# THE MINERS' JOURNAL, AND POTTSVILLE GENERAL ADVERTISER.



**TERMS OF THE MINERS' JOURNAL.**

SINGLE SUBSCRIPTION.

Two Dollars per annum, payable semi-annually in advance, to those who reside in the County, and annually in advance to those who reside out of the County. The publisher reserves to himself the right to charge $2 50 per annum, when payment is delayed longer than one year.

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**MINERS' JOURNAL.**

*SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 6,* 1851.


## RATIFICATION COUNTY MEETING.

The Democratic Whigs of the County of Schuylkill, together with the friends of Protection to American Industry, Internal Improvements, and those opposed to reducing the wages of labor in this country to the European standard, through Free Trade.

All those opposed to importing millions of the products of our country, in the shape of foreign Iron, Coal, &c., while *our* Farms, Iron Works, Work-shops, &c., can produce more than they can sell, and many are lying comparatively idle, for want of work. All those in favor of re-electing

WILLIAM F. JOHNSTON,

Governor of Pennsylvania, whose administration, even under the want of Protection to American Industry, has been so wisely administered, that Public Improvements are progressing, and a Sinking Fund has been established, without any increase of taxation, which is gradually paying off our State debt, and will relieve the people entirely in a few years, of the present heavy State tax.

All those in favor of electing the Patriot and Hero, who never lost a battle, General WINFIELD SCOTT, to the Presidency.

All those in favor of Liberty and "THE UNION, *one and inseparable, now and forever.*"

All those in favor of electing the Democratic Whig County Ticket by a sweeping majority this fall.

All those opposed to Banks entering the political field, and using their funds to buy up and corrupt the people.

And all those Working-men, who are willing to work for those who give them work, are invited to attend a General COUNTY RATIFICATION MEETING, on *Tuesday, the 9th of September,* at the Court House, in the Borough of Orwigsburg, at 1 o'clock P. M.

The Meeting will be addressed by several speakers, and Gov. JOHNSTON is expected, will be present.

☞ By some accident, that we have not yet been able to account for, our papers of last Saturday ran short by over 200. We were obliged to "cut" a number of our subscribers, and almost all our exchanges. This, we hope, will excuse us in their eyes for an unavoidable accident and one that, if care on our part can prevent, shall not occur again.

## WHIG PROSPECTS IN SCHUYL.

The Whigs of Schuylkill have never, in the history of the County, had brighter hopes than the anticipation of a glorious victory at the coming election, now spreads before them. In the memory of the "oldest inhabitant," no ticket has ever set before given such general satisfaction. The opposition see it and feel it. They manifest their consciousness of certain defeat, if not in words, by other means, still more significant. There is no hope for them. They not only feel their own weakness, but cannot help but acknowledge our strength. Every man on the Whig ticket will carry with him a host of votes. The Candidates are well known and their reputation for honesty, integrity and prompt business habits, suited to the places for which they are respectively designed, are firmly established in the minds of the people.

Previous to the Gubernatorial nominations, *no fault could be found with the administration* of State affairs, during Governor Johnston's term. Even his political opponents were forced to admit that he made a capital Governor, that his course was wise and prudent and best calculated to advance the interests of Pennsylvania and that, under his economical management, she was last recovering from the odium which her pecuniary embarrassments had well nigh brought upon her, under previous administrations. The charges now aimed at him have all been raised since his party, *appreciating his worth,* designated him for another term in the office he has already filled with such honor to himself and credit to them.

In addition to this, the great National Whig party of the country are united upon the broad platform of Whig principles, such as have for years been recognised as the constituent elements of the party. President Fillmore's administration has been characterised by a wisdom of counsel and promptness of action, which will long reflect credit upon the party in their acknowledged influence upon the prosperity of the country.

Therefore, whether the Whigs of Schuylkill view the prospects of the party at home or abroad—as confined to the limits of the County or as presented by the State and National administrations, they have every reason to hope for success. As the people will not tolerate continued corruption and mal-administration in public affairs, so they will appreciate and support the course of that party, which works for their interests and whose acts for the good of the country, speaking louder than empty Locofoco professions, are manifestly felt and gratefully acknowledged over the whole Union.

☞ A SUBJECT FOR THE FARMERS TO THINK ABOUT.—Consignments of Corn and Oats were lately received at Buffalo, N. Y., from the banks of the Mississippi, about two hundred miles above St. Louis, to be shipped, of course, to Europe. All this cost, of transportation must fall upon the farmer and rob him of his just profits; whereas had there been a market near his own door, as there ought to be, were his true interests consulted, by fostering manufacturing and mechanical pursuits, he would have received the just reward of his labors.

