TERMS OF THE MINERS' JOURNAL.—SINGLE SUBSCRIPTION.—Two Dollars per annum, payable semi-annually in advance, to those who reside in the County—and annually in advance to those who reside out of the County. The publisher reserves to himself the right to charge $2 50 per annum, when payment is delayed longer than one year.

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MINERS' JOURNAL.

SATURDAY FEBRUARY 23, 1850.

We invite attention to Mr. Hoyt's clothing store, Philadelphia, advertised in another column.

McGINNES' SHAFT.—We learn that Mr. McGinnes has struck slate in the bottom of his shaft, which appears to correspond with the top slate of the mammoth vein.

In conversation with an Operator yesterday, who has had sixteen years' experience in mining in this region, and who at first doubted the theory, he informed us that from recent investigations, he was satisfied that Mr. McGinnes is correct: but his impression was that he would have to sink to a depth of at least 100 feet before he would strike the vein.

SPARING HIGHT OFF.—The course of Senator Foote, of Mississippi, in the U. S. Senate, during this and previous sessions, has been such as to disgust his friends and excite the indignation of every candid man. What is most astonishing is to see him measure words with such a man as CLAY, aside of whom he is a mere pigmy. The following, taken from a Locofoco paper, expresses the proper sentiments:

"Whatever respect the talents of U. S. Senator FOOTE entitles him to, the bold and bad part he has taken towards the Nashville traitors' convention, and his continual brawling about a dissolution of the Union, merits him eternal condemnation in the heart of every Northern freeman."

GENERAL JACKSON'S SWORD.—Our readers doubtless recollect that General JACKSON bequeathed the sword he wore at the battle of New Orleans, to Gen. ARMSTRONG, late Consul to Liverpool. An anecdote is told of it. The Nashville Convention, which is to assemble in June, it is supposed, will propose a dissolution of the Union: if this should be done, Gen. A., says he would unsheath the sword and rally the people of Tennessee to expel the members, as entertaining treasonable designs.

THE AMOUNT of California gold received at the U. S. Mint, in Philadelphia, from the 9th to the 15th instant, inclusive, was one million, five hundred thousand dollars. The total receipts of California gold at the Philadelphia Mint, up to the 1st January, 1850, were $6,500,000. If to this be added the receipts from the 1st to the 15th February, as above, $1,500,000, and the receipts at the Branch Mints, held in private hands and estimated at $2,5000,000, we have the total amount of California Gold received up to the 15th instant, $10,500,000.

REJECTED VALENTINES.—The New York and Boston papers state that many costly Valentines, in elegant envelopes, and on which postage had been paid, were refused by the persons to whom they were addressed, on the ground that such missives, received on former anniversaries, of the day, had contained indecent and offensive matter. The practice of sending such exhibitions of coarse, unmanly vulgarity, had induced many families to exclude *all* Valentines, without distinction; as it indeed would be difficult to say whether an insult were not couched under a richly embroided envelope, as well as under a coarser texture.

MAKING MONEY IN CALIFORNIA.—We see it stated in a letter from San Francisco, that while the conflagration was raging in that city some of the spectators refused to hand buckets of water, or to remove goods, unless they were compensated. The only fire engine in the place, too, was securely locked up, and was not permitted to be brought into use until a written promise of remuneration was obtained. According to our customs on this side of the continent, the sagacious and not the most cold-blooded of mankind, money. [illegible] for the owners of the property [illegible] on their own ground. Down in San Francisco, it was sour grapes in speculation.

LECTURES OF THE ATHENÆUM.—On last Monday evening, at the close of the School [illegible] it was announced that the lecture would be delivered in the basement of the Presbyterian Church, but owing to some repairs being made in that room, it cannot be obtained. A lecture will nevertheless be delivered by one of the teachers on Monday evening next. The place will be announced through the scholars of the Academy.

ILLIBERAL VIEWS.—It can no longer be disguised that the election of Judges by the People, is with the Locofocos, a very unpopular measure. The "cohesive power of *public plunder*" binds them too strongly, to allow them to advocate a measure, the principle of which is truly Republican, and the effect of which would prove beneficial. Judge PORTER, a leading locofoco, declared in a Speech, in opposition to this measure, that "when a member of the Convention which formed the present Constitution, he warned his brother Locofocos in that Convention, that if they went on as they had begun, to deprive the Governor of his patronage, the Locofoco party in the State of Pennsylvania, would soon be broken up, and that he desired to repeat the warning to his brother Locofocos in the present House of Representatives." Was there, remarks the Harrisburg *Telegraph*, ever a more bold, yet truthful admission that the Locofoco party are "held together by the cohesive power of public plunder?" But Mr. Porter, instead of qualifying his language when this construction was put upon it, seemed to glory and exult in the fact, and made no attempt whatever to explain away the force of the declaration.

