TERMS OF THE MINERS' JOURNAL.—SINGLE SUBSCRIPTION.—Two Dollars per annum, payable semi-annually in advance, to those who reside in the County—and annually in advance to those who reside out of the County. The publisher reserves to himself the right to charge $2 50 per annum, when payment is delayed longer than one year.

TO CLUBS.	
Three copies to one address,	$5 00
Seven " " "	10 00
Fifteen " " "	20 00

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Every subsequent insertion,	25
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Subsequent insertions, each,	12½
One Square, 3 months,	$3 00
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One Year,	8 00
Business Cards of 5 lines, per annum,	3 00
Merchants and others, advertising by the Year, with the privilege of inserting different advertisements weekly,	12 00

☞ Large Advertisements, as per agreement.

Miners' Journal.

Saturday Morning, July 13.

THE PROTECTIVE POLICY:
The People Demand its Restoration.

For Canal Commissioner,
JOSHUA DUNGAN,
Of Bucks County.

For Auditor General,
HENRY W. SNYDER,
Of Union County.

For Surveyor General,
JOSEPH HENDERSON,
Of Washington County.

THE PRINTER wants but little here below, but wants that little promptly. The weather is hot, to be sure—but that is no excuse for delay in paying your Printer's bills. These are, of all other accounts, the hardest to collect by the usual means; hence we are under the necessity of asking you and all of our subscribers who are in arrears for subscription, job work, or advertising, to remit it to us at once, by post. We cannot send a collector into remote regions and distances—we must rely upon the business promptness of our patrons, and we rely upon it with confidence.—We need money here, at all times; but we particularly need it now, when all the accounts of our establishment have undergone their semi-annual audit, and when we are in the habit of bringing them up, as nearly as possible, fair and square.

☞ Sir, will you be good enough to remit the trifle you owe us?

ERRATA.—The outside page, last week, was erroneously dated the 5th. It should have been the 6th. The fourth of July, however, was not counted—some of the compositors bearing a grudge against it for "leading them into temptation."

ON THE INSIDE, in speaking of the riot at Honesdale, it should have been *Hazleton*. A communication in reference to that affair appears in our columns to-day.

AN ARTICLE was published in our paper last week, with *regard* to an Arbitration recently held in this borough, in which the particulars were furnished, and which we supposed were correct at the time. We are now informed that a portion of the statements are incorrect, and calculated to create a wrong impression with regard to the suit, which we learn is still pending. When we made the publication, we supposed the suit was ended, otherwise the article should not have appeared. We deem this correction necessary under the circumstances.

GEN. TAYLOR IS DEAD!

"The lightning may flash and the thunder may rattle;
He heeds not, he hears not, he's free from all pains;
He sleeps his last sleep, he's fought his last battle,
No sound can awake him to glory again."

The old hero and patriot has sunk into the arms of Death! He who walked in the shadow of Death through many a terrible battle-field—he has fallen into the repose of a sinless, a reproachless, a quiet tomb. But he fell gloriously—from the highest pinnacle of honor and renown, to which his genius, his virtues, and his gallantry had borne him—he fell *"prepared."* With such a man—

"Oh Death! where is thy sting!
Oh Grave! where is thy victory!".

He died on Tuesesday night last, at half past ten o'clock—surrounded by all his family, his Cabinet ministers, the Mayor of Washington, and other distinguished friends. He died with the courage of a hero, and the faith of a Christian—his end was peaceful.

"After life's itful fever, he sleeps well!"

The universal regret felt in the vicinity where such a man was known by everybody, cannot be estimated or understood by strangers. His history, it is true, portrays a character of singularly striking features—but nothing can illustrate his character as a *man*. His manners had the stamp of substantial dignity, with all the simplicity of a child. He was plain, retiring, extremely *diffident*—and yet firm as the granite rock. You could see the words *Honesty* and *Purity* written in bold characters on his countenance, and they filled his paths with streams of light, that led him victoriously over every obstacle.

His fame and his services are known to our readers—it is unnecessary here to refer to them. His life presents a series of triumphs, the result of his courage, his virtues, and his practical and evenly-balanced mind, unparallelled in the history of any living man. He lived long—but he never merited a reproach. The Great Ruler of the Universe, who knew him best, has "summoned" him, and he was "prepared" to go! The spirit which directed him as President of the Republic will remain with us, and dwell amongst us—he will be President of the hearts and affections of the American people when unborn millions trace the story of his life and acts upon the pages of history—his example, his virtues, and his fame are our's and Time's. His name will be enrolled as

"Among the few—the immortal few,
That were not born to die!"

MILLARD FILLMORE.

President of the United States.

Two purer, wiser, and more patriotic men than Zachary Taylor and Millard Fillmore, never filled the high places of the Government to which they were called. While a whole nation joins in common regret for the death of the one, we all have cause for gratulation, that we still have the other—especially in this time of peril and excitement, when the waves of fanaticism and disunion roll against us with unbridled violence.