How much would farming land be worth in Schuylkill County, if our Mines were closed up—our present home markets destroyed, and the Farmers were compelled to depend upon the European market for their produce. Would not their farms immediately depreciate in value one half?

☞ COL. BIGLER AT HOME.—A citizen of our Borough, just returned from Clearfield county, declares that Col. Bigler will not get the whole vote of his own party at home. Here they call him the "Susquehanna Rafisman," at home they call him the "*Rafismanskinner*," because they say he skins the rafismen, by charging high prices for his goods out of his store, in payment for lumber and wages.

☞ COL. BIGLER admitted in his speech in Pottsville; that he did recommend taxing Coal in his Sinking Fund Bill—but after the Bill was defeated or the Legislature refused to act on it—he made the discovery that it was a very impolitic recommendation. The discovery was made after F. W. Hughes, Esq., told him it was a great mistake on his part to make such a recommendation if he expected the votes of the people of the Coal Region.

It was also three years after Col. Bigler had voted for the "Kidnapping Bill" in our Legislature, when was one who told him it was unconstitutional, and Col. Bigler is now running over the State declaring the *very act he voted for unconstitutional.* The difficulty consists in his not knowing whether the act really is constitutional or not.—Wouldn't he make a bright Governor?

The Harrisburg *Telegraph* received the following from Union county, with a request to publish it:

**BIGLER AND THE LAW OF '47.**

Mr. Bigler in this Union County speeches, while speaking of the law of '47, said distinctly, that *not being a lawyer* he trusted to the "Judiciary Committee" that the law was conformable to the decisions of the Supreme Court of the United States.

When Bigler was a Senator,
He trusted "the Committee;"
And if they led him off the track,
It was an awful pity.

They told him that the law was right,
And *then* he knew no better;
But how he views the matter now,
*Just see his Martin letter.*

He voted once with Wilmot too
Against the spread of Slavery;
But only *ignorance* made him do
That little piece of knavery!

O! Bigler is the candidate!—
So eloquent and witty,
He'll make a "*Statesman*" Governor
With help of a Committee."

YANKEE DOODLE.

☞ COL. STRUTHERS.—The Harrisburg *Telegraph* in speaking of the re-nomination of Col. Struthers for the Legislature remarks—"Mr. Struthers, was one of the members last session. He was then, though the youngest member of the House, one of the most popular and efficient; and we do not believe a better selection, as to ability to attend successfully to the vast amount of business annually brought from that county, could have been made. In addition to industry and ability, he possesses essential qualifications to get along as a Legislator, in his popular and agreeable manners."

☞ BANK INFLUENCE—We learn that F. W. Hughes, Esq., has resigned as Director and counsel for the Farmers Bank of Schuylkill county, and also withdrawn his deposits. We understand that he gave as a reason for his conduct, that the Bank Officers have used the funds belonging to the stock holders to corrupt the people, and influence political nominations.

## THE COAL TRADE FOR 1851.

The quantity sent by Railroad this week, is 38,484 12—by Canal, 18,040 14—for the week, 56,525 06 tons. Total by Railroad, 1,176,113 05 tons. Do. by Canal, 378,015 00.

There has been an increase of upwards of 3,000 tons this week; there is a slight falling off by Railroad, and an increase of 3,254 tons by Canal, as we predicted last week.

The demand for Red Ash Coal continues as brisk as ever, and some lots have sold at $2 25 per ton. The demand for White Ash prepared Coal is also very good at present.

The Managers of the Schuylkill Navigation Company have given notice that the toll will be advanced ten cents per ton on and after the 12th inst., making 50 cents toll from Port Carbon to Philadelphia, at which rate it will continue for the balance of the season. It is supposed, by many, that there is an understanding with the Railroad that the rates are to be advanced by that Company also—either after the 12th or on the 1st of October. We give it, however, only as a rumor.

It was stated in the Philadelphia *Ledger*, a few days ago, that the Canal and Railroad Companies have had a conference, and it is understood that in fixing the rates for next year's business, the tolls on the Canal are to be 80 cents less than the freight and toll on the Railroad, for all Coal destined for the New York market—and on Coal that requires reshipment at Philadelphia, the Railroad is to charge from 15 to 20 cents per ton more. These statements must be received with great caution, because the writer of the money articles in the *Ledger* is interested in the Lehigh Region, and he has always exhibited a great anxiety to bring about a co-operation between these Companies, to have the tolls advanced considerably on both, with a view of advancing his interests in that quarter. We presume that our Operators would not object to any arrangement that could be made between the two Companies based upon *low rates*, which have operated so favorably upon the interests of Schuylkill County this season—but Companies are generally so *greedy* that whenever they possess the power by co-operating together, they take every thing themselves and leave nothing for those who produce the trade.