AGE OF WONDERS.—In this age of wonderful improvements and travelling facilities, merchants think nothing of travelling a thousand miles to make their purchases, when such a purchase is made profitable to them. There are many clothing dealers throughout the Union who go to Boston for the sake of trading at the famous OAK HALL.

PRESIDENT TAYLOR, started on a visit to Richmond, Va., on the 21st to participate in the ceremonies of laying the Corner Stone o the Washington Monument.

FROM HARRISBURG.

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.

Harrisburg, Feb. 21, 1850.

I regret to perceive, by your last *Journal*, that you think I have been "jilted" because I had written you rather freely on the "Divorce cases" before the present Legislature: being a firm believer in the doctrine of Rochefocauld, "there is but one love," and as I have never yet encountered *that one*, I think I can prove an *alibi* that would satisfy even the elder Mrs. Weller. I am guiltless in that respect; but I did think it very unjust to persecute our Legislature with applications on the subject, arising from private domestic bickerings. "On this hint I spake"—"my offence hath this extent no more."—If I have erred, after this explanation, you should remember,

"When truth, and virtue, an affront endures,
The offence is mine, my friend, and should be yours

The Bill on the subject of the Elective Judiciary has been the subject of discussion of a very animated and eloquent character.—James M Porter, Esq., of Northampton, in his peculiar manner, and shrill sharp voice, that sounded

"Like a devil's tattoo, played with iron sticks
On a kettle drum of granite."

made a long argument in opposition to the measure: this speech contains such precious specimens of Democracy, they are worth transcribing: here is an extract. "I told my Democratic brethren in the Reform Convention of 1837-38, that if they passed those amendments to the Constitution, which took away the Executive patronage, they would take away the hand that held the Democratic party together—the Democratic party had held the power in the State thirty out of thirty-one years, and they would have continued to hold it on the same proportion of time." It was unfortunate for Mr. Porter to appeal to the mercenary feelings of his brother Democrats, while it was candid to admit what was really the bond of Union, "that held them together." He should have added that the Democratic party might have held the power until the present time, if the indignant voice of the people had not driven them from their strong hold because of their corruptions, and because the eyes of the people were no longer to be blinded, by their empty profession of patriotism, and attachment to the cause of the dear people.

The bill, relating to the election of State Reporter has been defeated in the Senate, they having refused to order it to be transcribed. So this scheme to elect a locofoco, while they have the power, will be frustrated, and Gov. Johnston will make the appointment, but I am not aware how soon it will be done.

Mr. Cooyn, I regret to say, made a speech in opposition to the bill, and said all that could be said on that side of the subject; his arguments are untenable; and his fears and objections altogether groundless, in reference to this measure, and can be effectually answered by the following extract of a letter, written by ex-Governor Seward, to a gentleman of this Borough, which I am permitted to copy—the ex-Governor says:—"The system of an elective Judiciary was regarded with much distrust when it was adopted in New York, but I believe there is now a very general conviction, that it is at least as safe, and as efficient, as the ancient one which it supplanted."

Very able speeches were made in reply, by Messrs. Craig, Biddle, of Philadelphia, and Mr. Allison, of Beaver. I am assured by a member of the House, when the bill comes up for final passage, there will be but three dissenting votes.

The question as to the inscription on the block of marble to be presented by this State for the National Monument, was the theme of a warm discussion in the Senate on Saturday. Mr. Muhlenberg, and Mr. Hugus, made themselves appear ridiculous by their coarse vulgar attacks on the character of William Penn, but were ably replied to by the Hon. Wm. F. Packer, who stated that if Gentlemen relied so much on Macauley's History as the foundation of the charges against Penn's character, the name of our State should be changed, and instead of being Pennsylvania, it should be called *Macauley Sylvania*: there is a great deal of noble manly feeling about Mr. Packer, which I have had occasion to witness on several occasions, but he never before appeared so truly noble, as when with his fervid, impassioned eloquence he defended the character of Penn, from *his English, and Senatorial slanderers*; he concluded his speech with what I thought a sublime idea, "that the character of Penn, had been written by the finger of God, "a living epistle to be known and read of all men": to the credit of a Pennsylvania Senate be it said, they adopted the motto—"Pennsylvania, founded, A. D. 1681, by deeds of peace,"—with but three dissenting votes.

I see several of the POrens who hang about our legislative Halls, are busy at their BONARABLE calling. Mr. Brooke gave them a notice yesterday that must have been anything but agreeable—when will this destestable business cease.

As ever, thine, ORIANA.

For the Miners' Journal.

WAS JANUARY 1, 1850 THE MIDDLE OF THE NINETEENTH CENTURY?