Millard Fillmore is fifty years old. He is a large, fine-looking man; in robust health, and in the matured vigor of all his faculties. He is a self-made man. The son of a Farmer, he served an apprenticeship of four years to the Wool carding and Fulling business, in Otsego county, New York, where he was born. He taught school at twenty-three, and studied law between times. At twenty-eight he was sent to the Legislature. Some years ago he was the candidate for Governor of New York, and he was subsequently elected Controller of that State.—At the age of forty, he was elected to Congress, where, as the Chairman of the Committee of Ways and Means, he was the principal author of the Tariff of 1842. In 1848 he was elected Vice President, and now, in the 50th year of his age, we find the once poor apprentice-boy President of the richest, the most powerful and tremendous people on the face of the globe. Such are the tendencies of Republican institutions, and such is the elevating power of National Whig principles, that true merit, however humble, is bound to meet its reward! What a brilliant example for the young men of our country does Mr. Fillmore present? What does it not speak for the *Whig party*, which places such men in the loftiest positions of honor and power?

The Cabinet of General Taylor, having resigned, Mr. Fillmore will organize a new board, comprising men of undoubted standing in the Whig party. The party will be organised on a broad National basis, and all its principles will have the undivided support of its organization. Although there is a large Locofoco majority in both Houses of Congress, we still hope that many of the measures contemplated by the Administration will be carried out.

POTTSVILLE VS. DANVILLE.

The editor of the Danville *Intelligencer* alludes to the stiff controversy he had with the *Miners' Journal*, several years ago, as to the relative value of the two places for iron manufactures. He now exultingly refers to the furnaces and rolling-mills in that Boro', as a proof that his arguments were correct.

The truth is, Mr. Best, that at the period in question, our citizens had their hands full in taking care of the Coal Trade, then springing forth in most extraordinary vigor and promise. It required all the capital, enterprize and industry of our people to supply the demands of the market, and it was more in the spirit of *liberality* than for any obvious advantage or superiority possessed over us by adjacent districts, that we went up to Danville to erect our furnaces and rolling-mills. Danville was a sleepy sort of a place, admirably calculated in its modest retirement, for the purposes of iron manufactures. Pottsville, on the contrary, was all hubbub and excitement—labor was high, too; and, while we wanted iron, we thought it more expedient to erect our works in the suburbs of the town. Danville, which is but an extension of Coal street, was accordingly selected. Burd Patterson, Esq., lead the way for capitalists, and the first Railroad mill in the United States, was erected at Danville, at a cost of several hundred thousand dollars. Burd Patterson is a citizen of Pottsville, and he did more to make Danville what it now is than all Montour County put together—including men, women and children, and throwing in the editor of the *Intelligencer* into the bargain. Haywood & Snyder next stepped forward. They wanted iron—they couldn't make it fast enough here—they had orders for machinery for Rolling-mills in every direction of the country. They built a mill in Danville—in quiet, peaceable, and retired Danville, situated somewhere in the suburbs of Pottsville.

That Pottsville, however, *is* the proper place, in an economical aspect, for the manufacture of iron, cannot be denied at this late day. Coal is consumed in all the processes of iron manufacture, and especially in its *conversion from the pig state into blooms*, thence into rails, bars, &c. Iron Ore is no longer wanted in these processes. Coal, however, *is*. It requires some three or four tons of coal to convert pig iron into a ton of bar iron. A place, therefore, where *coal* is most accessible and cheap, has decided advantage over a place having no other resources under ordinary circumstances, than beds of tolerably fine iron ore.

EULOGY UPON HENRY CLAY.

The Osceola *Independent* contains the following just and beautiful tribute to the sage of Ashland:—The country has during the debate on the Compromise, been alternately racked between hope and despair. In the darkest hour however, Mr. Clay has never once despaired. He has stood firm in his position. As if planted on a rock, and that rock the constitution of his country, he has calmly viewed every wave as it dashed against it, and, although at times nearly hid by the spray, like the old granite shaft he stood erect, until the elements evinced more calmness, and at last gave promise of a smooth sea. Noble patriot. May you yet be spared many years to your country, whose annals you have adorned, and in whose councils you have earned a fame as towering as the destiny of the Nation, and as lasting as its granite foundations. Yes noblest Roman of them all, you have lived in a day and generation unworthy of you. History shall vindicate thy high-souled purposes, and truth in asserting its dignity, shall place you far in the van of American statesmanship.

☞ *Shifts of Fashion.*—The New York Merchants' *Day Book* says, several of the uptown codfish aristocracy, who either are not ready to go out of town, or have not the tin to do so, are letting their front door knobs rust up, keeping their front door and blinds closed, and sneak in and out through the basement or back way.

☞ *Doing The Handsome.*—The editor of the *N. Y. Tribune* having been mulcted in the sum of six and a quarter cents, in a libel suit, ten of his subscribers have liberally clubbed together and sent him one cent, hoping that the example will induce others to make up the remaining five-sixths of the amount.