We find the following in one of our exchanges:

COAL—It is stated that a company has been formed for the transportation of coal from Wilkesbarre to New York, which has entered into engagements to convey from the mines to Jersey City, through the Lehigh and Morris canals, 200,000 tons the first year, 300,000 the second, and 400,000 tons each year thereafter. They are to pay for the use of the canals $1 per ton until the quantity forwarded reaches 400,000 tons a year, and 90 cents when it exceeds that amount. It is expected that the coal will be delivered at Jersey City at an expense of $2,50 for transportation. The value of the coal in the mine is 50 cents per ton, and the cost of mining is estimated at 50 cents. This will make the price opposite New York $3,50 per ton.

We don't place much confidence in paper calculations like the above—but we are aware, at the same time, that every effort will be made to cheapen transportation to market from other Regions. But we need not fear competition from any quarter with low rates. Our position is such that we can transport Coal to New York for two dollars per ton and pay (we delivered it this year as low as $1' 80)—and with steam tugs, carrying from 4 to 500 tons, running between Philadelphia and New York, Coal can be delivered to the latter city as low as $1 50 or $1 60 per ton, from Schuylkill County.

Colliers are scarce, and freights from Richmond are quoted at 90 a 95 to N. York—$1 25 to Rhode Island, and $1 50 a $1 60 to Boston.

Amount of Coal sent by the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad and Schuylkill Canal, for the week ending on Thursday evening last.

| | RAILROAD. WEEK. | RAILROAD. TOTAL. | CANAL. WEEK. | CANAL. TOTAL. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| P. Carbon, | 9,767 18 | 357,276 03 | 10,964 04 | 132,324 16 |
| Pottsville, | 5,725 17 | 183,883 05 | 1,687 14 | 39,191 10 |
| S. Haven, | 16,231 11 | 498,950 12 | 4,340 16 | 120,941 15 |
| P. Clinton, | 6,507 16 | 135,453 08 | 908 00 | 84,646 19 |
| Total | 38,484 12 | 1,176,113 05 | 18,040 14 | 378,015 00 |
| | | 378,015 00 | | |
| Total, | | 1,554,129 05 | | |
| To same period last year, by Railroad, | | | | 619,263 03 |
| " " " Canal, | | | | 268,030 07 |
| | | | | 1,104,293 10 |
| Increase this year, so far, | | | | 449,835 15 tons. |

RAIL ROADS.

The following is the quantity of Coal transported over the different railroads in Schuylkill County, for the week ending Thursday evening.

| | WEEK. | TOTAL. |
|---|---|---|
| Mine Hill and S. H. R. R. | 21,271 05 | 567,251 05 |
| Little Schuylkill R. R. | 7,428 14 | 191,403 13 |
| Mill Creek do | 7,963 15 | 251,409 19 |
| Mount Carbon do | 9,256 17 | 148,181 07 |
| Schuylkill Valley do | 9,590 15 | 236,761 01 |
| Mt Carbon and Pt Carbon | 10,168 12 | 394,704 08 |

LEHIGH COAL TRADE.

Quantity sent to market on week ending on Aug 30th, 1851

| | WEEK. | TOTAL. |
|---|---|---|
| Lehigh Coal Co., | 12,012 15 | 350,785 17 |
| Room Run Mines, | 2,413 17 | 56,970 05 |
| Beaver Meadow, | 1,020 00 | 57,259 16 |
| Spring Mounin Coal, | 3,614 11 | 71,653 12 |
| Colorain Coal, | 1,301 05 | 26,868 06 |
| Cranberry Coal Company, | 697 02 | 18,438 04 |
| Hazleton Coal Co., | 3,641 06 | 68,746 19 |
| Diamond Coal Company, | 1,850 19 | 26,151 02 |
| Buck Mountain Coal, | 2,727 07 | 65,876 08 |
| Wilkesbarre Coal Co., | 847 16 | 31,070 12 |
| Total, | 30,225 17 | 643,458 08 |
| To same period last year, | | 502,245 00 |
| Increase so far | | 141,222 08 |

RATES OF TOLL AND TRANSPORTATION ON RAILROAD for 1851.

