this particular, and would pay a high rate of compensation to competent men—much more than they could earn at the mines."

☞ THE reinforcement of the U. S. troops to the American army on the Rio Grande left New Orleans last Monday.

BOROUGH AFFAIRS.

We present our readers this week with the Borough Accounts for the year ending May 31st, 1851. They occupy considerable room, but, at the same time possess the merit of being a full and complete Statement of the affairs of the Corporation, which, from the manner the accounts have been kept for some years past, the Auditors were unable to give heretofore. The Books have, however, been posted up, we learn, by order of the Councils, and the Auditors have, after a careful investigation, endorsed the Statement as correct. It appears that there is due from Mr. Henry Geiss, the Collector for 1849, on Duplicate, and Bills receivable, the sum of $2,921 16cents. The indebtedness of the Borough, after the above amount is paid, will be $10,700 42, of which it appears $7,000, with interest unpaid, amounting to $1,977, was contracted in the early days of Pottsville. The outstanding orders unpaid at the commencement of the present year, amounted to $5,246 30.

The Borough Tax, this year, is 10 mills on the dollar—which was levied with a view of reducing the outstanding orders,—but the orders issued, this year so far, we learn, are about $4,000, which, if they continue to be issued at the same rate for the ensuing six months, there will be but little left to take up these orders. The expenses of the Borough are enormous—and must be checked. A great many useless expenditures, many of which are only intended to benefit a few individuals, can be lopped off, until the Borough is extricated from debt at least, and others curtailed. There is absolutely no necessity for levying a tax of over 5 mills on the dollar for the actual annual expenses of the Borough hereafter, and if the people, the tax-payers, will only pay a little attention to the subject and investigate the acts of the Council, the expenditures can be brought down to that sum without any difficulty.

The School Board has not increased the rate of taxation from the commencement of the Public Schools. They have kept the schools open the whole year round—have about one thousand children in the Schools—own property valued at $15,000, and only owe about $1000 on the new School House, all of which will be paid off the present School year. The Borough affairs could have been managed in a similar manner, if proper attention had been paid to the subject by the tax-payers.

We will try and have a Reporter at the Council Meetings hereafter for the purpose of laying their proceedings before the public.

FROM CALIFORNIA.

The Cherokee, from Chagres, arrived at New York, on Saturday, with San Francisco dates to the 18th ult. She brings $2,300,000 in Gold!—The full Election returns are, at length, all in—Bigler has a majority of about 1700 for Governor. Nearly every county in the State, gives a majority for the Democratic ticket. The Legislature is strongly Democratic in both branches. The entire vote cast in the State did not exceed forty-five thousand. But little more than one-third of the voters therefore, turned out. In the old settled States this would indicate a population of about three hundred thousand, but there the rule will not apply. It is unquestionably a very slim vote. Considering the population, variously estimated at from two hundred to two hundred and fifty thousand, it composed in a great measure of male adults, a full vote would have been upwards of one hundred thousand. A very large proportion of the inhabitants however are foreigners not entitled to vote. A variety of reports are in circulation in relation to the transfer of the seat of government from Vallejo to San Jose.

The country is much more quiet than formerly—crime is fast diminishing, and a feeling of security prevails.—The miners are doing well.—Great rejoicing had taken place at San Francisco at the last trip by the Nicaragua route. Messrs. Gregory & Co. having delivered their passengers in twenty-seven days from New York.

A terrible fight occurred, at Chagres, just before the sailing of the Cherokee, between the Native and American boatmen, in which the latter were badly beaten. The natives then attacked the Americans indiscriminately, and started a fire, from one or more guns, upon the town. Twelve or fifteen of the Native were shot, besides others drowned. It is difficult to ascertain the number of Americans killed, but, probably, not so many.—The difficulty originated with the Native Boatmen attempting to prevent the Americans carrying passengers to and from the steamers. The Americans then made a murderous attack, with fire-arms, upon the Native boats, going out with passengers, in which the American towns-people and Californians joined, when the Natives rose *en masse* to revenge themselves.

The inhabitants of the southern part of the State still continue to agitate the question of a division of the State, desiring to procure for themselves a Territorial Government. All the recently elected delegates to the Assembly from that section are pledged to urge such a division. Meetings have been held, resolutions passed and strong addresses issued to the inhabitants of South California, to organize for the prosecution of what seems to have become "a one idea." A convention of delegates was to have been held either in Santa Barbara or Los Angeles, during the month of October, to take steps towards the consummation of this object.