☞ *Imitation Lumps of Gold* have been made and brought into circulation in California. The State Assayer states that above forty specimens have been brought to notice. They are generally in size from four or five ounces to a pound in weight—quartz and every thing else necessary to make them look right properly intermixed.

☞ *Drawing Room.*—Queen Victoria had a brilliant Drawing Room at St. James's Palace, on the 20th ult. Among those presented to her Majesty, were Prescott the historian, and Miss Lawrence, daughter of the American Minister; the former presented by Mr. Lawrence and the latter by Mrs. Lawrence.

☞ *It is Shocking.*—"There is no saying shocks me so much as that which I hear very often, that a man does not know how to pass his time. It would have been but ill-spoken by Methusaleh, in the nine hundred and sixty-ninth year of *his life*." So says Cowley, and he was a smart man.

☞ *We D'n't Like* the following sentiment, which we find in a Pittsburgh paper:—"There was enough money wasted for powder on the 4th of July, to have relieved all the poor in the land for the next twelve months."

☞ *Boston Upper Tendom.*—A Southerner, writing from the "City of Notions," says he is completely disgusted with Boston aristocracy. He says they are cold, unsociable, calculating, suspicious, and changeable.—How positively shocking.

☞ *Votes Polled by New States.*—On her admission as a State Louisiana polled 4,748 votes; Indianna 6,789; Mississippi 11,560; Florida 5,301; and Iowa 13,271. California polled, last year, 14,213 American votes.

☞ *Pavements* of broken asphalite rock, dipped in mineral tar oil, have been adopted in Paris. The new material gives great facility of traction, absence of noise, economy, and salubrity.

☞ *The Greatest* and most amiable privilege which the rich enjoy over the poor is that which they exercise the least—the privilege of making them happy.

☞ *When you Wash* paint, don't use soft soap and warm water, for that will take off the paint, as well as the dirt. Use cold water. We *give this advice gratis!*

☞ *Homestead Exemption* Laws have passed in New York, Maine, Ohio, Georgia, Texas, Michigan, Wisconsin, Iowa and California.

☞ *Greeley says*—"all the good we get out of this Congress we shall consider clear gain, to be received with grateful astonishment."

☞ *Some One* has defined *policy* to consist in serving God in such manner as not to offend Satin.

☞ *The German Musical Society* commence their engagement at Newport this week.—Then for the "hops."

☞ *McConnellsburg* is to be the county seat of the new county of Fulton, Pa.

MR. COOPER AND THE TARIFF.

[Correspondence of the Miners' Journal.]

Washington, July 10, 1850.

Dear Sir:—Deeply interested as the citizens of Pennsylvania must be, in knowing what prospect there is for a modification of the Tariff, at the present session of Congress, I have made use of the opportunities which a residence here has afforded me, of ascertaining the opinions of members on the subject; and I am happy to inform you, that there are grounds, at least, to hope that Congress will not adjourn without an attempt to do something to restore the prostrated condition of Pennsylvania industry.

A vigorous effort is now being made, headed by Senator Cooper, to bring this subject forward in an imposing form; and it is to be hoped it will succeed. A Committee, consisting of Messrs. Cooper and Clarke, of the Senate, and Messrs. White, Chandler, and Wilson, of the House, have been engaged, as I am informed, for some time past, in corresponding with the manufacturers of the country, for the purpose of ascertaining the condition and wants of the various branches of industry, and awakening those engaged in them to the necessity of combined and vigorous action on the subject. A great amount of information has been collected, showing the depressed condition, especially of the Iron, Coal, Cotton and Sugar interests, and the increase of duty necessary to restore them to something like a healthy and prosperous condition.

The prostration of some of these interests would hardly be credible, if it were not proved by the statistical information collected from authentic and reliable sources. This is especially the case in relation to Iron and Coal. Mr. Cooper has favored me with a perusal of a portion of his correspondence on the subject, and, I assure you, the state of things in relation to these last mentioned interests *in Pennsylvania*, and the iron interest in New Jersey, New York, and a part of New England, is gloomy in the extreme. Nearly one-half of the Furnaces in Pennsylvania are out of blast, and the price of Coal is a fourth lower than it has ever been before. In New York, New Jersey, and New England, the iron and other interests are likewise greatly depressed; but not, perhaps, to the same extent as they are in Pennsylvania, in the former States, where Furnaces and Forges are not so numerous, and the quality of the iron different, the home demand, for awhile, prevented their total prostration.—But even there the business has been ruinous. The diminution of the production of iron in the country, during the last year, exceeds 400,000 tons, while the amount imported has largely increased!

But I will not weary you by pursuing these disheartening details. Living in the midst of the great iron and coal region of the country, you must be but too familiar with them; and I have only referred to them, to show that the condition of things is understood by your representatives, and that an effort is being made to alleviate it.