From M Carbon, S. Haven, P. Clinton

To Richmond,
To Philadelphia,

TOLL BY CANAL.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| From Port Carbon to Philadelphia, | | 60 40 |
| " Mount Carbon | do | 39 |
| " Schl. Haven, | do | 38 |
| " Port Clinton | do | 33 |

RATES OF FREIGHT BY CANAL.

| | Philada. | Wilmington. | N. York. |
|---|---|---|---|
| From Port Carbon, | 65 a 70 | 95 | $1 55 |
| " Mt. Carbon, | 65 a 70 | 95 | 1 55 |
| " S. Haven, | 60 a 65 | 90 | 1 50 a1 55 |

## FACTS ARE STUBBORN THINGS!

### OUT OF YOUR OWN MOUTHS WILL YE BE CONDEMNED.

We publish the following important document from the *Investigator*, a rabid Locofoco Campaign paper published at Harrsburg, under date of September 2d 1851, showing the amount of Revenue received in the State Treasury for the years 1847, 1848, 1849, and 1850, and the sources from which it was derived. Governor Johnston, our readers will recollect, became Governor after the death of Governor Shunk, which occurred in August of 1848. In the winter of 1848 his Sinking Fund Bill was passed on his recommendation,—and the table shows that the increased revenue does not arise from the State Tax assessed under Shunk's administration, as has been asserted by our opponents and Col. Bigler,—because the receipts are less from *that* source, during Johnston's Administration, than they were before. Examine this table and you will find the sources, whence the increased revenue was principally derived in 1849 and 1850, under Johnston's Sinking Fund, are from the luxuries of life, and not from taxing Coal, which is already taxed; nor from widows and orphans who have no votes, nor from the hardy yeomanry and working classes, as represented by Col. Bigler in *his* Sinking Fund, of which he talks so much, but never informs the people of the principles of the bill. Why a Locofoco paper should publish a document that disproves all their *statements, and condemns themselves* so effectually, we cannot tell, unless desperation has driven them out of their senses. After reading the document, all honest voters will with one accord respond "let well enough alone:"

| REVENUE. | 1847. | 1848. | 1849. | 1850. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Lands, | $15,293 04 | $21,454 91 | $17,198 23 | $16,378 58 |
| Auction commissions, | 21,700 00 | 22,500 00 | 21,125 00 | 18,673 75 |
| Auction duties, | 53,831 06 | 56,153 50 | 63,980 79 | 14,898 22 |
| Tax on bank dividends, | 128,307 13 | 118,048 55 | 151,838 70 | 153,577 14 |
| Tax on corporation stocks, | 124,355 56 | 140,359 89 | 151,282 31 | 136,510 14 |
| Tax on real and personal estate, | 1,380,781 19 | 1,350 129 49 | 1,293,921 23 | 1,317,821 55 |
| Tavern licenses, | 34,963 13 | 33,306 61 | 83,660 81 | 107,427 49 |
| Retailers' licenses, | 143,684 70 | 131,105 30 | 155,504 11 | 171,062 26 |
| Peddlers' licenses, | 2,291 04 | 2,184 85 | 3,192 34 | 2,525 05 |
| Brokers' licenses, | 5,598 31 | 2,566 00 | 10,882 01 | 10,228 73 |
| Theatre, circus and menagerie licenses, | 930 00 | 557 65 | 2,542 50 | 2,384 50 |
| Distillery and brewery licenses, | | | 385 00 | 4,203 91 |
| Billiard r'm, bowling sal'n & ten pin alley licenses | | | 2,985 50 | 6,045 81 |
| Eating house, beer house and restaurant licenses, | | | 5,876 70 | 6,530 97 |
| Patent medicine licenses, | | | 1,944 67 | 2,633 04 |
| Pamphlet laws, | 338 29 | 305 54 | 507 77 | 345 58 |
| Militia fines, | 11,090 37 | 17161 73 | 11,112 08 | 12,953 73 |
| Foreign insurance agencies, | | | | 2,769 83 |
| Tax on writs, wills, deeds, &c., | 47,184 67 | 30,682 95 | 35,067 91 | 45,469 17 |
| Tax on certain offices, | 13,611 56 | 19,934 26 | 12,821 63 | 14,017 21 |
| Collateral inheritance tax, | 42,743 55 | 55,359 01 | 190,812 07 | 102,295 07 |
| Canal and railroad tolls, | 1,587,995 01 | 1,530,555 03 | 1,628,860 13 | 1,713,848 16 |
| Canal fines, sales of old materials, &c., | 5,018 07 | 1,121 58 | 6,867 42 | 6,953 64 |
| Tax on enrollment of laws, | 3,420 00 | 1,965 00 | 10,355 00 | 10,270 00 |
| Premiums on charters, | | | 37,397 96 | 89,262 21 |
| Tax on loans, | 118,977 96 | 113,431 23 | 121,089 59 | 119,356 30 |
| Loans, | 220,089 89 | 140,000 00 | 391,028 81 | 270,000 00 |
| Interest on loans, | | | | 13,721 27 |
| Premiums on loans, | | | 1,085 80 | |
| Dividends on turnpike and bridge stocks, | 1,076 79 | 1,950 00 | 1,950 00 | 2,460 90 |
| Sales of turnpike stocks, | | | | 13,685 44 |
| Nicholson land, | 1261 35 | | 281 32 | |
| Accrued interest, | 2,043 50 | 2,808 17 | 6,663 73 | 3,678 32 |
| Refunded cash, | 2,242 59 | 14,538 05 | 2,095 23 | 13,278 61 |
| Escheats, | | 905 99 | 7,881 61 | |
| Fees of the public offices, | 1,257 41 | 1,644 24 | 1,809 86 | 3,687 20 |
| Pennsylvania State Lunatic Hospital, | | | 783 62 | 177 00 |
| Miscellaneous, | 6,379 16 | 1,526 69 | 2,197 26 | 1,741 33 |
| | 2,977,025 89 | 3,831,776 22 | 4,433,688 65 | 4,438,131 51 |
| Balance in Treasury Dec. 1, 1847, '48 & '49, | 384,678 20 | 680,890 85 | 577,290 39 | 926,207 24 |
| | 4,361,704 59 | 4,512,667 07 | 5,010,979 04 | 5,364,338 75 |