Steps had been taken by a convention of delegates from the country north of the Columbia river, to obtain a separate territorial government, or on failure of that, to organize a State government, and ask for admission into the Union.—In Oregon the immigrants are rapidly arriving.

FROM EUROPE.

The Steamer Franklin arrived at N. York on Saturday, with English news to the 22d ult.—The Liverpool Cotton market was dull—also Flour and Wheat, with a decline in price on each.—Kossuth had not yet arrived. A great dinner was contemplated for him at Southampton, at which ex-Secretary Walker was engaged to be present. After the banquet, a great mass meeting was to be held in an open square, fronting the United States Consulate, at which Kossuth would be presented with the Hungarian flag from New York.—Ecomier lectures were all the rage throughout England. A sensible cotemporary hopes John Bull will do his the justice not to imagine that the new style is fashionable here.

A communication from New York has been addressed to the Harbor Board of Galway, Ireland, stating that the citizens of New York are prepared, to embarked £100,000, and four first class steamers, in the establishment of steam communication with Galway, provided the same amount shall be raised in Ireland.

One hundred and sixty inmates of the work-house at Newton, Ireland, have been sent to Dublin, on their way to America.

The Queen of Spain had written a congratulatory letter to the Cubans, on their victory in the late invasion.—The affairs of France still remain in a critical position. No Cabinet has been formed, since the resignation of the former one.—The King of Hanover was in very ill-health and but little hope was entertained for his recovery.

☞ THERE was frost at Mobile, Ala., last week.

EDITOR'S TABLE.

☞ WE HAVE made room for a new column of reading matter, on the fourth page, under the heads "Information for the People," and "Practical Recipes." These departments will be found very interesting. They are transferred from the *Dollar Journal*.—The information, derived from this column, particularly for families, will be worth more than the annual subscription. It is compiled from the most popular works of the day, and will be continued regularly hereafter.

☞ WE HAVE filed "Evening Music," for publication next week. We are under obligations for several previous favors. The author, we hope, will suffer us to number her among the Journal's most frequent contributors—her communications are always welcome.

☞ THE "Battle of Jena," has been crowded out this week. We regret it, but shall make the proper amends as soon as possible.

☞ "RECTUSONO" was received just as our paper was going to press.

Local Affairs.

☞ *Outrage.*—A young man, named William Morgan, a Welshman, in the employ of Fox & Bro., Merchants of this place, returning from St. Clair, last Tuesday evening, was attacked, about 5 or 6 o'clock, and most brutally beaten, near that place, by some person or persons, as yet unknown. He was left insensible for some time, perhaps several hours, on the road side. His horse and wagon came home alone. Upon recovering, he made his way to the nearest house, but was unable to speak. He was afterwards brought to Pottsville, but we regret to learn, the injuries received about his head and face seem to have so affected his mind, and the organs of speech, as to render him unable to give any connected or intelligible account of the affair. As the young man was noted for his quiet and inoffensive manners, it is difficult to imagine any cause for such a violent outrage, except it be that he was mistaken for another person, upon whom the perpetrators had some design. Proper measures, we understand, have been instituted for their arrest.

☞ *The members* of the Democratic Association, of Pottsville are "most happy to announce to the ladies and gentlemen &c.," that they will give a ball, at the Town Hall, on Wednesday evening, 26th—See advertisement in to-day's *Journal*. Of course, it is understood, that members of all parties are invited and will be made cordially welcome—political differences, fortunately, have nothing to do with social distinctions. Judging from the formidable list of managers, attached to this affair, there ought to be no lack of good management—we therefore anticipate it as an occasion "devoutly to be wished for," and advise our friends to make ready, forthwith, for an "enjoyment time."

☞ *Literary Society.*—On account of the illness of the Rev. Mr. Lesley there was no lecture on Wednesday evening. Mr. Lesley, we understand, returned from Philadelphia that day, purposely to fulfill his engagement with the Society, but on arriving at noon, found himself so unwell as to render it imprudent for him to leave his room.

Col. Wetherill read one of Will Honeycomb's spicy letters from the Spectator. Every body listened attentively, especially the ladies—perhaps, because they felt most interested in the subject—matrimony, or it may have been only because the Col. was the reader.