As this question is not yet decided, the following links from the New Years' Address [illegible] Correspondent of the Lancaster Intelligencer, by Christian Dwinger, Esq., may [illegible] the subject. It appears that the question which the year 1849 was the last year of the 19th or the first year of the 19th Century, was the primary question then discussed for and then authoritatively decided.

[illegible]

Strange! at the *Eighteenth Century's close*,
When light in beams effulgent glows,
When bright "*Illuminations*" ray
Has chased the darkness far away,
Heads filled with Mathematic lore,
Dispute if two and two make four.

[illegible]

Go on ye Scientific sages,
Collect your light a few more ages,
Perhaps as swells the vast amount,
A Century hence you'll *learn to count*." Q.

A Quizer Missionary.—A Mr. Jones advertises his plantation for sale, in a southern religious paper and includes, in the advertisement, "*fifty or sixty servants*, which are constantly increasing in value and number."—He wishes to sell, he says, as he has a desire to become a missionary.

Going.—A letter from Pilatki, Florida, dated the 28th ult., confirms the report that Billy Bowlegs, with his band of Florida Indians had not only determined to emigrate but had commenced bringing in their property to the place of starting.

Old Mrs. Partington says that when she was a gal she used to go to parties, and always had a beau to extort her home. But now-a-days, says she, the gals undergo all such declivities; the task developes upon themselves now. The old lady drew down her specs, and thanked her stars that she had lived in other days, when men were more palpable in deprecating the worth of the fair sex.

San Francisco.—Apparently there is but one business in the town, and that is gambling. One young man recently laid a thousand dollars on a roulette table, and at one turn of the wheel, won twenty seven thousand.

There has been great excitement in Reading. The facts are briefly as follows: While crossing the Atlantic, one Hungarian refugee fell in love with another Hungarian refugee's wife. As soon as they reached New York, the wife eloped with her six footed, moustachoed lover—They were traced to Reading by the wronged husband, who then and there tore her from the arms of her bewhiskered paramour. That's another chapter in the romance of real life.

Father Mathew left Macon, Ga., on the 5th inst., for Atlanta and Athens. While in Macon he administered the temperance pledge to four hundred and fifty persons—making one hundred and seventy-five thousand in the aggregate, since his arrival in the United States.

All Sorts of Items.

Iron was discovered by the burning of Mount Ida, 1405 years B. C.

The man who swears simply assures you that his word is not to be taken.

Handsome Revenue.—It is stated that the rents of Colonel Fremont's property, at San Francisco, amount to $40,000 per annum.

A Thousand parties of pleasure do not leave a recollection worth that of one good action.

"With knowledge sorrow increases," as the chap said when he found out that he had drawn a blank in the lottery.

A National Temperance Convention is to be held in Washington City on the 14th of March next.

Mr. Macready is playing a farewell engagement at Liverpool; after which he retires from the stage.

A South Carolina paper denounces the idea that the people of the South favor disunion. It is only selfish politicians that do.

Gold.—The barque Richmond arrived at Providence, R. I., on the 12th inst., from the Sandwich Island, with $12,000 of gold dust.

Why is the last week in February like the title of one of Shakspear's plays? Because it is the "Winter's Tale."

Anonymous communications do very well to light lamps, but are of no other use to us. A man ashamed of his name should be ashamed to write.

The largest subscription to the fund for the construction of a church in California was given by a gambling house, viz: $5,000.

Progress in the Future.—Emerson says: "The reputation of the nineteenth century will one day be quoted to prove barbarism.

The newspaper presses of Great Britain, according to recent authority, amount to five hundred and forty-seven.

Lucus, Notwoods.—The Cecil *Democrat* says there is a calf at Crowder Hall's Farm, in that county, which has two distinct heads, four eyes, ears, &c., though but one body.

Question for a Lyceum.—A Lyceum at Lacon, Ill., was lately engaged in discussing the question, "Is a man morally bound to marry?"

Indian contribution to the Washington Monument.—The Chickasaw Indians have contributed $200 towards the erection of the National Washington Monument.

Mr. Webster, a telegraphic dispatch, of Saturday, to the papers, says, is preparing for a great speech upon the slavery question. Mr. Calhoun is not yet out.

Pennsylvania Canals.—The commissioners have resolved to open the navigation of the canals of Pennsylvania on the 7th of March, provided the weather will permit.

Another Warning.—At Mt. Savage, Maryland, on Sunday, a Welshman, named John Davis, was found lying dead across the railroad, by exposure whilst under the influence of liquor.

Female Doctors.—Two young ladies, Miss Almira Fraim and Miss Mary Ward, have become regular students in the medical department of the Memphis Institute.

George W. Jackson, the democratic candidate for Congress in the first congressional district of Georgia is elected, which is a democratic gain. The vote was very close, and he has but 40 majority.