Amount paid to the Public Schools in 1848, under Governor Shunk's Administration, - - - - - - $174,624 67

Amount paid to Public Schools in 1850, under Governor Johnston's Administration, - - - - - - 211,430 01

Increase, - - - - - - $37,805 34

☞ If any of our readers doubt the correctness of the above table, we need only remark that it is taken *from the Harrisburg Investigator*, of September 2d, 1851, a rabid Locofoco Paper.

[*For the Miners' Journal.*]

## A GLORIOUS DEMONSTRATION

Of the Democratic Whigs of Schuylkill Valley, was made in Patterson, at the house of Eli Miller, on Tuesday evening last, which exceeded any thing of the kind ever heretofore given in that little peaceful village.—The Whigs residing in the lower part of the valley, had gathered around their country's flag, in Middleport, and under the broad folds of that flag, marched in a phalanx to the scene of action, bearing their banners, upon which are engraved the mottos of the Whig Party. The beauty of this scene was, that it was intermixed with quite a good sprinkling of Democrats—reasonable men—who will sustain the interests of the country in preference to the interests of party, and by whom the Whig ranks are filling up. Among them was found a gentleman, a real Democrat, and conservative, who voted for Polk, Dallas and the Tariff of '42, and whose intellectual acquirements range far above the average intelligence of the neighborhood. It is a source of pleasure to see men like him, in a spirit of patriotism, sustain the banner by his own presence, which bears his own motto, "the Union as it is, fidelity to the Constitution, and Protection to all." On their arrival they were long and loudly cheered by the people of Patterson, and Brockville, who had already assembled at the house of Eli Miller. The meeting then was called to order by the President of the Club, but the house not being sufficiently spacious for the attendants, it was adjourned into the street, where D. G. McGowan Esq., was introduced to address the audience. Mr. McGowan acquitted himself with a great deal of credit to himself and the cause which he has undertaken to defend, and was interrupted by frequent cheering, after which Daniel Koch was called upon to address the meeting in the German language, to which he responded to the evident satisfaction of the Germans. The next scene was one of unexpected satisfaction. The choir was called upon to give a song,—and it reminded one of the campaign of 1840 and '48, when the heroes of Tippecanoe and Buena Vista so triumphantly defeated their opponents. That song was sung by the same voices and with the same spirit—and it is believed—with the same success, after which, the meeting adjourned to meet again on Tuesday evening next, at 7 o'clock P. M., at the Kaska William Mines.

P. S.—Locofoco principles were also represented by a small detachment of Winnabagoes, who had squatted at the corner of a fence, on the opposite side of the street, and who, although laying claims to manhood, yet, made frequent noise, not much dissimilar to a small black quadruped when in search of prey.

## PASSENGER TRAINS.

OFFICE OF THE PHILADELPHIA & READING Railroad Company—Philadelphia, Aug. 30, 1851.—Fall Arrangement.—FARES REDUCED—From Philadelphia to Pottsville two Passenger Trains daily. (Sundays excepted.) On and after Sept. 1st, 1851, two trains will be run each way, daily, between Philadelphia and Pottsville.

MORNING LINE.

Leaves Philadelphia at 7½ o'clock, A. M., daily, except Sundays.

Leaves Pottsville at 7½ o'clock, A. M. daily, except Sundays.

AFTERNOON LINE.

Leaves Philadelphia at 3½ o'clock, daily, except Sundays.

Leaves Pottsville at 3½ o'clock, daily, except Sundays.

FARES.

| | *Fire class cars* | *2d class cars.* |
|---|---|---|
| Between Phila. and Pottsville, | $2 75 | $2 25 |
| Between Phila. and Reading, | 1 75 | 1 45 |

Depot in Philadelphia, corner of Broad and Vine streets. Passengers cannot enter the cars unless provided with a ticket.