It is evident to the most casual observer, that this Great Question is intimately connected with that which has so continually engrossed the attention of Congress during the whole of the session. If this latter question should be settled on amicable terms, *there is scarcely a doubt that a modification of the Tariff will take place.* On this distracting subject, the course of Messrs. Cooper and Pitman—your immediate representatives—has been eminently conciliatory and judicious. In his speech, a week since, the former referred to the subject of the Tariff, and the necessity of its modification, in a manner which produced a marked effect; and although Mr. Pitman has not yet spoken on this subject, his course has been judicious, and such as to make friends even of Southern members. Such also has been the course of Messrs. Chandler, Butler, Casey, and others of the Pennsylvania delegation.

It is admitted on all hands, by friends and opponents, that Mr. Cooper treated the delicate subject of the "Compromise" with great skill, judgement and propriety. While he maintained his own views, and the views of his constituents, on the subject of Slavery, with great firmness—yielding not an inch of Northern ground—he did so in a temper so conciliatory and persuasive, as to win the good will and congratulations even of moderate Southern men.

When his speech is published, and goes to his constituents, I apprehend that it will be difficult to find fault with any sentiment which he has expressed in it. The writer has read it, and although regarded as a somewhat ultra anti-slavery man, so far from disapproving of it, concurs in every word that it contains. It is not always the loudest and most noisy and vehement declaimers against slavery, that are the most faithful to the principles of freedom. Because Mr. Cooper,—although steadfast to his own principles, on this subject, and supporting the Wilmot Proviso, and every kindred measure to which he has been pledged, directly or indirectly,—has not lost sight of other great practical questions, in which his constituents are vitally interested, and on which their very bread depends, he is assailed by demagogues, and threatened with expulsion *from* his party! But the mass of his laboring constituents, whose welfare he has regarded, will sustain him against all attacks proceeding from selfish and factious motives.

A TRUE WHIG.

[Our correspondent mistakes the sentiments of the people here, if he supposes a disposition to exist to read Mr. Cooper out of the party. The fact is, there is but one or two newspapers in the State, Whig, or Locofoco, that find any fault at all with his course. The people are everywhere *proud of him*, and even some of the most ultra opponents of Slavery, who condemn the Compromise, still justify its course on the ground that, in "*believe a great blessing*, a little *wrong* may be done!" But no wrong to the *Whig party* has been done. As long as we find him in company with Clay, Webster, Mangum, and other tried and veteran Whigs, we may depend upon it, "all's well."]—*Ed. Journal.*

HAZLETON.

I find you have formed a wrong impression about our Riot. Permit me to make a plain statement of all the facts, and you are at liberty to use them in any form you think right.

The order of Odd Fellows, called a meeting at the town of Hazleton, Luzerne county, for the 4th of July. Invitations were extended to the various Lodges in our vicinity, and D. G. M'Gowen, Esq., of the Borough of Pottsville, was selected to deliver the oration. On the morning of that day, our companies turned out, and were dismissed at 9 o'clock, for the purpose of meeting again at half-past two, when it was expected the Independent Order of Odd Fellows would be dismissed. After the procession was formed, and the Order marched out of town to the Grove, three or four hundred Irishmen, who had assembled in the town, met at Mr. Davenport's Hotel, and quarrelled with some of our citizens. This fuss was quelled and every thing remained quiet till the Order of Odd Fellows had returned. When the procession came opposite Davenport's Hotel, four or five Irishmen from Black creek, commenced quarrelling, and very soon the fight become general. The house of Mr. Davenport was assailed by the party, and the military were called out. I think nine or ten were arrested by order of the Captain of the Union Guards—four or five were shot by the military, but none *seriously*. This, I think is a fair statement of the facts, and I would but say, that Capt. W. E. Sisty, who had charge of the military, deserves the thanks of the community in which he lives for his promptness and officer-like conduct. He is a man as "is a man." Yours, &c. H.

REDUCTION OF POSTAGE.

Mr. Conger in the House of Representative, on Monday last, asked leave to offer a resolution, in structing the Committee on Post Offices and Post Roads, to report immediately a bill to abolish the franking privilege—to reduce postage to a uniform rate of two cents for a half ounce, when pre-paid, and five cents when not; and the circulation of newspapers free within thirty miles of the place of publication. Objection was made to this—but we cannot perceive *why*. It is the very thing the people want, and they *will* have it.

CUMBERLAND COAL TRADE.

The Washington corespondent of the Baltimore *Sun* says that the Cumberland coal trade attracts great attention. Great activity now prevails at Cumberland and Frostburg, in preparation for sending coal down the Canal, which will be opened through to Georgetown, Washington and Alexandria, on the 20th inst. The demand for Cumberland coal exceeds the supply at least ten fold. The locomotives in the Eastern states alone, will afford a market for all the coal that can be supplied by Frostburg.

Local Affairs.

