MINERS' JOURNAL, AND POTTSVILLE GENERAL ADVERTISER.

I will teach you to pierce the bowels of the Earth, and bring out from the caverns of Mountains, Metals which will give strength to our hands and subject all Nature to our use and pleasure.—*Dr. Johnson.*

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY BY BENJAMIN BANNAN, POTTSVILLE, SCHUYLKILL COUNTY, PA.

VOL. XXVI SATURDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 14, 1850. NO. 50.

FREIGHT ON MERCHANDIZE.

PHIL'A. READING & POTTSVILLE RAILROAD.—On and after April 1st, 1848, Goods will be forwarded with despatch at the following rates of freight, between Pottsville and the points below stated, per ton of 2000 lbs.

	Between Pottsville and Phila.	Between Pottsville and Reading.
Plaster, Limestone Bituminous Coal, Sand, Iron Ore, and Bricks.	$2 00	1 00
Blooms, lime, timber, stone, rosin, tar, pitch, raw turpentine, marble, grindstones, nails, spikes, scrap and pig iron, broken castings, guano and poudrette.	2 50	1 10
Lead, bark, raw tobacco, salt beef and pork, lumber, grain, iron castings, sugar, molasses, green coffee, potatoes, salt petre, brimstone, and rye chop	2 75	1 30
Flour, per bbl.		14
Oil, groceries, vinegar, whiskey, machinery, cheese, lard, tallow, rags, leather, raw hides, paints, white and red lead, oysters, hemp glue and cordage, steel, bran and ship stuff.	3 00	2 35
Raw cotton and wool, cigars, fresh meat, fresh fish, dry goods, drugs and medicines, foreign liquors, wines and teas, glass, china, and queensware, poultry, confectionary, books and stationary, spirits turpentine, camphine, burned coffee, hats and caps, boots and shoes, bonnets, feathers, trees, hops, spices, furniture, by weight	5 00	2 35

No additional charges for commission, storage, or receiving or delivering freight at any of the Company's depots on the line.

April 15, 1848 23-tf

FREIGHTS & TOLLS ON COAL.

OFFICE OF THE PHIL'A. & READING RAIL-Road Company—Philadelphia, February 20, 1850.—Notice is hereby given, that the Rates of Freight and Tolls on Coal, transported by this Company, will be as follows from March 11th 1850:—

To	From M. Carbon.	S. Haven.	P. Clinton.
Richmond	1 70	1 65	1 45
Philadelphia	1 70	1 65	1 45
Inclined Plane	1 70	1 65	1 45
Nicetown	1 70	1 65	1 45
Germantown Railroad	1 70	2 65	1 45
Falls of Schuylkill	1 70	1 65	1 45
Manayunk	1 60	1 55	1 35
Conshocken & Plymouth R.	1 50	1 45	1 30
Turn out 1 mile below Norristown	1 45	1 40	1 25
Norristown or Bridgeport	1 40	1 35	1 30
Port Kennedy	1 35	1 30	1 15
Valley Forge	1 30	1 25	1 10
Phoenixville	1 20	1 15	1 10
Royer's Ford	1 20	1 15	1 00
Pottstown	1 15	1 10	1 00
Douglassville	1 15	1 10	1 10
Baumstown	1 10	1 05	95
Reading	1 05	1 00	95
Betw'n Read'ng& Mohrsville	1 00	95	90
Mohrsville	95	90	85
Hamburg	75	70	65
Orwigsburg	65	60	55

By order of the Board of Managers.
S. BRADFORD, Sec'ry.

March 2, 1850 9-1m

PASSENGER TRAINS.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT FROM PHILADEL-phia and Pottsville. Two Passenger Trains Daily (except Sundays.)—*Office of the Phila. & Reading Rail road Co.*, Philadelphia, March 29, 1850.—On and after April 1st, 1850, two trains will be run each way, daily, between Philadelphia and Pottsville.

Morning Line. (Accommodation.)

Leaves Philadelphia at 7½ o'clock, A. M., daily, [except Sundays.]

Leaves Pottsville at 7½ o'clock, A. M., daily [except Sundays.]

Afternoon Line. (Fast Train.)

Leaves Philadelphia at 2½ o'clock, daily, [except sundays.]

Leaves Pottsville at 2½ o'clock, daily, [except Sundays.]

Passengers cannot enter the cars unless provided with a ticket.

PASSENGER TRAIN TIME TABLES.

Commencing on Monday April 1st, 1850, daily except Sunday.

UP TRAINS STATIONS	MORN	FAST	DOWN TRAINS STATIONS	MORN	FAST
Leaves	A. M.	P. M.		A. M.	P. M.
Philadelphia	7.30	2.30	Pottsville	7.30	2.30
Passes			Passes		
8 R Junction	8.00	3.00	Sch'l Haven	7.38	2.38
Falls	8.05	3.05	Orwigsburg	7.46	2.45
Manayunk	8.11	3.10	Auburn	7.56	2.53
Spring Mill	8.24	3.21	Port Clinton	8.06	3.01
Norristown	8.35	3.31	Hamburg	8.29	3.14
Port Kennedy	8.59	2.50	Mohrsville	8.38	3.22
Valley Forge	9.05	3.45	Althouse's	8.48	3.28
Phoenixville	9.09	3.54	Reading	9.08	3.52
Royer's Ford	9.24	4.07	Birdsboro'	9.35	4.16
Pottstown	9.45	4.25	Douglassville	9.44	4.21
Douglassville	10.00	4.36	Pottstown	10.01	4.33
Birdsboro'	10.15	4.44	Royer's Ford	10.25	4.51
Reading	10.45	5.02	Phoenixville	10.36	5.01
Althouse's	10.58	5.23	Valley Forge	10.49	5.10
Mohrsville	11.06	5.29	Port Kennedy	10.55	5.21
Hamburg	11.21	5.47	Norristown	11.04	5.29
Port Clinton	11.45	5.55	Spring Mill	11.14	5.37
Auburn	12.03	6.03	Manayunk	11.26	5.50
Orwigsburg	12.15	6.16	Falls	11.37	5.51
Sch'l Haven	12.25	6.22	S R Junction	11.41	6.00
Arrives			Arrives		
Pottsville	12.40	6.30	Philadelphia	12.10	6.30

The afternoon or fast trains, do not stop at Auburn, Althouse's, Birdsboro', Royer's Ford, Valley Forge, Port Kennedy, Spring Mill or Falls.

Fifty pounds of baggage will be allowed to each passenger in these Lines, and Passengers are expressly prohibited from taking any thing as baggage but their wearing apparel, which will be at the risk of its owner.

By order of the Board of Managers.
S. BRADFORD, Secretary.

April 5, 1850 14-tf

LITTLE SCHUYLKILL RAILROAD.

ARRANGEMENT FOR THE FREIGHT & PASsenger Cars on the Schuylkill Railroad.—The Passenger Train leaves Port Clinton, daily, (Sundays excepted) on the arrival of the morning Train on the Reading Railroad from Philadelphia—arriving at Tamaqua in time to dine. Leaves Tamaqua at halfpast one o'clock, P. M., in time to connect at Port Clinton with the afternoon train on the Reading Railroad from Pottsville to Philadelphia. Fare—To Port Clinton, 75 cents; to Philadelphia, $2 50.

The freight train leaves Tamaqua daily, Sundays excepted, at 6 o'clock, A. M., and Port Clinton, at 1 o'clock, P. M. A Passenger Car runs in connection with the Freight train, so that passengers for Philadelphia can take the morning train of cars on the Reading Railroad at Port Clinton. Fare the same as in the other train.

JOHN ANDERSON, General Agent.

Tamaqua Oct. 28, 1848 tf

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT—1850.

PASSENGER AND EXPRESS CAR BETWEEN Schuylkill Haven, Minersville and Tremont, Daily (Sundays excepted) via Mine Hill Railroad.—On and after Saturday, June 1st; the Passenger and Express line of cars will run as follows, viz:

Morning Train.

Leave Minersville for Sch'l Haven 6¾ o'clock, A. M.

" Sch'l Haven for Minersville and Tremont, immediately on the arrival of the morning train from Philadelphia.

Afternoon Train.

Leave Tremont for Minersville and Sch'l Haven, at 3 o'clock, P. M.

" Minersville for Sch'l Haven at 1 o'clock P. M.

" Sch'l Haven for Minersville at 6½ o'clock, P. M.

Fare from Sch'l Haven to Minersville, 25 cents.
" do do Tremont 50 "
" from Minersville do 25 "

An Express Car will run with the Passenger Trains. Packages for Minersville and Tremont, forwarded by Livingston, Howard & Co.'s Express, from Philadelphia, will be delivered the same day.

Wiconisco and Millersburg Line.

Coaches will be in waiting, on the arrival of the Cars at Tremont, to convey passengers to Wiconisco, here they connect with the Railroad for Millersburg.

Pottsville, Minersville and Tremont Line.