Fifty pounds of baggage will be allowed to each passenger in these lines, and passengers are prohibited from taking anything as baggage but their wearing apparel, which will be at the risk of its owner.

By order of the Board of Managers

S. BRADFORD, Secretary.

Sept. 6, 1851. 36-tf

**FALL MILLINERY GOODS.**

JOHN S. STONE & SONS, Importers and Dealers in Silks, Ribbons and Millinery Goods, No. 45 South SECOND Street, Philadelphia, are now prepared to offer to their customers and the trade generally, a very large and handsome assortment of

Bonnet Satins, of all colors,
Corded and Plain Velvets, of all colors,
Fancy Bonnet and Cap Ribbons,
Paris Fancy Feathers,
French and American Flowers, &c. &c.

Confining themselves exclusively to this branch of the trade, and *importing* the larger part of their stock, enables them to offer an assortment unsurpassed in extent and variety, which will be sold at the lowest prices.

Sept. 6, 1850. 36-4t

**RAGE FOR ANNEXATION.**

THE friends of peace and order need not fear to go in strong for Davy's Annexation Air-tight Cooking Stove, because they have no difficulty to manage it, and it performs to admiration.—Every House-keeper in want of a Cooking Stove, should go to the one of Davy's which burns either wood or coal, (six sizes,) call and see for yourselves, the recommendations from those that have this Stove in use. For Parlor, Hall or Office, the Gas Burner stands unrivalled, and is therefore highly recommended, warranted to perform well, is very clean, easily managed, and economical. Also, for sale a very extensive assortment of almost all kinds of Stoves and Patterns that can be named, and too numerous to mention. The Public, my Customers, Friends, and the Trade, are invited to call if in want of Stoves. Castings for repairing kept on hand.

N. B. Davy's Annexation Cook and Gas Burner, are only for sale at

*Old Stand, 97 N. 2d St., Philadelphia, who has the exclusive right for this market.*

*Sept. 6, 1851.* 36-3m

LAW BOOKS.—PENNSYLVANIA STATE REPORTS, vol. 14. Just received and for sale at

B. BANNAN'S

Law and Miscellaneous Book Store.

Sept. 6. 1851. 36-

REYNOLD'S New Romance, The Gipsey Chief.—by G. W. M. Reynolds, author of "Life in London," "Pope Joan," "Mysteries of the Court of London," &c., a most capital work, just published and for sale at

B. BANNAN'S

Cheap Book and Periodical Store.

Aug 9, 1851 32—

FEATHERS—*First quality* FEATHERS, for sale by

J. M. BEATTY & SON.

March 29, 1851 13-tf

CHEAP BIBLES—100 Family Bibles, embracing every style of Binding, plain and ornamental, just received and for sale at B. BANNAN'S

April 19, 1851 16—


WM. BAILY & SON,
Importers and Dealers in
ENGLISH, FRENCH & SWISS WATCHES,
JEWELRY, SILVER-WARE, FANCY
WARE, AND FANCY ARTICLES.
Are constantly receiving the latest styles of the above Goods, which are offered at wholesale or retail, at
No. 216 Market Street, above Sixth, NORTH SIDE,
Decatur Street, Philadelphia.
ESTABLISHED IN 1824.
All Goods warranted to be what they are sold for.

May 10, 1851. 19-tf

SPERM, TANNERS, LARD AND WHALE OIL.

6,222 GALLONS BLEACHED WINTER AND Fall Sperm Oil.
1,115 gallons unbleached Winter and Fall Sperm Oil
4,321 Gallons Extra Bleached Solar Oil.
9,998 do superior Elephan Oil, extra bleached
8,300 do bleached Winter and Fall Whale Oil
13,777 do strained N. W. Coast & Polar "
7,506 do Winter Oil, very clear and handsome
4,003 do best quality Tanner's Oil.
5,015 do superior Bank Oil.
3,000 do pure Straits or Cod Oil.
8,000 do Common Oil, for greasing
5,888 do extra No. 1. Lard Oil, (Continent.)
2,000 do Lard Oil, No. 2.
100 boxes New Bedford Sperm Candles.
400 do Adamantine Candles.
123 do Patent Polished and Solar Candles.
188 do Mould and Dip Candles, assorted sizes.
290 do best quality Yellow Soap.
860 do superior Brown Soap.
115 do prime Castile Soap.

☞ All articles sold, not giving satisfaction, may be returned.

BOLDIN & PRICE,

31 *North Wharves, Third Store above Arch street.*

March 29, 1851. 13-1y.

HONONGAHELA WHISKEY.