Care of Daughter.—According to the old German custom, the sons were to walk to church after their father, but the daughters before their mother, to show that the eye would never be off them.

A charitable lady recently called on a poor family, and requested a list of their wants to present to the society. Among the items were "a bottle of cologne and an opera-hood.'

Ladies, answer this.—If a man is a wretch who lifts his hand against a woman, what must a woman be who raises the hearth-brush against a man—and that man her husband.

"Sir, you are no gentleman." "That may be, sir, but my wife says that I *am* a gentleman, and I shall certainly believe my own wife before you: for if a man cannot believe his own wife, pray who can he believe?"

An Iron Jail was shipped from Louisville, lately, for some place in Arkansas. It was manufactured out of bar iron, and when put together, it will have the appearance of an enormous cage.

Growth of Western Cities.—It is estimated that Cincinnati will show a population of 125,000, and St Louis one of 70,000, by the census of 1850. The suburbs of either city, which practically forms a part of it, are not included.

The Tailors of London and the cooks of Paris, have held meetings for the purpose of obtaining a redress of grievances. The complaint with both parties is about *cabbage*.

Gubernatorial Courtesies.—Gov. Wright of Indiana, has invited Governors Crittenden of Ky. and French, of Illinois, to pay him a visit, with their wives in May next. Gov. Crittenden has accepted the invitation. Gov. French's reply has not been received.

Enormous Mail.—The Europa, from Liverpool, brought the enormous number of fifty-four thousand eight hundred and thirty-two letters, of which nearly eighteen thousand were for New York.

Retaliation.—The Albany Evening *Journal* [illegible] a paragraph of the Southern Newspapers, [illegible] resolutions refusing to use Northern produce, we of the North can retaliate by [illegible] chew tobacco.

The Convent of St. Bernard had been cut [illegible] by snow. The monks have been obliged to open a subterranean passage to extricate themselves.

A Broken and Unbroken Forward.—A most [illegible] occurred at about four o'clock on Monday morning last, in Second st. Philadelphia, by which Miss Bridget Lynch, the Bride-maid to a wedding party, was so shockingly burned that her recovery is doubtful.

The Last and Fast Friend.—Punch says an Englishman's wife may leave him, his family disown him, his children run away from him, his best friends avoid and desert him, but the tax-gatherer follows him to the grave. The same may be said of Pennsylvanians.

Where is the Wilderness.—At the beginning of this century it was in Ohio and Indiana. Twenty-five years afterwards it was in Michigan, Wisconsin, and so-forth. Last year it was in Minnesota territory. Next year we shall have to seek it in Nebraska and around the lake of the Woods.

A Telegraph under the Atlantic.—Some of the papers are discussing the feasibility of stretching the wires—a cable of 36 strands—from Halifax to Ireland, and "along the Banks of New Foundland, which extends to within 160 miles of the Irish coast, below all currents." Estimated cost, three millions.

We recently heard of a young man who commenced the study of botany, and pursued it with much enthusiasm until he discovered that flowers had *pistils*, when he abandoned it in disgust, as being altogether incompatible with his non-resistant and peace principles.

Green, the Reformed Gambler.—Jonathan H. Green, commonly known by this title, was committed to prison in New York, on Thursday last, on a warrant issued by the United States commissioner, charging him with an attempt to pass a counterfeit $500 Treasury note.

During the year 1849 there were 177,655 tons of iron imported into New York, valued at $6,887,529. In 1848, the quantity imported into that city was 131,025 tons, valued at $5,516,585; showing an increase in favor of 1849 of 46,630 tons, valued at $1,370,944

The signs of winter are diminishing, and it is now generally supposed that that disagreeable season has "gone round," like a July thunder storm, and will not visit us at all the present season. Already house-hunting, shad and green vegetables betoken the near approach of spring.

Remarkable Longevity.—A servant man by the name of Vincent, belonging to Mrs. Ann Willis, died at Johnsontown, Charles county, Md., on the 6th instant, in the 106th year of his age. He had retained his sight and memory unimpaired.

[For the Miners' Journal.]

Mr. B. Bannan:

Dear Sir—The period is fast approaching, and not far distant, when the Whigs of Pennsylvania, in State Convention, will be required to put in nomination a suitable person for the office of Canal Commissioner.—Having noticed with pleasure, in different prints, (Democratic as well as Whig,) the name of COL. WILLIAM T. SANDERS, the gentlemanly and accommodating host of the "Washington Hall," Harrisburg, as a suitable person, we have no hesitation in saying that if Mr. Sanders receives the nomination,—as we think he will,—he will receive the cordial support of his numerous friends in this County, and throughout the "Keystone State."

SCHUYLKILL HAVEN.

[Reported for the Miners' Journal.]

JURY LISTS.