Omnibuses will leave Pottsville immediately after the arrival of the Philadelphia morning train, to convey passengers to West-Wood, where they will take the cars for Minersville and Tremont.

Fare.—From Pottsville to Minersville 18¾ Cents.
" Pottsville to Tremont, 37½ "

All Baggage at the owner's risk.

JOHN E. NICE Agent.

June 1, 1850. 22-tf

UNION TRANSPORTATION LINE.

FOR SCHUYLKILL HAVEN, MINERSVILLE, Tremont, &c. The Proprietors have made arrangements with the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad Co., and are prepared to forward daily, to the above places, all descriptions of Merchandise.

Freight cars will leave Philadelphia for Schuylkill Haven, every morning, and goods for Minersville, Tremont, Donaldson, Pine Grove, and Llewellyn, will be despatched immediately on the arrival of train at Schuylkill Haven.

Office in Philadelphia, Broad and Cherry Streets, " Schuylkill Haven, E. G. ARRIS, Agent.

N. B.—If desired, goods will be forwarded by the Old Established Express Line of Livingston, Howard & Co., under the charge of Special Messenger, by Passenger Train from Philadelphia to Schuylkill Haven, and from Schuylkill Haven to Minersville and Tremont by this Line goods will be transported from Philadelphia to Tremont in 8 hours, to Minersville in 6 do., and Schuylkill Haven in 5 do. Small lots of goods are forwarded by this line with very little additional charge over the Freight Line.

☞ Orders delivered and goods collected without any extra charge.

Will also attend to the forwarding and delivery of Bank Notes and Specie, and special attention given to the collection of Bills, Drafts, &c.

Office in Phila'a, LIVINGSTON, HOWARD & Co. No. 43 South Third Street.

August 17, 1850 33-tf

NEW ARRANGEMENT.

LIVINGSTON & CO.'S EXPRESS LINE.—We are prepared to receive and forward Daily per Passenger Train. (our Express Car being always in charge of special messengers) merchandize of all descriptions, packages, bundles, specie, bank notes, &c. Also, particular attention paid to collecting Bills, Drafts and Accounts. Packages and Goods delivered daily to all intermediate places between Philadelphia and Pottsville. Offices—Centre Street, Pottsville; No. 43, South Third Street, Philadelphia; No. 6 Wall Street, New York, No. 8 Court Street, Boston.

LIVINGSTON, HOWARD & Co.

Feb 24, 1849. 9-tf

HARDWARE AND SCALES.—TRUMAN & Shaw, No. 835 Market Street, three doors below Ninth, Philadelphia, Importers and wholesale and retail dealers in Nails, Hardware and Tools, Merchants, Builders, Housekeepers and Mechanics, supplied at the lowest rates. Agents for Shalaburger's Patent Planes, warranted superior to any other.

Also, Agents for Ellicott & Abbott's Platform Scales—they will furnish Hay, Coal, Barrow, Warehouse and Store Scales of Warranted workmanship and correctness, at Factory prices. Also, Druggist and Storekeepers Counter Scales, Steelyards, Spring Balances, Weights of all sizes, &c., &c.

Sept 14, 1850 37-tf

PROVISIONS

MACKEREL,
CODFISH,
SHAD,
SALMON,
HERRINGS,
PORK
HAMS AND SIDES,
SHOULDERS,
LARD AND CHEESE,

Constantly on hand, and for sale by
J. PALMER & Co.,
Market Street Wharf, Philadelphia

Sept 14, 1850 37-3mo

INDIA RUBBER GOODS.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS MADE ARRANGEments with one of the most extensive Factories for the supply of India Rubber Goods, wholesale, at city Manufacturers prices. Among the assortment are India Rubber Coats, of the best materials, *Cheap* South Western or Hats, do

Caps and Capes.—Leggins, &c., do

India Rubber Bands,

Suspenders, Garters, Air Balls,

Shoulder Braces and Money Belts,

Baby Jumpers, or portable nurse, beautiful and cheap.

India Rubber Water Pipes, Life Preservers, &c.

☞ Country Merchants and others supplied wholesale, at New York cash prices, at

BANNAN'S Variety Store

June 1, 1850.

HATS, CAPS AND BUFFALO ROBES.

THE CHEAPEST IN PHILADELPHIA. Charles E. Elmes, thankful for past favors, would respectfully inform his friends in the country, that he has removed to the Southwest Corner of Sixth and Market Streets, under McNeille's great and new Clothing ware-rooms, and has constantly on hand a new and fresh supply of Hats, Caps and Buffalo Robes of all kinds and prices.

California, Mexican, Canada, Moleskin, Beaver and Brush Hats, of all kinds and prices, to suit all purchasers, wholesale and retail, and promises all those who will favor him with a call, to save them 25 per cent.

P. S. Just received a fine lot of BUFFALO ROBES, selling low.

CHARLES E. ELMES.

Southwest corner of 6th and Market Sts., Phila.

May 11, 1850 19-1y.

DENTISTRY.

JOSEPH F. SEIDERS, SURGEON DENTIST. HAS removed to the new building in the rear of Thos Foster & Co.'s Boot and Shoe Store, next door to Esquire Klock's office, East Market street, third door from Centre, up stairs, where he has fitted up a handsome office, and will be prepared to perform all operations appertaining to his profession.

He has discovered a new preparation for destroying the nerve of a tooth, without pain, so that it can be plugged, and will last for years. All operations warranted, and terms low.

Pottsville, March 16, 1850. 11-1y

COLEMAN'S Cheap Cutlery STORE.

Nos. 32 and 33 ARCADE and 309 CHESNUT Street—PHILADELPHIA.

COUNTRY merchants can save from 10 to 15 per cent. by purchasing at the above stores. By importing my own goods, paying but little rent, and living economically, it is plain I can undersell those who purchase their goods here, pay high rents, and live like princes.

Constantly on hand, a large assortment of Pen and Pocket Knives, Scissors and Razors, Table Knives and Forks, in ivory, stag, buffalo, bone and wood handles; Carvers and Forks, Steels, &c. Butcher Knives, Dirks, Bowie Knives, Revolving and Plain Pistols, &c. Just received, a large stock of Rodgers and Wostenholm's fine Pen and Congress Knives.

Also, a large assortment of Accordeons, &c., &c. Also, fine English Twist and German Guns.

JOHN M. COLEMAN, Importer.

Jan 5, 1850 1-tf

SAMUEL H. BIBIGHAUS & CO.,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC HARDWARE, CUTLERY, &c. *No. 166 North THIRD Street 2d door below VINE, PHILADELPHIA.*

WHERE they intend keeping a general assortment of Hardware on hand, at lowest market prices. Country Merchants, are respectfully invited to call.

N. B.—Depot for John Bell's Planes

Jan 19 3-1y

COACH MAKER'S REMOVAL.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAVING FITted up one of the largest Coach Shops in the Coal Region, in Coal Street, Pottsville, Pa., next to J. H. Adams & Co.'s Screw Factory, where his facilities for manufacturing all kinds of Carriages and Light Wagons cannot be surpassed, being a practical Mechanic, and having a number of years' experience in the business, he hopes to give general satisfaction.

All kinds of Carriages and Light Wagons kept on hand. Also second-hand Wagons, &c.

All repairs neatly done. Orders from a distance promptly attended to.

WISTAR A. KIRK

June 5, 1848 23-tf

SOAP and Candle FACTORY.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAVING PURCHASED THE Soap and Candle Factory of Francis Lecke, in the Borough of Pottsville, hereby gives notice, that he intends carrying on the business himself at Mr. Lecke's old stand where he is prepared to furnish all the articles in his line of business at the very lowest rates, and respectfully solicits the patronage of the public, feeling confident that they will find it to their interest to deal with him.

ERNST KLINERT.

Sept 21, 1850 39-tf

BAY STATE MILLS

BAY STATE SHAWLS.—THESE CELEBRATED and justly acknowledged superior goods, in the latest colorings and most approved styles, will be furnished by the subscribers in any quantity, at the very lowest prices. Purchasers will please notice that the genuine Bay State fabrics bear tickets corresponding with the above cut, and they will also be distinguished from all other woolen Shawls by their superior finish, fineness of texture and brilliancy of colors. Orders solicited from all sections of the country, and the same will be promptly attended to. Purchasers will also find in our Shawl department a large assortment of all the other most approved makes, and newest designs of American, French and Scotch Woolen Shawls, embracing a great variety of plain and medium styles for friends.

Also, Superior Paris Broche long and square Shawls in latest styles and best manufacture—High lustre Black and Colored Silk Shawls—Lupins Black and Mode Colored Thibet Shawls, with silk and woolen fringes—Paris Printed Cashmere and Terkerri Shawls—Plain and Embroidered Crape Shawls—New style Printed Palm Shawls—Neat figured Paris Broche Shawls—Lupins Black and Mode Colored Thibet Long Shawls—Plain bound Seal Skin Shawls—Plain Mode Colored French Terkerri Shawls, fringed and bound—Eight-quarter French Mode Colored Thibet Cloth, measuring full two yards wide, for Shawls, binding to match—White and Colored Barcelona and Genese Shawls, &c., wholesale and retail.