THE Subscribers are in constant receipt and consignment of OLD MONONGAHELA WHISKEY, from Pittsburg of various grades, which they offer for sale in lots to suit purchasers, recommending it as being pure unadulterated Rye.

A superior article of CHERRY BRANDY constantly on hand. ALSO, Hams, Lard, Cheese, &c.

BICKY & WATKIN,

No. 13, South Water Street, Philadelphia.

August 23, 1851. 34-3m

PATTERSON'S HERPETIC SOAP,

FOR rendering the Skin smooth, soft and delicately white, removing sallowness, Pimples, Tan Cutaneous Eruptions and redness of the Skin. All chops and chafes, &c. on the hands are healed by it. It is also the very best shaving soap in use. Price only 12½ cents per cake. For sale wholesale and retail at the variety store of the subscriber. B. BANNAN.

☞ Merchants and others supplied to sell again at manufacturers prices.

Aug. 9, 1851 32—

OLIVER O. KNIGHT. ALFRED CHRIST.

KNIGHT & CHRIST,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS, No. 203, South Water Street, Philadelphia. Dealers in Fish, Cheese and Provisions. Have constantly on hand an assortment of PICKLED FISH, &c., viz:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Mackerel, | Codfish, | Dried Beef, |
| Salmon, | Beef, Pork, | Butter, Eggs, |
| Shad, | Lard, | Cheese, |
| Herrings, | Hams, | Seeds, |
| | | Spices, &c. |

August 16, 1851. 33-2m

HUMMEL'S ESSENCE OF COFFEE.

ONE teaspoonfull of this Essence will go as far as four pounds of Coffee—and Coffee made on this Essence will preserve the taste of the real Coffee, with the addition of a more delicate and finer flavor. It is also more conducive to health than the finest Coffee, is easier made, does not require anything to clear it, and is free from sediment. This Essence is now extensively used in various sections of the country, a single agent having sold 16,000 cakes in a single county in this State. Price 12½ cents per cake. For sale wholesale and retail by the subscriber, at his variety store.

B. BANNAN, Agent for Schuylkill Co.

☞ Merchants and others supplied to sell a gain at the Manufacturer's prices. Try it.

I have examined an article prepared by Messrs. Hummel, Bohler & Co., of Philadelphia, called "Essence of Coffee," which is intended to be used with Coffee for the purpose of improving it. I find it not only free from anything deleterious to health, but on the contrary, the ingredients of which it is composed, are perfectly wholesome.

JAMES B. CHILTON, M. D.

Chemist and Analyzist, 73 Chambers St. New York.

Aug. 23, 1851.

TO THE LADIES AND GENTLEMEN WHO Are Parents, Boys and Young Gentlemen of Pottsville, Pa., and the surrounding neighborhood. Your attention is particularly invited to the largest and complete assortment of BOYS and CHILDREN'S CLOTHING. That the subscriber has on hand well adapted to the season, suited for boys of three years of age, and to young gentlemen of sixteen.

All persons living at a distance, purchasing Clothing at this establishment, have the privilege of returning them if they do not fit.

P. A. HOYT,

506 Chestnut street, below Tenth, Philada.

Feb. 22, 1851. 6-1yif


## PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, in and by an Act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "*An Act regulating the General Elections within the Commonwealth*, passed the 2d day of July, 1839," it is made the duty of the Sheriff of every county, to give public notice of such election to be holden, and to make known in such notice what officers are to be elected: Therefore, I, C. M. STRAUB, High Sheriff of the County of Schuylkill, *do make known by this advertisement* to the electors of said County of Schuylkill, that a GENERAL ELECTION will be held in the said County, on TUESDAY, the 14th day of October next, at the several districts thereof, as follows, to wit:

1. *The electors of the* Borough of Orwigsburg will hold their election at the Court House, in the Borough of Orwigsburg.

2. The electors of all that part of West Brunswick Township, lying and being east of the following line: Commencing at the sand hole on the Berks County line, thence by a straight line to the house of Samuel B. Medlar, including the same; thence to the farm of William Matz, excluding the same, thence to the farm of George Mengel, now occupied by Peter Miller, including the same, thence to the house of Jacob Peirr, including the same; thence by a straight line passing near Abraham Fourst's on the Schuylkill County line, shall *hereafter* form a seperate election district, and the qualified voters residing therein, shall hold their general elections at the public house of Samuel Boyer, in the town of Port Clinton, in said Township.

3. The electors of West Brunswick Township, but *included in the above boundaries*, will hold their general elections as heretofore, at the Court House in the Borough of Orwigsburg.

4. The electors of East Brunswick Township, will hold their election at the house of Joshua Boyer, in the town of McKeansburg.

5. The electors of Pinegrove Township, will hold their election at the house of Philip Koons, in the Borough of Pinegrove; and the electors of the Borough of Pinegrove will hold their election at the same house.