☞ *We invite* attention to the advertisement of Mr. Harris, Carpet Manufacturer, in to-day's paper. He has already demonstrated to the public that as good carpets can be made in Pottsville as in Philadelphia or elsewhere. Our citizens should encourage him liberally—he deserves it and, besides, home patronage to our mechanics and manufacturing establishments is the proper medium through which to build up the prosperity of a town.

☞ *Public Schools.*—Gen. Daniel Lacer was elected a Director of the Public Schools of this borough, by the Board, to supply the place made vacant by the non-attendance of Alexander Sillyman.

The Board desire also to employ a competent male teacher, who is also a good disciplinarian, as Principal of School No. 2, for the term of four months. Applications received by the Secretary of the Board, Mr. James Focht. Salary, $28 per month—to commence on the first of December.

☞ *The* Middleport Literary Society has again opened. Its first annual meeting was held on Wednesday evening, Nov. 5, in the Public School House and the following officers were then elected:—JOSEPH EDWARDS, President; Charles Bensinger, Librarian; David Love, Secretary; Dr. E. K. Weber, Corresponding Secretary; Daniel Koch, Treasurer, &c.

☞ *Winter* has been playing off some sharp pranks with us, during the week. Miniature snow-storms were got up on Tuesday and Wednesday, by way of foretaste to what may be expected in "the season." The knowing ones, hereabouts, predict a severe winter.

☞ *Sands's Circus* exhibited here on Monday afternoon and evening. They did what most other attractions of this sort do in Pottsville—make money, but each visitor, we guess, received his quarter's worth of entertainment, except it was the two or three whom the police escorted out, before the elephant was shown.

☞ *The National Light Infantry*, Capt. Pott, paraded for target firing, last Thursday. Wm. Meanig, private, won the prize, a silver medal, for the best shot. Adam Becker made the second best shot.

☞ THE "City Fathers" are doing much for public accommodation by changing the crossing in front of the "Hall." The ladies, we are sure, will contribute their full proportion of the general gratitude for this official consideration.

☞ *The* Court folks are already beginning to make preparations for themselves and visitors, in their new quarters. Some of the furniture of the Court House at Orwigsburg has been removed to the new one here, during the week.

TAMAQUA AFFAIRS.

THURSDAY, *November* 6th, 1851.

☞ *Mysterious Knockings.*—The citizens of our neighboring village of Rockport have been much alarmed lately, by certain mysterious knockings, heard in a frame dwelling, occupied by an Irish family. It has been visited by numerous persons, who have heard the noises produced and are totally unable to account for them. Rev. Mr Hennegan also visited the house and heard the knockings. He attributes them to some natural cause, but is unable to account for their production.

☞ *Sudden Death.*—A man named Cressing died, very suddenly, last Monday evening. He had been at work during the day, and had just returned to his boarding house, when he was seized with a fit of appoplexy, and died very soon afterwards.—He was buried with military honors, on Wednesday, by the German Light Infantry, of which he was a member, and detachments of the other military companies of the borough.

☞ *Battalion Parade.*—The military companies of our town and vicinity, are making preparations for a grand parade, on Saturday 8th inst. The battalion will be composed of the following companies: Flying Artillerists, Capt. Reinhart; German Light Infantry, Capt. Beck; Jefferson Artillery, Capt. Lebo; Tamaqua Cavalry, Capt. McGuigan, all of Tamaqua; West Penn Infantry, Capt. Elijah Ziegler, and Carbon Guards, Capt. Bedhead, of Summit Hill. The field and Staff officers, connected with the Schuylkill County Regiment, are expected to be present. A great day is anticipated—there is already considerable animation in the ginger-bread market.

☞ *Circus.*—Sands & Co.'s Circus exhibited here on Tuesday last to very slim audiences.

☞ *Accident.*—A son of Mrs. Fall, was very seriously injured, in the Messrs. Carters' mines, last Monday. He was attempting to get on the cars, as they were entering the mines, when he fell under the wheels, several of which passed over him, breaking one of his legs and his collar bone, and otherwise very badly injuring him. His life was for a time despaired of, but he is now better and will, most probably, recover.

☞ *Another.*—A little boy, on his way to school this morning, (Thursday,) attempted to get on a train of dirt cars, but, failing, he fell and a car passed over one of his legs, nearly severing it from his body.