ROBERT POLLOCK & Co.,
No. 18 South Second St., Philadelphia.

Sept 21, 1850 38-2mo

DAGUERREOTYPE ROOMS.

S. MARVIN—SUCCESSOR TO T. B. SHEW, the old establishment, No. 116 Chestnut street, Philadelphia; where he has been for several years the *Principal Operator*, would invite its old friends and patrons and the public generally to call and see the pictures made by him for ONE DOLLAR. He asserts without fear of contradiction, that his pictures are equal to any of the high priced pictures made in this city, and superior to any of the cheap ones.

As Mr Marvin attends to customers in person, he is determined that no one shall go away dissatisfied.

☞ If you want good Daguerreotypes, wait until you come to the city.

INSTRUCTIONS IN THE ART, given on reasonable terms. Those wishing for instruction are requested to call on the subscriber, as he is prepared to offer them some extra inducements. P. B. MARVIN,
No. 116 Chestnut street, Philada.

Oct 12, 1850 41-6mo

The Greatest Discovery of the Age. DR. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT.

IS constantly effecting cures of the utmost importance. The most incredulous are convinced—the most faithless are compelled to believe in the power and virtue of this great remedy.

It is universally admitted to be the most wonderful combination known to the world for the immediate relief of disease and pain.

It never fails while there remains sufficient life to restore a natural and healthy action to the capillary vessels of the body, and equalize the circulation of the blood. By this means a controlling power is gained over the most malignant forms of disease, which cannot be obtained from any other remedy. Such is the power of this combination that it penetrates to every portion of the human frame; every bone and muscle, vein and ligament is searched out and made sensible of its purifying and healing influence. Hence it comes it copes as readily with internal as external diseases.

Numerous instances are on record where this remedy has restored health to patients so near the grave that the most powerful internal remedies failed to produce any effect. Such has frequently been the case in *Inflammation of the Bowels*,

No patient need ever die with this disease where the Magnetic Ointment can be obtained. That dangerous Epidemic known as the

Putrid Erysipelas,

can always be cured by this remedy. For

Inflammatory Rheumatism,

this ointment is the most complete remedy prepared. In 99 cases out of 100 it will afford entire relief to the worst cases of

Nervous Headache,

in thirty minutes. For nervous diseases this remedy is of immense value.

Affections of the spine, rheumatism, lameness, ulcerate sore throat, bronchitis, pleurisy, croup, chills, bruises, scald head, scrofula, salt Rheum, erysipelas, cholera morbus, ague in the face or breast, burns, inflamed eyes, fever sores, &c., will be immediately relieved by the use of this remedy.

For further particulars and testimonials, see pamphlets left with each agent.

Price 25 and 40 cents per bottle. For sale by JOHN G. BROWN, Pottsville; and J. W. GIBBS, Minersville.

Also, for sale by an Agent in each town in the State.

September 9, 1850. 40—1y

VIRGINIA LANDS.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS FOR SALE THE FOLlowing valuable Tracts of Farm Land in Virginia

No. 1. 550 acres, near the Orange and Alexandria Railroad; 100 acres of Meadow Land, 200 acres well timbered, the remainder well adapted to grain, grasses, &c. This tract is well fenced, and has a comfortable dwelling, with the necessary out buildings.

No. 2. 450 acres in Culpepper county, on the stage road leading to Fredericksburg, within 7 miles of the Rappahannock canal, and 4 miles of the Orange and Alexandria Railroad; 120 acres of this tract is heavily timbered, and a large portion of it rich meadow land, and is now set with clover and timothy sufficient to graze and fatten 50 head of cattle. The improvements are a large and substantial 2 story brick dwelling, with 4 rooms on a floor, and 10 feet passage way in each story; kitchen and other out buildings under the same roof, with fine water near, smoke house and ice house. Also, a farm house, barn, stables, granaries, &c., with a great variety of fruit trees in full bearing.

No. 3. 287 acres adjoining the above, a good proportion meadow and 57 acres of timber—this tract is well supplied with water. The improvements consist of a good frame dwelling house and kitchen, corn house and stable, all new.

No. 4. 190 acres, on the Potomac river, below Alexandria; soil naturally good, but reduced by improper culture; is readily susceptible of improvement; buildings ordinary. Price very low.

No. 5. 450 to 500 acres, in Fauquier county, near the route of a Railroad about to be made to Alexandria. 200 acres of this land are heavily timbered, the remainder conveniently laid off in fields, with never failing water in each, and well fenced. There are two good apple orchards and a great variety of other fruit trees, with two frame dwelling houses, stables and other out buildings. There are two fine mill seats on this property, which is situated in an excellent grain growing district. Location healthy, and convenient to Schools, Churches, &c. This tract, in its present condition, will produce from 50 to 60 bushels of corn to the acre, and may readily be brought to a high state of cultivation.

No. 6. 460 acres on the Potomac river, 20 miles below Alexandria; soil good and well adapted to clover. This tract is well timbered. The improvements consist of a two story brick house, 4 rooms on a floor, with the necessary and convenient out buildings.

No. 7.—A tract of 1160 acres in Louden county, within 2 miles of the Potomac River, and 2½ miles of the Chesapeak, and Ohio canal. Soil of good quality and naturally adapted to grain and grasses—well wooded and the location healthy. Will be sold in a body, or divided to suit purchasers.

These lands will be sold at low prices and on accommodating terms. Apply to the subscriber at Minersville. D. R. BENNETT.

October 19, 1850 42—tf

Fresh Supply of Fall Goods.

JUST RECEIVED BY THE SUBSCRIBERS AN extensive addition to their former stock of goods comprising a general assortment of Dry Goods, Groceries, Queensware, Provisions, &c., &c.

Every possible care has been taken in selecting this stock of goods, and we challenge comparison in respect to beauty of style, excellence of quality as well as cheapness of price, with any other stock of goods any where to be found in this county. We have paid special attention to the Dry Goods department in which our former experience in the city gives us many advantages. Our assortment is extensive and varied, amongst them may be found an extensive assortment of Ladies Dress Goods, including Mousline de Laines, Cashmeres, Alpacas, Cobourg Cloths, Ladies' Cloths, French Merinoes, with many other kinds of the newest fashions and styles, with the new style fashionable Trimmings. Also a large and extensive assortment of new style *Blanket Shawls* of various grades and qualities; also, house furnishing goods such as Carpeting, Oil Cloths, Table Linens, Diaper, Sheetings, Blankets, Bed Checks, Spreads, &c., &c. Also Cloths, Cassimeres, Satinets, Jeans, Children's Plaids, &c., with various and numerous other articles suited to the season and wants of customers.

Thankful for the generous patronage extended to us during the time we have been in this place, we respectfully invite a continuance, as the same exertions shall be spared on our part to deserve it.

Remember that our store is situated in Centre street directly opposite the Post Office, at the stand former ly occupied by George W. Slater.

JOHNSTON & CO

Pottsville, Oct. 19, 1850 42-tf

STILL LATER FROM THE CITY.

PHILIP HOFFA WOULD RESpectfully inform his old customers and the public generally, that he has taken the extensive Coach Making Establishment of Frederick H. Maurer, where he is now prepared to do all kinds of Carriage making, and with long experience in the business hopes to be able to give general satisfaction to all those who may call upon him.

Pottsville, October 5, 1850. 40—tf

FISH AND PROVISION STORE.

C. T. WILSON, No. 8, South Water Street, Philadelphia, would respectfully inform the Merchants of Schuylkill and the adjoining counties, that in connection with a general Commission business, he keeps constantly on hand, a complete assortment of Fish and Provisions, consisting in part of

Mackerel,	Cheese	Butter
Salmon	Beef,	Hams,
Herring,	Pork,	Sides,
Codfish,	Lard,	Shoulders, &c

☞ Charles F. Norton, of this place acts as Salesman for this concern, and invites his friend to call. All orders promptly attended to.

C. T. WILSON
No. 8 South Water Street

Sept 7, 1850 36-2mo

REVOLUTION! REVOLUTION!

ONE PRICE AND NO ABATEMENT: A COMplete Revolution in the Clothing Business! LIPPINCOTT & Co., (Late Lippincott, Taylor & Co.) the well known, most extensive and fashionable Tailors and Clothing Merchants in Philadelphia, formerly at 200 Market street, above Sixth, have recently erected and now removed permanently to their spacious new seven story building, on the S. W. Corner 4th and Market streets, Philadelphia.

LIPPINCOTT & Co. will always maintain the lead in the Fashionable Clothing Trade in Philadelphia, by keeping the largest and best made stock, and selling at the lowest prices, and to save time and money to themselves and customers, they have, in opening their new warehouse, adopted, and will strictly adhere to the one price system, in which no time is lost in bargaining, and by which ten salesmen can do more business than twenty can under the Jew plan of asking a big price, and taking all that can be got. Lippincott & Co., have the lowest selling price marked on all their goods, from which no abatement will be made. One price and that a very low price.