6. The electors of Wayne Township, will hold their election at the house of Leonard Sholl, innkeeper, in the town of Pfledensburg.

7. The electors of Porter Township, will hold their election at the house of Jacob Hebelring, Jr. in said Township.

8. The electors of Lower Mahanoy Township, will hold their general election at the house of Joseph R. Osman, in said Township.

9. The electors of Upper Mahanoy Township, will hold their elections at the house of John W. Hepler, in said Township.

10. The electors of Eldred Township will hold their elections at the house now occupied by John Weitzel, in said Township.

11. The electors of Barry Township, including the house occupied by J. G. Woodleson, will hold their election at the house of Francis Dengler, in said Township.

12. The electors of West Penn Township, will hold their election at the house now occupied by Jacob Schwartz, in said Township.

13. The electors of Union Township, will hold their election at the house of Daniel Gobs, in said Township.

14. The electors of Rush Township, will hold their elections at the public house occupied by Stein and Lindner, in said Township.

15. The electors of Mahanoy Township will hold their elections at the public house of Samuel Miller, in said Township.

16. The electors of the Borough of Minersville, will hold their election at the house now occupied by Michael Weaver, in said Borough.

17. The electors of Schuylkill Township, will hold their election at the house of widow Bensinger, in said Township.

18. The electors of New Castle Township, will hold their election at the public house of Washington Snyder, in the town of New Castle.

19. The electors of Branch Township, will hold their general elections as heretofore, at the house now occupied by Philip Kehrer, in the town of Llewellyn.

20. The electors of East Norwegian Township, and those residing on the west side of the river Schuylkill and between the eastern line of the Borough of Pottsville and the Penman line of the Port Carbon election district, and whose electors have hitherto voted in the Norwegian election district, will hold their election at the Port Carbon House, in the town of Port Carbon.

21. The Township of Norwegian will hereafter form a separate election district, and the electors thereof hold their election at the public house lately occupied by Ira Lake, Deer Park, in said Township.

22 The electors of Blythe Township, will hold their election at the house of Joseph Balliet, in the town of Middleport.

23. The electors of Tremont Township, will hold their election at the house of Samuel Hipple, in the town of Tremont.

24. All the electors of the South Ward in the Borough of Pottsville, shall hold their elections at the public house of William Matz, in said Ward.

25. The North Ward in the Borough of Pottsville lying eastwardly of Centre street, shall be called "North East Ward," and the qualified electors thereof shall hold their general elections at the house of Patrick Curry, in said Ward.

26. The North Ward of the Borough of Pottsville lying westwardly of Centre street, shall be called the "North West Ward," and the qualified electors thereof shall hold their general elections at the house now occupied by George Betz, in said Ward.

27. The electors of Cass Township, will hold their election at the house now occupied by Abraham Hoch in said Township.

28. The electors of Butler Township, will hold their election at the house now occupied by Isaac F. Davis, in said Township.

29. The electors of Frailey Township, will hold their election at the house lately occupied by Charles Burtows, in the town of Donaldson, in said Township.

30. The Township of South Manheim, shall hereafter form a seperate election district, and the qualified voters thereof shall hereafter hold their general elections at the public house now occupied by Chas. Reber.

31. The electors of the Borough of Schuylkill Haven, will hold their election at the public school House No. 1, in said Borough.

32. The electors of the North Ward in the Borough of Tamaqua, shall hold their elections at the public house of Samuel Beard, in said Ward.

33. The electors of the South Ward in the Borough of Tamaqua, shall hold their elections at the Public School House, in said Ward.

34. The electors of the East Ward in the Borough of Tamaqua, and those residing north of the Sharp Mountain, in the township of West Penn, heretofore voting at the public School house in the Borough of Tamaqua, shall hold their elections at the public house of Lewis F. Buehler, in said Ward.

35. That the qualified electors in that part of North Manheim township who formerly voted in the South Ward of the Borough of Pottsville, and which territory on the east side of the river Schuylkill, and within the Penman election line, the southerly line of the Borough of Pottsville, and the old line of the Township of Manheim, whose electors have hitherto voted in the Norwegian election district, shall hold their elections at the public house of Geo. Grim, in said Township.

36. That the qualified electors in that part of North Manheim Township who formerly voted in the Borough of Orwigsburg, shall hold their election at the Court House, in said Borough.

37. That the qualified electors of North Manheim Township, not embraced in the foregoing, shall hold their election at the Half-way-house, kept by Mrs. Susanna Moyer, in said Township.

38. The electors of the Borough of St. Clair, will hold their elections at the public house of Jonathan Johnson, in the said Borough.

At which time and places are to be elected by the freemen of the county of Schuylkill: