up the pursuit, and returned to tell his people what he had seen. And then it was that the oldest men of the tribe told him that the light he had seen was the star that had been driven from heaven, and that it was now wandering over the earth for the purpose of finding the beautiful girl it had loved. And that star is still upon the earth, and is often seen by the hunters as they journey at night through the wilderness.—*National Intelligencer.*

Miners' Journal.

Saturday Morning, March 2.

THE PROTECTIVE POLICY.—THE PEOPLE DEMAND ITS RESTORATION!

We are compelled, reluctantly, to omit several articles prepared for this week's paper.

Graham's and Godey's Magazines, for March, have been received, and are well stored with interesting reading matter, and embellished with handsome engravings.

MR. STEVENS' SPEECH.

A great desire, on the part of the public, to read the Speech of Mr. Stevens, of Pa., delivered in Congress upon the Slavery question, has induced us to publish it in to-day's *Journal*, to the exclusion of much other matter. The Speech, however, is of so much importance, at this moment, and expresses in such bold and truthful language, the sentiments of every Freeman, that it should not be withheld from the people of Pennsylvania.—It is a grand effort on the part of Mr. Stevens, and will add much to his celebrity as an able and eloquent speaker. The Speech produced a great effect in Washington city, among all classes. A correspondent, writing from the Capital, says:

It was one, of which not only every Pennsylvanian will feel proud, but wherever the light of freedom has penetrated, North or South, East or West, it will be hailed and endorsed as being the *very best* speech which has ever yet been made on this subject. His arguments and reasonings were all original and new, and the attention of the whole House, members and audience, were intently drawn to the speaker. And, had it been known that he would have spoken, such a crowd would have flocked to the chamber, as has never been seen before. As it was, the moment it was known that he had the floor, the House immediately filled; Senators left the Senate, officers their desks, and all who knew it crowded to hear him. The Southern slavery-men, themselves, all acknowledge it the greatest speech made during the session; and while acknowledging this, they are equally denunciatory of the man who made it. Thaddeus Stevens, however, is not to be deterred by these denunciations, but will fearlessly let these Southern Hotspurs know that the freemen of the North will no longer suffer themselves to be bullied and driven as they have heretofore been.

NASHVILLE CONVENTION.

A band of men from the South, desirous of showing the base material of which they are composed, design holding a Convention, in Nashville, in June next, to take into consideration the state of affairs in this country. It is thought a dissolution of the Union will be proposed; but, while such is the object of the Convention, it does not appear to meet with much favor. The Legislatures of Tennessee and Kentucky, have spoken upon the subject, and condemn the movement, as unwise and unnecessary. Tennessee announces that *she will stand by the Union and defend it at all hazards and to the last extremity.* Kentucky has expressed it with equal force. "Under the auspices of Heaven, and the precepts of Washington," says that noble State, "Kentucky will be the last to give up the Union." These are cheering echoes; and as the fact begins to reveal itself to the people everywhere that there is actually a design on foot to destroy the Union, and that there are men desperate enough to attempt the execution of such a purpose, our ears may expect from all quarters a rolling reverberation of echoes louder than the mountain thunder—a grand hosannah to our glorious Union and a sound of terror to its foes.

Schuylkill County and the Union.—A meeting of the citizens of Schuylkill county, will be held at Orwigsburg, on Monday, the 11th inst., for the purpose of expressing their views upon the Slavery question. It should be well attended by citizens of all parties. See advertisement.

The Rochester "Knockings."—We have not previously alluded to the mysterious noise heard at Rochester, New York, believed by many to be those of disembodied spirits. We thought the humbug too palpable for the consideration of common-sensed people. The *thing* has been exploded by the investigations of a committee, and is thus explained:

> The girls who were always present when the noises were made, were placed upon a table, their petticoats fastened around their ancles, and their feet held down. While they were thus held in durance not a rap was heard, and if the committee had not consisted of ladies instead of gentlemen, there is no doubt that the whole *modus operandi* of the hoax would have been laid bare. The committee reported to a public meeting of 1500 citizens of Rochester and the humbug may be considered exploded.

Difficulty Adjusted.—A telegraphic despatch to our friend Mr. Boyle, who by the bye, is one of our most public spirited newscollectors in the country, states that the difficulty between Cols. Bissell and Davis, which grew out of some remarks made by the former on the floor of Congress reflecting on the conduct of the Mississippi Regiment at the battle of Buena Vista, has been amicably adjusted through the interposition of the President.

A Large number of officers have been dismissed by the collectors at New York, Boston, Philadelphia and other places, because that class of politicians who have pledged themselves beforehand to "oppose the Administration to the bitter end," "no matter what end the future may wear," refuse to grant money to pay them. The loss to revenue will probably be a thousand dollars to one saved. The plea is economy and retrenchment: and yet Ex-Secretary Walker says that as long ago as 1847, he "had discharged every officer or agent not absolutely required for the public service in the collection of the revenue."

A Washington correspondent of the Washington, Pa., *Commonwealth* gives as an important item of news the fact that "Dr. Sturgeon," U. S. Senator from the great State of Pennsylvania, actually *spoke* on the petition of Pennsylvanians and Delawarians for a peaceable dissolution of the Union. It was a small subject, but the Doctor managed to make a big speech upon it—"extending through three minutes and eleven seconds, by the town clock."

The Fraud of cutting in pieces bank notes, and then artfully joining them, so as out of six notes to make a seventh, has become so prevalent in Philadelphia that the Cashiers of the several banking institutions of that city, have issued a card cautioning the public against such notes, and declaring their intention not to receive them in future.

A child in Cincinnati, kneeling down to pray ran a large needle its entire length into its knee, which had to be cut out.

DIVORCES.

To judge from the number of applications for divorces before the Legislatures of the various States, it would seem that there is almost as great a "rush" for a dissolution of the "matrimonial bonds," as there is, on the other hand, for a "union." Within the last few years, our legislature has been completely bored with applications of this kind, which come not only from Pennsylvania, but from other States. The large number of such applications, do not present a very gratifying picture, but afford food for serious reflection. Heretofore, the petitions for divorce were presented by the wives, who, no doubt, as the last resort, were driven to such an extremity, for protection; this year, the petitions principally come from the husbands. This is a bad state of things, and shows that the selection of partners had been imprudently made. We fully agree with the Harrisburg *Telegraph* that no virtuous woman ever asked for a divorce, or was unfaithful when properly treated; and that the application by them augurs a deficiency or neglect in their treatment, which should put the husband to shame.

In the vigorous days of Rome, though the power of divorce was entirely in the hands of the husband, for five hundred years there was never known a case of its exercise.—The hearty patricians and the hardy plebians were alike too magnificent in their conduct, to ever have cause for matrimonial disruption.

The Correspondent of the *Journal of Commerce* says that no compromise can pass at this session of Congress,—that the Territorial and Slavery questions must be settled together,—that speech-making is a great safety valve now, (we believe it,) and that, after the excitement has worn off, then will be a proper time to take up the ordinary legitimate business of the session; and that it will not be useful to attempt it before. Probably after the agitation has subsided, the appropriation bills can be passed. Then Congress may adjourn with or without a provision of necessary legislation for California.

Slavery and our Legislature.—Majority and minority reports upon the slavery question, have been prepared by a select committee of our Legislature. The majority report takes the ground that the citizens of the States are equal in respect to rights, and that the Southern citizen has as much right to take his slaves into new territories, as the Northern citizen has to take his "property."

The minority report combats the argument of the majority that citizens have as much right to carry slave property into free territories, as they have to carry thither their cattle, &c., by saying that the assertion has no force until three-fifths of the latter can be represented in Congress as the slaves are. Neither report appears acceptable.

If the right of a State, to secede from the Union, is conceded, says a cotemporary, then, it is argued, a country has a right to secede from the State; and if a country, then why not a town. After the revolutionary war, our readers will recollect, a disposition to rebel against State authorities was manifested in several of the States. Passing by the rebellions in Massachusetts and New Hampshire, we find, that in 1782 there was a strong effort made in Pennsylvania to dismember her of a portion of her western settlements; that in 1785 the western counties of North Carolina declared themselves independent and formed themselves into the revolutionary state of Frankland; and that in the same year, the south-western district of Virginia desired to secede and unite with Frankland. All these attempts at disunion were put down by the strong arm of government. North Carolina maintained her authority in arms during a period of three years. It cannot be doubted that, if any portion of the South shall withdraw from the Union, the strong arm of the general government will be successfully exerted to reduce them to submission.

Foreign News.—The Steamship America, arrived from Liverpool, on Sunday last. She brings news of little importance. Cotton was without change; Flour had fallen from 1s. to 1s. 6d. per barrel, and other breadstuffs in proportion. Disturbances had occurred in Paris—mobs were raised—but order was restored without difficulty. A misunderstanding arose between England and Greece, threatening war, but is likely to be settled by the interposition of France. The Pope is about to return to Rome. The Circassians have gained great victories over the Russians. Madame Kossuth has joined her husband in Turkey.

Relics of Washington.—Robert C. Scott, Esq., in his delivery of the oration on the occasion of laying the corner stone of the Washington Monument at Richmond, unfolded a small garment of the finest texture, which "the wind carried out upon its bosom as if it had been silk." This, said Mr. Scott, is the blanket in which Gen. Washington when an infant was wrapped up, on his being baptised into the Church of Christ." Here too, said the speaker, holding up the insignia which were in his hands, "here is the masonic scarf and apron, made at La Grange by Madame de La Fayette, and presented by Gen. Lafayette to his masonic brother Gen. Washington, and worn by him when officiating as master of a Lodge in Alexandria."