Small Profits and Quick Sales is the motto.

The advantage of the one price system is apparent. None can pay a high price, but all will buy at the same and the very lowest price for which our goods can or will be exchanged for money.

Remember our prices are down at the lowest mark, and the asking price is the price at which goods will be sold. Call and see for yourselves, at the new warehouse, S. W. Corner of Fourth and Market Streets.

LIPPINCOTT & Co.,
(Late Lippincott, Taylor & Co.) Proprietors.

Sept 28, 1850 39-tf

Toys, German Goods, Fishing Tacklings

RECEIVED PER LATE ARRIVAL A FRESH AND beautiful assortment of fine low priced Toys, Dolls, Doll Heads, Drums, Marbles and Fancy Goods, among them many new varieties. Also, Fish Hooks, Lines, Rods, Trout Flies, and every description of Fishing Tackle, for sale Wholesale and Retail.

Goods packed in the best manner. Purchasers are invited to call and examine.

JOHN M. HAYBERGER,
Importer, No. 47 N. 2d st. between Market and Arch street, Phila.

Oct 12, 1850. 41-2mo

TOYS, FANCY GOODS,

CONFECTIONERS AND DRUGGISTS ARTICLES.

WILLIAM TILLER,

No. 1 Commerce Street, Philadelphia

OFFERS at low rates his Fall Importations of Toys, Fancy Goods, &c., consisting of Kid and Dress'd Dolls, Doll Heads, Animals, Dogs, Cats, Birds, Villages, Tea Setts, Soldiers, Trumpets, Drums, Watches, Horsemen, &c. &c. Toys in Cases at $5, $10 and $20 per Case; Confectioners Cornets, Secret and Bonbon Papers, Fancy Boxes, Perfumery, Teeth Brushes, Percussion Caps, Slates, Pencils, with a great variety of other articles to which Dealers are invited to give an early attention.

Oct. 12, 1850. 41-3mo

FANCY FUR STORE

THE SUBSCRIBER INVITES THE PUBLIC IN general to call and examine his large stock of Fancy Furs, consisting of Fitch, Stone Martin, Lynx, French Sable, Squirrel Muffs, Boas, Victorias. Also, Black and White Wadding by the bale.

N. B. The highest prices paid for Shipping Furs, such as Red Fox, Grey Fox, Mink, Raccoon Muskrat, &c. GEO. P. WOMRATH,

Importer and Fur Dealer, No. 13 N. 4th st., Phila.

Oct. 12, 1850. 41-6mo

PHILADA. DRY GOODS.

38 SOUTH SECOND STREET.

TOWNSEND SHARPLESS & SONS have received their supply of Autumn and Winter Goods, to which they invite attention:

Alpacas, Persians, Bombazines and Lustres;
Woolen, Silk, Cashmere and Crape Shawls;
Plain colored and Rich Fancy, and Black Silks;
Worsted Damask's Moreens, Sattinets and Baizes;
English Blankets, Quilts, Flannels and Sackings;
Linen Damasks, Sheetings, Diaper and Napkins;
Hosiery, Gloves, Cravats and Handkerchiefs;
Best makers of Irish Linen Sheetings;
English and French Cloths, Cassimeres & Vestings,
Domestic Cotton and Woolen goods in variety;
Shoemakers' goods in Lastings, Galloons, &c;
Coach-maker's articles, Drab Cloths, Sattinets, &c.

Oct. 12, 1850. 41-3mo.

BLAKE'S Patent Fire Proof PAINT. FROM OHIO.

THE Subscribers have just received a further supply of this singular and valuable substance. In addition to the slate color, they have a beautiful chocolate or brown, resembling the sand stone now in use, and so much admired for the front of buildings.

Its principal ingredients are silica, alumina and protoxide of iron, which in the opinion of scientific men satisfactorily accounts for its fire-proof nature—the two former substances being non-conductors, and the latter acting as a cement, to bind the whole together and make a firm and durable paint.

For use it is mixed with Linseed Oil, and applied with a brush, the same as ordinary paint, to wood iron, tin, zinc, canvass, paper, &c. It hardens gradually and becomes fire-proof. It is particularly suitable for roofs of buildings, steamboat and car-decks, railroad bridges, fences, &c. A roof coated with the article is equal to one of slate, at a vast saving of expense.

Specimens may be seen at the office of the subscribers. HARRISON, BROTHERS & Co., No. 434 South Front St., Philada.

April 20, 1850. 17-tf

TO MINERS OF ANTHRACITE COAL AND OWNERS OF COAL LANDS.

THE SUBSCRIBER WOULD CALL THE ATtention of Miners and others interested in Coal Lands, to his patent COAL BREAKER—a model which will enable machinists to build correctly can be seen at No. 106 Market Street, which it is believed will satisfy persons using the Coal Breaker, that it can be constructed to break from 50 to 500 tons per day, and even a larger quantity, if required, and is not liable to get out of order. The great advantage of this machine consists in the saving of waste. The proprietor is so well assured of this, that he will agree to receive as a compensation for the priviledge of using it, one fourth of the value of the coal saved by its use, which may be ascertained by a comparison with other machines, or he will make such other arrangement for its use as may be agreed upon. Parties interested are invited to examine the model and satisfy themselves.

WM. RICHARDSON;
106 Market street.

For further particulars, apply to William S. Hill, Schuylkill Haven.

Philadelphia, Nov 23, 1850 47-3t

FIRE AND WATER.

OHIO ORIGINAL METALIC FIRE & WATER Proof Paint, in barrels of about 300 lbs., 4 cts. per lb., less quantities 5 cts. English Brown, *free from sand* in barrels, 2½ cts. per lb., less quantities 3 per lb. Dealers supplied. Agency, 44 North 4th street, above Arch, Philadelphia.

PAINTS, COLORS, GLASS, PUTTY, &c.

PAINTERS AND DEALERS LOOK OUT. YOU can save from 15 to 20 per cent. by purchasing from the subscriber, who imports his own goods and sells for cash only.

Pure Green for 19 cts per lb.; Brilliant Marine Green 20 do; Finest Chrome Green, 31 do; Finest French Green, 40 do; Celestial Blue, 25 do; Whiteing in Barrels, 90 per 100 lbs.

All articles equally cheap at 44 North 4th st., above Arch, Philadelphia.

JOHN LUCAS, Importer.

Aug 10 1850 32-6mo

EGLE IRON WORKS.

IN THE BOROUGH OF POTTSVILLE.—formerly conducted by Chas. W. Pitman. J. Wren & Co., respectfully solicit a continuance of the custom of the works. Being practical Mechanics, they flatter themselves that their knowledge and experience of the business will enable them to turn out work that will not fail to give satisfaction to the most fastidious. They are prepared to manufacture Steam Engines, Pumps, Coal Breakers, Drift Cars, Railroad and other Castings, &c.

☞ All orders thankfully received and promptly executed on the most reasonable terms.

JOHN WREN,
THOMAS WREN,
JAMES WREN.

June 1, 1850 22-1y

LUZERNE IRON WORKS,

NEAR HAZLETON.—HUDSON & Allen, proprietors of the above named establishment, respectfully inform their patrons and the public generally, that they have taken the large building formerly used for the Machine Shop connected with the Sugar Loaf Coal Works, to which they have added a Foundry, and are now prepared to build Steam Engines of every size, Pumps, Coal Breakers, Railroad and Drift Cars and to furnish Iron and Brass Castings of every description suitable for the coal mining or any other business, on the most reasonable terms. Repairing of all kinds done with neatness, and despatch, at the lowest prices. —All work furnished by them will be warranted to perform well. They would solicit the custom of those who may want articles in their line in this vicinity. All orders will meet with immediate and prompt attention. S. W. HUDSON, L. H. ALLEN

March 17, 1849. 12-1y

FRANKLIN IRON WORKS.

THE SUBSCRIBER ANNOUNCES to the public that he is sole proprietor of the Franklin Works, Port Carbon, lately owned by A. G. Brooke, where he continues to manufacture to order at the shortest notice Steam Engines, Pumps, Coal Breakers, and Machinery of almost any size or description, for mining or other purposes. Also Railroad and Drift Cars, Iron or Brass Castings of any size or pattern. ☞ Orders are respectfully solicited. SAM'L SILLYMAN.

FRANKLIN SHOVEL WORKS.—The subscriber continues to furnish the Colliers and dealers of Schuylkill County, with Shovels of all kinds, at the lowest Philadelphia prices. Attention is particularly called to his Coal Shovels. Orders for Shovels of any size or pattern promptly attended to. S. SILLYMAN

Port Carbon, July 27, 1849. tf

POTTSVILLE IRON WORKS.