List of the names of Grand Jurors drawn to attend at a Court, to be holden at Orwigsburg, in and for the County of Schuylkill, on Monday, the 11th day of March, A. D., 1850, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

William Helm, South Manheim.
Robert Carter, Tamaqua.
William Dabert, N. Manheim.
Edward Dubois, Tamaqua.
Daniel Trick, New Castle.
Edward Skean, Norwegian.
John Trayer, Minersville.
Frederick Beck, Orwigsburg.
Leonard Felix, Pinegrove Township.
John Manbeck, Wayne.
Zacharias Badorf, Tremont.
Isaac Straub, Minersville.
Robert Carter, Blythe.
Daniel Stabbig, New Castle.
Abraham Webb, Lower Mahantango.
J. S. Hassinger, Frailey.
Michael Dock, East Norwegian.
Roland Knoble, do do
William Bogert, Upper Mahantango.
E. D. Long, East Norwegian.
John Weiss, do do English.
Jacob Weiss, Upper Mahantango.
E. W. McGinnes, Pottsville.
Daniel Medlond, Schuylkill.

List of the names of Jurors drawn to attend a Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, and General Jail delivery, to be holden at Orwigsburg, in and for the County of Schuylkill, on Monday, the 18th day of March, A. D., 1850, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

Jacob Gensmith, New Castle
Peter Fisher, Long Branch.
Mark Shirk, New Castle.
George Wernert, Orwigsburg.
Charles Bilting, Union.
Joseph W. Coke, Schuylkill Haven.
Samuel Wanner, Wayne.
Jacob Artz, of P., Lower Mahantango.
Samuel Fisher, South Manheim.
David Larnison, Frailey.
Edward Osman, Lower Mahantango.
Frank Pott, Pottsville.
John Jones, Tamaqua.
Blair McClenachen, Minersville.
Christian T. Haldeman, Tamaqua.
Edward Colahan, East Norwegian.
Richard Dennis, Blythe
Thomas Copeland, Schuylkill Haven.
Abraham Jones, Cass.
Abraham Pegner, West Penn.
William Yarnell, Branch.
Jediah Irish, Pottsville.
Jeremiah Seitzinger, Pottsville.
Daniel Metz, Tamaqua.
Amos Yerger, Wayne.
James Taggert, Tamaqua.
George Allen, New Castle.
Jacob Kimmerling, Barry.
J. G. Wellison, Barry.
John Lenzel, Wayne.
T. C. Hoyle, Pottsville.
Warrington Evans, Branch.
Joseph Albright, West Brunswig.
William Hoff, Tremont.
John Fowler, Schuylkill Haven.
Frederick Shelde, Tamaqua.
Samuel Wallaisa, Tamaqua.
John Harlen, Tamaqua.
Alexander Morgan, Long Branch.
Amos Fetherolf, Tamaqua.
Henry Heil, Tremont.
Charles Bonsinc, Barry.
John Dietrich, Jr., Lower Mahantango.
Moses Weist, Upper Mahantango.
Thomas Platt, Blythe
John Tanner, Minersville.
John Wingert, Pottsville.
Peter Stein, Pinegrove.
Rudolph Briesk, Blythe.
William Potts, Blythe.

List of the names of Traverse Jurors drawn to attend a Court of Common Pleas to be holden at Orwigsburg, in and for the County of Schuylkill, on Monday, the 11th day of March, A. D., 1850, at 10 o'clock, P. M.

John H. Hill, Pottsville.
John Jennings, do
Alex. Wylie, East Norwegian.
Wm. Heiberington, Pottsville.
J. N. Spence, Tamaqua.
Samuel Riland, Wayne.
John Brush, Union.
W. H Rieser, Frailey.
Daniel Bartolet, N. Manheim.
Michael Seltzer, Pottsville.
Eli Miller, Schuylkill.
Henry Cook, Branch.
Henry Guilterman, E. Norwegian.
Wm. Pomton, New Castle.
John Kinkner, Blythe.
John Brower, Pinegrove.
Dennis Bradly, Pottsville.
Lewis Heilner, E. Norwegian.
M G. Heilner, Minersville.
Joseph L. Yoder, Pottsville.
Mick Mortimer, do
S M Morris, do
Samuel Otto, Tremont.
Ellis Hughes, Schuylkill Haven.
David Metz, New Castle.
Alphonso Macdonald, Pottsville.
Henry Heaser, Schuylkill Haven.
James F. x. Barry.
Henry Miesemer, New Castle.
G. S. Reppliter, Minersville.
James Nagle, Pottsville.
Andrew Fessler, North Manheim.
Emanuel Strauss, E. Norwegian.
Paul Barr, Pinegrove Boro
Joseph Snyder, East Norwegian.
David Glover, Cass.

List of the names of Traverse Jurors drawn to attend at a Court of General Quarter Sessions of the Peace and General Jail Delivery, to be holden at the Borough of Orwigsburg, in and for the County of Schuylkill, on Monday, the 18th day of March, A. D. 1850, at 10 o'clock, P. M

Eli Thompson, East Norwegian.
John Stein, jr., Pinegrove.
Daniel Koch, Blythe.
Fairbank Hudgson, Pottsville.
Wm Fritz, Wayne
Geo Reifsnyder, New Castle.
J. M. Beatty, Pottsville.
Hamilton Adams, New Castle.
Geo Diehert, N. Manheim
William Price, New Castle.
Henry Geiger N. Manheim
John Christian, Pottsville.
Frederick Miller, Tamaqua
Tho. Dean, New Castle.
Geo Shantle, Upper Mahantango
Eli Snyder, N. Manheim
Morgan Morgan, Cass
Henry Berger, Pottsville
Joseph Kelly, Blythe
John Rossman, Tremont
Wm Wolf, Pottsville.
Solomon Savage, Lower Mahantango
John H. Dreisbach, South Manheim.
Samuel Gimpse, Minersville
Henry Hess, Orwigsburg.
Henry Rhoads, Cass
Abraham Bartolet, New Castle.
Gideon Erdman, South Manheim
Levi Weiner, South Manheim
Henry Pickel, Barry.
William Cook, do
Barnhart Lyons, New Castle.
Thomas Jones, New Castle.
Daniel Edwards, New Castle.
Edward Tuft, East Norwegian.

TRIAL LIST.

MARCH TERM—1850.

First Week.

Miners' Bank vs Benson
Reiner vs Hoolus
Hy vs Nichols
Berks Co Bank vs same
Hays et al vs Coatsworth
Chilton & Bynn vs Haven
Curry vs Byrnes
Wallace vs Dougherty et al
Milnes vs Chapman
Rinehart vs Ricketts & Neliff
Brown vs Leise & Brown
Gayner vs Eliot
Collins vs Norwegian tp
Patton vs Milnes & Haywood
Girts & Bear vs Albright
Miners' Bank vs Hoffs
Same vs Lerch
Darling vs Graeff et al
Bannan et al vs Seitzinger et al
Same vs same
Sneedy vs Johnson
Ludwig, Kneedler & Co vs Hughes
Moyer vs Achey
Burgin vs Lawton
Kern vs Morris
Eckert & Guilford vs Riland
Tar vs Lisle & Brown

Third Week.

Leib vs Newnam
Same vs Pomroy & McGinnes
Kelly vs Mason & Glenn
Leib vs Pomroy & McGinnes
Leib vs Newnam
Fisher & Boyer vs Kline
Fisher vs Berger Adm'r
Long vs Morris & Fisher
Stephenson vs McGinnes et al
Twells vs Williams
Baber vs Thompson
Reipert vs Stephens
McGinley vs Chambers et al
Hile & Bower vs Murphy
Hoy & White vs De Forest
Gibson vs Hill & Slater
J Pott's Adm'r vs W Pott's Adm'r
Ludwig, Kneedler & Co. vs De Forest
Same vs Same
Hetherington vs Bowen
Ludwig, Kneedler & co vs Potts
Spting & Meyer vs Stichter
Same vs Robins
Same vs Stichter
Same vs Robins
Hunsinger vs Heintz
Molly & Smith vs Gordan et al
McGuigan vs Fertig
Bannan vs Seitzinger et al
Dehaven vs Payne
Morton vs Murphy
Branch tp vs Davis
Philadelphia Loan Co vs Nichols
Same vs Same
Same vs Same
Kramer vs Kline
Gewey & Wife vs Barth & Wife
Foulke vs Sneedy
Evans vs Provost
Bonsfitz et al vs Lesig
Seyfert & McManus vs Johns et al
Rapp vs Snyder
Miller vs Mulver
Coulter vs Matthews
Philips vs Shillaber
Commin vs Faust
Same vs Same
Same vs Same
Miners' Bank vs Filbert
Spencer vs Stevenson
Doman vs Smith
Craig vs Werner
Beittinger Bal vs Frack
Hell & Bower vs Downey
Imschoffstall vs Brown
Kirk & Co vs Craig
Jones vs Kizmiller et al

The Coal Trade for 1850

The Rail Road and Canal Companies have not yet promulgated the rates of toll, &c. and considerable anxiety is manifested by the dealers on the subject, it being generally understood that the former Company is balking between $1 60 & $1 70 per ton. The former rate would be received and accepted as a compromise by the Operators, and would be the means of establishing a more cordial feeling among all the parties concerned. It is also the firm conviction of those conversant with the trade, that if $1 60 is decided on the tonnage of the Road would be increased at least 100,000 tons over what it will be if $1 70 is charged. Therefore, as revenue seems to be the main object with the Company, we think we can show conclusively that it would be materially increased at the low rate. For instance, 10 cents on 1,100,000 tons (the whole quantity the Road would probably transport at $1.70,) would produce only $110,000, while the revenue of 100,000 additional tons at $1 60, would give $160,000, an increase, after deducting all the increased expenses in its transportation, of at least $40,000, enhancing at the same time the facilities of our Operators and increasing the business of the region.