☞ *Brucksville* is the name of a village, that has recently sprung into existence, between this place and Tuscarorra. In speaking of it, in your paper, some time ago, you wrongly called it Brockville. It was named in honor of F. N. Buck, Esq., the President of the Little Schuylkill Company.

MINERSVILLE AFFAIRS.

☞ *That "Scene in a Sanctum,"* in the last *Bulletin*, is an affecting narrative—over the left.

☞ *Very mean.*—Mr. Henry M'Ginnis, of this place, visited Minersville on Friday evening, of last week and stopped at the Farmers' Hotel. On coming out, a few minutes after, his horse and wagon were gone. Search was immediately made and continued till daylight, when they were discovered at Primrose, about a mile from town—the wagon, with one wheel broken off, about 100 yards in rear off the horse;—the latter being tied at or near the house of one John Kelly. Some malicious person had taken a carriage ride, at Mr. M'Ginnis' expence. The county would probably treat him to another, to Orwigsburg, if he could be found.

☞ *An Upset.*—One dark night last week, while a gentleman was returning in a carriage from Pottsville, on the road, a short distance from this place, he espied three men directly in front of his horse. He requested them to get out of the way; which they did; but no sooner had the carriage come opposite them, than they caught hold of the wheels and completely upset carriage, man and all! As the horse was going at a slow pace, luckily, our friend received no injuries. The perpetrators of the outrage made good their escape.—*Bulletin.*

THE NEXT LEGISLATURE.

We take the following summary of the political complexion of the next Legislature, from the Harrisburg *American*:

SENATE.

1. Philadelphia City—*Benjamin Matthias, W. A. Crabb.**
2. Philadelphia County—Thomas S. Fernon, Thomas H. Forsyth, SAMUEL G HAMILTON.*
3. Montgomery—J. Y. Jones.
4. Chester and Delaware—*Henry S. Evans.**
5. Berks—Henry A. Muhlenberg.
6. Bucks—*Benjamin Malone.*
7. Lancaster and Lebanon—*E. C. Darlington,** *E. Kinzer.**
8. Northumberland and Dauphin—*J. C. Kunkel.**
9. Northampton and Lehigh—Conrad Shimer.
10. Carbon, Monroe, Pike and Wayne—E. W. Hamlin.*
11. Adams and Franklin—*Thomas Carson.*
12. York—Henry Fulton.
13. Cumberland and Perry—Joseph Baily.
14. Centre, Lycoming, Sullivan and Clinton—Wm. F. Packer.
15. Blair, Cambria and Huntingdon—*R. A. M'Murtrie.*
16. Luzerne, Montour and Columbia—C. R. Buckalew.
17. Bradford, Susquehanna and Wyoming—George Sanderson.
18. Tioga, Potter, McKean, Elk, Clearfield and Jefferson—John W. Guernsey.
19. Mercer, Venango and Warren—Jno. Hoge
20. Erie and Crawford—*John H. Walker.*
21. Butler, Beaver and Lawrence—*Wm. Hazlett, A. Robertson.*
22. Allegheny—*James Carothers.*
23. Washington and Greene—Maxwell McCaslin.*
24. Bedford, Fulton and Somerset—*Hamilton B. Barnes.**
25. Armstrong, Indiana and Clarion—*C. Myers.*
26. Juniata, Mifflin and Union—*Eli Shiffer.**
27. Westmoreland and Fayette—John McFarland.*
28. Schuylkill—Charles Frailey

In all, 16 Whigs, 16 Locos and 1 Native American

MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE

Adams—*David Mellinger.*
Allegheny—*John M'Clusky, James Fife, G. E. Appleton, T. Penny, J. L. Miller.*
Armstrong, Clarion and Jefferson—J. S. Riley.
Beaver, Butler and Lawrence—*Thomas Dungan, Samuel Hamilton, J. R. Harris.*
Bedford, Fulton and Cambria—W. P. Schell and John Kean.
Berks—George Deeder, Isaac Yost, J. C. Evans, Jacob Reitsnyder
Blair and Huntingdon—*Seth R. M'Cune, Wm. B. Smith.*
Bradford—Addison M'Kean, Henry Gibbs.
Bucks—Jonathan Ely, Noah Shull, E. Thomas.
Carbon and Lehigh—David Laury, William Lilly, Jr.
Centre—W. H. Blair.
Chester—*John Acker, Wm. Chandler, Jesse James.*
Clearfield, M'Keau and Elk—James L. Gillis
Clinton, Lycoming and Potter—J. B. Torbett, J. M. Kilborn
Columbia and Montour—M. L. Jackson.
Crawford—G. Merriman, Ransom Kingsley.
Cumberland—*T. M. Henderson,* J. Ellis Boulton.
Dauphin—*James Freeland, Jacob Landis.*
Delaware—*John M. Broomall.*
Erie—*C. B. Kelso, A. W. Blaine.*
Fayette and Westmoreland—Joseph Guffey, L. L. Bigelow, P. W. Hook, A. M. Hill.
Franklin—*David Maclay, G. A. Madeira*
Greene—Fletcher Brook.
Indiana—*Alex. M'Connell.*
Lancaster—*Moses Parmall, C. L. Hunseeker, J. C. Walton, B. F. Martin, B. A. Sheffer*
Lebanon—*John C. Seltzer.*
Luzerne—S. S. Benedict, J. W. Rhoads.
Mercer, Venango and Warren—John W. Shugart, L. N. McGranahan, J. Y. James.
Mifflin—John Ross.
Monroe and Pike—Henry S. Mott.
Montgomery—C. W. Gabe, O. P. Fretz, Henry Boyer.
Northampton—*A. Miller,* Michael Meyers
Northumberland—William Fulmer.
Perry—David Steward.
Philadelphia City—*C. O'Neill, J. L. Gossler, G. H. Hart, J. K. Flanigen.*
Philadelphia County—THOS. L. GIFFORD, I. R. SPRINGER, F. REEL, J. WAGNER, B. R. MILLER, S. Demeres, D. Rubicam, Isaac Leech, Jr., Wm. Goodwin, Wm. H. Sonder, Henry Hupfel.
Schuylkill—Stephen Ringer, Bernard Reiley
Somerset—*George Maurer.*
Susquehanna, Sullivan and Wyoming—F. Rockhow, Michael Mylert.
Tioga—Jeremiah Black.
Union and Juniata—*Wm. Sharon.*
Washington—*John McCoy, Solomon Alter.*
Wayne—J. J. Hubbell.
York—George Kraft, James M. Anderson, Ezekial R. Herbert.

Whigs in *Italic*. Locos in Roman. Native American in small caps. *New Members of the Senate.

	Whigs.	Locos	Natives.
Senate.	16	16	1
House.	38	57	5
	54	73	6

Locofoco majority over all—13

TYRANNY IN ITALY.

The Boston Transcript contains a letter from a celebrated singer, Signori Guidi, from Genoa, who relates the circumstances of his arrest and punishment that most forcibly depict the state of things in Italy. He was visiting a lady, who requested him to sing; he did so; the police hearing him, arrested him for singing without their permission, and, after severely reprimanding him, dismissed him. He then resolved to come to the United States, and obtained his passports accordingly. When on the eve of departure, he gave a private entertainment to his friends in his own apartments. During the entertainment, he gave a complimentary toast to the United States as his future residence. Whereupon, a body of police, who had been upon the watch, burst into the room, arrested the whole company for holding a political meeting, sentenced the visitors to six months imprisonment, and Guidi to *ten years' labor in the Galleys.* This sentence, at the solicitation of his friends, was changed to three years' imprisonment.

While on his way to the fortress, he escaped from his keepers, reached Genoa and intends coming to America. The bare statement of such tyranny is sufficient without comment. Signor Guidi was for sometime a resident of Springfield, Mass.

☞ IT IS STATED upon good authority that Mr. Crampton, the British Charge at Washington exhibited to the authorities there, an official despatch, which declares that the English and French governments have issued orders to search all suspicious vessels hereafter sailing for Cuba, whether from the U. States or any other country. Mr. Webster is supposed to have answered this despatch, and protested against any such assumed liberty, so far as this country is concerned.—The correspondence in full will, most probably, be called for by Congress.

☞ A MURDER trial is now progressing at Cumberland, Maryland. Mrs. Hufford, a widow lady, is accused of poisoning, by the use of arsenic in administering medicine, a Mrs. Eagle, whose husband had formerly been a suitor of Mrs. H.