SPENCER & MASON RESPECTfully announce to the public that they have taken the Establishment known as the Pottsville Iron Works on Norwegian street, where they are prepared to build all kinds of Steam Engines, manufacture Railroad Cars, and Machinery of almost every description, at the shortest notice, and on the most reasonable terms. —Persons from abroad, in want of Steam Engines, will find it to their advantage to give them a call before engaging elsewhere. [May 11 tf

PASCAL IRON WORKS,

PHILAD'A.—WELDED WROUGHT Iron Flues, suitable for Locomotives, Marine and other Steam Engine Boilers from 2 to 5 inches in diameter. Also Pipes for Gas, Steam and other purposes; extra strong Tubs for Hydraulic Presses; Hollow Pistons for Pumps of Steam Engines &c. Manufactured and for sale by MORRIS, TASKER & MORRIS, Warehouse S. E. corner 3d and Walnut sts.

STOVES! STOVES! STOVES!

IMPORTANT TO HOUSEKEEPERS.—The undersigned, thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore extended to him by the citizens of Schuylkill county, would hereby call their attention to his large and well selected assortment of Stoves, among which are "The Etna Air-tight Cooking Stove" the Independent and convenient for Tavern use; the Independent Springville, McGregor, and other kinds of air-tight Stoves. The complete Cook Improved, and all various other kinds of Cooking Stoves.

Also a splendid lot of Parlor Stoves, among which are the Square Cast Iron Radiator, considered the handsomest and best Parlor Stove ever offered in this Region—the open front Parlor Stove, a new and very handsome article, with the usual style of Parlor, Hall and Office Stoves. Also on hand a large and handsome assortment of Hollow and Brass Ware, and the best and largest assortment of Japanned and Tin Ware ever offered in the County.

Persons desiring to purchase will please call and see for themselves before purchasing elsewhere, at the Old Cheap Stand, Centre street, above Market.

All kinds of Jobbing Work done at the shortest notice.

Nov. 2, 1850.—44-tf.] SOLOMON HOOVER.

PIANO FORTE WAREROOMS.

NO. 171 CHESNUT ST., PHILADA. The Old Stand occupied for more than one-third of a century, by Geo. Willig, Esq.

The undersigned would most respectfully announce to the public, that he is Agent for more than Twenty of the most celebrated manufacturers of Boston, New York, Philadelphia, and elsewhere; and is constantly receiving from them Pianos of the richest and most varied styles, of superior tone, and of the most superb finish, of 6, 6¼, 6½, 6¾ and 7 Octaves, which are warranted equal to any manufactured either in this country or in Europe.

Just received, also, a further supply of Church and Parlor Organs, of beautiful patterns, and fine tones.

His Wareroom is constantly supplied with a choice selection of Seraphines and Melodeons, from the oldest and most extensive manufactories in the United States, among which is a new style of Reed Organ, having Carhart's patent improvements, with gilt pipes in front, and case elegantly carved, and highly ornamental.

Tuning and Repairing.—Sig. Salvador La Grassa, a distinguished Piano Forte Manufacturer and Organ Builder, will attend to all orders.

OSCAR C. B. CARTER.

Feb 9, 1850 6-tf

CHEAP, CHEAP, CHEAP.

DRY GOODS AND CARPETING.—J. ARCHAMbault & Son, No. 417 Market Street, between 11th and 12th Sts., Philadelphia, have on hand a full stock of Fall Dry Goods and Carpetings, which will be sold at a small advance.

50 pieces Ingrain Carpet, at 25, 28, 31¼, 37½, 44, 50 and 62½ cents.

50 " Stair " at 12½, 16¼, 18¾, 25, 31¼ and 37½ cents.

100 Long and Square Shawls, from $3 00 to $10 00.

Fall Mous. de Laines and Cashmeres at 12½, 16¼, 18¾, 25, 28 and 31¼ cents.

Black Silks all widths, at $1 00 $1 12½ and $1 25.

Changeable Silks and Satins, from 87½ to $1 37½

French Merinoes, all colors, from 87½ to $1 25

Paramettas, all colors, at 37½, 44, 50, 62½ and 75 cts.

Black glossy Alpacas, at 25, 31¼, 37½ 44, 50, 62½ and 75 cts.

Blankets, at $3 00, $4 00, $5 00 and $6 00 per pair.

Red White and Yellow Flannels, at 16¼, 18¾, 25, 31¼ 37½, 44 and 50 cents.

Shirting and Sheeting Muslins, at the old cheap price, 3, 5, 6¼, 7, 8, 9, 10 and 12½ cents.

Satinetts and Cassimeres, at 37½, 44, 50, 62½, 75, 87½ and $1 00. J. ARCHAMBAULT & SON'S

Cheap Dry Goods Store, No. 417 Market St., between 11th and 12th Sts.

Sept 14, 1850 37-3mo

BOY'S and Children's CLOTHING.

THE subscriber has on hand a complete assortment of Clothing, adapted to the season, suited for Boys of three years of age, to young Gentlemen of sixteen Any person purchasing Clothing at this establishment can have the privilege of returning them if they do not suit. F. A. HOYT,

No. 264 Chesnut St, below Tenth, Philada.

Feb. 23, 1850. —1y

LEATHER & MOROCCO.

HEMLOCK AND OAK SOLE LEATHER, AND A general assortment of Leather and Morocco, always on hand and for sale by MIDDLETON & Co., Tanners, Curriers and Morocco Manufacturers, Willow street, Railroad, below Second, north side Philadelphia. Belts made to order.

Retail Store and Currying shop, No 281 North 2d st.

Sept 28, 1850 39-3mo

A CARD.

THE UNDERSIGNED IN RETURNING THANKS to their numerous friends and customers for the very liberal patronage bestowed upon us, since we commenced the general Wholesale and Retail Grocery Business, No. 48 North Sixth street, adjoining the Pennsylvania Hotel, Philadelphia. As heretofore, no efforts of ours shall be wanted to obtain the best goods in market, and dispose of them at the lowest cash prices. Our motto is, that "Honesty is the best Policy," and "Sink or Swim." It shall be adhered to.—All the staple and fancy in our line, constantly on hand, and those purchased of us are guaranteed as represented. Goods for the Country carefully packed and sent to the Steamboat or Railroad Depots, free of charge. HARVEY & BROTHERS,

Grocers and Tea Dealers, No. 48 North 6th st.,

Sept 28, 1850 39-3mo Philada.

LIST OF LETTERS.

REMAINING IN THE POST OFFICE, POTTSville, Pa., on the 1st of December, 1850.

Algair & Replier	Farley Hugh ship	Morgan Wm
Alley John	Fitzgerald Jno	McGanne Thos
Adams Robert	Gorman James	McKinney Aaron
Addms John	Gaynor James 2	McGowan Peter
Bradley William	Gillespie John	McLaughlin Thos
Boyle James	Ginter Christian	McCombs Thomas
Bossert Charles	Gough John	McMackin John
Bonawitz John H	Glass Margaret	McDorman Mich'l
Bobbish M	Galloway Mary	McGeever Patrick
Bass Isaac	Galloway Mary M	McEvoy P ship
Broderich John	Hilder R A	McHuane P
Barry Thomas	Hile Charles W	Neiman Henry
Barnes William	Hartzell John	Natter Joan ship
Burke Patrick	Hughes Richard	O'Boyle Anthony
Breaty Thomas H	Hamburg Joseph	O'Hara Michael
Brennan Kerah	Hummel Wash'n	O'Reilly E ship
Bell Samuel B	Heckman John A	O'Donnell M
Bedford Richard	Helnrich Joseph	O'Sullivan M
Becker Peter	Holton John	Pike Miss E
Brady Madone	Horan John	Perret Pierce
Beck Mrs Hannah	Hengsteberk H	Price William
Ball Mrs Janey	Hynerich Miss C	Pritchard George
Brightbill Miss M	Howley Catharine	Preston James
Boyer Caroline	Hellenthal P ship	Pyke Martin ship
Bright Margaret	Hughes William	Rink Thomas
Bell John ship	Howells Morgan	Readly John
Byrns Daniel	Inman Cyprian	Reed John
Blackman T	Johnston Wm 2	Rupp Jonathan
Buckley Ed	Jones John J	Rosenthal M
Baker Martin	Jones John L	Richart Frederick
Berger Chas	Johnston Henry	Reilly James
Breitenbach F	Kerr Philip	Richards James
Carey John	Keany William	Reis George
Corcoran Jas	Kasar Lottie	Reis John
Carter Charles	King William	Rodgers [illegible]
Coyle Lawrence	Keuna Charles	Rees Enoch
Cain William	Kistler Samuel	Rinderknecht J
Church John A	Konsius J F G	Russell Peter 2
Cleary Michael	Klove Morgan	Randy Abraham
Canfield John	Kurk John	Reichart Leonard
Carnen Mary	Kerfoot Lee	Reed Mary C
Carl Miss	Kaud Mrs Mary	Ray Susan
Carr Miss Loten	Lewis Thomas	Ryans Nerry ship
Craig Mrs Sarah	Lefferty Patrick	Sammon James 2
Carter Mrs Susan	Lewis John	Slattery Thomas
Conry James ship	Lines Luke	Smith Charles
Clark Mich'l	Lillie Mrs M A	Shortall Patrick
Carly John	Lorde George	Shortall James
Conkly Daniel	Lindenwood D	Shaw Ralph 2
Doherty John 2	Lavid Patrick	Shields Joshua
Davis Daniel	Lover John	Steinberger J
Desity Dominick	Leacy Patrick	Stetzer Michael
Durkin John	Lowthrop F C	Slattery Martin
Dalton Richard	Lewis J F	Sall Wm H
Driscoll John	Lippert Peter	Sedgwick George
Daniel Thomas	Lorenz Helnrich	Shick S F
Dickerson Mary	Lipp Gottlieb	Sheibelhut August
Donovan M ship	Marshall Wm H	Sullivan Mary
Davis Elias	Miller Peter 3	Snakespeare John
Dalton John	Mullin John	Savage John
Dillon John	Molony Edward	Shea Timothy
Engle Jacob H 2	Murphy Thomas	Shaw Joseph
Evans David	Mayer L	Trone Wm 2
Evans Thomas W	Miller John P	Thomas Nicholas
Evans M	Miller Christian	Thomson Mrs H
Evans Abel	March John	Thomas John ship
Ellet C	Moser John	Twomey John
Engleman Jacob	Myers Jacob	Umphrey Robert
Egan Patrick	Martin F C	Wacker Mr
Farrell Mary 2	Morris & Victor	Wilson & Wm F
Fisher Mary E	Millard Hiram	Winbock Richard
Fisher Henry	Morris A S	Wallace W
Flynn Patrick	Moran Ann	Welsh Michael
Fox Perry A	Matthews Mr H	Walsh N W
Farrell George W	Miller Mary A	Williams Mr
Fitzpatrick Bridget	Mathis Cath'ne	Waydlow Rev T
Foley Edmon	Moser Margaret	Wertz Mareau
Fisher Thomas	Mason Robert ship	White Robert ship
Fuller William	Martin John	Young William
Trehassel John	Murphy Mich'l	