There is probably no one who has not heard of the famous clothing house in Boston called Oak Hall. Its proprietor, Geo. W. Simmons, probably sells more clothing than any other dealer in the country. The secret of his success is said to be in selling goods at the lowest possible rates, and letting the fact be known by advertising liberally. This is a hint to our merchants.

Easton Gas Company.—A bill has been Reported in the Legislature for the incorporation of a company to supply Easton with gas. The capital Stock of the company shall be $40,000, to be divided into 800 shares of $50 each, with a right to increase the capital to $100,000.

Gen. Taylor and the Union.—General Taylor, in his speech at Richmond, on the 22d of February, declared that he would shed his blood in defence of the Union. There is no flinching in "Old Zack."

A letter from Washington published in the N. Y. Tribune, states, that so intense is the feeling on the subject of Slavery between the two extreme factions of the North and the South, that he should not be surprised if blood should be spilled on the floor of Congress.

Maryland.—A bill has passed both Houses of the Legislature to permit slaves to be brought into the State from other States; but with the proviso, that they must not be brought for the purpose of traffic.

Local Items.

☞ *Election of Teachers.*—On Thursday evening last, the Board of School Directors elected the following teachers to take charge of the public schools of this Borough for the ensuing year:

Male Schools.	Female Schools.
No. 1. T. T. Kutchin.	No. 1 Mary McCamant.
" 2. T. L. Appley.	" " 2 Emily Wynkoop, Ass't.
" 3. John G. Martin.	" " 3 E. B Loeser.
" 4. John J. Jones.	" " 4 Anna J. Lewis' Ass't.
" 5. L. G. Trouth.	" " 5 T. M. Strauch.
" 6. E. A. Hendershot.	" " 6 S. M. A. Bontypshell.
" 7. Eliza Gensler.	" " 7 C. McCamant, Ass't.
	" " 8 E. E. Downing.

The examining Committee, having reported that all the old teachers, who applied for re-election, were competent to fill the stations they occupied, were all re-elected.—Miss Anna J. Lewis, having been reported as the best qualified among the new applicants, she was elected to the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of Miss Hyde.

In order to hold out a stimulus to teachers to increase their qualifications, the Board adopted a resolution that at all examinations, the teachers will be graded according to their qualifications to impart instruction, without regard to the position they may hold in the schools.

☞ *Gas Company.*—The bill, incorporating the Gas Company has been passed by the Legislature, and signed by the Governor.—The company, we understand, intend fixing the price of Gas on Wednesday next.

Pennsylvania Hall.—By reference to an advertisement, in another column, it will be seen that W. G. Johnson has leased the Pennsylvania Hall, in this Borough. The Hall has always been one of our best Hotels, and its reputation as such will, no doubt, be maintained by its present landlord.

☞ *Fatal Accident.*—An Irishman, named James Harrold, fell from the steps of a building, near the Welsh Church, Tamaqua, yesterday week, and injured himself in such a manner, that he died from the effects of the fall on Monday night last.

☞ *Juvenile Concert.*—Quite an entertaining concert was given at the Town Hall, on Wednesday evening, by children, numbering about 200, under the direction of Mr. Hawley. They sang a number of songs in a manner that did credit to themselves. The most singular feature in the evening's entertainment, was the music produced by Mr. Craig, who can justly be called a "Human Organ." He produces, by his voice, music consisting of a variety of sounds, similar to that of an organ—with such harmony and precision, that is astonishing. The faculty is, indeed, a singular one, and should attract the attention of men of science.

☞ *Professor Kirkwood*, of the Academy, delivered a lecture on Astronomy, in Clayton's Hall, on Monday evening last. All who were present, were delighted with the discourse.

☞ *The Literary Society.*—The lecture of Mr. O. De Forest, delivered before the Pottsville Literary Society, on Wednesday evening last, was listened to with pleasure by a large and intelligent audience. The subject was Byron.

We publish, upon our first page, an extract from a lecture delivered before this Association a few weeks ago. The publication of extracts from each lecture will be continued by order of the Committee on Lectures.

☞ *Ladies' Gaiter Boots.*—We stepped into Mr. Clement S. Foster's Boot and Shoe Store, in Centre street, a few days ago, and were shown a beautiful article of Ladies' Gaiter Boots, manufactured without seams, according to a recent patent, the right of which Mr. Foster holds for manufacturing the article in Schuylkill county. We must confess that they were the most elegant article of the kind we have ever seen, and just the thing to show off a neatly turned foot to the best advantage.—In these Gaiters the unsightly seam on the instep (which is always ripping) is avoided, and the durability of the article is increased two-fold. Mr. Foster deserves the patronage of the ladies for his efforts to furnish them with a neat and fashionable article,—and besides these Gaiters are of home manufacture, and will outlast at least two or three pair of those pasted up articles obtained from abroad, merely made to sell—not to wear.

☞ *Serious Accident.*—We learn that John Campbell, of this Borough, met with a very serious accident at Pittston Ferry, on Saturday last. He was blasting rocks at the time, and while in the act of preparing for a blast, in pushing down the powder, he used an iron bar instead of wood, which caused the powder to ignite and explode, by which his face was very much burnt, and other portions of his body seriously injured. It is feared he will loose both his eyes.

☞ *The Hon. Mr. Pitman* paid a visit to his constituents, during this week,—he looks hale and hearty—but gives a gloomy account of the affairs of Congress. He gives it as his opinion that no business of importance will be transacted by Congress until the Slavery question is disposed of. It is also his impression that either the suggestions of the President, to leave the whole subject to the Territories, or Mr. Clay's compromise resolutions, will finally prevail.

St. David's Day.—Yesterday, the first of March, was St. David's day. It was formerly observed by our Welsh citizens, with much spirit, in honor of St. David: but, of late, we believe it is not celebrated.

☞ *A Parade.*—A portion of our young folks of both sexes, had quite a neat little parade, on Wednesday afternoon last. They were preceded by martial music, consisting of drum and life. The whole was the 'command' of Mr. Hawley.

☞ *March.*—February, before its close, favored us with a slight springling of snow. During Thursday morning last, the weather was very mild—the Sun shone with warmth, and not a cloud obscured the sky; but in the afternoon the weather changed, and we had a fall of snow, hail, and rain; the latter, during the night was accompanied by thunder and lightning. The first month of Spring has set in, and as the season, so far, has been very mild, we may witness old Boreas reposing in the lap of Spring, for March is generally a winter-like month, but nevertheless accompanied with pleasant associations, as Howitt has truly said in the following:

"March is a rude, and sometimes boisterous month, possessing many of the characteristics of winter, yet awakening sensations, perhaps, more delicious than the two following Spring months, for it gives us the first announcement and taste of Spring."

Bryant also in one of his poems, upon this month, says:

Ah, passing few are they who speak,
Wild, stormy month! in praise of thee;
Yet, though thy winds are loud and bleak,
Thou art a welcome month to me.

☞ *The Twenty Second of February* was celebrated in a spirited manner in Tamaqua.

☞ *Emigrants.*—A number of Emigrants from the "Old Country," arrived in town yesterday.

All Sorts of Items.

Snow fell in Tuscaloosa, Alabama, on the 14th inst. for the first time in several years.

The Wedding Dress of Miss Russel, at St. Louis, was made of glass, and cost $1500.

Hon. Abbot Lawrence, has so far recovered as to be able to attend to business.

"*I'll watch* and prey," as the fox said when he saw a poultry yard.

Fifteen years ago the passage from New Orleans to Cincinnati, was $100. Twelve dollars are now grumbled at.

C. W. Roback, the Astrologer, has been arrested in Philadelphia, for obtaining money under false pretences, and held to bail.

Receipt for Killing Rats.—Powdered squills one ounce, and old cheese four ounces, mixed intimately.

Dyspepsia.—Ginger pulverised and made into strong tea, is said to relieve the severest attack of dyspepsia.

Henry Clay, attended the Whig Young Men's Ball, in Philadelphia, on Monday evening last.

The Doctor who operates for "cataracts" is going up to Buffalo to see if he can't do something for Niagara.

It is estimated that the cotton crop of the present year will amount to 2,317,000 bales.

A British Trifle.—The interest of the British National debt is about $179 millions annually.

The friendship of some people is like our shadow, keeping close while we walk in the sunshine, but deserting us the moment we enter the shade.

A man was fined, in the Police Court of Boston, on Thursday week, fifty cents, and costs, for stealing a copy of the Boston Daily Advertiser from a subscriber's door.

Divorces.—The desire for annulling the marriage contract seems to be becoming an epidemic. In the Supreme Court of Boston 48 suits for divorce are now pending.

Glad of it.—Green, the reformed Gambler has been honorably discharged on the charge lately preferred against him and on which he had been arrested.

It has been ascertained that men in England engaged at work in hot blast furnaces never live beyond the age of twenty eight years.

South Florida is well adapted to raising coffee.—They should cultivate it now that there is a diminution in the supply of coffee, and a consequent advance in prices.

The Bank of Danville was opened for business on Tuesday week. The notes of this institution will be kept at par in Philadelphia, and redeemed at the Girard Bank.

Hon. Jefferson Davis has been re-elected United States Senator by the Legislature of Mississippi for six years from the 4th of March next.

If you would get rid of a lounger about your store or office, lend him a $5 note. The remedy will be an effectual one, for he will not annoy you afterwards.

Good.—A shrewd old gentleman once said to his daughter, "Be sure, my dear, you never marry a poor man; but remember that the poorest man in the world is one that has money and nothing else."

In Cincinnati, on the 17th inst., James F. Kelly was shot and mortally wounded by a widow lady named Wiekmier. Cause—he would visit her house contrary to her desire.

Kid Come Again!—A company of colored men are digging near Rochester for hidden treasure. One of their number stands with a drawn sword upon the heap of earth thrown up from the excavation.

Gas.—Gas has been introduced into Lancaster city. At first, it did burn very brilliantly in consequence of the atmospheric air in the pipes. Pottsville, Reading York and Lancaster, are now lighted with Gas.

Good for Oregon.—A letter from Oregon states that land there which last spring sold for $4000, has been sold for $16000. In a little while Oregon will be equal to California.

Cheap Gas.—Several private companies are about being formed in Baltimore city, to furnish gas at something less than one half the price now charged by the Baltimore Gas Company.

The Gaines case, which has been before courts and has occupied a portion of the public papers, for years, was finally decided, last week, in the U. S. Circuit Court at New Orleans, and against Mrs. G.'s claims.

All Right.—Prosper M. Wetmore, late naval Agent at New York, has furnished satisfactory security to the Government, for the balance of the claim against him, and awaits the decision of the auditor.

The losses of Month.—The total amount of loss by the destruction and injury to steamboats on the Mississippi and other western rivers, during the month of January last, is estimated at $806,000.

Profitable Prison.—The Mississippi Penitentiary yielded $3482.23 profit to the State Treasury last year. Would it not be a good investment to establish them on private account.

A Heavy Cost.—In the Supreme Court of Connecticut, a lady recently recovered a verdict for $1572.73, and heavy costs, against a man who attempted to have her removed from a school in Hartland, and accused her of unchastity.

A Match for Schuylkill.—Mrs. Johnson who resides in the lower part of Davies co., Ky., in February, 1849, gave birth to three fine sons, and a few days since she gave birth to two other sons—making in all, five in about eleven months.

The Philadelphia and Wilkesbarre Telegraph Company have concluded to extend their wires to Danville, via Easton, Mauch Chunk, Berwick, Bloomsburg, and Catawissa. The posts have already been put up as far as Berwick.

Dr. Cullen, when dying, is said to have faintly articulated to one of his inmates, "I wish I had the power of writing or speaking, for then I would describe to you how pleasant a thing it is to die."

At a recent "training down east," after an order was given to "return ramrods," one of the soldiers broke from the line, and was off at full split. "Hallo," bawled the commanding officer, "where are you going?" "Down to Squire Muggins, to return the ramrod I borrowed of him, You said return ramrods."

License Law in Wisconsin.—In Wisconsin, Mrs. Lovicy Keyser has recovered $100 damages of Jacob Heath, for selling Rum to her husband who got the delirium tremens.—Liquor dealers in that state have, by law, to give bonds to pay for all injuries growing out of the sale of liquor.

A Parisian author has translated Shakspeare's line "Out brief candle!" into French thus—"Get out short candles," and lay on Macduff," "him agio, Macduff." This is not as bad as a translation of an exclamation of Milton's "Hail, horrors, hail!" into "How d'ye do, horrors, how d'ye do."

Milton wrote twenty-one thousand lines; Dryden, including his translations, about sixty thousand lines: Pope, about forty thousand lines, some eight thousand of which were original; Gray, one thousand verses; Byron, about ten thousand verses more than Homer, and triple the number of Virgil and Tasso.

Georgia was settled in 1733 by the English, and acceded to the Union, Jan. 2, 1788. Its capital is Milledgeville. Voters, citizens of the States and six months resident of the county where voting, and have paid taxes the year preceding the election. Area, 60,000 square miles. Population in 1840, 590,756.

A bill has been prepared, dividing Upper Canada, into three diocesses—Toronto, Kingston and London. The three Bishops are to be nominated from among themselves by the clergy in convocation, and each name to be submitted for approval to the English Bishops, and afterwards for confirmation and appointment by the Queen.

Amount of Consternation Calculated.—The Rev. Mr. Gannet, of Boston, reckons that each individual averages three hours' conversation daily, at the rate of a hundred words a minute, or twenty pages of an octavo volume in an hour. At this rate we talk a volume of 400 octavo pages in a week, and fifty-two volumes in a year.

From Harrisburg.

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.

Harrisburg, Feb. 27, 1850.

The reports of the majority and minority committee on the relation Pennsylvania occupies towards the Union, (or rather I should say the report of Andrew Beaumont, Esq., as the other two members of the committee disclaim the sentiments it advocates,) were read in the House on Monday.

The Report of the former is a complete yielding up of the question to the South, gives the Northern States no concessions whatever, is full of specious fallacies,

"Like Dead Sea fruits that tempt the eye,
But turn to ashes on the lips;"

after wading through its long drawn, and tedious supineness of style, truckling, fawning subserviency to the patriarchal institution of Slavery," and want of boldness, vigor and independence of thought, you are glad to turn

"From reveries so airy,—from the toil
Of dropping buckets into empty wells,
And growing old in drawing nothing up."

The Report of Messrs. Allison and Bowen, is a bold, manly document, showing Pennsylvania's true position, to stand by the compromises of the Constitution, and while they, yield the "pound of flesh" "because it is so nominated in the bond," they are unwilling "to let a drop of blood accompany it," or to grant the South the privilege of extending Slavery over Territory that is now free. This latter report will be adopted, for even the Loco's are sick of the dough-faced character of the former document, and it cannot pass either branch of the Legislature. The Democratic members of either House could not go home, and look their constituents in the face, after having voted to yield up everything to the "Moloch of Slavery," as Mr. Beaumont's report has done.

We have had quite an interesting discussion on the application of Dr. Wm. Wetherill, for a Divorce from his wife Isabella. The Hon. Mr. Walker, of Erie, charged Mrs. W. with having maliciously deserted her husband, and of making whilst together the most exorbitant exactions. The Hon. H. Jones Brooke, in reply said, that the whole of the evidence in the case showed a degree of moderation, fidelity and forbearance on the part of Mrs. W., unexampled in any case that had ever came before the Legislature, and indignantly, and in a strain of fervid soul stirring eloquence, defended the lady from a charge of malicious desertion, and passed a high eulogium upon the example she had furnished, what woman could do, and that having passed through the fiery trial of sore affliction, she had come out of it like gold, seven times tried, the purer from the trials she had undergone. It was owing to Mr. Brooke's untiring devotion, his firm decisive mode of action, and his chaste impassioned eloquence that the bill has been defeated in the Senate, and cannot be passed this session: it is utterly impossible.

Mr. Brooke is one of the best members in the Senate, always faithful, and untiring in the discharge of his arduous duties, he reflects the highest honor on the District, who have been so fortunate as to secure so invaluable a member.

Mr. Edwin Forrest, the Tragedian, has also made an application for a divorce, and his papers are now in the hands of a Committee; rumor says that he has left a snug sum of money to get his bill through: this I suppose, will get into the hards of those miserable Vampyres, the Borers which, like the Locusts of Egypt, swarm about this town—fellows who are too lazy to pursue their legitimate pursuits, but watch like Jackals and Wolves, for some poor victim whom they may pounce upon and suck his life blood. Some peace enactments should be made to rid our Halls of Legislation of these ogrous creatures, who are a disgrace to themselves, and common humanity.

I regret to perceive a disposition on the part of some papers professedly Whig, to attack the character and impeach the motives of the Hon. James Cooper, in relation to confirmations now before the Senate. Mr. Cooper is a true patriot; his late eloquent speech on the subject of the Union proves that; it has been received here by his numerous friends with mingled expressions of enthusiasm and delight. Mr. Cooper, I am satisfied, will oppose no person who comes up to the Jeffersonian standard—"Is he honest? Is he capable? Is he faithful to the Constitution?" and shall any person nominated, not come up to this test? Mr. Cooper's duty to the Whig party, and to himself, would render opposition to them his duty, and one to which we know he will faithfully adhere.

Col. D. J. Unger, of this Borough, has been appointed Route Agent on the "Central Rail Road," between this place and McVeytown. The Col. is a gallant Whig, who has seen some service in the Mexican campaign—is eminently capable, and his appointment gives great pleasure to his host of friends everywhere.

Mr. Laird's Bank Bill was under discussion in the House this morning. Speeches were made by Messrs. Cunningham, Porter, Killinger, Steele, Smyser and McClintock, but nothing definite has been done as yet, in the matter.

As ever, thine
ORIANA.

TIC DOLOUREUX OR NEURALGIA.—Joanna Tyschburgh, of Clarence, N. Y., states that for 12 years she was severely afflicted with Tic Douloureux or painful affection of the nerves of the face, attended with great swelling and much pain, so that she was unable to attend to her work. That the only remedy she had found was in the use of that celebrated medicine, known as Geo. W. Merchant's Gargling Oil; by taking it and by applying it to the parts affected. She also states that she had been afflicted with bleeding at the lungs and weakness of the breast—that of all the above diseases she had been cured by the internal and external use of this oil; and has since been actively engaged at her work. She has also used it with great success in burns.

See advertisement in this paper and call on the agent for a pamphlet which gives a full description of this remarkable remedy.

POTTSVILLE MARKETS.

CORRECTED WEEKLY FOR THE JOURNAL.

Wheat Flour, bbl	$5 00	Dr'd Peaches par'd.	5 00
Rye do do	4 50	do do unpar'd.	1 75
Wheat, bush	1 30	Dr'd Apples, par'd.	75
Rye, do	60	Eggs, doz.	12
Corn, do	65	Butter, lb.	15
Oats, do	27	Lard, do	08
Potatoes, do	50	Hams, do	10
Timothy Seed,	2 25	Hay, ton,	15 00
Clover do	3 50	Plaster,	5 00

MARRIED.

On the 28th ult., by the Rev. D. Steck, Mr D. S. Keine, to Miss Louisa Zeigler, all of Pottsville.

On the 20th ult., by the Rev. E. Breidenbaugh, Mr. F. Guyer, to Mrs L. Zerger, all of Pinegrove tp.

On the 24th ult., by the same, Mr. C. Mulles, to Miss Cath. Ann Lengle, all of Wayne tp.

At Womelsdorf, Berks Co., on the 10th ult., by the Rev. C. F. Hoffmeier, Mr Wm. Werner, of Marion township, to Miss Lydia Matthews, of New Smithtown.

In the same place, on Thursday morning, the 21st ult., by the same, H. G Worrall, M. D., of Turbotville, Northumberland Co., to Miss Mary C. Esq. of Womelsdorf.

On the 4th ult., by Rev. Mr. Yeager, Mr. P. Dotterer, to Miss S. Schaedler, both of Mt Keansburg.

On the 17th ult., by the same, Mr. Wm. Harris, of Minersville, to Mr. S. Beaver, of Norwegian.

On the 9th ult., by Pierce Fox, Esq., Mr. T. Foulds, to Miss M. Frainey, both of Tremont Township.

On the 14th ult., by the Rev. Mr. Yeager, Mr. C. Ebbert, to Miss A. Brush, both of Port Clinton.

DEATHS.

In this Borough, on Thursday last, Louisa Jennings late of Sterling, Wyoming Co., in the 21st year of her age.

At Minersville, on the 18th inst., William, son of Michael and Charlotte Weaver, aged 19 months.

At Palo Alto, on the 24th ult., John, infant son of Owen and Catharine Brennen, aged 1 year, 7 months and 23 days.

At Pittsburg, on the 1st, ult., after a severe illness, Mrs. M. Lanergan, formerly of Pottsville, in the 65th year of her age.

In this Borough, on the 16th ult., Frances Ann, Infant daughter of John R. and Mary Ann Patton, aged 10 months and 16 days.

☞ The Pottsville Literary Society will hold its next regular meeting at Silcher's Hall, on Wednesday evening next, March 6th.

Lecture by Howell Fisher, Esq. Subject—Our Government.

Debate—"Is the existence of two great political parties in our Country, beneficial to its interests?"—Affirmative—Messrs. T. D Kempton, and P W Shaffer. Negative—Messrs. J G Neville and J E Baum. Reader—J M Wetherill.

By order of the Society R. H. Hobart, Sec.

☞ The next, in the course of Academic Lectures, will be delivered by Mr. P. Ruth, on Monday evening, 7 o'clock, in Clayton's Hall. Subject: "The cultivation of man's intellectual powers." The public are respectfully invited.

☞ Mechanics' Mutual Protection.—The members of this order are invited to attend a meeting at their Hall, on Tuesday evening, March 5th, 1850, as business of special interest will be laid before them.

Edward Shippen, Attorney and Counsellor at Law, Philadelphia, will attend to collections and all other legal business in the City of Philadelphia, adjoining Counties and Elsewhere.—Office No. 12 Prune street, Philadelphia.

NOTICES.

NOTICE.—The Mechanics' Saving Fund Association, of Pottsville, will hold their annual meeting, at the house of Jacob Kline, on Monday, the 4th day of March, at 3 o'clock, P. M., for the election of Officers, receiving dues, and selling stock-loans, and any other business that may come before the Society. A punctual attendance is requested.

J. G. HEWES, Pres.
I. LOESER, Sec'y.

March 2, 1850 9-1t

THE FRENCH COAL COMPANY of Schuylkill, Luzerne and Carbon Counties, hereby give notice, publicly, that Mr DE VILLEBOI is no longer their Agent or Director for said Company, and has no power to contract for them, he having been dismissed from the employ of said company, on the 13th of February, 1850. Therefore, any persons contracting with the said De Villeroi, will do so at their own risk, as the said Company will not ratify such contract.

March 2, 1850. 9-3t

TO MINERS.—PROPOSALS will be received until March 1st, to blast and excavate the main shaft of the Breckenridge Coal Mines, in Valley Falls, R. I. Said shaft is now 215 on an incline of 35 degrees, and is at present in hard sand stone. Size of the shaft is 6 by 12 in the clear, and to be continued 200 feet. Bids to be for doing all the work; finding powder, tools, and loading the material into cars. The Company to hoist the cars and pump the water. Proposals should state the price per yard for rock and slate cutting, separate.

Address communications to STEPHEN SIBLEY, Treasurer. No. 7, Court Street, Boston, Mass.

March 2, 1850 9-3t

NOTICE—The subscriber, appointed by the Orphans' Court of Schuylkill County, the Auditor, to re-settle and re-state the accounts of Peter Kremer, Executor of the Last Will and Testament of Abraham Fertig, late of Pinegrove tp., Esq., deceased, hereby gives notice, that he will be in attendance at his office in the Borough of Orwigsburg, on the 11th day of March next, when and where all parties interested may attend.

CHAS. WITMAN, Auditor.

Feb 23, 1850. 8-3t

INSOLVENT DEBTOR'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that SARAH DAVID has applied to the Court of Common Pleas, of Schuylkill county, for the benefit of the Insolvent Act. The Court have fixed on Monday, March 11, for the hearing of herself and creditors. By order of the Court,

THOMAS MILLS, Prothonotary.

Feb. 16. 7-3t

CAUTION.—All persons are hereby cautioned not to meddle with a certain new two horse spring wagon, and two gray horses and harness, which I this day purchased at Constable's sale, as the property of Jacob Heckernell, and which I have loaned unto said Heckernell, until such time as I see fit to remove them.

WILLIAM MONTELIUS.

St. Clair, February 11, 1850. 7-3t

NOTICE is hereby given, that an application for a Charter has been made to the Legislature of Schuylkill County, to the Courts of Common Pleas, of Schuylkill county; and that a Charter will be granted by said Court, at March term next, in accordance with the articles of Incorporation filed in the Prothonotary's Office, unless cause be shown to the contrary By the Court,

THOMAS MILLS, Prothonotary.

February 16, 7—

DISSOLUTION.—The co-partnership heretofore existing and trading under the firm of R. Keiper & Co., is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons having claims against the firm, are requested to present them for settlement.

R. KEIPER & CO.
WM. BRADY.
J. S. ELLIOTT.

Pottsville, February 16, 1850.

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS OF Schuylkill County.—

Henry Witman, } Fi. Fa. to Dec. Term, 1849.
John Witman, }
Henry Witman, } Fi. Fa. to Dec. Term, 1849.
Edw. Witman. }

The undersigned, Auditor, appointed by the Court of Common Pleas of Schuylkill, to report the claims to the fund in Court raised on the above stated Executions and to distribute the same among the persons entitled thereto, will attend for that purpose, at his office, in the borough of Pottsville, on Saturday, the 2d day of March, A. D. 1850, at 10 o'clock, A. M., when and where all persons interested, can attend.

JOHN E. HOBART, Auditor.

Feb. 12, 7—3t

HAVING determined to remove from my present location, I return my sincere thanks to the public who have patronised me liberally for several years past. The business will be continued at the same place, by Dr. G. N. Bowman, who I hope will receive the same encouragement that has been extended to me, and who I believe, will use his best endeavors to please those who desire his professional services.

M. DEPUY, Dentist.

Pottsville, Feb. 16th, 7—3t

DOCTOR G. N. BOWMAN, SURGEON DENTIST. Successor to M. Depuy, Pottsville, Office on the E. corner of Market and Third sts.

February 16, 7—tf

NOTICE TO TAX COLLECTORS—The Commissioners of Schuylkill County, will meet at their Office, in the Borough of Orwigsburg, on the 11th day of March next, for the purpose of settling with all Collectors of State and County Tax, at which time and place you can attend for the final settlement of your Duplicates.

ISAAC BETZ.
WILLIAM FRAILY, } Comm'rs.
MICHAEL FRITZ, }

Feb 9, 1850. 6-4t

NOTICE—S. N. CARS.—Whereas, the Coal Cars usually known as the "*Yellow Cars*" have on several occasions been stolen away from the Navigation Landings, and used to haul Coal for private purposes.

NOTICE, is hereby given that the subscriber is determined to put a stop to the small hit power, to put a stop to such trespasses, and to punish the trespassers.

EDWARD G. HARRIS,
Agent for the Trustees.

May 12, 20-tf

TAKE NOTICE.—The Books and accounts of FOSTER & DALY, having been assigned to the subscribers, all persons having accounts open with them, are requested to call and settle the same indebted to make payment only to us or our author and agent.

S. & J. FOSTER.

Dec 22, 1849. 44-1y

N. B.—All accounts not settled before the first of December next, will be left with a Squire for settlement.

S. & J. FOSTER.

Nov 10, 1849. 46-tf

HATCHES' CELEBRATED CHEMICAL Powder for Razor Strops, unrivalled and unequalled in the annals of the Nineteenth Century. Warranted to produce a fine smooth edge in one minute, or the money refunded. For sale by the undersigned, at the Town Hall Iron Store.

July 27, 31-1 BRIGHT & POTT.

WANTED.

A SITUATION is wanted by a young man, as a Salesman in a Store. He understands the German and English Languages, and has had 10 years' experience as a Salesman. Unexceptionable references given. Apply at this Office.

Feb 23, 1850. 8-2w

CLERK WANTED, to the Colliery, business. Satisfactory reference will be required. Address, immediately, Box W., care of the printer.

March 2, 1850. 9-tf

200 HANDS WANTED, immediately, by the subscribers, to work in their Boat-yard. To faithful hands, constant employment and liberal wages will be given.

FRICK & SLIFER.

Lewisburg, February 16, 9—3t

WANTED—A Situation by an experienced Book Keeper, who has been employed in that capacity for the last eight years, and who can give unexceptionable reference for capability and integrity. A note addressed to X. Y. Z., at the office of the Mi