☞ *Deputy Marshals.*—We received the following list of Deputy Marshalls appointed for Schuylkill county, yesterday. The number has been increased beyond what it was supposed they would be, which will render the offices of, but little value to those who have received them—but like the generality of offices, they are seldom worth the trouble and pains of obtaining them. As far as we learn, the appointments give satisfaction.

No. 1. J. P. Bertram, Pottsville,	S. Ward,	
"	N. Ward,	
"	N. E Ward,	
Taxables in 1849,		1859
No. 2. Lauderburn,	Norwegian, West Penn, Tamaqua, Schuylkill,	
Taxables in 1849,		1,790
No. 3. H. G. Robinson,	Schuylkill Haven. Orwigsburg, West Brunswick, East "	
Taxables in 1849,		1,408
No. 4. L. F. Whitney,	Blythe, East Norwegian, New Castle, Cass, Minersville.	
Taxables in 1849,		3,089
No. 5. J. Reinhart,	Pine Grove, Borough, Pine Grove, Township, Wayne, Manheim & Mt. Carbon, North Manheim, Tremont, Porter, Lower Mahantango, Upper " Fraily, Branch, Butler, Mahonoy, Rush, Union, Barry.	
Taxables in 1850,		12,983

Lebanon County—Wm. H. Kennedy, Philip Stine, Henry Iba, Jr., and John Garber.

Monroe County—Charles Saylor, Silas L. Drake, and Charles J. Walton.

Wayne County—Wm. R. Stone, George M. Keene, Francis Oppell, and Henry Welsh.

Hon. W. Irvin, Marshall for the Western District of Pennsylvania, has appointed Charles Cook, Esq., for Montour county; Thomas S. Mackey, Esq., of Milton, for Northumberland; Israel Gutlius, of New Berlin, for Union, and John Knox, of Jersey Shore, for part of Lycoming. The large number appointed in the Eastern Districts, will considerably diminish the individual profits; but it seemed to be called for, from the short time allowed to collect the census statistics, on account of the delay in maturing and passing the law before Congress.

☞ *Narrow Escape.*—The Tamaqua *Legion* learns that Reuben Dreher, Dentist, who left that place several weeks ago to visit a brother in one of the Western States, was on board the unfortunate steamboat, *Griffith*, which was destroyed by fire, and miraculously escaped with his life. It appears that Mr Dreher was in the cabin when the fire broke out, and so rapidly did the flames spread, that he found it impossible to escape by the stairway; but with commendable presence of mind, he gathered such of his clothing as was done up in a handkerchief, ran to the side-window of the boat, and leaped into the Lake, when, fortunately for him, he found a shutter of the boat floating by his side, by which means he was enabled to swim ashore—a distance of half a mile. Had it not been for the aid afforded him by the shutter, he would doubtless have shared the same fate with the two hundred and fifty who were either drowned or burned to death. Mr. Dreher arrived there on the 3rd inst.

☞ *Colonel Silcer* has again entered the "service." His quarters are in the basement of Mortimer's Hotel, and they are bountifully supplied with all that a man, a soldier, or a "human being" could desire. The Colonel has grown grey in the cause of eating and drinking; and his experienced eye can always tell when a "customer" wants a glass of *the which?* without the idle formality of calling for it. By certain infallible physiological principles, he also determines the very "brand" you desire. It is all done, no doubt, "by de fluid!"

☞ *Col. J. P. Smith.*—Previous to leaving Harrisburg, the numerous friends of the Colonel complimented him with a supper, and he was serenaded during the night by the Harrisburg Glee Club. The Colonel has, we understand, taken up his residence in Philadelphia. We cordially join in the warm wishes of his friends here for his prosperity and happiness.

DEATH OF PRESIDENT TAYLOR.

Proceedings of Town Council.

At a meeting of the Town Council of the Borough of Pottsville, held at the Council Room, July 12, 1850, at 3 o'clock, P. M., the following preamble and resolutions were adopted:

Whereas, It hath pleased Divine Providence to remove from the head of the Government of this nation, and from life, Gen. Zachary Taylor, President of the United States—and it is proper that the citizens of the Borough of Pottsville, should join the nation in a suitable tribute of respect to the memory of the illustrious deceased.

Resolved, That as the funeral of the late President is to take place at Washington City, to-morrow, at 12 o'clock, M.—the citizens of this Borough are hereby requested to bow the windows of their dwellings, and close their stores and places of business on that day, from 12 o'clock, M., until 3 P. M.

Resolved, That the Court House bell be tolled, and the several religious societies be requested to toll the bells of their respective churches during the same hours, and that the National Flag be displayed upon the flag staffs of the Borough, at half mast, from sunrise to sunset.

Resolved, That 30 guns be fired at intervals of five minutes, from the Court House ground, beginning at 12 o'clock.

Resolved, That the Council Room be hung with crape, and that the members of this body wear crape on the left arm for 30 days, and that the citizens of the borough be invited to adopt the same badge of mourning.

Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting, be published in the papers of the Borough.

☞ *"Omnibus Bill* and Henry Clay," exclaimed Mrs Partington, "Well there! I hope Mr Clay isn't getting in bad Company; for I do love that man, and if he goes with them cruel omnibus drivers, there is no telling how soon he will be as bad as a negro driver himself." And the good old lady took a long pinch of snuff and heaved a deep sigh for the falling state of humanity.

☞ *Committee of Correspondence.*—Joseph W. Cake, C. F. Jackson, and C. M. Straub, Esqs., were appointed by the Williamsport Locofoco Convention, a Committee of Correspondence for Schuylkill county. The Chairman is a strong *Banks* man!

☞ *Captain James Page*, accompanied by his military corps, the State Fencibles, will visit this place on the 24th instant. Their sojourn will be brief. They will visit and remain a day or two at Reading, on their return to Philadelphia.

P. S.—At a meeting of the military of our Borough, yesterday, arrangements were adopted to receive and entertain the Fencibles on their visit to Pottsville.

☞ *The Dedication at Tremont.*—Rev. F. S. Johnson, of the Second Methodist Church, of this Borough, delivered the oration on the dedication of the Odd Fellows' Hall, in Tremont, on the Fourth. The address is highly spoken of as a literary effort.

Besides, when the commendatory paragraph of Bowen, of the Miners' Journal appeared, the modesty of both Shoemaker and Keely was so shocked that the one could scarcely dispose of tickets to the passengers, whilst the other was almost equally incapacitated from collecting them again. What it is to end in, time must show—a trout supper on the Broad Mountain perhaps, *with the accompanying* trimmings.—[*Norristown Register.*

We should regret—exceedingly regret—and we have no hesitation, sir, in declaring that we should regret to shock the modesty, sir, of these gentlemen; —but, egad, sir! if it *ends* in nothing worse than trout suppers, with trimmings, all we have to say, sir, is, "crack your whip, *dri-caw.*

☞ *Attempted Robbery.*—The Tamaqua *Legion* says that our townsman, Mr. J. Curtis C. Hughes, accompanied by a lady, whilst returning home from a visit to the Ladies' Fair at that place, was attacked by two ruffians six miles from Pottsville, who attempted to stop his horse, but failed, owing to the presence of mind of Mr H., who put the whip to the horse and rushed by them. He was in company with several gentlemen and ladies, who were some distance in advance. The country, for miles around, appears to be infested by these rogues.

☞ *Beware of* $10 counterfeit notes of the Bank of Northumberland. They are well executed—of various dates.

☞ *The Delaware Coal Company* are now engaged in sinking a Shaft on their lands for the Mammoth White Ash Vein. The shaft has been commenced on a saddle or upthrow, which is apparent near the surface.

MARRIED.

On the 6th inst., by Rev. W. H. Elliott, Mr. CHAS. KRECKER, of Philadelphia, to Miss ARABELLA BILAND, of Pottsville.

On the 1th inst., by the Rev. Joseph McCool, Mr. Wm. APPLEY, to Miss ELIZABETH SIMPSON, all of Pottsville.

On the 2d inst., by the Rev. J. P. Leib, Mr. HENRY LILLEY, to Miss REBECCA ANN CANADY, all of Pottsville.

On the 2d inst., by Rev. Mr. Mennig, Mr DANIEL GELLINGER, to Miss LAVINA STAHL, both of Port Carbon.

DEATHS.

In this Borough, on the 2d inst., JOHN CURRY, son of Mr. Patrick Curry, in the twenty-first year of his age.

☞ BY DIVINE PERMISSION—A SERMON will be preached in Trinity Church, in this Boro', to-morrow morning, (Sunday) upon the death of Gen. Zachary Taylor, late President of the United States.

☞ SABBATH EVENING, TO-MORROW, THE Pastor of the Central Presbyterian Church, may be expected to preach a sermon on the occasion of the death of Gen. Taylor, in Clayton's Hall, Centre St.

☞ THE ASSOCIATE REFORMED PRESBYTERIAN Congregation, worshiping in Thompson's new building corner of Market and Second sts. have moved into the large upper Hall of said building, where religious worship will be conducted every Sabbath, by Rev. D. T. Carnahan. Services to commence at 10½ o'clock, A. M., and 3½ o'clock, P. M. Seats free. The public are respectfully invited to attend.

☞ THE RELIGIOUS SERVICES OF THE *Second Methodist Episcopal Church*, in Market Street, will be held at 10 o'clock, A. M., and 6½ P. M. —no services in the evening, until further notice.

CONFECTIONERY, &c.