Mrs. Hufford is said to be rather a fine looking woman, about 50 years of age and a widow for the fourth time. She has long been suspected of making away with two of her husbands. "Samivel, beware of the widders!"

☞ THE 32d Session of Congress will convene three weeks from next Monday.—Much important business is anticipated—President-making included—and, of course, a long Session may be looked for.

PROTECTION TO PENNA. IRON.

The Boston *Journal*, referring to a statement in a Washington letter, that New England was in favor now of giving protection to Pennsylvania iron, says:

"The manufacturers of New England may *consent* to give protection to Pennsylvania iron, and yield their own claims, but that they are *in favor* of such a course, is a nonsensical assertion."

Precisely so—just what might naturally be expected. To our Locofoco brethren, who promised us Protection on Coal and Iron, so confidently, before the Election, we say "go it."—You have voluntarily pledged yourselves to a big job, and, it strikes us, you will need all the strength you can muster before you get through with it.

FROM MEXICO.

Advices from Mexico, up to the 30th ult., by the Steamer Fancy at New Orleans state that the attack on Matamoros was begun on the 21st., and two days after Gen. Caravajel of the Insurrectionists, and his forces, had command of the city, within four squares of the Plaza. The Government troops still held out, with the loss of 150 men, killed and wounded. The Revolutionists lost only three men. The American Consul was wounded during the fight. The city was fired by the invaders, on the 23d, and the Custom House and many other buildings destroyed. The Mexican General had issued orders to give no quarter to Americans engaged in the Insurrection.

THE TELEGRAPH CASE.

The great Telegraph case, between Morse and Bayne, was decided in favor of the former, in the U. S. Circuit Court, in Philadelphia, on Monday—Judge Kane delivering the opinion. Professor Morse has three separate patents, dated respectively in 1840, 1846 and 1849. The Bill charges that all these patents have been infringed. The answer denies the infringements and controverts the validity of the patents.

☞ THE WEST CHESTER *Republican* (Loco) is out for a new Locofoco candidate for the Presidency—affirming that neither Buchanan nor Cass can carry Pennsylvania, N. York or Ohio. It was for Gen. Houston, of Texas; but a recent movement of Houston's friends to gather in all the Free Soilers, probably has "done the business" for him—and now the *Republican* does not name him. It thinks the circumstances of the times, and the interests of the party, demand a repetition of the Polk game, and hence goes for it.

☞ MR. THRASHER, an American, Editor of the *Faro Industrial* in Havana, has been arrested by the authorities for seditious publications. Some of the newspapers are loud in their denunciations of the matter and urge the U. S. Government to make it a national affair. Such a course would, however, be premature and unnecessary. By the latest advices, Mr. Thrasher was to have had an open trial this week, in which the American Consul was engaged in his defence.

☞ THE Pottstown *Ledger*, noticing the suspension of the *Dollar Journal*, says:—"The *Journal* was a cheap paper, and the people of Schuylkill county could do no better thing, than sustain it." Thank you, neighbor—you speak our mind exactly. Who better able to judge of a good newspaper than the *Ledger*—itself a model?

——Kossuth is the son of a lawyer, and a small land owner, in Zemplin, and was born in 1806. He is, therefore, now in his 45th year. He was married in 1841. Previous to the Hungarian revolt he was distinguished for his eloquent advocacy of liberal principles, in the Hungarian Diet, but it was in the character of an editor that his influence was most exerted and deeply felt. Kossuth is said to have commenced his career as a reporter for the Hungarian diet, and afterwards became an editor.

——Russia, in 1852, will celebrate throughout the vast expanse of her empire, the completion of her thousandth year of national existence; which will be kept with all the solemnity due to the importance of the event. The Russian empire was founded in 852 in which year the Russians or Rossians, probably of Scandavian origin, made their appearance on the shores of the Bosphorus, as Warangiens.

——New counterfeit $5 notes on the Philadelphia Bank are in circulation. They are letter "A," variously filled up. The general appearance of the note is not good; the medallions and the faces of the females in the vignette are imperfect. "UNDERWOOD & BALD, and DEAPER & UNDERWOOD," are omitted. The dots between the words "Five Five" on the upper and lower margins are oblong in the good notes, and square in the counterfeit.

——A cobbler has just located himself at Spalding, and attracts attention with the following address outside his shop:—"Surgery performed upon old boots and shoes, by adding feet, making good the legs, binding the broken, healing the wounded, altering the constitution, and supporting the body with new soles. No cure no pay. Advice gratis on the most desperate cases."—*London Weekly News.*

——An arrival at Havre brings intelligence of the massacre of the inhabitants of the town of Colonia, in the Banda Oriental, by order of Moreno, one of the lieutenants of Oribe. The cause of the massacre was an expression of satisfaction that Urquiza and Garzon had entered the country.

——A claim has been set up to the entire tract of land on which the town of Helena, Ark., is built, and the claimant intends prosecuting for it without delay. As a natural consequence, it has created no little sensation among the citizens of that place.

——Who finds all the umbrellas that everybody loses? Every man we meet loses the umbrellas he buys, but we have never got acquainted with the man who finds them. Can any one answer the question before the next rain?

——The New Orleans *Delta* says upwards of five thousand dollars worth of jewelry, which had been contributed by *ladies in Cuba*, in aid of the late attempt at revolution, was sold, last week, by an auctioneer, in that city.

——The Boston "Hen Fever" is about to break out again. On the 11th there is to be a Poultry Convention, to last four days.—There will be a great crowing, of course, as the general election takes place at the same time.

——The Fort Smith *Herald* says that the payment of the *per capita* to the old settlers, closed on the 7th of October. Upwards of $700,000 was paid out in a little over two weeks.

——The Almanacs inform us that there will be six eclipses next year, three of the sun, and three of the moon. The moon will be totally eclipsed early in January.

——The *Tribune* says that whoever will send to a newspaper an anonymous letter calculated to injure his neighbor, is certainly a coward and probably a scoundrel.

——The number of emigrants arrived at New York, from January to October, was *two hundred and fifty-one thousand, nine hundred and twenty.* Two-thirds Irish.

——The printers of Cincinnati are making extensive arrangements for getting up a ball which is to come off on the 21th of November the anniversary of the Typographical Union in that place.

——A bill abolishing imprisonment for debt, passed the Rhode Island Senate on Thursday.

——The *Post* tells us of a township in Elk county, which gave 164 votes for Bigler, Clover, & Co., and not one for Johnston.

——Daniel Webster, it is said, received $5000 for his argument in the great India Rubber case, at Boston, last week.

——Twenty-three papers in Virginia have run up the Fillmore flag. That's right.—"Keep the mill agoing."

POTTSVILLE MARKETS.

CORRECTED WEEKLY FOR THE JOURNAL.

Wheat Flour, bbl.	$5 00	Dr'd peaches par'd.	$2 00
Rye do do	3 50	do do unpar'd	1 75
Wheat, bushel	85 a 90	Dr'd apples pa'red	1 25
Rye, do	65	Eggs, dozen	14
Corn, do	65	Butter,	18
Oats, do	40	Shoulders,	5
Potatoes, do	62	Hams,	9 to 10
Timothy Seed,	3 25	Hay, ton	14 50
Clover do	4 00	Plaster,	5 00

MARRIED.

On Friday October 31st by the Rev. John Madison BENEVILLE FEATHEROFF of Reading to ELLEN JONES of Pottsville.

On Monday morning, 3d inst., in the First Presbyterian Church of Pottsville, by the Rev. Joseph McCool, E. T. TAYLOR to MARY SYBILLA, eldest daughter of Rev. Joseph McCool, all of Pottsville.

[Lancaster papers please copy.]

The above nuptial knot was accompanied by a practical remembrance of the printer, in the shape of a large and most delicious cake, such as all sensible folks are apt to remember us with, on similar occasions.—Mr. and Mrs. T. will please accept our "congratulations" and confidently reckon on our best wishes for their future happiness.

On the 4th inst., by the Rev. Wm. J. Eyer, WM. J. UHLER, of St. Clair, Schuylkill county, to EMILY HARTMAN, of Catawissa, Columbia county.

DIED.

On the 30th ult., in Philadelphia, ELIZABETH C. consort of Philip F. Stees, and first daughter of Daniel Stichter, Esq., of Lebanon, in the 22d year of her age.

On Sunday, 5th ult., on his Farm, in Washington county, Md., CAPT. JOHN C. N. BIRKINBINE, formerly of Pottsville.