All the information from abroad seems to confirm the opinion expressed a short time ago, that the quantity of Coal remaining over at the opening of the Spring business, will be considerably reduced below what it was last year. High freight to the East has retarded shipments from Richmond, and the quantity stacked on the wharves is greater than it would have been under other circumstances.

No contracts for any quantity of Coal will be made until the prices are fixed at Richmond, Bristol and Baltimore, the shipping points of the three principal regions.

Amount sent by Rail Road during the week ending on Thursday evening last.

	WEEK.	TOTAL.
Pottsville Carbon,	4,416 08	53,053 00
Pottsville,	4,289 00	17,887 05
Schuylkill Haven,	4,119 12	63,121 03
Port Clinton,	1,861 18	22,767 03
	14,690 07	156,828 12
To same time last year	124,065 12	tons

RAIL ROADS.

Transportation on the Railroads in Schuylkill County.

The following is the quantity of Coal transported over the different railroads in Schuylkill County, for the week ending Thursday evening.

	WEEK.	TOTAL.
Mine Hill and S. H R. R.	2,726 00	32,940 00
Little Schuylkill R. R.	2,188 15	10,707 00
Mill Creek do	3,490 14	20,307 03
Schuylkill Valley do	591 01	8,498 16
Mt Carbon and Pt Carbon	3,567 09	30,316 15

RATES OF TOLL AND TRANSPORTATION ON RAILROAD to March 1, 1850.

	From M. Carbon.	S. Haven.	P. Clinton.
To Richmond,	1 80	1 75	1 65
" Philadelphia,	1 70	1 65	1 45

A Card.

S our Dancing School, in Pottsville, has closed for the season, we take occasion to return our sincere thanks to the citizens of Pottsville, for the liberal patronage extended to us throughout the season.

F. & C. STOUCH.

Feb 23, 1850. 8-1t

1500 Yards of Listing Carpets

AND WOOLEN FLANNELS.

J. FRANKLIN HARRIS,

RESPECTFULLY calls the attention of his numerous patrons and the public generally, to examine his excellent stock of Carpets and Flannels; those who may wish a superior article of handsome and durable Listing Carpet, (he has 800 yards of such ready in store) manufactured entirely of new and fresh materials and serve in uniform pattern, consisting of 6 good colors, at 56 cts. per yard; also, common or rag carpet, from 35 to 45 per yard, and white and plaid woolen Flannels; an excellent article of plaid Flannel, all wool, for Mechanics and Miners at 40 cts. per yard. Persons wishing to purchase the above goods, would do well to call and examine them. Customers sending outside can be sure their Carpets wove with the best chain, and in the neatest patterns, at the shortest notice.

J. FRANKLIN HARRIS,
Manufacturer of Carpets and Flannels, near the N. W. Corner of Centre and Minersville Sts., Pottsville Pa.

Feb 23, 1850. 8-3mo

Boys' and Children's Clothing.

THE subscriber has on hand a complete assortment of Clothing, adapted to the season, suited for Boys of three years of age, to young Gentlemen of fifteen. Any person purchasing Clothing at this establishment can have the privilege of returning them if they do not suit.

F. A. HOYT.
No. 264 Chesnut St, below Tenth, Philada.

Feb 23, 1850. 8-1y

Dr. Swayne's CELEBRATED FAMILY MEDICINES

CURE FOLLOWS CURE:

MORE PROOFS OF THE EFFICACY OF

Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup

OF WILD CHERRY,

The Original and Genuine Preparation!

CONSUMPTION,

Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the Side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Broken Constitution, Sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of the Throat, Breast and Lungs; the most effectual and speedy cure known for any of the above diseases is

DR. SWAYNE'S

Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry!

DR. SWAYNE IN THE SOUTH.—Read the most remarkable cure ever placed upon record:

Wilmington, N. C.