CONFECTIONERY—CATALOGUE OF CONfectionery sold by M. Tray, No. 52 Sth Market St., Philadelphia.—We always keeps on hand a general assortment of superior Candies, made of the best material, among which are the following:—Peppermint Candy, Lemon Candy, Cinnamon Candy, Heartbreak Candy, Rose Candy, Wintergreen Candy, Sassafras Candy, Acid Candy, Braided Candy, Vanilla Cream Candy, Sloths, Sugar Almonds, Burnt Almonds, Peppermint Drops, Acid Drops, Rose Drops, Lemon Drops, Chocolate Drops, Sugar Plumbs, Mixed Candies, and every variety usually kept in the Confectionery line, together with Bread and Cakes of every variety and of the best quality, which they will sell as low as can be afforded at any other establishment.

MARY GEANSLEN,
JOHN HEIR.

June 29, 1850 26-3t

JUST RECEIVED 500 BOXES ORANGES in prime order; 300 do Lemons; 200 do Raisins; 400 Drums Figs; 1000 bushels Nonce Potatoes; 10,000 Peach and Truck Baskets, for sale at

PALMER & SMITH'S,
No. 3 North Wharves Philada.

June 29, 1850 26-4t

MUSIC.

PIANOS FOR SALE—NEW AND SECOND-hand Pianos, from the factories of the most celebrated makers in the United States, always on hand, and for sale on the most favorable terms, by the subscriber, who respectfully invites the public to examine them at his house, in 3d street, one door bellow Callowhill, west side, Philadelphia.

DONAT SAAR, Professor of Music.

July 13, 1850 28-1mo

NEW MUSIC.—FREEDOM'S FLAG, A NEW and popular Patriotic Song;
The bounds of merry Childhood, an admired song;
Fair Ada's Cottage, a beautiful ballad;
Clarissa Waltz;
The Prize Polka;
The Susquehanna March.
Together with a large collection of the latest and most popular music, and pianofortes of every description. Pieces not on hand obtained to order, at

BANNAN'S
Book and Music Store.

July 5, 1850

NEW MUSIC—LEE & WALKER, SUCCESSORS to Geo. Willig, No. 164 Chestnut st., opposite Barnum's Museum, have just published the following beautiful Ballads, Polkas, &c.:
Think are you Speak, by N. J. Sprole
The Secret, by the author of "Will a love me then as now."
Sweet Kate, as sung by Mr. Hudson; Music by Dr. Cunnington.
"Raise the bright Flag of Columbia," adapted to the popular air of "Ever be Happy," in Opera "Enchantress."
The Thou art gone, by the late "J. T. S. Sullivan."
Hopeless Love, " "
Woman's Love, " "
A Dream that love can no'er forget, by M. Keller.
Dilligent Polka, by J. A. Getze.
Primrose do, by M. Keller.
Phenix do, as performed at Cape May, by Johnson's Band.
Gallop Brilliant, from the Opera of the Four Sons of Aymon, by T. C. Wiereck.
Six Amusements, Elegances, by Charles Voss!
L. & W. have the pleasure to announce to the public that their stock of Sheet Music consists of the largest and most complete assortment to be found in the country, they are constantly adding to their stock all the new Music published in New York, Boston, &c.

PIANOS.

A fine assortment of the best manufacturers of New York and Boston, at the lowest cash prices.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

Also, a general assortment of Guitars, Violins, Bandjos, Flutes, Accordeons, &c., Violin, Guitar, and Harp Strings of the best Italian qualities, all of which will be furnished to the public and the trade at the lowest rates.

☞ Orders punctually attended to.

Jan 12, 1850. 2-1f

NEW MUSIC.—THE LARGEST, CHEAPEST, Best and most elegant assortment of PIANO FORTES in the United States, can always be found at the warehouse of the Subscriber, 171 Chestnut Street, above Fifth, at the Old Stand occupied more than a third of a century by Mr. Geo. Willig, music publisher. PIANOS, HARPS, DRUMS, BRASS FIFINES, ÆOLIANS, &c. Fresh from the most celebrated Manufacturers in N. York, Boston, Baltimore, Philadelphia, and elsewhere. Sold wholesale and retail, at the maker's cash prices.

OSCAR C. B. CARTER,
171 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia.

Feb 9, 1850 6

CHARLES LEWIS GANE, PROFESSOR of Music, American House, Centre Street, Pottsville. [June 29, 1850 26-1f

WANTED, &c.

TEACHERS WANTED.—SEVEN MALE Teachers Wanted—The School Directors of Cass Township, will meet on Saturday, the 27th inst., to receive applications and examine Teachers, at the Public House of Mr. John Provost, in the Borough of Minersville. Schools to commence on the 1st of August, 1850. ROBERT PATTEN, Secretary.

July 12, 1850 28-3t*

WANTED—FIVE COMPETENT TEACHERS, for the Public Schools of Norwegian District, Schuylkill county. Applicants to appear for examination on the 6th day of August, at the house of John Reed, West Delaware Mines, at 9 o'clock, P. M.

B. M. SMITH, Secretary.

July 12, 1850 28-3t

WINDOW SHADES of various qualities and patterns, some of which are handsomely painted. Just received from New York, and for sale by

J. M. BEATTY & Co.
18-1f

IRON, &c.