2 cents additional will be charged for all advertised Letters. Persons applying for Letters on this list will please say "advertised."

ANDREW MORTIMER, P. M.

December 7, 1850. 49-3t

BLIND MANUFACTORY.

A. THOMPSON, VENITIAN BLIND MANUFACturer, having fitted up a New Establishment, at No. 15 South 8th street, between Market and Chesnut streets, Philadelphia, where he will keep always on hand or make to order, inch and narrow Slat Window Blinds, of the most fashionable kind, of the best materials and workmanship, and at the shortest notice, and lowest cash prices. Also, the most fashionable patterns of Window Shades and Reed Blinds, all of which will be disposed of on the lowest terms. The public in general are respectfully invited to give him a call, as every attention will be given to accommodate them in the best manner.

Phila., Nov. 16, 1850. 46-1y

LAND WARRANTS

BOUNTY LAND WARRANTS OR CERTIFIcates, Pension Certificates, and all sums of money due on account of arrears of pay, forage, mileage property lost, or destroyed in military service, expenses incurred, or money expended for organizing Volunteer Companies before being mustered into the service of the United States, and all other claims against the Government strictly attended to, and all claims secured at the shortest notice. Persons holding unliquidated claims against the United States, can have them adjusted by calling at my office, in Centre street, next door to Jacob Kline, Esq.

D. G. McGOWAN

Pottsville, Nov. 2, 1850 44-tf

Franklin Venitian Blind Manufactory.

ENOS BEAN, No. 200 RACE STREET, TWO Doors above Sixth, opposite Franklin Square, Philadelphia, where he will keep constantly on hand or manufacture to order a superior and fashionable assortment of Venitian Blinds, unsurpassed for lightness, richness, durability and finish, which will be sold on the most reasonable terms. He respectfully solicits a continuation of the patronage of his old friends and the readers of the "Miners' Journal, and invite all who study economy, in the way of cheap and excellent Blinds, to give him a call.

N. B. Old Blinds neatly repaired, painted and trimmed. Orders from the country carefully put up.

Phila., Oct. 19, 1850 42-1y

N. M. NEWNAM'S

(Beaty's Row, Norwegian street, Pottsville, Penna.)

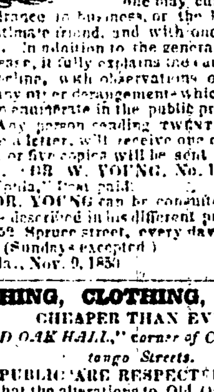
Plumbing Shop.

HAS CONSTANTLY ON HAND A SUPPLY OF all sizes of Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, Block Tin, Bath Tubs, Shower Baths, Hydrants, Hose, Double and Single Acting Pumps and Water Closets; also, all kinds of Brass Cocks for water and steam, Brass Oil Cups, and Globes for Engines. All kinds of Copper Work and Plumbing done in the neatest manner at the shortest notice.

N. B. Cash paid for old Brass and Lead.

Pottsville, Oct. 26, 1850. 43-tf

DOCTOR YOURSELF FOR TWENTY-FIVE CENTS!!!



By means of the Pocket Esculapius, or Every one his own Physician! 30th edition with upwards of a hundred engravings, showing private diseases in every shape and form, and malformations of the generative system, by

WM. YOUNG, M. D.

The time has now arrived, that persons suffering from secret diseases, need no more become the victim of quackery, as by the prescriptions contained in this book any one may cure himself, without hindrance to business, or the knowledge of the most intimate friend, and with one-tenth the usual expense. In addition to the general routine of private disease, it fully explains the cause of manhood's early decline, with observations on marriage—besides many other derangements which it would not be proper to enumerate in the public prints.

☞ Any person sending TWENTY-FIVE CENTS enclosed in a letter, will receive one copy of this book, by mail, or five copies will be sent for one dollar. Address, "DR. W. YOUNG, No. 152 Spruce street, Philadelphia," Post paid.

☞ DR. YOUNG can be consulted on any of the Diseases described in his different publications, at his Office, 152 Spruce street, every day between 9 and 3 o'clock, (Sundays excepted.)

Philada., Nov. 9, 1850 45-1y

GLOTHING, CLOTHING, CLOTHING.

CHEAPER THAN EVER!

At "OLD OAK HALL," corner of Centre and Mahantango Streets.

THE PUBLIC ARE RESPECTFULLY INFORMed that the alterations to Old Oak Hall Clothing House, have at length been completed, and that a most EXTENSIVE ASSORTMENT OF FALL AND WINTER CLOTHING has been manufactured for the coming season, at prices far lower than any heretofore offered in Pottsville. The attention of the public is directed to the fact that this is the only Clothing Establishment in Schuylkill County, where every article of Clothing is made that is exposed for sale, and consequently this establishment possesses advantages which enable them to sell

CHEAPER THAN ANY OTHER

Clothing House in the County can possibly do. A saving to purchasers of at least

TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT.

can be effected here, over all only made Clothing—No difference is now made whatever, between the wholesale and retail price of goods—it having been determined to bring the selling price down to the lowest and cheapest rate.

As this is exclusively a *Cash Store*, but ONE PRICE S ASKED, from which no abatement will in any instance be made—and is also to be borne in mind that he IMMENSE STOCK OF CLOTHING at "Old Oak Hall," is cut and made in the most approved and fashionable city styles, and is entirely different in make and appearance to the Clothing generally sold in the country.

The public are invited to call and judge for themselves, before making their purchases of Fall and Winter Clothing; and remember that only one price is asked, which is the best guarantee that can be given to protect the public from imposition.

All persons who desire the cheapest, best, and most fashionable Clothing, do not forget to call at

E. T. TAYLOR'S,
(late Lippincott & Taylor's Old Established Clothing Warehouse,)
Old Oak Hall, cor. Centre and Mahantango Sts.

A CARD.

EDWARD T. TAYLOR, HAVING JUST REturned from Philadelphia and New York, with one of the largest assortments of fashionable Cloths, Cassimeres and Rich Silk Vestings, &c., ever introduced in Pottsville, begs to inform his numerous patrons and the public generally, that he is prepared to execute their orders in a style of fashion that cannot be surpassed in or out of Philadelphia, and at prices suited to the times. E. T. TAYLOR.

Merchant Tailor,
[Late of the firm of Lippincott & Taylor.]

August 24, 1850 34-tf

50 TONS of Flat Bar American R. R. Iron, of various sizes, just received and for sale at the York Store. E. YARDLEY & SON.

March 16, 1850 11-

Poetry.

THEY SAY THAT THOU ART POOR.

They say that thou art poor, Louise;
And so I know thou art;
But what is wealth to noble minds,
Or riches to the heart?
With all the wealth of India's mines
Can one great deed be bought;
Or can a kingdom's ransom bring
One pure and holy thought?
No! vain your boasted treasure,
Tho' earth to gold is given,
Gold cannot stretch to measure
The *love* bestowed by heaven!

They say that thou art poor, Louise;
And so I know thou art;
But why should luck of sordid pelf
Thrust thee and me apart?
The pearls that sparkle on the lawn
Our jewels bright shall be;
The gold that tints the early dawn
Shall fill our treasury!
Ask ye the proudest minion
When gold give rule o'er earth
Doth not our broad Dominion
Outbeggar all he's worth?

We'll rove beside the brook at eve,
When birds their vesper sing
Of gentle truth and guileless love
To woods and winds prolong;
And from the morning's jewelled cup
Such healthful draughts we'll have
As never met the fevered lips
Of fortune's gilded slave.
Could Lydian Croesus, dearest,
As wide a kingdom see
As the fair realm thou hearest
Belongs to thee and me?

I know that thou art poor, Louise,
And so indeed am I;
But not the hoards of Greek Craven
Our poverty could buy
For wealth beyond the miser's thought
We both alike control—
The treasure of a priceless love,
The riches of the soul!
Then at this hour divine, love
To holy echoes given,
Let thy true vow and mine, love
Be registered in heaven!

A Story.

COURTSHIP VS. HONEY-MOON.

BY JOSEPH WILSON

This is love—fervent love
Such as saints might feel above.

If we were constantly to bear in mind our passage through life, that "tis trifles make the sum of human things," how much of the misery into which many of us now heedlessly plunge, might be entirely avoided. Unhappily there are but few in the married state who, in their reminiscences, are enabled to look back upon the unbroken chain of bliss so beautifully depicted in the lines above quoted; and the only reason that we can imagine why it is not oftener realised, is (next to the natural perverseness of our race,) the want of proper attention to the thousand little occurrences and unpleasant passages, confessedly trifling in themselves, but which, in the aggregate, "make up in number what they want in weight."

It is not, however, our intention, even were we equal to the task, to disgress into a dissertation upon the various ills which afflict humanity, or the probable causes which produce them; but merely to present the reader with a brief sketch, which will perhaps serve in some respects to illustrate, as well the ease with which the seeds of unhappiness may be uncautiously strewn in the hearts of those who love us, also what may be considered the infant or incipient state of that bright existence, warmed by that "sacred flame" which can only qualify us

To love in wint'ry age the same
As first in youth we lov'd."

A festival was given by a young married lady—one of a numerous circle of acquaintance—on the return of her birthday, which was likewise the first anniversary of her young friends, the greater part of whom had kneeled at the hymenial altar at about the same time with herself, and were present to enliven the occasion. Mr. and Madame Mayland, (for such shall be the name of the host and hostess) presented a most felicitous union, and were noted for their tender regard for each other, which partook more of the romantic fondness which characterizes the young and the hopeful lover, than of what is usually observable in the staid realities of a married life, of even less than a years standing. Happy within themselves, they neglected no opportunity to administer to the joy and comfort of their friends whom they gathered about them, and possessing the most agreeable and winning manners, it was rarely that their efforts to please were unsuccessful.

With such beings to entertain, it is easily imagined that their visiters at such times would be under very little restraint in pursuing the pleasures of the hour, and restraint in such cases, as all know is a great bar to enjoyment

The conversations were animated, and for a time were participated in by all. Glowing with warmth and animation, after a number of topics had been exhausted, the ever prolific theme of matrimony was brought upon the tapis. This in some respects was perhaps peculiarly appropriate to the exigence of the occasion; but unfortunately it was suffered to take a turn, the only result of which, if left unchecked, would be likely in time to grow into an unconquerable evil.

This untimely interruption of the general harmony which marked their intercourse a few moments previous, was caused by some of the young husbands present, who were disposed to treat the subject in a most disagreeable light, by inveighing against matrimony, and by ridiculing that condition and its vaunted pleasures, when compared with their former "single blessedness." Some of the coarser-minded among them went so far —and this in the presence of their wives—as to discourse eloquently upon the bright fields for various achievements which they might enter, *if they were unmarried!*

"I would travel," said one.

"I too," said another. "I would explore the old world, and feast upon its curiosities and wonders, ere I became a settled man."

"I would enter the lists of fame at home," said a third. "I would not yield to the blind impulses of Cupid until I had reached the highest seat in the councils of the state."

"My choice," said a fourth, "were I permitted to re-commence my career, should be the navy, instead of a wife."

"And mine the army."

Thus they proceeded through the lengthened category; but, alas! none said they would endeavor to make themselves and their wives contented and happy in their then present condition. All they did say, though apparently without any evil or malicious intent, broadly enough implied that their wives were burthens which kept them from rising.

But there are some things too exalted to be assailed with the trifling jest; and there are hearts whose chords are too exquisitely sensitive to resist the withering influence of the imperious sneer, when coming from those they love, be the motive what it will. It was evident that the words which fell from the lips of some of the party, descended like drops of molten lava upon the hearts of their young and trusted wives, rendering them incapable of continuing their participation in the evening enjoyments. This, though readily noticed by others, and particularly by Mr. and Mrs. Mayland, was entirely overlooked or unheeded by those who were the cause of it.

Painful indeed was the result to all but such as were its active promoters. Mr. Mayland, who had withdrawn his voice, and was sitting a silent spectator of what was going forward during this part of the conversation, was justly indignant at the excesses of his guests, and longed for an opportunity not only to change the tenor of their unbecoming observations, but to administer at the same time, without involving a breach of hospitality, some suitable and effectual rebuke.—They, however, continued their bitter remarks; and at length, noticing Mr. Mayland's silence, one of them approached, and tapping him upon the shoulder, said:

"Well, Mayland, here you sit, as quiet as a mouse. What do you think of the matter; the advantages and the disadvantages? We should like to have your opinion! What would *you* do if you were not married?"

Mayland's sweetheart wife was sitting a little distance from him when this question was propounded. She had been highly delighted that her husband had abstained from the reckless flow of words which had been passing—but now, seeing that he was directly appealed to, her heart leaped, and she rivetted her eyes upon him with mingled emotions of hope and fear. It was not, at that moment, a matter of much difficulty to read her countenance. It seemed to speak—"And am I to be compromised by my husband, as my friends have been by theirs?" But her suspense was of short duration.

"What would I do?" slowly repeated the lover husband; and then turning to meet the glance of his wife, he continued—"I would go immediately in search of Miss ——, (repeating her maiden name,) offer to her my heart and hand, be blessed by receiving hers in return, and *get married as soon as possible.*"

This unexpected reply, so deliberately and firmly expressed, had the effect to produce instant silence. The satirical portion of the young gentlemen understood and appreciated its fine force. They were suddenly abashed. It was a contrast with their own conduct too striking not to have its own weight. The young wife who was the subject of it, was so deeply affected—so filled with gratitude, that she had been spared the infliction of a pain she so fervently deprecated—that she sprung from her seat and fell upon his neck, and with a tear of joy glistening in her eye, said, in a subdued tone:

"My beloved husband, that answer is in consonance with what to me you have ever been. Would that I were more worthy of your most devout affection."

"More worthy, my dear wife," he answered, "you cannot be. You are to me a jewel of inestimable worth. Deprived of you, life would be to me but one unrelieved blank."

He then pressed upon her forehead an impassioned kiss, and seated her gently beside him.

But the scene did not end here. The voices of those who a few moments before were loudest in vain prattle, were now hushed in silence—and that silence needed to be broken by some spirit that could suggest a different and more agreeable pastime than that in which they had just been indulging, but which none now seemed disposed to renew. At this crisis, a married sister of the husband who had so suddenly changed the order of things, which she viewed with much satisfaction, noticed likewise the kiss, and for the purpose of putting an end to the awkward intermission, playfully asked, directing attention to her brother—

"Are you not ashamed to be courting her before all the company?"

"The company," he returned with an air of triumph which he could not well repress, "will excuse us; we did not commence our regular courtship until *after marriage*, and it is not yet ended. We trust that it may continue through the whole course of our natural lives, and that we may spend our honeymoon in heaven!"

This was enough. The scene was indeed changed. The offending gentlemen became fully convinced of the pernicious tendency of their conduct—frankly acknowledged their error—apologised to their wives—kissed them all round, and soon retired in perfect good humor, all well pleased with the lesson they had learned, and which was perhaps the means of saving them from many after years of discontent, alienation and misery.

A happier company than that party when they again assembled, were never met together! And this assurance, kind reader, is all the moral that need be written.

REV. THOS. P. HUNT.

A writer in Holden's Magazine gives an interesting sketch of this gentleman's life, from which we extract the following anecdote:

Once he sent forward a notice to a place where he was not personally known, that he would lecture on a particular evening. On arriving he put up at a tavern. At the supper table he asked the landlord "if there was anything new going on at which a stranger would be amused."

"No, nothing in particular," was the reply, "unless it be a rascally temperance lecturer, named Hunt, is to hold forth on that subject to-night."

"Ah, you intend to go of course—dont you, landlord? You are the very one to expose the falsehood of Hunt's statements."