Dr. Swayne—Dear Sir—Having been almost miraculously cured by your valuable medicine, I think it not more than common gratitude in me to make one in addition to the long list of certificates which you have received of remarkable cures by your medicine. During the two years previous that Anaconda lasted, I was very much distressed with a very bad cold and racking cough, and during the latter part of the time, it continued to grow worse, and October and in July my FRIENDS GAVE ME OVER, having tried all kinds of medicine, and to be good for such diseases, without the least good effect. I was reduced almost to a perfect corpse, and had scarcely any flesh upon my body, and for a long time never thought to rise from my bed again. A friend one day asked me if I had tried Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, and advised me to do so at once, as he had heard that it had worked a great many wonderful cures. I took his advice and after using up several bottles of it, I grew so much better that I was enabled to leave my bed, and afterwards to walk about the house, and finally into the street. I was encouraged by this, and continued the use of your medicine, and now, by means of its wonderful curative powers, I am perfectly well, and can do the work of a hard day without any inconvenience. I do not believe that there is any other medicine in existence, I can say, double my days, or restore my mortal system so much as this. Wishing success to a medicine so well adapted to preserving health in the public good, I remain your friend and admirer.

JAMES R. MARLAND.

The Original Letter can be seen by calling at Dr. Swayne's Office

VERY IMPORTANT CAUTION.

Be very particular to inquire for Dr. SWAYNE'S WILD CHERRY, as some unprincipled individuals have stolen the name of Wild Cherry, thinking to borrow a reputation from that already established. Remember! the genuine is put up in square bottles, covered with a beautiful wrapper, (steel engraving,) with the portrait of DR. SWAYNE thereon, also his signature; all other are positively spurious. *Beware and counterfeit!* Principal office, N. W. corner of Eighth and Race sts., Philadelphia.

Swayne's Celebrated Vermifuge.

"A safe and effectual remedy for Worms, Dyspepsia, Cholera Morbus, sickly or Dyspeptic children or adults, and the most useful Family Medicine ever offered to the public."

THIS remedy is one which has proved successful for a long time, and it is universally acknowledged by all who have tried it to be far superior (being as very pleasant to the taste at the same time effectual) to any other medicine ever employed in diseases for which it is recommended. It not only destroys worms, but it invigorates the whole system. It is harmless in its effects and the health of the patient is always improved by its use even when no worms are discovered.

Extract of a letter to Dr. Swayne, dated Andersontown, Indiana.

Dear Sir:—A man purchased a bottle of your VERMIFUGE the other day for his child, and by its use discharged 63 of the largest worms he had ever seen. It is somewhat difficult to get his people to try it, as they have been so often gulled by nauseous and worthless worm medicines. Yours being so very pleasant to the taste, at the same time effectual, I shall be able to dispose of a large quantity. Yours, &c.

T. T. SHARP, P. M.

To Dr. Swayne, Philadelphia.

BEWARE OF MISTAKES.

Remember: Dr. Swayne's Vermifuge is now put up in Square Bottles, (having recently been changed,) covered with a beautiful wrapper, (steel engraving,) with the portrait of Dr. Swayne thereon engraved. Bear this in mind and be not deceived.

See that the name is spelt correctly—SWAYNE.

CLEANSE AND PURIFY.

DR. SWAYNE'S SUGAR COATED SARSAPARILLA AND EXTRACT OF TAR PILLS.

A mild and effective purgative great purifyer of the blood, they correct all the functions of the Liver, and as an alterative in Dropsical affections they are very valuable. Giddiness of the head, dimness of sight, depression of spirits, head ache, &c., are cured by these *purifying Pills*. No medicine can have a better effect for monthly irregularities, which occasionally happen to women, they are perfectly safe, and will in conjunction with Dr. SWAYNE'S Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, take all pain and disease from every part of the system.

The above valuable medicines are prepared only by DR. SWAYNE, N. W. corner of EIGHTH and RACE Streets, Philadelphia.

AGENTS FOR SCHUYLKILL COUNTY.

JOHN G. BROWN, J. CURTIS C. HUGHES, } Pottsville, Pa.
J. S. C. MARTIN,
JAMES D. FALLS, JOHN W. GIBBS, } Minersville.
C. & G. HUNTSINGER, Schuylkill Haven; W. S. HEISLER, & Co., and H. SHOEMAKER, Port Carbon; REDDY & REED, L. MAHANTANGO; JOHN A. OTTO, Tuscarora; D. H. ALTER, Tuscarora; E. J. FAY, Tamaqua; GEO. REIFSNYDER, New Castle; W. MONTELIUS, St. Clair; HYDE & SULTZBACH, Patterson; PAUL BARR, Pinegrove; ECKERT & BARNDT, Tremont, COCHRILL & SON, Llewellyn; JOHN WILLIAMS, Middleport; CHAS. FRAILEY, Orwigsburg; CONNER, REGADAS & LUTENSALE, New Philadelphia; S. MEERS, Orwigsburg Landing; J. STARTON, McKeansburg; and by most all Storekeepers in the adjacent counties.

Feb 23, 1850. 8-1y

EDWARD SHIPPEN, ATTORNEY AND COUNS