☞ RAILROAD IRON.—THE SUBSCRIBERS have on hand T Railroad Iron, weighing 35 lbs. to the yard—also, Flat, Notched Rails. For sale low by

T. & E. GEORGE, Philada.

July 13, 1850 28-4t

☞ IN ROOFING—THIS BEING THE SEASON when our Citizens who desire to secure their buildings from the ravages of fire, should seek to have them made fire-proof—the undersigned would respectfully inform the public that he is prepared to fulfil all orders for Tin Roofing, spouting, &c., &c.

JACOB M. LONG.

Pottsville, June 29, 1850 25-1f

AMERICAN RAILROAD IRON—CONstantly on hand and for sale, that superior article of light T Rail, 28 lbs. to the yard, manufactured at Phœnixville—also, furnished at short notice, heavy T rails at manufacturers' prices.

E. YARDLEY & SON.

June 29, 1850 25-1f

A PURVES, DEALER IN SCRAP IRON, Copper, Brass, Bar and Block Tin, Solder's Spelter Lead, &c. Orders received for Brass and Copper work, and Machine furnishing. All orders connected with the above line promptly attended to.

☞ South Street, above Front, Philadelphia.

June 15, 1850 24-1f

IRON STORE.—THE SUBSCRIBER HAVING removed his iron business to the large Store,

No. 13 NORTH WATER STREET,

is now prepared to receive orders to any extent, and for any description of Iron and Steel; his stock is replenished from his own importations, by almost every Packet, and feels confident in his ability to give satisfaction to all who may favor him with their custom. Terms the most accommodating.

WM. DE COW,
13 N. Water Street, Philadelphia.

Feb 16, 1850. 7-6m

CHAINS.—For Sale, 120 feet ½ in. chain. Also furnished at the shortest notice, 5-8, 3-4, 15-16, 7-8, 15-16 and 1 in. best proof cable chain, at N. York prices—freight added.

E. YARDLEY & SON.

April 20 1850 16-

RAILROAD IRON—80 TONS 2½ x 1 Flat Ba Rail Road Iron,

50 do 1½ x ¾ do do do
8 do 1¼ x ¾ do do do with spikes
15 do 1 x ¾ do do do
And Plates, for sale by

A. & G. RALSTON, 4 southfront st., Philada.

Philada., July 11, 1846.

RAILROAD IRON.—100 Tons Railroad Iron assorted from 2½ by ½ to 1½ by ½, on hand, and for sale in lots to suit purchasers, at the lowest market price, by

N. & A. MIDDLETON,
Corner of Ridge Road, 10th and Callowhill sts.
Philadelphia.

Jan 26, 1850. 4-3mo.

JUNIATA BOILER IRON.

55 TONS assorted boiler iron, Nos. 2, 4 and 5 o wide in sheets 30, 33, and 36 inches and random lengths

A. & G. RALSTON,
4, South Front st., Philada.

50 TONS of Flat Bar American R. R. Iron, of various sizes, just received and for sale at the Yard Store.

E. YARDLEY & SON.

March 16 1850 11-

CHAINS FOR MINES.—The subscribers have just received from the ship Elizabeth, 1 and 2 inch Best Best English Chains, made expressly for Mines, and for sale. Apply to T. & E. GEORGE,

april 22 1f 17] Market and 12th Streets, Philada.

JEWELRY, &c.

AMERICAN CUTLERY, CHEAP AND good.—A very superior article, equal to Rodger's & Sons celebrated Cutlery, just received and for sale wholesale and retail, at

BANNAN'S
Cheap Stationery store,

Where also may be had Rodger's and Wastenholm's and other Pen-Knives—also, superior Razors, by the single or dozen.

May 25, 1850 21-

GOLD PENS AT SEVENTY-FIVE CENTS. ☞—The subscriber has just received a supply of Gold Pens of different qualities, some of which will be sold at as low as 75 cents, to suit the times, and a *good article too*, at

BANNAN'S
Cheap Stationary Store.

Also, Gold and Silver Pencil Cases *very cheap*.

April 13, 1850 15-

THE BRADY & ELLIOTT (Warranted) Ever Pointed Gold Pens, now stand A No. 1 in the Pennmarket; *every person who has tried them will* acknowledge their superiority. They are made and sold exclusively by Brady & Elliott, two doors above the Miners' Bank. Watches of all the celebrated makers sold as above, at prices to suit the times.

CARDS.

THE SUBSCRIBER WILL SUPERINTEND, Sell, Rent, Collect, Buy out, all kinds of property and accounts, within this County, and will, if requested, act as Assignee, Trustee, or Administrator, in settling up estates with promptness and fidelity.

N. M. WILSON, J. P.
Market Street, Pottsville, Penn'a.

June 22, 1850 25-1y

P. SHERWIN, EXCHANGE AND COLlection Broker, Pottsville, Pa.—Dealer