"I am no public speaker: but if I was, nothing would be easier than to refute him."

"Well, then, come along, and let us hear what he has to say. If you don't feel able to give Hunt a tug, I'll try him myself! I shall like the fun of such an entertainment for the evening!"

The landlord had conceived a great admiration for the guest's tongue, and readily embraced the proposition to go to the temperance meeting with his champion.

The temperance men were in great trepidation at the non-appearance of Mr. Hunt, no one suspecting the diminutive stranger in the least. At last the president of the society arose and apologizing for the disappointment, made a speech, the edge of which was no doubt a little sharpened from the known presence of the landlord. After this he gave out an invitation to any one in the house to advocate or oppose temperance.

"Now is your time," said the landlord, giving his hump-backed friend a jog, "give it to them roundly!"

Forthwith he arose, and every body looked at him with surprise and painful expectations. He said in the blandest tones, that his friend the landlord had invited him over to hear Hunt, and had expressed a desire that he should say a word or two on the question. He hoped the audience would indulge him, although a stranger, and introduced by a liquor seller.

The very way in which he pronounced the word "liquor-seller," a very favorite phrase with him, made both the landlord and all the rest start as if a red hot bolt had dropt among them. This was settled however, by his quiet way of setting forth the advantage a rum-dealer confers on the community.

The calm was a very delusive one for our poor landlord, as his advocate's tones deepened into sharpest irony, and set forth a multitude of horrid facts issuing from the bar-room.—The effect was increased by his peculiar intonations in repeating the word "liquor-seller," in which he seems to concentrate more contempt and horror than any man living. All this time he was ostensibly pleading the landlord's cause, but in a very amusing way, since every one present was convulsed with merriment. Scenes from his own bar-room were repeated by his advocate in such a way as to present him in a most unamiable light.

Long before his speech was finished, people began to surmise that the landlord's lawyer must be their expected lecturer. As for the tavernkeeper, he left the house in a great hurry when the meeting was over, and next morning when Mr. Hunt went for his horse, he found him in the road and the landlord holding him.

"You old sinner," said he, "take your horse. I won't charge you any thing. Only don't come back again, and I'll forgive you."

From the Commercial Advertiser.

LINES.

Suggested by Mr. HUGH MAXWELL'S Oration at the patriotic Celebration, at Stony Point.

Freedom still upon our rivers;
Liberty o'er all the rills;
And the spirits of our fathers
Walking on the storied hills!
Not forgotten any battle
Of the revolution's sires—
Memory hovers like an angel,
Over Charlestown's lurid fires.

Still we hear the deep drum rolling:
Still we hear war's wild alarms—
HENRY's mighty cry for freedom—
WARREN's awful shout "To arms!"

Thanks! O, thanks, thou noble speaker!
As I listened, clearer shone
On my soul my country's triumph,
And the tyrant's shattered throne.

I could see the olden rally—
I could hear the hero's tread—
Like the voice of far-off waters
Rolled the voices of the dead—

"Children! Still, O, still remember
How and *when* your freedom came!
If ye yet would prize our glory,
Quench at once disunion's flame!

"Know that ye will best record us,
By devotion to the land
That we won at Saratoga,
From the Briton's iron hand.

"Let there be one alter-only;
And one flag alone unfurled;
This ye shall preserve our glory!
Thus ye shall redeem the world!"

Thanks! O, thanks, thou noble Speaker!
Would that more like thee might stand,
Twining FREEDOM, GLORY, UNION,
Over all my native land!

Choice Selections.

CHEMISTRY FOR GIRLS.

BY E. THOMSON, M. D.

Every Woman should read it.

This is properly styled the utilitarian age, for the enquiry "what profit?" meets us everywhere. It has entered the temples of learning, and attempted to thrust out important studies because their immediate connection with *hard money* profits cannot be demonstrated. There is one spot, however, into which it has so generally intruded itself —the last refuge of the fine arts and finfollies. Thither young ladies are too frequently sent, merely to learn how to dress tastefully and walk gracefully, play, write French and make waxen plumes and silken spiders —all pretty, but why not enquire what profit?

I take my pen not to utter a dissertation on female education, but to insist that young ladies be taught chemistry. They will thereby be better qualified to superintend domestic affairs, guarding against many accidents to which households are subject, and perhaps be instrumental in saving life. We illustrate the last remark merely by reference to toxicology.

The strong acids, such as nitric, muriatic, and sulphuric, are virulent poison, yet frequently used in medicine, and the mechanic arts. Suppose a child in his rambles amongst the neighbors, should enter a cabinet shop, and find a saucer of aquafortis (nitric acid) upon the work bench, and in his sport seize and drink a portion of it. He is conveyed home in great agony. The physician is sent for; but ere he arrives the child is a corpse. Now as the mother presses the cold clay to her lips for the last time, how will her anguish be aggravated to know that in her medicine chest, or drawer, there was some calcined magnesia, which if timely administered, would have saved her lovely, perchance her only boy. Oh, what are all the boquets and fine dresses in the world to her, compared to such knowledge.

Take another case. A husband returning home, on a summer afternoon, desires some acidulous drink. Opening a cupboard, he sees a small box, labelled "salts of lemon;" and making a solution of this, he drinks it freely. Presently he feels distress, sends for his wife, and ascertains that he has drank a solution of oxalic acid, which she has procured to take stains from linen. The physician is sent for, but the unavoidable delay attending his arrival proves fatal. When he arrives perhaps he sees upon the very table on which the widow bows her head, a piece of chalk which, if given in time, would certainly have prevented any mischief from the poison.

Corrosive sublimate is the article generally used to destroy the vermin which sometimes infest our couches. A solution of it is laid upon the floor in a tea-cup, when the domestics go down to dine, leaving the children up stairs to play—the infant crawls to the cup, and drinks. Now what think you would be the mother's joy, if having studied chemistry, she instantly called to recollection the well ascertained fact, that there is in the hen's nest an antidote to this poison. She sends for some eggs, and breaking them, administers the whites. Her child recovers, and she weeps for joy. Talk to her of novels: one little book of natural science has been worth more to her, than all the novels in the world.

Physicians in the country rarely carry scales with them, to weigh their prescriptions. They administer medicines by guess from a teaspoon or the point of a knife. Suppose a common case. A physician in a hurry leaves an over dose of tartar emetic, (generally the first prescription in case of bilious fever,) and pursues his way to another patient, ten miles distant. The man is poisoned. When the case becomes alarming, one messenger is despatched for the doctor, and another to call in the neighbors to see the sufferer die. Now there is in a canister in the cupboard, and on a tree that grows by the door a remedy for this distress and alarm —a sure means of saving the sick man from threatened death. A strong decoction of young hyson tea, or any other astringed vegetable, will change tartar emetic into a harmless compound.

Vessels of copper often give rise to poisoning. Though this metal undergoes but little change in a dry atmosphere, it is rusted if moisture be present, and its surface becomes covered with a green substance; carbonate or protoxid of copper, a poisonous compound, It has sometimes happened, that a mother has, for want of knoweldge poisoned her family. Sourcrout, when permitted to stand in a copper vessel, has produced death in a few hours. Cooks sometimes permit pickles to remain in copper vessels that they may acquire a rich green color which they do by absorbing poison.

Families have often been thrown into disease by eating such dainties, and many have died in some instances without suspecting the cause.—That lady has certainly some reason to congratulate herself upon her education, if under such circumstances, she knows that pickles rendered green by verdegris, are poisonous, and that the white of an egg is an antidote.

Illustrations might be multiplied, but our space forbids. Enough has been shown, we hope, to convince the utilitarian that a knowledge of chemistry is an important element in the education of the female sex, that without it they are imperfectly qualified for the duties devolving upon them in the domestic relation, and poorly prepared to meet its emergencies.

A GOOD MAN—GOOD BEQUESTS.

The demise of Josiah White, of Philadelphia, has called forth many tributes of respect for his memory.—He was one of the best men of the day and generally known a consistent Quaker. He was one of the Pioneers of the Lehigh coal region as well as of the coal trade of the United States. The following charitable bequests are made in his will—To the Association of the Colored Orphans' Society; to the Houses of Refuge for Whites and Colored; to the Colored House of Industry; and for the support of Schools in Africa—100 shares each of the stock of the Lehigh Coal and Navigation Company.—The deceased also provides for the establishment of two Manual Labor Schools in two of the Free States of the West—from one to two miles square of land to be purchased for each—and appropriates $20,000 to each for the carrying them through. The schools are to be for the religious education of children, white, colored, and Indian—to be under the management of the Indiana Yearly Meeting of Friends.

☞ *Love not your children* unequally; or, if you do, show it not, lest you make the one proud, the other envious, and both foolish. If nature has made a difference, it is the part of the tender parent to help the weakest.

☞ *Suspense.*—A writer lately, in attempting to describe the agonies of suspense, calls it the "toothache of the mind."

☞ *Do not be stern and silent* in your own house, and remarkable for sociability elsewhere.