The Deceased was a brother of Mrs. Dr. Chichester of this place. He removed from Pottsville about fifteen years since, at the age of 21, bearing with him the respect and good wishes of our citizens generally. He was no less fortunate in winning the esteem of strangers and established himself as an exemplary and beloved citizen in the community where he lately resided. The announcement of his death will be read with sincere regret by all who remember him here.

On Monday evening, Oct. 27, IDA, infant Daughter of Lamar and Amelia Hay, aged 10 months and three weeks.

Ah, what is it to my ear
Brings me back a late lost one
Till with beating heart I hear
Broken love-words like thine own!
Like thine own, so soft and clear—
Like thine own, soon lost and gone.
Soft—oh, soft! it murmurs now
Ida, dearest, is it thou?

C. M. S.

In Orwigsburg on the 9th ult., CHARLES HENRY, son of Frederick and Elizabeth Beck, aged 6 years, 7 months, and 13 days.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

☞ REV. D. STECK WILL PREACH IN THE basement story of the New English Lutheran Church, Market street, Sabbath morning and evening, November 9th. The public in general are invited to attend, as this is the opening of the Church

☞ DIVINE SERVICE WILL BE HELD IN THE Sons of Temperance Hall, to morrow morning and evening, (9th,) at the usual hours. Rev. P. W. Burghazzi, Pastor of Newport, L. I., will preach.

☞ REFORMED CONGREGATION.—Rev. John Wm. Hofmeier will preach in Foster's Hall, on next Sabbath morning, the 9th, at 10 o'clock, and at the same time, administer the Sacraments of the Lord's Supper.

☞ THE ASSOCIATE REFORMED PRESBYTERIAN Church, under the care of Rev. D. T. Carnahan, will be open every Sabbath at 10½ o'clock A. M. and 3½ o'clock P. M. The public are respectfully invited to attend.

NOTICES.

☞ TEMPERANCE CONVENTION.—In accordance with a resolution passed by the late Schuylkill County Temperance Convention, the Standing Committee hereby give notice:—

1st. *That* the Convention will re-assemble in the Borough of SCHUYLKILL HAVEN, on *Monday, November 10th, 1851.*

2d. *That* each Election Ward, District or Township in the County, is authorized and requested to elect such delegates as they determined said Convention. The Convention will assemble at 10 o'clock, A. M. The friends of Temperance are respectfully invited to be present during the session. Able Speakers will be provided for the occasion.

By order of the Standing Committee.

HENRY J. B. CUMMINGS, *Chairman.*

☞ County Papers are requested to copy.

☞ THE POTTSVILLE LITERARY SOCIETY will hold its next regular meeting at Foster's Hall, Wednesday evening Nov. 12, 1851.

Lecture—By William L. Whitney.
Subject—Individual Influence.
Reader—C. Little.
Debate—"Does the system of modern warfare indicate any advancement in civilization?"
Affirmative—George Henry Clay, William B. Wells:
Negative—John Hughes, John T. Warner.

By Order of the Society.

J. T. SHOENER Sec'y.

WANTED, &c.

WANTED.—At the Clover Hill Mines, in Chesterfield county, near Richmond, Virginia, Forty MINERS to dig and blast Coal. The coal is Bituminous and easily dug. From one to two dollars per day can be easily realized. It is preferred to give the work by contract, either in small or large parcels.

JAMES H. COX, President,
Clover Hill Chesterfield Mining Co.

Sept 6, 1851 26-tf

WANTED—A PERSON TO SUPERINTEND a Coal Mine, well situated in Western Virginia. Experience in Mining and the references of the highest character required. Address, New York City Post Office, Box 3400, stating qualifications.

Aug. 2, 1851 31-tf

SITUATION WANTED, AS AGENT OR Clerk in some out door business, by a young man now engaged in a store, who can produce unexceptionable testimonials as to character. If required the best of city references will be given, address B. DANNAN, Pottsville.

June 21, 1851 25-

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—1000 SECOND hand Nail Kegs, in good order wanted with either one or two heads

E. YARDLEY & SON.

Dec. 14, 1850 50-tf

500 MEN WANTED—BY THE SUBSCRIBER as customers at the Freeman's Hall, Pottsville Schuylkill county, Pa., where they can be accommodated with comfortable board and lodging on reasonable terms. His bar is supplied with the best Porter, Ale,